Site Name:	Investigator:		Date:	
eld S data form. ORWAP version 2.0.1				
Wetter Water Regime - Internal Causes				
In the last column, place an $X$ next to any item that is likely to have caused a part of the AA to duration than it would be without that item or activity. (The items you check are not used autor evaluating the factors in the table beneath them).	be <b>inundated</b> more extens natically by ORWAP. They	ively, more frequently, more dee are included simply so they may	ply, and/or for longer be considered when	
an impounding dam, dike, levee, weir, berm, road fill, or tidegate within or downgradient fi	rom the AA, or raising of ou	tlet culvert elevation.		
excavation within the AA, e.g., artificial pond, dead-end ditch				
excavation or reflooding of upland soils that adjoined the AA, thus expanding the area of the	e AA			
plugging of ditches or drain tile that otherwise would drain the AA (as part of intentional rest	oration, or due to lack of ma	intenance, sedimentation, etc.)		
vegetation removal (e.g., logging) within the AA				
compaction (e.g., ruts) and/or subsidence of the AA's substrate as a result of machinery, live	estock, or off road vehicles			
changes not related directly to humans, e.g., beaver				
If <b>any</b> items were checked above, then for each row of the table below, assign points (3, 2, or 1 creating a wetter water regime that still persists in the AA. To estimate that, contrast it with the final score will compute automatically.	<ol> <li>in the last column that de condition if checked items</li> </ol>	scribe the <b>combined</b> maximum never occurred or were no longe	effect of those items in r present. The sum and	
	Severe (3 points)	Medium (2 points)	Mild (1 point)	Pts
Spatial extent of increased wetness	>95% of AA or >95% of its upland edge (if any)	5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its upland edge (if any)	<5% of AA and <5% of its upland edge (if any)	0
When wetter condition began	<3 yrs ago	3-9 yrs ago	10-100 yrs ago	0
Score the following 2 rows only if the wetter conditions began within past 10 years, and only for the part of the AA that got wetter.				
Inundation now vs. previously	persistent vs. seldom	persistent vs. seasonal	slightly longer or more often	0
Average water level increase	>1 ft	6-12"	<6 inches	0
* Score these 2 rows only for the part of the AA that got wetter, and only if the wetter conditions	s began within past 10 yrs		sum=	0
<b>0</b> if Sum= 0, ( <b>1</b> pt) if Sur	n= 1-4. (2 pt) if 5-6. (3 pt) i	f 7-8. (4 pt) if 9-10. (5 pt) if >10	. final score=	0
Wetter Water Regime - External Causes				
In the last column, place an X next to any item occurring in the CA (including channels flowin extensively, more frequently, more deeply, and/or for longer duration than it would be without the	ig into the AA) that is likely t hat item or activity.	o have caused a part of the AA t	o be inundated more	
subsidies from stormwater, wastewater effluent, septic system leakage, or irrigation water (or	direct or via seepage)			
pavement, ditches, or drain tile in the CA that incidentally increase the transport of water int	o the AA			
removal of timber or phreatophytes in the CA or along the AA's tributaries				
removal of a water control structure or blockage in tributary upstream from the AA				
changes in the CA that are not related directly to humans, e.g., channel migration, landslide	s, forest die-offs, seismic ad	ctivity		
If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below, assign points (3, 2, or 1 creating a wetter water regime in the AA. To estimate that, contrast it with the condition if check the condition if check the condition if check the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition if check the condition is a statement of the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in the condition in the condition is a statement of the condition in	<ol> <li>in the last column that desided items never occurred o</li> </ol>	scribe the combined maximum e r were no longer present.	fect of those items in	
	Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pts)	Mild (1 pt)	Pts
Spatial extent of activity in the CA	>20% of the CA	5-20% of the CA	<5% of the CA	0
When activity began	<3 yrs ago	3-9 yrs ago	10-100 yrs ago	0
Score the following 2 rows only if the wetter conditions began within past 10 years, and only for the part of the AA that got wetter.				
Inundation now vs. previously	persistent vs. seldom	persistent vs. seasonal	slightly longer or more often	0
Average water level increase	>1 ft	6-12"	<6 inches	0
* Score this row only for the part of the AA that got wetter, and only if the wetter conditions beg	an within past 10 yrs		sum=	0

<sup>3</sup> Drier Water Regime - Internal Causes				
In the last column, place an X next to any item located within or immediately adjacent to the	e AA, that is likely to have ca	aused a part of the AA to be inun	dated less extensively,	
less deeply, less frequently, and/or for shorter duration that it would be without that item.				
ditches or drain tile in the AA or along its edge that accelerate outflow from the AA	an louist combrol obructure inco	ultime in aviology decisions		
iowering or enlargement of a surface water exit point (e.g., cuivert) or modification of a water	er ievei controi structure, res	uiting in quicker drainage		
accelerated downcutting or channelization of an adjacent or internal channel (cut below the	historical water table level)			
deep ripping (e.g., with plows) that severs an underlying hydrologically-confining soil layer				
placement of fill material				
withdrawals (e.g., pumping) of natural surface or ground water directly out of the AA (not its	s tributaries)			
If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below assign points (3, 2, or 1 creating a drier water regime in the AA. To estimate that, contrast it with the condition if check	) in the last column that desired items never occurred or	cribe the combined maximum eff were no longer present.	fect of those items in	
	Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pt)	Mild (1 pt)	
Spatial extent of increased dryness	>95% of AA or >95% of its upland edge (if any)	5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its upland edge (if any)	<5% of AA and <5% of its upland edge (if any)	0
When change began	<3 yrs ago	3-9 yrs ago	10-100 yrs ago	0
Score the following 2 rows only if the drier conditions began within past 10 years, and only for the part of the AA that got drier.				
Inundation now vs. previously	seldom vs. persistent	seasonal vs. persistent	slightly shorter or less often	0
Water level decrease	>1 ft	6-12"	<6 inches	0
			sum=	0
<b>0</b> if Sum= 0, (1 pt) if Sur	m= 1-4. (2 pt) if 5-6. (3 pt) i	f 7-8. (4 pt) if 9-10. (5 pt) if >10	. final score=	0
<sup>4</sup> Drier Water Regime - External Causes				
In the last column, place an X next to any item within the CA (including channels flowing into less deeply, less frequently, and/or for shorter duration that it would be without those.	the AA) that is likely to have	caused a part of the AA to be in	undated less extensively,	
a dam, dike, levee, weir, berm, or tidegate that interferes with natural inflow to the AA				
relocation of natural tributaries whose water would otherwise reach the AA				
instream water withdrawals from tributaries whose water would otherwise reach the AA				
groundwater withdrawals that divert water that would otherwise reach the AA				
proliferation of phreatophytes (woody plants with deep roots and high transpiration, e.g., jur	niper, autumn olive) or crops	with high transpiration rates that	t are near the AA	
changes not related directly to humans				
If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below assign points (3, 2, or 1	) in the last column that des	cribe the combined maximum eff	fect of those items in	
creating a drier water regime in the AA. To estimate that, contrast it with the condition if check	ed items never occurred or	were no longer present.		
	Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pts)	Mild (1 pt)	
Spatial extent of increased dryness	Severe (3 pts) >20% of the CA	Medium (2 pts) 5-20% of the CA	Mild (1 pt) <5% of the CA	0
Spatial extent of increased dryness When change began	Severe (3 pts) >20% of the CA <3 yrs ago	Medium (2 pts) 5-20% of the CA 3-9 yrs ago	Mild (1 pt) <5% of the CA 10-100 yrs ago	0
Spatial extent of increased dryness         When change began         Score the following 2 rows only if the drier conditions began within past 10 years, and only for the part of the AA that got drier.	Severe (3 pts) >20% of the CA <3 yrs ago	Medium (2 pts) 5-20% of the CA 3-9 yrs ago	Mild (1 pt)         <5% of the CA	0
Spatial extent of increased dryness         When change began         Score the following 2 rows only if the drier conditions began within past 10 years, and only for the part of the AA that got drier.         Inundation now vs. previously	Severe (3 pts) >20% of the CA <3 yrs ago seldom vs. persistent	Medium (2 pts) 5-20% of the CA 3-9 yrs ago seasonal vs. persistent	Mild (1 pt) <5% of the CA 10-100 yrs ago slightly shorter or less often	0 0 0
Spatial extent of increased dryness         When change began         Score the following 2 rows only if the drier conditions began within past 10 years, and only for the part of the AA that got drier.         Inundation now vs. previously         Water level decrease	Severe (3 pts) >20% of the CA <3 yrs ago seldom vs. persistent >1 ft	Medium (2 pts) 5-20% of the CA 3-9 yrs ago seasonal vs. persistent 1-12"	Mild (1 pt) <5% of the CA 10-100 yrs ago slightly shorter or less often <1 inch	0 0 0
Spatial extent of increased dryness When change began Score the following 2 rows only if the drier conditions began within past 10 years, and only for the part of the AA that got drier. Inundation now vs. previously Water level decrease	Severe (3 pts) >20% of the CA <3 yrs ago seldom vs. persistent >1 ft	Medium (2 pts) 5-20% of the CA 3-9 yrs ago seasonal vs. persistent 1-12"	Mild (1 pt) <5% of the CA 10-100 yrs ago slightly shorter or less often <1 inch sum=	0 0 0 0 0 0

S5	Altered Timing of Water Inputs				
	In the last column, place an X next to any item that is likely to have caused the <b>timing</b> of water either <b>more muted</b> (smaller or less frequent peaks spread over longer times, more temporal ho but over shorter times).	inputs (but not necessarily mogeneity of flow or wate	y their volume) to shift by hours, d r levels) <b>or more flashy</b> (larger c	ays, or weeks, becoming r more frequent spikes	
	flow regulation in tributaries or water level regulation in adjoining water body, or tidegate or o	ther control structure at w	ater entry points that regulates inf	low to the AA	
	increased pavement and other impervious surface in the CA				
	straightening, ditching, dredging, and/or lining of tributary channels in the CA				
	discharges of irrigation water to the AA, applied at times when natural runoff typically is not s	significant			
	other If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below accient points $(2, 2, ar 1)$	in the last column that do	cariba the combined movimum off	act of those items on the	
	timing of water inputs to the AA. To estimate that, contrast it with the condition if checked items	s never occurred or were n	io longer present.		
		Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pts)	Mild (1 pt)	
	Spatial extent within the AA of timing shift	>95% of AA	5-95% of AA	<5% of AA	0
	When altered inputs began	<3 yrs ago	3-9 yrs ago	10-100 yrs ago	0
	Score the following 2 rows only if the altered inputs began within past 10 years, and only for the part of the AA that experiences those.				
	Input timing now vs. previously*	shift of weeks	shift of days	shift of hours or minutes	0
	Flashiness or muting*	became very flashy or controlled	intermediate	became mildly flashy or controlled	0
		•		sum=	0
	0 if Sum= 0, (1 pt) if Sum	i= 1-4. (2 pt) if 5-6. (3 pt)	if 7-8. (4 pt) if 9-10. (5 pt) if >10.	final score=	0
S6	Accelerated Inputs of Nutrients, Contaminants, and/or Salts				
	In the last column, place an X next to any item occurring in either the AA or its CA that is	likely to have accelerated	the inputs of nutrients, contamina	nts, or salts to the AA	
	stormwater or wastewater effluent (including failing septic systems), landfills				
	irrigation water discharges into the AA, including saline seeps				
	livestock, dogs				
	pesticides applied to lawns, ag lands, to other areas in the CA but excluding spo	t applications for controllin	g non-natives in the AA		
	dumping of large amounts of wood, leaves, grass clippings, trash into the AA or its tributaries	S			
	artificial drainage of upslope lands				
	fire retardants from aerial firefighting				
	oil or chemical spills (not just chronic inputs) from nearby roads				
	erosion of nutrient-rich or contaminated soils chemical wastes from mining, oil/ gas extraction, other industrial sources				
	other human-related disturbances within the CA				
	sources not related directly to humans, e.g., fire, extensive cover of nitrogen-fixing plants (e.	g., alder), concentrations of	of waterbirds or other wildlife, eros	ion of nutrient-rich soils	
	If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below assign points (3, 2, or 1) generating loads of nutrients, contaminants, or salts reaching the AA. To estimate that, contrast	in the last column that de: t it with the condition if che	scribe the combined maximum eff ecked items never occurred or we	ect of those items in re no longer present.	
		Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pts)	Mild (1 pt)	
	Usual toxicity of most toxic contaminants	industrial effluent or 303d* for toxics	domestic effluent, cropland, or 303d for nutrients	mildly impacting (livestock, pets, low density residential)	0
	Frequency & duration of input	frequent and year-round	frequent but mostly seasonal	infrequent & during high runoff events mainly	0
	AA proximity to main sources (actual or potential)	0-50 ft	50-300 ft or in groundwater	in other part of contributing area	0
	* categorized by ODEQ as Water Quality Limited (303d) and toxic substances are listed by ODE	EQ as one reason. See ite	em D40 in data form OF.	sum=	0
	<b>0</b> if Sum= 0, (1 pt) i	it Sum= 1-3. (2 pt) if 4-5.	(3 pt) if 6-7. (4 pt) if 8. (5 pt) if 9.	final score=	0

S7	Excessive Sediment Loading from Contributing Area				
	In the last column, place an X next to any item present in the CA that is likely to have elevated t	the load of waterborne or v	vindborne sediment reaching the <i>i</i>	AA from its CA.	
	erosion from plowed fields, fill, timber harvest, dirt roads, vegetation clearing, fires				
	erosion from construction, in-channel machinery in the CA				
	erosion from off-road vehicles in the CA				
	erosion from livestock or foot traffic in the CA				
	stormwater or wastewater entuent				
	accelerated channel downcutting or headcutting of tributaries due to altered land use				
	other human-related disturbances within the CA				
	natural processes within the CA, e.g., streambank erosion, landslides, erosion of erosion-pro	one soils especially following	ng fire, floods		
	If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below assign points (3, 2, or 1) increasing the amount or transport of sediment into the AA. To estimate that, contrast it with the	in the last column that des e condition if checked item	scribe the combined maximum efforts of the combined maximum efforts of the combined of the combined of the combined maximum efforts of the combined maximum ef	ect of those items in er present.	
		Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pts)	Mild (1 pt)	
	Erosion in CA	extensive evidence, high intensity*	potentially (based on high- intensity* land use) or scattered evidence	potentially (based on low intensity* land use) with little or no direct evidence	0
	Recentness of significant soil disturbance in the CA	current & ongoing	1-12 months ago	>1 yr ago	0
1	Duration of sediment inputs to the AA	frequent and year-round	frequent but mostly seasonal	infrequent & during high runoff events mainly	0
	AA proximity to actual or potential sources	0-50 ft, or farther but on steep erodible slopes	50-300 ft	in other part of contributing area	0
	* high-intensity= plowing, grading, excavation, erosion with or without veg removal; low-intens disturbance of soil or sediment	sity= veg removal only with	little or no apparent erosion or	sum=	0
	<b>0</b> if Sum= 0, ( <b>1</b> pt) if Sum	n= 1-4. (2 pt) if 5-6. (3 pt)	if 7-8. (4 pt) if 9-10. (5 pt) if >10.	final score=	0
S8	Soil or Sediment Alteration Within the Assessment Area				
	In the last column, place an X next to any item present in the AA that is likely to have compacte	d. eroded. or otherwise alt	ered the AA's soil		
	compaction from machinery, off-road vehicles, or mountain bikes, especially during wetter p	eriods			
	leveling or other grading not to the natural contour				
	tillage, plowing (but excluding disking for enhancement of native plants)				
	fill or riprap, excluding small amounts of upland soils containing organic amendments (comp	ost, etc.) or small amounts	of topsoil imported from another	wetland	
	livestock and other sediment- or soil-disturbing animals, e.g., carp, nutria, wild boar, people	on foot			
	excavation				
	dredging in or adjacent to the AA				
	boat traffic in or adjacent to the AA and sufficient to cause shore erosion or stir bottom sedin	nents			
	artificial water level of flow manipulations sufficient to cause erosion of stir bottom sediments	S			
	floods.	nk erosion, landslides, norr	nal erosion of erosion-prone soils	especially following fire,	
	If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below assign points (3, 2, or 1) altering the AA's soils. To estimate that, contrast it with the soil condition if checked items neve	in the last column that des er occurred or were no long	scribe the combined maximum effi jer present.	ect of those items in	
		Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pts)	Mild (1 pt)	
	Spatial extent of altered soil	>95% of AA or >95% of its upland edge (if any)	5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its upland edge (if any)	<5% of AA and <5% of its upland edge (if any)	0
	Recentness of significant soil alteration in AA	current & ongoing	1-12 months ago	>1 yr ago	0
	Duration	long-lasting, minimal veg recovery	long-lasting but mostly revegetated	short-term, revegetated, not intense	0
	Timing of soil alteration	frequent and year-round	frequent but mostly seasonal	infrequent & mainly during scattered events	0
		-		sum=	0
	<b>0</b> if Sum= 0, (1 pt) if Sum	n= 1-4. (2 pt) if 5-6. (3 pt)	if 7-8. (4 pt) if 9-10. (5 pt) if >10.	final score=	0

vegetated Cover Removal Within the Asses	sment Area			
In the last column, place an X next to any item present in the AA tha	t is likely to have caused less canopy or ground cover,	, or less vegetation biomass, or I	ess wood generally. If	
only the species composition (not total cover or biomass) changed, o	to not check any of these items.			
clearing, logging, excepting removal of woody vegetation from na	tive prairies			
grazing by livestock				
mowing				
herbicides, excepting spot applications for controlling non-native	plants in the AA			
plowing, regrading				I
removal of woody debris				I
shading from large artificial structure, e.g., bridge, boardwalk, doo	k			<b> </b>
other human-related disturbances within the AA				
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire	es, beaver damage, natural eros	ion, intensive grazing by	
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese.	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire	es, beaver damage, natural eros	ion, intensive grazing by	
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire	es, beaver damage, natural eros	ion, intensive grazing by fect of those items on the	
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA.	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef	ion, intensive grazing by fect of those items on the	
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA.	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef Medium (2 pts)	fect of those items on the	
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA.	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des Severe (3 pts)	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef Medium (2 pts) 5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its	fect of those items on the Mild (1 pt)	0
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA. Spatial extent of veg removal	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des Severe (3 pts) >95% of AA or >95% of its water edge	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef Medium (2 pts) 5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its water edge	ion, intensive grazing by fect of those items on the Mild (1 pt) <5% of AA and <5% of its water edge if any	0
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA. Spatial extent of veg removal	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des Severe (3 pts) >95% of AA or >95% of its water edge	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef Medium (2 pts) 5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its water edge	ion, intensive grazing by fect of those items on the Mild (1 pt) <5% of AA and <5% of its water edge if any	0
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA. Spatial extent of veg removal Erequency of significant veg removal	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des Severe (3 pts) >95% of AA or >95% of its water edge regularly during most of	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef Medium (2 pts) 5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its water edge a few times a year	ion, intensive grazing by fect of those items on the Mild (1 pt) <5% of AA and <5% of its water edge if any annual or less	0
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA. Spatial extent of veg removal Frequency of significant veg removal	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des Severe (3 pts) >95% of AA or >95% of its water edge regularly during most of the year	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef Medium (2 pts) 5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its water edge a few times a year	ion, intensive grazing by fect of those items on the Mild (1 pt) <5% of AA and <5% of its water edge if any annual or less	0
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA. Spatial extent of veg removal Frequency of significant veg removal Biomass recovery after each removal	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des Severe (3 pts) >95% of AA or >95% of its water edge regularly during most of the year > 20 yrs	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef <u>Medium (2 pts)</u> 5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its water edge a few times a year 2-20 yrs	ion, intensive grazing by fect of those items on the Mild (1 pt) <5% of AA and <5% of its water edge if any annual or less <2 yrs	0
natural processes concentrated within the AA, e.g., wind & wave deer, elk, geese. If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table belo amount of vegetation cover in the AA. Spatial extent of veg removal Frequency of significant veg removal Biomass recovery after each removal	scouring, windthrow, insect or disease infestations, fire w assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that des Severe (3 pts) >95% of AA or >95% of its water edge regularly during most of the year > 20 yrs	es, beaver damage, natural eros cribe the combined maximum ef <u>Medium (2 pts)</u> 5-95% of AA or 5-95% of its water edge a few times a year 2-20 yrs	ion, intensive grazing by fect of those items on the Mild (1 pt) <5% of AA and <5% of its water edge if any annual or less <2 yrs sum=	0