

OREGON DPSST
ETHICS BULLETIN
Volume No. 134



The Board on Public Safety Standards and Training (BPSST) has the legislative mandate to establish and enforce minimum standards for all law enforcement officers, fire service professionals, telecommunicators and emergency medical dispatchers in the state. This requirement also defines the procedure for the Department and Board to use when denying or revoking certification of an individual who has fallen below the minimum standards.

The Ethics Bulletin is published to provide insight into the types of misconduct that could result in revocation or denial of certification. The following cases have resulted in consideration of **revocation or denial** of certifications by DPSST in **December 2014**.

The Department continues to ensure that certified public safety officers and those seeking certification who abuse the public's trust will be held accountable for their actions.

December Statistics

Cases Opened	25	Of the 25 Cases Closed:	
Cases Closed	25	Revoked	9
Cases Pending	137	Denied	0
Reinstated	0	No Action	16

Officer A resigned pursuant to a Settlement Agreement after an investigation into allegations he had failed to train with his police canine as scheduled and then falsified documentation of that training. Prior to DPSST initiating formal proceedings, Officer A signed a Stipulation Voluntarily Relinquishing Certifications, which permanently revoked his certifications. Officer A's misconduct ended his 12-year career.

Officer A's Basic, Intermediate, Advanced and Supervisory Police certifications are Revoked.

Officer B was convicted of Forgery I and Official Misconduct I. As a condition of his judgment he was required to surrender his certifications. At sentencing, Officer B signed a Stipulated Order Revoking Certifications. Officer B's misconduct ended his 23-year career.

Officer B's Basic, Intermediate and Advance Police certifications and Basic and Intermediate Corrections certifications are Revoked.

Officer C was discharged for cause after an investigation revealed that he had shown a partially nude photo of a co-worker to other co-workers. During the investigation Officer C was not truthful. Officer C was served with a Notice of Intent to Revoke and made a timely request for a hearing. Prior to going to hearing Officer C voluntarily relinquished his certifications. Officer C's misconduct ended his 11-year career.

Officer C's Basic and Intermediate Police certifications are Revoked.

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Officer D resigned after an internal investigation was conducted based on his conduct during a DUII stop. Officer D was notified that his case would go to the Police Policy Committee for a determination on his eligibility to remain certified. Officer D chose to voluntarily relinquish his certifications.

Officer D's misconduct ended his 9-year career.

Officer D's Basic, Intermediate and Advanced Police certifications are Revoked.

Officer E resigned after an internal investigation revealed he had been untruthful about having to report for jury duty for a second day. He had been advised by the court that he was not needed for jury duty for the second day, but called his agency and reported that he had attended part of the day, and requested vacation for the remainder of that day. Prior to DPSST initiating formal proceedings, Officer E signed a Stipulation Voluntarily Relinquishing Certification, which permanently revoked his certification. Officer E's misconduct ended his one-year career.

Officer E's Basic Corrections certification is Revoked.

Officer F, a former officer, was convicted of one count of Aggravated Theft in the First Degree and four counts of Theft in the First Degree and sentenced to 19 months in prison. In his position as an investigator for a state agency, he had repeatedly falsified travel expenses and misappropriated the reimbursements. Prior to DPSST initiating formal proceedings, Officer F signed a Stipulation Voluntarily Relinquishing Certifications, which permanently revoked his certifications.

Officer F's Basic, Intermediate and Advanced Police certifications are Revoked.

Officer G resigned during a criminal investigation into his absconding with a juvenile female with whom he had a sexual relationship. He was later convicted of Custodial Interference and three counts of Tampering with a Witness, and incarcerated for those crimes. Prior to DPSST initiating formal mandatory revocation proceedings, Officer G signed a Stipulation Voluntarily Relinquishing Certifications, which permanently revoked his certifications. Officer G's misconduct ended his 12-year career.

Officer G's Basic Corrections certification is Revoked.

Officer H resigned from his position as a corrections officer after his arrest for multiple sex crimes. Subsequently Officer H was convicted of two counts of First Degree Rape, Unlawful Sexual Penetration, First Degree Sex Abuse and Encouraging Child Sex Abuse. Officer H was served with a Notice of Intent to Revoke and failed to request a hearing. Officer H's misconduct ended his 5-year career.

Officer H's Basic and Intermediate Corrections Certifications are Revoked.

Officer I resigned after an internal investigation revealed that he had inappropriately accepted funds for providing ATV safety courses while being paid as a police officer. The matter was referred to the District Attorney for criminal charges. Pursuant to a court judgment Officer I relinquished his certification after being convicted of First Degree Official Misconduct.

Officer I's misconduct ended his 20-year career.

Officer I Basic, Intermediate and Advanced Police certifications were Revoked.

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