

1992



**OREGON SMOKE MANAGEMENT
ANNUAL REPORT**



OREGON DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY

"STEWARDSHIP IN FORESTRY"

General File
1-4-1-000

OREGON SMOKE MANAGEMENT

ANNUAL REPORT

1992

Prepared By:

FOREST PROTECTION DIVISION

OREGON DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY

2600 STATE STREET

SALEM, OREGON 97310

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
1992 Summary	1
Introduction	1
1992 Program Highlights	2
Progress Toward Meeting Objectives	2
Minimizing Smoke Impacts	2
Minimizing Emissions	2
Burning and Particulate Violations	2
Protection of Visibility	3
Program Summary	3
Review of the Smoke Management Plan and the Visibility Protection Plan	3
Fee Rules	4
Audits	4
Alternatives to Burning and Burning Practices	4
Program Accomplishment Data	5
 FIGURES	
1 Smoke Management Regulated Areas	6
2 Intrusion Summary	10
2A Intrusion Density	10
2B Length of Intrusion	10
3A Forest Land - Related Burning Emissions	11
3B Forest Land Burning Emissions (Reductions)	12
4 Visibility Impairment Frequency	13
5 Burning Summary - Class I Visibility Protection Period	15
6 Historical Accomplishment - Total Acres Burned	16
7 Historical Accomplishment - Total Tons Burned	16
8 Monthly Slash Acres Burned	17
9 Piled vs Broadcast Acres Burned - Restricted Area	18
10 Piled vs Broadcast Acres Burned - Non-Restricted Area	18
11 1992 Acres Treated by Owner Class	28
12A Acres Burned by Owner Class	29
12B Tons Burned by Owner Class	29
 TABLES	
1 1984 - 1992 Accomplishment Summary	7
2 Smoke Intrusion Summary - 1992	8
3 Intrusions by Month	9
4 Class I Area Visibility Protection Period Burning Summary	14
5A Burn Summary by District - 1992 (Restricted Area)	19
5B Burn Summary by District - 1992 (Non-Restricted Area)	19
6A Tons Burned by Month by District (Restricted Area)	20
6B Tons Burned by Month by District (Non-Restricted Area)	21
7A Acres Burned by Month by District (Restricted Area)	22
7B Acres Burned by Month by District (Non-Restricted Area)	23
8A Tons Burned by Month by County (Restricted Area)	24
8B Tons Burned by Month by County (Non-Restricted Area)	25
9A 1992 Burn Data by Owner Type (Restricted Area)	26
9B 1992 Burn Data by Owner Type (Non-Restricted Area)	27

**OREGON DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY
SMOKE MANAGEMENT 1992 ANNUAL REPORT**

1992 SUMMARY

- Acres and tonnage burned in 1992 was about half of average in western Oregon while almost average in eastern Oregon.
- 1992 recorded the least number of intrusions since the program began. The 10 intrusions were 60% below the average.
- Of the 10 intrusions; the average, designated area experienced an average of 5 hours of direct smoke impact. There were no known heavy smoke impacts.
- Emissions from western Oregon burning continue to decline and are now about 65% lower than the baseline period of the late 1970's.
- Good visibility in the Cascade wilderness areas during the summer has increased from 70% of the time in 1982 to almost 100% of the time in 1991 and 1992.

INTRODUCTION

The Oregon Smoke Management plan was developed as a voluntary program in 1969 and adopted as a regulatory program by the State Forester and the Environmental Quality Commission (EQC) in 1972. The Plan has gone through several major revisions since then. The last major revision to the Plan occurred in 1992. Changes to the Plan are discussed under the Program Summary.

The Smoke Management Plan is administered to keep the smoke of forest land prescribed burning from being carried to certain "designated areas" or other areas sensitive to smoke. The Plan is a framework through which emission reduction goals will be achieved. The State Forester administers the Plan, in cooperation with landowners, land management agencies and air quality agencies. The plan applies to state, federal, and private forest land in Oregon. Mandatory smoke management constraints apply to burning in western Oregon and the Deschutes National Forest, while voluntary programs are in effect in the Klamath Falls and La Grande areas, as shown in Figure 1.

There are six objectives to the Smoke Management Plan. They are:

1. Protection of public health,
2. Minimize smoke intrusions into designated population areas,
3. Reduction of emissions from prescribed burning,
4. Protection of visibility in Class I wilderness areas during the summer months,
5. Maximize burning opportunities while minimizing emissions, and
6. Coordination with other state smoke management programs.

<u>City</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Highest Daily PM-10 Concentration</u>	<u>Standard</u>
Klamath Falls	January 31	221 ug/m ³	150 ug/m ³
Lakeview	January 9	155 ug/m ³	"
Oakridge	January 9	161 ug/m ³	"
	January 18	178 ug/m ³	"

Slash burning did not occur on any of those dates. On January 8 the Willamette National Forest burned piles in the Special Protection Zone just to the east of Oakridge. LRAPA attributed the standard violation in Oakridge on January 9 to woodstove smoke.

Protection of Visibility:

Visibility in the Class I areas continues to improve, due in part to the summer burning restrictions in the northern Oregon Cascades. Over the past ten years, good visibility in the Cascades during the protection period has improved from about 70% to nearly 100% of the time, as shown in Figure 4. This is an average obtained from all available Cascade monitoring sites. The number of hours of impairment includes impacts from all sources of emissions. Forest land managers have severely reduced burning in the Cascade Range during the protection period to prevent impacts on the Class I wilderness areas (Table 4) and have reduced burning during the protection period throughout the area (Figure 5). In addition, high fire danger during the summer of 1992 virtually eliminated all prescribed burning in the protection period.

PROGRAM SUMMARY

Review of the Smoke Management Plan and the Visibility Plan:

The required review of the Smoke Management Plan was completed in October 1992. The directive was revised to reflect the following changes:

- a. Addition of new fuel consumption models, data collection and data entry procedures.
- b. Addition of Special Protection Zone protection measures for PM-10 nonattainment areas.
- c. Addition of Contingency Measures for areas not meeting PM-10 standards in the future.
- d. Deletion of the priority burning system.
- e. Further definition of when the Smoke Management Plan applies.
- f. Lengthening of the plan review cycle, changing the audit requirements, dropping mandatory burn plan preparation for air quality reasons, and encouraging notification of adjacent landowners about proposed burning.

The major changes to the Visibility Protection Plan included extending the visibility protection period to July 1 to September 15 (It had been July 4 to Labor Day), and reducing the acres available for exception. The Visibility Plan also put additional constraints on agricultural burning.

The section continued to introduce and further develop programs to assist managers in planning fuels consumption during burns. The programs included: ACOST (Automatic Calculation Of Slash Tonnage), a program designed to calculate consumption for broadcast burns; and PCOST (Piled Calculation of Slash Tonnage), a program designed to calculate tonnage in slash piles. Both programs are designed to run as a spreadsheet in EXCEL or as a BASIC program on any stand alone P.C. These programs allow managers to plan more easily, select burning conditions that will minimize consumption and emissions while meeting management objectives and increase data accuracy.

Program Accomplishment Data:

The attached tables and figures highlight the results of the 1992 smoke management program. The data reflects the marked decrease in burning. Note that the decrease in tons consumed was greater than that for acres treated. This is, in part, a result of the continuing efforts to expand alternative, emission reducing burning techniques.

One of the techniques for reducing emissions is to shift burning from the fall, as had been common practice through the early 1980's, to the spring. Figure 8 shows the monthly burning patterns for the restricted and non-restricted areas. Although there is still a fall peak in burning, the springtime peak has increased in western Oregon as more forest managers shift burning into that season. Another technique to reduce emissions has been to encourage pile burning instead of broadcast burning (see Figures 9 and 10).

TABLE 1
1984-1992 ACCOMPLISHMENT SUMMARY

Burning totals within the restricted area:

Year	Total No. Units	No. Units Burned	Acres Burned	Tons Burned	No. Intrusions
1984	6,221	3,453	121,727	2,879,477 *	38
1985	6,738	4,065	128,242	2,903,021 *	39
1986	7,119	4,300	127,033	2,999,039 *	22
1987	7,236	3,909	100,062	2,763,158	26
1988	7,880	4,321	104,518	2,400,577	29
1989	5,511	4,682	108,648	2,649,523	20
1990	6,541	4,012	84,746	1,930,279	14
1991	4,625	2,934	57,585	1,348,631	14
1992	3,686	2,568	48,039	1,168,032	10
Average	6,173	3,805	97,844	2,337,971	24

* Adjusted to include duff consumption.

Burning totals outside of the restricted area:

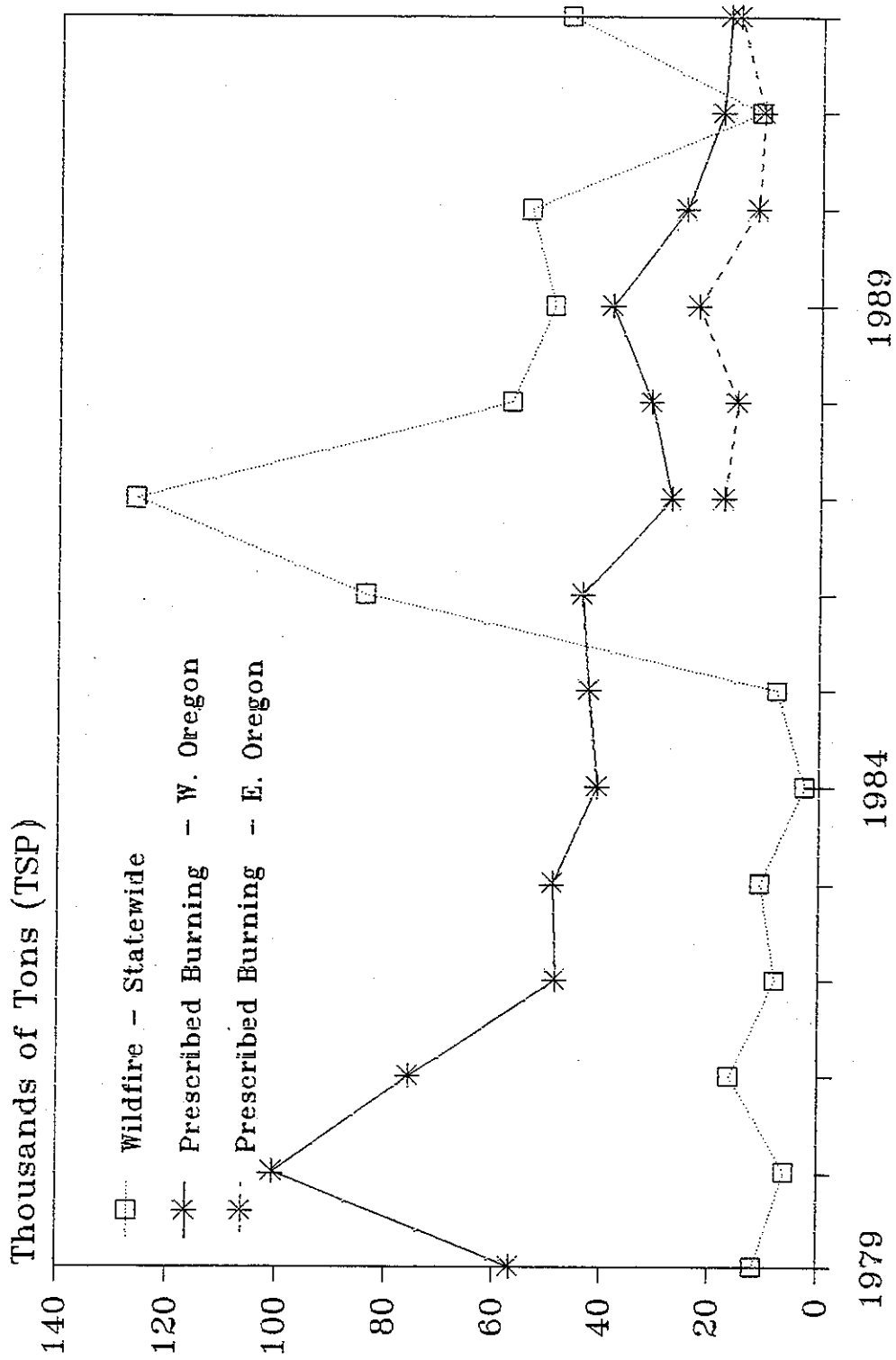
Year	Total No. Units	No. Units Burned	Acres Burned	Tons Burned
1987	1,301	1,114	86,473	923,250
1988	1,556	970	83,410	1,017,734
1989	1,655	1,519	114,311	1,831,726
1990	1,414	989	79,146	841,472
1991	1,869	916	65,588	765,282
1992	1,528	1,110	76,154	1,060,863
Average	1,554	1,103	84,180	1,073,388

TABLE 3
INTRUSIONS BY MONTH
(Intrusion Days/Number of Intrusions/Number of Problem Burns)

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
1983	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	6/8/5+	3/4/6	4/7/26	5/5/7	6/8/12	4/4/4	0/0/0	0/0/0	28/36/60+
1984	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	1/1/2	6/6/9	9/11/13+	9/9/11	5/6/5+	5/5/8	0/0/0	0/0/0	35/38/48+
1985	0/0/0	1/1/2	1/2/6	5/6/8	2/2/5	4/4/20+	2/2/4	8/11/20	6/6/30+	4/4/3	1/1/11	0/0/0	34/39/109+
1986	0/0/0	0/0/0	1/1/1	2/2/2	3/3/4+	7/9/16	3/5/4+	0/0/0	0/0/0	2/2/2	0/0/0	0/0/0	18/22/29+
1987	0/0/0	0/0/0	3/1/351+	10/8/13+	6/8/13+	6/7/8	0/0/0	2/2/2	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	27/26/387+
1988	0/0/0	2/2/3	2/2/58	1/1/2	6/6/16+	10/9/23+	4/3/4	0/0/0	1/1/1	4/5/29	0/0/0	0/0/0	30/29/136+
1989	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	6/5/7+	3/4/4	4/6/7+	0/0/0	0/0/0	1/1/1	3/3/3	0/0/0	1/1/2	18/20/24+
1990	0/0/0	0/0/0	3/4/9	3/3/10+	3/3/4	0/0/0	2/2/6	0/0/0	1/2/5	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	12/14/34+
1991	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	5/5/6	5/5/9	2/2/2	1/1/1	0/0/0	1/1/4	0/0/0	0/0/0	14/14/22
1992	0/0/0	0/0/0	1/1/1	0/0/0	5/5/12	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	0/0/0	5/4/5	0/0/0	0/0/0	11/10/18
AVG:	0/0/0	0/0/1	1/1/43	3/3/4	4/4/7	5/5/10	3/3/6	3/3/4	2/2/5	3/3/6	0/0/1	0/0/0	23/25/87+

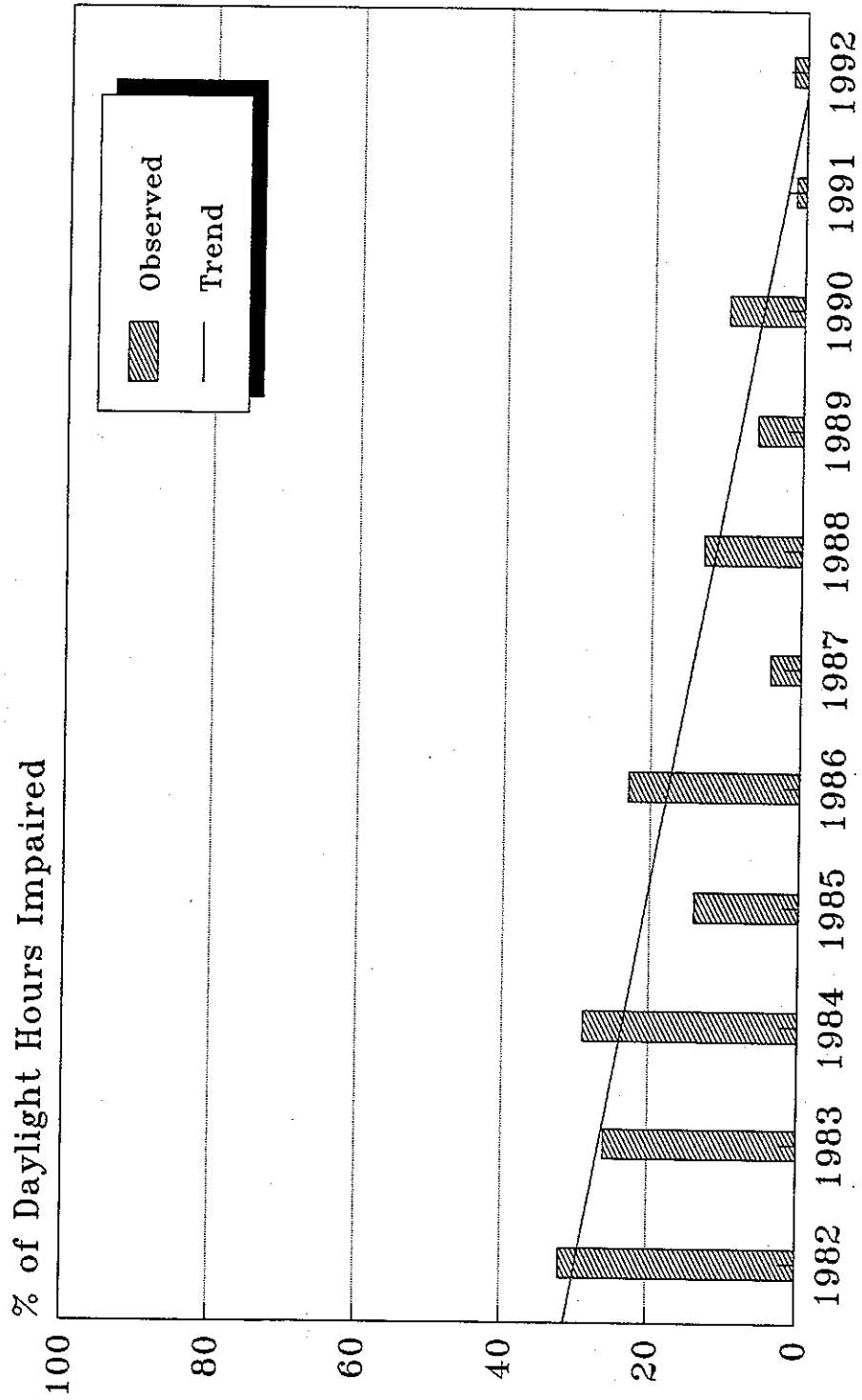
- NOTES:
1. "Intrusion Days" is the number of days on which intrusions occurred.
 2. "Number of Intrusions" is total intrusions for the month (more than 1 can occur on a given day).
 3. "+" indicates an unknown number of problem burns resulted in intrusions.
 4. In March 1987 and May 1988 it was not possible to determine which units contributed to the western Oregon smoke episodes. All units were included since the impact was so widespread.

Figure 3A
 Forest Land--Related Burning Emissions



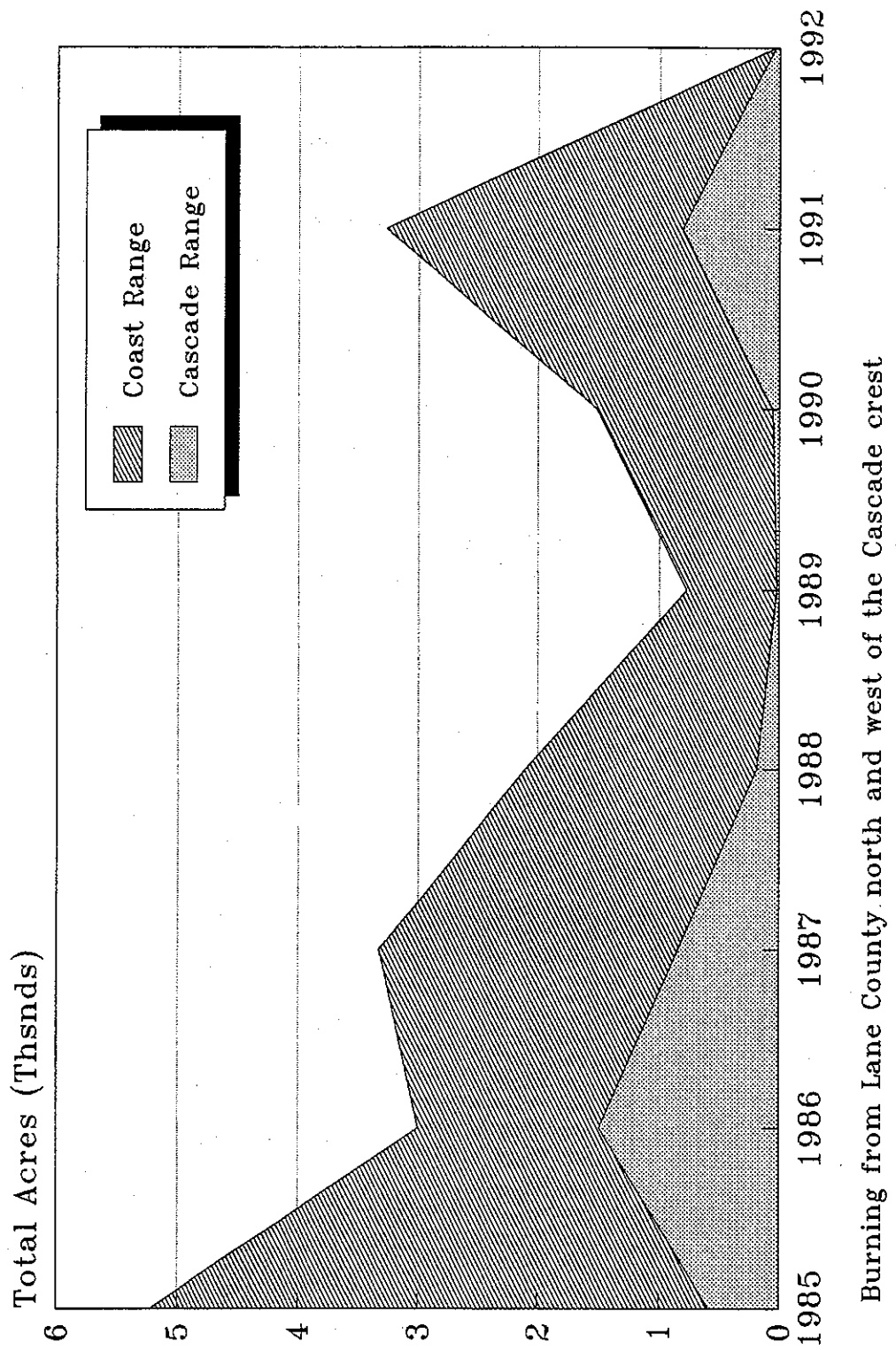
All Forest Landowners

Figure 4
 Visibility Impairment Frequency
 July 1 - September 15



Averages for Crater Lake, Mt. Hood, and Central Cascades
 July 4 - Labor Day weekend prior to 1992
 (From DEQ Data)

Figure 5
 Burning Summary
 Class I Visibility Protection Period



Burning from Lane County north and west of the Cascade crest

Figure 8
 Monthly Slash Acres Burned
 1992

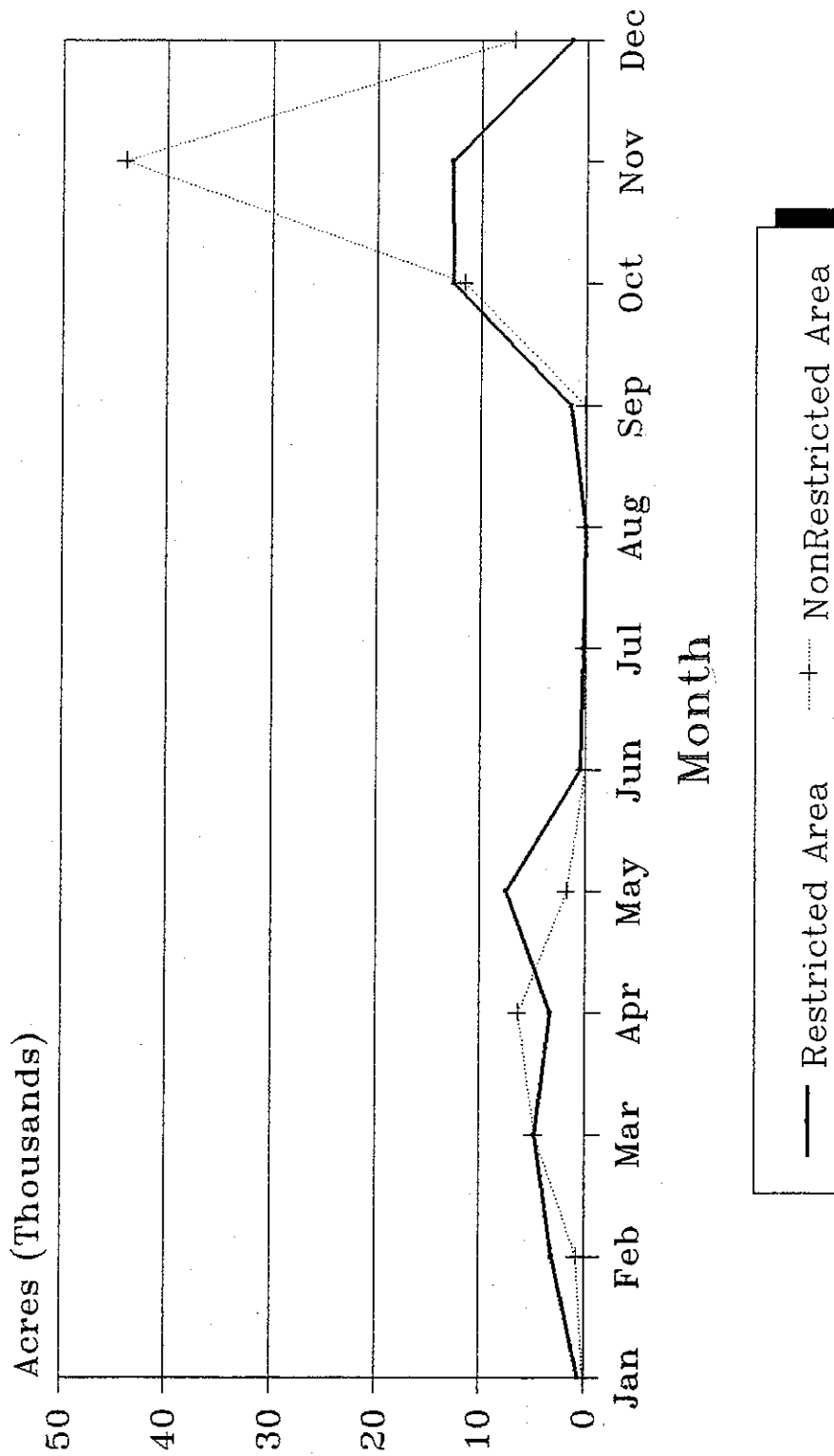


Table 5A
 BURN SUMMARY BY DISTRICT - 1992
 (Restricted Area)

District/Forest	Units Burned	Acres Burned	Tons Burned
Astoria	21	700	24,777
Clackamas-Marion	71	940	28,855
Coos FPA	376	5,886	188,143
Douglas FPA	169	2,110	54,104
East Lane	178	3,687	61,249
Forest Grove	71	1,840	38,173
Linn	96	3,257	109,303
Southwest	212	3,168	32,064
Tillamook	48	1,263	43,458
West Lane	170	2,626	65,032
West Oregon	226	6,126	150,946
Klamath NF	18	108	4,636
Mt Hood NF	116	1,987	66,605
Rogue River NF	128	1,407	26,117
Siskiyou NF	109	1,240	40,033
Siuslaw NF	33	619	18,963
Umpqua NF	144	2,003	41,229
Willamette NF	200	2,809	94,066
Deschutes NF	182	6,263	80,279
TOTAL	2,568	48,039	1,168,032

TABLE 5B
 BURN SUMMARY BY DISTRICT - 1992
 (Non-Restricted Area)

District/Forest	Units Burned	Acres Burned	Tons Burned
Klamath-Lake	83	9,922	33,173
Northeast	72	13,194	252,606
Central Oregon	59	12,614	324,675
Walker Range	15	11,511	20,442
Crater Lake N.P.	0	0	0
Fremont NF	16	3,481	41,801
Malheur NF	236	5,963	161,017
Ochoco NF	26	1,726	9,565
Umatilla NF	79	2,533	42,628
Wallowa-Whitman NF	249	6,425	68,364
Winema NF	275	8,785	106,592
TOTAL	1,110	76,154	1,060,863

Table 6B
Tons Burned by Month by District
1992
(Non-Restricted Area)

District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total by District
Central Oregon	75	24	7,098	5						16,419	62,625	238,429	324,675
Klamath-Lake			1,644	19,592						3,068	8,869		33,173
Northeast	15	2,640	10	3,475	5					15,120	229,836	1,505	252,606
Walker Range			4,000							330	16,100	12	20,442
Crater Lake NP													0
Fremont N.F.				9,000		112					22,170	10,519	41,801
Malheur N.F.		600	46,253	57,515	24,284					14,529	17,836		161,017
Ochoco N.F.			7,275	1,785						470	35		9,565
Umatilla N.F.			21,152	14,538			1,994			4,474	470		42,628
Wallowa-Whitman N.F.		800	6,468	13,684	14,597				372	21,232	11,211		68,364
Winema N.F.										15,405	91,187		106,592
District Total	90	2,664	12,752	23,072	5	0	0	0	0	34,937	317,430	239,946	630,896
Forest Total	0	1,400	81,148	96,522	38,881	112	1,994	0	372	56,110	142,909	10,519	429,967
Grand Total	90	4,064	93,900	119,594	38,886	112	1,994	0	372	91,047	460,339	250,465	1,060,863

Table 7B
Acres Burned by Month by District
1992
(Non-Restricted Area)

District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total District
Central Oregon	15	15	160	5						1,497	4,729	6,193	12,614
Klamath-Lake			124	1,030						1,095	7,673		9,922
Northeast	40	300	5	800	5					3,184	8,757	103	13,194
Walker Range			400							333	10,725	53	11,511
Crater Lake N.P.													0
Fremont N.F.				1,600		8					1,287	586	3,481
Malheur N.F.		200	320	823	328					1,763	2,529		5,963
Ochoco N.F.			1,398	231						94	3		1,726
Umatilla N.F.		11	1,548	747			41			111	75		2,533
Wallowa-Whitman N.F.		200	708	1,072	1,389				31	2,471	554		6,425
Winema N.F.										1,017	7,768		8,785
District Total	55	315	689	1,835	5	0	0	0	0	6,109	31,884	6,349	47,241
Forest Total	0	411	3,974	4,473	1,717	8	41	0	31	5,456	12,216	586	28,913
Grand Total	55	726	4,663	6,308	1,722	8	41	0	31	11,565	44,100	6,935	76,154

TONS BURNED BY MONTH WITHIN COUNTY

(Non-Restricted Area)
1992

COUNTY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
Baker		800	3,851	4,408	5,364					7,790	1,205	5	23,423
Crook		24	170							6,070	43,250		49,514
Deschutes	75			5						10,849	2,950	100	13,979
Grant		600	63,849	65,518	22,942					10,749	14,184	28,711	206,553
Harney			1,719							3,960	1,200		6,879
Hood River			7,098							270	6,156	1,729	15,253
Jefferson											9,600		9,600
Klamath			5,644	25,592						20,095	109,704	12	161,047
Lake				3,000		112					26,630	10,519	40,261
Morrow			570	1,705							7,125	109,467	118,867
Umatilla		154	10,452	13,035	5		1,021			18,491	249		43,407
Union	15	40	1,291	3,962	6,511					4,628	24,494	1,500	42,441
Wallowa		2,600	1,471	5,233	2,554				372	9,007	207,966		229,203
Wasco											1,069	1,110	2,179
Wheeler				945								97,312	98,257
TOTAL	90	4,218	96,115	123,403	37,376	112	1,021		372	91,909	455,782	250,465	1,060,863

TABLE 9B
 1992 BURN DATA BY OWNER TYPE
 (Non-Restricted Area)

	Private			State			Federal, except USFS			USFS		
	Units	Acres	Tons	Units	Acres	Tons	Units	Acres	Tons	Units	Acres	Tons
District/Forest												
Central Oregon	45	12,208	312,846	14	406	11,829						
Klamath-Lake	53	8,728	11,858	2	12	20	28	1,182	21,295			
Northeast	72	13,194	252,606									
Walker Range	15	11,511	20,442									
Crater Lake N.P.												
Fremont N.F.										16	3,481	41,801
Malheur N.F.										236	5,963	161,017
Ochoco N.F.										26	1,726	9,565
Umatilla N.F.										79	2,533	42,628
Wallowa-Whitman N.F.										249	6,425	68,364
Winema N.F.										275	8,785	106,592
TOTALS	185	45,641	597,752	16	418	11,849	28	1,182	21,295	881	28,913	429,967

Figure 12A
Acres Burned by Owner Class
(Western Oregon only)

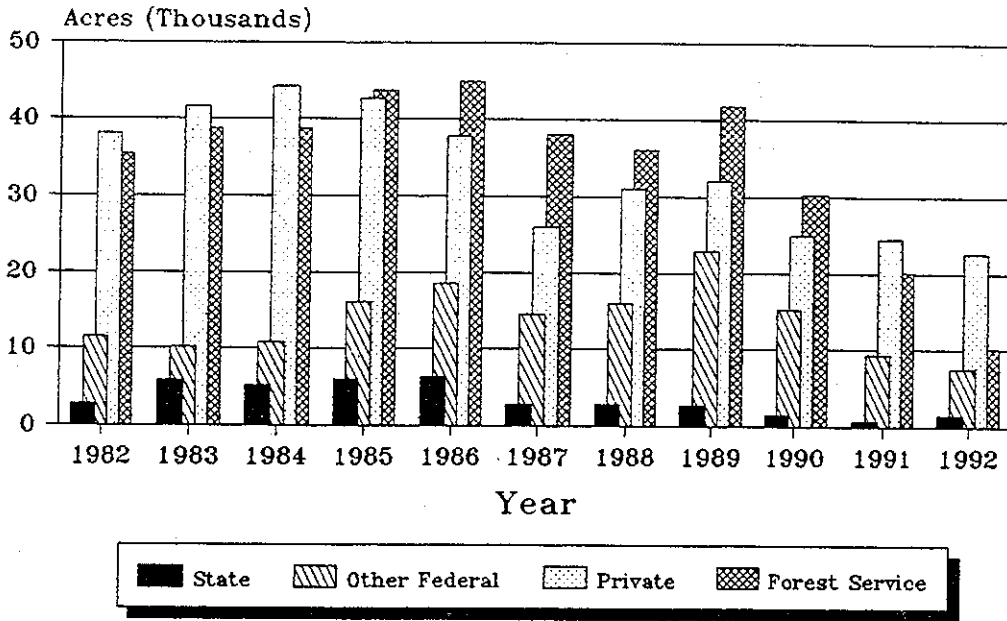
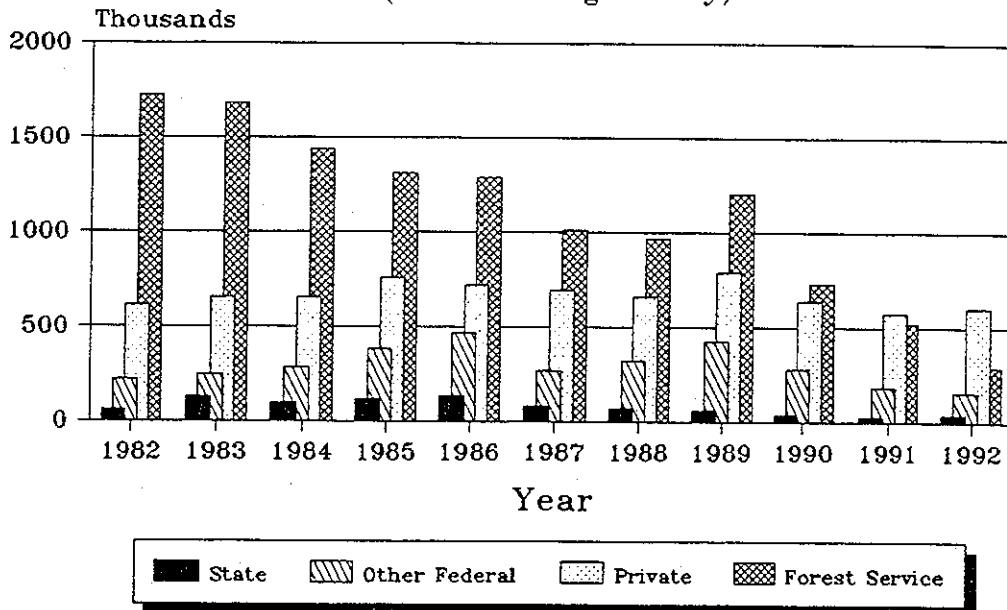


Figure 12B
Tons Burned by Owner Class
(Western Oregon Only)



Tonnage estimates prior to 1987 revised to include duff consumption.