

**BEFORE THE
ENERGY FACILITY SITING COUNCIL
OF THE STATE OF OREGON**

In the Matter of Request for Amendment 3 for the
Shepherds Flat Central Site Certificate

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)
)
FINAL ORDER ON
REQUEST FOR AMENDMENT 3 TO
THE SITE CERTIFICATE

January 24, 2020

1	Table of Contents	
2	I. INTRODUCTION	4
3	I.A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CERTIFICATE HOLDER	4
4	I.B. DESCRIPTION OF THE APPROVED FACILITY AND FACILITY LOCATION	5
5	I.C. PROCEDURAL HISTORY	7
6	II. AMENDMENT PROCESS	7
7	II.A. REQUESTED AMENDMENT	7
8	II.B. RECOMMENDED AMENDED SITE CERTIFICATE FORMAT	8
9	II.C. AMENDMENT REVIEW PROCESS	9
10	II.D. COUNCIL REVIEW PROCESS	10
11	II.E. APPLICABLE DIVISION 27 RULE REQUIREMENTS	10
12	III. REVIEW OF THE REQUESTED AMENDMENT	11
13	III.A. STANDARDS POTENTIALLY IMPACTED BY REQUEST FOR AMENDMENT 3	11
14	III.A.1 General Standard of Review: OAR 345-022-0000	11
15	III.A.2 Organizational Expertise: OAR 345-022-0010	15
16	III.A.3 Structural Standard: OAR 345-022-0020	18
17	III.A.4 Soil Protection: OAR 345-022-0022	21
18	III.A.5 Land Use: OAR 345-022-0030.....	23
19	III.A.6 Fish and Wildlife Habitat: OAR 345-022-0060.....	30
20	III.A.7 Public Services: OAR 345-022-0110.....	36
21	III.A.8 Waste Minimization: OAR 345-022-0120.....	40
22	III.A.9 Division 24 Standards	41
23	III.A.10 Other Applicable Regulatory Requirements Under Council Jurisdiction	47
24	III.B. STANDARDS NOT LIKELY TO BE IMPACTED BY REQUEST FOR AMENDMENT 3	53
25	III.B.1 Protected Areas: OAR 345-022-0040.....	55
26	III.B.2 Retirement and Financial Assurance: OAR 345-022-0050	57
27	III.B.3 Threatened and Endangered Species: OAR 345-022-0070	58
28	III.B.4 Scenic Resources: OAR 345-022-0080	58
29	III.B.5 Historic, Cultural, and Archaeological Resources: OAR 345-022-0090	58
30	III.B.6 Recreation: OAR 345-022-0100	59
31	III.B.7 Division 23 Standards	59
32	III.B.8 Siting Standards for Transmission Lines: OAR 345-024-0090	59
33	III.B.9 Removal-Fill	60
34	III.B.10 Water Rights	60
35	IV. FINAL CONCLUSIONS AND ORDER	61
36		
37		
38		
39		

1	Figures	
2	Figure 1: Facility Regional Location	6
3		
4		
5	Tables	
6	Table 1: Gilliam County Applicable Substantive Criteria	26
7	Table 2: Morrow County Applicable Substantive Criteria	28
8	Table 3: Estimated Acreage of the Proposed RFA3 Facility Repower.....	31
9	Table 4: Statistical Noise Limits for Industrial and Commercial Noise Sources.....	50
10	Table 5: Summary of Council Standards Not Likely Impacted by RFA3	53
11		
12	Attachments	
13	Attachment A: Amended Site Certificate	
14	Attachment B: Reviewing Agency Comments on preliminary RFA3	
15	Attachment C: Draft Proposed Order Comments	
16	Attachment D: Revegetation Plan	
17	Attachment E: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan	
18	Attachment F: Habitat Mitigation Plan	
19		
20		

1 **I. INTRODUCTION**

2
3 The Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council issues this final order, in accordance with Oregon
4 Revised Statute (ORS) 469.405(1) and Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 345-027-0365, based
5 on its review of Request for Amendment 3 (RFA3) to the Shepherds Flat Central site certificate.
6 The certificate holder for the facility is South Hurlburt Wind, LLC (certificate holder), a wholly
7 owned subsidiary of Caithness Energy, LLC, a subsidiary of Caithness Equities Corporation.
8

9 The certificate holder requests the Energy Facility Siting Council (EFSC or Council) to approve
10 the following changes to the facility and site certificate:

- 11
- 12 • Upgrade (or repower) the existing facility wind turbines by replacing blades for longer
13 and lighter blades and associated machinery on the existing turbine towers;¹
 - 14 • Construct temporary access road, temporary access road improvement and laydown
15 areas; and,
 - 16 • Amend a site certificate condition (Existing Condition 26, related to above-ground blade
17 tip clearance).²
- 18

19 Based upon the Council’s review of RFA3, and in conjunction with comments and
20 recommendations received by state agencies and local government entities, the Council
21 approves and grants an amendment to the Shepherds Flat Central site certificate subject to the
22 existing operational and new pre-construction and construction conditions set forth in this
23 order. Two reviewing agency comments were received during the draft proposed order
24 comment period. Changes to findings of fact and recommended conclusions are presented in
25 the applicable sections of this proposed order.
26

27 **I.A. Name and Address of Certificate Holder**

28
29 South Hurlburt Wind, LLC
30 565 Fifth Avenue, 29th Floor
31 New York, NY 10017
32

¹ At its October 25, 2019, the Energy Facility Siting Council Meeting in Salem Oregon, Council both reviewed and approved Request for Amendment 2 of the Shepherds Flat Central Site Certificate. Request for Amendment 2 authorized the repowering of two wind turbines (Turbine 368 and Turbine 370) of the Shepherds Flat Central facility. Those two turbines have already been repowered and are not subject to Request for Amendment 3.

² The proposed upgrade or repower of the existing wind turbines would result in a change in wind turbine blade tip height from 135 to 150 meters. However, existing site certificate Condition 26 authorizes a maximum blade tip height of 150 meters, based on representations in the Application for Site Certificate (ASC); therefore, Council previously reviewed and authorized these impacts in the 2008 Final Order on ASC and therefore are not re-evaluated in this order.

1 ***Parent Company of the Certificate Holder***

2

3 Caithness Energy, LLC
4 565 Fifth Avenue, 29th Floor
5 New York, NY 10017

6

7 ***Certificate Holder Contact***

8

9 Vandana Gupta
10 South Hurlburt Wind, LLC c/o Caithness Energy, LLC
11 565 Fifth Avenue, 29th Floor
12 New York, NY 10017

13

14 **I.B. Description of the Approved Facility and Facility Location**

15

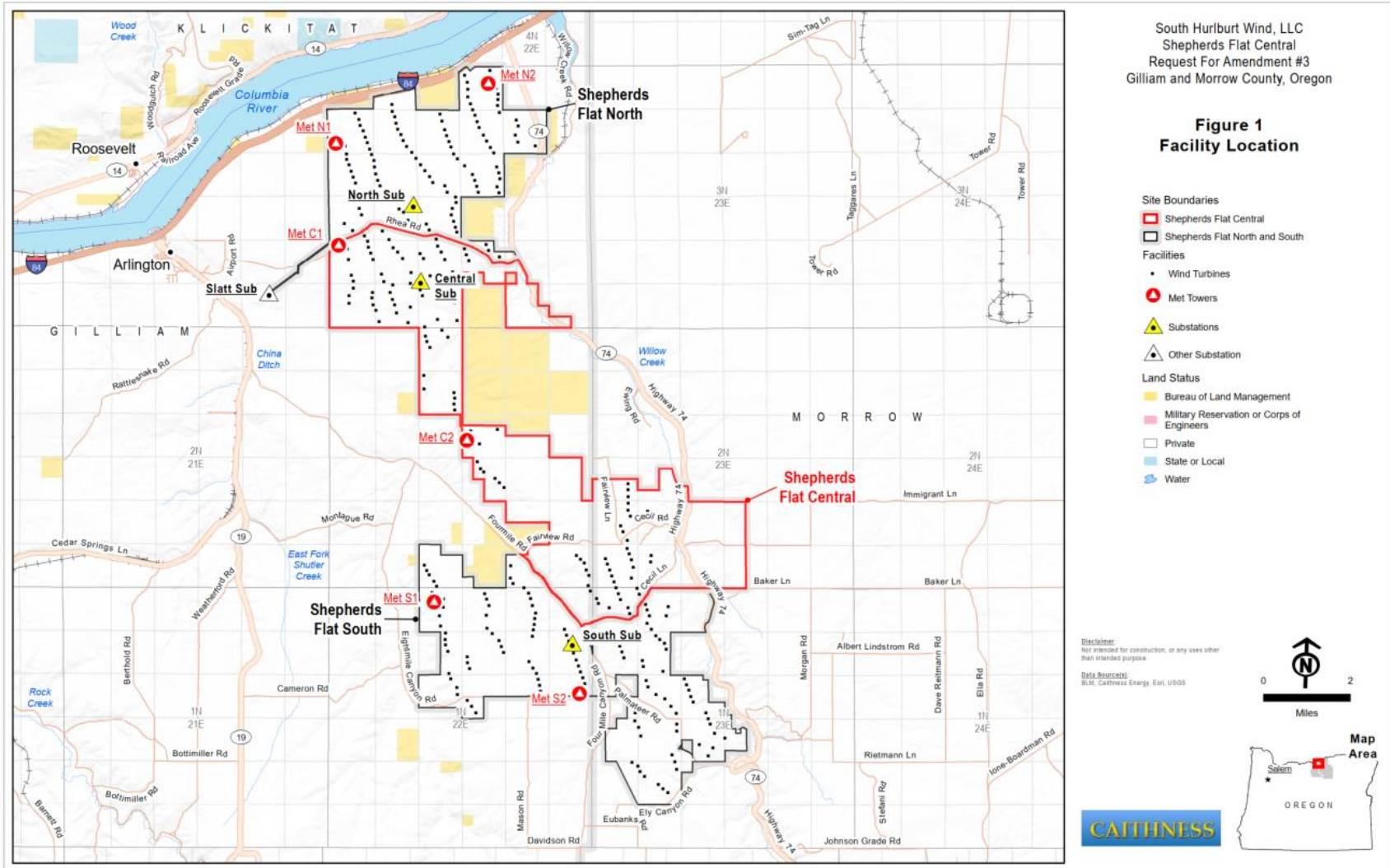
16 Shepherds Flat Central is a wind energy facility with approximately 116 wind turbines and a
17 maximum generating capacity of 290 megawatts. The facility includes a 34.5 kV electrical
18 collection system, a collector substation, a 230 kV interconnection transmission line, two
19 meteorological towers, a field workshop, supervisory control and data acquisition system, and
20 access roads.

21

22 As presented in Figure 1: *Facility Regional Location* below, the facility is located within a site
23 boundary of approximately 11,769 acres, south of Interstate Highway 84, between State
24 Highway 19 and 74 in Gilliam and Morrow Counties.

25

1 **Figure 1: Facility Regional Location**



2 Z:\GIS\Shepherds Flat\Repos\FIG 1\FIG 1 Facility Location_CENTRAL.mxd 10/31/2019

1 **I.C. Procedural History**
2

3 The Council approved a site certificate for the Shepherds Flat Wind Facility on July 25, 2008,
4 authorizing construction and operation of a 909 MW wind energy generation facility. The
5 Council issued the First Amended Site Certificate on March 12, 2010, authorizing an expansion
6 of the site boundary to accommodate an alternative route for the transmission line, and also
7 divided and transferred the Shepherds Flat Wind Facility into three independent facilities -
8 Shepherds Flat North, Shepherds Flat Central, and Shepherds Flat South. The Council issued a
9 Second Amended Site Certificate on October 25, 2019, authorizing the repowering of two wind
10 turbines (T-368 and T-370) based on a proposed Operations and Maintenance (O&M)
11 demonstration activity.

12
13 The procedural history of Request for Amendment 3 (RFA3 or amendment request) is described
14 in Section II.C. *Amendment Review Process* of this order.
15

16 **II. AMENDMENT PROCESS**
17

18 **II.A. Requested Amendment**
19

20 *Wind Turbine Repower*
21

22 The certificate holder requests Council approval to upgrade (or repower) 114 of the existing
23 116 wind turbines to current technology by replacing existing blades for longer turbine blades
24 and associated wind turbine components on existing turbine towers (as noted, two turbines,
25 368 and 370, have previously been repowered, as approved by Council under RFA2). Wind
26 turbine repowering would require trucks, small cranes or telehandlers, and a track mounted
27 crane. The trucks would both deliver the new wind turbine components to the existing wind
28 turbine pad sites, and transport the old components offsite for proper disposal or recycling at a
29 licensed facility.
30

31 Once the new wind turbines components are delivered via truck to each pad site, smaller
32 cranes or telehandlers would unload and stage the components. A track mounted crane would
33 then mobilize to the turbine pad area, setting up on the access road adjacent the turbine, and
34 would lower the old rotor down to the pad site for disassembly, followed by the old gearbox.
35 Once disassembled, the old components would be staged for truck removal. The track mounted
36 crane would then lift the new gearbox and rotor into place. Once complete, the track mounted
37 crane would advance to the next wind turbine, and the process would repeat.
38

39 The proposed RFA3 facility repower would not: increase the site boundary, result in permanent
40 disturbance, or increase maximum blade tip height from the maximum authorized in the site
41 certificate. The Department and Council note that the longer turbine blades would increase the
42 blade-tip height and rotor diameter of the turbines within the parameters allowed by the site

1 certificate.³ The proposed RFA3 facility repower would allow each wind turbine to generate
2 more electricity without increasing the permanent footprint of the facility, and the certificate
3 holder states that the peak generating capacity of the facility would remain the same (290
4 MW). Replacing old turbine components with modern, more technologically advanced
5 equipment would increase the capacity and efficiency of the facility by allowing the turbines to
6 process low velocity winds that they currently cannot do as effectively.

7
8 *Temporary Disturbance Impacts*
9

10 The proposed RFA3 facility repower would include temporary laydown areas used to stage and
11 store construction equipment, improvements to existing access roads and turbine pad areas,
12 and temporary turnaround areas, resulting in approximately 150 acres of temporary
13 disturbance.⁴

14
15 *Amendment to a Site Certificate Condition*
16

17 As a result of the proposed RFA3 facility repower, the certificate holder requests to amend
18 Condition 26, to decrease the minimum blade tip clearance from 25 to 21.5 meters.
19

20 **II.B. Recommended Amended Site Certificate Format**
21

22 The existing site certificate, as amended in March 2010 and in October 2019, contains three
23 separate sections of conditions; the first section applying generally to the facility during design,
24 construction, operation and retirement (Mandatory Conditions, Site Specific Conditions, and
25 Construction and Operation Rules for Facilities), the second section that applies specifically to
26 the Shepherds Flat Central facility, and the third section which contains new conditions that
27 were specifically imposed for the RFA2 facility modifications. To minimize duplicity in the site
28 certificate, the Council has deleted the OAR rule reference that prefaces each of the conditions
29 in the first section of site certificate conditions as rule number references have changed over
30 time and may change in the future.
31

32 Based on the potential impacts from the proposed RFA3 facility repower, and for clarification
33 during condition compliance, the Council has imposed specific conditions that would apply prior
34 to and during construction of the proposed RFA3 facility modifications. Previously imposed
35 operational and retirement conditions would continue to apply to the facility, with proposed
36 changes, in their entirety. The new pre-construction and construction conditions are presented
37 in Section V of the amended site certificate, provided as Attachment A to this order.
38

³ Condition 26 authorizes a maximum blade tip height of 150 meters, based on representations in the Application for Site Certificate (ASC); therefore, Council previously reviewed and authorized these impacts in the 2008 Final Order on ASC and therefore are not further evaluated in this order.

⁴ SFCAMD3 Complete RFA 2019-12-31. The certificate holder represents that temporary disturbance would occur within areas previously disturbed during facility construction.

1 **II.C. Amendment Review Process**
2

3 Council rules describe the processes for transfers, Type A, Type B, and Type C review of a
4 request for amendment at OAR 345-027-0351. The Type A review is the standard or “default”
5 site certificate amendment process for changes that require an amendment. Type C review
6 process is associated with construction-related changes. The key procedural difference
7 between the Type A and Type B review is that the Type A review includes a public hearing on
8 the draft proposed order and an opportunity for a contested case proceeding. The primary
9 timing differences between Type A and Type B review are the maximum allowed timelines for
10 the Department’s determination of completeness of the preliminary request for amendment,
11 as well as the issuance of the draft proposed order, and proposed order. It is important to note
12 that Council rules authorize the Department to adjust the timelines for these specific
13 procedural requirements, if necessary.
14

15 A certificate holder may submit an amendment determination request to the Department for a
16 written determination of whether a request for amendment justifies review under the Type B
17 review process. The certificate holder has the burden of justifying the appropriateness of the
18 Type B review process as described in OAR 345-027-0351(3). The Department may consider,
19 but is not limited to, the factors identified in OAR 345-027-0357(8) when determining whether
20 to process an amendment request under Type B review.
21

22 On May 21, 2019, the certificate holder submitted a Type B Review amendment determination
23 request (Type B Review ADR), requesting the Department’s review and determination of
24 whether, based on evaluation of the OAR 345-027-0357(8) factors, the amendment request
25 could be reviewed under the Type B review process. On June 17, 2019 the Department
26 responded to the certificate holder that there was insufficient supporting evidence or analysis
27 to justify a Type B Review. On October 7, 2019, the certificate holder submitted its preliminary
28 request for amendment 3 (pRFA3). On October 23, 2019, the Department determined that
29 Request for Amendment 3 of the Shepherds Flat Central Site Certificate justifies Type B review,
30 based on the low level of complexity, the limited level of interest in the proposed changes
31 anticipated by the Department, and the low likelihood of significant adverse impacts or
32 additional mitigation from the proposed change.
33

34 Pursuant to OAR 345-027-0363(2), on October 28, 2019, the Department determined pRFA3 to
35 be incomplete and issued requests for additional information.⁵ The certificate holder provided
36 responses to the information request on November 8, 2019. After reviewing the responses to
37 its information request, on December 26, 2019, the Department determined the RFA to be
38 complete. Under OAR 345-027-0363(5), an RFA is complete when the Department finds that a
39 certificate holder has submitted information adequate for the Council to make findings or
40 impose conditions for all applicable laws and Council standards. The certificate holder
41 submitted a complete RFA3 on December 31, 2019, which was then posted on December 31,

⁵ SFCAMD3 Completeness Letter and RAI Table 2019-10-28.

1 2019 to the Department’s project website with an announcement notifying the public that the
2 complete RFA had been received and is available for viewing.

3
4 Reviewing Agency Comments on Preliminary Request for Amendment 3

5
6 As presented in Attachment B of this order, the Department received comments on pRFA3
7 from:

- 8 • Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW)
- 9 • Oregon Department of Aviation (ODA)
- 10 • Gilliam County Planning Department

11
12 **II.D. Council Review Process**

13
14 On December 31, 2019, the Department issued the draft proposed order, and a notice of
15 comment period on RFA3 and the draft proposed order (notice). The notice was distributed to
16 all persons on the Council’s general mailing list, to the special mailing list established for the
17 facility, to an updated list of property owners supplied by the certificate holder, and to a list of
18 reviewing agencies as defined in OAR 345-001-0010(52). The comment period extended from
19 December 31, 2019 through January 20, 2020.

20
21 The Department received two comments on the record of the draft proposed order, both from
22 reviewing agencies (Oregon Department of Agriculture, and Morrow County).⁶

23
24 On January 22, 2020, the Department issued the proposed order. Concurrent with the issuance
25 of this proposed order, the Department also issued a Public Notice of the proposed order.⁷

26
27 At its January 23-24, 2020 meeting in Hood River, Oregon, in accordance with OAR 345-027-
28 0375, Council reviewed the proposed order and adopted the proposed order with
29 modifications, as the final order and granted a second amended site certificate.

30
31 Judicial review of the Council’s final Order granting an amended site certificate shall be as
32 provided in ORS 469.403.

33
34 **II.E. Applicable Division 27 Rule Requirements**

35
36 A site certificate amendment is necessary under OAR 345-027-0350(4) because the certificate
37 holder requests to design, construct, and operate the facility in a manner different from the
38 description in the site certificate, and the proposed change would impair the certificate holder’s
39 ability to comply with a site certificate condition, and would require new conditions or
40 modification to existing conditions in the site certificate.

⁶ The ODA comment is discussed in Section II.A.6, *Fish and Wildlife Habitat*. The Morrow County comment is discussed in Sections III.A.1, *General Standard of Review*, and III.A.8, *Waste Minimization*.

⁷ See OAR 345-027-0371

1
2 The Type B amendment review process (consisting of rules 345-027-0359, -0360, -0363, -0365, -
3 0368, -0372, and -0375) shall apply to the Council’s review of a request for amendment that the
4 Department or the Council approves for Type B review under 345-027-0357.
5
6

7 **III. REVIEW OF THE REQUESTED AMENDMENT**
8

9 Under ORS 469.310, the Council is charged with ensuring that the “siting, construction and
10 operation of energy facilities shall be accomplished in a manner consistent with protection of
11 the public health and safety.” ORS 469.401(2) further provides that the Council must include in
12 the amended site certificate “conditions for the protection of the public health and safety, for
13 the time for completion of construction, and to ensure compliance with the standards, statutes
14 and rules described in ORS 469.501 and ORS 469.503.” The Council implements this statutory
15 framework by adopting findings of fact, conclusions of law, and conditions of approval
16 concerning the amended facility’s compliance with the Council’s Standards for Siting Facilities
17 at OAR 345, Divisions 22, 24, 26, and 27.
18

19 **III.A. Standards Potentially Impacted by Request for Amendment 3**

20 RFA3, as described throughout this order, solely requests authorization for a proposed upgrade
21 (or repower) to the facility’s wind turbines, where blade replacement and nacelle modification
22 would occur. In RFA3, the certificate holder describes the number of equipment and personnel
23 that would be required for the proposed RFA3 facility repower, and potential impacts
24 associated with the repowering activities. Based on the Council’s review of the RFA and of the
25 previously evaluated impacts and imposed conditions, the following standards could be
26 impacted by RFA3 and as such, are evaluated in this order.
27

28 **III.A.1 General Standard of Review: OAR 345-022-0000**
29

30 *(1) To issue a site certificate for a proposed facility or to amend a site certificate, the*
31 *Council shall determine that the preponderance of evidence on the record supports the*
32 *following conclusions:*
33

34 *(a) The facility complies with the requirements of the Oregon Energy Facility Siting*
35 *statutes, ORS 469.300 to ORS 469.570 and 469.590 to 469.619, and the standards*
36 *adopted by the Council pursuant to ORS 469.501 or the overall public benefits of the*
37 *facility outweigh the damage to the resources protected by the standards the facility*
38 *does not meet as described in section (2);*
39

40 *(b) Except as provided in OAR 345-022-0030 for land use compliance and except for*
41 *those statutes and rules for which the decision on compliance has been delegated by*
42 *the federal government to a state agency other than the Council, the facility*
43 *complies with all other Oregon statutes and administrative rules identified in the*
44 *project order, as amended, as applicable to the issuance of a site certificate for the*

1 *proposed facility. If the Council finds that applicable Oregon statutes and rules, other*
2 *than those involving federally delegated programs, would impose conflicting*
3 *requirements, the Council shall resolve the conflict consistent with the public interest.*
4 *In resolving the conflict, the Council cannot waive any applicable state statute.*

5 * * *

6 *(4) In making determinations regarding compliance with statutes, rules and ordinances*
7 *normally administered by other agencies or compliance with requirement of the Council*
8 *statutes if other agencies have special expertise, the Department of Energy shall consult*
9 *such other agencies during the notice of intent, site certificate application and site*
10 *certificate amendment processes. Nothing in these rules is intended to interfere with the*
11 *state's implementation of programs delegated to it by the federal government.*

12
13 **Findings of Fact**

14
15 OAR 345-022-0000 provides the Council's General Standard of Review and requires the Council
16 to find that a preponderance of evidence on the record supports the conclusion that the
17 proposed facility modifications comply with the requirements of EFSC statutes and the siting
18 standards adopted by the Council and that the proposed facility modifications comply with all
19 other Oregon statutes and administrative rules applicable to the issuance of an amended site
20 certificate for the facility, with proposed changes. OAR 345-022-0000(2) and (3) apply to RFAs
21 where a certificate holder has shown that the proposed facility modifications cannot meet
22 Council standards or has shown that there is no reasonable way to meet the Council standards
23 through mitigation or avoidance of the damage to protected resources; and, for those
24 instances, establish criteria for the Council to evaluate in making a balancing determination. In
25 RFA3, the certificate holder has not represented that the proposed amendments cannot meet
26 an applicable Council standard. Therefore, OAR 345-022- 0000(2) and (3) would not apply to
27 this review.

28
29 The requirements of OAR 345-022-0000 are discussed in the sections that follow. The
30 Department consulted with other state agencies, Morrow County Planning Department on
31 Behalf of the Morrow County Board of Commissioners (Special Advisory Group), and the Gilliam
32 County Planning Department on behalf of the Gilliam County Board of Commissioners (Special
33 Advisory Group) during review of pRFA3 to aid in the evaluation of whether the proposed RFA3
34 facility repower would maintain compliance with statutes, rules and ordinances otherwise
35 administered by other agencies. Additionally, in many circumstances the Department and
36 Council rely upon these reviewing agencies' special expertise in evaluating compliance with the
37 requirements of Council standards.

38
39 *Mandatory and Site-Specific Conditions in Site Certificates [OAR 345-025-0006 and OAR 345-*
40 *025-0010]*

41
42 OAR 345-025-0006 lists certain mandatory conditions that the Council must adopt in every site
43 certificate. Council rulemaking moved the mandatory conditions from Division 27 to Division
44 25. Similarly, the site certificate conditions of OAR 345-025-0010 and -0015 were moved from

1 Division 27 to Division 25 as a result of a subsequent Council rule change. As such, the
2 Department recommends Council impose new mandatory conditions for the proposed RFA3
3 facility modifications, using the language and citations consistent with the current Division 25
4 rules, as presented in the draft amended site certificate and provided in Attachment A of this
5 order.⁸ The Council also removes the rule reference from the beginning of each of the
6 mandatory conditions to improve readability and avoid duplication. Additionally, the Council
7 makes minor edits to the site certificate to remove unnecessary and inaccurate references (e.g.,
8 references to “pipelines,” when the facility is not a pipeline).

9
10 Council previously imposed Condition 26 to align with OAR 345-025-0006(3)(a), which requires
11 that the certificate holder design, construct, operate, and retire the facility substantially as
12 described in the ASC. In this condition, Council previously established wind turbine dimension
13 specifications associated with an impact evaluated under a Council standard, such as maximum
14 blade tip height, and minimum aboveground blade tip clearance. As described in Section II.A.
15 *Requested Amendment*, the certificate holder requests Council’s approval to amend Condition
16 26 to authorize a lower minimum aboveground blade tip clearance, from 25 to 21.5 meters.
17 This is further evaluated below in Section III.A.10.1 *Public Health and Safety Standards for Wind*
18 *Energy Facilities* of this order.

19
20 *Certificate Expiration [OAR 345-027-0013]*

21
22 A site certificate, or amended site certificate, becomes effective upon execution by the Council
23 Chair and the certificate holder. A site certificate, or amended site certificate, expires if
24 construction has not commenced on or before the construction commencement deadline, as
25 established in the site certificate and statutorily required under ORS 469.401(2).

26
27 The Department’s recommendation for the imposition of construction deadlines in the
28 amended site certificate should reflect a balance between any concern regarding potential
29 circumstantial changes (regulatory and environmental) and the individual circumstances of the
30 amendment request. In addition, the Department acknowledges that there are a number of
31 unforeseen factors that can delay a certificate holder’s commencement of construction and
32 completion, including but not limited to financial, economic, or technological changes. The
33 Department notes that while each amendment request is evaluated on its own facts, historic
34 Council decisions on construction and commencement deadlines were reviewed to inform this
35 analysis. In most instances of decisions on Application for Site Certificates (ASCs), Council has
36 required construction commencement and completion of wind energy facilities within three
37 and six years, respectively, after the effective date of the site certificate and in some instances
38 the completion deadline is established based on date of construction commencement and not
39 effective date of site certificate.

40

⁸ Council adopted temporary rules on August 22, 2019, which include OAR 345, Division 25, as part of Order EFSC 9-2019.

1 On the record of the DPO, the Department received a comment from Morrow County, which
2 requested minor changes be made to Conditions 108 and 109, to include coordination
3 requirements with the Morrow County Planning Department for the notification of both the
4 construction commencement and completion dates for the facility modifications, as approved
5 in Request for Amendment 3.⁹ In response to their request, and considering the facility is
6 located in Gilliam County as well, the Department recommends that Conditions 108 and 109 be
7 amended to require the certificate holder to include both Gilliam County and Morrow County
8 when notifying the Department of both the construction commencement and completion dates
9 for the facility modifications, as approved in Request for Amendment 3.

10
11 In RFA3 Section 6.13 *Public Services*, the certificate holder explains that proposed RFA3 facility
12 repower activities would be completed on a rolling schedule, and are assumed to be completed
13 within a duration of 11 months. The Council grants a construction commencement and
14 completion deadline based upon three years following the amended site certificate execution
15 date and an additional three years following date of construction commencement. This
16 timeframe would provide sufficient time for satisfying preconstruction condition requirements
17 established in the amended site certificate, allow sufficient time to obtain required permits not
18 governed by the site certificate, and would be consistent with past Council requirements.¹⁰

19
20 In accordance with OAR 345-025-0006(4), the Council imposes the following conditions:

21
22 **Condition 108:** The certificate holder shall begin construction of the Shepherds Flat
23 Central facility modifications, as approved in the Third Amended Site Certificate, within
24 three years after the effective date of the amended site certificate [TBD]. The certificate
25 holder shall notify the Department, Gilliam County Planning Department, and the Morrow
26 County Planning Department when construction of the of the facility modifications, as
27 approved in Request for Amendment 3, commences. Under OAR 345-015-0085(8), the
28 amended site certificate is effective upon execution by the Council Chair and the
29 certificate holder.
30 [Amendment 3]

31
32 **Condition 109:** The certificate holder shall complete construction of the Shepherds Flat
33 Central facility modifications, as approved in the Third Amended Site Certificate, within
34 three years following the date of construction commencement [TBD]. The certificate
35 holder shall promptly notify the Department, Gilliam County Planning Department, and
36 the Morrow County Planning Department of the date of completion of construction of the
37 facility modifications, as approved in Request for Amendment 3.
38 [Amendment 3]

⁹ SFCAMD3 Public Comment (Morrow Co) 2020-01-17

¹⁰ SFCAMD3 Complete RFA 2019-12-31, Section 4.1 *Required Permits* indicates that an updated Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration has both been submitted to and received from the Federal Aviation Administration for the turbine specification changes. The certificate holder also explains that if determined to be necessary, a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Storm Water Discharge General Permit 1200-C (per Condition 73) will be obtained, and that no other permits will be required.

1
2 *Construction and Operation Rules for Facilities [OAR Chapter 345, Division 26]*

3
4 The Council has adopted rules at OAR Chapter 345, Division 26 to ensure that construction,
5 operation, and retirement of facilities are accomplished in a manner consistent with the
6 protection of the public health, safety, and welfare and protection of the environment. These
7 rules include requirements for compliance plans, inspections, reporting and notification of
8 incidents. Pursuant to OAR 345-026-0080, a certificate holder is obligated to report to the
9 Department on facility status and operational experience.

10
11 **Conclusions of Law**

12
13 Based on the foregoing findings of fact and conclusions of law, and subject to compliance with
14 the recommended conditions, the Council finds that the certificate holder would satisfy the
15 requirements of OAR 345-022-0000.

16
17 **III.A.2 Organizational Expertise: OAR 345-022-0010**

18
19 *(1) To issue a site certificate, the Council must find that the applicant has the organizational*
20 *expertise to construct, operate and retire the proposed facility in compliance with*
21 *Council standards and conditions of the site certificate. To conclude that the applicant*
22 *has this expertise, the Council must find that the applicant has demonstrated the ability*
23 *to design, construct and operate the proposed facility in compliance with site certificate*
24 *conditions and in a manner that protects public health and safety and has demonstrated*
25 *the ability to restore the site to a useful, non-hazardous condition. The Council may*
26 *consider the applicant's experience, the applicant's access to technical expertise and the*
27 *applicant's past performance in constructing, operating and retiring other facilities,*
28 *including, but not limited to, the number and severity of regulatory citations issued to*
29 *the applicant.*

30
31 *(2) The Council may base its findings under section (1) on a rebuttable presumption that an*
32 *applicant has organizational, managerial and technical expertise, if the applicant has an*
33 *ISO 9000 or ISO 14000 certified program and proposes to design, construct and operate*
34 *the facility according to that program.*

35
36 *(3) If the applicant does not itself obtain a state or local government permit or approval for*
37 *which the Council would ordinarily determine compliance but instead relies on a permit*
38 *or approval issued to a third party, the Council, to issue a site certificate, must find that*
39 *the third party has, or has a reasonable likelihood of obtaining, the necessary permit or*
40 *approval, and that the applicant has, or has a reasonable likelihood of entering into, a*
41 *contractual or other arrangement with the third party for access to the resource or*
42 *service secured by that permit or approval.*

1 (4) *If the applicant relies on a permit or approval issued to a third party and the third party*
2 *does not have the necessary permit or approval at the time the Council issues the site*
3 *certificate, the Council may issue the site certificate subject to the condition that the*
4 *applicant shall not commence construction or operation as appropriate until the third*
5 *party has obtained the necessary permit or approval and the applicant has a contract or*
6 *other arrangement for access to the resource or service secured by that permit or*
7 *approval.*

8
9 **Findings of Fact**

10
11 Subsections (1) and (2) of the Council’s Organizational Expertise standard require that the
12 applicant (certificate holder) demonstrate its ability to design, construct operate and retire the
13 facility with proposed changes in compliance with Council standards and all site certificate
14 conditions, and in a manner that protects public health and safety, as well as its ability to
15 restore the facility site to a useful, non-hazardous condition. The Council may consider the
16 certificate holder’s experience and past performance in constructing, operating and retiring
17 other facilities in determining compliance with the Council’s Organizational Expertise standard.
18 Subsections (3) and (4) address third party permits.

19
20 *Compliance with Council Standards and Site Certificate Conditions*

21
22 The Council may consider a certificate holder’s past performance, including but not limited to
23 the quantity or severity of any regulatory citations in the construction or operation a facility,
24 type of equipment, or process similar to the facility, in evaluating whether a proposed change
25 may impact the certificate holder’s ability to design, construct and operate a facility, with
26 proposed changes, in compliance with Council standards and site certificate conditions.¹¹

27
28 The certificate holder, South Hurlburt Wind, LLC, as a wholly owned subsidiary of Caithness
29 Energy, LLC (Caithness), relies upon the organizational expertise and experience of its parent
30 company, Caithness. In RFA3, the certificate holder explains that Caithness and its subsidiaries
31 have not received any regulatory citations in the course of constructing and operating wind
32 energy facilities. Furthermore, the certificate holder describes Caithness’ direct and relevant
33 experience to perform upgrading/repowering tasks at the facility through its experience in wind
34 farm site development, wind farm operation and maintenance (O&M) activities, and staff wind
35 farm repower experience. Caithness has experience developing and selling wind assets which
36 required much larger construction activities than repowering. Provided in RFA3, the certificate
37 holder explains that the Shepherds Flat Management team has industry experience in full
38 repower construction, including the replacement of all turbine components including towers
39 with new components at other wind facilities. Additionally, because the facility is currently
40 operational, activities including turbine component replacement (including blades and nacelles)
41 occur as part of routine operations and maintenance.

¹¹ OAR 345-021-0010(1)(d)(D)

1
2 Based on the compliance history of the certificate holder and its parent company, the Council
3 finds that the proposed RFA3 facility repower would not impact the certificate holder’s ability
4 to design, construct, operate and retire the facility in compliance with Council standards and
5 site certificate conditions.

6
7 *Public Health and Safety*

8
9 The proposed RFA3 facility repower could result in health and safety risks from blade failure,
10 structural and reliability concerns, ice throw, risks to public and private providers of air
11 transportation and agricultural services. The evaluation of these risks is presented in Section
12 III.A.8, *Public Services* and Section III.A.10.1, *Public Health and Safety Standards for Wind*
13 *Facilities* of this order. Based on the reasoning and analysis provided in the sections described,
14 the Council finds that the proposed RFA3 facility repower, including the change to minimum
15 aboveground blade tip clearance would not impact the certificate holder’s ability to design,
16 construct, and operate the facility in a manner that protects public health and safety.

17
18 *Ability to Restore the Site to a Useful, Non-Hazardous Condition*

19
20 As described in Table 4 of Section III.B, *Standards Not Likely to be Impacted by Request for*
21 *Amendment 3*, the proposed RFA3 facility repower would not be expected to impact the
22 certificate holder’s ability to restore the facility site to a useful, non-hazardous condition.

23
24 *ISO 900 or ISO 14000 Certified Program*

25
26 OAR 345-022-0010(2) is not applicable because the certificate holder has not proposed to
27 design, construct or operate the amended facility according to an ISO 9000 or ISO 14000
28 certified program.

29
30 *Third-Party Permits*

31
32 OAR 345-022-0010(3) addresses the requirements for potential third party permits. In RFA3,
33 the certificate holder describes that the proposed RFA3 facility repower would not require
34 any additional third-party permits that would normally be governed by the site certificate.

35
36 **Conclusions of Law**

37
38 Based on the evidence in the record, the Council finds that the certificate holder would
39 continue to satisfy the requirements of the Council’s Organizational Expertise standard.

40

1 III.A.3 Structural Standard: OAR 345-022-0020

2
3 *(1) Except for facilities described in sections (2) and (3), to issue a site certificate, the*
4 *Council must find that:*

5
6 *(a) The applicant, through appropriate site-specific study, has adequately*
7 *characterized the seismic hazard risk of the site;*

8
9 *(b) The applicant can design, engineer, and construct the facility to avoid dangers to*
10 *human safety and the environment presented by seismic hazards affecting the*
11 *site, as identified in subsection (1)(a);*

12
13 *(c) The applicant, through appropriate site-specific study, has adequately*
14 *characterized the potential geological and soils hazards of the site and its vicinity*
15 *that could, in the absence of a seismic event, adversely affect, or be aggravated*
16 *by, the construction and operation of the proposed facility; and*

17
18 *(d) The applicant can design, engineer and construct the facility to avoid dangers to*
19 *human safety and the environment presented by the hazards identified in*
20 *subsection (c).*

21
22 *(2) The Council may not impose the Structural Standard in section (1) to approve or deny*
23 *an application for an energy facility that would produce power from wind, solar or*
24 *geothermal energy. However, the Council may, to the extent it determines*
25 *appropriate, apply the requirements of section (1) to impose conditions on a site*
26 *certificate issued for such a facility.*

27
28 *(3) The Council may not impose the Structural Standard in section (1) to deny an*
29 *application for a special criteria facility under OAR 345-015-0310. However, the*
30 *Council may, to the extent it determines appropriate, apply the requirements of*
31 *section (1) to impose conditions on a site certificate issued for such a facility.*

32
33 **Findings of Fact**

34
35 As provided in section (1) above, the Structural Standard generally requires the Council to
36 evaluate whether the applicant (certificate holder) has adequately characterized the potential
37 seismic, geological and soil hazards of the site, and that the applicant (certificate holder) can
38 design, engineer and construct the facility to avoid dangers to human safety from these
39 hazards.¹² Pursuant to OAR 345-022-0020(2), the Council may issue a site certificate for a wind
40 energy facility without making findings regarding compliance with the Structural Standard;

¹² OAR 345-022-0020(3) does not apply to the facility, with proposed changes, because it is a not a special criteria facility under OAR 345-015-0310.

1 however, the Council may apply the requirements of the standard to impose site certificate
2 conditions. The analysis area for the Structural Standard is the area within the site boundary.

3
4 In accordance with the informational requirements established in OAR 345-021-0010(1)(g)(B),
5 the certificate holder completed consultation with the Oregon Department of Geology and
6 Mineral Industries (DOGAMI) on August 20, 2019 to discuss the scope of the repowering activity
7 and appropriate level of seismic and non-seismic impact evaluation. During consultation,
8 DOGAMI Resilience Engineer, Yumei Yang, P.E., requested information on how seismic ground
9 motions that exceed the building code response spectrum would be addressed and requested
10 disaster resilience and future climate change be addressed.¹³

11
12 *Potential Seismic, Geological and Soil Hazards*

13
14 In RFA2, in response to the DOGAMI consultation, the certificate holder conducted an American
15 Society for Civil Engineers (ASCE) publication 7-16 analysis using the coordinates for turbines T-
16 368 and T-370. The analysis shows that there was a slight decrease in the seismic ground
17 acceleration factors (S_s and S_1) for the facility, when compared to the analysis conducted under
18 the parameters of ASCE publication 7-10. The certificate holder explains that although highly
19 unlikely given the lack of recent activity, potential sources of long-period ground motions could
20 include a significant event at or near recent faults associated with the Arlington-Shulter Butte
21 faults and Columbia Hills structure as identified in the 2007 Seismic Hazard Assessment. The
22 Seismic Hazard Assessment was conducted as part of the original ASC (Shannon & Wilson, Inc.
23 2007). Given adequate seismic design, the potential impacts of long-period ground motions are
24 not expected to impact the proposed RFA3 facility repower.

25
26 *Design, Engineer and Construct Facility to Avoid Dangers to Human Safety from Seismic and*
27 *Non-Seismic Hazards*

28
29 The certificate holder has presented evidence in RFA3 that it can design, engineer, and
30 construct the proposed RFA3 facility repower to avoid dangers to human safety and the
31 environment in accordance with the Council's Structural Standard. The proposed repowering
32 activity would include the removal and replacement of existing turbine blades with longer
33 blades, and the replacement and modification to associated machinery including the rotor
34 upgrade (replacing the hub casting), modification to existing nacelles roof, and an installation of
35 a new gearbox and bedplate.

36
37 In RFA2, the Council imposed site certificate Condition 105, requiring the certificate holder to
38 implement an ongoing inspection, monitoring, and remediation program for the O&M
39 demonstration activity at wind turbines 368 and 370. This condition was imposed based on the
40 specific recommendations made in RRC's visual inspection report and as provided in RFA2
41 Attachment 3 Foundation Analysis.

¹³ In 2017 Council updated a number of its mandatory conditions related to seismic hazards and safety. The Department has incorporated these updates to existing site certificate conditions 12, 13, and 14.

1
2 The existing turbine foundation and tower would remain in place. To demonstrate that the
3 proposed RFA3 facility repower would be designed, engineered and constructed to avoid
4 dangers to human safety from seismic and non-seismic hazards, in Section 6.3 of RFA3, the
5 certificate holder explains that a foundation uprate analysis will be conducted on turbines
6 within the Facility, to review the original foundation calculations with the new loading
7 documents to verify whether the existing turbine foundations can support the newly proposed
8 loading. Moreover, the evaluation will be conducted by a licensed engineer using current code
9 requirements and state-of-practice methods and will be provided to the Department and
10 DOGAMI. The findings and analysis of the upgrade analysis will be reviewed by the Caithness
11 engineering staff, from which any necessary mitigation and remediation measures, or
12 operational timing recommendations may be identified. Based on potential mitigation and
13 remediation measures, or timing recommendations as a result of the foundation uprate
14 analysis, the Council imposes condition 110 as follows:

15
16 **Recommended Condition 110:** Prior to Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the
17 certificate holder shall provide the Department with the foundation uprate analysis on
18 facility turbines. If the analysis results identify necessary mitigation and remediation
19 measures, or operational timing recommendations, the certificate holder shall
20 implement the identified measures and recommendations prior to beginning the
21 repowering activities unless otherwise approved by the Department.
22 [Amendment #3]

23
24 Council previously imposed Condition 62, which requires the certificate holder to have an
25 operational safety-monitoring program and shall inspect all turbine and turbine tower
26 components on a regular basis. The certificate holder shall maintain or repair turbine and
27 turbine tower components as necessary to protect public safety. In RFA3, the certificate holder
28 proposes an amendment to Condition 62, to require an inspection of all turbine and turbine
29 tower components within 6 months of being repowered, in an effort to focus the operational
30 inspection process and procedures on the applicable proposed RFA3 facility repower
31 components. As such, the Council amends Condition 62 as provided below:

32
33 **Recommended Amended Condition 62:** The certificate holder shall have an operational
34 safety-monitoring program and shall inspect all turbine and turbine tower components
35 on a regular basis. All turbine and turbine tower components will be inspected within 6
36 months of being repowered. Following the inspection, the certificate holder shall submit
37 a written report to the Department describing the results of the turbine tower
38 component inspection. The certificate holder shall maintain or repair turbine and
39 turbine tower components as necessary to protect public safety. [Amendment #3]

40
41 *Integration of Disaster Resilience Design*

42
43 In RFA3, the certificate holder explains that although disaster resilience and climate change
44 impacts were not addressed in the original ASC, the facility has been in operation for 8 years,

1 and during that time, climate change has not impacted the facility. Disasters such as those
2 relating to greater-intensity rainfall events, fluctuations in typical annual snowpack (above or
3 below normal), and warmer average annual temperatures, are not anticipated to have a
4 major impact on the geologic, geotechnical, and seismic conditions at the Facility.
5 Furthermore, sea level rise will not affect the Facility due to its location.

6
7 Additionally, in RFA3, the certificate holder explains that GE Renewables, a contractor that
8 performs O&M activities at the facility, maintains an Emergency Preparedness and Fire
9 Prevention Plan that outlines the procedures to effectively respond to lightening and high
10 winds, icing on blades or external equipment, cold weather work, and EMS coordination
11 including on-site safety requirements and communication protocols. This Plan, which is
12 updated on an annual basis was included as Attachment 5 of RFA3.

13
14 Based upon compliance with both existing and proposed site certificate conditions, and
15 because the proposed amendment would not result in the placement of facility components
16 within geologic areas that have not been previously evaluated, the Department recommends
17 that Council find that the proposed amendment would not affect the certificate holder's
18 characterization of the site or seismic and non-seismic hazards, or its ability to design, engineer,
19 and construct the facility to avoid dangers to human safety presented by seismic, geologic or
20 soils hazards.

21 **Conclusions of Law**

22
23
24 Based on the foregoing analysis, subject to compliance with existing and recommended
25 conditions, and in compliance with OAR 345-022-0020(2), the Council finds that the certificate
26 holder would satisfy the requirements of the Council's Structural Standard.

27 **III.A.4 Soil Protection: OAR 345-022-0022**

28
29
30 *To issue a site certificate, the Council must find that the design, construction and*
31 *operation of the facility, taking into account mitigation, are not likely to result in a*
32 *significant adverse impact to soils including, but not limited to, erosion and chemical*
33 *factors such as salt deposition from cooling towers, land application of liquid effluent,*
34 *and chemical spills.*

35 **Findings of Fact**

36
37
38 The Soil Protection standard requires the Council to find that the design, construction, and
39 operation of a proposed facility, or facility with proposed changes, is not likely to result in
40 significant adverse impacts to soils.

41
42 The analysis area for the Soil Protection standard, as defined in the project order, includes the
43 area within the site boundary.

1 *Potential Significant Adverse Impacts to Soil*

2

3 Potential impacts to soils within the analysis area (site boundary) could occur during
4 construction and operation of the proposed RFA3 facility repower from spills or releases of
5 chemicals or other liquid materials. The certificate holder explains that the RFA3 facility
6 repower would temporarily impact approximately 150 acres, and that approximately 15 of the
7 total 150 acres would require grading. In RFA3 Section 6.4 *Soil Protection*, the certificate holder
8 explains that temporary disturbance would be minimized by utilizing previously disturbed
9 areas, including roadways and turbine pads. To protect existing plant cover during construction,
10 the certificate holder would avoid scraping vegetation from areas of temporary disturbance
11 (per Condition 76). Additionally, existing best management practices (BMPs) would be
12 implemented to control any dust that is generated by upgrading activities, such as applying
13 water to roads and disturbed soil areas (Condition 75). Once the crane is removed from the
14 site, the temporary, superficial disturbance would be revegetated according to Condition 77
15 and 84, as is routinely done as part of O&M activities. The Revegetation Plan is included as
16 Attachment D to this Order.

17

18 Traffic impacts would be minimized and managed by restricting facility modification activities to
19 areas previously approved for both temporary and permanent impacts, and utilizing a rolling
20 construction schedule in coordination with the Morrow County Road Department, and
21 implementation of an executed road use agreement with both Gilliam County and Morrow
22 County (per amended Condition 67). The certificate holder states that the approximate 150
23 acres of temporary impact is less than 40 percent of the maximum temporary impacts
24 previously approved in the Amendment #1. Council previously imposed Condition 74, which
25 would continue to apply to the proposed RFA3 facility repower and would ensure that truck
26 traffic would be limited to designated existing and improved road surfaces to avoid soil
27 compaction, to the extent practicable.

28

29 As mentioned above in Section II.A. *Requested Amendment*, the certificate holder states that if
30 determined to be necessary, a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Storm
31 Water Discharge General Permit 1200-C would be obtained from the Oregon Department of
32 Environmental Quality (DEQ). The NPDES Storm Water Discharge Permit #1200-C would include
33 an approved Erosion Sediment Control Plan (ESCP). Council previously imposed Condition 73,
34 which would continue to apply to the proposed repowering activities of RFA3, and would
35 ensure that a DEQ-issued 1200-C NPDES permit is obtained prior to construction and that
36 erosion control measures are implemented in accordance with the ESCP, if determined to be
37 necessary. To ensure that the requirements of Condition 73 apply to the repowering activities
38 associated with RFA3, the Council amends Condition 73 as follows:

39

40 **Recommended Amended Condition 73:** The certificate holder shall conduct all
41 construction work, including the repowering activities associated with Amendment #3, in
42 compliance with an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) satisfactory to the Oregon
43 Department of Environmental Quality and as required under the National Pollutant
44 Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Storm Water Discharge General Permit #1200-C.

1 The certificate holder shall include in the ESCP any procedures necessary to meet local
2 erosion and sediment control requirements or storm water management requirements.

3 [Amendment #3]
4

5 Potential impacts to soils from spills could occur during the repowering activities, however,
6 previously imposed Condition 50 will continue to apply to the proposed RFA3 facility
7 repowering, and would ensure that hazardous materials present on site, are handled in a
8 manner that protects public health, safety, and the environment, and that applicable
9 environmental laws and regulations are complied with. Previously imposed Condition 51,
10 addressing the preparation for, and the response to spills and accidental releases of hazardous
11 materials will also continue to apply to the repowering activities of RFA3.
12

13 Based upon compliance with the existing site certificate conditions, the Council finds that the
14 design, construction and operation of the proposed RFA3 facility repowering would not result in
15 a significant adverse impact to soils.
16

17 **Conclusions of Law**
18

19 Based on the foregoing findings of fact and conclusions of law, and subject to compliance with
20 existing site certificate conditions, the Council finds that the proposed RFA3 repowering
21 activities would comply with the Council's Soil Protection standard.
22

23 III.A.5 Land Use: OAR 345-022-0030
24

25 *(1) To issue a site certificate, the Council must find that the proposed facility complies with*
26 *the statewide planning goals adopted by the Land Conservation and Development*
27 *Commission.*
28

29 *(2) The Council shall find that a proposed facility complies with section (1) if:*
30

31 *(a) The applicant elects to obtain local land use approvals under ORS 469.504(1)(a) and*
32 *the Council finds that the facility has received local land use approval under the*
33 *acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations of the affected local*
34 *government; or*
35

36 *(b) The applicant elects to obtain a Council determination under ORS 469.504(1)(b) and*
37 *the Council determines that:*
38

39 *(A) The proposed facility complies with applicable substantive criteria as described in*
40 *section (3) and the facility complies with any Land Conservation and*
41 *Development Commission administrative rules and goals and any land use*
42 *statutes directly applicable to the facility under ORS 197.646(3);*
43

1 (B) For a proposed facility that does not comply with one or more of the applicable
2 substantive criteria as described in section (3), the facility otherwise complies
3 with the statewide planning goals or an exception to any applicable statewide
4 planning goal is justified under section (4); or

5
6 (C) For a proposed facility that the Council decides, under sections (3) or (6), to
7 evaluate against the statewide planning goals, the proposed facility complies
8 with the applicable statewide planning goals or that an exception to any
9 applicable statewide planning goal is justified under section (4).

10 ***

11 **Findings of Fact**

12
13 The Land Use standard requires the Council to find that the proposed RFA3 facility repower
14 would continue to comply with local applicable substantive criteria, as well as the statewide
15 planning goals adopted by the Land Conservation and Development Commission (LCDC).¹⁴
16 Under ORS 469.504(1)(b)(A), the Council may find compliance with statewide planning goals if
17 the Council finds that the proposed RFA3 facility repower, “complies with applicable
18 substantive criteria from the affected local government’s acknowledged comprehensive plan
19 and land use regulations that are required by the statewide planning goals and in effect on the
20 date the application is submitted.” RFA3 was received on October 7, 2019.

21
22 The analysis area for potential land use impacts, as defined in the project order, is the area
23 within and extending ½-mile from the site boundary. The facility, as approved and with
24 proposed changes, is located within the land use jurisdictions of Gilliam County and Morrow
25 County. On behalf of and as authorized by the SAG, Gilliam and Morrow County Planning
26 Directors identified applicable substantive criteria to be considered during the ASC phase and
27 through subsequent amendment requests has identified changes in local code to be considered
28 applicable substantive criteria.¹⁵

29
30 **Facility Modifications**

31
32 In RFA3, the certificate holder requests Council approval to replace existing wind turbine blades
33 and nacelles, or repower, up to 114 of the existing 116 wind turbines, which would increase the
34 maximum blade tip height and lower the minimum aboveground blade tip clearance. The
35 proposed RFA3 facility repower would also result in approximately 150 acres of temporary
36 disturbance within the previously approved site boundary.

37
38 **Local Applicable Substantive Criteria**

39

¹⁴ The Council must apply the Land Use standard in conformance with the requirements of ORS 469.504.

¹⁵ Under ORS 469.480(1), the Council must designate as a Special Advisory Group the governing body of any local government within whose jurisdiction the facility is proposed or proposed changes of a facility would be located.

1 Under OAR 345-022-0030(2), the Council must apply the applicable substantive criteria
2 recommended by the SAG. On August 25, 2006, during the review of the ASC, the Council
3 Appointed the Gilliam County Court and the Morrow County Court (now Morrow County Board
4 of Commissioners) as special advisory groups for the Shepherds Flat Wind Facility application
5 review.¹⁶

6
7 The applicable substantive criteria for which the certificate holder must comply are established
8 in the Gilliam County Zoning and Land Development Ordinance (GCZO) and Gilliam County
9 Comprehensive Plan (GCCP), as updated and amended in 2017, as well as in the Morrow County
10 Zoning Ordinance (MCZO) and Morrow County Comprehensive Plan (MCCP). The application
11 criteria from GCZO and goals and policies from GCCP are presented below in Table 1, *Gilliam*
12 *County Applicable Substantive Criteria*, and the application criteria from MCZO and goals and
13 policies from the MCCP are presented below in Table 2, *Morrow County Applicable Substantive*
14 *Criteria*.

15

16 **III.A.5.1 Gilliam County**

17

¹⁶ Although Amendment 1 to the Shepherds Flat Wind Facility divided the facility into three separate wind Facilities (Shepherds Flat North, Central and South), both Gilliam County Court and Morrow County Board of Commissioners (formerly the Morrow County Court) remain Special Advisory Groups for the Shepherds Flat Central facility.

Table 1: Gilliam County Applicable Substantive Criteria

Gilliam County Zoning and Land Development Ordinance (GCZO)	
<i>Article 4 – Use Zones</i>	
Section 4.020	Exclusive Farm Use
Section D	Conditional Uses Permitted
Section J	Property Development Standards
<i>Article 7 – Conditional Uses</i>	
Section 7.010	Authorization to Grant or Deny Conditional Uses
Section A	General Approval Criteria
Section 7.020	Standards Governing Conditional Uses
Section A	Conditional Uses, Generally
Section Q	Conditional Uses in Exclusive Farm Use Zones
Section T	Wind Power Generation Facility Siting Requirements
Gilliam County Comprehensive Plan (GCCP)	
(Goal 2) Land Use Planning – Policy 7	
(Goal 3) Agricultural Lands – Policy 3	
(Goal 5) Natural Resources – Policies 2 and 12	
(Goal 6) Air, Water, and Land Resources Quality – Policies 6 and 7	
(Goal 8) Recreation – Policy 3	
(Goal 12) Transportation – Policies 10 and 14	
(Goal 13) Energy Conservation – Policy 3	

1
 2 The Gilliam County applicable substantive criteria that are required for a new wind facility are
 3 presented in Table 1: *Gilliam County Applicable Substantive Criteria* above. The portion of the
 4 project within Gilliam County is located entirely within the Exclusive Farm Use zone (EFU). GCZO
 5 Article 4 establishes that wind facilities for the primary purpose of generating power for public
 6 use by sale are allowed subject to conditional use review, in addition to other referenced
 7 standards. GCZO Article 7 covers conditional uses, including wind energy facilities located on
 8 EFU-zoned land, such as the SFC facility.

9
 10 At the time of the original site certificate issuance and the first site certificate amendment, the
 11 Council approved the facility’s conditional use permit, and Gilliam County subsequently issued a
 12 conditional use permit. Article 7, Section 7.020(T)(7)(c)(2) of the GCZO defines when an
 13 amendment to a conditional use permit for a wind energy facility is required. It is noted that
 14 the 2017 GCZO update includes specific code provisions that apply to wind energy facilities,
 15 including turbine setback requirements and other criteria that were not in effect at the time of
 16 the original site certificate authorization or the previous site certificate amendment approval.

17
 18 There are two areas of the GCZO Article 7 that could apply to potential amendments to existing
 19 conditional use permits. The first is the preamble language in Section 7.010:

20
 21 *A conditional use listed in this ordinance shall be permitted, altered or denied in*
 22 *accordance with the standards and procedures of this ordinance and this article by*

1 *action of the Planning Commission or Planning Director. In the case of a use existing*
2 *prior to the effective date of this ordinance, and classified in this ordinance as a*
3 *Conditional Use, a change in use or in lot area or an alteration of a Conditional Use, a*
4 *change in use or in lot area or an alteration of structure shall conform with the*
5 *requirements for a Conditional Use.*

6
7 The second area is GCZO Article 7, Section 7.020(T)(7)(c)(2) governing the decision as to when
8 an existing conditional use permit is required to be amended:

9
10 *An amendment to the conditional use permit shall be required if proposed facility*
11 *changes would:*

- 12 a. *Increase the land area taken out of agricultural production by an additional 20*
13 *acres or more;*
14 b. *Increase the land area taken out of agricultural production sufficiently to trigger*
15 *taking a Goal 3 exception;*
16 c. *Require an expansion of the established facility boundaries;*
17 d. *Increase the number of towers;*
18 e. *Increase generator output by more than 25 percent relative to the generation*
19 *capacity authorized by the initial permit due to the repowering or upgrading of*
20 *power generation capacity.*

21
22 Because GCZO Article 7, Section 7.020(T)(7)(c)(2) is the more specific language, it should be
23 considered controlling, and the Department must only evaluate the criteria in subsections (a) –
24 (e) to determine whether or not an amendment to the Gilliam County conditional use permit is
25 required.

26
27 Based on the record of the request for amendment 3, the RFA3 activities would not:

- 28 • Increase the land area taken out of agricultural production;
29 • Require an expansion of the facility site boundary;
30 • Increase the number of turbine towers; or
31 • Increase generator output by more than 25 percent.

32
33 Based on the findings presented here, the Council finds that the RFA3 activities would not
34 trigger any of the criteria listed in (a)-(e), and as such, the RFA3 activities (repowering) would
35 not require an amended conditional use permit. Council previously imposed site certificate
36 Condition 40, requiring specific setback distances of facility components from residential
37 properties, public roads, and the lease area. This condition continues to apply to RFA3 activities.

38
39 **III.A.5.2 Morrow County**

40
41 Table 2, *Morrow County Applicable Substantive Criteria*, below, summarizes the applicable
42 substantive criteria that the Council previously evaluated and determined the certificate holder
43 satisfied as well as any differentiation in current applicable substantive criteria.

1

Table 2: Morrow County Applicable Substantive Criteria

Morrow County Zoning and Land Development Ordinance (GCZO)		
<i>Final Order (July 25, 2008)</i>		<i>Current evaluation (amended November 1, 2018)</i>
<i>Article 1 – Use Zones</i>		
Section 1.050	Zoning Permit	Section 1.050
<i>Article 3 – Use Zones</i>		
	Exclusive Farm Use, EFU Zone	Section 3.010
Section 3.010(D)(16)	Conditional Uses Permitted	Section 3.010(C)(23)
Section 3.010(D)	Limitations on Conditional Uses	N/A
Section 3.010(G)	Dimensional Standards	N/A
Section 3.010(I)	Transportation Impacts	Section 3.010(N)
N/A	Commercial Facilities for Generating Power: Wind Power Generation Facility	Section 3.010(K)
<i>Article 6 – Conditional Uses</i>		
N/A	Authorization to Grant or Deny Conditional Uses	Section 6.010
Section 6.020	General Criteria	Section 6.020
N/A	Resource Zone Standards For Approval: In the Exclusive Farm Use Zone	Section 6.025(A)
Section 6.030	General Conditions	Section 6.030
Section 6.040	Permit and Improvements Assurance	Section 6.040
N/A	Standards Governing Conditional Uses: Commercial Use or accessory use not wholly enclosed within a building or a retail establishment	Section 6.050 (J)
Morrow County Comprehensive Plan (MCCP)		
Agricultural Policy 1 and 4 Energy Policies 3, 9 and 10		

2

3 The Council reviewed the applicable substantive criteria as presented in Table 2: *Morrow*
 4 *County Applicable Substantive Criteria*. The portion of the project within Morrow County is
 5 located entirely within the Exclusive Farm Use zone (EFU). MCZO Article 3 establishes that wind
 6 facilities for the primary purpose of generating power for public use by sale are allowed subject
 7 to conditional use review, in addition to other referenced standards. MCZO Article 6 covers
 8 conditional uses, including wind energy facilities located on EFU-zoned land, such as the
 9 Shepherds Flat Central facility. As required, Morrow County previously issued a conditional use
 10 permit for the facility, based on the findings and direction of the Council. MCZO Section 6.010
 11 states that “an alteration of a structure shall conform with the requirements for a conditional
 12 use.” The proposed RFA3 facility repower would result in alterations to existing wind turbines,
 13 including changes in maximum blade tip height, aboveground blade tip clearance and

1 temporary disturbance, which the Council considers alterations of structures under Section
2 6.010.

3
4 Based on the Council's review of the amendment request, because the site boundary was
5 previously approved and would not change, and RFA3 construction activities would be
6 conducted on current or previously disturbed areas, and the site certificate contains a number
7 of conditions and this order contains recommended new conditions that would apply to the
8 facility as amended, the proposed RFA3 facility repower would not be expected to impact the
9 certificate holder's ability to satisfy requirements of the applicable substantive criteria listed
10 above and would comply with the requirements for a conditional use, as required by MCZO
11 Section 6.010. MCZO does not contain wind-facility specific setback requirements, though the
12 requirements of site certificate Condition 40 continue to apply to the facility, as amended, in
13 both Morrow and Gilliam Counties. In RFA3, the certificate holder asserts that the proposed
14 RFA3 facility repower would comply with Condition 40.¹⁷

15
16 The SFC facility is not located on high-value farmland soils. RFA3 activities would not be
17 expected to negatively impact farming operations as the facility is already existing, and
18 repowering construction will utilize existing roads and other previously-disturbed areas. Areas
19 of temporary impact would be restored in accordance with recommended site certificate
20 Condition 112 and the Revegetation Plan included as Attachment D. Condition 113 would
21 require a Weed Control plan to be developed and implemented in consultation with both
22 Morrow and Gilliam County weed control departments. Amended Condition 73 would require
23 RFA3 activities be conducted in accordance with an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan as
24 required by Oregon Department of Environmental Quality under the NPDES 1200-C permit.
25 Finally, existing site certificate Conditions 36 and 37 continue to apply to the facility, as
26 amended, and include requirements to consult with area landowners and lessees and
27 implement measures to reduce or avoid adverse impacts to farm practices on surrounding
28 lands, to avoid increases in farming costs, and to use the minimum land area necessary for safe
29 facility construction and operation.

30
31 Based on the findings presented here, and subject to compliance with existing and
32 recommended new conditions, the Council finds that RFA3 facility repowering would comply
33 with applicable substantive criteria from Morrow and Gilliam Counties, and as such, the facility
34 would comply with the Council's Land Use standard.

35
36 **Conclusions of Law**

37
38 Based on the foregoing findings and the evidence in the record, and subject to compliance with
39 recommended new and existing site certificate conditions, the Council finds that the proposed
40 RFA3 facility repower would continue to comply with the Land Use standard.

41

¹⁷ In RFA3, the certificate holder affirms that based on a setback analysis for the repowered turbines, if repowered, one wind turbine will not be able to meet the setbacks and therefore will not be repowered.

1 III.A.6 Fish and Wildlife Habitat: OAR 345-022-0060

2
3 *To issue a site certificate, the Council must find that the design, construction and*
4 *operation of the facility, taking into account mitigation, are consistent with:*

5
6 *(1) The general fish and wildlife habitat mitigation goals and standards of OAR 635-415-*
7 *0025(1) through (6) in effect as of February 24, 2017****

8
9 **Findings of Fact**

10
11 The EFSC Fish and Wildlife Habitat standard requires the Council to find that the design,
12 construction and operation of a proposed facility, or facility with proposed changes, is
13 consistent with the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife’s (ODFW) habitat mitigation policy,
14 goals, and standards, as set forth in OAR 635-415-0025. The ODFW Habitat Mitigation Policy
15 and EFSC Fish and Wildlife Habitat standard create requirements to mitigate impacts to fish and
16 wildlife habitat, based on the quantity and quality of the habitat as well as the nature, extent,
17 and duration of the potential impacts to the habitat. The policy also establishes a habitat
18 classification system based on value the habitat would provide to a species or group of species.
19 There are six habitat categories; Category 1 being the most valuable and Category 6 the least
20 valuable.

21
22 The analysis area for the Fish and Wildlife Habitat standard includes the area within and
23 extending ½-mile from the site boundary.

24
25 *Habitat Types and Categories in the Analysis Area*

26
27 To identify potential habitat category and types within the temporary work areas of the
28 proposed RFA3 facility repower, the certificate holder relied upon a combination of 2010
29 preconstruction habitat categorization data and aerial imagery. As further discussed below,
30 habitat types and categories that may be impacted by RFA3 activities include: Category 2
31 Grassland , and Shrub-steppe (Sagebrush); Category 3 Grassland, Previously Cultivated, and
32 Shrub-steppe (Sagebrush and Rabbitbrush); Category 4 Grassland, Previously Cultivated, and
33 Rock and Sand; Category 5 Previously Cultivated, Shrub-steppe (broom snakeweed); and
34 Category 6 Dryland Wheat and Roads, and parking.

35
36 *Potential Habitat Impacts*

37
38 As described above in Section II.A. *Requested Amendment* of this order, the proposed RFA3
39 facility repower would include temporary laydown areas used to stage and store construction
40 equipment, improvements to existing access roads and turbine pad areas, and temporary
41 turnaround areas, resulting in approximately 150 acres of temporary disturbance. Based on the
42 habitat categories (3, 4 and 5) and types (Grassland, Shrub-steppe, Rock and Sand) described
43 above, potential habitat impacts would include temporary and temporal habitat loss. Impacts

1 to Category 6 habitat do not require compensatory mitigation under the Council’s Fish and
 2 Wildlife Habitat standard.

3
 4 In Section 6.8.1 of RFA3, the certificate holder explains that temporary disturbance to
 5 vegetation would be limited to areas previously disturbed during facility construction.¹⁸
 6 Furthermore, the certificate holder indicates that the temporary disturbance resulting from the
 7 proposed RFA3 facility repower would be smaller (less) in area than the areas previously
 8 disturbed during construction.

9
 10 As presented in Table 3, *Estimated Acreage of the Proposed RFA3 Facility Repower (by Category*
 11 *and Subtype)* below, the repowering activities would temporarily disturb approximately 15.4,
 12 51.1, 28.7, 2, and 52.9 acres of Category 2, 3, 4 , 5, and 6 respectively, resulting in temporary
 13 and temporal habitat impacts.¹⁹

**Table 3: Estimated Acreage of the Proposed RFA3 Facility Repower
 (by Category and Subtype)**

Habitat Category and Subtype		Temporary Impacts	Impact totals by Category
Habitat Category 5			
GL	Grasslands	15.4	15.4
Habitat Category 3			
PC	Previously Cultivated	.6	51.1
GL	Grasslands	38.8	
SS-R	Shrub Steppe - rabbitbrush	5.8	
SS-S	Shrub Steppe – sage steppe	5.9	
Habitat Category 4			
GL	Grasslands	27.9	28.7
PC	Previously Cultivated	.7	
RS	Rock and Sand	< .1	
Habitat Category 5			
PC	Previously Cultivated	< .1	2

¹⁸ In a comment made on the record of the DPO, Jordan Brown, the Program Lead and Conservation Biologist at the Oregon Department of Agriculture expressed concern with the lack of surveying for Laurent’s Milkvetch (a species listed as Threatened by the State of Oregon). In RFA3, the certificate holder indicates that no state-threatened, endangered, or candidate species were found to occur at the facility (see Table 9 of RFA3), and that Revegetated areas do not contain any Laurence’s milk-vetch suitable habitat. Additionally, considering Council’s previously findings that the design, construction, and operation of the Facility were not likely to cause a significant reduction in the likelihood of survival or recovery of Laurence’s milk-vetch, and because the temporary disturbance would be limited to areas previously disturbed during facility construction, the Department does not recommend any additional changes be made to this order as a result of this comment.

SFCAMD3 DPO ODA comments (Brown) 2020-01-16

¹⁹ The Department notes that the proposed RFA3 facility repower would not permanently impact any habitat during construction or operation of the repowered turbines.

**Table 3: Estimated Acreage of the Proposed RFA3 Facility Repower
(by Category and Subtype)**

Habitat Category and Subtype		Temporary Impacts	Impact totals by Category
SS-B	Shrub Steppe – broom snakeweed	1.9	
Habitat Category 6			
DW	Dryland Wheat	50.1	52.9
RP	Roads and Parking	2.8	

1
2 Temporal loss refers to loss of habitat function and values from the time an impact occurs to
3 the time when the restored habitat provides a pre-impact level of habitat function. Habitat
4 types identified within the site boundary with a sagebrush steppe component are reasonably
5 expected to require a longer restoration timeframe (5+ years) and therefore, the temporary
6 impacts to approximately 5.9 acres to shrub steppe – sage steppe would be expected to result
7 in temporal loss.

8
9 If not appropriately controlled, invasive weeds can become established. Council previously
10 imposed Condition 38, requiring the certificate holder implement a weed control plan during
11 facility construction and operation. However, based on a consultation with Gilliam County
12 Weedmaster Don Ferrar, the approximate 11-month schedule the certificate holder anticipates
13 the facility repower to take, and the understanding that there are specific methods that provide
14 a higher rate of successful weed control following disturbance impacts near roadways, which
15 are the predominant expected disturbance impacts from RFA3, the Department recommends
16 Council impose a new condition requiring a specific Weed Control Plan be developed, in
17 consultation with the Department and both the Gilliam County Weed Control Department and
18 the Morrow County Weed Control Department, that addresses agency consultation, weed
19 identification, application methods, appropriate control methods monitoring and reporting. The
20 Council imposes the following condition:

21
22 **Recommended Condition 111:** Prior to Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the
23 certificate holder shall coordinate with the Gilliam County Weed Department and the
24 Morrow County Weed Control Department, and submit to the Department, a Roadway
25 Weed Control Plan. The Department shall review and approve the plan, in consultation
26 with the Gilliam County Weed Department and the Morrow County Weed Control
27 Department. The Roadway Weed Control Plan shall include, as pertinent, but not be
28 limited to, identification of county-listed weeds of economic concern, methods for
29 evaluating weeds within impact area, results of weed assessment, control methods
30 specific to roadway weed control and timing, agency consultation protocol, and process
31 for evaluating success of weed control.
32 [Amendment #3]
33

1 *Proposed Habitat Mitigation (Temporary and Temporal Loss)*
2

3 The certificate holder proposes to mitigate temporary habitat impacts through revegetation
4 and noxious weed control. Council previously imposed Condition 38 and 84 requiring that the
5 certificate holder implement plans to control the introduction and spread of noxious weeds and
6 revegetate temporarily disturbed areas. However, because this temporary disturbance would
7 be at different stages than weed control and revegetation activities implemented under the
8 existing plans, the Council imposes new conditions to allow the certificate holder and
9 Department the ability to implement and track measures that apply specifically to the proposed
10 RFA3 facility repower disturbance areas. The Council imposes Condition 111, requiring that,
11 prior to RFA3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder submit a Roadway Weed Control
12 Plan, for review by the Department, in consultation with the Gilliam County and Morrow
13 County Weed Control Departments. The Council imposes the following condition related to
14 revegetation²⁰:
15

16 **Recommended Condition 112: The certificate holder shall:**

17 (a) Prior to RFA3 facility repower activities:

- 18 i. Provide an updated habitat assessment of areas of disturbance, based on a
19 protocol approved by the Department in consultation with ODFW.
20 ii. Identify monitoring and reference sites, including sites within each habitat
21 category and subtype impacted, and the methodology utilized for selecting the
22 number of monitoring and reference sites should be included.
23 iii. Consult with the Department, ODFW and Gilliam County Weed Control
24 Department and Morrow County Weed Control Department on timing and
25 methods for revegetation and weed control.

26 (b) Following completion of RFA3 facility repower activities:

- 27 i. Restore areas temporarily disturbed by RFA3 facility repower activities
28 according to the methods and monitoring procedures described in the
29 Revegetation Plan that is incorporated in the Final Order on Amendment 3 for
30 Shepherds Flat Central as Attachment D and as amended from time to time.
31 ii. Consult annually with the Department, ODFW, Gilliam and Morrow County
32 Weed Control Departments on timing and methods for revegetation and weed
33 control. If mutually agreed upon by the Department, ODFW, Gilliam and
34 Morrow County Weed Control Departments, the annual consultation may be
35 discontinued after 5 years. This provision does not relieve the certificate holder
36 from complying with its weed control obligations as described in Condition 111

²⁰ At its January 23-24, 2020 meeting, the Council reviewed the Department's proposed order and all comments received on the record of the draft proposed order. Council adopted the Proposed order, with modifications, as its Final Order. Based on deliberations occurring at the January EFSC meeting, Council included timing provisions that would relieve the certificate holder with its annual consultation obligations after 5 years, should the Department, ODFW, Gilliam and Morrow County Weed Control Departments agree that the revegetation and weed control obligations have been met.

1 and 38, and any other provisions of applicable state or local requirements for
2 weed control.

3 [Amendment #3]
4

5 Based on compliance with the recommended new conditions, the Council finds that the
6 certificate holder would meet the habitat mitigation goals for temporary habitat impacts.
7

8 The certificate holder's existing Habitat Mitigation Plan (HMP) addresses temporal habitat
9 impacts (i.e. loss of habitat function and values from the time an impact occurs to the time
10 when the restored habitat provides a pre-impact level of habitat function) in the form of a
11 permanent conservation easement on a habitat mitigation area (HMA). Specifically, for
12 temporal habitat impacts, the certificate holder has included in its HMA 0.5 acre for every 1
13 acre of Category 3 Shrub-steppe sage habitat temporarily disturbed (a 0.5:1 ratio). Because the
14 areas of temporary disturbance are within previously disturbed areas, the temporal habitat
15 impacts that would occur as a result of the proposed RFA3 facility repower have been
16 accounted for in the HMA and are addressed in the existing HMP. Based on compliance with
17 the existing HMP, the Council finds that the certificate holder would meet the habitat
18 mitigation goals for temporal habitat impacts.
19

20 *Potential Impact to State-Sensitive Species*
21

22 The certificate holder conducted a desktop review to identify State Sensitive species with the
23 potential to occur within the analysis area based on species range and existing habitat. The
24 desktop review evaluated ODFW's 2016 Sensitive Species List. Based on this desktop review,
25 the certificate holder identified suitable habitat within the analysis area for: 18 State-sensitive
26 species (including 1 reptile, 10 birds, and 5 bat species). Of these State-sensitive species,
27 presence was confirmed for the following: 10 birds and 2 bats.
28

29 The certificate holder identifies that increased activity during the proposed RFA3 facility
30 repower could result in potential impacts to state-sensitive species during nesting season,
31 including ferruginous hawk and Swainson's hawk. To minimize potential disturbance impacts to
32 state-sensitive species, the Council imposes the following condition:
33

34 **Recommended Condition 113:** The certificate holder shall:

- 35 (a) Prior to RFA3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder shall conduct a pre-
36 construction raptor nest survey, using a protocol approved by the Oregon Department
37 of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) to determine whether there are any active nests of state
38 sensitive species within 0.5 miles of any areas that would be disturbed.
39 (b) During RFA3 repower activities, if active raptor nests were identified within 0.5-mile of
40 RFA3 repower activities per (a) of this condition or become active during the sensitive
41 season, per (c) below, the certificate holder shall avoid construction activities within
42 0.25 mile buffer in areas around active nests of the following species during the
43 sensitive period, as provided in this condition:
44

<u>Species</u>	<u>Sensitive Period</u>	<u>Early Release Date</u>
<u>Swainson's hawk</u>	<u>April 1 to August 15</u>	<u>May 31</u>
<u>Ferruginous hawk</u>	<u>March 15 to August 15</u>	<u>May 31</u>
<u>Burrowing owl</u>	<u>April 1 to August 15</u>	<u>July 15</u>

1
2 (c) During RFA3 repower activities, if a nest becomes occupied by any of these species
3 after the beginning of the sensitive period, the certificate holder will flag the
4 boundaries of a 0.25-mile buffer area around the nest and shall instruct construction
5 personnel to avoid disturbance of the area.

6 (d) During RFA3 repower activities, if active nest sites are observed per (b) or (c) of this
7 condition, the certificate holder shall hire a qualified independent professional
8 biologist to observe the active nest sites during the sensitive period for signs of
9 disturbance and to notify the Department of any non-compliance with this condition. If
10 the biologist observes nest site abandonment or other adverse impact to nesting
11 activity, the certificate holder shall implement appropriate mitigation, in consultation
12 with ODFW and subject to the approval of the Department, unless the adverse impact
13 is clearly shown to have a cause other than construction activity. The certificate holder
14 may begin or resume construction activities within a buffer area before the ending day
15 of the sensitive period if any known nest site is not occupied by the early release date.
16 If a nest site is occupied, then the certificate holder may begin or resume construction
17 before the ending day of the sensitive period with the approval of ODFW, after the
18 young are fledged. The certificate holder shall use a protocol approved by ODFW to
19 determine when the young are fledged (the young are independent of the core nest
20 site).

21 [Amendment 3]

22
23 For each repowered wind turbine, permanent changes, not previously evaluated, would include
24 a lower minimum aboveground blade tip clearance from 25 to 21.5 meters, and increasing the
25 overall rotor diameter and rotor swept area from 100 to 127 meters. The maximum blade tip
26 height of 150 meters, as approved by Council in the *Final Order*, would not change as a result of
27 the proposed RFA3 facility repower. In RFA3, the certificate holder describes that potential
28 impacts from these dimension changes could be an increase in bird and bat fatality from
29 collision risk, however they assert that the primary impact from the repowering activities would
30 be direct fatality from collision with, or crushing by heavy equipment. The certificate holder
31 indicates that based on studies conducted in 2007 through 2016, the effect of turbine size on
32 bird and bat collision risk remains unclear. Based on review of the studies referenced in RFA3,
33 the Department and Council agree that a change in minimum aboveground blade tip clearance
34 and rotor diameter does not represent a direct correlation in bird and bat fatality risk.
35 Nonetheless, in response to ODFW recommendations that a bird and bat fatality monitoring
36 study be conducted for two years, following completion of the facility repowering activities, the
37 Council imposes Condition 114 as follows.

38
39 **Recommended Condition 114:** Following completion of RFA3 facility repower activities,
40 the certificate holder shall conduct two years of avian and bat fatality monitoring, as

1 described in the *Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan*, or based on protocol otherwise
2 approved by the Department in consultation with ODFW, provided as Attachment E of the
3 Final Order on Amendment 3.

4 [Amendment #3]

5
6 **Conclusions of Law**

7
8 Based on the foregoing findings of fact and conclusions, and subject to compliance with existing
9 site certificate conditions, the Council finds that the proposed RFA3 facility repower would
10 comply with the Council’s Fish and Wildlife Habitat standard.

11
12 **III.A.7 Public Services: OAR 345-022-0110**

13
14 *(1) Except for facilities described in sections (2) and (3), to issue a site certificate, the*
15 *Council must find that the construction and operation of the facility, taking into account*
16 *mitigation, are not likely to result in significant adverse impact to the ability of public*
17 *and private providers within the analysis area described in the project order to provide:*
18 *sewers and sewage treatment, water, storm water drainage, solid waste management,*
19 *housing, traffic safety, police and fire protection, health care and schools.*

20
21 *(2) The Council may issue a site certificate for a facility that would produce power from*
22 *wind, solar or geothermal energy without making the findings described in section (1).*
23 *However, the Council may apply the requirements of section (1) to impose conditions on*
24 *a site certificate issued for such a facility.*

25 ***

26
27 **Finding of Fact**

28
29 The Council’s Public Services standard requires the Council to find that the facility is not likely to
30 result in significant adverse impacts on the ability of public and private service providers to
31 supply sewer and sewage treatment, water, stormwater drainage, solid waste management,
32 housing, traffic safety, police and fire protection, health care, and schools. Pursuant to OAR
33 345-022-0110(2), the Council may issue a site certificate for a facility that would produce power
34 from wind or solar energy without making findings regarding the Public Services standard;
35 however, the Council may impose site certificate conditions based upon the requirements of
36 the standard.

37
38 The analysis area for potential impacts to public services is the area within and extending 10-
39 miles from the site boundary. The evaluation of impacts to public services, provided below, is
40 an evaluation of only construction related impacts resulting from the proposed RFA3 facility

1 repower. Operational impacts will be the same as the original review and are not reiterated in
2 this order.

3
4 As described in RFA3, the proposed facility repowering will be completed on a rolling schedule,
5 where wind turbines will be upgraded over an approximately 11-month time frame with
6 typically 8-12 turbines off-line being upgraded at a time. It will take approximately 2 weeks to
7 upgrade each turbine. There will be four crane crews including crane operation and tower work
8 crews. There will also be other upgrade support crews. It is estimated that there will be
9 approximately 30 workers on-site at one time. The equipment used for upgrading will generally
10 consist of cranes, semi-trucks and regular sized pick-up/operational trucks.

11
12 *Sewer and Sewage Treatment; Stormwater Drainage*

13
14 During construction of the proposed repowered turbines, on-site work crew will use existing
15 sanitary facilities as well as portable toilet facilities, as needed. The disposal of these facilities
16 will be managed similar to previously evaluated methods and addressed within existing site
17 certificate conditions. Construction and operation of the proposed RFA3 facility repowering will
18 not require use of public sewers or sewage treatment, nor require use of public or private
19 stormwater drainage facilities. Therefore, construction and operation would not impact public
20 and private providers of sewer, sewage treatment or stormwater drainage.

21
22 *Water*

23
24 Construction activities associated with the RFA3 repowering would require water for dust
25 control. The certificate holder indicates in Section 6.19 of RFA3 that the repowering activities
26 would not alter the certificate holder's ability to obtain water from the City of Arlington, nor
27 would the repowering affect the ability to comply with existing Condition 78, limiting water use
28 from the facility's onsite well to 5,000 gallon per day. Provided as Attachment 6 in RFA3, email
29 correspondence between the City Recorder from the City of Arlington and the certificate
30 holder, confirms the City of Arlington's continued ability to provide water to the facility,
31 including the proposed repowering. Based on the minimal increase in construction-related
32 water use, the Council finds that construction of the proposed facility repowering of RFA3
33 would continue to not likely result in significant adverse impacts on the ability of public or
34 private providers of water to deliver services.

35
36 The proposed repowering activities of RFA3 would not result in changes to operational water
37 use, which is limited to facility-specific wells that do not result in impacts on the ability of public
38 or private providers of water to deliver services.

39
40 *Solid Waste Management*

41
42 Construction activities associated with the RFA3 facility repowering will generate solid waste,
43 including non-hazardous packaging associated with equipment, removed wind turbine blades,
44 and erosion control materials (i.e. straw bales and silt fencing) which will be removed and

1 recycled or taken to landfill in compliance with federal, state and local regulations. In RFA3, the
2 Certificate Holder states that currently turbine blades and other materials used for Facility
3 maintenance are taken to the Columbia Ridge Landfill. Additionally, the certificate holder
4 explains that the Columbia Ridge Landfill has adequate capacity to accommodate construction-
5 related debris and is not expected to reach full capacity for more than 100 years.

6
7 The Council previously imposed several conditions addressing solid waste management,
8 including conditions that require the certificate holder to develop and implement a solid waste
9 management plan for the construction and operation of the facility (Condition 101 and 102).
10 Existing Conditions 50, 51, and 100 provide guidance for the disposal of hazardous materials,
11 spill response and accidental releases of hazardous materials, and the discharge of sanitary
12 wastewater, and will continue to apply to the facility repowering activities of RFA3. In addition,
13 as described in Section III.A.9, *Waste Minimization*, the Council includes a new site certificate
14 condition to encourage recycling of the removed wind turbine blades and other components to
15 the extent practicable. Based on the findings presented here, the Council finds that the
16 construction and operation of the proposed RFA3 facility repowering would not be likely to
17 result in a significant adverse impact on the ability of public and private providers of solid waste
18 management to deliver services.

19
20 *Traffic Safety*

21
22 Construction of the proposed RFA3 facility repower would result in increased trip generation
23 on local and state roads (I-84, OR 74 and OR 19) for approximately 11-months. In RFA3, the
24 certificate holder estimates that proposed RFA3 facility repower activities would require
25 approximately 30 temporary workers, 20 trucks, and 28 semi-trucks per day, which the
26 Department estimates equates to a maximum trip rate increase of 156 trips per day on local
27 and state roads.²¹

28
29 During construction, trucks used to transport wind turbine blades and other heavy
30 construction equipment (i.e. cranes) would likely require oversize load/overweight permits
31 from Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) and Morrow and Gilliam County Road
32 Departments. In addition to haul and heavy load permits, the certificate holder commits to
33 consultation with Morrow and Gilliam County Road Department prior to transport of new
34 wind turbine blades and gearboxes to establish roads to be used, traffic control measures, and
35 roadway improvement necessary before and after completion of the proposed activity.²²
36 Existing site certificate Condition 67 requires that the certificate holder coordinate with the

²¹ Department trip rate calculation = 30 worker trips x 2 times per day + 20 trucks x 2 times per day + 28 semi-trucks x 2 times per day.

²² SFCAMD3 pRFA3 Reviewing Agency Comments Gilliam County. 2019-11-18. During review of pRFA3, Gilliam County Planning Director (Michelle Colby) expressed concern regarding potential traffic related impacts from RFA3 on local roads and requested that impacts be mitigated through a road use agreement with the Gilliam County Road Department.

1 Morrow and Gilliam County road departments in order to document and repair any damage
2 to county roads based on facility construction. The Department recommends that Council
3 reaffirm that Condition 67 applies to RFA3 activities, and also that Council make minor edits to
4 the condition to account for the Department’s role in site certificate condition compliance.
5

6 **Recommended Amended Condition 67:** The certificate holder shall cooperate with the
7 Gilliam County Road Department and the Morrow County Public Works Department to
8 ensure that any unusual damage or wear to county roads that is caused by construction
9 of the facility is repaired by the certificate holder. Submittal to the Department of an
10 executed Road Use Agreement with Gilliam County and Morrow County shall constitute
11 evidence of compliance with this condition. Upon completion of construction, the
12 certificate holder shall restore county roads to pre-construction condition or better, to
13 the satisfaction of the applicable county departments. If required by Morrow County or
14 Gilliam County, the certificate holder shall post bonds to ensure funds are available to
15 repair and maintain roads affected by the proposed facility.

16 [Amendment #3]

17
18 *Housing, Police, Fire, Schools, and Healthcare*

19
20 In Section 6.13 of the RFA, the certificate holder explains that although the Shepherds Flat
21 Central facility is already constructed and operational, the proposed repowering would result in
22 a short-term and temporary influx of workers. The certificate holder estimates that the
23 repowering activities would have a duration of seven months and require a maximum of 30
24 workers on-site at one time. Additionally, the certificate holder provided a conservative
25 estimate that 30 percent of the workers necessary for the repowering would be local. The
26 remaining 70 percent may be temporary new residents. In any case, the workforce required for
27 the repowering activities would be less than the 175 transient workers evaluated in the Final
28 Order on the Site Certificate.²³ Council previously concluded that the impact to the ability of
29 communities to provide housing, police and fire protection, healthcare and schools was not
30 likely to be significant. Operation of the proposed repowered facility would not result in
31 permanent population increases.
32

33 **Conclusions of Law**

34
35 Based on the foregoing analysis, and in compliance with OAR 345-022-0110(2), the Council
36 relies on the existing and recommended amended conditions to address the Public Services
37 standard.
38

²³ SFWAPPDoc240 SFW - Final Order - 2008-07-25. In the context of this order, “transient workers” refers to workers that might come from outside of the analysis area, i.e. temporary new residents.

1 III.A.8 Waste Minimization: OAR 345-022-0120

2
3 *(1) Except for facilities described in sections (2) and (3), to issue a site certificate, the*
4 *Council must find that, to the extent reasonably practicable:*

5
6 *(a) The applicant’s solid waste and wastewater plans are likely to minimize*
7 *generation of solid waste and wastewater in the construction and operation of the*
8 *facility, and when solid waste or wastewater is generated, to result in recycling and*
9 *reuse of such wastes;*

10
11 *(b) The applicant’s plans to manage the accumulation, storage, disposal and*
12 *transportation of waste generated by the construction and operation of the facility*
13 *are likely to result in minimal adverse impact on surrounding and adjacent areas.*

14
15 *(2) The Council may issue a site certificate for a facility that would produce power from*
16 *wind, solar or geothermal energy without making the findings described in section (1).*
17 *However, the Council may apply the requirements of section (1) to impose conditions on*
18 *a site certificate issued for such a facility.*

19 ***

20
21 **Finding of Fact**

22
23 The Waste Minimization standard requires the Council to find that the certificate holder will
24 minimize the generation of solid waste and wastewater, and that the waste generated would
25 be managed to minimally impact surrounding and adjacent areas. Pursuant to OAR 345-022-
26 0020(2), the Council may issue a site certificate for a wind facility without making findings
27 regarding the Waste Minimization standard; however, the Council may impose site certificate
28 conditions based upon the requirements of the standard.

29
30 *Solid Waste and Wastewater*

31
32 As mentioned above in Section III.A.8. *Public Services* of this order, construction activities
33 associated with the proposed RFA3 facility repower would generate solid waste, including non-
34 hazardous packaging associated with equipment, removed wind turbine blades, and erosion
35 control materials (i.e. straw bales and silt fencing) which will be removed and recycled or taken
36 to landfill in compliance with federal, state and local regulations. The construction activities are
37 not expected to generate wastewater. In RFA3, the certificate holder states that currently,
38 turbine blades and other materials used for Facility maintenance are taken to the Columbia
39 Ridge Landfill, and that operational Conditions 50, 51, 100, 101, and 102, which address the
40 waste minimization standard, would continue to apply to the proposed RFA3 facility repower.
41 Existing Condition 101 requires the certificate holder to implement a waste management plan
42 during facility construction. Furthermore, it includes measures to be followed, including but not
43 limited to the recycling of: steel and other metal scrap, wood waste, and packaging waste such
44 as paper and cardboard. Although the certificate holder explains that the Columbia Ridge

1 Landfill has adequate capacity to accommodate construction-related debris and is not expected
2 to reach full capacity for more than 100 years, the Council imposes Condition 115 to ensure the
3 certificate holder minimizes waste generation consistent with Council’s standard. On the record
4 of the DPO, the Department received a comment from Morrow County, requesting minor
5 changes be made to Condition 115. The requested change would require the certificate holder,
6 or its third-party contractors to reuse or recycle wind turbine blades, hubs, and other removed
7 wind turbine components to the extent practicable, in accordance the Morrow County Solid
8 Waste Management Plan.²⁴ In response to Morrow County’s request, the Department
9 recommends that Condition 115 be amended as follows:

10
11 **Recommended Condition 115:** During Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the
12 certificate holder shall, or ensure its third-party contractors, reuse or recycle wind turbine
13 blades, hubs and other removed wind turbine components to the extent practicable and in
14 accordance with the Morrow County Solid Waste Management Plan. The certificate holder
15 shall report in its semi-annual report to the Department the quantities of removed wind
16 turbine components recycled, reused, sold for scrap, and disposed of in a landfill, to the
17 extent practicable.

18 [Amendment #3]

19
20 Solid waste from operations of the proposed RFA3 facility repower would not exceed the
21 existing amount of solid waste generated from the facility. Council previously imposed
22 Condition 102, to require the certificate holder to, during operation, implement a waste
23 management plan. The Council finds that compliance with previously imposed conditions would
24 minimize potential operational solid waste, and potential impacts from solid waste on
25 surrounding lands.

26
27 **Conclusions of Law**

28
29 Based on the foregoing analysis, and subject to existing and recommended conditions, the
30 Council finds that the proposed RFA3 facility repower would continue to comply with the
31 Council’s Waste Minimization standard.

32
33 **III.A.9 Division 24 Standards**

34
35 The Council’s Division 24 standards include specific standards for the siting of wind project,
36 which is further evaluated below.

37
38 **III.A.9.1 Public Health and Safety Standards for Wind Energy Facilities: OAR 345-024-0010**

39
40 *To issue a site certificate for a proposed wind energy facility, the Council must find that the*
41 *applicant:*

42

²⁴ SFCAMD3 Public Comment (Morrow Co) 2020-01-17

1 (1) *Can design, construct and operate the facility to exclude members of the public from*
2 *close proximity to the turbine blades and electrical equipment.*

3
4 (2) *Can design, construct and operate the facility to preclude structural failure of the tower*
5 *or blades that could endanger the public safety and to have adequate safety devices and*
6 *testing procedures designed to warn of impending failure and to minimize the consequences*
7 *of such failure.*

8
9 **Findings of Fact**

10
11 OAR 345-024-0010 requires the Council to consider specific public health and safety standards
12 related to wind energy facilities. Under this standard, the Council must evaluate a certificate
13 holder’s proposed measures to exclude members of the public from proximity to the turbine
14 blades and electrical equipment, and the certificate holder’s ability to design, construct and
15 operate the facility, with proposed changes, to prevent structural failure of the tower or blades
16 and to provide sufficient safety devices to warn of failure.

17
18 *Potential Impacts from Structural Failure of the Tower or Blades and Safety Devices and Testing*
19 *Procedures to Warn of Impending Failure*

20
21 The Council must evaluate if the certificate holder has demonstrated that it has the ability to
22 preclude a structural failure in the first place through design, construction and operation of the
23 turbines. OAR 345-024-0010(2) does not require that a certificate holder demonstrate an
24 *elimination* of all public health and safety risk [*Emphasis added*]. Instead, it requires that the
25 certificate holder design, construct and operate the facility to avoid structural failure, to have
26 adequate mechanisms in place to warn of an impending failure, and to minimize the
27 consequences of such failure.

28
29 The proposed repowering activity, resulting in a lower minimum aboveground blade tip
30 clearance (25 to 21.5 meters) compared to the Council’s previous evaluation could potentially
31 result in increased public health and safety risks. The Council evaluates the sufficiency of
32 previously imposed conditions related to safety devices and testing procedures to warn of
33 impending failure and minimize potential increases in risk.

34
35 The site certificate includes a number of existing conditions that were imposed to address
36 sub(2) of the standard and which would continue to ensure that the certificate holder reduces
37 the risk of potential impacts from structural failure of the wind turbine tower or blades.

- 38
39
 - 40 • Condition 71 requires that the certificate holder notify the Department and the Gilliam
41 County Planning Director within 72 hours of any accidents or mechanical failures
42 associated with operation of the facility that may result in public health and safety
43 concerns.
 - 44 • Condition 40 establishes required setback distances of facility components to residential
45 properties, public roads, and lease areas.

1
2 As mentioned above in Section III.A.1 *General Standard of Review*, Council imposed Condition
3 26 in The *Final Order on the ASC* to establish limits on the turbines selected, depending on the
4 turbine type selected. Condition 26(d) establishes a minimum blade tip clearance of 25 meters
5 above the ground at the closest point of rotation. In the *Final Order on Request for Amendment*
6 *1*, Council amended Condition 26 to specify the minimum blade tip clearance from 25 meters to
7 21.5 meters based upon the proposed RFA2 O&M demonstration activities, for wind turbines
8 368 and 370. The proposed lowering of the minimum aboveground blade tip clearance could
9 result in potential public health and safety impacts from increased proximity to turbine blades.
10 However, the certificate holder describes that the turbines would remain located entirely on
11 private property, in a rural area, and that public access is limited. The Council finds that the
12 facility design, including restricted public access, and compliance to the setback requirements
13 of Condition 40, to be sufficient to minimize potential increases in public health and safety risks
14 from proximity to the proposed RFA3 repowered turbines, with lower minimum aboveground
15 blade tip clearance.

16
17 Based upon the proposed RFA3 repowering activities for Shepherds Flat Central, the Council
18 amends Condition 26(d) to eliminate the reference to Turbines 368 and 370, and specify the a
19 new minimum blade tip clearance from 25 meters to 21.5 meters, applicable to all repowered
20 turbines within the facility. Additionally, the Council removes from the condition a limitation on
21 the megawatt output of the facility. The Council's standards are not concerned with the
22 electrical power output of the facility. The amended condition would read as follows:

23 **Recommended Amended Condition 26:** The certificate holder shall construct a facility
24 substantially as described in the site certificate and may select turbines of any type,
25 subject to the following restrictions and compliance with all other site certificate
26 conditions. Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall provide to the
27 Department a description of the turbine types selected for the facility demonstrating
28 compliance with this condition.

29 (a) The total number of turbines at the facility must not exceed 116 turbines.

30 ~~(b) The combined peak generating capacity of the facility must not exceed 290~~
31 ~~megawatts.~~

32 (b) The turbine hub height must not exceed 105 meters and the maximum blade tip
33 height must not exceed 150 meters.

34 (c) The minimum blade tip clearance must be 25 meters above ground, ~~with the~~
35 ~~exception of turbine number 368 and 370 for which the minimum blade tip clearance~~
36 ~~must be 21.5 meters above the ground.~~ Repowered turbines that comply with the setback
37 requirements of Condition 40 must have a minimum blade tip clearance of 21.5 meters
38 above ground.

39 (d) The maximum volume of concrete above three feet below grade in the turbine
40 foundations must not exceed 66 cubic yards.

41 (e) The maximum combined weight of metals in the tower (including ladders and
42 platforms) and nacelle must not exceed 393 U.S. tons per turbine.

1 (f) The certificate holder shall request an amendment of the site certificate to ~~increase~~
2 ~~the combined peak generating capacity of the facility beyond 290 megawatts, to~~ increase
3 the number of wind turbines to more than 116 wind turbines or to install wind turbines
4 with a hub height greater than 105 meters, a blade tip height greater than 150 meters or a
5 blade tip clearance less than ~~25~~21.5 meters above ground.

6 [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1, Amendment #2, Amendment #3]
7

8 As mentioned above, the proposed RFA3 facility repowering would not only lower the minimum
9 blade tip clearance, but would also increase maximum height and the rotor diameter of the two
10 specified turbines. The new maximum height of the repowered turbines would be 150 meters,
11 consistent with the maximum blade tip height limited in Condition 26. Council previously
12 evaluated and approved turbines with a maximum blade tip height of 150 meters in the Final
13 Order on the ASC, and found that the certificate holder could design, construct, and operate the
14 facility in compliance with the Public Health and Safety Standard for Wind Energy Facilities.
15

16 Existing Condition 57 requires the certificate holder to submit a Notice of Proposed Construction
17 or Alteration (Form 7460) to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Oregon
18 Department of Aviation (ODA).²⁵ Existing Condition 106 requires the certificate holder to submit
19 a Notice of Proposed Construction and Alteration to the FAA and ODA for wind turbines 368 and
20 370. Because the existing turbine specifications feature a maximum blade tip height of 135
21 meters, and the proposed demonstration activities would increase the maximum height to 150
22 meters, the Council imposes Condition 116 to require the certificate holder to submit a Notice of
23 Proposed Construction and Alteration to the FAA and ODA for the RFA3 facility repower.
24 Condition 116 reads as follows:
25

26 **Recommended Condition 116:** Prior to Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the
27 certificate holder shall submit a Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration to the
28 Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Oregon Department of Aviation identifying
29 the new maximum blade tip height of 150 meters. The certificate holder shall promptly
30 notify the Department of the responses from the FAA and the Oregon Department of
31 Aviation.

32 [Amendment #3]
33

34 The Council finds that compliance with the existing and recommended new and amended
35 conditions would continue to satisfy the requirements of the standard and ensure that the
36 proposed RFA3 facility repowering are designed, constructed, and operated to preclude
37 structural failure of the tower or blades that could endanger public safety, and that the
38 proposed RFA3 facility repowering would have adequate safety devices and testing procedures
39 to warn of impending failure and minimize consequences of such failure, should it occur.
40

²⁵ SFCAMD3 Public Comment (Morrow Co) 2020-01-17

1 **Conclusions of Law**
2

3 Based on the foregoing analysis, and subject to compliance with existing and recommended
4 conditions, the Council finds that the proposed RFA3 facility repower activity would comply
5 with the Council’s Public Health and Safety Standards for Wind Energy Facilities.
6

7 **III.A.9.2 Cumulative Effects Standard for Wind Energy Facilities OAR 345-024-0015**
8

9 *To issue a site certificate for a proposed wind energy facility, the Council must find that the*
10 *applicant can design and construct the facility to reduce cumulative adverse environmental*
11 *effects in the vicinity by practicable measures including, but not limited to, the following:*
12

- 13 (1) *Using existing roads to provide access to the facility site, or if new roads are needed,*
14 *minimizing the amount of land used for new roads and locating them to reduce adverse*
15 *environmental impacts.*
- 16 (2) *Using underground transmission lines and combining transmission routes.*
- 17 (3) *Connecting the facility to existing substations, or if new substations are needed,*
18 *minimizing the number of new substations.*
- 19 (4) *Designing the facility to reduce the risk of injury to raptors or other vulnerable wildlife in*
20 *areas near turbines or electrical equipment.*
- 21 (5) *Designing the components of the facility to minimize adverse visual features.*
- 22 (6) *Using the minimum lighting necessary for safety and security purposes and using*
23 *techniques to prevent casting glare from the site, except as otherwise required by the*
24 *Federal Aviation Administration or the Oregon Department of Aviation.*
25

26 **Findings of Fact**
27

28 This standard requires the use of practicable measures to reduce the cumulative adverse
29 environmental effects by practicable measures.
30

31 *Access Roads*
32

33 OAR 345-024-0015(1) is related to the use of existing roads for facility site access, minimizing
34 the amount of land used for new roads, and locating new roads in such a manner that reduces
35 adverse environmental impacts. The certificate holder proposes to utilize existing access roads,
36 to be temporarily widened to support the proposed RFA3 facility repowering. No new
37 permanent roads would be constructed as part of RFA3.
38

39 Because the proposed RFA3 facility repowering would not result in new permanent access
40 roads, the Council continues to find that the certificate holder demonstrates that it would use
41 existing roads where practicable to provide access to the site and through the temporary
42 expansion of existing roads, would reduce adverse environmental impacts and constructed in a
43 manner that minimizes the amount of land used.
44

1 *Transmission Lines and Substations*

2

3 RFA3 does not propose new transmission lines or substations, or changes to the previously
4 approved site boundary. Therefore, the Council finds that RFA3 would not result in a significant
5 adverse impact under OAR 345-024-0015(2) and (3) that was not addressed in a previous
6 Council orders.

7

8 *Wildlife Protection*

9

10 OAR 345-024-0015(4) is related to facility design that reduces the risk of injury to raptors or
11 other vulnerable wildlife in areas near wind turbines or electrical equipment.

12

13 The proposed RFA3 facility repowering would increase the rotor-swept diameter from 100
14 meters to 127 meters, and decrease the aboveground blade tip clearance by 3.5 meters. The
15 proposed changes in wind turbine dimension could result in increased bird and bat fatality risk
16 from wind turbine collision. However, the certificate holder explains that the effect of turbine
17 size on bird and bat collision rates remains unclear, particularly with respect to blade length.
18 However, in response to ODFW recommendations, the certificate holder agrees that two years
19 of fatality monitoring, to look at mortality effects from turbine repowering, following
20 construction completion of the proposed RFA3 facility repower.

21

22 As discussed in Section III.A.6, *Fish and Wildlife Habitat*, the certificate holder proposes to
23 conduct 2-years of post-construction fatality monitoring to determine whether the changes in
24 wind turbine dimensions result in increased fatality risk and then whether additional mitigation
25 is necessary. The post construction fatality monitoring would be implemented in accordance
26 with the Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan (WMMP), provided as Attachment E to this
27 order.

28

29 Based on compliance with other existing and recommended new site certificate conditions, the
30 certificate holder would implement the following measures to further reduce and avoid wildlife
31 impacts:

32

- 33 • Pre- and post-construction raptor nest monitoring, seasonal timing restrictions and
34 avoidance requirements
- 35 • Habitat mitigation, revegetation and monitoring
- 36 • Weed control and monitoring

37

38 Subject to compliance with existing and recommended new site certificate conditions, the
39 Council finds that the certificate holder continues to demonstrate that it can reduce cumulative
40 adverse environmental effects in the vicinity by designing the proposed RFA3 facility repower
41 to reduce the risk of injury to raptors or other vulnerable wildlife in areas near wind turbines or
42 electrical equipment.

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Visual Features

The visual features of the proposed demonstration wind turbines would be similar to those previously evaluated by Council. Additionally, based on compliance with existing site certificate conditions, the certificate holder would implement the following measures to reduce potential visual impacts from the proposed repowered wind turbines:

- Uniformly paint turbine towers, nacelles, and rotors in a neutral color to blend with the surrounding landscape
- Exterior nighttime lighting would be kept to a minimum

Based on the evidence in the record and subject to compliance with existing site certificate conditions, the Council finds that the certificate holder continues to demonstrate that it can reduce cumulative adverse environmental effects in the vicinity by designing the components of the facility, with proposed changes, to minimize the adverse impacts of lighting.

Lighting

Existing Condition 95 requires wind turbines to be equipped with the minimum turbine tower lighting required by FAA. Based on compliance with this condition, the Council finds that the certificate holder continues to demonstrate that it can reduce cumulative adverse environmental effects in the vicinity by designing the components of the facility, with proposed changes, to minimize the adverse impacts of lighting.

Conclusions of Law

Based on the foregoing findings of fact and conclusions, and subject to compliance with existing conditions, the Council finds that the proposed RFA3 facility repower would comply with the Council’s Cumulative Effects Standards for Wind Energy Facilities.

III.A.10 Other Applicable Regulatory Requirements Under Council Jurisdiction

Under ORS 469.503(3) and under the Council’s General Standard of Review (OAR 345-022-0000), the Council must determine whether the proposed facility complies with “all other Oregon statutes and administrative rules...as applicable to the issuance of a site certificate for the proposed facility.” This section addresses the applicable Oregon statutes and administrative rules that are not otherwise addressed in Council standards, including the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality’s noise control regulations.

III.A.10.1 Noise Control Regulations: OAR 340-035-0035

1
2 *(1) Standards and Regulations:*

3 ***

4 *(b) New Noise Sources:*

5
6 *(B) New Sources Located on Previously Unused Site:*

7
8 *(i) No person owning or controlling a new industrial or commercial noise source*
9 *located on a previously unused industrial or commercial site shall cause or*
10 *permit the operation of that noise source if the noise levels generated or*
11 *indirectly caused by that noise source increase the ambient statistical noise*
12 *levels, L10 or L50, by more than 10 dBA in any one hour, or exceed the levels*
13 *specified in Table 8, as measured at an appropriate measurement point, as*
14 *specified in subsection (3)(b) of this rule, except as specified in subparagraph*
15 *(1)(b)(B)(iii).*

16 *(ii) The ambient statistical noise level of a new industrial or commercial noise*
17 *source on a previously unused industrial or commercial site shall include all*
18 *noises generated or indirectly caused by or attributable to that source*
19 *including all of its related activities. Sources exempted from the requirements*
20 *of section (1) of this rule, which are identified in subsections (5)(b) - (f), (j),*
21 *and (k) of this rule, shall not be excluded from this ambient measurement.*

22 *(iii) For noise levels generated or caused by a wind energy facility:*

23 *(i) The increase in ambient statistical noise levels is based on an assumed*
24 *background L50 ambient noise level of 26 dBA or the actual ambient*
25 *background level. The person owning the wind energy facility may*
26 *conduct measurements to determine the actual ambient L10 and L50*
27 *background level.*

28 *(ii) The "actual ambient background level" is the measured noise level at*
29 *the appropriate measurement point as specified in subsection (3)(b) of*
30 *this rule using generally accepted noise engineering measurement*
31 *practices. Background noise measurements shall be obtained at the*
32 *appropriate measurement point, synchronized with windspeed*
33 *measurements of hub height conditions at the nearest wind turbine*
34 *location. "Actual ambient background level" does not include noise*
35 *generated or caused by the wind energy facility.*

36 *(iii) The noise levels from a wind energy facility may increase the ambient*
37 *statistical noise levels L10 and L50 by more than 10 dBA (but not*
38 *above the limits specified in Table 8), if the person who owns the noise*
39 *sensitive property executes a legally effective easement or real*
40 *covenant that benefits the property on which the wind energy facility*
41 *is located. The easement or covenant must authorize the wind energy*
42 *facility to increase the ambient statistical noise levels, L10 or L50 on*
43 *the sensitive property by more than 10 dBA at the appropriate*
44 *measurement point.*

1 (iv) For purposes of determining whether a proposed wind energy facility
2 would satisfy the ambient noise standard where a landowner has not
3 waived the standard, noise levels at the appropriate measurement
4 point are predicted assuming that all of the proposed wind facility's
5 turbines are operating between cut-in speed and the wind speed
6 corresponding to the maximum sound power level established by IEC
7 61400-11 (version 2002-12). These predictions must be compared to
8 the highest of either the assumed ambient noise level of 26 dBA or to
9 the actual ambient background L10 and L50 noise level, if measured.
10 The facility complies with the noise ambient background standard if
11 this comparison shows that the increase in noise is not more than 10
12 dBA over this entire range of wind speeds.

13 (v) For purposes of determining whether an operating wind energy
14 facility complies with the ambient noise standard where a landowner
15 has not waived the standard, noise levels at the appropriate
16 measurement point are measured when the facility's nearest wind
17 turbine is operating over the entire range of wind speeds between cut-
18 in speed and the windspeed corresponding to the maximum sound
19 power level and no turbine that could contribute to the noise level is
20 disabled. The facility complies with the noise ambient background
21 standard if the increase in noise over either the assumed ambient
22 noise level of 26 dBA or to the actual ambient background L10 and
23 L50 noise level, if measured, is not more than 10 dBA over this entire
24 range of wind speeds.

25 (vi) For purposes of determining whether a proposed wind energy facility
26 would satisfy the Table 8 standards, noise levels at the appropriate
27 measurement point are predicted by using the turbine's maximum
28 sound power level following procedures established by IEC 61400-11
29 (version 2002-12), and assuming that all of the proposed wind
30 facility's turbines are operating at the maximum sound power level.

31 (vii) For purposes of determining whether an operating wind energy
32 facility satisfies the Table 8 standards, noise generated by the energy
33 facility is measured at the appropriate measurement point when the
34 facility's nearest wind turbine is operating at the windspeed
35 corresponding to the maximum sound power level and no turbine that
36 could contribute to the noise level is disabled.

37 ***

38
39 **Findings of Fact**

40
41 The Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) noise control regulations at OAR 340-035-0035
42 have been adopted by Council as the compliance requirements for EFSC-jurisdiction energy
43 facilities. The analysis area for the Noise Control Regulation is the area within and extending 1-
44 mile from the site boundary.

1
 2 OAR 340-035-0035(5) outlines sources of noise that are exempt from the DEQ noise rules,
 3 including sounds that originate from construction sites as well as maintenance of capital
 4 equipment.

5
 6 Noise generated by a wind energy facility located on a previously unused site must comply with
 7 two tests: the “ambient noise degradation test” and the “maximum allowable noise test.”
 8 Under the ambient noise degradation test, facility-generated noise must not increase the
 9 ambient hourly L10 or L50 noise levels at any noise sensitive property (NSP) by more than 10
 10 dBA when turbines are operating “between cut-in speed and the wind speed corresponding to
 11 the maximum sound power level.” To show that a facility complies with this test, the certificate
 12 holder may use an assumed ambient hourly L50 noise level of 26 dBA or measure the actual
 13 ambient hourly noise levels at the receiver in accordance with the procedures specified in the
 14 regulation. In this case, the certificate holder elected to use an assumed ambient hourly L50
 15 noise level of 26 dBA.

16
 17 To demonstrate compliance with the ambient noise degradation test, the noise generated
 18 during facility operation must not cause the hourly L₅₀ noise level at any noise-sensitive
 19 property to exceed 36 dBA. However, OAR 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B)(iii)(III) relieves the certificate
 20 holder from having to show compliance with the ambient noise degradation test “if the person
 21 who owns the noise sensitive property executes a legally effective easement or real covenant
 22 that benefits the property on which the wind energy facility is located” (a “noise waiver”).
 23

24 Under the maximum allowable noise test at OAR 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B)(i) a wind energy facility
 25 may not exceed the noise levels specified in Table 8 of the noise rules, as represented in Table
 26 4, *Statistical Noise Limits for Industrial and Commercial Noise Sources* below. Pursuant to OAR
 27 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B)(iii)(III), it is not possible for a property owner to waive an exceedance
 28 under the maximum allowable noise test.
 29

Table 4: Statistical Noise Limits for Industrial and Commercial Noise Sources

Statistical Descriptor ¹	Maximum Permissible Hourly Statistical Noise Levels (dBA)	
	Daytime (7:00 AM - 10:00 PM)	Nighttime (10:00 PM - 7:00 AM)
L50	55	50
L10	60	55
L1	75	60

Notes:
 1. The hourly L50, L10 and L1 noise levels are defined as the noise levels equaled or exceeded 50 percent, 10 percent, and 1 percent of the hour, respectively.
 Source: OAR 340-035-0035, Table 8

30
 31 *Potential Noise Impacts*
 32

1 *Construction*

2

3 As discussed in RFA3 and in Section III.A.8, *Public Services*, of this order, proposed RFA3 facility
4 repower would result in worker and haul truck trips, and construction equipment operation,
5 which would generate temporary, short-term construction noise. In RFA3, the certificate holder
6 estimates that proposed RFA3 facility repowering activities would take approximately 11
7 months and would require approximately 30 temporary workers, 20 trucks, and 28 semi-trucks
8 per day, which the Council estimates equates to a maximum trip rate increase of 156 trips per
9 day on local and state roads. Noise related to the construction of the turbine repowering,
10 however, exempt from the noise standards pursuant to OAR 340-035-0035(5)(g) and (h). The
11 evaluation of construction-related noise, including methodology and assumptions, is an
12 informational requirement per OAR Chapter 345 Division 21 and can be utilized to inform the
13 evaluation of construction-related noise impacts under the Council’s Recreation standard of
14 this order.

15

16 *Operation*

17

18 In RFA3, the certificate holder states that the sound power properties of the repowered
19 turbines is expected to be similar to the existing wind turbines, with a sound power level of 105
20 dBA per turbine. The certificate holder indicates that the original noise study²⁶ demonstrated
21 compliance with the DEQ noise requirements. Due to advances in blade airfoil shape and
22 manufacturing, significantly reducing noise from wind turbine blades, in all likelihood, the
23 repowered turbines of the proposed RFA3 facility repower will produce lower sound levels than
24 the existing turbines. Council previously imposed Condition 97, which requires the certificate
25 holder to provide sound power level and octave band data, based on manufacturer warranties
26 or as otherwise confirmed acceptable by the Department, and demonstrate through a final
27 noise modeling assessment compliance with the DEQ noise requirements.

28

29 In RFA3, the certificate holder explains that Council concluded in both the *Final Order* and
30 *Amendment 1*, that the facility, subject to site certificate conditions, would comply with the
31 applicable Council noise regulations. A noise survey conducted in support of RFA1, indicated
32 the facility’s compliance with the maximum noise level limits at all NSPs. However, the noise
33 survey results of that study also indicated that a number of NSPs (approximately five) would
34 potentially exceed the anti-ambient degradation noise level limits of 10 dBA above the assumed
35 ambient of 26 dBA. To comply with the Council’s noise regulations, the certificate holder either
36 had to modify the facility design to reduce the sound levels at the NSPs to below 36 dBA, or
37 obtain noise waivers from the owners of the NSPs. In the RFA3, the certificate holder indicates
38 that because of the similar sound power levels when compared to the existing wind turbines,
39 the noise impacts of the repowered turbines at the NSPs are expected to be the same or less
40 than those reported in the RFA1 noise survey. To verify ongoing compliance with the applicable
41 requirements, the Department recommends Council impose Condition 117 which would

²⁶ SFWF Exhibit X.

1 require the certificate holder to provide to the Department the manufacturer’s warranties or
2 specifications for the repowered wind turbines, to verify that the repowered turbines would
3 produce no more sound than the currently installed turbines. If the manufacturer’s
4 specifications demonstrate that the repowered turbines would produce a greater maximum
5 sound power level than the currently installed turbines, additional noise modeling would be
6 required to demonstrate compliance with the standard. Additionally, resubmittal of noise-
7 easements would be required if the repowered turbines are demonstrated to produce a greater
8 maximum sound power level than the currently installed turbines and also if the current noise-
9 easements do not already authorize anticipated statistical noise levels at or above the level
10 expected to occur from the repowered facility at the appropriate measurement point:
11

12 **Recommended Condition 117:** Prior to Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the
13 certificate holder shall provide to the Department:

- 14 (a) The maximum sound power level and octave band for the modified wind
15 turbines based on manufacturer’s warranties or confirmed by other means
16 acceptable to the Department.
- 17 (b) If the information provided to the Department in (a) shows that the modified
18 (repowered) wind turbines would produce a higher maximum sound power level
19 and octave band than the currently installed wind turbines, the certificate holder
20 must conduct a noise analysis of the modified (repowered) turbines. If required,
21 the certificate holder must provide to the Department results of the noise
22 analysis for the Amendment #3 facility repower, performed in a manner
23 consistent with the requirements of OAR 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B)(iii)(IV) and (VI)
24 demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Department that the total noise
25 generated (including the noise from repowered wind turbines and existing
26 substation transformers) would meet the ambient degradation test and
27 maximum allowable test at the appropriate measurement point for all
28 potentially-affected noise sensitive properties.
- 29 (c) If the information provided to the Department in (a) shows that the modified
30 (repowered) wind turbines would produce a higher maximum sound power level
31 and octave band than the currently installed wind turbines, the certificate holder
32 must provide to the Department, for each noise-sensitive property where the
33 certificate holder relies on a noise waiver to demonstrate compliance in
34 accordance with OAR 340-035-0035 (1)(b)(B)(iii)(III) related to site certificate
35 Amendment #3 activities, a copy of the a legally effective easement or real
36 covenant pursuant to which the owner of the property authorizes the certificate
37 holder’s operation of the facility to increase ambient statistical noise levels L10
38 and L50 by more than 10 dBA at the appropriate measurement point. The
39 easement must only be provided to the Department if the modified wind
40 turbines would produce a higher maximum sound power level and octave band
41 than the currently installed wind turbines and the current noise-easements do
42 not allow ambient statistical noise levels L10 and L50 by more than the statistical
43 noise levels anticipated to occur from the repowered turbines at the appropriate
44 measurement point. The legally-effective easement or real covenant must:

include a legal description of the burdened property (the noise sensitive property); be recorded in the real property records of the county; expressly benefit the certificate holder; expressly run with the land and bind all future owners, lessees or holders of any interest in the burdened property; and not be subject to revocation without the certificate holder’s written approval.

[Amendment #3]

In addition, Council previously imposed Condition 98, which requires the certificate holder to maintain a complaint response system to address noise complaints during operation. Condition 98 also allows Council to require the certificate holder to monitor and record the statistical noise levels to verify compliance with the noise control regulations. This condition would continue to apply to the proposed RFA3 facility repower.

Conclusions of Law

Based on the foregoing findings, the Council finds that the proposed RFA3 facility repower would comply with the Noise Control Regulations in OAR 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B).

III.B. Standards Not Likely to Be Impacted by Request for Amendment 3

RFA3, as described throughout this order, solely requests authorization for a proposed upgrade (or repower) to the facility’s wind turbines, where blade replacement and nacelle modification would occur. Amendment 2 authorized changes in the wind turbine dimensions for two specific wind turbines, Turbine 368 and 370. the authorized dimensional changes to Turbines 368 and 370 are identical to what the certificate holder is requesting in RFA3. The changes in wind turbine dimensions would lower wind turbine minimum aboveground blade tip clearance from 25 to 21.5 meters, increase blade tip height from 135 to 150 meters, and increase rotor diameter from 100 to 127 meters, with the change in minimum aboveground blade tip clearance representing the only change necessitating a site certificate condition amendment as maximum blade tip height of 150 meters was previously evaluated and approved (Condition 26) and rotor diameter was not previously correlated with an impact protected by a Council standard nor limited by the site certificate.

In RFA3, the certificate holder describes the number of equipment and personnel that would be required for the proposed RFA3 facility repower, and potential impacts associated with the repowering activities. Based on the Council’s review of the RFA and of the previously evaluated impacts and imposed conditions, the following standards would not be impacted by RFA3 and do not require re-evaluation in this order.

Table 5: Summary of Council Standards Not Likely Impacted by RFA3

Rule Citation	Standard	Department’s Evaluation
345-022-0022	Soil Protection	Potential impacts to soils would be the same (erosion, risk of lubricant oil spill). Amendment would

Table 5: Summary of Council Standards Not Likely Impacted by RFA3

Rule Citation	Standard	Department's Evaluation
		not impact certificate holder's ability to satisfy requirements. Conditions 51 (hazardous material handling), 55 (72-hr spill notification) and 77 (operational erosion control, maintenance and inspection) apply. Additional conditions not necessary to satisfy standard.
345-022-0040	Protected Areas	RFA3 includes an evaluation of potential impacts to Cottonwood Canyon State Park, even though the State Park was not designated as a protected area until 2015. Potential impacts to this park were not previously evaluated by Council, as the standard applies to protected areas with designations that predate May 12, 2007. Potential impact from change in minimum aboveground blade tip clearance would not result in new traffic, noise, visual, water or wastewater impacts to any protected area. Additional conditions not necessary to satisfy standard.
345-022-0050	Retirement and Financial Assurance	Amendment would not result in change to the facilities Retirement and Financial Assurance. Conditions 7 (Prevent development on site that would preclude restoration), 8 (maintaining a Bond or Letter of Credit), and 30 (Adjusting the bond or letter of credit) apply. Additional conditions not necessary to satisfy standard.
345-022-0070	Threatened and Endangered Species	Potential Impact from change in minimum aboveground blade tip clearance would not result in new impacts to Threatened and Endangered Species. Conditions 83 (Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan), and 92 (Speed Limits on facility roads) apply. Additional conditions not necessary to satisfy standard.

Table 5: Summary of Council Standards Not Likely Impacted by RFA3

Rule Citation	Standard	Department's Evaluation
345-022-0080	Scenic Resources	Potential impact from change in minimum aboveground blade tip clearance would not result in new visual impacts or ground disturbing impacts in areas not previously evaluated or would occur in areas where existing requirements (revegetation and weed control) would continue to apply. Conditions 93 (Visual impact minimization), 95 (Exterior nighttime lighting), 43 (Final Design map), 45 (inadvertent discovery), and 46 (Oregon Trail Buffers) apply. Additional conditions not necessary to satisfy standard.
345-022-0090	Historic, Cultural, and Archaeological Resources	
345-022-0100	Recreation	Potential impact from change in minimum aboveground blade tip clearance would not result in new indirect/direct, traffic, noise, or visual impacts to any important recreational opportunity. Additional conditions not necessary to satisfy standard.
	Divisions 23 Standards	Apply to nongenerating facilities and therefore do not apply to this facility or proposed RFA3 facility repowering.
345-024-0090	Siting Standards for Transmission Lines	Amendment would not result in changes to facility transmission lines; standard would not be impacted by amendment request. Conditions 58 (Maintenance of turbine pads), 86 (Disturbance avoidance areas), 93 (Visual impact minimization), and 95 (Exterior nighttime lighting) apply.
	Removal-Fill Law	Amendment would not result in impacts to new area or result in stream crossings, nor request a removal fill permit. Regulatory requirements would not be impacted by amendment request.
	Water Rights	Amendment would not result in new or changes in water use. Regulatory requirements would not be impacted by amendment request. Condition 78 (operational water usage) applies.

1
2 For the above-described reasons, the Department recommends Council find that the standards
3 listed in Table 5, *Summary of Council Standards Not Likely Impacted by Amendment 3* are not
4 likely to be impacted by RFA3.

5
6 Sections III.B.1 through III.B.10 present the language of the identified standards not likely to be
7 impacted by RFA3 from OAR 345 Chapter 22, for reference purposes only.

8
9 III.B.1 Protected Areas: OAR 345-022-0040

10
11 *(1) Except as provided in sections (2) and (3), the Council shall not issue a site certificate*
12 *for a proposed facility located in the areas listed below. To issue a site certificate for a*
13 *proposed facility located outside the areas listed below, the Council must find that,*
14 *taking into account mitigation, the design, construction and operation of the facility are*

1 *not likely to result in significant adverse impact to the areas listed below. References in*
2 *this rule to protected areas designated under federal or state statutes or regulations are*
3 *to the designations in effect as of May 11, 2007:*

4
5 *(a) National parks, including but not limited to Crater Lake National Park and Fort*
6 *Clatsop National Memorial;*

7
8 *(b) National monuments, including but not limited to John Day Fossil Bed National*
9 *Monument, Newberry National Volcanic Monument and Oregon Caves National*
10 *Monument;*

11
12 *(c) Wilderness areas established pursuant to The Wilderness Act, 16 U.S.C. 1131 et*
13 *seq. and areas recommended for designation as wilderness areas pursuant to 43*
14 *U.S.C. 1782;*

15
16 *(d) National and state wildlife refuges, including but not limited to Ankeny, Bandon*
17 *Marsh, Baskett Slough, Bear Valley, Cape Meares, Cold Springs, Deer Flat, Hart*
18 *Mountain, Julia Butler Hansen, Klamath Forest, Lewis and Clark, Lower Klamath,*
19 *Malheur, McKay Creek, Oregon Islands, Sheldon, Three Arch Rocks, Umatilla, Upper*
20 *Klamath, and William L. Finley;*

21
22 *(e) National coordination areas, including but not limited to Government Island,*
23 *Ochoco and Summer Lake;*

24
25 *(f) National and state fish hatcheries, including but not limited to Eagle Creek and*
26 *Warm Springs;*

27
28 *(g) National recreation and scenic areas, including but not limited to Oregon Dunes*
29 *National Recreation Area, Hell's Canyon National Recreation Area, and the Oregon*
30 *Cascades Recreation Area, and Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area;*

31
32 *(h) State parks and waysides as listed by the Oregon Department of Parks and*
33 *Recreation and the Willamette River Greenway;*

34
35 *(i) State natural heritage areas listed in the Oregon Register of Natural Heritage*
36 *Areas pursuant to ORS 273.581;*

37
38 *(j) State estuarine sanctuaries, including but not limited to South Slough Estuarine*
39 *Sanctuary, OAR Chapter 142;*

40
41 *(k) Scenic waterways designated pursuant to ORS 390.826, wild or scenic rivers*
42 *designated pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 1271 et seq., and those waterways and rivers listed*
43 *as potentials for designation;*
44

1 *(l) Experimental areas established by the Rangeland Resources Program, College of*
2 *Agriculture, Oregon State University: the Prineville site, the Burns (Squaw Butte) site,*
3 *the Starkey site and the Union site;*

4
5 *(m) Agricultural experimental stations established by the College of Agriculture,*
6 *Oregon State University, including but not limited to: Coastal Oregon Marine*
7 *Experiment Station, Astoria Mid-Columbia Agriculture Research and Extension*
8 *Center, Hood River Agriculture Research and Extension Center, Hermiston Columbia*
9 *Basin Agriculture Research Center, Pendleton Columbia Basin Agriculture Research*
10 *Center, Moro North Willamette Research and Extension Center, Aurora East Oregon*
11 *Agriculture Research Center, Union Malheur Experiment Station, Ontario Eastern*
12 *Oregon Agriculture Research Center, Burns Eastern Oregon Agriculture Research*
13 *Center, Squaw Butte Central Oregon Experiment Station, Madras Central Oregon*
14 *Experiment Station, Powell Butte Central Oregon Experiment Station, Redmond*
15 *Central Station, Corvallis Coastal Oregon Marine Experiment Station, Newport*
16 *Southern Oregon Experiment Station, Medford Klamath Experiment Station, Klamath*
17 *Falls;*

18
19 *(n) Research forests established by the College of Forestry, Oregon State University,*
20 *including but not limited to McDonald Forest, Paul M. Dunn Forest, the Blodgett*
21 *Tract in Columbia County, the Spaulding Tract in the Mary's Peak area and the*
22 *Marchel Tract;*

23
24 *(o) Bureau of Land Management areas of critical environmental concern,*
25 *outstanding natural areas and research natural areas;*

26
27 *(p) State wildlife areas and management areas identified in OAR chapter 635,*
28 *Division 8.*

29 *****

30 III.B.2 Retirement and Financial Assurance: OAR 345-022-0050

31
32 *To issue a site certificate, the Council must find that:*

33
34 *(1) The site, taking into account mitigation, can be restored adequately to a useful, non-*
35 *hazardous condition following permanent cessation of construction or operation of the*
36 *facility.*

37
38 *(2) The applicant has a reasonable likelihood of obtaining a bond or letter of credit in a form*
39 *and amount satisfactory to the Council to restore the site to a useful, non-hazardous*
40 *condition.*

1 III.B.3 Threatened and Endangered Species: OAR 345-022-0070

2
3 *To issue a site certificate, the Council, after consultation with appropriate state agencies,*
4 *must find that:*

5
6 *(1) For plant species that the Oregon Department of Agriculture has listed as*
7 *threatened or endangered under ORS 564.105(2), the design, construction and*
8 *operation of the proposed facility, taking into account mitigation:*

9
10 *(a) Are consistent with the protection and conservation program, if any, that the*
11 *Oregon Department of Agriculture has adopted under ORS 564.105(3); or*

12
13 *(b) If the Oregon Department of Agriculture has not adopted a protection and*
14 *conservation program, are not likely to cause a significant reduction in the*
15 *likelihood of survival or recovery of the species; and*

16
17 *(2) For wildlife species that the Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commission has listed as*
18 *threatened or endangered under ORS 496.172(2), the design, construction and*
19 *operation of the proposed facility, taking into account mitigation, are not likely to*
20 *cause a significant reduction in the likelihood of survival or recovery of the species.*
21

22 III.B.4 Scenic Resources: OAR 345-022-0080

23
24 *(1) Except for facilities described in section (2), to issue a site certificate, the Council*
25 *must find that the design, construction and operation of the facility, taking into*
26 *account mitigation, are not likely to result in significant adverse impact to scenic*
27 *resources and values identified as significant or important in local land use plans,*
28 *tribal land management plans and federal land management plans for any lands*
29 *located within the analysis area described in the project order.*

30
31 III.B.5 Historic, Cultural, and Archaeological Resources: OAR 345-022-0090

32
33 *(1) Except for facilities described in sections (2) and (3), to issue a site certificate, the*
34 *Council must find that the construction and operation of the facility, taking into account*
35 *mitigation, are not likely to result in significant adverse impacts to:*

36
37 *(a) Historic, cultural or archaeological resources that have been listed on, or would*
38 *likely be listed on the National Register of Historic Places;*

39
40 *(b) For a facility on private land, archaeological objects, as defined in ORS*
41 *358.905(1)(a), or archaeological sites, as defined in ORS 358.905(1)(c); and*

42
43 *(c) For a facility on public land, archaeological sites, as defined in ORS 358.905(1)(c).*

1
2 (2) *The Council may issue a site certificate for a facility that would produce power from*
3 *wind, solar or geothermal energy without making the findings described in section (1).*
4 *However, the Council may apply the requirements of section (1) to impose conditions on*
5 *a site certificate issued for such a facility.*

6 ***

7
8 III.B.6 Recreation: OAR 345-022-0100

9
10 (1) *Except for facilities described in section (2), to issue a site certificate, the Council must*
11 *find that the design, construction and operation of a facility, taking into account*
12 *mitigation, are not likely to result in a significant adverse impact to important*
13 *recreational opportunities in the analysis area as described in the project order. The*
14 *Council shall consider the following factors in judging the importance of a recreational*
15 *opportunity:*

16
17 (a) *Any special designation or management of the location;*

18 (b) *The degree of demand;*

19 (c) *Outstanding or unusual qualities;*

20 (d) *Availability or rareness;*

21 (e) *Irreplaceability or irretrievability of the opportunity.*

22 ***

23
24 III.B.7 Division 23 Standards

25
26 The Division 23 standards apply only to “nongenerating facilities” as defined in ORS
27 469.503(2)(e)(K), except nongenerating facilities that are related or supporting facilities. The
28 facility, with proposed changes, would not be a nongenerating facility as defined in statute and
29 therefore Division 23 is inapplicable to the facility, with proposed changes..

30
31 III.B.8 Siting Standards for Transmission Lines: OAR 345-024-0090

32
33 *To issue a site certificate for a facility that includes any transmission line under Council*
34 *jurisdiction, the Council must find that the applicant:*

35
36 (1) *Can design, construct and operate the proposed transmission line so that alternating*
37 *current electric fields do not exceed 9 kV per meter at one meter above the ground*
38 *surface in areas accessible to the public;*

39
40 (2) *Can design, construct and operate the proposed transmission line so that induced*
41 *currents resulting from the transmission line and related or supporting facilities will*
42 *be as low as reasonably achievable.*

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III.B.9 Removal-Fill

The Oregon Removal-Fill Law (ORS 196.795 through 196.990) and Department of State Lands (DSL) regulations (OAR 141-085-0500 through 141-085-0785) require a removal-fill permit if 50 cubic yards or more of material is removed, filled, or altered within any “waters of the state.”²⁷ The Council, in consultation with DSL, must determine whether a removal-fill permit is needed and if so, whether a removal-fill permit should be issued. A removal-fill permit is not required for RFA3 activities.

III.B.10 Water Rights

Under ORS Chapters 537 and 540 and OAR Chapter 690, the Oregon Water Resources Department (OWRD) administers water rights for appropriation and use of the water resources of the state. Under OAR 345-022-0000(1)(b), the Council must determine whether the facility would comply with these statutes and administrative rules. OAR 345-021-0010(1)(o)(F) requires that if a facility needs a groundwater permit, surface water permit, or water right transfer, that a decision on authorizing such a permit rests with the Council. No such water permit is required for RFA3 activities.

²⁷ ORS 196.800(15) defines “Waters of this state.” The term includes wetlands and certain other waterbodies.

1 **IV. FINAL CONCLUSIONS AND ORDER**

2
3 Based on the recommended findings and conclusions included in this order, the Council makes
4 the following findings:

- 5
6 1. The facility, with proposed changes included in Request for Amendment 3 of the
7 Shepherds Flat Central site certificate complies with the requirements of the Oregon
8 Energy Facility Siting Statutes, ORS 469.300 to 469.520.
9
10 2. The facility, with proposed changes included in Request for Amendment 3 of the
11 Shepherds Flat Central site certificate complies with the standards adopted by the
12 Council pursuant to ORS 469.501.
13
14 3. The facility, with proposed changes included in Request for Amendment 3 of the
15 Shepherds Flat Central site certificate complies with all other Oregon statutes and
16 administrative rules identified in the project order as applicable to the issuance of a
17 site certificate for the facility.
18

19 Accordingly, the Council finds that the Request for Amendment 3 of the Shepherds Flat Central
20 site certificate complies with the General Standard of Review (OAR 345-022-0000). The Council
21 finds, based on a preponderance of the evidence on the record, that the site certificate may be
22 amended as requested.
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1 **Final Order**

2

3 The Council approves Amendment 3 of the Shepherds Flat Central site certificate.

4

Issued this 24th day of January 2020

The OREGON ENERGY FACILITY SITING COUNCIL

By:  _____
Harley Jenkins II, Chair
Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council

5

6

7 Attachment A: Amended Site Certificate

8 Attachment B: Reviewing Agency Comments on preliminary RFA3

9 Attachment C: Draft Proposed Order Comments

10 Attachment D: Revegetation Plan

11 Attachment E: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

12 Attachment F: Habitat Mitigation Plan

Attachment A: Amended Site Certificate

**ENERGY FACILITY SITING COUNCIL
OF THE
STATE OF OREGON**

**Third Amended Site Certificate
for
Shepherds Flat Central**

ISSUANCE DATES

Site Certificate	July 25, 2008
First Amended Site Certificate	March 12, 2010
Second Amended Site Certificate	October 25, 2019
Third Amended Site Certificate	January 24, 2020

The Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council

FIRST AMENDED SITE CERTIFICATE FOR SHEPHERDS FLAT CENTRAL

I. INTRODUCTION

1 The Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council (Council) issues this amended site certificate
2 for the Shepherds Flat Central (the facility) in the manner authorized under ORS Chapter 469.
3 This amended site certificate is a binding agreement between the State of Oregon (State), acting
4 through the Council, and South Hurlburt Wind, LLC (certificate holder) authorizing the
5 certificate holder to construct and operate the facility in Gilliam County and Morrow County,
6 Oregon. [Amendment #1 for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm (SFWF), Amendment #2, Amendment #3]

7 The findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law underlying the terms and
8 conditions of this site certificate are set forth in the following documents, incorporated herein by
9 this reference: (a) the Council's *Final Order on the Application for the Shepherds Flat Wind*
10 *Farm* issued on July 25, 2008, (b) the *Final Order on Amendment #1 for the Shepherds Flat*
11 *Wind Farm*, (c) the *Final Order on Amendment #1 for Shepherds Flat Central*, (d) the *Final*
12 *Order on Amendment #2 for Shepherds Flat Central*, and (e) the *Final Order on Amendment #3*
13 *for Shepherds Flat Central*. In interpreting this amended site certificate, any ambiguity will be
14 clarified by reference to the following, in order of priority: (1) this Third Amended Site
15 Certificate, (2) the *Final Order on Amendment #3*, (3) the *Final Order on Amendment #2*, (4) the
16 *Final Order on Amendment #1*, (5) the *Final Order on Amendment #1 for the Shepherds Flat*
17 *Wind Farm*, (6) the *Final Order on the Application for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm* and (7)
18 the record of the proceedings that led to the Final Orders on the Application, Amendment #1,
19 Amendment #2, and Amendment #3 for the Shepherds Flat and Shepherds Flat Central Wind
20 Farm and to the *Final Order on Amendment #1 and #2*. [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1]

21 [Text added by Amendment #1 (SFWF) was removed by Amendment #1].

22 In interpreting this site certificate, any ambiguity will be clarified by reference to the
23 following, in order of priority: this Second Amended Site Certificate, Final Order on
24 Amendment #2, the Final Order on Amendment #1, the Final Order on the Application and the
25 record of the proceedings that led to the Final Orders on the Application and Amendments #1,
26 and #2. [Amendments #1, and #2]

27 The definitions in ORS 469.300 and OAR 345-001-0010 apply to terms used in this site
28 certificate, except where otherwise stated or where the context clearly indicates otherwise.

II. SITE CERTIFICATION

- 29 1. To the extent authorized by state law and subject to the conditions set forth herein, the State
30 authorizes the certificate holder to construct, operate and retire a wind energy facility,
31 together with certain related or supporting facilities, at the site in Gilliam County and
32 Morrow County, Oregon, as described in Section III of this site certificate. ORS 469.401(1).
- 33 2. This site certificate is effective until it is terminated under OAR 345-027-0110 or the rules in
34 effect on the date that termination is sought or until the site certificate is revoked under ORS
35 469.440 and OAR 345-029-0100 or the statutes and rules in effect on the date that revocation
36 is ordered. ORS 469.401(1).

- 1 3. This site certificate does not address, and is not binding with respect to, matters that were not
2 addressed in the Council’s Final Orders on the Application and Amendment #1 and
3 Amendment #2 for the Shepherds Flat and Shepherds Flat Central Wind Farm and in the
4 *Final Order on Amendment #1, Final Order on Amendment #2, and Final Order on*
5 *Amendment #3*. Such matters include, but are not limited to: building code compliance, wage,
6 hour and other labor regulations, local government fees and charges and other design or
7 operational issues that do not relate to siting the facility (ORS 469.401(4)) and permits issued
8 under statutes and rules for which the decision on compliance has been delegated by the
9 federal government to a state agency other than the Council. 469.503(3). [Amendment #1
10 (SFWF); Amendment #1, Amendment #3]
- 11 4. Both the State and the certificate holder shall abide by local ordinances, state law and the
12 rules of the Council in effect on the date this site certificate is executed. ORS 469.401(2). In
13 addition, upon a clear showing of a significant threat to public health, safety or the
14 environment that requires application of later-adopted laws or rules, the Council may require
15 compliance with such later-adopted laws or rules. ORS 469.401(2).
- 16 5. For a permit, license or other approval addressed in and governed by this site certificate, the
17 certificate holder shall comply with applicable state and federal laws adopted in the future to
18 the extent that such compliance is required under the respective state agency statutes and
19 rules. ORS 469.401(2).
- 20 6. Subject to the conditions herein, this site certificate binds the State and all counties, cities and
21 political subdivisions in Oregon as to the approval of the site and the construction, operation
22 and retirement of the facility as to matters that are addressed in and governed by this site
23 certificate. ORS 469.401(3).
- 24 7. Each affected state agency, county, city and political subdivision in Oregon with authority to
25 issue a permit, license or other approval addressed in or governed by this site certificate shall,
26 upon submission of the proper application and payment of the proper fees, but without
27 hearings or other proceedings, issue such permit, license or other approval subject only to
28 conditions set forth in this site certificate. ORS 469.401(3).
- 29 8. After issuance of this site certificate, each state agency or local government agency that
30 issues a permit, license or other approval for the facility shall continue to exercise
31 enforcement authority over such permit, license or other approval. ORS 469.401(3).
- 32 9. After issuance of this site certificate, the Council shall have continuing authority over the site
33 and may inspect, or direct the Oregon Department of Energy (Department) to inspect, or
34 request another state agency or local government to inspect, the site at any time in order to
35 ensure that the facility is being operated consistently with the terms and conditions of this
36 site certificate. ORS 469.430.

III. DESCRIPTION

1. The Facility

(a) The Energy Facility

37 The energy facility is an electric power generating facility that produces power from
38 wind energy. The facility consists of not more than 116 wind turbines. The energy facility is
39 described further in the *Final Order on Amendment #1 for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm*, in the

1 *Final Order on Amendment #1 for the Shepherds Flat Central, in the Final Order on Amendment*
2 *#2, and in the Final Order on Amendment #3 for Shepherds Flat Central.* [Amendment #1 (SFWF);
3 Amendment #1] Request for Amendment #2 approves O&M demonstration activities for two
4 specific wind turbines (T368 and T370). The demonstration activities include replacing the wind
5 turbine blades and modifying the nacelles. [Amendment #2]

6 **Wind Turbine Repower**

7 Wind turbine repowering includes removal and replacement of wind turbine blades and
8 associated wind turbine components on existing turbine towers. Wind turbine repowering
9 requires trucks, small cranes or telehandlers, and a track mounted crane. Trucks deliver new
10 wind turbine components to wind turbine pad sites, and transport the old components offsite for
11 proper disposal or recycling at a licensed facility. Once the new wind turbine components are
12 delivered via truck to each pad site, smaller cranes or telehandlers unload and stage the
13 components. A track mounted crane then mobilizes to the turbine pad area, setting up on the
14 access road adjacent the turbine, and lowers the old rotor down to the pad site for disassembly,
15 followed by the old gearbox. Once disassembled, the old components are staged for truck
16 removal. The track mounted crane then lifts the new gearbox and rotor into place. Once,
17 complete, the track mounted crane advances to the next wind turbine, and the process is repeated.
18

19 The RFA3 facility repower activity results in approximately 150 acres of temporary disturbance
20 from temporary access roads, road improvements and laydown areas.
21 [Amendment #3]

(b) Related or Supporting Facilities

22 The facility includes the following related or supporting facilities described below and in
23 greater detail in the *Final Order on Amendment #1 for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm* and in the
24 *Final Order on Amendment #1*:

- 25 • Power Collection System
- 26 • Collector Substation
- 27 • Meteorological towers
- 28 • Field workshop
- 29 • Control system
- 30 • Access roads
- 31 • Additional construction areas

32 [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1]

33 **Power Collection System**

34 A power collection system operating at 34.5 kilovolts (kV) transports power from each
35 turbine to a collector substation. To the extent practicable, the collection system is installed
36 underground at a depth of at least three feet. Segments of the collector system are aboveground.
37 Aboveground segments are installed on single-pole, cross-arm structures. [Amendment #1]

38 **Collector Substations and Interconnection**

39 The facility includes a collector substation. The facility includes a 230-kV transmission
40 line between the substation and the interconnection site. The interconnection site is located at the
41 Bonneville Power Administration Slatt Switching Station. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

1 **Meteorological Towers**

2 The facility includes two permanent meteorological (met) towers. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

3 **Field Workshop**

4 The facility includes a field workshop. Including fenced areas, the field workshop
5 occupies about 1.6 acres. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

6 **Control System**

7 A fiber optic communications network links the control panels within each wind turbine
8 to a host computer located in the field workshop. Supervisory, Control and Data Acquisition
9 (SCADA) systems at the field workshop collect operating and performance data from the
10 turbines and the facility’s met towers. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

11 **Access Roads**

12 The facility includes up to 33 miles of new roads that provide access to the turbine
13 strings. The access roads connect to graveled turbine turnouts at the base of each turbine.
14 [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1]

15 **Temporary Construction Areas**

16 During construction, the facility includes temporary laydown areas used to stage
17 construction and store supplies and equipment. The facility includes construction crane paths to
18 move construction cranes between turbine strings.

2. Location of the Facility

19 The facility is located in Morrow County and Gilliam County south of Interstate
20 Highway 84 and east of Arlington, Oregon, between State Highways 19 and 74. The facility is
21 located entirely on private land subject to long-term wind energy leases. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

IV. CONDITIONS REQUIRED BY COUNCIL RULES

22 This section lists conditions required by OAR 345-025-0006 (Mandatory Conditions in
23 Site Certificates), OAR 345-025-0010 (Site Specific Conditions), OAR 345-025-0016
24 (Monitoring and Mitigation Conditions) and OAR Chapter 345, Division 26 (Construction and
25 Operation Rules for Facilities). These conditions should be read together with the specific
26 facility conditions listed in Section V to ensure compliance with the siting standards of OAR
27 Chapter 345, Divisions 22 and 24, and to protect the public health and safety. In these conditions,
28 the definitions in OAR 345-001-0010 apply.

29 The obligation of the certificate holder to report information to the Department or the
30 Council under the conditions listed in this section and in Section V is subject to the provisions of
31 ORS 192.502 *et seq.* and ORS 469.560. To the extent permitted by law, the Department and the
32 Council will not publicly disclose information that may be exempt from public disclosure if the
33 certificate holder has clearly labeled such information and stated the basis for the exemption at
34 the time of submitting the information to the Department or the Council. If the Council or the
35 Department receives a request for the disclosure of the information, the Council or the
36 Department, as appropriate, will make a reasonable attempt to notify the certificate holder and
37 will refer the matter to the Attorney General for a determination of whether the exemption is
38 applicable, pursuant to ORS 192.450.

1 In addition to these conditions, the site certificate holder is subject to all conditions and
2 requirements contained in the rules of the Council and in local ordinances and state law in effect
3 on the date the certificate is executed. Under ORS 469.401(2), upon a clear showing of a
4 significant threat to the public health, safety or the environment that requires application of later-
5 adopted laws or rules, the Council may require compliance with such later-adopted laws or rules.

6 The Council recognizes that many specific tasks related to the design, construction,
7 operation and retirement of the facility will be undertaken by the certificate holder's agents or
8 contractors. Nevertheless, the certificate holder is responsible for ensuring compliance with all
9 provisions of the site certificate.

10 1 The Council shall not change the conditions of the site certificate except as provided for in
11 OAR Chapter 345, Division 27.

12 2 The certificate holder shall submit a legal description of the site to the Department of
13 Energy within 90 days after beginning operation of the facility. The legal description
14 required by this rule means a description of metes and bounds or a description of the site by
15 reference to a map and geographic data that clearly and specifically identifies the outer
16 boundaries that contain all parts of the facility.

17 3 The certificate holder shall design, construct, operate and retire the facility:

18 (a) Substantially as described in the site certificate;

19 (b) In compliance with the requirements of ORS Chapter 469, applicable Council rules,
20 and applicable state and local laws, rules and ordinances in effect at the time the site
21 certificate is issued; and

22 (c) In compliance with all applicable permit requirements of other state agencies.

23 4 The certificate holder shall begin and complete construction of the facility by the dates
24 specified in the site certificate. (*See Conditions 24 and 25.*)

25 5 Except as necessary for the initial survey or as otherwise allowed for wind energy facilities
26 or transmission lines under this section, the certificate holder shall not begin construction,
27 as defined in OAR 345-001-0010, or create a clearing on any part of the site until the
28 certificate holder has construction rights on all parts of the site. For the purpose of this rule,
29 "construction rights" means the legal right to engage in construction activities. For wind
30 energy facilities and transmission lines, if the certificate holder does not have construction
31 rights on all parts of the site, the certificate holder may nevertheless begin construction, as
32 defined in OAR 345-001-0010, or create a clearing on a part of the site if the certificate
33 holder has construction rights on that part of the site and:

34 (a) The certificate holder would construct and operate part of the facility on that part of
35 the site even if a change in the planned route of the transmission line occurs during the
36 certificate holder's negotiations to acquire construction rights on another part of the site; or

37 (b) The certificate holder would construct and operate part of a wind energy facility on
38 that part of the site even if other parts of the facility were modified by amendment of the
39 site certificate or were not built.

40 6 If the certificate holder becomes aware of a significant environmental change or impact
41 attributable to the facility, the certificate holder shall, as soon as possible, submit a written
42 report to the Department describing the impact on the facility and any affected site
43 certificate conditions. [Amendment #3]

- 1 7 The certificate holder shall prevent the development of any conditions on the site that
2 would preclude restoration of the site to a useful, non-hazardous condition to the extent that
3 prevention of such site conditions is within the control of the certificate holder.
- 4 8 Before beginning construction of the facility, the certificate holder shall submit to the State
5 of Oregon, through the Council, a bond or letter of credit, in a form and amount satisfactory
6 to the Council to restore the site to a useful, non-hazardous condition. The certificate holder
7 shall maintain a bond or letter of credit in effect at all times until the facility has been
8 retired. The Council may specify different amounts for the bond or letter of credit during
9 construction and during operation of the facility. (*See Condition 30.*)
- 10 9 The certificate holder shall retire the facility if the certificate holder permanently ceases
11 construction or operation of the facility. The certificate holder shall retire the facility
12 according to a final retirement plan approved by the Council, as described in OAR 345-
13 027-0110. The certificate holder shall pay the actual cost to restore the site to a useful, non-
14 hazardous condition at the time of retirement, notwithstanding the Council’s approval in the
15 site certificate of an estimated amount required to restore the site.
- 16 10 The Council shall include as conditions in the site certificate all representations in the site
17 certificate application and supporting record the Council deems to be binding commitments
18 made by the applicant.
- 19 11 Upon completion of construction, the certificate holder shall restore vegetation to the extent
20 practicable and shall landscape all areas disturbed by construction in a manner compatible
21 with the surroundings and proposed use. Upon completion of construction, the certificate
22 holder shall remove all temporary structures not required for facility operation and dispose
23 of all timber, brush, refuse and flammable or combustible material resulting from clearing
24 of land and construction of the facility.
- 25 12 The certificate holder shall design, engineer and construct the facility to avoid dangers to
26 human safety and the environment presented by seismic hazards affecting the site that are
27 expected to result from all maximum probable seismic events. As used in this rule “seismic
28 hazard” includes ground shaking, ground failure, landslide, liquefaction triggering and
29 consequences (including flow failure, settlement buoyancy, and lateral spreading), cyclic
30 softening of clays and silts, fault rupture, directivity effects and soil-structure interaction.
31 For coastal sites, this also includes tsunami hazards and seismically-induced coastal
32 subsidence. [Amendment #2]
- 33 13 The certificate holder shall notify the Department, the State Building Codes Division and
34 the Department of Geology and Mineral Industries promptly if site investigations or
35 trenching reveal that conditions in the foundation rocks differ significantly from those
36 described in the application for a site certificate. After the Department receives the notice,
37 the Council may require the certificate holder to consult with the Department of Geology
38 and Mineral Industries and the Building Codes Division and to propose and implement
39 corrective or mitigation actions. [Amendment #3]
- 40 14 The certificate holder shall notify the Department, the State Building Codes Division and
41 the Department of Geology and Mineral Industries promptly if shear zones, artesian
42 aquifers, deformations or clastic dikes are found at or in the vicinity of the site. After the
43 Department receives notice, the Council may require the certificate holder to consult with

1 the Department of Geology and Mineral Industries and the Building Codes Division to
2 propose and implement corrective or mitigation actions. [Amendment #2]

3 15 Before any transfer of ownership of the facility or ownership of the site certificate holder,
4 the certificate holder shall inform the Department of the proposed new owners. The
5 requirements of OAR 345-027-0100 apply to any transfer of ownership that requires a
6 transfer of the site certificate.

7 16 If the Council finds that the certificate holder has permanently ceased construction or
8 operation of the facility without retiring the facility according to a final retirement plan
9 approved by the Council, as described in OAR 345-027-0110, the Council shall notify the
10 certificate holder and request that the certificate holder submit a proposed final retirement
11 plan to the Office within a reasonable time not to exceed 90 days. If the certificate holder
12 does not submit a proposed final retirement plan by the specified date, the Council may
13 direct the Department to prepare a proposed final retirement plan for the Council's
14 approval. Upon the Council's approval of the final retirement plan, the Council may draw
15 on the bond or letter of credit described in OAR 345-027-0020(8) to restore the site to a
16 useful, non-hazardous condition according to the final retirement plan, in addition to any
17 penalties the Council may impose under OAR Chapter 345, Division 29. If the amount of
18 the bond or letter of credit is insufficient to pay the actual cost of retirement, the certificate
19 holder shall pay any additional cost necessary to restore the site to a useful, non-hazardous
20 condition. After completion of site restoration, the Council shall issue an order to terminate
21 the site certificate if the Council finds that the facility has been retired according to the
22 approved final retirement plan.

23 17 If the facility includes any transmission line under Council jurisdiction:

24 (a) The certificate holder shall design, construct and operate the transmission line in
25 accordance with the requirements of the National Electrical Safety Code (American
26 National Standards Institute, Section C2, 1997 Edition); and

27 (b) The certificate holder shall develop and implement a program that provides
28 reasonable assurance that all fences, gates, cattle guards, trailers, or other objects or
29 structures of a permanent nature that could become inadvertently charged with electricity
30 are grounded or bonded throughout the life of the line.

31 18 If the proposed energy facility has, as a related or supporting facility, a transmission line,
32 the Council shall specify an approved corridor in the site certificate and shall allow the
33 certificate holder to construct the transmission line anywhere within the corridor, subject to
34 the conditions of the site certificate. If the applicant has analyzed more than one corridor in
35 its application for a site certificate, the Council may, subject to the Council's standards,
36 approve more than one corridor. [Amendment #3]

37 19 In the site certificate, the Council shall include conditions that address monitoring and
38 mitigation to ensure compliance with the standards contained in OAR Chapter 345,
39 Division 22 and Division 24. The site certificate applicant, or for an amendment, the
40 certificate holder, shall develop proposed monitoring and mitigation plans in consultation
41 with the Department and, as appropriate, other state agencies, local governments and tribes.
42 Monitoring and mitigation plans are subject to Council approval. The Council shall
43 incorporate approved monitoring and mitigation plans in applicable site certificate
44 conditions.

1 20 Following receipt of the site certificate or an amended site certificate, the certificate holder
2 shall implement a plan that verifies compliance with all site certificate terms and conditions
3 and applicable statutes and rules. As a part of the compliance plan, to verify compliance
4 with the requirement to begin construction by the date specified in the site certificate, the
5 certificate holder shall report promptly to the Department of Energy when construction
6 begins. Construction is defined in OAR 345-001-0010. In reporting the beginning of
7 construction, the certificate holder shall describe all work on the site performed before
8 beginning construction, including work performed before the Council issued the site
9 certificate, and shall state the cost of that work. For the purpose of this exhibit, “work on
10 the site” means any work within a site or corridor, other than surveying, exploration or
11 other activities to define or characterize the site or corridor. The certificate holder shall
12 document the compliance plan and maintain it for inspection by the Department or the
13 Council.

14 21 The certificate holder shall report according to the following requirements:

15 (a) General reporting obligation for energy facilities under construction or operating:

16 (i) Within six months after beginning construction, and every six months thereafter
17 during construction of the energy facility and related or supporting facilities, the certificate
18 holder shall submit a semiannual construction progress report to the Department of Energy.
19 In each construction progress report, the certificate holder shall describe any significant
20 changes to major milestones for construction. The certificate holder shall include such
21 information related to construction as specified in the site certificate. When the reporting
22 date coincides, the certificate holder may include the construction progress report within the
23 annual report described in OAR 345-026-0080.

24 (ii) By April 30 of each year after beginning construction, the certificate holder shall
25 submit an annual report to the Department addressing the subjects listed in OAR 345-026-
26 0080. The Council Secretary and the certificate holder may, by mutual agreement, change
27 the reporting date.

28 (iii) To the extent that information required by OAR 345-026-0080 is contained in
29 reports the certificate holder submits to other state, federal or local agencies, the certificate
30 holder may submit excerpts from such other reports to satisfy this rule. The Council
31 reserves the right to request full copies of such excerpted reports.

32 (b) In the annual report, the certificate holder shall include the following information for
33 the calendar year preceding the date of the report:

34 (i) Facility Status: An overview of site conditions, the status of facilities under
35 construction, and a summary of the operating experience of facilities that are in operation.
36 In this section of the annual report, the certificate holder shall describe any unusual events,
37 such as earthquakes, extraordinary windstorms, major accidents or the like that occurred
38 during the year and that had a significant adverse impact on the facility.

39 (ii) Reliability and Efficiency of Power Production: For electric power plants, the
40 plant availability and capacity factors for the reporting year. The certificate holder shall
41 describe any equipment failures or plant breakdowns that had a significant impact on those
42 factors and shall describe any actions taken to prevent the recurrence of such problems.

43 (iii) Status of Surety Information: Documentation demonstrating that bonds or letters
44 of credit as described in the site certificate are in full force and effect and will remain in full
45 force and effect for the term of the next reporting period.

1 (iv) Monitoring Report: A list and description of all significant monitoring and
2 mitigation activities performed during the previous year in accordance with site certificate
3 terms and conditions, a summary of the results of those activities and a discussion of any
4 significant changes to any monitoring or mitigation program, including the reason for any
5 such changes.

6 (v) Compliance Report: A description of all instances of noncompliance with a site
7 certificate condition. For ease of review, the certificate holder shall, in this section of the
8 report, use numbered subparagraphs corresponding to the applicable sections of the site
9 certificate.

10 (vi) Facility Modification Report: A summary of changes to the facility that the
11 certificate holder has determined do not require a site certificate amendment in accordance
12 with OAR 345-027-0350. [Amendment #3]
13

14 22 The certificate holder and the Department of Energy shall exchange copies of all
15 correspondence or summaries of correspondence related to compliance with statutes, rules
16 and local ordinances on which the Council determined compliance, except for material
17 withheld from public disclosure under state or federal law or under Council rules. The
18 certificate holder may submit abstracts of reports in place of full reports; however, the
19 certificate holder shall provide full copies of abstracted reports and any summarized
20 correspondence at the request of the Department.

21 23 The certificate holder shall notify the Department of Energy within 72 hours of any
22 occurrence involving the facility if:

23 (a) There is an attempt by anyone to interfere with its safe operation;

24 (b) A natural event such as an earthquake, flood, tsunami or tornado, or a human-caused
25 event such as a fire or explosion affects or threatens to affect the public health and safety or
26 the environment; or

27 (c) There is any fatal injury at the facility.

V. SPECIFIC FACILITY CONDITIONS

28 The conditions listed in this section include conditions based on representations in the
29 site certificate application and supporting record. These conditions are required under OAR 345-
30 025-0006(10). The certificate holder must comply with these conditions in addition to the
31 conditions listed in Section VI. This section includes other specific facility conditions the
32 Council finds necessary to ensure compliance with the siting standards of OAR Chapter 345,
33 Divisions 22 and 24, and to protect the public health and safety. For conditions that require
34 subsequent review and approval of a future action, ORS 469.402 authorizes the Council to
35 delegate the future review and approval to the Department if, in the Council's discretion, the
36 delegation is warranted under the circumstances of the case.

1. Certificate Administration Conditions

37 24 The certificate holder shall begin construction of the facility by July 25, 2011. The Council
38 may grant an extension of the deadline to begin construction in accordance with OAR 345-
39 027-0030 or any successor rule in effect at the time the request for extension is submitted.
40 [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

1 25 The certificate holder shall complete construction of the facility by July 25, 2014.
2 Construction is complete when: 1) the facility is substantially complete as defined by the
3 certificate holder's construction contract documents, 2) acceptance testing has been
4 satisfactorily completed and 3) the energy facility is ready to begin continuous operation
5 consistent with the site certificate. The certificate holder shall promptly notify the
6 Department of the date of completion of construction. The Council may grant an extension
7 of the deadline for completing construction in accordance with OAR 345-027-0030 or any
8 successor rule in effect at the time the request for extension is submitted. [Amendment #1
9 (SFWF)]

10 26 The certificate holder shall construct a facility substantially as described in the site
11 certificate and may select turbines of any type, subject to the following restrictions and
12 compliance with all other site certificate conditions. Before beginning construction, the
13 certificate holder shall provide to the Department a description of the turbine types selected
14 for the facility demonstrating compliance with this condition.

15 (a) The total number of turbines at the facility must not exceed 116 turbines.

16 (b) The turbine hub height must not exceed 105 meters and the maximum blade tip height
17 must not exceed 150 meters.

18 (c) The minimum blade tip clearance must be 25 meters above ground. Repowered
19 turbines that comply with the setback requirements of Condition 40 must have a minimum
20 blade tip clearance of 21.5 meters above ground.

21 (d) The maximum volume of concrete above three feet below grade in the turbine
22 foundations must not exceed 66 cubic yards.

23 (e) The maximum combined weight of metals in the tower (including ladders and
24 platforms) and nacelle must not exceed 393 U.S. tons per turbine.

25 (f) The certificate holder shall request an amendment of the site certificate to increase the
26 number of wind turbines to more than 116 wind turbines or to install wind turbines with a
27 hub height greater than 105 meters, a blade tip height greater than 150 meters or a blade tip
28 clearance less than 21.5 meters above ground.

29 [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1, Amendment #2, Amendment #3]

30 27 The certificate holder shall obtain all necessary federal, state and local permits or approvals
31 required for construction, operation and retirement of the facility or ensure that its
32 contractors obtain the necessary federal, state and local permits or approvals.

33 28 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall notify the Department in advance
34 of any work on the site that does not meet the definition of "construction" in ORS 469.300,
35 excluding surveying, exploration or other activities to define or characterize the site, and
36 shall provide to the Department a description of the work and evidence that its value is less
37 than \$250,000.

38 29 Before beginning construction and after considering all micro-siting factors, the certificate
39 holder shall provide to the Department, to the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife
40 (ODFW) and to the Planning Directors of Morrow County and Gilliam County detailed
41 maps of the facility site, showing the final locations where the certificate holder proposes to
42 build facility components, and a table showing the acres of temporary and permanent
43 habitat impact by habitat category and subtype, similar to Table 9 in the Final Order on
44 Amendment #1 for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm. The detailed maps of the facility site
45 shall indicate the habitat categories of all areas that would be affected during construction

1 (similar to the maps labeled “ODFW-2” in the site certificate application for the Shepherds
2 Flat Wind Farm). In classifying the affected habitat into habitat categories, the certificate
3 holder shall consult with the ODFW. The certificate holder shall not begin ground
4 disturbance in an affected area until the habitat assessment has been approved by the
5 Department. The Department may employ a qualified contractor to confirm the habitat
6 assessment by on-site inspection. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

7 30 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall submit to the State of Oregon
8 through the Council a bond or letter of credit in the amount described herein naming the
9 State of Oregon, acting by and through the Council, as beneficiary or payee. The initial
10 bond or letter of credit amount is either \$9.076 million (1st Quarter 2010 dollars), to be
11 adjusted to the date of issuance as described in (b), or the amount determined as described
12 in (a). The certificate holder shall adjust the amount of the bond or letter of credit on an
13 annual basis thereafter as described in (b).

14 (a) The certificate holder may adjust the amount of the bond or letter of credit based on
15 the final design configuration of the facility and turbine types selected by applying the unit
16 costs and general costs illustrated in Table 2 in the Final Order on the Amendment #1 for
17 the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm and calculating the financial assurance amount as described
18 in that order, adjusted to the date of issuance as described in (b) and subject to approval by
19 the Department.

20 (b) The certificate holder shall adjust the amount of the bond or letter of credit, using the
21 following calculation and subject to approval by the Department:

22 (i) Adjust the Subtotal component of the bond or letter of credit amount (expressed in
23 3rd Quarter 2009 dollars) to present value, using the U.S. Gross Domestic Product Implicit
24 Price Deflator, Chain-Weight, as published in the Oregon Department of Administrative
25 Services’ “Oregon Economic and Revenue Forecast” or by any successor agency (the
26 “Index”) and using the index value for 3rd Quarter 2009 dollars and the quarterly index
27 value for the date of issuance of the new bond or letter of credit. If at any time the Index is
28 no longer published, the Council shall select a comparable calculation to adjust 3rd Quarter
29 2009 dollars to present value.

30 (ii) Add 1 percent of the adjusted Subtotal (i) for the adjusted performance bond
31 amount to determine the adjusted Gross Cost.

32 (iii) Add 10 percent of the adjusted Gross Cost (ii) for the adjusted administration and
33 project management costs and 10 percent of the adjusted Gross Cost (ii) for the adjusted
34 future developments contingency.

35 (iv) Add the adjusted Gross Cost (ii) to the sum of the percentages (iii) and round the
36 resulting total to the nearest \$1,000 to determine the adjusted financial assurance amount.

37 (c) The certificate holder shall use a form of bond or letter of credit approved by the
38 Council.

39 (d) The certificate holder shall use an issuer of the bond or letter of credit approved by
40 the Council.

41 (e) The certificate holder shall describe the status of the bond or letter of credit in the
42 annual report submitted to the Council under Condition 21.

43 (f) The bond or letter of credit shall not be subject to revocation or reduction before
44 retirement of the facility site.

45 [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1]

- 1 31 If the certificate holder elects to use a bond to meet the requirements of Condition 30, the
2 certificate holder shall ensure that the surety is obligated to comply with the requirements
3 of applicable statutes, Council rules and this site certificate when the surety exercises any
4 legal or contractual right it may have to assume construction, operation or retirement of the
5 energy facility. The certificate holder shall also ensure that the surety is obligated to notify
6 the Council that it is exercising such rights and to obtain any Council approvals required by
7 applicable statutes, Council rules and this site certificate before the surety commences any
8 activity to complete construction, operate or retire the energy facility.
- 9 32 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall notify the Department of the
10 identity and qualifications of the major design, engineering and construction contractor(s)
11 for the facility. The certificate holder shall select contractors that have substantial
12 experience in the design, engineering and construction of similar facilities. The certificate
13 holder shall report to the Department any change of major contractors.
- 14 33 The certificate holder shall contractually require all construction contractors and
15 subcontractors involved in the construction of the facility to comply with all applicable
16 laws and regulations and with the terms and conditions of the site certificate. Such
17 contractual provisions shall not operate to relieve the certificate holder of responsibility
18 under the site certificate.
- 19 34 During construction, the certificate holder shall have a full-time, on-site assistant
20 construction manager who is qualified in environmental compliance to ensure compliance
21 with all site certificate conditions. The certificate holder shall notify the Department of the
22 name, telephone number and e-mail address of this person.
- 23 35 Within 72 hours after discovery of conditions or circumstances that may violate the terms
24 or conditions of the site certificate, the certificate holder shall report the conditions or
25 circumstances to the Department.

2. Land Use Conditions

- 26 36 The certificate holder shall consult with area landowners and lessees during construction
27 and operation of the facility and shall implement measures to reduce or avoid any adverse
28 impacts to farm practices on surrounding lands and to avoid any increase in farming costs.
- 29 37 The certificate holder shall design and construct the facility using the minimum land area
30 necessary for safe construction and operation. The certificate holder shall locate access
31 roads and temporary construction laydown and staging areas to minimize disturbance with
32 farming practices and, wherever feasible, shall place turbines and transmission
33 interconnection lines along the margins of cultivated areas to reduce the potential for
34 conflict with farm operations.
- 35 38 During construction and operation of the facility, the certificate holder shall implement a
36 plan to control the introduction and spread of noxious weeds. The certificate shall develop
37 the weed control plan consistent with the Gilliam County and Morrow County Weed
38 Control Programs.
- 39 39 Before beginning construction of the facility, the certificate holder shall record in the real
40 property records of Gilliam County a Covenant Not to Sue with regard to generally

1 accepted farming practices on adjacent farmland consistent with Gilliam County Zoning
2 Ordinance 7.020(T)(4)(a)(5).

3 40 The certificate holder shall construct all facility components in compliance with the
4 following setback requirements:

5 (a) All facility components must be at least 3,520 feet from the property line of properties
6 zoned residential use or designated in the Gilliam County Comprehensive Plan as
7 residential.

8 (b) Where (a) does not apply, the certificate holder shall maintain a minimum distance of
9 110-percent of maximum blade tip height, measured from the centerline of the turbine
10 tower to the nearest edge of any public road right-of-way. The certificate holder shall
11 assume a minimum right-of-way width of 60 feet.

12 (c) Where (a) does not apply, the certificate holder shall maintain a minimum distance of
13 1,320 feet, measured from the centerline of the turbine tower to the center of the nearest
14 residence existing at the time of tower construction.

15 (d) Where (a) does not apply, the certificate holder shall maintain a minimum distance of
16 110-percent of maximum blade tip height, measured from the centerline of the turbine
17 tower to the nearest boundary of the certificate holder's lease area, except as provided in
18 (e).

19 (e) The turbine tower setback distance described in (d) does not apply to the two isolated
20 areas excluded from the certificate holder's lease with the landowner identified as "Area A"
21 and "Area B" in the *Final Order on Amendment #1*.

22 [Amendment #1]

23 41 Within 90 days after beginning operation, the certificate holder shall provide to the
24 Department and to the Planning Directors of Gilliam County and Morrow County the actual
25 latitude and longitude location or Stateplane NAD 83(91) coordinates of each turbine
26 tower, connecting lines and transmission lines. In addition, the certificate holder shall
27 provide to the Department and to the Planning Directors of Gilliam County and Morrow
28 County, a summary of as-built changes in the facility compared to the original plan, if any.

29 42 The certificate holder shall install gates on all private facility access roads in Gilliam
30 County, in accordance with Gilliam County Zoning Ordinance Section 7.020(T)(4)(d)(6).

3. Cultural Resource Conditions

31 43 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall provide to the Department a map
32 showing the final design locations of all components of the facility and areas that would be
33 temporarily disturbed during construction. In addition, the certificate holder shall comply
34 with the following requirements:

35 (a) The certificate holder shall avoid disturbance within a 30-meter buffer around the
36 prehistoric archaeological sites and historic-period archaeological sites within the facility
37 boundary identified by AINW as "possibly eligible" for listing in the National Register of
38 Historic Places (NRHP) as described in the Final Order on the Application for the
39 Shepherds Flat Wind Farm.

40 (b) The certificate holder shall avoid disturbance of the stacked rock features within the
41 facility boundary identified by AINW as "possibly eligible" for listing in the NRHP as
42 described in the Final Order on the Application for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm and
43 shall, to the extent practicable, maintain a 30-meter no-construction buffer around these

1 features. If a 30-meter buffer cannot be maintained, the certificate holder shall consult with
2 the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and the Department to determine appropriate
3 action to preserve or document the feature.

4 (c) The certificate holder shall label “no entry” areas around all identified historic,
5 cultural or archaeological resource sites on construction maps and drawings, and if
6 construction activities will occur within 200 feet of an identified site, the certificate holder
7 shall flag a 30-meter buffer around the site.

8 (d) The certificate holder shall hire qualified personnel to conduct pre-construction field
9 investigation for historic, cultural or archaeological resources in any areas of potential
10 construction disturbance that AINW did not previously survey.

11 (e) The certificate holder shall provide written reports of the field investigation required
12 under (d) to the Department and to the SHPO. If any historic, cultural or archaeological
13 resources are found that the SHPO determines to be significant, the certificate holder shall
14 consult with the Department and the SHPO to develop plan to avoid disturbance of the
15 resources during construction and operation of the facility. The certificate holder shall
16 instruct all construction personnel to avoid areas where the resources were found and shall
17 implement other appropriate measures to protect the resources.

18 [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

19 44 The certificate holder shall ensure that a qualified archeologist, as defined in OAR 736-051-
20 0070, instructs construction personnel in the identification of cultural materials and
21 avoidance of accidental damage to identified resource sites.

22 45 The certificate holder shall ensure that construction personnel cease all ground-disturbing
23 activities in the immediate area if any archaeological or cultural resources are found during
24 construction of the facility until a qualified archeologist can evaluate the significance of the
25 find. The certificate holder shall notify the Department and the State Historic Preservation
26 Office (SHPO) of the find. If the SHPO determines that the resource is significant, the
27 certificate holder shall make recommendations to the Council for mitigation, including
28 avoidance, field documentation and data recovery, in consultation with the Department,
29 SHPO, interested tribes and other appropriate parties. The certificate holder shall not restart
30 work in the affected area until the certificate holder has demonstrated to the Department
31 and the SHPO that it has complied with archaeological resource protection regulations.

32 46 In reference to the presumed alignments of the Oregon Trail described in the Final Order on
33 the Application, the certificate holder shall comply with the following requirements:

34 (a) The certificate holder shall not locate facility components on visible remnants of the
35 Oregon Trail and shall avoid any construction disturbance to those remnants.

36 (b) The certificate holder shall not locate facility components on undeveloped land where
37 the trail alignment was marked by existing Oregon-California Trail Association markers as
38 described in the October 2007 Archaeological Investigations Northwest, Inc. report (No.
39 2012) on the Oregon Trail.

40 (c) Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall provide to the State Historic
41 Preservation Office (SHPO) and to the Department photographic documentation of the
42 presumed Oregon Trail alignments within the site boundary.

43 (d) The certificate holder shall ensure that construction personnel proceed carefully in the
44 vicinity of the presumed alignments of the Oregon Trail. If any intact physical evidence of
45 the trail is discovered, the certificate holder shall avoid any disturbance to the intact

1 segments, by redesign, re-engineering or restricting the area of construction activity. The
2 certificate holder shall promptly notify the SHPO and the Department of the discovery. The
3 certificate holder shall consult with the SHPO and the Department to determine appropriate
4 mitigation measures.

4. Geotechnical Conditions

5 47 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall conduct a site-specific
6 geotechnical investigation and shall report its findings to the Oregon Department of
7 Geology & Mineral Industries (DOGAMI) and the Department. The certificate holder shall
8 conduct the geotechnical investigation after consultation with DOGAMI and in general
9 accordance with DOGAMI open file report 00-04 “Guidelines for Engineering Geologic
10 Reports and Site-Specific Seismic Hazard Reports.”

11 48 The certificate holder shall design and construct the facility in accordance with
12 requirements set forth by the State of Oregon’s Building Code Division and any other
13 applicable codes and design procedures. The certificate holder shall design facility
14 structures to meet or exceed the minimum standards required by the 2003 International
15 Building Code.

16 49 The certificate holder shall design, engineer and construct the facility to avoid dangers to
17 human safety presented by non-seismic hazards. As used in this condition, “non-seismic
18 hazards” include settlement, landslides, flooding and erosion.

5. Hazardous Materials, Fire Protection & Public Safety Conditions

19 50 The certificate holder shall handle hazardous materials used on the site in a manner that
20 protects public health, safety and the environment and shall comply with all applicable
21 local, state and federal environmental laws and regulations. The certificate holder shall not
22 store diesel fuel or gasoline on the facility site.

23 51 If a spill or release of hazardous material occurs during construction or operation of the
24 facility, the certificate holder shall notify the Department within 72 hours and shall clean up
25 the spill or release and dispose of any contaminated soil or other materials according to
26 applicable regulations. The certificate holder shall make sure that spill kits containing items
27 such as absorbent pads are located on equipment and at the field workshop. The certificate
28 holder shall instruct employees about proper handling, storage and cleanup of hazardous
29 materials. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

30 52 During construction, the certificate holder shall ensure that construction personnel are
31 trained in fire prevention and response, that construction vehicles and equipment are
32 operated on graveled areas to the extent possible and that open flames, such as cutting
33 torches, are kept away from dry grass areas.

34 53 During operation, the certificate holder shall ensure that all on-site employees receive
35 annual fire prevention and response training, including tower rescue training, by qualified
36 instructors or members of the local fire districts. The certificate holder shall ensure that all
37 employees are instructed to keep vehicles on roads and off dry grassland, except when off-
38 road operation is required for emergency purposes. The certificate holder shall encourage
39 employees to become volunteer members of local fire departments and shall facilitate
40 appropriate training.

- 1 54 During construction and operation of the facility, the certificate holder shall ensure that the
2 field workshop and all service vehicles are equipped with shovels and portable fire
3 extinguishers of a 4A5OBC or equivalent rating. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]
- 4 55 During construction and operation of the facility, the certificate holder shall develop and
5 implement fire safety plans in consultation with the local fire protection agencies (the North
6 Gilliam County Rural Fire Protection District and the Ione Rural Fire Protection District) to
7 minimize the risk of fire and to respond appropriately to any fires that occur on the facility
8 site. In developing the fire safety plans, the certificate holder shall take into account the dry
9 nature of the region and shall address risks on a seasonal basis. The certificate holder shall
10 meet annually with local fire protection agency personnel to discuss emergency planning
11 and shall invite local fire protection agency personnel to observe any emergency drill or
12 tower rescue training conducted at the facility.
- 13 56 Upon the beginning of operation of the facility, the certificate holder shall provide a site
14 plan to the local fire protection agencies (the North Gilliam County Rural Fire Protection
15 District and the Ione Rural Fire Protection District). The certificate holder shall indicate on
16 the site plan the identification number assigned to each turbine and the location of all
17 facility structures and shall provide an updated site plan if additional turbines or other
18 structures are later added to the facility. During operation, the certificate holder shall ensure
19 that appropriate fire protection agency personnel have an up-to-date list of the names and
20 telephone numbers of facility personnel available to respond on a 24-hour basis in case of
21 an emergency on the facility site.
- 22 57 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall submit a Notice of Proposed
23 Construction or Alteration to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Oregon
24 Department of Aviation identifying the proposed final locations of turbine towers and
25 meteorological towers. The certificate holder shall promptly notify the Department of the
26 responses from the FAA and the Oregon Department of Aviation. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]
- 27 58 The certificate holder shall construct turbines on concrete foundations and shall surround
28 the base of each tower with a ten-foot pad area of washed crushed rock on all sides. The
29 certificate holder shall cover turbine pad areas with non-erosive, non-flammable material as
30 soon as possible following exposure during construction and shall maintain the pad area
31 covering during operation of the facility.
- 32 59 The certificate holder shall follow manufacturers' recommended handling instructions and
33 procedures to prevent damage to turbine or turbine tower components that could lead to
34 failure.
- 35 60 The certificate holder shall install and maintain self-monitoring devices on each turbine,
36 connected to a fault annunciation panel or supervisory control and data acquisition
37 (SCADA) system at the field workshop to alert operators to potentially dangerous
38 conditions. The certificate holder shall maintain automatic equipment protection features in
39 each turbine that would shut down the turbine and reduce the chance of a mechanical
40 problem causing a fire. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]
- 41 61 The certificate holder shall construct turbine towers with no exterior ladders or access to the
42 turbine blades and shall install locked tower access doors. The certificate holder shall keep
43 tower access doors locked at all times except when authorized personnel are present.

- 1 62 The certificate holder shall have an operational safety-monitoring program and shall inspect
2 all turbine and turbine tower components on a regular basis. . All turbine and turbine tower
3 components will be inspected within 6 months of being repowered. Following the
4 inspection, the certificate holder shall submit a written report to the Department describing
5 the results of the turbine tower component inspection. The certificate holder shall maintain
6 or repair turbine and turbine tower components as necessary to protect public safety.
7 [Amendment #3]
- 8 63 For turbine types having pad-mounted step-up transformers, the certificate holder shall
9 install the transformers at the base of each tower in locked cabinets designed to protect the
10 public from electrical hazards and to avoid creation of artificial habitat for raptor prey.
- 11 64 To protect the public from electrical hazards, the certificate holder shall enclose the facility
12 substation with appropriate fencing and locked gates. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]
- 13 65 The certificate holder shall construct access roads with a finished width of approximately
14 16 feet, a compacted base of native soil and a gravel surface to a depth of four to ten inches.
15 [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1]
- 16 66 During construction, the certificate holder shall implement measures to reduce traffic
17 impacts, including:
18 (a) Providing notice to the City of Arlington Road Department, the Gilliam County Road
19 Department and the Gilliam County Sheriff’s Office in advance of deliveries that could
20 cause traffic disruption in Arlington.
21 (b) Providing notice to the residents of Arlington in advance of deliveries that could
22 cause traffic disruption.
23 (c) Requiring flaggers to be at appropriate locations at appropriate times during
24 construction to direct traffic.
- 25 67 The certificate holder shall cooperate with the Gilliam County Road Department and the
26 Morrow County Public Works Department to ensure that any unusual damage or wear to
27 county roads that is caused by construction of the facility is repaired by the certificate
28 holder. Submittal to the Department of an executed Road Use Agreement with Gilliam
29 County and Morrow County shall constitute evidence of compliance with this condition.
30 Upon completion of construction, the certificate holder shall restore county roads to pre-
31 construction condition or better, to the satisfaction of the applicable county departments. If
32 required by Morrow County or Gilliam County, the certificate holder shall post bonds to
33 ensure funds are available to repair and maintain roads affected by the proposed facility.
34 [Amendment #3]
- 35 68 During construction, the certificate holder shall require that all on-site construction
36 contractors develop and implement a site health and safety plan that informs workers and
37 others on-site what to do in case of an emergency and that includes the locations of fire
38 extinguishers and nearby hospitals, important telephone numbers and first aid techniques.
39 The certificate holder shall ensure that construction contractors have personnel on-site who
40 are trained and equipped for tower rescue and who are first aid and CPR certified.
- 41 69 During operation, the certificate holder shall develop and implement a site health and safety
42 plan that informs employees and others on-site what to do in case of an emergency and that
43 includes the locations of fire extinguishers and nearby hospitals, important telephone
44 numbers and first aid techniques.

- 1 70 During construction and operation of the facility, the certificate holder shall provide for on-
2 site security and shall establish good communications between on-site security personnel
3 and local law enforcement agencies (Gilliam County Sheriff and Morrow County Sheriff).
4 During operation, the certificate holder shall ensure that appropriate law enforcement
5 agency personnel have an up-to-date list of the names and telephone numbers of facility
6 personnel available to respond on a 24-hour basis in case of an emergency on the facility
7 site.
- 8 71 The certificate holder shall notify the Department and the Planning Directors of Gilliam
9 County and Morrow County within 72 hours of any accidents including mechanical failures
10 on the site associated with construction or operation of the facility that may result in public
11 health and safety concerns.

6. Water, Soils, Streams & Wetlands Conditions

- 12 72 The certificate holder shall not build any roads or construct transmission line support poles
13 within Eightmile Creek or within a 10-foot buffer from the ordinary high water line of the
14 creek.
- 15 73 The certificate holder shall conduct all construction work, including the repowering
16 activities associated with Amendment #3, in compliance with an Erosion and Sediment
17 Control Plan (ESCP) satisfactory to the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality and
18 as required under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Storm
19 Water Discharge General Permit #1200-C. The certificate holder shall include in the ESCP
20 any procedures necessary to meet local erosion and sediment control requirements or storm
21 water management requirements. [Amendment #3]
- 22 74 During construction, the certificate holder shall limit truck traffic to designated existing and
23 improved road surfaces to avoid soil compaction, to the extent practicable.
- 24 75 During construction, the certificate holder shall implement best management practices to
25 control any dust generated by construction activities, such as applying water to roads and
26 disturbed soil areas.
- 27 76 During construction, the certificate holder shall reduce temporary disturbance impacts by
28 making use of previously disturbed areas, including roadways and tracks, and by preserving
29 vegetation rootstalks by crushing, rather than scraping, vegetation in areas of temporary
30 disturbance.
- 31 77 During facility operation, the certificate holder shall routinely inspect and maintain all
32 roads, pads and trenched areas and, as necessary, maintain or repair erosion and sediment
33 control measures. The certificate holder shall restore areas that are temporarily disturbed
34 during facility maintenance or repair activities to pre-disturbance condition or better.
- 35 78 During facility operation, the certificate holder shall obtain water for on-site uses from a
36 well at the field workshop, subject to compliance with applicable permit requirements. The
37 certificate holder shall not use more than 5,000 gallons of water per day from the facility's
38 on-site well. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

7. Transmission Line & EMF Conditions

1 79 The certificate holder shall install the 34.5-kV collector system underground to the extent
2 practicable. The certificate holder shall install underground lines at a minimum depth of
3 three feet. Based on geotechnical conditions or other engineering considerations, the
4 certificate holder may install segments of the collector system aboveground on single-pole,
5 cross-arm structures, but the total length of aboveground double-circuit segments must not
6 exceed 9 miles and the total length of aboveground single-circuit segments must not exceed
7 6 miles. [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1]

8 80 The certificate holder shall ground appropriate sections of fencing that parallel transmission
9 lines to reduce the risk of shock from induced voltage. In particular, the certificate holder
10 shall ground appropriate sections of fencing located in the northern project area on the west
11 side of Eightmile Canyon if the certificate holder builds a parallel transmission line in that
12 location that could induce a voltage on the fence.

13 81 The certificate holder shall take reasonable steps to reduce or manage human exposure to
14 electromagnetic fields, including but not limited to:

15 (a) Constructing all aboveground transmission lines at least 200 feet from any residence
16 or other occupied structure, measured from the centerline of the transmission line.

17 (b) Constructing all aboveground 34.5-kV transmission lines with a minimum clearance
18 of 20 feet from the ground.

19 (c) Constructing all aboveground 230-kV transmission lines with a minimum clearance of
20 24 feet from the ground.

21 (d) Fencing the areas near the facility substation to ensure that substation equipment is
22 not accessible to the public.

23 (e) Providing to landowners a map of underground and overhead transmission lines on
24 their property and advising landowners of possible health risks.

25 (f) Designing and maintaining all transmission lines so that alternating current electric
26 fields do not exceed 9 kV per meter at one meter above the ground surface in areas
27 accessible to the public.

28 [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

29 82 In advance of, and during, preparation of detailed design drawings and specifications for
30 230-kV and 34.5-kV transmission lines, the certificate holder shall consult with the Utility
31 Safety and Reliability Section of the Oregon Public Utility Commission to ensure that the
32 designs and specifications are consistent with applicable codes and standards.

8. Plants, Wildlife & Habitat Protection Conditions

33 83 The certificate holder shall conduct wildlife monitoring as described in the *Wildlife*
34 *Monitoring and Mitigation Plan* that is incorporated in the *Final Order on Amendment #2*
35 as Attachment D and as amended from time to time. [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1;
36 Amendment #2]

37 84 The certificate holder shall restore areas disturbed by facility construction but not occupied
38 by permanent facility structures, and temporarily disturbed during routine operational road
39 work activity, according to the methods and monitoring procedures described in the
40 Revegetation Plan that is incorporated in the Final Order on Amendment #2 for the

1 Shepherds Flat Wind Farm as Attachment C and as amended from time to time. [Amendment
2 #1 (SFWF); Amendment #2]

3 85 The certificate holder shall acquire the legal right to create, enhance, maintain and protect a
4 habitat mitigation area as long as the site certificate is in effect by means of an outright
5 purchase, conservation easement or similar conveyance and shall provide a copy of the
6 documentation to the Department. Within the habitat mitigation area, the certificate holder
7 shall improve the habitat quality as described in the *Habitat Mitigation Plan* that is
8 incorporated in the *Final Order on Amendment #1* as Attachment C and as amended from
9 time to time. [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1]

10 86 The certificate holder shall avoid permanent and temporary disturbance to the areas
11 described in (a) through (g) and, during the times indicated, shall avoid construction
12 disturbance in the areas described in (h) through (k). The certificate holder shall flag these
13 areas for the duration of construction activities nearby and shall ensure that construction
14 personnel avoid disturbance of the areas. The avoidance areas are:

15 (a) All Category 1 habitat and those areas of Category 2 habitat shown on the “ODFW-2”
16 Figures 1 through 12 in the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm Application. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

17 (b) Areas of Category 3 shrub-steppe habitat as described in the *Final Order on*
18 *Amendment #1 for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm*, Section IV.4.(b)A, including three small
19 areas of sage shrub-steppe habitat, one small area of purshia shrub-steppe habitat and one
20 small area of shrub-steppe rabbitbrush habitat. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

21 (c) All seeps, riparian areas and vernal pools.

22 (d) All water sources for wildlife, including perennial and intermittent streams, stock
23 ponds and watering stations.

24 (e) All faces of bluffs or rock outcroppings.

25 (f) All trees or other structures that contain active raptor nests.

26 (g) For the facility substation and field workshop, all Category 3 habitat. [Amendment #1
27 (SFWF)]

28 (h) The area within 1,000 feet of Category 2 Washington ground squirrel (WGS) habitat
29 (as shown on “ODFW-2” Figure 8 in the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm Application) during
30 the period in which the squirrels are active. To determine when the WGS are active, the
31 certificate holder shall hire a qualified independent professional biologist to monitor the on-
32 site colony within the Category 1 WGS habitat area described in the Final Order on the
33 Application. The biologist shall begin monitoring the colony on January 15 if construction
34 activity is occurring within 0.5 miles of the Category 2 WGS habitat at that time.

35 Otherwise, the biologist shall begin monitoring upon the start of construction activity
36 within 0.5 miles of the Category 2 WGS habitat at any time between January 15 and June
37 30. The biologist shall conduct weekly monitoring to detect signs of WGS activity. If signs
38 of WGS activity are observed, the certificate holder shall halt construction activities within
39 the avoidance area and shall notify the Department. The certificate holder shall flag the
40 avoidance area and ensure that construction personnel avoid disturbance of the area until
41 the biologist has determined that the WGS are no longer active. While the WGS are active,
42 the biologist may suspend weekly monitoring until May 1. The certificate holder may
43 resume construction activities within the avoidance area when the WGS are no longer
44 active, as determined by the absence of WGS activity during three consecutive weeks of
45 monitoring by the biologist. [This text had been removed by Amendment #1 (SFWF) and was restored
46 by Amendment #1]

1 (i) The area within 0.5 miles of Category 3 curlew nesting habitat and the area within 0.5
2 miles the BLM Horn Butte Wildlife Area during the nesting season (March 8 through June
3 15). Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall provide to the Department a
4 map showing these avoidance areas relative to areas of potential construction disturbance.
5 The certificate holder may engage in construction activities in these areas at times other
6 than the nesting season.

7 (j) The area within 1,000 feet of any essential, limited and irreplaceable Washington
8 ground squirrel (WGS) habitat within the new areas added to the site by Amendment #1
9 (excluding the areas within the site boundaries of Shepherds Flat North, Shepherds Flat
10 Central and Shepherds Flat South as approved on September 11, 2009) during the period in
11 which the squirrels are active. The certificate holder shall hire a qualified independent
12 professional biologist to conduct pre-construction surveys for State-listed threatened,
13 endangered or sensitive wildlife species in these new areas within 1,000 feet of any area
14 potentially disturbed by facility construction. To determine whether WGS habitat exists and
15 to determine whether WGS are active, the biologist shall search for WGS in suitable habitat
16 using a two-survey protocol approved by the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife
17 (ODFW). The certificate holder shall submit the results of the survey to ODFW and to the
18 Department. If signs of WGS activity are observed, the certificate holder shall flag the
19 avoidance area and ensure that construction personnel avoid disturbance of the area until
20 the biologist has determined that the WGS are no longer active.

21 (k) Areas within a suitable buffer around confirmed populations of Laurent's milk-vetch
22 or any other State-listed threatened or endangered plant species within the new areas added
23 to the site by Amendment #1 (excluding the area within the site boundaries of Shepherds
24 Flat North, Shepherds Flat Central and Shepherds Flat South as approved on September 11,
25 2009). The certificate holder shall not install facility components or cause temporary
26 disturbance within these areas. The certificate holder shall hire a qualified independent
27 professional biologist to conduct pre-construction surveys for State-listed threatened or
28 endangered plant species in these new areas within 1,000 feet of any area potentially
29 disturbed by facility construction. The certificate holder shall submit the results of the
30 survey to the Department.

31 [Amendment #1]

32 87 The certificate holder shall microsite the facility in conformance with the industry's best
33 practices. The certificate holder shall follow the recommendations of a qualified wildlife
34 biologist to avoid building turbine towers in the following locations:

35 (a) Areas of increased risk to avian species due to constricted flight paths, such as narrow
36 ridge saddles and gaps between hilltops.

37 (b) Areas on slopes greater than 20 percent.

38 (c) [text removed by Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

39 (d) [text removed by Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

40 88 During construction, the certificate holder shall avoid construction activities in areas around
41 active nests of the following species during the sensitive period, as provided in this
42 condition:

<u>Species</u>	<u>Sensitive Period</u>	<u>Early Release Date</u>
Swainson's hawk	April 1 to August 15	May 31
Ferruginous hawk	March 15 to August 15	May 31
Burrowing owl	April 1 to August 15	July 15

1 The certificate holder shall conduct pre-construction surveys, using a protocol approved by
2 the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) to determine whether there are any
3 active nests of these species within 0.5 miles of any areas that would be disturbed during
4 construction. The certificate holder shall search the scheduled construction areas and all
5 areas within 0.5 miles of the construction areas. If a nest is occupied by any of these species
6 after the beginning of the sensitive period, the certificate holder will flag the boundaries of
7 a 0.5-mile buffer area around the nest and shall instruct construction personnel to avoid
8 disturbance of the area. The certificate holder shall hire a qualified independent
9 professional biologist to observe the active nest sites during the sensitive period for signs of
10 disturbance and to notify the Department of any non-compliance with this condition. If the
11 biologist observes nest site abandonment or other adverse impact to nesting activity, the
12 certificate holder shall implement appropriate mitigation, in consultation with ODFW and
13 subject to the approval of the Department, unless the adverse impact is clearly shown to
14 have a cause other than construction activity. The certificate holder may begin or resume
15 construction activities within a buffer area before the ending day of the sensitive period if
16 any known nest site is not occupied by the early release date. If a nest site is occupied, then
17 the certificate holder may begin or resume construction before the ending day of the
18 sensitive period with the approval of ODFW, after the young are fledged. The certificate
19 holder shall use a protocol approved by ODFW to determine when the young are fledged
20 (the young are independent of the core nest site).

21 89 The certificate holder shall not remove any trees that are greater than three feet in height.

22 90 The certificate holder shall design all aboveground transmission line support structures
23 following the most current suggested practices for avian protection on power lines
24 published by the Avian Power Line Interaction Committee.

25 91 The certificate holder shall reduce the risk of injuries to avian species by:

26 (a) Installing turbine towers that are smooth steel structures that lack features that would
27 allow avian perching.

28 (b) Installing meteorological towers that are non-guyed structures to eliminate the risk of
29 avian collision with guy-wires.

30 (c) Avoiding installation of aboveground transmission lines across narrow saddles,
31 ravines and similar features and, where such crossings cannot be avoided, installing line-
32 markers to make the lines more visible to avian species.

33 92 The certificate holder shall impose and enforce construction and operation speed limits of 5
34 miles per hour on roads within 1,000 feet of Category 1 or Category 2 Washington ground
35 squirrel habitat and 20 miles per hour on all other facility roads and shall ensure that all
36 construction and operations personnel are instructed on the importance of cautious driving
37 practices while on facility roads. [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1]

9. Visual Effects Conditions

38 93 To reduce the visual impact of the facility, the certificate holder shall:

1 (a) Mount nacelles on smooth, steel structures, painted uniformly in a matte-finish,
2 neutral white color.

3 (b) Paint substation structures in a neutral color to blend with the surrounding landscape.

4 (c) Not allow any advertising to be used on any part of the facility.

5 (d) Use only those signs required for facility safety, required by law or otherwise required
6 by this site certificate, except that the certificate holder may erect a sign to identify the
7 facility near the field workshop, may paint turbine numbers on each tower and may allow
8 unobtrusive manufacturers' logos on turbine nacelles.

9 (e) Not locate any facility signs along Highway 74.

10 (f) Design signs in accordance with Gilliam County Zoning Ordinance Section 8.030 and
11 Morrow County Zoning Ordinance Section 4.070, as applicable.

12 (g) Maintain any signs allowed under this condition in good repair.

13 [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

14 94 The certificate holder shall design and construct the field workshop to be generally
15 consistent with the character of similar buildings used by commercial farmers or ranchers in
16 the area and shall paint the building in a neutral color to blend with the surrounding
17 landscape. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

18 95 The certificate holder shall not use exterior nighttime lighting except:

19 (a) The minimum turbine tower lighting required or recommended by the Federal
20 Aviation Administration.

21 (b) Security lighting at the field workshop and substation, provided that such lighting is
22 shielded or downward-directed to reduce glare.

23 (c) Minimum lighting necessary for repairs or emergencies.

24 (d) Minimum lighting necessary for nighttime construction. The certificate holder may
25 use lighting only at the work location and only directed downward to illuminate the work
26 area at the turbine base or upward from the base to illuminate the turbine tower;
27 construction lighting shall not be directed outward. The certificate holder shall use
28 nighttime lighting only with the approval of the owner of the property on which the work is
29 conducted and shall provide notice of nighttime construction to occupants of all residences
30 within one-half mile of the construction site.

31 [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

10. Noise Control Conditions

32 96 To reduce noise impacts at nearby residences, the certificate holder shall:

33 (a) Confine the noisiest operation of heavy construction equipment to the daylight hours.

34 (b) Require contractors to install and maintain exhaust mufflers on all combustion
35 engine-powered equipment; and

36 (c) Establish a complaint response system at the construction manager's office to address
37 noise complaints.

38 97 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall provide to the Department:

39 (a) Information that identifies the final design locations of all turbines to be built at the
40 facility.

1 (b) The maximum sound power level for the substation transformers and the maximum
2 sound power level and octave band data for the turbines selected for the facility based on
3 manufacturers' warranties or confirmed by other means acceptable to the Department.

4 (c) The results of noise analysis of the facility to be built according to the final design
5 performed in a manner consistent with the requirements of OAR 340-035-0035
6 (1)(b)(B)(iii)(IV) and (VI) demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Department that the total
7 noise generated by the facility (including the noise from turbines and substation
8 transformers) would meet the ambient degradation test and maximum allowable test at the
9 appropriate measurement point for all potentially-affected noise sensitive properties.

10 (d) For each noise-sensitive property where the certificate holder relies on a noise waiver
11 to demonstrate compliance in accordance with OAR 340-035-0035 (1)(b)(B)(iii)(III), a
12 copy of the a legally effective easement or real covenant pursuant to which the owner of the
13 property authorizes the certificate holder's operation of the facility to increase ambient
14 statistical noise levels L₁₀ and L₅₀ by more than 10 dBA at the appropriate measurement
15 point. The legally-effective easement or real covenant must: include a legal description of
16 the burdened property (the noise sensitive property); be recorded in the real property
17 records of the county; expressly benefit the certificate holder; expressly run with the land
18 and bind all future owners, lessees or holders of any interest in the burdened property; and
19 not be subject to revocation without the certificate holder's written approval.

20 98 During operation, the certificate holder shall maintain a complaint response system to
21 address noise complaints. The certificate holder shall promptly notify the Department of
22 any complaints received regarding facility noise and of any actions taken by the certificate
23 holder to address those complaints. In response to a complaint from the owner of a noise
24 sensitive property regarding noise levels during operation of the facility, the Council may
25 require the certificate holder to monitor and record the statistical noise levels to verify that
26 the certificate holder is operating the facility in compliance with the noise control
27 regulations. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

11. Waste Management Conditions

28 99 The certificate holder shall provide portable toilets for on-site sewage handling during
29 construction and shall ensure that they are pumped and cleaned regularly by a licensed
30 contractor who is qualified to pump and clean portable toilet facilities.

31 100 During operation, the certificate holder shall discharge sanitary wastewater generated at the
32 field workshop to a licensed on-site septic system in compliance with county permit
33 requirements. The certificate holder shall design the septic system for a discharge capacity
34 of less than 2,500 gallons per day. [Amendment #1 (SFWF)]

35 101 The certificate holder shall implement a waste management plan during construction that
36 includes but is not limited to the following measures:

37 (a) Recycling steel and other metal scrap.

38 (b) Recycling wood waste.

39 (c) Recycling packaging wastes such as paper and cardboard.

40 (d) Collecting non-recyclable waste for transport to a local landfill by a licensed waste
41 hauler or by using facility equipment and personnel to haul the waste.

42 (e) Segregating all hazardous wastes such as used oil, oily rags and oil-absorbent
43 materials, mercury-containing lights and lead-acid and nickel-cadmium batteries for

1 disposal by a licensed firm specializing in the proper recycling or disposal of hazardous
2 wastes.

3 (f) Discharging all concrete truck rinse water into foundation holes and completing truck
4 wash-down off-site.

5 102 The certificate holder shall implement a waste management plan during operation that
6 includes but is not limited to the following measures:

7 (a) Training employees to minimize and recycle solid waste.

8 (b) Recycling paper products, metals, glass and plastics.

9 (c) Recycling used oil and hydraulic fluid.

10 (d) Collecting non-recyclable waste for transport to a local landfill by a licensed waste
11 hauler or by using facility equipment and personnel to haul the waste.

12 (e) Segregating all hazardous, non-recyclable wastes such as used oil, oily rags and oil-
13 absorbent materials, mercury-containing lights and lead-acid and nickel-cadmium batteries
14 for disposal by a licensed firm specializing in the proper recycling or disposal of hazardous
15 wastes.

16 103 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder shall determine whether any
17 construction disturbance would occur in locations not previously investigated for potential
18 jurisdictional waters as described in the *Final Order on Amendment #1*. The certificate
19 holder shall conduct pre-construction investigations in these new areas within 1,000 feet of
20 any area potentially disturbed by facility construction to determine whether any State-
21 jurisdictional waters exist in those locations. The certificate holder shall submit a written
22 report on the pre-construction investigation to the Department of Energy and to the
23 Department of State Lands for approval before beginning construction and shall ensure that
24 construction would have no impact on any jurisdictional water identified in the report.
25 [Amendment #1]

12. New Conditions applicable to RFA2 facility modifications

26 The conditions listed in this section are specific to the facility modifications approved in the
27 Second Amended Site Certificate.

28
29 104 After January 1 but no later than April 30 of the year after completion of the Operations and
30 Maintenance demonstration activity for wind turbines 368 and 370, as approved in RFA2,
31 the certificate holder shall include in its Annual Report an activity and operational status
32 summary of the repowered wind turbines.
33 [Amendment #2]

34 105 Following completion of the O&M demonstration activity at wind turbines 368 and 370, as
35 approved in RFA2, the certificate holder shall implement an ongoing inspection,
36 monitoring and remediation program as follows:

37 (a) Submit to the Department a copy of an appropriate foundation inspection plan that
38 specifies timing, frequency and methodology for evaluation of wind turbine
39 foundation integrity, fatigue stress and other design checks, as recommended by the
40 wind turbine manufacturer.

41 (b) Within five months of completion of the O&M demonstration activity at wind
42 turbine 368, the certificate holder must complete a crack depth investigation or other

1 testing such as coring to verify if the foundation cracks are surface or deep cracks.
2 The certificate holder shall submit to the Department and DOGAMI the results of
3 the crack depth investigation, remediation recommendations, and remediation
4 schedule.

5 (c) Wind turbine 368 shall not be operated more than five months after the O&M
6 demonstration activity unless the remediation actions are implemented per the
7 investigation report referenced in (b), unless, based on the findings of the
8 investigation report referenced in (b), approval to continue to operate wind turbine
9 368 without remediation actions is granted from the Department in consultation
10 with DOGAMI.

11 [Amendment #2]

12 106 Before beginning the operation and maintenance demonstration activities at Turbines 368
13 and 370, the certificate holder shall submit a Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration
14 to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Oregon Department of Aviation
15 identifying the new maximum blade tip height of 150 meters. The certificate holder shall
16 promptly notify the Department of the responses from the FAA and the Oregon Department
17 of Aviation.

18 [Amendment #2]

19 107 Prior to completion of the O&M demonstration activity for wind turbines 368 and 370, as
20 approved in RFA2, the certificate holder shall submit to the Department the maximum
21 sound power level and octave band for the modified wind turbines based on manufacturer'
22 warranties or confirmed by other means acceptable to the Department.

23 [Amendment #2]

13. New Conditions applicable to RFA3 facility modifications

24 108 The certificate holder shall begin construction of the Shepherds Flat Central facility
25 modifications, as approved in the Third Amended Site Certificate, within three years after
26 the effective date of the amended site certificate [TBD]. The certificate holder shall notify
27 the Department, Gilliam County Planning Department, and the Morrow County Planning
28 Department when construction of the of the facility modifications, as approved in Request
29 for Amendment 3, commences. Under OAR 345-015-0085(8), the amended site certificate
30 is effective upon execution by the Council Chair and the certificate holder. [Amendment #3]

31 109 The certificate holder shall complete construction of the Shepherds Flat Central facility
32 modifications, as approved in the Third Amended Site Certificate, within three years
33 following the date of construction commencement [TBD]. The certificate holder shall
34 promptly notify the Department, Gilliam County Planning Department, and the Morrow
35 County Planning Department of the date of completion of construction of the facility
36 modifications, as approved in Request for Amendment 3. [Amendment #3]

37 110 Prior to Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder shall provide the
38 Department with the foundation uprate analysis on facility turbines. If the analysis results
39 identify necessary mitigation and remediation measures, or operational timing
40 recommendations, the certificate holder shall implement the identified measures and
41 recommendations prior to beginning the repowering activities unless otherwise approved by
42 the Department. [Amendment #3]

1 111 Prior to Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder shall coordinate
2 with the Gilliam County Weed Department and the Morrow County Weed Control
3 Department, and submit to the Department, a Roadway Weed Control Plan. The
4 Department shall review and approve the plan, in consultation with the Gilliam County
5 Weed Department and the Morrow County Weed Control Department. The Roadway Weed
6 Control Plan shall include, as pertinent, but not be limited to, identification of county-listed
7 weeds of economic concern, methods for evaluating weeds within impact area, results of
8 weed assessment, control methods specific to roadway weed control and timing, agency
9 consultation protocol, and process for evaluating success of weed control. [Amendment #3]

10 112 The certificate holder shall:

11 (a) Prior to RFA3 facility repower activities:

12 (i) Provide an updated habitat assessment of areas of disturbance, based on a protocol
13 approved by the Department in consultation with ODFW.

14 (ii) Identify monitoring and reference sites, including sites within each habitat
15 category and subtype impacted, and the methodology utilized for selecting the
16 number of monitoring and reference sites should be included.

17 (iii) Consult with the Department, ODFW and Gilliam County Weed Control
18 Department and Morrow County Weed Control Department on timing and methods
19 for revegetation and weed control.

20 (b) Following completion of RFA3 facility repower activities:

21 (i) Restore areas temporarily disturbed by RFA3 facility repower activities according
22 to the methods and monitoring procedures described in the Revegetation Plan that is
23 incorporated in the Final Order on Amendment 3 for Shepherds Flat Central as
24 Attachment D and as amended from time to time.

25 (ii) Consult annually with the Department, ODFW, Gilliam and Morrow County
26 Weed Control Departments on timing and methods for revegetation and weed control.
27 If mutually agreed upon by the Department, ODFW, Gilliam and Morrow County
28 Weed Control Departments, the annual consultation may be discontinued after 5
29 years. This provision does not relieve the certificate holder from complying with its
30 weed control obligations as described in Condition 111 and 38, and any other
31 provisions of applicable state or local requirements for weed control.

32 [Amendment #3]

33 113 The certificate holder shall:

34 (a) Prior to RFA3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder shall conduct a pre-
35 construction raptor nest survey, using a protocol approved by the Oregon Department of
36 Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) to determine whether there are any active nests of state
37 sensitive species within 0.5 miles of any areas that would be disturbed.

38 (b) During RFA3 repower activities, if active raptor nests were identified within 0.5-mile
39 of RFA2 repower activities per (a) of this condition or become active during the sensitive
40 season, per (c) below, the certificate holder shall avoid construction activities within 0.25

1 mile buffer in areas around active nests of the following species during the sensitive
2 period, as provided in this condition:

<u>Species</u>	<u>Sensitive Period</u>	<u>Early Release Date</u>
<u>Swainson's hawk</u>	<u>April 1 to August 15</u>	<u>May 31</u>
<u>Ferruginous hawk</u>	<u>March 15 to August 15</u>	<u>May 31</u>
<u>Burrowing owl</u>	<u>April 1 to August 15</u>	<u>July 15</u>

3 (c) During RFA3 repower activities, if a nest becomes occupied by any of these species
4 after the beginning of the sensitive period, the certificate holder will flag the boundaries
5 of a 0.25-mile buffer area around the nest and shall instruct construction personnel to
6 avoid disturbance of the area.

7 (d) During RFA3 repower activities, if active nest sites are observed per (b) or (c) of this
8 condition, the certificate holder shall hire a qualified independent professional biologist
9 to observe the active nest sites during the sensitive period for signs of disturbance and to
10 notify the Department of any non-compliance with this condition. If the biologist
11 observes nest site abandonment or other adverse impact to nesting activity, the certificate
12 holder shall implement appropriate mitigation, in consultation with ODFW and subject to
13 the approval of the Department, unless the adverse impact is clearly shown to have a
14 cause other than construction activity. The certificate holder may begin or resume
15 construction activities within a buffer area before the ending day of the sensitive period if
16 any known nest site is not occupied by the early release date. If a nest site is occupied,
17 then the certificate holder may begin or resume construction before the ending day of the
18 sensitive period with the approval of ODFW, after the young are fledged. The certificate
19 holder shall use a protocol approved by ODFW to determine when the young are fledged
20 (the young are independent of the core nest site). [Amendment #3]

21 114 Following completion of Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder
22 shall conduct two years of avian and bat fatality monitoring, as described in the Wildlife
23 Monitoring and Mitigation Plan, or based on protocol otherwise approved by the
24 Department in consultation with ODFW, provided as Attachment E of the Final Order on
25 Amendment 3. [Amendment #3]

26 115 During Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder shall, or ensure its
27 third-party contractors, reuse or recycle wind turbine blades, hubs and other removed wind
28 turbine components to the extent practicable and in accordance with the Morrow County
29 Solid Waste Management Plan. The certificate holder shall report in its semi-annual report
30 to the Department the quantities of removed wind turbine components recycled, reused,
31 sold for scrap, and disposed of in a landfill, to the extent practicable. [Amendment #3]

32 116 Prior to Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder shall submit a
33 Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration to the Federal Aviation Administration
34 (FAA) and the Oregon Department of Aviation identifying the new maximum blade tip
35 height of 150 meters. The certificate holder shall promptly notify the Department of the
36 responses from the FAA and the Oregon Department of Aviation. [Amendment #3]

37 117 Prior to Amendment #3 facility repower activities, the certificate holder shall provide to the
38 Department:

1 (a) The maximum sound power level and octave band for the modified wind turbines
2 based on manufacturer’s warranties or confirmed by other means acceptable to the
3 Department.

4 (b) If the information provided to the Department in (a) shows that the modified
5 (repowered) wind turbines would produce a higher maximum sound power level and
6 octave band than the currently installed wind turbines, the certificate holder must conduct
7 a noise analysis of the modified (repowered) turbines. If required, the certificate holder
8 must provide to the Department results of the noise analysis for the Amendment #3
9 facility repower, performed in a manner consistent with the requirements of OAR 340-
10 035-0035(1)(b)(B)(iii)(IV) and (VI) demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Department
11 that the total noise generated (including the noise from repowered wind turbines and
12 existing substation transformers) would meet the ambient degradation test and maximum
13 allowable test at the appropriate measurement point for all potentially-affected noise
14 sensitive properties.

15 (c) If the information provided to the Department in (a) shows that the modified
16 (repowered) wind turbines would produce a higher maximum sound power level and
17 octave band than the currently installed wind turbines, the certificate holder must provide
18 to the Department, for each noise-sensitive property where the certificate holder relies on
19 a noise waiver to demonstrate compliance in accordance with OAR 340-035-0035
20 (1)(b)(B)(iii)(III) related to site certificate Amendment #3 activities, a copy of the a
21 legally effective easement or real covenant pursuant to which the owner of the property
22 authorizes the certificate holder’s operation of the facility to increase ambient statistical
23 noise levels L10 and L50 by more than 10 dBA at the appropriate measurement point.
24 The easement must only be provided to the Department if the modified wind turbines
25 would produce a higher maximum sound power level and octave band than the currently
26 installed wind turbines and the current noise-easements do not allow ambient statistical
27 noise levels L10 and L50 by more than the statistical noise levels anticipated to occur
28 from the repowered turbines at the appropriate measurement point. The legally-effective
29 easement or real covenant must: include a legal description of the burdened property (the
30 noise sensitive property); be recorded in the real property records of the county; expressly
31 benefit the certificate holder; expressly run with the land and bind all future owners,
32 lessees or holders of any interest in the burdened property; and not be subject to
33 revocation without the certificate holder’s written approval._[Amendment #3]
34

VI. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS

1 To transfer this site certificate or any portion thereof or to assign or dispose of it in any
2 other manner, directly or indirectly, the certificate holder shall comply with OAR 345-027-0400.

VII. SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

3 If any provision of this agreement and certificate is declared by a court to be illegal or in
4 conflict with any law, the validity of the remaining terms and conditions shall not be affected,
5 and the rights and obligations of the parties shall be construed and enforced as if the agreement
6 and certificate did not contain the particular provision held to be invalid.

VIII. GOVERNING LAW AND FORUM

7 This site certificate shall be governed by the laws of the State of Oregon. Any litigation
8 or arbitration arising out of this agreement shall be conducted in an appropriate forum in Oregon.

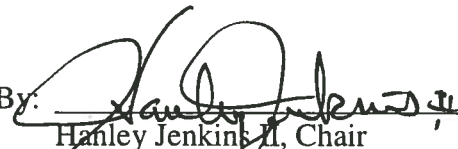
IX. EXECUTION AND EFFECTIVE DATE


9 This site certificate may be executed in counterparts and will become effective upon
10 signature by the Chair of the Energy Facility Siting Council and the authorized representative of
11 the certificate holder. [Amendment #1 (SFWF); Amendment #1; Amendment #2]

12 **IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, this site certificate has been executed by the State of Oregon, acting
13 by and through its Energy Facility Siting Council, and by South Hurlburt Wind, LLC.

ENERGY FACILITY SITING COUNCIL

SOUTH HURLBURT WIND, LLC

By: 
Hanley Jenkins II, Chair
Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council

By: 
Print: Vandana Gupta

Date: 1-24-2020

Date: 1-29-2020

Attachment B: Reviewing Agency Comments on preliminary RFA3

MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE

From: Steve Cherry <Steve.P.Cherry@state.or.us>
Sent: Tuesday, November 12, 2019 1:26 PM
To: MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE; CHERRY Steve P
Cc: REIF Sarah J
Subject: RE: Shepherds Flat North, Central, and South pRFA review and comments (ODFW)
Attachments: MEMO SFN amendment 2 11-12-19.pdf; MEMO SFC amendment 3 11-12-19.pdf; MEMO SFS amendment 2 11-12-19.pdf

Chase,

Please find attached ODFW's comments on the RFA's for Shepherds Flat North, South and Central. Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns regarding our comments. Thanks

Steve

From: MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE <Chase.McVeigh-Walker@oregon.gov>
Sent: Wednesday, October 30, 2019 3:24 PM
To: CHERRY Steve P <Steve.P.Cherry@state.or.us>
Cc: REIF Sarah J <Sarah.J.Reif@state.or.us>
Subject: Shepherds Flat North, Central, and South pRFA review and comments (ODFW)

Good afternoon Steve and Sarah,

The Department has received three preliminary Requests for Amendments (pRFA's) from Caithness Energy, LLC, the parent company of each facility's certificate holder for the three Shepherds Flat facilities; Shepherds Flat North (SFN), Shepherds Flat Central (SFC), and Shepherds Flat South (SFS).

For reference, all three facilities are operational wind generation facilities. SFN is located entirely in Gilliam County, with 106 wind turbines and a maximum generating capacity of 265 megawatts. SFC is located in both Gilliam and Morrow counties, and has 116 wind turbines with a maximum generating capacity of 290 megawatts. Lastly, SFS is also located in both Gilliam and Morrow counties, and includes 116 wind turbines and has a maximum generating capacity of 290 megawatts.

As mentioned above, the Department has received three individual pRFA's (one per facility) for the three Shepherds Flat Facilities. All three of the requests seek approval from the Energy Facility Siting Council for wind turbine repowering upgrades that would include replacing the wind turbine blades with slightly longer new blades, and modifications to the nacelles. The upgrades would require amending one condition in the site certificate to allow lowering the minimum aboveground wind turbine blade tip clearance from 25 to 21.5 meters.

For context, at the October 25, 2019 EFSC meeting, Council reviewed and approved an amendment to SFC to allow the same change (i.e., a repowering project, and amending the site certificate to reduce minimum aboveground clearance) for two specific wind turbines. The current request at SFC seeks Council approval to make the same modifications to the remaining 114 wind turbines at the facility.

Shepherds Flat North Project Page:

<https://www.oregon.gov/energy/facilities-safety/facilities/Pages/SFN.aspx>

Shepherds Flat Central Project Page:

<https://www.oregon.gov/energy/facilities-safety/facilities/Pages/SFC.aspx>

Shepherds Flat South Project Page:

<https://www.oregon.gov/energy/facilities-safety/facilities/Pages/SFS.aspx>

We would like to request ODFW's review and comment all three amendment requests by **November 12, 2019**. I will follow up tomorrow with a phone call, to discuss the scope of the Amendments, and anticipated review schedule.

Thanks,
Chase



Chase McVeigh-Walker
Senior Siting Analyst
550 Capitol St. NE | Salem, OR 97301
P: 503-934-1582
P (In Oregon): 800-221-8035



Stay connected!

MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE

From: LAWYER Matthew A <Matthew.A.LAWYER@aviation.state.or.us>
Sent: Wednesday, November 13, 2019 3:15 PM
To: MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE
Cc: PECK Heather
Subject: FW: Shepherds Flat North, Central, and South pRFA review and comments (ODA)

Chase,

With regards to the proposed amendments to the Shepherds Flat North, Central and South Facilities, Oregon Department of Aviation requests that site certificate conditions for all of these proposed amendments include:

“Prior to construction or modification of Turbines, the certificate holder shall submit a Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Oregon Department of Aviation identifying the new maximum blade tip height not to exceed 150 meters. The certificate holder shall promptly notify the Department of the responses from the FAA and the Oregon Department of Aviation.”

So long as a condition of approval as stated above is present in each of the proposed amendments and any changes do not exceed 150 meters, the Oregon Department of Aviation has no further comment.

Matt Lawyer
OREGON DEPARTMENT OF AVIATION
PROGRAM COORDINATOR



OFFICE 503-378-4888 **CELL** 503-983-0275
EMAIL matthew.a.lawyer@aviation.state.or.us
3040 25TH STREET SE, SALEM, OR 97302
WWW.OREGON.GOV/AVIATION

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From: PECK Heather <heather.peck@aviation.state.or.us>
Sent: Wednesday, November 13, 2019 2:49 PM
To: LAWYER Matthew A <Matthew.A.LAWYER@aviation.state.or.us>
Subject: FW: Shepherds Flat North, Central, and South pRFA review and comments (ODA)

Best,
Heather

Heather Peck | Planning & Projects Division Manager
503.378.3168 | 503.881.6966 (Cell) | Heather.peck@aviation.state.or.us

www.Oregon.gov/aviation

---o()o---



From: MCV EIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE <Chase.McVeigh-Walker@oregon.gov>
Sent: Wednesday, October 30, 2019 3:22 PM
To: PECK Heather <heather.peck@aviation.state.or.us>
Subject: Shepherds Flat North, Central, and South pRFA review and comments (ODA)

Good afternoon Heather,

The Department has received three preliminary Requests for Amendments (pRFA's) from Caithness Energy, LLC, the parent company of each facility's certificate holder for the three Shepherds Flat facilities; Shepherds Flat North (SFN), Shepherds Flat Central (SFC), and Shepherds Flat South (SFS).

For reference, all three facilities are operational wind generation facilities. SFN is located entirely in Gilliam County, with 106 wind turbines and a maximum generating capacity of 265 megawatts. SFC is located in both Gilliam and Morrow counties, and has 116 wind turbines with a maximum generating capacity of 290 megawatts. Lastly, SFS is also located in both Gilliam and Morrow counties, and includes 116 wind turbines and has a maximum generating capacity of 290 megawatts.

As mentioned above, the Department has received three individual pRFA's (one per facility) for the three Shepherds Flat Facilities. All three of the requests seek approval from the Energy Facility Siting Council for wind turbine repowering upgrades that would include replacing the wind turbine blades with slightly longer new blades, and modifications to the nacelles. The upgrades would require amending one condition in the site certificate to allow lowering the minimum aboveground wind turbine blade tip clearance from 25 to 21.5 meters.

For context, at the October 25, 2019 EFSC meeting, Council reviewed and approved an amendment to SFC to allow the same change (i.e., a repowering project, and amending the site certificate to reduce minimum aboveground clearance) for two specific wind turbines. The current request at SFC seeks Council approval to make the same modifications to the remaining 114 wind turbines at the facility.

Shepherds Flat North Project Page:
<https://www.oregon.gov/energy/facilities-safety/facilities/Pages/SFN.aspx>

Shepherds Flat Central Project Page:
<https://www.oregon.gov/energy/facilities-safety/facilities/Pages/SFC.aspx>

Shepherds Flat South Project Page:
<https://www.oregon.gov/energy/facilities-safety/facilities/Pages/SFS.aspx>

We would like to request ODA's review and comment all three amendment requests by **November 12, 2019**. I will follow up tomorrow with a phone call, to discuss the scope of the Amendments, and anticipated review schedule.

Thanks,
Chase



Chase McVeigh-Walker

Senior Siting Analyst

550 Capitol St. NE | Salem, OR 97301

P: 503-934-1582

P (In Oregon): 800-221-8035



Stay connected!

MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE

From: Michelle Colby <michelle.colby@co.gilliam.or.us>
Sent: Friday, November 15, 2019 10:39 AM
To: MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE
Subject: RE: Shepherds Flat North, Central, and South pRFA review and comments (Gilliam Co.)

Chase –

Good morning, below are a few comments regarding repowering of Shepherds Flat Wind Farm in its entirety.

Gilliam County would encourage the existing conditions be reviewed and that particular attention be given to words and phrases about construction, although the wind farm is constructed there are several original construction conditions that may reapply to this situation. Throughout the Final Order and Conditions listed Gilliam County would emphasize that the word(s) 'during construction and/or construction' should apply to the repower installation; this may require re-wording the conditions to ensure clarity that repower is in fact a type of construction.

A few examples are outlined below.

Please ensure landowners and lessees are informed of the repower project prior to commencing (No. 36)
Weed control plan may need to be reviewed to determine if any additional measures/precautions need to take place during the repower (No. 38)
Please ensure / double check there is no issue with sets backs and the new proposed longer blades (No. 40 b and d)
Ensure local fire protection district and emergency service is informed of when repower construction will commence (No. 54, 55, 56, 68)
Ensure Gilliam County Road Department is consulted regarding whether a road use agreement is necessary for this phase of repower construction (No. 66, 67)
Ensure notification to local law enforcement specifically Gilliam County Sheriff's Office of when repower will commence and for how long the repower project is anticipated (No. 70)
Suggest conducting wildlife monitoring to assess if the new longer blades impact area raptors and bats and coordinating repower construction with ODFW .
Restore vegetation (No. 11)

Has the wind farm commented or proposed a timeframe for the repower? Or is the time frame prescribed by EFSC? (No. 24, 25, 26)

Thank you for your consideration.

From: MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE <Chase.McVeigh-Walker@oregon.gov>
Sent: Tuesday, November 12, 2019 3:34 PM
To: Michelle Colby <michelle.colby@co.gilliam.or.us>
Subject: FW: Shepherds Flat North, Central, and South pRFA review and comments (Gilliam Co.)

FYI.

From: MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE
Sent: Wednesday, October 30, 2019 3:20 PM

To: 'michelle.colby@co.gilliam.or.us' <michelle.colby@co.gilliam.or.us>

Subject: Shepherds Flat North, Central, and South pRFA review and comments (Gilliam Co.)

Good afternoon Michelle,

The Department has received three preliminary Requests for Amendments (pRFA's) from Caithness Energy, LLC, the parent company of each facility's certificate holder for the three Shepherds Flat facilities; Shepherds Flat North (SFN), Shepherds Flat Central (SFC), and Shepherds Flat South (SFS).

For reference, all three facilities are operational wind generation facilities. SFN is located entirely in Gilliam County, with 106 wind turbines and a maximum generating capacity of 265 megawatts. SFC is located in both Gilliam and Morrow counties, and has 116 wind turbines with a maximum generating capacity of 290 megawatts. Lastly, SFS is also located in both Gilliam and Morrow counties, and includes 116 wind turbines and has a maximum generating capacity of 290 megawatts.

As mentioned above, the Department has received three individual pRFA's (one per facility) for the three Shepherds Flat Facilities. All three of the requests seek approval from the Energy Facility Siting Council for wind turbine repowering upgrades that would include replacing the wind turbine blades with slightly longer new blades, and modifications to the nacelles. The upgrades would require amending one condition in the site certificate to allow lowering the minimum aboveground wind turbine blade tip clearance from 25 to 21.5 meters.

For context, at the October 25, 2019 EFSC meeting, Council reviewed and approved an amendment to SFC to allow the same change (i.e., a repowering project, and amending the site certificate to reduce minimum aboveground clearance) for two specific wind turbines. The current request at SFC seeks Council approval to make the same modifications to the remaining 114 wind turbines at the facility.

Shepherds Flat North Project Page:

<https://www.oregon.gov/energy/facilities-safety/facilities/Pages/SFN.aspx>

Shepherds Flat Central Project Page:

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Shepherds Flat South Project Page:

<https://www.oregon.gov/energy/facilities-safety/facilities/Pages/SFS.aspx>

We would like to request Gilliam County's review and comment all three amendment requests by **November 12, 2019**. I will follow up tomorrow with a phone call, to discuss the scope of the Amendments, and anticipated review schedule.

Thanks,
Chase



Chase McVeigh-Walker

Senior Siting Analyst

550 Capitol St. NE | Salem, OR 97301

P: 503-934-1582

P (In Oregon): 800-221-8035



Stay connected!

MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE

From: Michelle Colby <michelle.colby@co.gilliam.or.us>
Sent: Monday, November 18, 2019 9:00 AM
To: MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE
Subject: Shepherds flat

Chase –

Good morning, Dewey Kennedy the Gilliam County Road Master was on vacation all last week and I just had a conversation with him, in response to my phone message and emails I sent him about Shepherd's Flat repower. He is very concerned that Shepherd's Flat repower must have a pre-construction meeting about roads prior to repower and yes, he will require a road use agreement be in affect prior to the repower construction starting. So whether or not these items are addressed in the amendment it sounds like the Road Master will ensure it gets done one way or another.

Just wanted to share.

Michelle Colby
Planning Director
Gilliam County
221 S. Oregon St.
Condon, OR 97823
Ph. 541-384-2381
Michelle.colby@co.gilliam.or.us

Attachment C: Draft Proposed Order Comments

MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE

From: Jordan Brown <brownj@science.oregonstate.edu>
Sent: Thursday, January 16, 2020 9:33 AM
To: MCVEIGH-WALKER Chase * ODOE
Subject: Shepherds Flat Wind Farm - concern over lack of plant surveys

Hello Chase,

My name is Jordan Brown and I'm with the Oregon Department of Agriculture Native Plant Conservation Program, which is responsible for the conservation and regulation of threatened and endangered plants in Oregon. I was reviewing a notification of a complete request for amendment for the Shepherds Flat South Wind Project, and after taking a look at where the project was located, got a little concerned about the lack of surveying for Laurent's milkvetch. This is a species that is listed as Threatened by the State of Oregon and is referenced in the project application.

I just wanted to let ODOE know that the limited scope of the analysis of impacts for state-listed threatened and endangered plants does not appear to meet the standards we would require for a project consultation. The determination that Lawrence's milkvetch did not need to be surveyed for discounts the real possibility that it could occur within the analysis area or project site. The project application lists sheep grazing and altitude limitation for potential reasons why it might not occur on site, but the project area definitely falls within the historic range of the species, with one historic occurrence located less than 20 miles directly to the west. The fact that no other occurrence have already been documented in this area could be the result of restricted access to the land during past survey efforts.

Hopefully, in the future ODOE can expand survey requirements to better capture priority areas where listed plants might occur. Thanks for taking my comments, and feel free to call and talk this over.

Jordan Brown
Program Lead / Conservation Biologist
OR Department of Agriculture
Native Plant Conservation Program
Oregon State University, Dept. of Botany
Cordley 2082
Corvallis, OR 97331
office: (541)-737-2346
cell: (541)-224-2245



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

PO Box 40 • 205 Third Street NE
Irrigon, Oregon 97844
(541) 922-4624

January 17, 2020

Chase McVeigh-Walker, Senior Siting Analyst
Oregon Department of Energy
550 Capitol Street NE, 1st Floor
Salem, OR 97301

Dear Mr. McVeigh-Walker,

Morrow County appreciates the opportunity to comment on Shepherds Flat Central Request for Amendment 3 (RFA3) and the Draft Proposed Order (DPO). It is the understanding of Morrow County that Amendment #3 would lower the minimum allowed blade tip clearance of turbines from 25 meters, to 21.5 meters. This change in clearance would allow the certificate holder to modify turbine components and install longer turbine blades on the existing towers for repowering the existing project.

After review of the Draft Proposed Order, Morrow County finds that the various Conditions meet the needs of the County with a couple of minor exceptions. As required by Oregon Revised Statute and the Morrow County Zoning Ordinance, once the Site Certificate is issued, Morrow County will work with the developer to approve and issue, if necessary, Morrow County permits. We understand, and our Zoning Ordinance states, that any local land use permit can only include the Conditions found in the Site Certificate. Because of this limitation we would ask for minor changes, as shown in ***bold italics***, to the following Conditions.

- Condition 108: ...shall notify the Department ***and the Morrow County Planning Department*** when construction of the facility modifications, as approved in Request for Amendment 3, commences.
- Condition 109: ...shall promptly notify the Department ***and the Morrow County Planning Department*** of the date of completion of construction...
- Condition 115: ...the certificate holder shall, or ensure its third-party contractors, reuse or recycle wind turbine blades, hubs and other removed wind turbine components to the extent practicable ***and in accordance with applicable Department of Energy provisions and the Morrow County Solid Waste Management Plan.***

As stated in Recommended Amended Condition 67, Morrow County would require that a full Road Use Agreement be implemented with Morrow County Public Works before the start of repowering

construction. Conversations between the Morrow County Public Works Director and Caithness Energy, LLC have taken place, and Caithness representatives are aware of this requirement.

At the request of the Morrow County Board of Commissioners, Morrow County requests the installation and utilization of an Aircraft Detection Lighting System (ADLS) on each wind tower installed in the Project, so long as the use has been authorized by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and complies with all FAA rules and regulations.

Again, the opportunity to comment is very much appreciated. It has been a pleasure working with you and other Department staff to date, and I anticipate that will continue. Should you have any questions about this comment letter, or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards,



Stephen Wrecsics
GIS Planning Technician

Cc: Stephanie Case, Morrow County Interim Planning Director
Matt Scrivner and Sandra Pointer, Morrow County Public Works
Morrow County Board of Commissioners

Attachment D: Revegetation Plan

**Shepherds Flat Central : Amended
Revegetation Plan
[October 25, 2019]**

1 **I. Introduction**

2 This plan describes methods and standards for restoration of areas of construction
3 disturbance and areas temporarily disturbed during routing operational road work activities. This
4 plan applies to the areas surrounding the permanent facility components of Shepherds Flat Central
(SFC).¹ The objective of revegetation is to restore the disturbed areas to
5 pre-disturbance condition or better. The site certificate for the facility requires restoration of
6 these areas. This plan has been developed in consultation with the Oregon Department of Fish
7 and Wildlife (ODFW).

8 The areas of construction disturbance include cultivated or otherwise developed
9 agricultural land (cropland) as well as areas of grassland, shrub-steppe habitat and other habitat
10 subtypes (wildlife habitat areas). The intensity of construction impact will vary. In some areas,
11 the impact will be relatively light, but in other areas, heavy construction activity will remove all
12 vegetation, remove topsoil and compact the remaining subsoil. Where vegetation has been
13 damaged or removed during construction, the certificate holder must restore suitable vegetation.
14 In addition, the certificate holder shall maintain erosion and sediment control measures put in
15 place during construction until the affected areas are restored as described in this plan and the
16 risk of erosion has been eliminated. The plan specifies monitoring procedures to evaluate
17 revegetation success of disturbed wildlife habitat areas. Remedial action may be necessary for
18 wildlife habitat areas that do not show revegetation progress. Additional mitigation may be
19 necessary if revegetation is unsuccessful.

20 **II. Description of the Project Area**

21 Most of the SFC site lies within Gilliam County (approximately 6,886 acres).
22 Approximately 49 acres within the site boundary lie within Morrow County. Much of the area in
23 the northern part of the site is characterized by shallow soils. The area is used primarily for
24 grazing of sheep, but low rainfall (approximately 9 inches of precipitation annually) limits
25 forage, and sheep are typically removed from the area from May to November. The site contains
26 areas of bare sand, exposed rock and bare soil, and there are numerous unimproved roads and
27 off-road vehicle tracks as well as several electrical transmission line corridors. Some locations
28 are highly disturbed from congregation of sheep around watering and transport sites. Invasive
29 species (such as cheatgrass and spring-Whitlow grass) are the predominant grass species in most
30 areas, but native species (such as Sandberg’s bluegrass, needle-and-thread grass, bluebunch
31 wheatgrass and six-weeks fescue) are also present. Portions of Eightmile Canyon lie within or
32 near the site boundary. Eightmile Canyon contains an intermittent stream and is cultivated in
33 some areas. The southern part of the site contains deeper soils. Most of the southern area is
34 cultivated for dryland wheat farming.

¹ This plan is incorporated by reference in the site certificate for Shepherds Flat Central and must be understood in that context. It is not a “stand-alone” document. This plan does not contain all mitigation required of the certificate holder.

Shepherds Flat Central: Amended Revegetation Plan
[October 25, 2019]

1 **III. Revegetation Methods**

2 The certificate holder shall begin restoration of disturbed areas as soon as possible after
3 completion of facility construction activity in the area to be restored. Restoration measures
4 include soil preparation and seeding as described below. Planting should be done at the
5 appropriate time of year to facilitate seed germination, based on weather conditions. The
6 certificate holder shall choose planting methods based on site-specific factors such as slope,
7 erosion potential and the size of the area in need of revegetation.

8 **1. Correction for Compaction**

9 In the northern section, soils are generally too shallow to become compacted by
10 construction activities. Deeper soils in the southern section may become compacted. The
11 certificate holder shall examine disturbed areas as soon as construction is finished in the area.
12 Areas that appear to be affected by compaction will be treated by deep tillage or ripping
13 (scarification) using the method preferred by the landowner. In some areas, compaction might
14 not become evident until vegetation indicates the condition through poor seed sprouting, stunting
15 or plant death. Where that occurs, the area will be tilled or ripped and then re-seeded.

16 **2. Revegetation of Cropland**

17 In the dryland wheat areas, the larger disturbed areas will be cultivated as soon as
18 possible after construction work is done. If it is the proper season for wheat planting and the
19 disturbed area is within a field that is not intended to remain fallow, the area will be planted with
20 a wheat variety selected by the landowner. Otherwise, cultivation and planting will occur on the
21 same schedule as in surrounding fields. The certificate holder will reimburse landowners for the
22 work if landowners prefer to perform the plowing and planting themselves.

23 **3. Revegetation of Wildlife Habitat Areas**

24 The predominant wildlife habitat subtype that will be disturbed by facility construction is
25 grassland. The seed mix used for revegetation in these areas will contain a mixture of species
26 expected to perform well in the affected soils and including, as available, seed adapted to the
27 local environment. The certificate holder will select a seed mix through consultation with the
28 parcel landowner and the grazing right lessee, ODFW, the Oregon State University Extension
29 Service, the Oregon Department of Agriculture, The Nature Conservancy and the Oregon
30 Department of Energy (Department). The certificate holder shall use seed provided by a
31 reputable supplier and complying with the Oregon Seed Law.

32 After construction activities are completed, disturbed areas will be evaluated to determine
33 whether restoration seeding is needed. In some areas where existing vegetation has been crushed
34 but not removed during construction, recovery is likely to occur in a reasonable time without
35 intervention. Seeding will not be done in areas where the pre-construction condition was exposed
36 rock, bare soil or sand that is unlikely to support vegetation.

37 Narrow areas of soil disturbance due to off-road trenching, off-road crane paths and other
38 limited disturbance may be seeded and left without mulch. Hand seeding, rather than mechanical
39 seeding, will be used in small areas where the use of planting equipment is likely to increase the
40 area of disturbance. Larger disturbed areas will be seeded followed by application of weed-free

Shepherds Flat Central: Amended Revegetation Plan

[October 25, 2019]

1 straw or other mulch to protect against erosion and preserve moisture. No-till methods, such as
2 drilling or broadcast seeding, will be employed.

3 In the arid climate of the site, successful seeding is limited to mid-fall through very early
4 spring. If seeding of large disturbance areas cannot be accomplished within this optimal seeding
5 period within two months after construction disturbance, the areas will be mulched or otherwise
6 treated to minimize erosion until seeding can be done in the fall.

7 **4. Weed control**

8 In the spring and early summer (approximately April through June), weeds commonly
9 found on the site can be identified before they seed. After construction, all disturbed areas
10 (except areas of exposed rock, bare soil and sand) will be evaluated annually in the spring for the
11 presence of invasive weed species. The certificate holder shall implement weed control measures
12 recommended by Gilliam County and Morrow County weed control authorities. Annual weed
13 inspection and treatment of revegetation areas will be discontinued in areas that are determined
14 to be successfully revegetated, but the certificate holder shall continue to implement a weed
15 control program during facility operation, as required by Condition 38 of the site certificate.

16 **IV. Monitoring**

17 **1. Revegetation Record**

18 The certificate holder shall maintain a record of revegetation work for both cropland and
19 wildlife habitat areas. In the record, the certificate holder shall include the date that construction
20 activity was completed in the area to be restored, a description of the affected area (location,
21 acres affected and pre-disturbance condition), the date that revegetation work began and a
22 description of the work done within the affected area. The certificate shall update the
23 revegetation records from time to time, as revegetation work occurs. The certificate holder shall
24 provide copies of these records to the Department at the time of submitting the annual report
25 required under the site certificate.

26 **2. Monitoring Procedures**

27 Cropland

28 During the first growing season following planting of cropland previously disturbed by
29 facility construction, the certificate holder shall consult with the landowners on soil compaction,
30 construction-related erosion or poor crop growth in disturbed areas. The certificate holder may
31 rely on the judgment of the landowner regarding any corrective measures needed.

32 Wildlife Habitat Areas

33 The certificate holder shall monitor the revegetation of wildlife habitat areas as described
34 in this section, unless the landowner has converted the area to a use inconsistent with the success
35 criteria. The certificate holder shall employ a qualified investigator (an independent botanist or
36 revegetation specialist) to examine all non-cropland revegetation areas to assess vegetation cover
37 (species, structural stage, etc.) and progress toward meeting the success criteria described below
38 in subsection (3). Within representative sample plots, the investigator will estimate the
39 percentages of the area that are covered by bare soil, desirable native vegetation or invasive weed
40 species. The investigator will qualitatively assess the degree of erosion at each site. The

Shepherds Flat Central: Revegetation Plan
[October 25, 2019]

1 investigator will compare the sample plots with representative reference plots of the same habitat
2 category and subtype.

3 The investigator will survey at least 20 percent of the disturbed area. The investigator
4 will select sample plots that are representative of all habitat subtypes disturbed. Sample plots
5 must proportionally represent areas of light disturbance (crushed vegetation) and areas of heavier
6 disturbance (scraped or heavily compacted soil). Reference plots will be selected from nearby
7 undisturbed areas within the same habitat subtype and category. Reference plots should have
8 similar slopes, soil depth and prevalence of rock outcrops as the sample plots to which they will
9 be compared.

10 The investigator shall use the same reference and sample plots for every survey, unless
11 the investigator finds that a plot is no longer suitable for survey purposes. If the investigator
12 finds a plot is no longer suitable, the investigator will select a suitable replacement plot and
13 report the reasons for the replacement to the certificate holder, the Department and ODFW.

14 Revegetation monitoring surveys will be conducted annually beginning one year after
15 initial restoration seeding and continuing until there is sufficient evidence of progress for the
16 Department to conclude that additional revegetation efforts in the area are not necessary.
17 Thereafter, the restored areas will be surveyed at five-year intervals for the life of the facility.²

18 The investigator will report to the certificate holder, the Department and ODFW
19 following each inspection. In the report, the investigator shall include an assessment of whether
20 the revegetated areas are trending toward meeting the success criteria. The investigator will
21 include in the report any remedial actions recommended. The investigator shall include a report
22 on the success of weed control measures.

23 Within each revegetation area, the investigator shall evaluate the progress of habitat
24 recovery in comparison to the reference area. The investigator shall evaluate the following site
25 conditions (both within the revegetation area and within the reference area):

- 26 • Degree of erosion due to disturbance activities (high, moderate or low).
- 27 • Vegetation density.
- 28 • Relative proportion of desirable vegetation as determined by the average number
29 of stems of desirable vegetation per square foot or by a visual scan of the area,
30 noting overall recovery status.
- 31 • Species diversity of desirable vegetation.

32 **3. Success Criteria**

33 Cropland

34 Cropland areas are successfully revegetated when the replanted areas achieve crop
35 production comparable to adjacent non-disturbed cultivated areas. The certificate holder shall
36 consult with the landowner or farmer to determine whether these areas have been successfully
37 revegetated and shall report to the Department on the success of revegetation in these areas.

² As used in this plan, “life of the facility” means continuously until the facility site is restored and the site certificate is terminated in accordance with OAR 345-027-0110.

Shepherds Flat Central: Revegetation Plan
[October 25, 2019]

1 Wildlife Habitat Areas

2 A wildlife habitat area is successfully revegetated when its habitat quality is equal to, or
3 better than, the habitat quality of the reference area as measured by the site conditions listed
4 above in subsection (2). When the Department finds that the condition of a revegetated wildlife
5 habitat area satisfies the criteria for revegetation success, the Department will conclude that the
6 certificate holder has met its restoration obligations for that area. If the Department finds that the
7 landowner has converted a wildlife habitat area to a use that is inconsistent with the success
8 criteria, the Department may conclude that the certificate holder has no further obligation to
9 restore the area for wildlife habitat uses.

10 Revegetation will be considered successful when:

- 11 1. The percentage of vegetation cover by desirable native species in the sample plot
12 is greater than or equal to the percentage of desirable native species cover in the
13 reference plots.
- 14 2. The percentage of cover by invasive weed species in the sample plot is less than
15 10 percent; and
- 16 3. The percentage of bare soil in the sample plot is not greater than the percentage
17 of bare soil in the reference plot, unless the percentage of desirable native species
18 cover in the sample plot exceeds the percentage of desirable native species cover
19 in the reference plots as described in #4 below.
- 20 4. If the percentage of desirable native species cover in the sample plot exceeds the
21 percentage of desirable native species cover in the reference plots by 10 percent
22 or more, then the percentage of bare soil in the sample plot may exceed the
23 percentage of bare soil in the reference plot by up to 20 percent.

24 **4. Remedial Action in Wildlife Habitat Areas**

25 After each monitoring visit, the certificate holder's qualified investigator shall report to
26 the certificate holder regarding the revegetation progress of each wildlife habitat area. The
27 investigator shall make recommendations to the certificate holder for reseeded or other remedial
28 measures for areas that are not showing progress toward achieving revegetation success.

29 Indications that an area is not showing progress toward achieving revegetation success
30 include emergence of comparatively few plants one year after disturbance or low vegetation
31 cover in the second monitoring year compared to reference plots and little increase in vegetation
32 between the first and second monitoring year.

33 The certificate holder shall take appropriate action to meet the objectives of this
34 revegetation plan. If soil compaction is suspected as the reason for lack of progress, the
35 compacted areas may be deep tilled or scarified to reduce compaction, followed by re-seeding.
36 The certificate holder's qualified investigator shall assess the vegetation that has appeared in the
37 disturbed area to determine specific recommendations for remediation.

38 On an annual basis as part of the annual report on the facility, the certificate holder shall
39 report to the Department the investigator's recommendations and the remedial actions taken. The
40 Department may require re-seeding or other remedial measures in those areas that do not meet
41 the success criteria.

Shepherds Flat Central: Revegetation Plan

October 25, 2019]

1 If a wildlife habitat area is damaged by wildfire, the certificate holder shall work with the
2 landowner to restore the damaged area. The certificate holder shall report to the Department on
3 the damage caused by wildfire and the cause of the fire, if known. The certificate holder shall
4 continue to report on revegetation progress as described in this plan.

5 If an area is not trending toward meeting the success criteria by the fifth monitoring year
6 (and has not been converted by the landowner to an inconsistent use), the certificate holder may
7 conclude that revegetation of the area was unsuccessful and propose appropriate mitigation for
8 the loss of habitat quality or quantity. The certificate holder shall carry out mitigation actions
9 approved by the Department, subject to review by the Oregon Energy Facility Council (Council).

10 **V. Amendment of the Plan**

11 This Revegetation Plan may be amended from time to time by agreement of the
12 certificate holder and the Council. Such amendments may be made without amendment of the
13 site certificate. The Council authorizes the Department to agree to amendments to this plan. The
14 Department shall notify the Council of all amendments, and the Council retains the authority to
15 approve, reject or modify any amendment of this plan agreed to by the Department.

Attachment E: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan [REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 This plan describes wildlife monitoring that the certificate holder shall conduct during
2 operation of Shepherds Flat Central (SFC).¹ The monitoring objectives are to determine whether
3 the facility causes significant fatalities of birds and bats and to determine whether the facility
4 results in a loss of habitat quality.

5 SFC consists of up to 116 wind turbines, two non-guyed meteorological (met) towers, a
6 substation and other related or supporting facilities as described in the site certificate. The
7 permanent facility components occupy a combined area of up to 72 acres.² The affected habitat
8 lies within a micro-siting area of approximately 11,769 acres.

9 The certificate holder shall use experienced and properly trained personnel (the
10 “investigators”) to conduct the monitoring required under this plan. The professional
11 qualifications of the investigators are subject to approval by the Oregon Department of Energy
12 (Department). For all components of this plan, the certificate holder shall hire independent third
13 party investigators (not employees of the certificate holder) to perform monitoring tasks. The
14 monitoring will be performed in a manner that minimizes agricultural crop loss and interference
15 with agricultural and ranching activities.

16 The Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan for SFC has the following components:

- 17 1) Fatality monitoring program including:
 - 18 a) Removal trials
 - 19 b) Searcher efficiency trials
 - 20 c) Fatality search protocol
 - 21 d) Statistical analysis
- 22 2) Washington ground squirrel colony assessment
- 23 3) Raptor nest monitoring
- 24 4) Ongoing monitoring, reporting and handling of wildlife injuries and fatalities
- 25 5) Avian Collision Fatality Risk Mitigation (RFA2)

26 Based on the results of the monitoring programs, mitigation of significant impacts may be
27 required. The selection of the mitigation actions should allow for flexibility in creating
28 appropriate responses to monitoring results that cannot be known in advance. If the Department
29 determines that mitigation is needed, the certificate holder shall propose appropriate mitigation
30 actions to the Department and shall carry out mitigation actions approved by the Department,
31 subject to review by the Oregon Energy Facility Council (Council).

¹ This plan is incorporated by reference in the site certificate for Shepherds Flat Central and must be understood in that context. It is not a “stand-alone” document. This plan does not contain all mitigation required of the certificate holder.

² Estimates of the area that the facility components would occupy are shown in Tables 3 and 4 of the *Final Order on Amendment #1*.

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1. Fatality Monitoring

(a) Definitions and Methods

Seasons

This plan uses the following dates for defining seasons:

Season	Dates and Duration
Spring	March 16 to May 15 (2 months)
Summer	May 16 to August 15 (3 months)
Fall Migration	August 16 to October 31 (2 ½ months)
Winter	November 1 to March 15 (4 ½ months)

Schedule

The investigators shall perform fatality monitoring for two years for each phase of construction. For each phase of construction, the first monitoring year will begin one month after the beginning of commercial operation of that phase; the second monitoring year will begin directly following the first year.

In each monitoring year, the investigators shall conduct fatality monitoring searches at the rates of frequency shown below. Over the course of one monitoring year, the investigators will conduct 16 searches, as follows:

Season	Frequency
Spring	2 searches per month (4 searches)
Summer	1 search per month (3 searches)
Fall	2 searches per month (5 searches)
Winter	1 search per month (4 searches)

Search Plots

The investigators shall conduct fatality monitoring within search plots. The certificate holder, in consultation with the investigators and the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW), shall select search plots based on a systematic sampling design that ensures that the selected search plots are representative of the habitat conditions in different parts of the site.

Each search plot will contain one turbine. Search plots will be circular. Circular search plots will be centered on the turbine location and will have a radius equal to the maximum blade tip height of the turbine contained within the plot. "Maximum blade tip height" is the turbine hub-height plus one-half the rotor diameter. The certificate holder shall provide maps of the search plots to the Department before beginning fatality monitoring at the facility. The investigators shall use the same search plots for each search conducted during a single monitoring year.

Sample Size

The sample size for fatality monitoring is the number of turbines searched per phase per monitoring year. For each phase of construction, the investigators shall search a representative sample of the turbines that are built in that phase, according to the following schedule:

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

Number of Turbines Built	Sample Size: First Year	Sample Size: Second Year
50 to 116	50	50
less than 50	all turbines	all turbines

1 If 50 to 116 turbines are built in a phase, the investigators shall search a different
2 representative sample of 50 turbines in the second year, to the extent possible based on the total
3 number of turbines built.

4 (b) Removal Trials

5 The objective of the removal trials is to estimate the length of time avian and bat
6 carcasses remain in the search area. Estimates of carcass removal rates will be used to adjust
7 carcass counts for removal bias. “Carcass removal” is the disappearance of a carcass from the
8 search area due to predation, scavenging or other means such as farming activity.

9 The investigators shall conduct carcass removal trials within each of the seasons defined
10 above during the years in which fatality monitoring occurs. For each trial, the investigators shall
11 use 10 to 15 carcasses of small, medium and large-bodied species.³ Trial carcasses shall be
12 placed at least 1,000 feet from any search plots and distributed proportionately within habitat
13 categories and subtypes similar to the search plots.

14 The investigators shall use game birds or other legal sources of avian species as test
15 carcasses for the removal trials, and the investigators may use carcasses found in fatality
16 monitoring searches. The investigators shall select species with the same coloration and size
17 attributes as species found within the site boundary. If suitable trial carcasses are available, trials
18 during the fall season will include several small brown birds to simulate bat carcasses. Legally
19 obtained bat carcasses will be used if available.

20 Trial carcasses will be marked discreetly for recognition by searchers and other
21 personnel. Carcasses will be placed in a variety of postures to simulate a range of conditions. For
22 example, birds will be: 1) placed in an exposed posture (e.g., thrown over the shoulder), 2)
23 hidden to simulate a crippled bird (e.g., placed beneath a shrub or tuft of grass) or 3) partially
24 hidden. The planted carcasses will be located randomly within the carcass removal trial plots.
25 Trial carcasses will be left at the location until the end of the carcass removal trial.

26 An approximate schedule for assessing removal status is once daily for the first 4 days,
27 and on days 7, 10, 14, 21, 30 and 45. This schedule may be adjusted depending on actual carcass
28 removal rates, weather conditions and coordination with the other survey work. The condition of
29 scavenged carcasses will be documented during each assessment, and at the end of the trial all
30 traces of the carcasses will be removed from the site. Scavenger or other activity could result in
31 complete removal of all traces of a carcass in a location or distribution of feathers and carcass
32 parts to several locations. This distribution will not constitute removal if evidence of the carcass
33 remains within an area similar in size to a search plot and if the evidence would be discernable to
34 a searcher during a normal survey.

35 Before beginning removal trials for the second year of fatality monitoring, the certificate
36 holder shall report the results of the first year removal trials to the Department and ODFW. In the

³ To reduce the combined number of carcasses used in the removal trials and searcher efficiency trials, these trials may be coordinated with similar trials for Shepherds Flat North and Shepherds Flat South if the trials take place in the same year and after consultation with ODFW and approval by the Department.

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 report, the certificate holder shall analyze whether four removal trials per year, as described
2 above, provides sufficient data to accurately estimate adjustment factors for carcass removal. The
3 number of removal trials for the second year of fatality monitoring may be adjusted up or down,
4 subject to the approval of the Department.

5 (c) Searcher Efficiency Trials

6 The objective of searcher efficiency trials is to estimate the percentage of bird and bat
7 fatalities that searchers are able to find. The certificate holder shall conduct searcher efficiency
8 trials on the fatality monitoring search plots in both grassland/shrub-steppe and cultivated
9 agriculture habitat types. A pooled estimate of searcher efficiency will be used to adjust carcass
10 counts for detection bias.

11 The investigators shall conduct searcher efficiency trials within each of the seasons
12 defined above during the years in which the fatality monitoring occurs. Each trial will involve
13 approximately 40 carcasses (approximately 160 carcasses per year). The searchers will not be
14 notified of carcass placement or test dates. The investigators shall vary the number of trials per
15 season and the number of carcasses per trial so that the searchers will not know the total number
16 of trial carcasses being used in any trial.

17 For each trial, the investigators shall use small, medium and large-bodied species. The
18 investigators shall use game birds or other legal sources of avian species as test carcasses for the
19 efficiency trials, and the investigators may use carcasses found in fatality monitoring searches.
20 The investigators shall select species with the same coloration and size attributes as species
21 found within the site boundary. If suitable test carcasses are available, trials during the fall
22 season will include several small brown birds to simulate bat carcasses. Legally obtained bat
23 carcasses will be used if available. The investigators shall mark the test carcasses to differentiate
24 them from other carcasses that might be found within the search plot and shall use methods
25 similar to those used to mark removal test carcasses as long as the procedure is sufficiently
26 discreet and does not increase carcass visibility.

27 The certificate holder shall distribute trial carcasses in varied habitat in rough proportion
28 to the habitat types within the facility site. On the day of a standardized fatality monitoring
29 search (described below) but before the beginning of the search, investigators will place
30 efficiency trial carcasses randomly within search plots (one to three trial carcasses per search
31 plot) within areas to be searched. If scavengers appear attracted by placement of carcasses, the
32 carcasses will be distributed before dawn.

33 Efficiency trials will be spread over the entire season to incorporate effects of varying
34 weather and vegetation growth. Carcasses will be placed in a variety of postures to simulate a
35 range of conditions. For example, birds will be: 1) placed in an exposed posture (thrown over the
36 shoulder), 2) hidden to simulate a crippled bird or 3) partially hidden.

37 The number and location of the efficiency trial carcasses found during the carcass search
38 will be recorded. The number of efficiency trial carcasses available for detection during each
39 trial will be determined immediately after the trial by the person responsible for distributing the
40 carcasses. Following plot searches, all traces of test carcasses will be removed from the site.

41 If new searchers are brought into the search team, additional searcher efficiency trials
42 will be conducted to ensure that detection rates incorporate searcher differences. The certificate

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 holder shall include a discussion of any changes in search personnel and any additional detection
2 trials in the reporting required under Section 6 of this plan.

3 Before beginning searcher efficiency trials for the second year of fatality monitoring, the
4 certificate holder shall report the results of the first year efficiency trials to the Department and
5 ODFW. In the report, the certificate holder shall analyze whether the efficiency trials as
6 described above provides sufficient data to accurately estimate adjustment factors for carcass
7 removal. The number of removal trials for the second year of fatality monitoring may be adjusted
8 up or down, subject to the approval of the Department.

9 (d) Fatality Monitoring Search Protocol

10 The objective of fatality monitoring is to estimate the number of bird and bat fatalities
11 that are attributable to facility operation as an indicator of the impact of the facility on habitat
12 quality. The goal of bird and bat fatality monitoring is to estimate fatality rates and associated
13 variances. The certificate holder shall conduct fatality monitoring using standardized carcass
14 searches according to the schedule described above.

15 Personnel trained in proper search techniques (“the searchers”) will conduct the carcass
16 searches by walking parallel transects approximately 20 feet apart within the search plots. A
17 searcher will walk at a rate of approximately 45 to 60 meters per minute along each transect
18 searching both sides out to three meters for casualties. Search area and speed may be adjusted by
19 habitat type after evaluation of the first searcher efficiency trial.

20 Searchers shall flag all avian or bat carcasses discovered. Carcasses are defined as a
21 complete carcass or body part, 10 or more feathers, or three or more primary feathers in one
22 location. When parts of carcasses and feathers from the same species are found within a search
23 plot, searchers shall make note of the relative positions and assess whether or not these are from
24 the same fatality.

25 All carcasses (avian and bat) found during the standardized carcass searches will be
26 photographed, recorded and labeled with a unique number. Searchers shall make note of the
27 nearest two or three structures (turbine, power pole, fence, building or overhead line) and the
28 approximate distance from the carcass to these structures. The species and age of the carcass will
29 be determined when possible. Searchers shall make note of the extent to which the carcass is
30 intact and an estimation of time since death. Searchers shall describe all evidence that might
31 assist in determination of cause of death, such as evidence of electrocution, vehicular strike, wire
32 strike, predation or disease, will be described. When assessment of the carcass is complete, all
33 traces of it will be removed from the site.

34 Each carcass will be bagged and frozen for future reference and possible necropsy. A
35 copy of the data sheet for each carcass will be kept with the carcass at all times. For each carcass
36 found, searchers will record species, sex and age when possible, date and time collected,
37 location, condition (e.g., intact, scavenged, feather spot) and any comments that may indicate
38 cause of death. Searchers will photograph each carcass as found and will map the find on a
39 detailed map of the search area showing the location of the wind turbines and associated
40 facilities. The certificate holder shall coordinate collection of state endangered, threatened,
41 sensitive or other state protected species with ODFW. The certificate holder shall coordinate
42 collection of federally-listed endangered or threatened species and Migratory Bird Treaty Act

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 protected avian species with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). The certificate holder
2 shall obtain appropriate collection permits from ODFW and USFWS.

3 The investigators shall calculate fatality rates using the statistical methods described in
4 Section (f), except that the investigators may use different notation or methods that are
5 mathematically equivalent with prior approval of the Department. In making these calculations,
6 the investigators may exclude carcass data from the first search of each turbine (to eliminate
7 possible counting of carcasses that were present before the turbine was operating).

8 The investigators shall estimate the number of avian and bat fatalities attributable to
9 operation of the facility based on the number of avian and bat fatalities found at the facility site.
10 All carcasses located within areas surveyed, regardless of species, will be recorded and, if
11 possible, a cause of death determined based on blind necropsy results. If a different cause of
12 death is not apparent, the fatality will be attributed to facility operation. The total number of
13 avian and bat fatalities will be estimated by adjusting for removal and searcher efficiency bias.

14 On an annual basis, the certificate holder shall report an estimate of fatalities in eight
15 categories: 1) all birds, 2) small birds, 3) large birds, 4) raptors, 5) grassland birds, 6) nocturnal
16 migrants, 7) State Sensitive Species listed under OAR 635-100-0040 and 8) bats. The certificate
17 holder shall report annual fatality rates on both a per-MW and per-turbine basis.

18 (e) Incidental Finds and Injured Birds

19 The searchers might discover carcasses incidental to formal carcass searches (e.g., while
20 driving within the project area). For each incidentally discovered carcass, the searcher shall
21 identify, photograph, record data and collect the carcass as would be done for carcasses within
22 the formal search sample during scheduled searches. If the incidentally discovered carcass is
23 found within a formal search plot, the fatality data will be included in the calculation of fatality
24 rates. If the incidentally discovered carcass is found outside a formal search plot, the data will be
25 reported separately. The certificate holder shall coordinate collection of incidentally discovered
26 state endangered, threatened, sensitive or other state protected species with ODFW. The
27 certificate holder shall coordinate collection of incidentally discovered federally-listed
28 endangered or threatened species and Migratory Bird Treaty Act protected avian species with the
29 USFWS.

30 The certificate holder shall develop and follow a protocol for handling injured birds. Any
31 injured native birds found on the facility site will be carefully captured by a trained project
32 biologist or technician and transported to a qualified rehabilitation specialist approved by the
33 Department.⁴ The certificate holder shall pay costs, if any, charged for time and expenses related
34 to care and rehabilitation of injured native birds found on the site, unless the cause of injury is
35 clearly demonstrated to be unrelated to the facility operations.

⁴ Approved specialists include Lynn Tompkins (wildlife rehabilitator) of Blue Mountain Wildlife, a wildlife rehabilitation center in Pendleton and the Audubon Bird Care Center in Portland. The certificate holder must obtain Department approval before using other specialists.

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 (f) Statistical Methods for Fatality Estimates⁵

2 The estimate of the total number of wind facility-related fatalities is based on:

- 3 (1) The observed number of carcasses found during standardized searches during the
4 two monitoring years for which the cause of death is attributed to the facility.⁶
- 5 (2) Searcher efficiency expressed as the proportion of planted carcasses found by
6 searchers.
- 7 (3) Removal rates expressed as the estimated average probability a carcass is expected
8 to remain in the study area and be available for detection by the searchers during
9 the entire survey period.

10 Definition of Variables

11 The following variables are used in the equations below:

12	c_i	the number of carcasses detected at plot i for the study period of interest (e.g., one
13		year) for which the cause of death is either unknown or is attributed to the facility
14	n	the number of search plots
15	k	the number of turbines searched (includes the turbines centered within each
16		search plot and a proportion of the number of turbines adjacent to search plots to
17		account for the effect of adjacent turbines on the search plot buffer area)
18	\bar{c}	the average number of carcasses observed per turbine per year
19	s	the number of carcasses used in removal trials
20	s_c	the number of carcasses in removal trials that remain in the study area after 40
21		days
22	se	standard error (square of the sample variance of the mean)
23	t_i	the time (days) a carcass remains in the study area before it is removed
24	\bar{t}	the average time (days) a carcass remains in the study area before it is removed
25	d	the total number of carcasses placed in searcher efficiency trials
26	p	the estimated proportion of detectable carcasses found by searchers
27	I	the average interval between searches in days
28	$\hat{\pi}$	the estimated probability that a carcass is both available to be found during a
29		search and is found
30	m_t	the estimated annual average number of fatalities per turbine per year, adjusted
31		for removal and observer detection bias
32	C	nameplate energy output of turbine in megawatts (MW)

⁵ These statistical methods derive from the *Draft Avian and Bat Monitoring Plan for the Stateline Wind Project*, January 10, 2001 (prepared by FPL Energy, WEST Inc. and Northwest Wildlife Consultants). The present form of the description of statistical methods is based on revisions by the Council in the *Klondike III Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan*, June 30, 2006.

⁶ If a different cause of death is not apparent, the fatality will be attributed to facility operation.

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

Observed Number of Carcasses

The estimated average number of carcasses (\bar{c}) observed per turbine per year is:

$$\bar{c} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n c_i}{k} . \quad (1)$$

Estimation of Carcass Removal

Estimates of carcass removal are used to adjust carcass counts for removal bias. Mean carcass removal time (\bar{t}) is the average length of time a carcass remains at the site before it is removed:

$$\bar{t} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^s t_i}{s - s_c} . \quad (2)$$

This estimator is the maximum likelihood estimator assuming the removal times follow an exponential distribution and there is right-censoring of data. Any trial carcasses still remaining at 40 days are collected, yielding censored observations at 40 days. If all trial carcasses are removed before the end of the trial, then s_c is 0, and \bar{t} is just the arithmetic average of the removal times. Removal rates will be estimated by carcass size (small and large), habitat type and season.

Estimation of Observer Detection Rates

Observer detection rates (i.e., searcher efficiency rates) are expressed as p , the proportion of trial carcasses that are detected by searchers. Observer detection rates will be estimated by carcass size, habitat type and season.

Estimation of Facility-Related Fatality Rates

The estimated per turbine annual fatality rate (m_t) is calculated by:

$$m_t = \frac{\bar{c}}{\hat{\pi}} , \quad (3)$$

where $\hat{\pi}$ includes adjustments for both carcass removal (from scavenging and other means) and observer detection bias assuming that the carcass removal times t_i follow an exponential distribution. Under these assumptions, this detection probability is estimated by:

$$\hat{\pi} = \frac{\bar{t} \cdot p}{I} \cdot \left[\frac{\exp\left(\frac{I}{\bar{t}}\right) - 1}{\exp\left(\frac{I}{\bar{t}}\right) - 1 + p} \right] . \quad (4)$$

The estimated per MW annual fatality rate (m) is calculated by:

$$m = \frac{m_t}{C} . \quad (5)$$

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 The final reported estimates of m , associated standard errors and 90% confidence
2 intervals will be calculated using bootstrapping (Manly 1997). Bootstrapping is a computer
3 simulation technique that is useful for calculating point estimates, variances and confidence
4 intervals for complicated test statistics. For each iteration of the bootstrap, the plots will be
5 sampled with replacement, trial carcasses will be sampled with replacement and \bar{c} , \bar{t} , p , $\hat{\pi}$ and
6 m will be calculated. A total of 5,000 bootstrap iterations will be used. The reported estimates
7 will be the means of the 5,000 bootstrap estimates. The standard deviation of the bootstrap
8 estimates is the estimated standard error. The lower 5th and upper 95th percentiles of the 5000
9 bootstrap estimates are estimates of the lower limit and upper limit of 90% confidence intervals.

10 Nocturnal Migrant and Bat Fatalities

11 Differences in observed nocturnal migrant and bat fatality rates for lit turbines, unlit
12 turbines that are adjacent to lit turbines and unlit turbines that are not adjacent to lit turbines will
13 be compared graphically and statistically.

14 (g) Mitigation

15 The certificate holder shall use a worst-case analysis to resolve any uncertainty in the
16 results and to determine whether the data indicate that additional mitigation should be
17 considered. The Department may require additional, targeted monitoring if the data indicate the
18 potential for significant impacts that cannot be addressed by worst-case analysis and appropriate
19 mitigation.

20 Mitigation may be appropriate if fatality rates exceed a “threshold of concern.”⁷ For the
21 purpose of determining whether a threshold has been exceeded, the certificate holder shall
22 calculate the average annual fatality rates for species groups after two years of monitoring. Based
23 on current knowledge of the species that are likely to use the habitat in the area of the facility, the
24 following thresholds apply to SFC:

⁷ The Council adopted “thresholds of concern” for raptors, grassland species and state sensitive avian species in the Final Order on the Application for the Klondike III Wind Project (June 30, 2006) and for bats in the Final Order on the Application for the Biglow Canyon Wind Farm (June 30, 2006). As explained in the Klondike III order: “Although the threshold numbers provide a rough measure for deciding whether the Council should be concerned about observed fatality rates, the thresholds have a very limited scientific basis. The exceeding of a threshold, by itself, would not be a scientific indicator that operation of the facility would result in range-wide population level declines of any of the species affected. The thresholds are provided in the WMMP to guide consideration of additional mitigation based on two years of monitoring data.”

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

Species Group	Threshold of Concern (fatalities per MW)
Raptors (All eagles, hawks, falcons and owls, including burrowing owls.)	0.09
Raptor species of special concern (Swainson's hawk, ferruginous hawk, peregrine falcon, golden eagle, bald eagle, burrowing owl and any federal threatened or endangered raptor species.)	0.06
Grassland species (All native bird species that rely on grassland habitat and are either resident species occurring year round or species that nest in the area, excluding horned lark, burrowing owl and northern harrier.)	0.59
State sensitive avian species listed under OAR 635-100-0040 (Excluding raptors listed above.)	0.2
Bat species as a group	2.5

1 If the data show that a threshold of concern for a species group has been exceeded, the
2 certificate holder shall implement additional mitigation if the Department determines that
3 mitigation is appropriate based on analysis of the data, consultation with ODFW and
4 consideration of any other significant information available at the time. In addition, the
5 Department may determine that mitigation is appropriate if fatality rates for individual avian or
6 bat species (especially State Sensitive Species) are higher than expected and at a level of
7 biological concern. If the Department determines that mitigation is appropriate, the certificate
8 holder, in consultation with the Department and ODFW, shall propose mitigation measures
9 designed to benefit the affected species. The certificate holder shall implement mitigation as
10 approved by the Department, subject to review by the Council. The Department may recommend
11 additional, targeted data collection if the need for mitigation is unclear based on the information
12 available at the time. The certificate holder shall implement such data collection as approved by
13 the Council.

14 Mitigation should be designed to benefit the affected species group. Mitigation may
15 include, but is not limited to, protection of nesting habitat for the affected group of native species
16 through a conservation easement or similar agreement. Tracts of land that are intact and
17 functional for wildlife are preferable to degraded habitat areas. Preference should be given to
18 protection of land that would otherwise be subject to development or use that would diminish the
19 wildlife value of the land. In addition, mitigation measures might include: enhancement of a
20 protected tract that is degraded by weed removal and control; increasing the diversity of native
21 grasses and forbs; planting sagebrush or other shrubs; constructing and maintaining artificial nest
22 structures for raptors; improving wildfire response; and conducting or making a contribution to
23 research that will aid in understanding more about the affected species and its conservation needs
24 in the region.

25 (h) Additional Mitigation

26 Two years of monitoring showed an exceedance of the threshold of concern for the raptor
27 group. The Department determined that mitigation is appropriate. Certificate holder proposed
28 mitigation measures, and consulted with the Department and ODFW with respect to their design
29 and implementation. Therefore certificate holder shall:

- 30 • Amend the SFC Habitat Mitigation Plan to include tree planting and monitoring.

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

- 1 • Install bird flight diverters, pole-to-pole, on the transmission line segments adjacent to
2 turbines 372 and 332. The diverters shall be of the same type and at the same spacing as
3 those installed at other location in the facility.
- 4 • Contribute \$1,000 annually to the Rowena Wildlife Clinic (or equivalent rehabilitation
5 facility approved by the Department and ODFW). Such contributions shall continue for
6 the life of the facility.

7 **2. Washington Ground Squirrel Assessment**

8 A qualified professional biologist (investigator) will assess the status of that portion of
9 the Washington ground squirrel (WGS) colony located within the site boundary.⁸ The colony
10 located on-site represents a small outpost of the larger complex off-site. It may expand or
11 contract over the survey years as rainfall and vegetation affect the total population of the
12 complex. There should be sufficient data collected before facility components are installed in the
13 colony's vicinity for the investigator to assess natural colony fluctuation.

14 The investigator shall assess the status of the WGS colony when the squirrels are active
15 (approximately mid-March through May) beginning in the first active period after the effective
16 date of the site certificate for SFC. The colony will be assessed annually thereafter through the
17 second year after the turbines closest to the WGS colony become commercially operational.

18 During each assessment, the investigator shall monitor WGS activity to determine the
19 extent of the on-site colony and estimate the number of squirrels present. The investigator shall
20 examine the surroundings for evidence of project-caused conditions that might increase erosion
21 or result in a decline in vegetation quality and adversely affect the colony.

22 **3. Raptor Nest Monitoring**

23 The objectives of raptor nest surveys are: (1) to estimate the size of the local breeding
24 populations of raptor species that nest on the ground or aboveground in trees or other
25 aboveground nest locations in the vicinity of the facility; and (2) to determine whether operation
26 of the facility results in a reduction of nesting activity or nesting success in the local populations
27 of the following raptor species: Swainson's hawk, golden eagle, ferruginous hawk and burrowing
28 owl.

29 The certificate holder shall conduct short-term and long-term monitoring. The certificate
30 holder's qualified investigators will use aerial and ground surveys to evaluate nest success by
31 gathering data on active nests, on nests with young and on young fledged. The investigators will
32 analyze the data as described in Section 3(c) and will share the data with state and federal
33 biologists.

34 (a) Short-Term Monitoring

35 Short-term monitoring will be done in two monitoring seasons. The first monitoring
36 season will be in the first raptor nesting season after completion of construction of SFC. The

⁸ The site certificate application for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm included a baseline assessment of the WGS colony. Weisskopf et al., *Shepherds Flat Washington Ground Squirrel and Burrowing Owl Surveys*, May 27, 2007 (App Supp, Exhibit P, Attachment P-5a).

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 second monitoring season will be in the fourth year after construction is completed. The
2 investigators will analyze two years of data after the second monitoring season.

3 Survey Protocol for Raptor Species that Nest Aboveground

4 During each monitoring season, the investigators will conduct a thorough ground survey
5 for raptor nests in late May or early June and additional surveys as described in this section. The
6 survey area is the area within the SFC site and a 2-mile buffer around the site. All nests
7 discovered during pre-construction surveys and any nests discovered during post-construction
8 surveys, whether active or inactive, will be given identification numbers. Nest locations will be
9 recorded on U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute quadrangle maps. Global positioning system
10 coordinates will be recorded for each nest. Locations of inactive nests will be recorded because
11 they could become occupied during future years.

12 Determining nest *occupancy* will likely require at least two visits to each nest. For
13 occupied nests, the certificate holder will determine nesting *success* by a minimum of one
14 ground visit to determine species, number of young and young fledged. “Nesting success” means
15 that the young have successfully fledged (the young are independent of the core nest site). Nests
16 that cannot be monitored due to the landowner denying access will be checked from a distance
17 where feasible.

18 Survey Protocol for Burrowing Owls

19 The investigators will monitor burrowing owl nests according to the following protocol.
20 The investigators will monitor all nests discovered during pre-construction surveys and any
21 additional burrowing owl nest sites that are discovered during any wildlife monitoring tasks
22 conducted under this plan. All nests will be given identification numbers. Nest locations will be
23 recorded on U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute quadrangle maps. Global positioning system
24 coordinates will be recorded for each nest site. Coordinates for ancillary burrows used by one
25 nesting pair or a group of nesting pairs will also be recorded. Locations of inactive nests will be
26 recorded because they could become occupied during future years.

27 For occupied nests, the certificate holder will determine nesting *success* by a minimum of
28 one ground visit to determine species, number of young and young fledged. “Nesting success”
29 means that the young have successfully fledged (the young may or may not be independent of
30 the core nest site). Three visits to the nest sites may be necessary to determine outcome. Nests
31 that cannot be monitored due to the landowner denying access will be checked from a distance
32 where feasible.

33 (b) Long-Term Monitoring

34 In addition to the two years of post-construction raptor nest surveys described above, the
35 certificate holder will conduct long-term raptor nest surveys at five-year intervals for the life of
36 the facility.⁹ Investigators will conduct the first long-term raptor nest survey in the raptor nesting
37 season of the ninth year after construction is completed and will repeat the survey at five-year
38 intervals thereafter. In conducting long-term surveys, the investigators will follow the same
39 survey protocols as described above in Section 3(a) unless the investigators propose alternative
40 protocols that are approved by the Department. In developing an alternative protocol, the

⁹ As used in this plan, “life of the facility” means continuously until the facility site is restored and the site certificate is terminated in accordance with OAR 345-027-0110.

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 investigators will consult with ODFW. The investigators will analyze the data after each year of
2 long-term raptor nest surveys.

3 (c) Analysis

4 The investigators will analyze the raptor nesting data to determine whether a reduction in
5 either nesting success or nest use has occurred in the survey area. If the analysis indicates a
6 reduction in nesting success or nest use by Swainson's hawks, golden eagles, ferruginous hawks
7 or burrowing owls, then the certificate holder will propose appropriate mitigation for the affected
8 species as described in Section 3(d) and will implement mitigation as approved by the
9 Department, subject to review by the Council

10 Any reduction in nesting success or nest use could be due to operation of SFC or some
11 other cause. The investigators will attribute the reduction to operation of SFC unless the
12 investigators demonstrate, and the Department agrees, that the reduction was due to a different
13 cause. At a minimum, if the analysis shows that a Swainson's hawk, golden eagle, ferruginous
14 hawk or burrowing owl has abandoned a nest territory within the facility site or within ½ mile of
15 the facility site or has not fledged any young over two successive surveys within that same area,
16 the investigators will assume the abandonment or unsuccessful fledging is due to operation of the
17 facility unless another cause can be demonstrated convincingly.

18 Given the low raptor nesting densities in the area, statistical power to detect a relationship
19 between distance from a wind turbine and nesting parameters (e.g., number of fledglings per
20 reproductive pair) will be very low. Therefore, impacts may have to be judged based on trends in
21 the data, results from other wind energy facility monitoring studies and literature on what is
22 known regarding the populations in the region.

23 (d) Mitigation

24 The certificate holder will propose mitigation for the affected species in consultation with
25 the Department and ODFW and will implement mitigation as approved by the Council. In
26 proposing appropriate mitigation, the certificate holder will advise the Department if any other
27 wind project in the area is obligated to provide mitigation for a reduction in raptor nesting
28 success at the same nest site. Mitigation should be designed to benefit the affected species or
29 contribute to overall scientific knowledge and understanding of what causes nest abandonment or
30 nest failure. Mitigation may be designed to proceed in phases over several years. It may include,
31 but is not limited to, additional raptor nest monitoring, protection of natural nest sites from
32 human disturbance or cattle activity (preferably within the general area of the facility) or
33 participation in research projects designed to improve scientific understanding of the needs of the
34 affected species.

35 4. Ongoing Reporting and Handling of Wildlife Injuries and Fatalities

36 The certificate holder will implement an ongoing monitoring program for avian and bat
37 casualties found during operation of the facility. The certificate holder will train facility
38 personnel in the methods and practices needed to carry out this program. Facility personnel shall
39 monitor the areas around all facility structures that may present a collision risk to avian and bat
40 species, including turbine towers, meteorological towers, aboveground transmission lines, the
41 substation and the field workshop. The monitoring program will include initial response,
42 handling and reporting of bird and bat carcasses discovered incidental to maintenance operations

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 (“incidental finds”). Maintenance personnel will follow the certificate holder’s protocol for
2 handling injured birds as described in Section 1(d).

3 All avian and bat carcasses discovered by maintenance personnel will be photographed
4 and data will be recorded as would be done for carcasses within the formal search sample during
5 scheduled searches as described in Section 1(d). Maintenance personnel will notify a project
6 biologist of incidental finds. The project biologist must be a qualified independent professional
7 biologist who is not an employee of the certificate holder. The project biologist (or the project
8 biologist’s experienced wildlife technician) will collect the carcass or will instruct maintenance
9 personnel to have an on-site carcass handling permittee collect the carcass. The certificate
10 holder’s on-site carcass handling permittee must be a person who is listed on state and federal
11 scientific or salvage collection permits and who is available to process (collect) the find on the
12 day it is discovered. The find must be processed on the same day as it is discovered. The
13 certificate holder shall coordinate collection of state endangered, threatened, sensitive or other
14 state protected species with ODFW. The certificate holder shall coordinate collection of
15 federally-listed endangered or threatened species and Migratory Bird Treaty Act protected avian
16 species with the USFWS.

17 During the years in which fatality monitoring occurs, if there are incidental finds outside
18 the search plots for the fatality monitoring searches, the data will be reported separately from
19 fatality monitoring data. Data on incidental finds within search plots will be included in the
20 calculation of fatality rates.

21 The Department may determine that mitigation is appropriate if avian or bat fatalities are
22 higher than expected and at a level of biological concern. If the Department determines that
23 mitigation is appropriate, the certificate holder, in consultation with the Department and ODFW,
24 shall propose mitigation measures designed to benefit the affected species. The certificate holder
25 shall implement mitigation as approved by the Department, subject to review by the Council.

26 **5. Avian Collision Fatality Risk Mitigation**

27 To address potential indirect impacts of bird and bat collision fatality risk, the certificate
28 holder shall implement the following avian collision fatality risk mitigation:

29 Within 1-year following completion of the O&M demonstration activity for wind
30 turbines 368 and 370, as approved in the Final Order on RFA2, the certificate holder shall
31 coordinate with ODOE in consultation with ODFW to determine an appropriate financial
32 contribution or level of participation in a research project designed to improve scientific
33 understanding of larger turbine components on birds and bats. As an alternative, the certificate
34 holder may coordinate with ODOE in consultation with ODFW to determine an appropriate
35 financial contribution to be remitted to the Rowena Wildlife Clinic (or equivalent rehabilitation
36 facility approved by ODOE and ODFW).

37 **6. Data Reporting**

38 The certificate holder will report wildlife monitoring data and analysis to the Department.
39 The certificate holder shall notify USFWS and ODFW immediately if any federal or state
40 endangered or threatened species are killed or injured on the facility site. The certificate holder
41 shall report fatality monitoring program data, WGS colony assessment information, raptor nest
42 monitoring data and data on avian and bat casualties found by facility personnel. The certificate

Shepherds Flat Central: Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

[REVISED OCTOBER 25, 2019]

1 holder may include the reporting of wildlife monitoring data, analysis, and additional mitigation
2 measures in the annual report required under OAR 345-026-0080 or submit this information as a
3 separate document at the same time the annual report is submitted. In addition, the certificate
4 holder shall provide to the Department any data or record generated by the investigators in
5 carrying out this monitoring plan upon request by the Department.

6 **7. Amendment of the Plan**

7 This Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation Plan may be amended from time to time by
8 agreement of the certificate holder and the Council. Such amendments may be made without
9 amendment of the site certificate. The Council authorizes the Department to agree to
10 amendments to this plan and to mitigation actions that may be required under this plan. The
11 Department shall notify the Council of all amendments and mitigation actions, and the Council
12 retains the authority to approve, reject or modify any amendment of this plan or mitigation action
13 agreed to by the Department.

Attachment F: Habitat Mitigation Plan

Shepherds Flat Central: Habitat Mitigation Plan
[AMENDED AUGUST 19, 2016]

1 **I. Introduction**

2 This plan describes methods and standards for preservation and enhancement of an area
3 of land near Shepherds Flat Central (SFC) to mitigate for the impacts of the facility on wildlife
4 habitat.¹ This plan addresses mitigation for both the permanent impacts of facility components
5 and the temporal impacts of facility construction. The certificate holder shall protect and enhance
6 the mitigation area as described in this plan. This plan specifies habitat enhancement actions and
7 monitoring procedures to evaluate the success of those actions. This plan does not address
8 additional mitigation that might be required under the SFC *Wildlife Monitoring and Mitigation*
9 *Plan*.

10 **II. Description of the Impacts Addressed by the Plan**

11 The SFC footprint (area covered by permanent facility components) occupies areas of
12 Category 2 grassland, Category 3 grassland and shrub-steppe vegetation, and other habitat
13 subtypes in Categories 3, 4, 5 and 6. In compliance with Condition 86 of the site certificate, the
14 certificate holder must avoid “all Category 1 habitat and those areas of Category 2 habitat shown
15 on the “ODFW-2” Figures 1 through 12 in the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm Application.” The
16 final design of the facility complied with this requirement. Affected areas of Category 2 habitat
17 had been classified as Category 3 or 4 habitat at the time of the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm
18 application in 2007 but were reclassified as Category 2 in April 2010 during the pre-construction
19 habitat survey. The habitat quality of these reclassified areas had improved due to the passage of
20 time and the absence of wildfire.

21 In addition to the areas affected by the SFC footprint, construction temporarily affected
22 areas of Category 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 habitat. After disturbance, the recovery of temporarily
23 disturbed Category 2, 3 and 4 grassland areas to a mature stage might take two to four years;
24 recovery of shrub-steppe vegetation might take ten to 30 years to reach maximum height and
25 vertical branching. During the period needed to achieve full recovery of these habitat subtypes,
26 habitat quality is temporarily degraded until recovery is successful (temporal impact).

27 **III. Calculation of the Size of the Mitigation Area**

28 The habitat mitigation area (HMA) must be large enough to achieve, within a reasonable
29 time, the habitat mitigation goals and standards of the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife
30 (ODFW) described in OAR 635-415-0025. For the footprint impacts, the mitigation area must
31 include two acres for every one acre of Category 2 habitat affected (a 2:1 ratio) and one acre for
32 every acre of impact to Category 3 and 4 habitat (a 1:1 ratio). The 2:1 ratio for Category 2 is
33 intended to meet the ODFW goals of “no net loss” of Category 2 habitat and “net benefit” of
34 habitat quantity. The ODFW goals require mitigation to achieve “no net loss” of habitat in
35 Categories 3 and 4 (acre-for-acre mitigation). For Category 5 impacts, mitigation is achieved by
36 a “net benefit in habitat quantity or quality.” To mitigate for Category 5 impacts, ODFW
37 recommends that “the applicant enhance at least ½ acre of Category 3, 4, or 5 habitat” for every

¹ This plan is incorporated by reference in the site certificate for Shepherds Flat Central and must be understood in that context. It is not a “stand-alone” document. This plan does not contain all mitigation required of the certificate holder.

Shepherds Flat Central: Habitat Mitigation Plan
[AMENDED AUGUST 19, 2016]

1 acre of impact on Category 5 habitat.² For Category 6, mitigation is achieved by actions that minimize direct habitat loss and avoid impacts to off-site habitat.

3 To address the temporal loss of habitat quality during the recovery of Category 3 shrub-steppe-sage (SS-S) habitat temporarily disturbed during construction of SFC (outside the footprint), the HMA must include ½ acre for every acre of Category 3 SS-S habitat affected (a 0.5:1 ratio). To address the temporal loss of habitat quality during the recovery of Category 3 shrub-steppe-purshia (SS-P) habitat temporarily disturbed during construction, the HMA must include ½ acre for every acre of SS-P habitat affected. If the revegetation success criteria are not met in the affected areas of temporarily disturbed SS-S and SS-P habitat, as determined under the SFC Revegetation Plan, then the Council may require the certificate holder to provide additional mitigation.

12 Before beginning construction of the facility, the certificate holder provided to the Oregon Department of Energy (Department) and ODFW maps showing the final design configuration of the facility and a table showing the acres of permanent impacts and construction area impacts on habitat (by category, habitat types and habitat subtypes).³ Based on the final design habitat assessment, SFC has had the following footprint impacts:

Habitat Category	Footprint Impact (acres)
Category 2	4.7
Category 3	23.2
Category 4	16.1
Category 5	0.8
Category 6	23.2
Total area	68.0

17 The overall minimum size of the HMA, the area of impact within each affected habitat category and the corresponding mitigation area requirements are shown below, based on the final design of SFC:

20 Category 2

21 Footprint impacts: 4.7 acres
22 Temporal impacts to SS-S: 0.8 acres
23 Mitigation area: (4.7 acres x 2) + (0.8 acres x 0.5) = 9.8 acres

24 Category 3

25 Footprint impacts: 23.2 acres
26 Temporal impacts to SS-S and SS-P: 18.2 acres
27 Mitigation area requirement: 23.2 acres + (18.2 acres x 0.5) = 32.3 acres

28 Category 4

29 Footprint impacts: 16.1 acres
30 Mitigation area requirement: 16.1 acres

² Email from Jon Germond, ODFW, February 26, 2008.

³ The pre-construction habitat survey was described in “Habitat classification SF Central.doc” (email from Patricia Pilz, April 14, 2010). Habitat maps were provided in attachments to an email from Patricia Pilz, April 14, 2010. The habitat impacts table was provided in “SFC habitat impact table.pdf” (email from Patricia Pilz, April 15, 2010).

Shepherds Flat Central: Habitat Mitigation Plan
[AMENDED AUGUST 19, 2016]

1 Category 5

2 Footprint impacts: 0.8 acres

3 Mitigation area requirement: 0.8 acres x 0.5 = 0.4 acres of Category 3, 4 or 5 habitat ⁴

4 **Total mitigation area (rounded to nearest whole acre): 59 acres**

5 Before beginning construction, the certificate holder determined the final size and
6 boundaries of the mitigation area in consultation with ODFW and the affected landowners and
7 with the approval of the Department. The certificate holder acquired the legal right to create,
8 maintain and protect the HMA for the life of the facility by means of a conservation easement
9 and provided a copy of the documentation to the Department.⁵

10 **IV. Description of the Mitigation Area**

11 The ODFW standards require mitigation for Category 2 and Category 3 impacts to be “in
12 proximity” to SFC, and the HMA must be located where habitat protection and enhancement are
13 feasible consistent with this plan.⁶ The applicant for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm identified a
14 435-acre parcel in proximity to SFC but outside the site boundary. The baseline habitat
15 characteristics of the 435-acre parcel are described in Section IV.4(b)(F) of the *Final Order on*
16 *the Application for the Shepherds Flat Wind Farm* (July 25, 2008). This parcel, however, was
17 not available to the certificate holder when construction of SFC was ready to begin. The
18 certificate holder identified a replacement parcel, and the Department approved the parcel.
19 ODFW determined that the replacement parcel was suitable for mitigation.⁷ The HMA for SFC
20 is contiguous with the HMA for Shepherds Flat North and is bordered on the north by lands held
21 by The Nature Conservancy.⁸ It is located east of Highway 74 north of Cecil. The HMA for SFC
22 consists of approximately 70 acres containing grasslands, sage steppe, dry wash and ranch
23 roads.⁹ There are no trees and no observed raptor nests within the HMA. The terrain consists of
24 ridges separated by ravines perpendicular to and sloping down towards Schoolhouse Canyon,
25 which runs through the center of the HMA. The HMA includes approximately 18 acres of
26 Category 2 grassland and SS-S habitat and 25 acres of Category 3 grassland and SS-S habitat.
27 The landowner has used the area for cattle grazing.

⁴ ODFW has advised the Department that the Category 5 “net benefit” goal “recognizes that Category 5 habitats are generally in a ‘degraded’ state, but have high restoration potential” and that “fish and wildlife species would not benefit much from mitigation taking place on Category 5 habitat” (email from Jon Germond, ODFW, February 26, 2008).

⁵ As used in this plan, “life of the facility” means continuously until the facility site is restored and the site certificate is terminated in accordance with OAR 345-027-0110.

⁶ OAR 635-415-0005 defines “in-proximity habitat mitigation” as follows: “habitat mitigation measures undertaken within or in proximity to areas affected by a development action. For the purposes of this policy, ‘in proximity to’ means within the same home range, or watershed (depending on the species or population being considered) whichever will have the highest likelihood of benefiting fish and wildlife populations directly affected by the development.”

⁷ Email from Steve Cherry, ODFW, May 5, 2010.

⁸ A more detailed description of the HMA, including maps and photographs, may be found in email from Carol Weisskopf, May 5, 2010, and in “Habitat mitigation area.pdf” (email from Patricia Pilz, May 18, 2010).

⁹ Revised acreage calculations (email from Patricia Pilz, November 4, 2011).

Shepherds Flat Central: Habitat Mitigation Plan
[AMENDED AUGUST 19, 2016]

V. Habitat Enhancement Actions

The certificate holder shall implement the habitat enhancement actions described in this plan. The objectives of the plan are to protect the habitat within the HMA for the life of the facility and to enhance the baseline condition of the habitat to meet the ODFW mitigation goals.

To achieve “no net loss” of habitat quantity or quality to mitigate for the permanent impacts of SFC in Category 2, 3 and 4 habitats and to achieve a “net benefit in habitat quantity or quality” to mitigate for the permanent impacts in Category 2 and 5 habitat, the certificate holder shall protect the habitat within the HMA for the life of the facility and shall implement the enhancement actions.¹⁰ The certificate holder began the enhancement actions described in this section after the final design configuration of SFC was known and the location, size and boundaries of the HMA were determined and approved by the Department. Specific enhancement actions are described below.

1. Modification of Livestock Grazing Practices. The certificate holder shall restrict grazing within the habitat mitigation area. Limited livestock grazing in the mitigation area will enable recovery of native bunchgrass and sagebrush in areas where past grazing has occurred, resulting in better vegetative structure and complexity for wildlife. Reduced livestock grazing may be used as a vegetation management tool, limited to the period from November 15 to May 15.
2. Weed Control and Area Seeding. The certificate holder shall implement a weed control program. Under the weed control program, the certificate holder shall monitor the mitigation area to locate weed infestations. The certificate holder shall continue weed control monitoring, as needed, for the life of the facility. As needed, the certificate holder shall use appropriate methods to control weeds. Weed control on the mitigation site will reduce the spread of noxious weeds within the habitat mitigation area and on any nearby grassland, CRP or cultivated agricultural land. Weed control will promote the growth of desirable native vegetation. Where substantial areas of soil (greater than 100 ft²) are left bare from weed control activities, the certificate holder shall hand-seed the area in the appropriate time of year with a mixture containing native grass and shrub seeds. The certificate holder may consider weeds to be successfully controlled when weed clusters have been eradicated or reduced to a non-competing level. Weeds may be controlled with herbicides or hand-pulling. The certificate holder shall notify the landowner of the specific chemicals to be used on the site and when spraying will occur. To protect locations where young desirable forbs may be growing, spot-spraying may be used instead of total area spraying.
3. Fire Control. The certificate holder shall implement a fire control plan for wildfire suppression within the HMA. The certificate holder shall provide a copy of the fire control plan to the Department before starting habitat enhancement actions. The certificate holder shall include in the plan appropriate fire prevention measures, methods to detect fires that occur and a protocol for fire response and suppression. The certificate holder shall maintain fire control for the life of the facility. If wildfire damages any part of the HMA during the life of the facility, the certificate holder

¹⁰ ODFW has advised the Department that protection of habitat alone (without enhancement activity) will not meet the intent of ODFW’s Fish and Wildlife Mitigation Policy (Letter from Rose Owens, November 9, 2006, in reference to the Leaning Juniper II Wind Power Facility).

Shepherds Flat Central: Habitat Mitigation Plan
[AMENDED AUGUST 19, 2016]

1 shall assess the extent of the damage and implement appropriate actions to restore
2 habitat quality in the damaged area.

- 3 4. Erosion Control. The certificate holder shall monitor the HMA to locate sites at which
4 past livestock grazing or vegetation loss has caused soil erosion. As needed, the
5 certificate holder shall control erosion by a combination of sediment barriers (such as
6 hay bales, mulch or native rock) and seeding the affected area with a mixture
7 containing native grasses and shrub seeds. The certificate holder may consider
8 erosion control to be successful when eroded areas can support vegetation and no
9 indications of new soil loss are evident.
- 10 5. Habitat Protection. For the life of the facility, the certificate holder shall restrict uses
11 of the HMA that are inconsistent with achieving the habitat mitigation goals.
- 12 6. Litter Removal. To protect wildlife from wind-blown litter, the certificate holder shall
13 monitor the Highway 74 Oregon Trail Wayside on a monthly basis and shall remove
14 litter from the wayside area and areas within the HMA.
- 15 7. Nesting Habitat: In order to increase raptor nesting opportunities, the certificate
16 holder shall plant at least five juniper trees, each at least three feet in height, in
17 locations proposed by the certificate holder and approved by ODFW. Tree site
18 selection will be based upon criteria as approved by the Department in consultation
19 with ODFW. Plantings may be within or outside of the HMA. Within 30-days of
20 approval of the amended HMP, the certificate holder shall provide a schedule to the
21 Department specifying mitigation implementation dates such as timing of site
22 identification, site/criteria evaluation, agency review and approval, tree purchase and
23 planting, and monitoring.

24 **VI. Monitoring**

25 **1. Monitoring Procedures**

26 The certificate holder shall hire a qualified investigator (an independent botanist, wildlife
27 biologist or revegetation specialist) to conduct a comprehensive monitoring program for the
28 HMA. The purpose of monitoring is to evaluate the protection of habitat quality, the results of
29 enhancement actions and the use of the area by avian and mammal species, especially during the
30 wildlife breeding season. The investigator shall conduct HMA monitoring beginning in the first
31 year after enhancement actions begin and continuing for the life of the facility. The investigator
32 shall visit the site as necessary to carry out the following monitoring procedures:

- 33 1) Annually assess the general quality of planted junipers and vegetation cover (species,
34 structural stage, etc).
- 35 2) Annually assess progress toward meeting the success criteria.
- 36 3) Annually record environmental factors (such as precipitation at the time of surveys
37 and precipitation levels for the year).
- 38 4) Annually record any wildfire that occurs within the HMA and any remedial actions
39 taken to restore habitat quality in the damaged area.
- 40 5) Annually assess the success of the weed control (including area seeding) and erosion
41 control programs and recommend remedial action, if needed.

Shepherds Flat Central: Habitat Mitigation Plan
[AMENDED AUGUST 19, 2016]

- 1 6) Assess the recovery of native bunchgrass and natural recruitment of sagebrush
2 resulting from removal of livestock grazing pressure by comparing the quality of
3 bunchgrass and sagebrush cover at the time of each monitoring visit with the quality
4 observed in previous monitoring visits and as observed when the HMA was first
5 established. The investigator shall establish photo plots of naturally recovering
6 sagebrush and native bunchgrass during the first year following the beginning of
7 enhancement actions. The investigator shall take comparison photos in the first year
8 and every two years thereafter until desirable vegetation has achieved mature stature.
9 The investigator shall determine the extent of successful recovery of native
10 bunchgrass based on measurable indicators (such as signs of more abundant seed
11 production) and shall report on the progress of recovery within in the monitoring
12 plots. The investigator shall report on the timing and extent of any livestock grazing
13 that has occurred within the mitigation area since the previous monitoring visit.
- 14 7) Between April 21 and May 21 beginning in the first spring season after the beginning
15 of construction of SFC, conduct an area search survey of avian species. An “area
16 search” survey consists of recording all birds seen or heard in specific areas (for
17 example, square or circular plots that are 5 to 10 acres in size). Area searches will be
18 conducted during morning hours on days with low or no wind. The investigator shall
19 determine the number searches and the number of search areas in consultation with
20 ODFW. The investigator shall repeat the area search survey every five years during
21 the life of the facility.
- 22 8) Beginning in the first year after the beginning of construction of SFC and repeating
23 every five years during the life of the facility, the investigator shall record
24 observations of special status plant and wildlife species (federal or State threatened or
25 endangered species and State sensitive species) during appropriate seasons for
26 detection of these species.

27 **2. Reporting**

28 The certificate holder shall report the investigator’s findings and recommendations
29 regarding the monitoring of the mitigation area to the Department and to ODFW on an annual
30 basis. The certificate holder shall describe all habitat mitigation actions carried out during the
31 reporting year and all additional work performed based on recommendations of the qualified
32 investigator. The report shall include an evaluation of mitigation success, based on the success
33 criteria described below, and a description of the methods used to perform the evaluation. The
34 report to the Department may be included as part of the annual report on SFC that is required
35 under Condition 21 of the site certificate.

36 **3. Success Criteria**

37 Mitigation of the permanent and temporal habitat impacts of the facility may be
38 considered successful if the certificate holder protects and enhances sufficient habitat within the
39 mitigation area to meet the ODFW goals of no net loss of habitat in Categories 2, 3 and 4 and a
40 “net benefit” for impacts to habitat in Categories 2 and 5. The certificate holder must protect the
41 quantity and quality of habitat within the HMA for the life of the facility. The mitigation goals
42 are successfully achieved when the HMA contains a sufficient quantity of habitat in each
43 category to meet the mitigation area requirements calculated under Section III. The certificate

Shepherds Flat Central: Habitat Mitigation Plan

[AMENDED AUGUST 19, 2016]

1 holder may count habitat of higher value toward meeting the acreage requirements for Category
2 3, 4 and 5 habitat.

3 The certificate holder may demonstrate enhancement of habitat quality based on evidence
4 of indicators such as increased avian use by a diversity of species, more abundant seed
5 production of desirable native bunchgrass, natural recruitment of sagebrush and successful weed
6 control.

7 The success of Habitat Enhancement Action 7, tree planting, will be evidenced by the
8 presence of five living trees, at least one mile apart, ten years after planting, in locations
9 proposed by the certificate holder and approved by ODFW.

10 If the certificate holder cannot demonstrate that the HMA is trending toward meeting the
11 success criteria within five years after the date construction of SFC begins, the certificate holder
12 shall propose remedial action. The Department may require supplemental planting or other
13 corrective measures, which may include increasing the size of the HMA.

14 **VII. Amendment of the Plan**

15 This Habitat Mitigation Plan may be amended from time to time by agreement of the
16 certificate holder and the Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council (“Council”). Such amendments
17 may be made without amendment of the site certificate. The Council authorizes the Department
18 to agree to amendments to this plan. The Department shall notify the Council of all amendments,
19 and the Council retains the authority to approve, reject or modify any amendment of this plan
20 agreed to by the Department.