Water System Emergency Response Plan Template

For water systems serving 3,300 people or less

Background:

All Community and Non-transient, Non-community water systems in Oregon are required to develop a written emergency response plan (ERP) as described in <u>OAR 333-061-0064(1)</u>. Drinking Water Services (DWS) developed this template to assist operators and managers in meeting the requirement. Having a current and effective plan ensures that water systems can prepare for and respond to emergencies while protecting public health with minimal service disruptions. This can help water providers assess their system's vulnerabilities and ability to prepare for and respond to natural and man-made hazards and emergencies.

DWS requires water system staff be trained in the use of the ERP and that it is accessible to staff during emergencies. The ERP should be updated at least every 5 years or when changes to the water system or personnel are made. If your water system already has an existing ERP that lacks any of the elements included in this packet, please amend, and organize the plan to best suit your water system's needs and priorities.

Contents of this template:

- Emergency Response Plan (required)
 - Emergency Procedures
 - Chain of Command
 - Emergency Contacts List
 - Notification Procedures
- Risk Assessment (optional)
 - Physical Security
 - Risk Mitigation
- Additional Resources for Water Systems

Emergency Response Plan

[Public Water System Name] [PWS #41-0000]

Emergency Procedures

Use the following table to describe procedures for staff to complete during emergency situations, who to notify, and follow-up actions. Make a note in the "procedure" column to reference any pre-existing procedures utilized by the system. Emergencies can include power outage, watermain breaks, loss of pressure, disinfection, or other treatment failures, microbial or chemical contamination over the MCL, oil spills affecting source water, flooding, or other natural and man-made emergencies. Unlock this document to insert additional rows/columns and add other emergency types that can impact the water system.

Emergency Type	Procedure	Designated Staff
[Example: loss of electrical power]		
[Example: loss of pressure in distribution system]		
[Example: disruption of disinfection or other treatment]		
[Example: detection of E. coli or chemical contaminant over the MCL]		
[Example: treatment plant shutdown procedure]		
[Example: wildfires]		

In any event, take these general steps:

- 1. Confirm and analyze the type and severity of the emergency
- 2. Take immediate action to reduce injuries, save lives and prevent system damage
- 3. Make repairs based on priority demand
- 4. Take steps to return your system to normal operations

Chain of Command

(review and update this annually if needed)

Staff Name & Title	Responsibilities During Emergencies	Emergency Contact Info

Where will the Emergency Response Plan be stored?
Have all personnel listed above been trained in the use of this plan? Yes \Box No \Box
Would they all have access to the stored plan in an emergency? Yes 🗌 No 🗌

Emergency Contacts List

(review and update annually if needed) If you have questions anytime, call OHA Drinking Water Services

Organization	Contact Name	Contact Info	After Hours Info
OHA Drinking Water Services		(971) 673-0405	(971) 704-1174
County Health Department			
Fire Department			
Law Enforcement			
Emergency Management Agency			
Lab			
Equipment or Chemical Supply			
Cybersecurity Emergency Response	Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency Region 10	CISARegion10@hq.dhs.gov	888-282-0870
Engineering Company	<u> </u>		
Electrical Utilities			
Alternate Water Suppliers			
Pump Maintenance Company			
Media			
Medical Facilities			
Nursing/Rehab Facilities			
Day Care Centers			
Schools			

To Report a Drinking Water Emergency

Be prepared provide the following when contacting Drinking Water Services or your County Health Department.

- 1. Your name, address, phone number, current location
- 2. Type of incident
- 3. Exact location of incident
- 4. The date and time the incident occurred
- 5. Nature of threat to the water system

Notification Procedures

If your system does not have procedures in place for notifying customers, your primacy agency or other important contacts use the following chart to identify steps to be taken and by whom. Water systems should consider identifying vulnerable populations they are serving and notifying them during a water advisory or emergency. Customers serving vulnerable populations can include hospitals, daycares, schools, nursing homes or rehabilitation facilities, etc.

Notify water system customers

Who is responsible?	
Procedure:	

Notify local/state drinking water services, emergency managers, local public health officials

Who is responsible?	
Procedure:	

Emergency intertie, alternate water sources

Who is responsible?	
Procedure:	

Issuing a boil water advisory or public health issue

Who is responsible?	
Procedure:	

Risk Assessment (optional)

Conducting a risk assessment can identify hazards likely to impact your system, strategies, procedures, and equipment that can improve water system resiliency and be implemented during an emergency. You can use the findings of the risk assessment to understand actions and procedures needed to improve the system's resiliency to future emergencies.

- 1. List the critical elements of your system (source water, intake, pre-treatment and treatment facilities, storage and distribution system, computer and automated systems, financial infrastructure, chemical storage, monitoring practices, procedures, etc.):
- 2. Use the checklist below to list hazards that are likely to affect critical components and assets of your system.

Natural Hazards	Critical Components at Risk to this Hazard
 Flooding Earthquake Landslide Windstorm Ice/Snowstorm Tsunami Cyanotoxins/HABs Wildfire Drought Other (list here) 	
Man-Made Hazards or Malevolent Acts	Critical Components at Risk to this Hazard
 Physical attacks Theft Source water contamination Intentional or accidental contamination 	
of finished water	
of finished water Cyberattack on process control or automated system Cyberattack on financial infrastructure 	

3. Use the checklist below to list existing response procedures utilized by the water system during an emergency, include the procedure location and any other important info in the comments.

Existing Procedures	Comments
 Loss of pressure in the distribution system Disruption or failure of disinfection or treatment systems 	
<i>E. coli</i> bacteria or other contaminant detection over the	
MCL	
Notifying customers of service interruptions, water advisories, chemical detections, etc.	
Other - list here	

Physical Security

Wells/spring/intake protective structures,				
pumphouses, offices and treatment plants:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Comments</u>	
Locks on all doors				
All windows secured				
Adequate alarms, motion sensors, video				
cameras or security lighting				
Entry restricted to authorized personnel				
Chemicals are properly stored				
Chemical storage is locked and posted				
Econology around buildings (if peoded)				
Fencing around buildings (if needed)				
Reservoirs or storage tanks:	∟ <u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Comments</u>	
	└ <u>Yes</u>	□ <u>No</u>	Comments	
Reservoirs or storage tanks:	└ <u>Yes</u> □	<u>No</u> □	 Comments 	
Reservoirs or storage tanks: Fenced area around reservoir/storage tank	└ <u>Yes</u> □ □	No	<u>Comments</u>	
Reservoirs or storage tanks: Fenced area around reservoir/storage tank Access gate is locked and posted	└ <u>Yes</u> □ □ □ □	No	<u>Comments</u>	
Reservoirs or storage tanks: Fenced area around reservoir/storage tank Access gate is locked and posted Ladder guard and access hatches locked	└ Yes □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	No	<u>Comments</u>	
Reservoirs or storage tanks: Fenced area around reservoir/storage tank Access gate is locked and posted Ladder guard and access hatches locked Adequate security lighting		No	 Comments 	

Distribution system:	Yes	<u>No</u>	<u>Comments</u>
Manholes, hydrants, and other access points a	re		
secured			
Positive pressure is monitored and maintained			
Backflow protection plan implemented			
Procedures:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Comments</u>
All facilities locked and alarms set			
Background checks done for new hires			
Employees are regularly trained and have			
participated in exercises or drills			
Visitors or contractors checked in/out			
Passcodes/keys/access changed when			
employees are no longer employed			
Emergency notification procedures up to date			

Risk Mitigation

After completing the risk assessment, DWS recommends reviewing actions needed to improve the system's preparedness or ability to "bounce back" after an emergency.

Actions to Mitigate Risk	Description Briefly describe steps to complete the mitigation actions and how they could reduce risks that could impact the water system.
[Example: complete written protocols for under-certified operators]	
[Example: develop procedures for public notifications]	
[Example: obtain and install auxiliary power for pumps, disinfection or treatment systems]	
[Example: coordinate with local emergency management agency, key partners, and critical customers (hospitals, day-care facilities, etc.)]	

Additional Resources for Water Systems

- DWS Emergency Preparedness and Planning web page with resources
 <u>https://www.oregon.gov/oha/PH/HEALTHYENVIRONMENTS/DRINKINGWATER/PREP</u>
 <u>AREDNESS/Pages/emergency.aspx</u>
- EPA's free online vulnerability self-assessment tool (VSAT): <u>https://www.epa.gov/waterriskassessment/conduct-drinking-water-or-wastewater-utility-risk-assessment</u>
- Incident Action Checklists for Water Systems: <u>https://www.epa.gov/waterutilityresponse/incident-action-checklists-water-utilities</u>
- Water contamination response guidance and response template developed by the EPA: <u>https://www.epa.gov/waterqualitysurveillance/water-contamination-response-resources</u>
- Designing for physical security monitoring: <u>https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2017-11/documents/esm_design_guidance_2017-11-02.pdf</u>
- EPA's free cybersecurity assessment and technical assistance for water systems: <u>https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2021-07/technicalassistanceflyerupdate-hwg.pdf</u>
- Cybersecurity advise from the Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA): <u>https://www.cisa.gov/uscert/ncas/tips</u>
- Oregon Water/Wastewater Agency Response Network: <u>http://www.orwarn.org/about.aspx</u>