

**New for 2016**

Form OR-19, *Pass-Through Entity Owner Payments*, 150-101-182, *Oregon Affidavit*, 150-101-175, and estimated tax payments can now be submitted through Revenue Online. If you use Revenue Online to submit Form OR-19, you can see the estimated payments that are posted on the account and owner transfers will be processed the same day. Visit [www.oregon.gov/dor](http://www.oregon.gov/dor) for more information.

**Introduction****Purpose of form**

A pass-through entity (PTE) with distributive income from Oregon sources must withhold tax from its nonresident owners who don't elect to join in a composite filing, Form OC, *Oregon Composite Return*, 150-101-154, and haven't filed an affidavit unless the owner is exempt. The payment is a prepayment of estimated Oregon income and excise tax for nonresident owners of pass-through entities. For composite filing information, see Form OC instructions.

Qualifying publicly traded partnerships, estates, and most trusts aren't required to withhold on their nonresident owners.

**Definitions**

Throughout these instructions, the following terms are used:

**"Distributive income"** is generally the net taxable income or loss of a PTE. See page 2 for a complete definition.

**"Electing owner"** is a nonresident owner who chooses to join in the filing of a composite return.

**"FEIN"** means federal employer identification number.

**"Nonelecting owner"** is a nonresident owner who chooses not to join in the filing of a composite return, is required to file an Oregon tax return, and has Oregon-source distributive income.

**"Owner"** is a partner of a partnership or limited liability partnership (LLP), shareholder of an S corporation, member of a limited liability company (LLC), or beneficiary of a trust.

**"Pass-through entity (PTE)"** is a partnership, S corporation, LLP, LLC, or certain trusts. Note: Single-member LLCs owned by an individual or a corporation and grantor trusts are disregarded for tax purposes and aren't PTEs. For this purpose only: Estates aren't PTEs.

**Owner payment requirements**

A PTE is required to pay tax to the department on behalf of the nonelecting owner unless the owner:

- Has estimated or actual Oregon-source distributive income from the PTE that is less than \$1,000 for the PTE's tax year;

- Has made estimated tax payments the prior tax year based on the owner's share of Oregon-source distributive income from the PTE and continues to make estimated tax payments for the current tax year; or
- Files the *Oregon Affidavit*.

**Don't withhold if the owner is another PTE, except for entities that are disregarded for tax purposes.** Two common examples of disregarded entities are:

- **Grantor trust:** A grantor trust (usually called a revocable trust or living trust) is where the grantor has control. If the grantor is a nonresident, withhold for the grantor the same as any other individual. On Form OR-19, use the name, Social Security number (SSN), and address of the individual owner. **Don't** use the name, FEIN, and address of the grantor trust.
- **Single member LLC:** Withhold if the member is a nonresident individual or C corporation. Withhold for the member the same as any other individual or C corporation owner using the individual's or corporation's information.

If the PTE expects the total Oregon-source distributive income of a nonresident owner to exceed \$1,000 during the tax year, the PTE should begin submitting payments as of the first quarter that includes Oregon-source income. Tax payments are required on the entire nonresident owner's share of Oregon-source income, not just the amount exceeding \$1,000.

These payments are prepayments of tax by the PTE on behalf of the owners. The requirement to submit payments isn't dependent on whether the PTE makes any distributions to its owners. A PTE with distributive income that didn't pay any money to its owners will still submit Oregon tax payments for its nonresident owners. A PTE with no distributive income that pays a distribution from capital or retained earnings, won't submit Oregon tax payments for its nonresident owners.

**Instructions for Oregon Affidavit**

The PTE must withhold tax from the nonelecting owner's Oregon-source distributive income unless the nonelecting owner files an *Oregon Affidavit* or is an owner for which the PTE isn't required to withhold, such as another PTE.

To be exempt from the payment requirement, the nonelecting owner must also file an *Oregon Affidavit* with the department as soon as it is known that the owner will receive Oregon-source distributive income from the PTE. The nonelecting owner must provide a copy of the completed affidavit to the PTE so the PTE won't withhold tax from the Oregon-source distributive income.

The affidavit is valid until it is replaced by a subsequent affidavit. The affidavit is on page 6 of these instructions.

## Revoking or changing an affidavit

To revoke a previously filed affidavit, submit an affidavit (or a copy of the original) with the revocation section completed to the department and the PTE.

An affidavit should be updated if there is a change in the entity information or if the ownership percentage of an owner that has filed an affidavit changes by 10 percent or more. The owner doesn't need to send an updated affidavit solely for address changes. Addresses are updated when the owner files their tax return. If an affidavit is revoked or updated, be sure the correct address is on the form. When sending us an updated affidavit or revocation, be sure to send a copy to the entity as well.

## Oregon-source distributive income

For estimated tax purposes, distributive income is the net amount of income, gain, deduction, or loss of a pass-through entity for the tax year. It includes items directly related to the PTE that are considered in determining the federal taxable income of the nonresident owner. It also includes modifications provided in Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapter 316 and other Oregon laws that directly relate to the PTE.

Examples of the modifications allowed that relate to the PTE's income include adjustments for depreciation, depletion, gain or loss difference on the sale of depreciable property, and U.S. government interest. Modifications don't include the federal tax subtraction, itemized deductions, and the Oregon standard deduction.

Oregon-source distributive income doesn't include return of capital, income sourced in another state, or other distributions not taxable by Oregon. Oregon-source distributive income is the portion of the entity's modified distributive income that is derived from or connected with Oregon sources.

If the PTE has business activity only in Oregon, multiply the distributive income of the PTE by the ownership percentage of the nonresident owner.

## Apportionable income

PTEs with business activity both inside and outside Oregon during the year must calculate Oregon-source distributive income for nonresident owners. Fill out Schedule AP-1 to figure the apportionment percentage. Fill out Schedule AP-2 using the PTE's modified distributive income to apportion the income between Oregon and other states. While most PTEs don't complete Schedule AP-2 for their own return, it can be useful for apportioning distributive income flowing through to the owners.

Multiply line 11 on the Schedule AP-2 by the ownership percentage of each nonresident owner to get their share of Oregon-source distributive income to calculate their tax payment.

**Example:** Charlie, an Oregon nonresident, owns 20 percent of ACME Partnership. For the year, the partnership had \$710,000 in ordinary income, \$40,000 in capital gains, and \$70,000 in domestic production activity deductions. ACME estimated Charlie's Oregon source income for each period at \$3,750 and withheld \$371 (9.9 percent). On Charlie's Schedule K-1, *Distributive Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc.*, 150-101-002, and attachments, ACME reported his distributive income, ACME's Oregon apportionment percentage (10 percent), and the tax paid to Oregon on his behalf (\$1,484) which will also match the Form OR-19 annual report ACME submitted.

On his Oregon return in the federal column, Charlie will report his income of \$142,000 ( $\$710,000 \times 20\%$ ) from federal Schedule E and \$8,000 ( $\$40,000 \times 20\%$ ) from federal Schedule D and deduction of \$14,000 ( $\$70,000 \times 20\%$ ). In the Oregon column, he will multiply those amounts by 10 percent (\$14,200, \$800, and \$1,400). Since Oregon is disconnected from the domestic production activities deduction, these same amounts (\$14,000 in the federal column and \$1,400 in the Oregon column) will also be added back in the additions section of Charlie's Oregon return.

## Guaranteed payments

Guaranteed payments are treated as a business income component of the PTE's distributive income and attributed directly to the owner receiving the payment. See Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 150-316.124(2).

## Deductions

### Individual tax deduction

Deductions normally allowed to individuals (itemized deductions or the standard deduction) aren't allowed in determining the income amount upon which owner payments are based and remitted.

### Self-employment tax deduction

Each PTE must calculate the self-employment tax deduction for each electing member that is subject to self-employment tax. The self-employment tax deduction that is attributable to the Oregon-source distributive income is subtracted from the Oregon-source distributive income to determine the amount upon which the owner's estimated payments are based.

## Credits

Credits normally allowed on owners' tax returns, such as the credit for income taxes paid to another state, aren't taken into account in determining the income amount upon which owner payments are based and remitted.

## Form TP19-V tax payment instructions

Calculate the amount of tax to be withheld and remitted to the department as follows:

- **Individual owners:** Use the highest individual tax rate on the nonelecting owner's share of Oregon-source distributive income. For 2016, the rate is 9.9 percent.
- **C corporation owners:** Use the corporate tax rates on the nonelecting owner's share of Oregon-source distributive income. For 2016, the rate is 6.6 percent on the first \$1 million and 7.6 percent on the amount over \$1 million.

Once you calculate the total payment for the owners, enter the amount on voucher Form TP19-V. Enter the PTE's information on the voucher and submit it with the payment. You will reconcile how much of each payment goes to each owner when you file the annual report at the end of the year.

### Due dates for tax payments

Tax payments for the Oregon-source distributive income of nonelecting owners must be remitted for the period in which the distributive income is earned or estimated. Use the entity's tax year.

### New for 2016

Estimated tax payments can now be submitted through Revenue Online. Visit [www.oregon.gov/dor](http://www.oregon.gov/dor) for more information.

For calendar year entities, the due dates for 2016 are:

- April 18, 2016 (1st period).
- June 15, 2016 (2nd period).
- September 15, 2016 (3rd period).
- December 15, 2016 (4th period).

For fiscal-year filing entities, the due dates are the 15th day of the fourth, sixth, ninth, and 12th months of the tax year.

**Exception:** Fiscal-year filing entities with only noncorporate owners who file using a calendar tax year may elect to use the due dates applicable to the owners instead.

For example, Beachside LLC has a 2015 fiscal tax year ending September 30, 2016. The LLC would normally send in payments on the following due dates: January 15, 2016; March 15, 2016; June 15, 2016; and September 15, 2016. Their owners are all individuals who file using a calendar tax year, so the LLC chooses to use the exception. Because the owners report this income in their 2016 calendar tax year as required by IRS and Oregon laws, the payment due dates are April 18, 2016; June 15, 2016; September 15, 2016; and January 16, 2017.

Use Form TP19-V to remit the payments.

## Form OR-19 instructions

Use Form OR-19 at the end of the tax year to show how much of each payment belongs to each nonresident owner. Don't include owners who are exempt, joining a composite return, or filed an affidavit. Complete Form OR-19, identifying the entity that paid the tax and each nonresident owner's information. **Remember to use the individual or corporation owner's information for disregarded entities.** Each line should be only one taxpayer, so enter spouses separately. You must complete the name, tax identification number, and address for each owner receiving a portion of the payment. Incomplete forms won't be processed.

Enter the date and amount of each payment sent in during the tax year. Up to four payments can be reported on a Form OR-19. Use whole dollars for all amounts. If the amounts in any of the columns don't match the corresponding payment that was made, the form won't be processed. **Remember** that the owners **won't** receive credit for the payment made on their behalf until the PTE has submitted a correct Form OR-19 annual report.

The Form OR-19 is due by the end of the second month after the end of the entity's tax year. For tax year 2016, the due date for entities using a calendar year is **February 28, 2017**.

**Important:** Provide each owner with their total payments in column (h) so they can claim the payment on their Oregon return when they file.

Use additional Form OR-19s as needed to divide a payment among all owners and enter the total for each column on the last form. The total must match the payment as listed above in the heading.

For example, Partnership ABC made only one payment of \$3,500 during the year. They have 15 nonresident owners getting a portion of that payment. They will use three Form OR-19s for their annual report and the total in column (d) on the third form must be \$3,500.

If the PTE wants any portion of a payment to go to its Form OC account because some or all of the owners will be joining the composite return, enter "Form OC" and the amount from each payment.

For example, XYZ LLC sent in payments using voucher Form TP19-V and now determines that all the nonresident owners will be joining the Form OC. On their Form OR-19 annual report, they will enter "Form OC" in column (b) and enter the amount of each payment to be transferred to the Form OC account.



# Annual Report of Nonresident Owner Tax Payments



15771601010000

Entity tax year end date \_\_\_\_\_

**2016**

**Pass-through entity information**

Pass-through entity (PTE) name			PTE FEIN	Estimated payments	Amount of payment	Check date (mm/dd/yyyy)
PTE address				Payment 1	.00	
City	State	ZIP code	Contact phone	Payment 2	.00	
Name of contact person				Payment 3	.00	
Type of entity: <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> S corporation <input type="checkbox"/> LLC <input type="checkbox"/> LLP <input type="checkbox"/> LP <input type="checkbox"/> Trust				Payment 4	.00	

FEIN/SSN (a)	Name and address (b)	Owner type (c)	Payment 1 (d)	Payment 2 (e)	Payment 3 (f)	Payment 4 (g)	Total for owner (h)
1.			\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00
2.			\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00
3.			\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00
4.			\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00
5.			\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00
6.			\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00
<b>Total payments</b> (Enter on last page only. Must match payments 1-4 listed above.)			\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	\$ .00	

Page \_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_ Submit this form online at [www.oregon.gov/dor](http://www.oregon.gov/dor) or mail to: Oregon Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 14950 Salem, OR 97309-0950

This form is due by the end of the second month after the end of the entity's tax year. The due date for entities using a calendar 2016 tax year is February 28, 2017.

# Oregon Affidavit

for a nonresident owner of a pass-through entity



15231601010000

Beginning with tax year: **2016**

<b>For office use only</b>
Date received

### Nonresident owner information

Name of nonresident owner	Social Security no. or federal employer identification no. (FEIN)
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Street or mailing address

City	State	ZIP code	Phone
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Ownership percentage	Estimated Oregon-source distributive income each year
%	\$

### Pass-through entity information

Name of pass-through entity (PTE)	FEIN
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Street or mailing address

City	State	ZIP code	Phone
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*This form must be resubmitted if the PTE information entered above changes or ownership changes by 10% or more. See Form OR-19 and Oregon Affidavit instructions.*

### Agreement to file

I agree to timely file all required Oregon income or excise tax return(s) and to make timely payments of all taxes imposed by the state of Oregon with respect to my share of the Oregon distributive income from the pass-through entity named above. I understand that I am subject to the jurisdiction of the state of Oregon for purposes of the collection of unpaid income tax, together with related penalties and interest.

### Signature

Taxpayer's or authorized agent's signature	Date
X	

### Revocation of this affidavit

By signing below, I declare that:

- I am an Oregon resident;
- I am subject to tax on the income from the above-listed PTE;
- I am no longer an owner in the above-listed PTE; or
- I am joining in the filing of an Oregon composite return.

### Signature

Taxpayer's or authorized agent's signature	Date
X	

Submit this form at [www.oregon.gov/dor](http://www.oregon.gov/dor) or mail to: **Oregon Department of Revenue**  
**Attn: Processing Center**  
**955 Center St NE**  
**Salem OR 97301-2555**