

**Number of compensable fatalities<sup>1</sup> by industry<sup>2</sup>, Oregon  
Calendar Year - 2nd Quarter, 2016 (preliminary as of July 25, 2016)**

INDUSTRY (NAICS code)	Work-related compensable fatalities			
	Second Quarter 2016	Year to Date <sup>3</sup> 2016	Second Quarter 2015	Year to Date <sup>3</sup> 2015
Agriculture, forestry, fishing (11)	4	6	-	6
<i>Logging (113310)</i>	1	3	-	6
Mining (21)	-	-	-	-
Utilities (22)	-	-	-	-
Construction (23)	2	2	1	3
Manufacturing (31-33)	1	3	-	1
Wholesale trade (42)	-	-	-	-
Retail trade (44-45)	1	1	-	-
Transportation and warehousing (48-49)	-	2	1	1
<i>Truck transportation (484)</i>	-	2	1	1
Information (51)	-	-	-	-
Finance and insurance (52)	-	-	-	-
Real estate, rental and leasing (53)	-	-	-	-
Professional, scientific, tech. svcs. (54)	-	2	-	-
Management of companies (55)	-	-	-	-
Admin. supp. & waste mgmt./remed. svcs. (56)	-	-	-	-
Educational services (61)	-	-	-	-
Health care and social assistance (62)	-	-	-	-
Arts, entertainment and recreation (71)	-	-	-	-
Accommodation and food services (72)	-	-	-	-
Other services (81)	-	-	-	-
State and local government (OWN 20, 30)	-	1	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>

<sup>1</sup>Compensable fatalities are claims, accepted by insurers, arising from a fatal occupational injury or disease that entitle workers and/or their survivors to compensation.

<sup>2</sup> North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002 Edition

<sup>3</sup> Year-to-date total includes first and second quarters only.

Note: Dashes indicate no claims were received.

Data exclude worker deaths not subject to Oregon workers' compensation coverage, such as workers who were self-employed, worked in Oregon for out-of-state employers, city of Portland police and fire employees, or federal employees.

**Quarterly counts are preliminary and subject to change as source data for fatalities are received throughout the year.**

Data are based on the date the Department of Consumer and Business Services received notification that the fatality claim was accepted, which may be different than the date of injury or the date of death.

Information Technology and Research Section, Oregon Department of Consumer and Business Services, July 25, 2016  
(CCRA064)