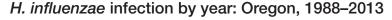
Haemophilus influenzae infection

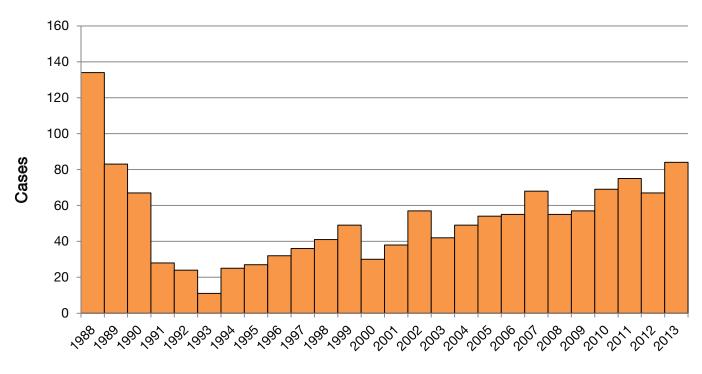
Until the advent of an effective vaccine against Haemophilus influenzae serotype b (Hib) organisms, *H. influenzae* was the leading cause of bacterial meningitis in children <5 years of age in Oregon and elsewhere. It plummeted in the rankings, and Streptococcus pneumoniae is now in the lead. In 2013, Hib was cultured from sterile body fluids of four Oregonians. One of the Hib cases was a child that was not fully immunized. The remaining three cases were among persons >60 years of age. Appropriate use of conjugate vaccine will help ensure that Hib infection remains minimal well into the future. All sterile-site *H. influenzae* isolates must be sent to the Oregon State Public Health Laboratory for additional typing.

Eighty-four cases of invasive *H. influenzae* disease (IHiD, all serotypes) were reported

in 2013. With the decline in invasive Hib disease in children, there has been increased recognition of nonserotype b and nontypeable cases in persons >5 years of age, especially among those >65 years of age. In 2013, 68% of cases were nontypeable, 17% were identified as serotype f, 8% serotype a and the remaining cases were other serotypes. The burden of IHiD in 2013 was highest (12.3/100,000 persons) among those >80 years of age, followed by those 60–69 years of age (5.5/100,000 persons). Haemophilus influenzae is treated with antibiotics. In 2013, the top two clinical syndromes of invasive IHiD reported in Oregon were bacteremia (55%) and pneumonia (43%). Ninety-four percent of cases were hospitalized. There were 11 deaths related to IHiD infection.

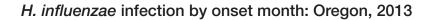
Peak incidence tends to occur in late winter and early spring.

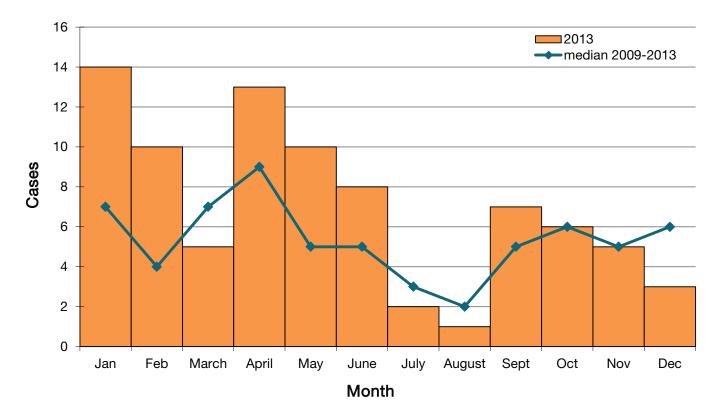




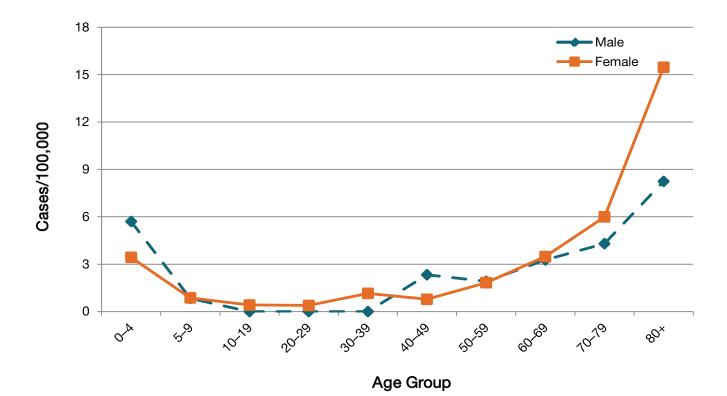
Year

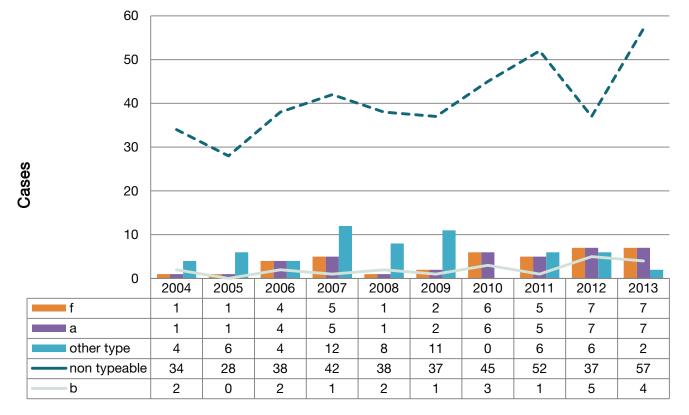
Selected Reportable Communicable Disease Summary - Oregon 2013





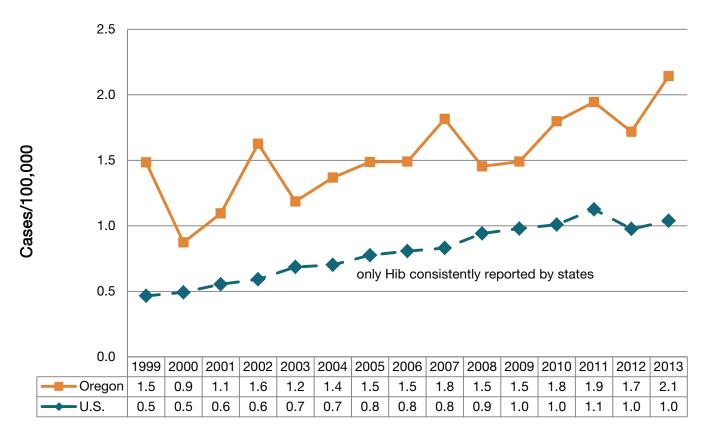
Incidence of H. influenzae infection by age and sex: Oregon, 2013

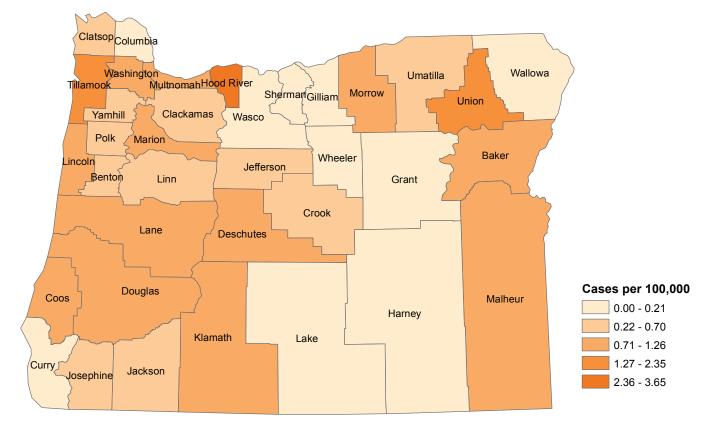




H. influenzae infection by year and serotype: Oregon, 2004–2013

Incidence of H. influenzae infection: Oregon vs. nationwide, 1999-2013





Incidence of H. influenzae infection by county of residence: Oregon, 2004–2013

Prevention

- Vaccinate all children against Hib at 2, 4, 6, and 12–15 months of age.
- Cover your cough and wash your hands.
- Close contacts of Hib cases can be treated prophylactically to prevent infection.