## Diseases, infections, microorganisms and conditions reportable by laboratories: 2013

**FUNGI** 

**BACTERIA** Vibrio, non-cholerae<sup>5</sup>

Bacillus anthracis Yersinia, pestis<sup>5</sup>

Bordetella pertussis Yersinia, non-pestis<sup>5</sup>

Borrelia Brucella

Campylobacter Cryptococcus 5

Chlamydia trachomatis **PARASITES** 

Chlamydophila psittaci Babesia

Clostridium botulinum Cryptosporidium

Clostridium tetani Cyclospora

Corynebacterium diphtheriae Giardia

Coxiella burnetii Plasmodium

Enterobacteriaceae family isolates found Taenia solium<sup>8</sup> to be non-susceptible to any Trichinella Carbapenem antibiotic

Ehrlichia/Anaplasma

**VIRUSES** Escherichia coli (Shiga-toxigenic) <sup>6</sup>

Arboviruses 1 Francisella tularensis Arenaviruses 10 Haemophilus ducreyi

Filoviruses 10 Haemophilus influenzae<sup>5,7</sup>

Hantavirus Legionella

Hepatitis A<sup>9</sup> Leptospira Hepatitis B 9 Listeria monocytogenes<sup>5</sup>

Hepatitis C Mycobacterium bovis<sup>5</sup>

Hepatitis D (delta) Mycobacterium tuberculosis<sup>5</sup>

Hepatitis E Neisseria gonorrhoeae Hemorrhagic fever viruses 10 Neisseria meningitidis<sup>5,7</sup>

HIV infection and AIDS Rickettsia

Influenza, novel strain 11 Salmonella<sup>5</sup>

Measles (rubeola) Shigella<sup>5</sup>

Mumps Treponema pallidum Polio Vibrio cholerae<sup>5</sup>

## Diseases, infections, microorganisms and conditions reportable by laboratories: 2013 (continued)

Rabies

Rubella

SARS-coronavirus

Variola major (smallpox)

West Nile

Yellow fever

## OTHER IMPORTANT REPORTABLES

- Any "uncommon illness of potential public health significance" <sup>1</sup>
- Any outbreak of disease <sup>1</sup>

- Any other arthropod-borne viruses <sup>1</sup>
  - » California encephalitis
  - » Colorado tick fever
  - » Dengue
  - » Eastern equine encephalitis
  - » Kyasanur Forest
  - » St. Louis encephalitis
- All blood lead testing results, but lead poisoning should be reported within one local health department working day <sup>12</sup>
- All CD4 counts and HIV viral loads
- Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD) and other prion illnesses

## **Footnotes**

- 1. Oregon Revised Statute 433.004; Oregon Administrative Rule 333-018 (http://arcweb.sos.state.or/us/pages/rules/oars\_300/oar\_33/333\_018.html)
- 2. Refer to http://www.healthoregon.org/lhd for a list of local health departments, reporting FAQs, and more details about what to report. When in doubt, report.
- 3. ORS 433.004 and OAR 333-018-0013 (http://arcweb.sos.state.or/us/pages/rules/oars\_300/oar\_33/333\_018.html); Manual for Mandatory Electronic Laboratory Reporting (http://www.healthoregon.org/elrresources)
- 4. ORS 431.262; OAR 333-018 (http://arcweb.sos.state.or.us/pages/rules/oars\_300/oar\_333/333\_018. html); OAR 333-026-0030 http://arcweb.sos.state.or.us/pages/rules/oars\_300/oar\_333/333\_026.html)
- 5. Isolates must be forwarded to the Oregon State Public Health Laboratory (phone, 503-693-4100).
- 6. All confirmed or suspect isolates of *E. coli* O157, and all non-O157 Shiga-toxin-positive broths, must be forwarded to the Oregon State Public Health Laboratory (phone 503-693-4100).
- 7. Report only isolates from normally sterile sites (e.g., neither sputum nor throat cultures).
- 8. Report cysticercosis and all undifferentiated Taenia spp. (e.g., eggs in stool O & P).
- 9. IgM-positive HAV and HBV serum specimens must be forwarded to the Oregon State Public Health Laboratory.
- 10. Hemorrhagic fever caused by viruses of the filovirus (e.g., Ebola, Marburg) or arenavirus (e.g., Lassa, Machupo) families are reportable.
- 11. Influenza A virus that cannot be subtyped by commercially distributed assays.
- 12. "Lead poisoning" means a blood lead level of at least 10 micrograms per deciliter.