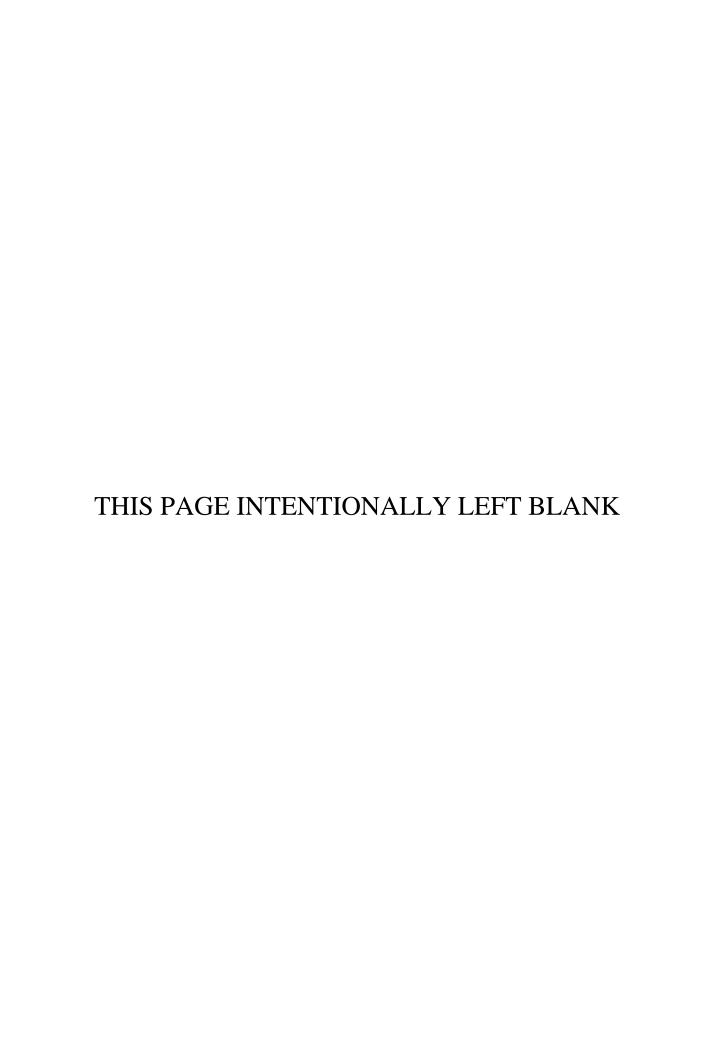
# **OREGON TRAUMA REGISTRY**

Data Dictionary – 2018



## **Table of Contents**

## \* Reported to NTDB

INTRODUCTION	
Using this Data Dictionary	Intro
DEMOGRAHPHIC INFORMATION	
ADMISSION STATUS D_01	
TRAUMA SYSTEM ENTRY D_02	Page 2
MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER D_03	Page 3
TRAUMA BAND NUMBER D_04	Page 4
LAST NAME D_05	Page 5
FIRST NAME D_06	Page 6
MIDDLE INITIAL D_07	
TRAUMA/ALIAS LAST NAME D_08	
TRAUMA/ALIAS FIRST NAME D_09	
ARRIVAL DATE D_10	
ARRIVAL TIME D_11	
DATE OF BIRTH D_12	
AGE D_13	
AGE UNITS D_14	Page 14
SEX D_15	
RACE D_16	
ETHNICITY D_17	
SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER D_18	
PATIENTS HOME ADDRESS D_19	
PATIENTS HOME ZIP/POSTAL CODE D_20	
PATIENTS HOME CITY D_21	Page 2
PATEINTS HOME COUNTY D_22	Page 2
PATIENT HOME STATE D_23	Page 23
PATIENTS HOME COUNTRY D_24	
PATIENTS ALTERNATE RESIDENCE D_25	Page 25
INCIDENT INFORMATION	
INJURY DATE I 01	Page 27
INJURY TIME I 02	
LOCATION OF INCIDENT I_03	
INCIDENT LOCATION ZIP/POSTAL CODE I_04	
INCIDENT CITY I_05	
INCIDENT CONTY I 06	
INCIDENT STATE I 07	
INCIDENT COUNTRY I 08	
INCIDENT ADDRESS I 09	
INCIDENT LATITUDE I 10	
INCIDENT LONGITUDE I 11	
MECHANISM OF INJURY I_12	
FALL HEIGHT I 13	Page 30

ICD-10 PRIMARY EXTERANL CAUSE CODE I_14	
ICD-10 ADDITIONAL EXTERNAL CAUSE CODE I_15	Page 41
PROTECTIVE DEVICES I_16	
CHILD SPECIFIC RESTRAINT I_17	Page 43
AIRBAG DEPLOYMENT I_18	
OSHA PERSONAL PROTECTIVE DEVICE I_19	Page 45
INJURY COMMENTS I_20	Page 46
WORK-RELATED I_21	Page 47
PATEINTS OCCUPATION I_22	
PATIENTS OCCUPATIONAL INDUSTRY I_23	Page 49
PRE-HOSPITAL INFORMATION	
TRANSPORT TYPE PH_01	Page 51
TRANSPORT MODE PH $^-$ 02	
EMS EPCR NUMBER (PARTIAL) PH 03	Page 53
TRANSPORTING AGENCY PH_04	
EMS UNIT DISPATCH DATE PH_05	Page 55
EMS UNIT DISPATCH TIME PH_06	Page 56
EMS UNIT ARRIVAL DATE AT SCENE PH 07	Page 57
EMS UNIT ARRIVAL TIME AT SCENE PH_08	Page 58
EMS UNIT DATE AT PATIENT PH_09	Page 59
EMS UNIT TIME AT PATIENT PH_10	
DATE EMS UNIT DEPARTED SCENE PH_11	
TIME EMS UNIT DEPARTED SCENE PH_12	Page 62
RESPONSE TIME PH_13	
SCENE TIME PH_14	
TRANSPORT TIME PH_15	Page 65
DATE EMS UNIT AT HOSPITAL PH_16	Page 66
TIME EMS UNIT AT HOSPITAL PH_17	
MCI PH_18	
EMS DESTINATION PH_19	
EMS EPCR NUMBER (COMPLETE) PH_20	
PRE-HOSPITAL PROCEDURES PH_21	
DATE OF EMS VITALS PH_22	
TIME OF EMS VITALS PH_23	Page 73
EMS PULSE PH_24	Page 74
EMS RESPIRATORY RATE PH_25.	Page 75
EMS SYSTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE PH_26	Page 76
EMS OXYGEN SATURATION RATE PH_27	
EYE OPENING (GCS) PH_28	
VERBAL (GCS) PH_29	
MOTOR (GCS) PH_30	
TOTAL GCS SCORE PH_31	
GCS QUALIFIER PH_32	Page 82
END TIDAL CARBON DIOXIDE (ETCO2) PH_33	Page 83
TAKEN AT SCENE PH_34	Page 84
PRE-HOSPITAL PROCEDURES PH_35	Page 85
VEHICULAR/PEDESTRAIN/OTHER RISH INJURY PH_36	
TRAUMA CENTER CRITERIA PH_37	
PRE-HOSPITAL CARDIAC ARREST PH_38	Page 88

REFER-IN INFORMATION	
INTER FACILITY TRANSPFER REF_01	Page 90
REFERRING HOSPITAL REF 02	
ARRIVAL DATE REF_03	Page 92
ARRIVAL TIME REF_04	Page 93
DISCHARGE DATE REF_05	Page 94
DISCHARGE TIME REF_06	Page 95
LENGTH OF STAY REF_07	Page 96
INITIAL VITALS DATE REF_08	Page 97
INTIAL VITALS TIME REF_09	Page 98
PULSE REF_10	Page 99
RESPIRATORY RATE REF_11	Page 100
SYSTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE REF_12	Page 101
EYE OPENING (GCS) REF_13	
VERBAL (GCS) REF_14	
MOTOR (GCS) REF_15	
TOTAL GCS SCORE REF_16	Page 105
GCS QUALIFIER REF_17	Page 106
REVISED TRAUMA SCORE (RTS) REF_18	Page 107
RECEIVING HOSPITAL ADDITIONAL COMMENTS REF_19	Page 108
EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT INFORAMATION	
ED SIGNS OF LIFE ED_01.	Page 110
ED ARRIVAL DATE ED_02	Page 111
ED ARRIVAL TIME ED_03	Page 112
ED DISCHARGE DATE ED_04	
ED DISCHARGE TIME ED_05	
ED DISCHARGE ORDER DATE ED_06	Page 115
ED DISCHARGE ORDER TIME ED_07	
ED DISCHARGE DISPOSITION ED_08	
POLST ED_09	
ED/HOSPITAL CHIEF COMPLAINT ED_10	Page 119
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL VITALS DATE ED_11	Page 120
INITIAL ED/HOSPTIAL VITALS TIME ED_12	Page 121
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL TEMPERATURE ED_13INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL TEMPERATURE UNIT OF MEASUREMENT ED_	Page 122
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL TEMPERATURE UNIT OF MEASUREMENT ED_	14Page 123
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL PULSE ED_15	Page 124
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL RESPIRATORY RATE ED_16	
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL SYSTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE ED_17	
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL DIASTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE ED_18	
INITIAL ED/HOSPTIAL OXYGEN SATURATION (02 SAT) ED_19	
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL RESPIRATORY ASSISTANCE ED_20	
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL SUPPLEMENTAL OXYGEN (02) ED_21	_
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL EYE (GCS) ED_22	
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL VERBAL (GCS) ED_23	Page 132
INITIAL ED/HOSPTIAL MOTOR (GCS) ED 24	Page 133
INITIAL ED/HOSPTIAL GCS SCORE TOTAL ED_25	Page 134
INITIAL ED/HOSPTIAL GCS QUALIFIER ED_26	Page 135
REVISED TRAUMA SCORE (RTS) ED_27	Page 136

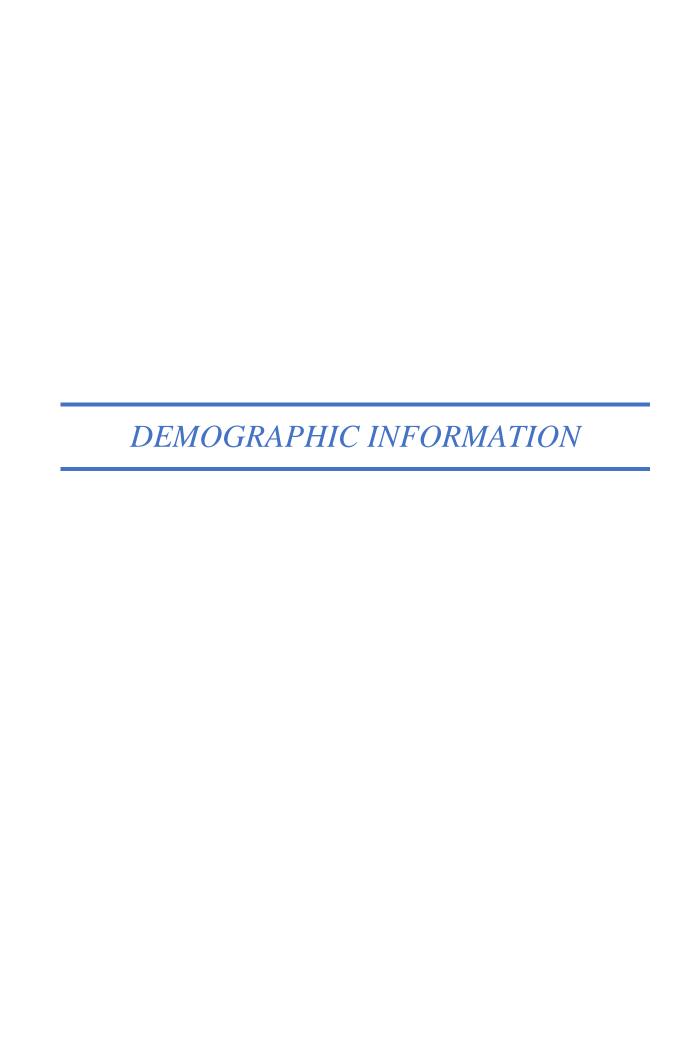
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL WEIGHT ED_28	
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL HEIGHT ED_29	Page 138
ED/HOSPITAL ADDITIONAL COMMENTS ED_30	Page 139
INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL INJURY DIAGNOSES ED_31	Page 140
LAB INFORMATION	
ALCOHOL SCREEN LAB_01	Page 142
ALCOHOL SCREEN RESULTS LAB_02	Page 143
DRUG USE INDICATOR LAB 03	Page 144
DRUG USE INDICATOR LAB_03SCREENING/BRIEF INTERVENTION/REFERRAL TO TREATMENT (SBIRT) LA	AB 04
SBIRT RESULT LAB 05	
SBIRT BRIEF INTERVENTION LAB 06	
SBIRT REFERRAL TO TREATMENT LAB_07	
LAB PANEL ORDERED LAB_08	
DRUG SCREEN RESULTS LAB_09	Page 150
TRAUMA TEAM/PROVIDER INFORMATION	D 150
ARRIVAL TIME TTP_01	
ACTIVATION LEVEL TTP_02	
ACTIVATION TIME TTP_03	Page 154
ACTIVATION DATE TTP_04	
EARLIEST PATIENT ARRIVAL TO PROVIDER ARRIVAL TTP_05	
TRAUMA TEAM PROVIDER(S) TTP_06	Page 157
TRAUMA TEAM MEMBER SPECIALTY TTP_07	Page 158
NOTIFY DATE TTP_08	
NOTIFY TIME TTP_09	Page 160
ARRIVAL DATE TTP_10	
ARRIVAL TIME TTP_11	
PROVIDER RESPONSE TIME TTP_12	Page 163
PATIENT ARRIVAL TO PROVIDER ARRIVAL TTP_13	Page 164
CONSULTATION DATE TTP_14	
CONSULTATION TIME TTP_15	Page 166
CONSULTATION SERVICE TTP_16	Page 16/
CONSULTATION PHYSICIAN NAME TTP_17	Page 108
ADMITTING SERVICE TTP_18	
ADMITTING PHYSICIAN TTP_19	Page 1/0
HOSPTIAL PROCEDURES INFORMATION	
ICD-10 PROCEDURES CODE PRO_01Pa	ge 172, 173
PROCEDURE ICD-10 LONG TEXT PRO_02	Page 174
LOCATION TTP_03	Page 175
DATE PROCEDURE PERFORMED PRO_04	Page 176
PROCEDURE START TIME PRO_05.	
PROCEDURE STOP TIME PRO_06	
PROCEDURE STOP DATE PRO_07	
PHYSICIAN PRO_08	
RESULT PRO_09	
TIME TO PROCEDURE PRO_10	Page 182
TIME TO FIRST OR VISIT PRO_11	Page 183

TIME TO FIRST CT SCAN PRO_12	Page 184
INJURY INFORMATION	
AIS-05 # INJ 01	Page 186
AIS-05 # LONG TEXT INJ 02.	
BODY REGION INJ 03.	
INJURY SEVERITY INJ 04.	
ICD-10-CM FINAL INJURY DIAGNOSES INJ_05	Page 190
ICD-10-CM DX LONG TEXT INJ_06	Page 191
BODY REGION INJ_07.	
INJURY SEVERITY INJ 08	
HEAD/NECK INJ 09.	
FACE INJ 10.	
CHEST INJ 11	
ABDOMEN/PELVIS INJ 12	
EXTREMETIES INJ_13.	
EXTERNAL INJ_14	
ISS-AIS05 INJ_15	
ISS-ICD10 INJ_16	Page 201
COMORBIDITIES INJ 17	
DISCHARGE INFORMATION	
DATE OF HOSPITAL EXIT DC_01	Page 204
DISCHARGE TIME DC_02	Page 205
LENGTH OF STAY LOS (DAYS) DC_03	Page 206
DISCHARGE ORDER DATE DC_04	Page 207
DISCHRAGE ORDER TIME DC_05	Page 208
DISCHARGE ORDER LOS (DAYS) DC_06	Page 209
DISCHARGE DISPOSITION DC_07	
OUTCOME AT HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DC_08	Page 211
LIVE/DIE DC_09	Page 212
TOTAL VENTILATOR SUPPORT DAYS DC_10	
ICU LOS (DAYS) DC_11	Page 215, 216
PRIMARY PAYOR DC_12	
TOTAL HOSPITAL CHARGES DC_13	Page 218
REPORT OF PHYSICAL ABUSE DC_14	Page 219
INVESTIGATION OF PHYSICAL ABUSE DC_15	
DIFFERENT CAREGIVER AT DISCHARGE DC_16	
AUTOPSY PERFORMED DC_17	
DEATH LOCATION DC_18	
DONATED ORGANS DC_19	
DISCHARGE COMMENTS DC_20	
RECORD COMPLETE DC_21	Page 226
RECORD COMPLETE DATE DC_22	Page 227
COMPLETED BY DC_23	Page 228
DAYS TO COMPLETE DC_24.	Page 229
COMPLICATIONS INFORMATION	
COMPLICATIONS INFORMATION	D 221
COMPLICATIONS COM_01	Page 231

PROCESS IMPROVEMENT (PI) INFORMATION	
STATE REQUIRED PI INFORMATION PI 01	Page 233
	U
READMISSION INFORMATION	
ARRIVAL DATE REA_01	
ARRIVAL TIME REA_02	
DISCHARGE DATE REA_03	
DISCHARGE TIME REA_04	Page 238
LENGTH OF STAY (DAYS) REA_05	Page 239
READMISSION OUTCOME REA_06	Page 240
ICD-10-CM DIAGNOSIS DATE REA_07	
ICD-10-CM PROCEDURE CODE REA_08	.Page 242
ICD-10-CM PROCEDURES CODE LONG TEXT REA_09	Page 243
PHYSICIAN REA 10	
ICD-10-CM DIAGNOSES CODE REA 11	
ICD-10-CM DIAGNOSES CODE LONG TEXT REA 12	
TQIP INFORMATION	
TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY (TBI) INCLUSION TQIP 01	Page 248
HIGHEST GCS TQIP_02	
HIGHEST MR-HIGHEST GCS TQIP_03	
GCS ASSESSMENT QUALIFIER – HIGHEST GCS TQIP_04	Page 251
PUPILLARY RESPONSE TQIP 05	
MIDLINE SHIFT TQIP_06	
ALL CEREBRAL MONITORS PLACED TQIP_07	Page 254
TIME THE FIRST CEREBRAL MONITOR WAS PLACED TQIP_08	
ICD-10-CM PROCEDUR CODE LONG TEXT TQIP_09	
VTE INCLUSION TQIP 10.	
TYPE OF 1 <sup>ST</sup> DOSE OF VTE PROPHYLAXIS ADMINISTERED TQIP 11	Page 258
DATE OF 1 <sup>ST</sup> VTE PROPHYLACTIC DOSE TQIP 12	
2.1.2 or 1	ugo 209
TQIP PM2 INFORMATION	
BLOOD INCLUSION TQIP2_01	Page 261
LOWEST ED SBP TQIP2_02.	Dage 262
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PRBC – WITHIN 4 HOURS TQIP2_03	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PRBC – MEASUREMENT TQIP2_04	
TRANFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PRBC CONVERSION TQIP2_05	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) FFP-WITHIN 4 HOURS TQIP2_06	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) FFP-WITHIN 24 HOURS TQIP_07	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) FFP-MEASUREMENT TQIP2_08	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) FFP CONVERSION TQIP2 _09	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PLATELETS – WITHIN 4 HOURS TQIP2_10	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PLATELETS-WITHIN 24 HOURS TQIP2_11	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PLATELETS – MEASUREMENTS TQIP2_12	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PLATELETS – CONVERSION TQIP2_13	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) CRYOPRECIPITATE -WITHIN 4 HOURS TQIF	
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) CRYOPRECIPITATE – WITHIN 24 HOURS TQ	Page 275
	Page 276

TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) CRYOPRECIPITATE – MEASUREMENT TO	
	Page 277
TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) CRYOPRECIPITATE – CONVERSION TQIP	2_17
FIRST ANGIOGRAPHY TQIP2_18	
FIRST ANGIOGRAPHY DATE TQIP2_19	
FIRST ANGIOGRAPHY TIME TQIP_20.	
EMBOLIZATION SITES TQIP2_21	Page 282
SURGERY FOR HEMORRHAGE CONTROL TYPE TQIP_22	Page 283
SURGERY FOR HEMORRHAGE CONTROL TYPE DATE TQIP2_23	Page 284
SURGERY FOR HEMORRHAGE CONTROL TYPE TIME TQIP2_24	Page 285
WITHDRAWL OF CARE TQIP_25	
WITHDRAWL OF CARE DATE TQIP_26	
WITHDRAWL OF CARE TIME TQIP_27	Page 288
OUTCOME INFORMATION	<b>D</b> 200
REHAB ADMISSION DATE/FIM SCORE (1 <sup>ST</sup> ROW) OUT_01	
REHAB ADMISSION DATE/FIM SCORE (2 <sup>ND</sup> ROW) OUT_02	
REHAB DISCHARGE TO OUT_03	
EATING OUT_04	
GROOMING OUT_05	_
BATHING OUT_06	
DRESSING-UPPER OUT_07	
DRESSING-LOWER OUT_08.	
TOILETING OUT_09	
TOTAL SELF CARE OUT_10	Page 299
BLADDER OUT_11	
BOWEL OUT_12	
TOTAL SPHINCTER CONTROL OUT_13	
BED/WHEELCHAIR OUT_14	
TOILET MOBILITY OUT_15	
TUB/SHOWER OUT_16	
TOTAL MOBILITY OUT_17	
WALK/WHEELCHIAR OUT_18	
STAIR OUT_19	Page 308
TOTAL LOCOMOTION OUT 21	Page 309
COMPREHENSION OUT 22.	Page 310
EXPRESSION OUT 23	Page 311
TOTAL COMMUNICATION OUT 24	Page 312
SOCIAL INTERACTION OUT_25	Page 313
PROBLEM SOLVING OUT_26	Page 314
MEMORY OUT_27	Page 313
TOTAL FIN OUT 20	Page 316
TOTAL FIM OUT 29	Page 317
PICKLIST FOR SCORING WITHIN THE SHEET OUT_30	Page 318
GENERAL COMMUNICATION INFORMATION	
GENERAL COMMENTS COMM_01	Page 220
GENERAL COMMENTS COMMULUI	r age 320





ADMISSION STATUS D\_01

#### Definition

The admission status of the patient at the ED/Hospital.

### Field Values

- Admitted through ED at your hospital
- Direct Admit
- Seen in your ED then transferred out by EMS
- Seen in your ED and released
- DOA or died in ED
- Entered into trauma system, but has no injuries

### **Additional Information**

- Pick List
- Not documented or application cannot be used. If patient was not admitted, enter one of the ED choices from the pick list below. If patient left before admission, select "Seen in your ED and released.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The location where the patient was entered into the trauma system.

### Field Values

- EMS / Field
- Emergency Department
- Retrospective
- Transfer

### **Additional Information**

• Pick List

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

**D\_02** 

The unique number assigned by the hospital to the patient medical record.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• None

### Data Type

• Alphanumeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- Billing Form
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The unique number assigned by the State of Oregon.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• Trauma Band Number is assigned by the state, and given to patients in the field by EMS, or at the ED/Hospital. Each trauma patient is required to have a Trauma Band Number.

### Data Type

• Alphanumeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Admission Form
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

LAST NAME D\_05

#### Definition

The legal last name of the patient.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• If patient refuses to provide last name, or for confidentiality reasons uses an alias last name, enter a value of Not Documented (N/D). Complete the *Alias Last Name* field.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Government Issues ID
- Admission Form
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Billing Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

FIRST NAME D\_06

#### Definition

The legal first name of the patient.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• If patient refuses to provide first name, or for confidentiality reasons uses an alias first name, enter a value of Not Documented (N/D). Complete the *Alias First Name* Field.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Government Issues ID
- Admission Form
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Billing Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

MIDDLE INITIAL D\_07

#### Definition

The patients middle initial.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• If patient refuses to provide, or for confidentiality reasons uses an alias middle name, enter the value of Not Documented (N/D).

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Government Issues ID
- Admission Form
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Billing Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The alias last name used by the patient.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• If patient does not have an alias last name, enter the value of Not Applicable (N/A).

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Government Issues ID
- Admission Form
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Billing Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The alias first name used by the patient.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• If patient does not have an alias last name, enter the value of Not Applicable (N/A).

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Government Issues ID
- Admission Form
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Billing Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ARRIVAL DATE D\_10

### Definition

The date the patient arrived at the ED/Hospital.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- If the patient was brought to the ED, enter date patient arrived at ED. If patient was directly admitted to the hospital, enter date patient was admitted to the hospital.
- Used to auto-generate two additional calculated fields: Total EMS Time: (elapsed time from EMS dispatch to hospital arrival) and Total Length of Hospital Stay (elapsed time from ED/Hospital Arrival to ED/Hospital Discharge).

### Data Type

• Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ED Record
- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- Discharge Summary

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_01

NEMSIS Data Variable: eTimes.11

ARRIVAL TIME D\_11

### Definition

The time the patient arrived at the ED/Hospital

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (HH:MM)
- If the patient was brought to the ED, enter time patient arrived at ED. If patient was directly admitted to the hospital, enter time patient was admitted to the hospital.
- Used to auto-generate two additional calculated fields: Total EMS Time (elapsed time from EMS dispatch to hospital arrival) and Total Length of Hospital Stay (elapsed time from ED/Hospital Arrival to ED/Hospital Discharge).

### Data Type

• Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ED Record
- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- Discharge Summary

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_02

NEMSIS Data Variable: eTimes.11

DATE OF BIRTH D\_12

#### Definition

The patients legal date of birth.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY).
- If Date of Birth is "Not Known/Not Recorded", complete variables: Age and Age Units
- If Date of Birth equals ED/Hospital Arrival Date, then the Age and Age Units variables must be completed.
- Used to calculate patient age in minutes, hours, days, months, or years If Date of Birth equals Injury Date, then the Age and Age Units variables must be completed.

### Data Type

• Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Government Issued ID
- Progress Notes
- Billing Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: D\_07

AGE D\_13

#### Definition

The patients age.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Used to calculate the patient age in hours, days, months, or years.
- If Date of Birth is "Not Known/Not Recorded", complete variables: Age and Age Units.
- If Date of Birth equals ED/Hospital Arrival Date, then the Age and Age Units variables must be completed.
- Must also complete variable: Age Units. If Date of Birth equals ED/Hospital Arrival Date, then the Age and Age Units variables must be completed.
- Used to calculate patient age in minutes, hours, days, months, or years.

### Data Type

Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: D\_08

AGE UNITS D\_14

### Definition

The appropriate age unit of the patient.

### Field Values

- Hours
- Minutes
- Days
- Months
- Years

### **Additional Information**

- Used to calculate patient age in minutes, hours, days, months, or years.
- If Date of Birth is "Not Known/Not Recorded", complete variables: Age and Age Units.
- If Date of Birth equals ED/Hospital Arrival Date, then the Age and Age Units variables must be completed.
- Must also complete variable: Age.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

None

NTDB Data Variable: D\_09

SEX D\_15

### Definition

The patients biological sex.

### Field Values

- Male
- Female

### **Additional Information**

• Patients who have undergone a surgical and/or hormonal sex reassignment should be coded using the current assignment.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- ePCR
- Government Issued ID

NTDB Data Variable: D\_12

RACE D\_16

### Definition

The patients race.

### Field Values

- Asian
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
- Other Race
- American Indian
- Black of African American
- White

### **Additional Information**

- Patient race should be based upon self-report or identified by a family member.
- Select all that apply.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Billing Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: D\_10

ETHNICITY D\_17

### Definition

The patients ethnicity.

### Field Values

- Hispanic or Latino
- Not Hispanic or Latino

### **Additional Information**

- Patient ethnicity should be based upon self-report or identified by a family member.
- The maximum number of ethnicities that may be reported for an individual patient is one.
- Based on the 2010 US Census Bureau.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: D\_11

The patients Social Security Number

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (XXX-XX-XXXX)

### Data Type

• Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- Admission Form
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The patients home address.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- If patient is homeless a value of Not Applicable (N/A) may be used.
- This element allows for two line documentation of the address.

### Data Type

• Alphanumeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- Billing Sheet
- ePCR
- Government Issued ID

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The patients home ZIP/Postal code.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Can be stored as a 5 or 9 digit code (XXXXX-XXXX) for US and CA, or can be stored in the postal code format of the applicable country.
- May require adherence to HIPAA regulations.
- If ZIP/Postal code is "Not Applicable," complete variable: Alternate Home Residence.
- If ZIP/Postal code is "Not Known/Not Recorded," complete variables: Patients Home Country, Patients Home State (US only), Patients Home County (US only) and Patients Home City (US only).
- If ZIP/Postal code is known, must also complete Patients Home Country.

### Data Type

Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- Billing Sheet
- ePCR
- Government Issued ID

NTDB Data Variable: D\_01

### PATIENTS HOME CITY

#### Definition

The patients home city.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Only completed when ZIP code is "Not Recorded/Not Known" and country is US.
- Used to calculate FIPS code.
- "Not Applicable" is used if Patients Home Zip/Postal Code is reported.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- ePCR
- Billing Sheet
- Government Issued ID

NTDB Data Variable: D\_05

### PATIENTS HOME COUNTY

### Definition

The patients county of residence.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Only completed when ZIP/Postal code is "Not Known/Not Recorded" and country is US.
- Used to calculate FIPS code.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- Billing Sheet
- ePCR
- Government Issued ID

NTDB Data Variable: D\_04

### PATIENTS HOME STATE

#### Definition

The patients state of residence.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Only completed when ZIP/Postal code is "Not Known/Not Recorded" and country is US.
- Used to calculate FIPS code.
- "Not Applicable"; is used if Patients Home Zip/Postal Code is reported.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- Billing Sheet
- ePCR
- Government Issued ID

NTDB Data Variable: D\_03

#### PATIENTS HOME COUNTRY

#### Definition

The patients country of residence.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Values are two character FIPS codes representing the country (e.g., US)
- If Patients Home Country is not US, then the null value "Not Applicable" is used for: Patients Home State, Patients Home County, and Patients Home City.
- "Not Applicable" is used if Patients Home Zip/Postal Code is reported.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- Admission Form
- ePCR
- Government Issued ID

NTDB Data Variable: D\_02

#### PATIENTS ALTERNATE RESIDENCE

#### Definition

The patients alternate residence

#### Field Values

- Homeless
- Migrant Worker
- Undocumented Citizen

### **Additional Information**

- Only completed when ZIP/Postal code is "Not Applicable."
- Homeless is defined as a person who lacks housing. The definition also includes a person living in transitional housing or a supervised public or private facility providing temporary living quarters.
- Undocumented Citizen is defined as a national of another country who has entered or stayed in another country without permission.
- Migrant Worker is defined as a person who temporarily leaves his/her principal place of residence within a country in order to accept seasonal employment in the same or different country.
   "Not Applicable" is used if Patients Home Zip/Postal Code is reported.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: D\_06

# INCIDENT INFORMATION

INJURY DATE I\_01

#### Definition

The date the injury occurred.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY).
- Estimates of date of injury should be based upon report by patient, witness, family, or health care provider. Other proxy measures (e.g., 911 call times) should not be used.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: I\_01

NEMSIS Data Variable: eSituation.01

INJURY TIME I\_02

#### Definition

The time that the injury occurred.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (HH:MM).
- Estimates of time of injury should be based upon report by patient, witness, family, or health care provider. Other proxy measures (e.g., 911 call times) should not be used.
- Estimates of time using time dispatch is called for injury event (Oregon specific note).

### Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: I\_02

NEMSIS Data Variable: eSituation.01

**I\_03** 

#### Definition

Place of occurrence external cause code used to describe the place/site/location of the injury event (Y92.X).

#### Field Values

• Relevant ICD-10-CM code value for injury event

#### Additional Information

- Only ICD-10-CM codes will be accepted for ICD-10 Place of Occurrence External Cause Code.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if not coding ICD-10.
- Multiple Cause Coding Hierarchy.

### Data Type

• Alphanumeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: I\_09

The ZIP/Postal code of the incident location.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Can be stored as a 5 or 9 digit code (XXXXX-XXXX) for US and CA, or can be stored in the postal code format of the applicable country.
- If "Not Known/Not Recorded," complete variables: Incident Country, Incident State (US ONLY), Incident County (US ONLY) and Incident City (US ONLY).
- May require adherence to HIPAA regulations.
- If ZIP/Postal code is known, then must complete Incident Country.
- Field cannot be NOT Applicable.

### Data Type

• Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: I\_09

INCIDENT CITY I\_05

#### Definition

The city where the incident occurred.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Only completed when Incident Location ZIP/Postal code is "Not Applicable" or "Not Known/Not Recorded", and country is US.
- Used to calculate FIPS code.
- If incident location resides outside of formal city boundaries, report nearest city/town.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if Incident Location Zip/Postal Code is reported.
- If incident Country is not US, report the null value "Not Applicable."

### Data Type

Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

None

NTDB Data Variable: I\_13

INCIDENT COUNTY I\_06

#### Definition

The county where the incident occurred.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### Additional Information

- Only completed when Incident Location ZIP/Postal code is "Not Applicable" or "Not Known/Not Recorded", and country is US.
- Used to calculate FIPS code.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if Incident Location Zip/Postal Code is reported
- If incident Country is not US, report the null value "Not Applicable."

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

None

NTDB Data Variable: I 12

INCIDENT STATE I\_07

#### Definition

The state where the incident occurred.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Only completed when Incident Location ZIP/Postal code is "Not Applicable" or "Not Known/Not Recorded", and country is US.
- Used to calculate FIPS code.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if Incident Location Zip/Postal Code is reported
- If incident Country is not US, report the null value "Not Applicable."

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

None

NTDB Data Variable: I 11

INCIDENT COUNTRY I\_08

#### Definition

The country where the incident occurred.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Values are two character FIPS codes representing the country (e.g., US).
- If Incident Country is not US, then the null value "Not Applicable" is used for: Incident State, Incident County, and Incident City.
- Field cannot be "Not Applicable".

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: I\_10

INCIDENT ADDRESS I\_09

#### Definition

The physical address of the incident location.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Collected as the street numbers and name.
- For injuries occurring on highways the name of highway and mile marker is accepted. (e.g., highway 18, mile marker 200).
- For injuries occurring in intersections the name of the cross streets is accepted. (e.g., intersection of oak & maple streets).

### Data Type

• Alphanumeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

INCIDENT LATITUDE I\_10

### Definition

The exact latitude of the incident location.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• Required to complete when Incident Location ZIP code is "Not Applicable" or "Not Recorded/Not Known."

### Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

INCIDENT LONGITUDE

I\_11

### Definition

The exact longitude of the incident location.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• Required to complete when Incident Location ZIP code is "Not Applicable" or "Not Recorded/Not Known."

### Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The mechanism of injury that caused the patients primary injury.

### Field Values

- Blunt
- Penetrating
- Other
- Burn w/ Trauma

### **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

FALL HEIGHT I\_13

### Definition

The height of a fall in feet. Measured from the lowest point of the patient to the ground.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

- Recorded in feet
- Ground level fall = 0 feet

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

**I\_14** 

#### Definition

External cause code used to describe the mechanism (or external factor) that caused the injury event.

#### Field Values

• Relevant ICD-10-CM code value for injury event

#### Additional Information

- The primary external cause code should describe the main reason a patient is admitted to the hospital listed as 1st code.
- External cause codes are used to auto-generate two calculated fields: Trauma Type (Blunt, Penetrating, Burn) and Intentionality (based upon CDC matrix).
- ICD-10-CM codes will be accepted for this data element. Activity codes should not be reported in this field.

### Data Type

• Alphanumeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Progress Notes
- Admission Form
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: I\_06

Additional External Cause Code used in conjunction with the Primary External Cause Code if multiple external cause codes are required to describe the injury event.

#### Field Values

• Relevant ICD-10-CM code value for injury event

#### Additional Information

- External cause codes are used to auto-generate two calculated fields: Trauma Type: (Blunt, Penetrating, Burn) and Intentionality (based upon CDC matrix).
- Only ICD-10-CM codes will be accepted for ICD-10 Additional External Cause Code.
- Activity codes should not be reported in this field.
- Activity codes should not be reported in this field.
- Multiple Cause Coding Hierarchy: If two or more events cause separate injuries, an external cause code should be assigned for each cause. The first-listed external cause code will be selected in the following order:
  - External cause codes for child and adult abuse take priority over all other external cause codes.
  - External cause codes for terrorism events take priority over all other external cause codes except child and adult abuse.
  - External cause codes for cataclysmic events take priority over all other external cause codes except child and adult abuse, and terrorism.
  - External cause codes for transport accidents take priority over all other external cause codes except cataclysmic events, and child and adult abuse, and terrorism.
  - The first listed external cause code should correspond to the cause of the most serious diagnosis due to an assault, accident or self-harm, following the order of hierarchy listed above.

### Data Type

Alpha

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR
- Nursing Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: I\_08 NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

Protective devices (safety equipment) in use or worn by the patient at the time of the injury.

#### Field Values

- None
- Lap Belt
- Personal Flotation Device
- Protective Non-Clothing Gear (shin guard, etc.)
- Eye Protection
- Child Restraint (booster seat or child car seat)
- Helmet (bicycle, skiing, motorcycle)
- Airbag Present
- Protective Clothing (padded leather pants)
- Shoulder Belt
- Other

#### **Additional Information**

- Check all that apply or up to 3 fields can be reported.
- If "Child Restraint" is present, complete variable "Child Specific Restraint."
- If "Airbag" is present, complete variable "Airbag Deployment."
- Evidence of the use of safety equipment may be reported or observed.
- Lap Belt should be used to include those patients that are restrained, but not further specified.
- If chart indicates "3-point-restraint", choose 2. Lap Belt and 10. Shoulder Belt.

#### Data Type

• Alpha

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nursing Notes
- Admission Form
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: I\_14 NEMSIS Data Variable: eInjury.07

I\_17

#### Definition

Protective child restraint devices used by patient at the time of injury.

### Field Values

- Child Car Seat
- Infant Car Seat
- Child Booster Seat

### **Additional Information**

- Evidence of the use of child restraint may be reported or observed.
- Only completed when Protective Devices include "Child Restraint."
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if NO "Airbag" is reported under Protective Devices.

### Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: I\_15

Indication of airbag deployment during a motor vehicle crash.

### Field Values

- Airbag Not Deployed
- Airbag Deployed Front
- Airbag Deployed Side
- Airbag Deployed Other (knee, airbelt, curtain, etc.)

### **Additional Information**

- Check all that apply or up to 3 fields can be reported.
- Evidence of the use of airbag deployment may be reported or observed.
- Only completed when Protective Devices include "Airbag."
- Airbag Deployed Front should be used for patients with documented airbag deployments, but are not further specified.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nursing Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: I\_16

Documentation that the patient was wearing an OSHA required protective device.

### Field Values

- Eye and Face Protection
- Foot Protection
- Head Protection
- Hearing Protection
- Respiratory Protection
- Safety Belts, Lifelines, Lanyards
- Safety Nets

#### Additional Information

- Added to better document personal protection equipment used by the patient associated with an injury. Up to 3 fields can be reported.
- Data is only collected if injury is work related.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

INJURY COMMENTS I\_20

### Definition

Free text field for further information to explain incident or make notes.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• Free text field

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eNarrative.01

WORK-RELATED I\_21

#### Definition

Indication of whether the injury occurred during paid employment.

### Field Values

- Yes
- No

### **Additional Information**

• If work related, two additional data fields must be completed: Patients Occupational Industry and Patients Occupation.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: I\_03

NEMSIS Data Variable: eSituation.14

The occupation of the patient.

#### Field Values

- Business and Financial Operations Occupations
- Architecture and Engineering Occupations
- Community and Social Services Occupations
- Education, Training, and Library Occupations
- Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations
- Protective Service Occupations
- Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance
- Sales and Related Occupations
- Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations
- Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations
- Transportation and Material Moving Occupations

- Management Occupations
- Computer and Mathematical Occupations
- Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations
- Legal Occupations
- Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media
- Healthcare Support Occupations
- Food Preparation and Service Occupations
- Personal Care and Service Occupations
- Office and Administrative Support Occupations
- Construction and Extraction Occupations
- Production Occupations

#### **Additional Information**

- Only completed if injury is work related.
- If work related, also complete Patients Occupational Industry.
- Based upon 1999 US Bureau of Labor Statistics Standard Occupational Classification (SOC).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if Work Related is 2. No.

#### Data Type

Alpha

Data Source Hierarchy Guide NTDB Data Variable: I 05 NEMSIS Data Variable: eSituation.16

• Billing Sheet

• ePCR

• Face Sheet

#### PATIENTS OCCUPATIONAL INDUSTRY

#### Definition

The patients country of residence.

### Field Values

- Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate
- Manufacturing
- Retail Trade
- Transportation and Public Utilities
- Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing
- Professional and Business Services
- Education and Health Services

- Construction
- Government
- Natural Resources and Mining
- Information Service
- Wholesale Trade
- Leisure and Hospitality
- Other Services

#### Additional Information

- If work related, also complete Patients Occupation.
- Based upon US Bureau of Labor Statistics Industry Classification.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if Work Related is 2. No.

### Data Type

• Alpha

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: I\_04

NEMSIS Data Variable: eSituation.15



TRANSPORT TYPE PH\_01

### Definition

The type of transport to the ED/Hospital.

### Field Values

- First Responder
- Assisting Transport
- Inter-Facility Transfer
- Transport from Scene

### **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: dVehicle.05

TRANSPORT MODE PH\_02

#### Definition

Documentation of how the patient was transported to the ED/Hospital.

### Field Values

- Fixed Wing Ambulance
- Ground Ambulance
- Helicopter Ambulance
- Police
- Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-In
- Other

### **Additional Information**

- Include in "Other" unspecified modes of transport.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used to indicate that a patient had a single mode of transport and therefore does not apply to the patient.
- Check all that apply with a maximum of 5.

### Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: P\_07

NEMSIS Data Variable: eDisposition.17

### **EMS ePCR NUMBER (PARTIAL)**

PH\_03

### Definition

The Electronic Patient Care Report (ePCR) report number.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• The null value "Not Recorded/Not Known" if ePCR/PCR is not available or provided by EMS agency.

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Face Sheet
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The agency that transported the patient to the ED/Hospital.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• If an EMS agency did not transport to the hospital, the null value of "Not Applicable" may be used.

### Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: dAgency.03

#### EMS UNIT DISPATCH DATE

#### Definition

The date the unit transporting the patient to your ED/Hospital was notified by dispatch.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Collected as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total EMS Time (elapsed time from EMS dispatch to hospital arrival).
- For inter-facility transfer patient, this is the date on which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the transferring facility was notified by dispatch or assigned to this transport.
- For patients transported from the scene of injury to your hospital, this is the date in which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the scene was dispatched.
- Default set to today's date.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who were not transported by EMS.

# Data Type

• Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: P\_01

#### EMS UNIT DISPATCH TIME

#### Definition

The time the unit transporting the patient to your ED/Hospital was notified by dispatch.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total EMS Time (elapsed time for EMS dispatch to hospital arrival).
- For inter-facility transport patients, this is the time at which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the transferring facility was notified by dispatch.
- For patients transported from the scene of injury to your hospital, this is the time at which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the scene was dispatched.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who were not transported by EMS.

### Data Type

• Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P 02

The date the unit transporting the patient arrived at the scene of injury or transferring ED/Hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Collected as (MM-DD-YYYY).
- Used to auto-generate two additional calculated fields: Total EMS Response Time (elapsed time from EMS dispatch to scene arrival) and Total EMS Scene Time (elapsed time from EMS scene arrival to scene departure).
- For inter-facility transfer patients, this is the date on which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the transferring facility arrived at the transferring facility (arrival is defined at date/time when the vehicle stopped moving).
- For patients transported from the scene of injury to your hospital, this is the date on which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the scene arrived at the scene (arrival is defined at date/time when the vehicle stopped moving).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who were not transported by EMS.

### Data Type

• Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P\_03

#### EMS UNIT ARRIVAL TIME AT SCENE

#### Definition

The time the unit transporting the patient arrived at the scene of injury or at referring ED/Hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Collected as (HH:MM) military time
- Used to auto-generate two additional calculated fields: Total EMS Response Time
  (elapsed time from EMS dispatch to scene arrival) and Total EMS Scene Time (elapsed
  time from EMS scene arrival to scene departure).
   For inter-facility transfer patients,
  this is the time at which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the
  transferring facility arrived at the transferring facility (arrival is defined as date/time
  when the vehicle stopped moving).
- For patients transported from the scene of injury to your hospital, this is the time at which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the scene arrived at the scene (arrival is defined at date/time the vehicle stopped moving).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients.

### Data Type

Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P 04

### EMS UNIT DATE AT PATIENT

PH\_09

### Definition

The date the transporting EMS unit arrived at the patients side.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

### EMS UNIT TIME AT PATIENT

PH\_10

### Definition

The time the transporting EMS unit arrived at the patients side.

### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

### Additional Information

• Recorded as (HH:MM)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### DATE EMS UNIT DEPARTED SCENE

#### Definition

The date the unit transporting the patient departed the scene of injury or the referring ED/Hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Collected as (DD-MM-YYYY)
- Used to auto-generate two additional calculated field: Total EMS Response Time (elapsed time from EMS dispatch to scene arrival).
- For inter-facility transfer patients, this is the date on which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the transferring facility arrived at the transferring facility (arrival is defined as date/time when the vehicle stopped moving).
- For patients transported from the scene of injury to your hospital, this is the date on which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the scene arrived at the scene (arrival is defined at date/time the vehicle stopped moving).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who were not transported by EMS.

### Data Type

Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: P\_05

#### TIME EMS UNIT DEPARTED SCENE

#### Definition

The time the unit transporting the patient departed the scene of injury or the referring ED/Hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Collected as (HH:MM) military time
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total EMS Response Time (elapsed time from EMS dispatch to scene arrival).
- For inter-facility transfer patients, this is the time at which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the transferring facility arrived at the transferring facility (arrival is defined as date/time when the vehicle stopped moving).
- For patients transported from the scene of injury to your hospital, this is the time at which the unit transporting the patient to your facility from the scene arrived at the scene (arrival is defined at date/time the vehicle stopped moving).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who were not transported by EMS.

## Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: P\_06

NEMSIS Data Variable: eTimes.09

RESPONSE TIME PH\_13

#### Definition

The calculated time from when EMS unit was dispatched to the time EMS unit arrived on scene or referring ED/Hospital.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated Field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

SCENE TIME PH\_14

#### Definition

The calculated time form when transporting EMS unit arrived on scene to the time the transporting EMS unit departed scene.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated Field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TRANSPORT TIME PH\_15

#### Definition

The calculated time from when the transporting EMS unit departed scene to time transporting EMS unit arrived at ED/Hospital.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated Field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

## DATE EMS UNIT AT HOSPITAL

**PH\_16** 

## Definition

The date that transporting EMS unit arrived at the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_01

NEMSIS Data Variable: eTimes.11

## TIME EMS UNIT AT HOSPITAL

PH\_17

## Definition

The time the transporting EMS unit arrived at the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_02

NEMSIS Data Variable: eTimes.11

MCI PH\_18

#### Definition

Defined as any incident in which EMS resources, such as personnel or equipment, are overwhelmed by the number and severity of casualties.

#### Field Values

- Yes
- No

#### **Additional Information**

- An MCI is an injury scene in which EMS resources, such as a personnel and equipment are overwhelmed by the number of patients and severity of injuries.
- A mass casualty incident is defined as an event with injuries that may exceed the normal response capability of an emergency care provider agency. Classification of a mass casualty incident may vary throughout the State based upon the number of patients, severity of injuries, the cause of the incident, and available resources.
- Information is in the EMS Patient Care Report or provider notes.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eScene.07

EMS DESTINATION PH\_19

# Definition

Documentation of the ED/Hospital that will be receiving the patient from a referring ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eDisposition.01

# EMS ePCR NUMBER (COMPLETE)

PH\_20

# Definition

Documentation of the complete ePCR number.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

# Additional Information

• None

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eInjury.12

# PRE-HOSPITAL PROCEDURES PH\_21

# Definition

Pre-hospital procedures performed on the patient.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Procedures come from SNOWMEDCT listing

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eProcedures.03

# **DATE OF EMS VITALS**

PH\_22

# Definition

The date of initial EMS vitals.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• None

# Data Type

• Numeric (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

## Definition

The time of initial EMS vitals.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• None

# Data Type

• Numeric (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

EMS PULSE PH\_24

#### Definition

The initial pulse rate recorded by EMS.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used if the patient is transferred to your facility with no EMS Run Report from the scene of injury.
- Measurement recorded must be without the assistance of CPR or any type of mechanical chest compression device. For those patients who are receiving CPR or any type of mechanical chest compressions, report the value obtained while compressions are paused.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who arrive by 4. Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in.

## Data Type

Numeric

Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P\_10

#### EMS RESPIRATORY RATE

#### Definition

The initial respiratory rate recorded by EMS.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used if the patient is transferred to your facility with no EMS Run Report from the scene of injury.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who arrive by 4. Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P\_11

#### EMS SYSTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE

#### Definition

The initial systolic blood pressure recorded by EMS.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used if the patient is transferred to your facility with no EMS Run Report from the scene of injury.
- Measurement recorded must be without the assistance of CPR or any type of mechanical chest compression device. For those patients who are receiving CPR or any type of mechanical chest compressions, report the value obtained while compressions are paused.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who arrive by 4. Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in.

## Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

## EMS OXYGEN SATURATION RATE

## Definition

The initial Oxygen saturation rate recorded by EMS.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used if the patient is transferred to your facility with no EMS Run Report from the scene of injury.
- Value should be based upon assessment before administration of supplemental oxygen.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who arrive by 4. Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P\_12

PH 28

#### Definition

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Eye) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

#### Field Values

- 1. No eye movement when assessed
- 2. Opens eyes in response to painful stimulation
- 3. Opens eyes in response to verbal stimulation
- 4. Opens eyes spontaneously

## **Additional Information**

- Used to calculate Overall EMS Score.
- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used if the patient is transferred to your facility with no EMS Run Report from the scene of injury.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who arrive by 4. Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patients pupils are PERRL," an Eye GCS of 4 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.

# Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: P\_13

VERBAL (GCS) PH\_29

#### Definition

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Verbal) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

## Field Values (ADULT)

- 1. No verbal response
- 2. Incomprehensible sounds
- 3. Inappropriate words
- 4. Confused
- 5. Oriented

## Field Values (PEDIATRIC)

- 1. No vocal response
- 2. Inconsolable, agitated
- 3. Inconsistently consolable, moaning
- 4. Cries but is consolable, inappropriate interactions
- Smiles, oriented to sounds, follows objects, interacts

#### Additional Information

- Used to calculate Overall GCS EMS Score.
- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used is the patient is transported to your facility with no EMS Run Report from the scene of injury.
- If patient is intubated, then the GCS score is equal to 1.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who arrive by 4. Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patients pupils are PERRL," a Verbal GCS of 4 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.

## Data Type

Numeric

Data Source Hierarchy Guide NTDB Data Variable: P\_14 NEMSIS Data Variable: eVitals.20

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

MOTOR (GCS) PH 30

#### Definition

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Motor) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

## Field Values (ADULTS)

- 1. No motor response
- 2. Extension to pain
- 3. Flexion from pain
- 4. Withdrawal from pain
- 5. Localizing pain
- 6. Appropriate response to stimulation

## Field Values (PEDIATRIC)

- 1. No motor response
- 2. Extension to pain
- 3. Flexion to pain
- 4. Withdrawal from pain
- 5. Localizing pain
- 6. Appropriate response to stimulation

#### Additional Information

- Used to calculate Overall GCS EMS Score.
- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used is the patient is transported to your facility with no EMS Run Report from the scene of injury.
- If patient is intubated, then the GCS score is equal to 1.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who arrive by 4. Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patients pupils are PERRL," a Motor GCS of 4 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.

## Data Type

Numeric

Data Source Hierarchy Guide NTDB Data Variable: P\_15 NEMSIS Data Variable: eVitals.21

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Note

TOTAL GCS SCORE PH\_31

#### Definition

The calculated total Glasgow Coma Score (GCS).

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Utilize only of total score is available without component scores.
- The null "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used if the patient is transferred to your facility with no EMS Run Report from the scene of injury.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS recorded, but there is documentation to their level of consciousness such as "AAOx3," "awake alert and oriented," or "patient with normal mental status," interpret this as GCS of 15 IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients who arrive by 4. Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in.

## Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: P\_16

GCS QUALIFIER PH\_32

## Definition

Documentation of factors which make the GCS score more meaningful.

## Field Values

- Eye obstruction prevents eye assessment
- Initial GCS has legitimate values without interventions such as intubation and sedation
- Patient chemically paralyzed
- Patient chemically sedated
- Patient intubated

## **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_14

# **END TIDAL CARBON DIOXIDE (ETCO2)**

PH\_33

## Definition

The numeric value of the patients exhaled end tidal carbon dioxide (ETCO2) level measured as a unit of pressure in millimeters of mercury (mmHg).

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data field

## **Additional Information**

• For intubated patients.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TAKEN AT SCENE PH\_34

# Definition

Documentation to indicate if vitals were taken at the scene of injury by EMS.

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

# Additional Information

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# PRE-HOSPITAL PROCEDURES

## Definition

Procedures performed on the patient by EMS personnel before arrival in the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data field

## **Additional Information**

- Pick List
- Procedures come from SNOWMEDCT listings

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eProcedures.03

#### VEHICULAR/PEDESTRIAN/OTHER RISK INJURY

#### Definition

EMS trauma triage mechanism of injury criteria for transport to a trauma center as defined by the CDC and ACS Committee on Trauma.

#### Field Values

- Fall adults: > 20 feet (one story is equal to 10 feet)
- Fall children: >10 feet or 2-3 times the height of the child
- Crash intrusion, including roof: > 12 inches, occupant site; >18 inches any site
- Crash ejection (partial or complete) from automobile
- Crash death in same passenger compartment

- Crash vehicle telemetry data (AACN) consistent with high risk injury
- Auto v. pedestrian/bicyclist thrown, run over, or >20 MPH impact
- Motorcycle crash >20 MPH
- For adults >65; SBP <110
- Patients on anticoagulants and bleeding disorders
- Pregnancy >20 weeks
- EMS provider judgement
- Burns with trauma

#### Additional Information

- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used to indicate the patient did not arrive by EMS.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used if EMS Run Report indicates patient did not meet any Vehicular, Pedestrian, Other Risk Injury criteria.
- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" should be used if this information is not indicated, as an identical response choice, on the EMS Run Report or if the EMS Run Report is not available.
- Check all that apply.

## Data Type

• Alpha

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P 19

NEMSIS Data Variable: eInjury.04

#### TRAUMA CENTER CRITERIA

#### Definition

Physiologic and anatomic EMS trauma triage criteria for transport to a trauma center as defined by the CDC and ACS Committee on Trauma.

#### Field Values

- Glasgow Coma Score < = 13
- Systolic Blood Pressure <90 mmHg
- Respiratory Rate <10 or >29 breaths per minute (20 in infants aged <1 year) or need for ventilatory support
- All penetrating injuries to head, neck, torso, and extremities proximal to the elbow or knee
- Chest wall instability or deformity (e.g. flail chest)

- Two or more proximal long-bone fractures
- Crush, degloved, mangled, or pulseless extremity
- Amputation proximal to wrist or ankle
- Pelvic fractures
- Open or depressed skull fracture
- Paralysis

#### **Additional Information**

- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used to indicate the patient did not arrive by EMS.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used if EMS Run Report indicates patient did not meet any Trauma Center Criteria.
- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" should be used if this information is not indicated, as an identical response choice, on the EMS Run Report or if the EMS Run Report is not available.
- Check all that apply.

## Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P\_18

NEMSIS Data Variable: eInjury.03

#### PRE-HOSPITAL CARDIAC ARREST

#### Definition

Indication of whether patient suffered cardiac arrest prior to ED/Hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

- Yes
- No

#### Additional Information

- A patient who experiences a sudden cessation of cardiac activity. The patient was unresponsive with no normal breathing and no signs of circulation.
- The event must have occurred outside of the reporting hospital, prior to admission at the center in which the registry is maintained. Prehospital cardiac arrest could occur at a transferring institution.
- Any component of basic and/or advanced cardiac life support must have been initiated by a health care provider.

## Data Type

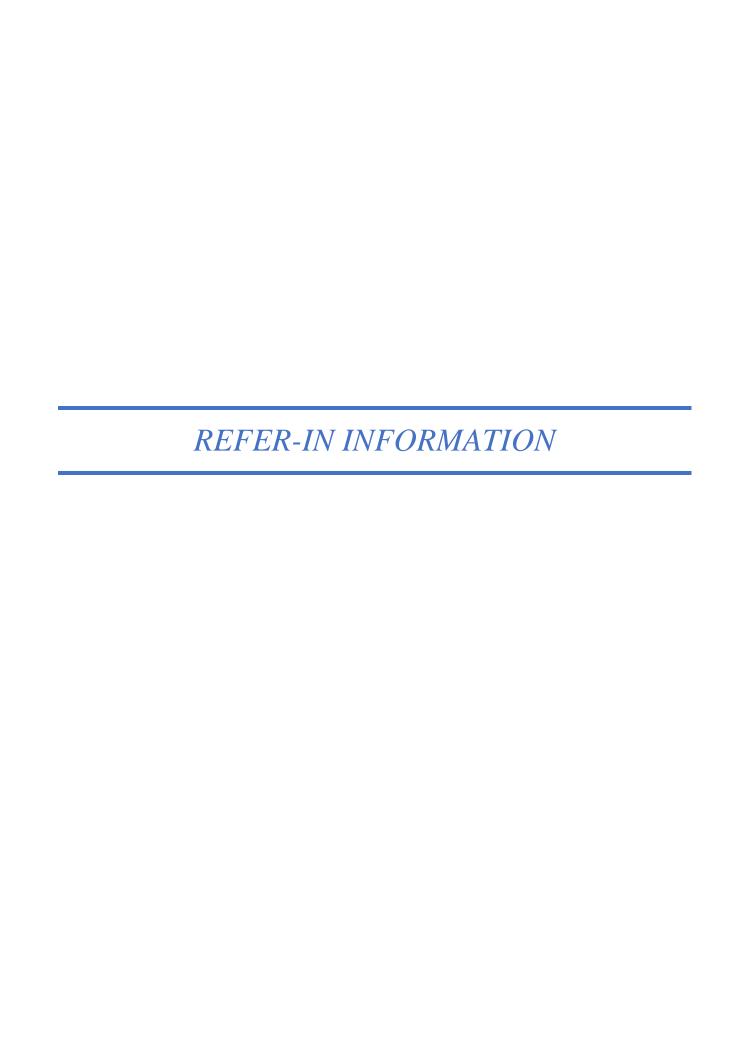
• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: P\_20

NEMSIS Data Variable: eArrest.01



# **INTER FACILITY - TRANSFER**

**REF\_01** 

#### Definition

Is the patient a transfer from another ED/Hospital?

## Field Values

- Yes
- No

## **Additional Information**

- Patients transferred from a private doctor's office, stand-alone ambulatory surgery center, or delivered to your hospital by non-EMS transport are not considered interfacility transfers.
- Outlying facilities purporting to provide emergency care services or utilized to stabilize a patient are considered acute care facilities.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

## Definition

The ED/Hospital that has referred the patient to your ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Collected as (XXXXX....).
- Will include other hospitals outside of Oregon.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ARRIVAL DATE REF\_03

## Definition

The date the patient arrived at the receiving hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- Admission Form
- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ARRIVAL TIME REF\_04

## Definition

The time the patient arrived at the receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# Additional Information

• Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- ePCR
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

DISCHAGE DATE REF\_05

## Definition

The date the patient was discharged from the referring ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# Additional Information

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

DISCHARGE TIME REF\_06

## Definition

The time the patient was discharged from the referring ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

LENGTH OF STAY REF\_07

#### Definition

The calculated length of stay at the referring hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated from the time of arrival at referring ED/Hospital to the discharge time at referring hospital.

# Data Type

- Numeric
- Calculated field

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### Definition

The date initial set of vitals were taken by the receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The time the initial set of vitals were taken at the receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (HH:MM)
- First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

PULSE REF\_10

## Definition

The initial pulse rate at receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The initial respiratory rate at receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# SYSTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE

#### Definition

The initial systolic blood pressure at receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

**REF\_13** 

# Definition

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Eye) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

## Field Values

- 1. No eye movement when assessed
- 2. Opens eyes in response to painful stimulation
- 3. Opens eyes in response to verbal stimulation
- 4. Opens eyes spontaneously

## **Additional Information**

- Used to calculate Overall GCS ED Score.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patient withdraws from a painful stimulus," a Motor GCS of 4 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

VERBAL (GCS) REF\_14

#### Definition

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Verbal) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values (ADULT)

- 1. No verbal response
- 2. Incomprehensible sounds
- 3. Inappropriate words
- 4. Confused
- 5. Oriented

## Field Values (PEDIATRIC)

- 1. No vocal response
- 2. Inconsolable, agitated
- 3. Inconsistently consolable, moaning
- 4. Cries but is consolable, inappropriate interactions
- Smiles, oriented to sounds, follows objects, interacts

#### Additional Information

- Used to calculate Overall GCS ED Score.
- If patient is intubated then the GCS Verbal score is equal to 1.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patient withdraws from a painful stimulus," a Motor GCS of 4 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

MOTOR (GCS) REF\_15

#### Definition

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Motor) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values (ADULTS)

- 1. No motor response
- 2. Extension to pain
- 3. Flexion from pain
- 4. Withdrawal from pain
- 5. Localizing pain
- Appropriate response to stimulation

## Field Values (PEDIATRIC)

- 1. No motor response
- 2. Extension to pain
- 3. Flexion to pain
- 4. Withdrawal from pain
- 5. Localizing pain
- 6. Appropriate response to stimulation

#### **Additional Information**

- Used to calculate Overall GCS ED Score.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patient withdraws from a painful stimulus," a Motor GCS of 4 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

## Data Type

• Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

TOTAL GCS SCORE REF\_16

#### Definition

The calculated total Glasgow Coma Score (GCS).

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS recorded, but there is documentation related to their level of consciousness such as "AAOx3," "awake alert and oriented," or "patient with normal mental status," interpret this as GCS of 15 IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

GCS QUALIFIER REF\_17

#### Definition

Documentation of factors which make the GCS score more meaningful.

## Field Values

- Eye obstruction prevents eye assessment
- Initial GCS has legitimate values without interventions such as intubation and sedation
- Patient chemically paralyzed
- Patient chemically sedated
- Patient intubated

#### **Additional Information**

- Identifies treatments given to the patient that may affect the first assessment of GCS. This field does not apply to self-medications the patient may administer (i.e., ETOH, prescriptions, etc.).
- If an intubated patient has recently received an agent that results in neuromuscular blockade such that a motor or eye response is not possible, then the patient should be considered to have an exam that is not reflective of their neurologic status and the chemical sedation modifier should be selected.
- Neuromuscular blockade is typically induced following the administration of agent like succinylcholine, mivacurium, rocuronium, (cis)atracurium, vecuronium, or pancuronium. While these are the most common agents, please review what might be typically used in your center so it can be identified in the medical record.
- Each of these agents has a slightly different duration of action, so their effect on the GCS depends on when they were given. For example, succinylcholine's effects last for only 5-10 minutes.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- Check all that apply.

# Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

# **REVISED TRAUMA SCORE (RTS)**

**REF\_18** 

# Definition

The calculated Revised Trauma Score (RTS) at the receiving ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Calculated score including Total GCS, systolic blood pressure, and respiratory rate.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# RECIEVING HOSPITAL ADDITONAL COMMENTS

# Definition

Documentation that helps further explain information on the Refer-In tab.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

# Additional Information

• Free text field

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT INFORMATION

ED SIGNS OF LIFE ED\_01

#### Definition

Indication of whether patient arrived in ED/Hospital with signs of life.

## Field Values

- Arrived with NO signs of life
- Arrived with signs of life

#### Additional Information

• A patient with no signs of life is defined as having none of the following: organized EKG activity, pupillary responses, spontaneous respiratory attempts or movement, and unassisted blood pressure. This usually implies the patient was brought to the ED with CPR in progress.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ePCR
- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_21

ED ARRIVAL DATE ED\_02

#### Definition

The date the patient arrived in the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- If patient arrived in ED/Hospital at 00:59 on 01/01/2018, but report was not received from EMS crew until 01:00 on 01/02/2018. Arrival time shall be documented at 24:59 on 01/01/2018.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ED Record
- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- Discharge Summary

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_01

ED ARRIVAL TIME ED\_03

#### Definition

The time the patient arrived in the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Collected as HH:MM military time.
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total ED Time (elapsed time from ED admit to ED discharge).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient is directly admitted to the hospital.
- ED Discharge Disposition is 5 Deceased/Expired, then ED Discharge Time is the time of death as indicated on the patients death certificate.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ED Record
- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- Discharge Summary

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_02

The time the patient discharged from the ED.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total ED Time: (elapsed time from ED admit to ED discharge).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient is directly admitted to the hospital.
- If ED Discharge Disposition is 5 Deceased/Expired, then ED Discharge Date is the date of death as indicated on the patients death certificate.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_22

ED DISCHAGE TIME ED\_05

## Definition

The time the patient was discharged from the ED.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Collected as HH:MM military time.
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total ED Time (elapsed time from ED admit to ED discharge).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient is directly admitted to the hospital.
- If ED Discharge Disposition is 5 Deceased/Expired, then ED Discharge Time is the time of death as indicated on the patients death certificate.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_23

**ED\_06** 

#### Definition

The date the order was written for the patient to be discharged from the ED.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total ED Time: (elapsed time from ED admit to ED discharge).
- he null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient is directly admitted to the hospital.
- If ED Discharge Disposition is 5 Deceased/Expired, then ED Discharge Date is the date of death as indicated on the patients death certificate.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

**ED\_07** 

#### Definition

The time the order was written for the patient to be discharged from the ED.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Collected as HH:MM military time.
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total ED Time (elapsed time from ED admit to ED discharge).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient is directly admitted to the hospital.
- If ED Discharge Disposition is 5 Deceased/Expired, then ED Discharge Time is the time of death as indicated on the patients death certificate.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# **ED DISCHARGE DISPOSITION**

#### Definition

The disposition of the patient at the time of discharge from the ED.

#### Field Values

- Floor bed (general admission, nonspecialty unit bed)
- Observation unit (unit that provides <24 hour stays)
- Telemetry/step-down (less acuity than ICU)
- Home with services
- Deceased/expired

- Other (jail, institutional care, mental health, etc.)
- Operating Room
- Intensive Care Unit (ICU)
- Home without services
- Left against medical advice (AMA)
- Transferred to another hospital

## **Additional Information**

- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient is directly admitted to the hospital.
- If ED Discharge Disposition is 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, then Hospital Discharge Date, Time, and Disposition should be "Not Applicable".

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_20

NEMSIS Data Variable: eOutcome.01

POLST ED\_09

## Definition

Is there documentation of an Oregon POLST form.

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

## **Additional Information**

- More information can be found at the Oregon POLST registry website.
- <a href="http://www.orpolstregistry.org/rg/">http://www.orpolstregistry.org/rg/</a>

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- POLST Registry
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The reason that the patient sought care or attention at the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Free text field.

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eOutcome.06

The date of initial ED/Hospital vitals.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL VITALS TIME

#### Definition

The time of initial ED/Hospital vitals.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time.
- First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

First recorded temperature in the ED/Hospital

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_05

# INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL TEMPERATURE UNIT OF MEASUREMENT

**ED\_14** 

#### Definition

First recorded temperature unit of measurement.

# Field Values (ADULT)

- Celsius
- Fahrenheit

# **Additional Information**

- Pick List
- First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

First recorded pulse in ED/Hospital

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• First vitals must be recorded within 30 minutes of patient arrival to ED/Hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_04

# INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL RESPIRATORY RATE

#### Definition

First recorded respiratory rate at ED/Hospital

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- If available, complete additional field: Initial ED/Hospital Respiratory Assistance.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_06

#### INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL SYSTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE

## Definition

First recorded systolic blood pressure at ED/Hospital.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- Measurement recorded must be without the assistance of CPR or any type of mechanical chest compression device. For those patients who are receiving CPR or any type of mechanical chest compressions, report the value obtained while compressions are paused.

# Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_03

#### INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL DIASTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE

#### Definition

First recorded diastolic blood pressure in ED/Hospital.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- Measurement recorded must be without the assistance of CPR or any type of mechanical chest compression device. For those patients who are receiving CPR or any type of mechanical chest compressions, report the value obtained while compressions are paused.

# Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL OXYGEN SATURATION (02 SAT)

ED\_19

#### Definition

First recorded Oxygen saturation rate (02 SAT) at ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

## **Additional Information**

- If available, complete additional field: Initial ED/Hospital Supplemental Oxygen.
- Note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_08

#### INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL RESPIRATORY ASSISTANCE

#### Definition

Initial documentation of the patient receiving or not receiving respiratory assistance at the ED/Hospital.

## Field Values

- Unassisted Respiratory Rate
- Assisted Respiratory Rate

## **Additional Information**

- Only completed if a value is provided for Initial ED/Hospital Respiratory Rate.
- Respiratory Assistance is defined as mechanical and/or external support of respiration.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_07

## INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL SUPPLEMENTAL OXYGEN (02)

#### Definition

Initial documentation of the patient receiving or not receiving supplemental Oxygen at the ED/Hospital.

## Field Values

- No Supplemental Oxygen
- Supplemental Oxygen

# **Additional Information**

- Only completed if a value is provided for Initial ED/Hospital Oxygen Saturation, otherwise report as "Not Applicable".
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_09

**ED 22** 

# Definition

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Eye) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

## Field Values

- 1. No eye movement when assessed
- 2. Opens eyes in response to painful stimulation
- 3. Opens eyes in response to verbal stimulation
- 4. Opens eyes spontaneously

## **Additional Information**

- Used to calculate Overall GCS ED Score.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patients pupils are PERRL," an Eye GCS of 4 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_10

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Verbal) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

## Field Values (ADULT)

- 1. No verbal response
- 2. Incomprehensible sounds
- 3. Inappropriate words
- 4. Confused
- 5. Oriented

## Field Values (PEDIATRIC)

- 1. No vocal response
- 2. Inconsolable, agitated
- 3. Inconsistently consolable, moaning
- 4. Cries but is consolable, inappropriate interactions
- Smiles, oriented to sounds, follows objects, interacts

#### Additional Information

- Used to calculate Overall GCS ED Score.
- If patient is intubated, then the GCS Verbal score is equal to 1.
- Added: If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patient is oriented to person place and time," a Verbal GCS of 5 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

#### Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_11 NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

## INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL MOTOR (GCS)

 $ED_24$ 

#### Definition

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Motor) recorded at receiving ED/Hospital.

## Field Values (ADULTS)

- 1. No motor response
- 2. Extension to pain
- 3. Flexion from pain
- 4. Withdrawal from pain
- 5. Localizing pain
- Appropriate response to stimulation

## Field Values (PEDIATRIC)

- 1. No motor response
- 2. Extension to pain
- 3. Flexion to pain
- 4. Withdrawal from pain
- 5. Localizing pain
- 6. Appropriate response to stimulation

#### **Additional Information**

- Used to calculate Overall GCS ED Score.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS score recorded, but written documentation closely (or directly) relates to verbiage describing a specific level of functioning within the GCS scale, the appropriate numeric score may be listed. E.g. the chart indicates: "patient withdraws from a painful stimulus," a Motor GCS of 4 may be recorded, IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

## Data Type

Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_12 NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

#### INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL GCS SCORE TOTAL

#### Definition

The calculated Glasgow Coma Score (GCS) total.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS recorded, but there is documentation related to their level of consciousness such as "AAOx3," "awake alert and oriented," or "patient with normal mental status," interpret this as GCS of 15 IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_13

Documentation of factors which make the GCS score more meaningful.

#### Field Values

- Eye obstruction prevents eye assessment
- Initial GCS has legitimate values without interventions such as intubation and sedation
- Patient chemically paralyzed
- Patient chemically sedated
- Patient intubated

#### Additional Information

- Identifies treatments given to the patient that may affect the first assessment of GCS. This field does not apply to self-medications the patient may administer (i.e., ETOH, prescriptions, etc.).
- If an intubated patient has recently received an agent that results in neuromuscular blockade such that a motor or eye response is not possible, then the patient should be considered to have an exam that is not reflective of their neurologic status and the chemical sedation modifier should be selected.
- Neuromuscular blockade is typically induced following the administration of agent like succinylcholine, mivacurium, rocuronium, (cis) atracurium, vecuronium, or pancuronium. While these are the most common agents, please review what might be typically used in your center so it can be identified in the medical record.
- Each of these agents has a slightly different duration of action, so their effect on the GCS depends on when they were given. For example, succinylcholine's effects last for only 5-10 minutes.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_14

# **REVISED TRAUMA SCORE (RTS)**

**ED\_27** 

# Definition

The calculated Revised Trauma Score (RTS).

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Calculated Field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The initial recorded weight at ED/Hospital

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded in kilograms.
- May be based on family or self-report.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_16

#### INITIAL ED/HOSPITAL HEIGHT

#### Definition

First recorded height at ED/Hospital

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded in centimeters.
- May be based on family or self-report.
- Please note that first recorded/hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_15

# **ED/HOSPITAL ADDITIONAL COMMENTS**

ED\_30

#### Definition

Additional comments regarding the ED/Hospital care a patient received.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# Additional Information

• Free text field

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The practitioner's description of the condition or problem for which Emergency Department services were provided

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Attending ED Physician Documentation
- Attending ED Nurse Documentation
- ICD-10-CM
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eOutcome.10

# LAB INFORMATION

ALCOHOL SCREEN LAB\_01

#### Definition

Was an alcohol screen performed on patient at ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_17

The results of the alcohol screen at the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as a decimal
- If alcohol screen was not performed on patient, record value as Not Applicable (N/A)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• Lab Results

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_18

**LAB\_03** 

#### Definition

First recorded positive drug screen results within 24 hours after first ED/Hospital encounter.

# Field Values

- No (not tested)
- No (confirmed by test)
- Yes (illegal drug use confirmed by test)
- Yes (prescription drug use confirmed by test)
- Yes (prescription and illegal drug use confirmed by test)

#### **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Lab Results
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# SCREENING / BRIEF INTERVENTION / REFERAL TO TREATMENT (SBIRT) LAB\_04 $\,$

# Definition

Was a screening done with the patient?

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

SBIRT RESULT LAB\_05

# Definition

Were the screening results positive or negative?

# Field Values

- Positive
- Negative

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### SBIRT BRIEF INTERVENTION

#### Definition

Was a brief intervention done if the patient tested positive from the SBIRT screen?

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

#### **Additional Information**

- Pick List
- Positive Patient accepted brief intervention and agreed to treatment
- Negative Patient denied, refused brief intervention, or refused treatment

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Attending Physician
- Social Worker
- Case Management

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### SBIRT REFERRAL TO TREATMENT

#### Definition

If the patient was positive from the SBIRT screening, was the patient referred to treatment?

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Attending Physician
- Social Worker
- Case Management

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

Description of the drug screen used.

# Field Values

- 5 panel
- 7 panel
- 8 panel
- 10 panel
- 12 panel

- 14 panel
- 15 panel
- 16 panel
- 17 panel
- Other

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• Lab Results

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

Specific drugs used by the patient. If drug screen was positive.

# Field Values

- Amphetamines
- Phencyclidine
- Benzodiazepines
- Barbiturates
- Methadone
- Propoxyphene
- Oxycodone
- Meperidine
- Tramadol

- Cannabinoids\*\*
- Cocaine
- Opiates
- Fentanyl
- Sufentanil
- Buprenorphine
- Carisoprodol
- Zolpidem
- Other

#### **Additional Information**

• Cannabinoids are reported as an illegal drug.

#### Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Lab Results
- Transferring Facility Records

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# TRAUMA TEAM / PROVIDER INFORMATION

ARRIVAL TIME TTP\_01

#### Definition

Arrival time to hospital auto entered and brought over from the DEMOGRAPHICS page.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# Additional Information

• Collected as (HH:MM)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- ED Record
- Face Sheet
- Billing Sheet
- Discharge Summary

NTDB Data Variable: ED\_01

NEMSIS Data Variable: eOutcome.11

The response level of the ED/Hospital.

#### Field Values

- Full Activation
- Modified Activation
- No Team Activation
- Retrospective

# **Additional Information**

- FULL Activation (See Exhibit 3)
  - o General Surgeon
  - o Emergency Physician
  - Emergency Nurse(s)
  - Laboratory
  - o Radiology
  - Respiratory Therapy
- MODIFIED Activation (See Exhibit 3)
  - o Emergency Physician
  - Emergency Nurse(s)
  - Laboratory
  - o Radiology

#### Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ACTIVATION TIME TTP\_03

#### Definition

The time the trauma team was activated.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ACTIVATION DATE TTP\_04

#### Definition

The date the trauma team was activated at the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# Additional Information

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### EARLIEST PATIENT ARRIVAL TO PROVIDER ARRIVAL

#### Definition

The calculated earliest arrival of a provider to the patients bedside.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated field from the time of patient arrival to the time first provider arrived at patients bedside.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The names of providers that responded according to the level of activation by the ED/Hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• This list should be customized at each hospital to reflect their specific providers.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### TRAUMA TEAM MEMBER SPECIALTY

#### Definition

The service that rendered care to the patient.

#### Field Values

- Admitting Staff
- Anesthesia
- Chaplin
- ED Attending
- ED Resident
- Laboratory
- Neurosurgeon
- Nurse Practitioner
- Nursing Supervisor
- Obstetrics
- Oral-Maxillofacial Surgeon (Includes ENT & Dental)
- Orthopedic Surgeon
- Other
- Other Specialty Physician
- Patient Care Assistant

#### **Additional Information**

Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

- Pediatric Surgeon
- Pediatrics
- Physician Assistant
- Plastics
- Radiology
- Recorder
- Respiratory
- Social Services
- Specialty RN
- Trauma Nurse 1
- Trauma Nurse 2
- Trauma Care Coordinator
- Trauma Resident
- Trauma Surgeon

NOTIFY DATE TTP\_08

#### Definition

The earliest recorded date the trauma team member was notified (includes all forms of notification).

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Attending Physician Documentation

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NOTIFY TIME TTP\_09

#### Definition

The earliest recorded time the trauma team member was notified (includes all forms of notification).

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ARRIVAL DATE TTP\_10

#### Definition

The earliest recorded date of provider's arrival at patient bedside.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Attending Physician Documentation

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ARRIVAL TIME TTP\_11

#### Definition

The earliest recorded time of provider's arrival at patient bedside.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### PROVIDER RESPONSE TIME

#### Definition

The calculated time for provider's response to patient bedside.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated field from the time of provider notification to the time of provider arrival at patient bedside.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TTP\_13

#### Definition

The total calculated time from the arrival of the patient, to the arrival of the provider at the patients bedside.

#### Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### Additional Information

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated field from the time of patient arrival to the time of provider's arrival at patient bedside.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### **CONSULTATION DATE**

#### Definition

The earliest recorded date that a consultation was done (consultation can be in person, telephone, fax, or any other form of communication). These consultations are only recorded while the patient is in the ED.

#### Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

# Additional Information

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The earliest recorded time that a consultation was done (consultation can be in person, telephone, fax, or any other form of communication).

#### Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The service or specialty that was contacted for consult.

# Field Value

- Non-Surgical Specialists
- Other Surgical Specialists
- Anesthesiology
- Emergency Medicine Physician
- Neurosurgery
- Orthopedic Surgery
- Social Worker of Chaplain
- Trauma / General Surgeon

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### **CONSULT PHYSICIAN NAME**

#### Definition

The name of the physician(s) that were contacted for consultation.

# Field Value

• Each individual hospital will have a list of physicians they create for consultation

#### **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The service that admitted the patient to the hospital.

# Field Value

- Non-Surgical Specialists
- Other Surgical Specialists
- Anesthesiology
- Emergency Medicine Physician
- Neurosurgery
- Orthopedic Surgery
- Social Worker of Chaplain
- Trauma / General Surgeon

#### **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- History & Physical
- Attending ED Physician Documentation

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The service that admitted the patient to the hospital.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Pick List
- Each individual hospital will have a list of physicians they create for consultation

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# HOSPITAL PROCEDURES INFORMATION

ICD-10 Procedures for ED also select ED in 'Loc.' Field.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- NOTE FOR ED PROCEDURES, SELECT ED within 'Loc.' column next to the long text for ICD 10 Procedure to report ED specific procedures. ICD-10-PCS has a seven-character alphanumeric code structure. Each character contains up to 34 possible values. Each value represents a specific option for the general character definition (e.g., stomach is one of the values for the body part character). The ten digits 0-9 and the 24 letters A-H, J-N and P-Z may be used in each character. The letters O and I are not used in order to avoid confusion with the digits 0 and 1. Website http://uts.nlm.nih.gov Product UMLS Metathesaurus.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient did not have procedures.
- Include only procedures performed at your institution.
- Capture all procedures performed in the operating room.
- Capture all procedures in the ED, ICU, ward, or radiology department that were essential to the diagnosis, stabilization, or treatment of the patients specific injuries or their complications.
- Procedures with an asterisk have the potential to be performed multiple times during one episode of hospitalization. In this case, capture only the first event. If there is no asterisk, capture each event even if there is more than one.
- Note that the hospital may capture additional procedures.
- Diagnostic and Therapeutic Imaging Computerized Tomographic Head\* Diagnostic ultrasound (includes FAST) \* Doppler ultrasound of extremities \* Angiography Transfusion Angioembolization.
- Computerized Tomographic Chest\*; Computerized tomographic Abdomen\* IVC filter Computerized Tomographic Pelvis\* REBOA (ICD-10: 04IO3FDZ)
- Cardiovascular
- Genitourinary Ureteric catheterization (i.e. Ureteric stent) Suprapubic cyst ostomy
- Transfusion The following blood products should be captured over first 24 hours after hospital arrival: Transfusion of red cells \* Transfusion of platelets \* Transfusion of plasma \*
- Respiratory Insertion of endotracheal tube\*(exclude intubations performed in the OR)
   Continuous mechanical ventilation \* Chest tube \* Bronchoscopy\* Open cardiac massage
   CPR

- CNS Insertion of ICP monitor \* Ventriculostomy \*
- Cerebral oxygen monitoring \*
- Musculoskeletal Soft tissue/bony debridement's \* Closed reduction of fractures Skeletal and halo traction Fasciotomy
- Gastrointestinal Endoscopy (includes gastroscopy, sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy) Gastrostomy/jejunotomy (percutaneous or endoscopic) Percutaneous (endoscopic) gastrojejunoscopy Hyperbaric oxygen Decompression chamber TPN \*.

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: HP\_01

NEMSIS Data Variable: eOutcome.09

# PROCEDURE ICD-10 LONG TEXT

**PRO\_02** 

#### Definition

The long text definition of the ICD-10 Procedures code.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Auto fill field

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: HP\_01

NEMSIS Data Variable: eOutcome.09

 $TTP\_03$ **LOCATION** 

#### Definition

Location or department the reported ICD-10 procedures were provide.

# Field Values

- ED
- EMS Interfacility Transport
- Field
- Floor
- ICU
- Initial ED
- Interventional Radiology
- **Additional Information** 
  - Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

- OR
- PACU
- Referring
- Sedation Unit
- Stepdown Unit
- Urgent Care

The date the procedure was performed on the patient.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes
- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: HP\_02

#### PROCEDURE START TIME

#### Definition

The time that the procedure was performed on the patient.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time
- Procedure start time is defined as the time the incision was made (or the procedure started).
- If distinct procedures with the same procedure code are performed, their start times must be different.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: HP\_03

The exact time that the procedure was stopped.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The exact date the procedure was stopped.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

PHYSICIAN PRO\_08

#### Definition

Physician that ordered and/or provided the procedure.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Pick List
- Each hospital will have a list of physicians they have created
- Record all procedures done by a physician or surgeon in the ED

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

RESULT PRO\_09

# Definition

The recorded result of the procedure.

# Field Value

- Positive
- Negative

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The calculated time to beginning of procedure.

# Field Value

• Recorded as (MM)

#### **Additional Information**

• Calculated from the time the patient arrived at the ED/Hospital to the procedure start time.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Triage/Trauma Flow Sheet
- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The calculated time for patient to enter the Operating Room.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated field from the time of patient arrival to the cut time in the Operating Room.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### TIME TO FIRST CT SCAN

#### Definition

The calculated time that patient first had radiation hit their body.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM)
- Calculated field from the time of patient arrival at ED/Hospital until the radiation from CT hit the patients body.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# INJURY INFORMATION

AIS-05 # INJ\_01

#### Definition

Six digit Injury identifier from the Association for the Advancement of Automotive Medicine's (AAAM) Abbreviated Injury Scale (AIS) 2005. These are also referred to as the AIS predot codes. Multiple entry pick list. Select all that apply. (NTDS = max 50). Refer to AAAM AIS 2005 manual for more details.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Not Applicable (\*NA) should be entered on the first diagnosis line if the patient meets the Oregon Trauma Registry patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

# Data Type

Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: IS\_01

AIS-05# LONG TEXT INJ\_02

# Definition

The auto filled long text definition of the AIS-05 predot code.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# Additional Information

• Auto fill field

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: IS\_01

BODY REGION INJ\_03

#### Definition

The auto filled corresponding body region for the AIS 2005 predot code entered. .

# Field Values

- 1. Head or Neck
- 2. Face
- 3. Chest
- 4. Abdominal or pelvic contents
- 5. Extremities or pelvic girdle
- 6. External

#### **Additional Information**

- For more information on ISS body regions, refer to the current National Trauma Data Standard (NTDS) Data Dictionary.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (\*NA) should be entered on the first diagnosis line if the patient meets the patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

# Data Type

• Alpha

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: DG\_02

INJURY SEVERITY INJ\_04

#### Definition

The auto filled corresponding AIS severity code that reflects the severity of the AIS ode entered. Values 1-6.

#### Field Values

- 1. Minor
- 2. Moderate
- 3. Serious
- 4. Severe
- 5. Critical
- 6. Maximal
- 9. Unspecified Severity

# **Additional Information**

- One selection per AIS code. Autogenerated by system after entering valid AIS 2005 injury diagnoses.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (\*NA) should be entered on the first diagnosis line if the patient meets the OTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: IS\_02

#### ICD-10-CM FINAL INJURY DIAGNOSIS

#### Definition

The ICD-10-CM code related to all identified injuries.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- ICD-10-CM codes pertaining to other medical conditions (e.g., CVA, MI, comorbidities, etc.) may also be included in this field.
- Used to auto-generate additional calculated fields: Abbreviated Injury Scale (six body regions) and Injury Severity Score.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: DG\_02

The auto filled long text for the ICD-10-CM code in INJ\_05.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Auto fill field

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

BODY REGION PRO\_07

#### Definition

The auto filled corresponding AIS severity code that reflects the severity of the ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis entered.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- One selection per diagnosis entered. Auto-generated by system after selecting a valid ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis from the pick list.
- AIS severity values include: 1 (minor), 2 (moderate), 3 (serious), 4 (severe), 5 (critical), 6 (maximum injury/virtually un-survivable)
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (\*NA) should be entered on the first diagnosis line if the patient meets the patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

INJURY SEVERITY INJ\_08

#### Definition

The auto filled corresponding AIS severity code that reflects the severity of the AIS code entered. Values 1-6

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Body Part values include: 1 (head or neck), 2 (face), 3 (chest), 4 (Abdominal or pelvic contents), 5 (Extremities or pelvic girdle), 6 (external)
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (\*NA) should be entered on the first diagnosis line if the patient meets the patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

None

NTDB Data Variable: IS\_02

HEAD / NECK INJ\_09

# Definition

The calculated score for head / neck injury based off entered AIS or ICD-10-CM codes.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Calculated field

# Data Type

• Numeric

Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

FACE INJ\_10

# Definition

The calculated score for face injury based off of entered AIS of ICD-10-CM codes.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data element

# Additional Information

• Calculated field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

CHEST INJ\_11

# Definition

The calculated score for chest injury based off of entered AIS or ICD-10-CM codes.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

# **Additional Information**

• Calculated field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ABDOMEN / PELVIS INJ\_12

# Definition

The calculated score for abdomen / pelvis injury based off of entered AIS or ICD-10-CM codes.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### **Additional Information**

• Calculated field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

EXTREMITIES INJ\_13

# Definition

The calculated score for extremities injury based off of entered AIS or ICD-10-CM codes.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

# Additional Information

• Calculated field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

EXTERNAL INJ\_14

#### Definition

The calculated score for external injuries based off of entered AIS or ICD-10-CM codes.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

# **Additional Information**

• Calculated field

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ISS-AIS05 INJ\_15

#### Definition

The calculated Injury Severity Score (ISS) based on the hand coded (not using ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes), AIS score entered.

#### Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### **Additional Information**

- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (\*NA) should be entered on the first diagnosis line if the patient meets the OTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ISS-ICD10 INJ\_16

#### Definition

The calculated Injury Severity Score (ISS) based on the ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis entered that has been mapped to the corresponding ICD-9-CM injury diagnosis entered.

#### Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### Additional Information

- In most cases, system will generate the body region, severity value, and an Injury Severity Score based on the ICD-9-CM injury diagnosis codes entered.
- Reporting note: Hospitals have reported that some DOA patients have a low ISS score, even if the injuries were fatal. This happens in instances where no autopsy was completed and there is a lack of information regarding the patients injury diagnoses.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (\*NA) should be entered on the first diagnosis line if the patient meets the patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

#### Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

COMORBIDITIES INJ\_17

#### Definition

Pre-existing co-morbid factors present before patient arrived at the ED/Hospital.

#### Field Value

- Other
- Alcohol Use Disorder
- Bleeding Disorder
- Currently receiving chemotherapy for cancer
- Congenital anomalies
- Cerebrovascular Accident (CVA)
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disseminated cancer
- Advanced directive limiting care

- Functionally dependent health status
- Congestive Heart Failure
- Current smoker
- Chronic renal failure
- Hypertension
- Prematurity
- Chronic
   Obstructive
   Pulmonary Disease
   (COPD)
- Steroid use
- Cirrhosis
- Dementia

- Attention Deficit Disorder / Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADD/ADHD)
- Anticoagulation Therapy
- Angina Pectoris
- Mental / Personality Disorder
- Myocardial Infarction (MI)
- Peripheral Artery Disease (PAD)
- Substance Abuse Disorder

#### Additional Information

- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients with no known comorbid conditions.
- Check all that apply.
- Co-Morbid Conditions which were retired greater than 2 years before the current NTDS version are no longer listed under Field Values above, which is why there are numbering gaps. Refer to the NTDS Change Log 2017 (http://www.ntdsdictionary.org/datae laments/datasetdictionary.html) for a full list of retired Co-Morbid Conditions.

### Data Type

Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

None

NTDB Data Variable: DG\_01 NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A



#### DATE OF HOSPITAL EXIT

#### Definition

The date the patient was discharged from the hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY).
- If patient was not admitted to the hospital, but was discharged from the ED. Enter the value of Not Applicable (N/A).

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes
- Discharge Orders

NTDB Data Variable: O\_03

DISCHARGE TIME DC\_02

#### Definition

The time the patient was discharged from the hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (HH:MM).
- If patient was not admitted to the hospital, but was discharged from the ED. Enter the value of Not Applicable (N/A).

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes
- Discharge Orders

NTDB Data Variable: O\_04

DC\_03

# Definition

The calculated length of stay in the hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Calculated field.
- Calculated form the date and time of admission to the hospital, to the date and time patient was discharge from hospital.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### DISCHARGE ORDER DATE

#### Definition

The date the order was written to discharge the patient from the hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY).
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total Length of Hospital Stay (elapsed time from ED/hospital arrival to hospital discharge).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if ED Discharge Disposition = 5 Deceased/Expired.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if ED Discharge Disposition = 4,6,9,10, or 11.
- If Hospital Discharge Disposition is 5 Deceased/Expired, then Hospital Discharge Date is the date of death as indicated on the patients death certificate.

# Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Discharge Orders
- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### DISCHARGE ORDER TIME

#### Definition

The time the orders were written to discharge the patient from the hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time
- Used to auto-generate an additional calculated field: Total Length of Hospital Stay (elapsed time from ED/hospital arrival to hospital discharge).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if ED Discharge Disposition = 5 (Deceased/expired).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if ED Discharge Disposition = 4,6,9,10, or 11.
- If Hospital Discharge Disposition is 5 Deceased/Expired, then Hospital Discharge Time is the time of death as indicated on the patients death certificate.

# Data Type

• Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Discharge Orders
- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

**DC\_06** 

## Definition

The calculated time in days from when the discharge order was written to discharge the patient from the hospital, to the actual date and time of the patient discharge.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Calculated field

# Data Type

• Numeric (days)

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### DISCHARGE DISPOSITION

#### Definition

The disposition of the patient when discharged from the hospital.

#### Field Values

- Discharged / Transferred to a shortterm general hospital for inpatient care.
- Discharged / Transferred to an Intermediate Care Facility (ICF)
- Discharged / Transferred to home under care of organized home health service
- Left against medical advice (AMA) or discontinued care
- Deceased / Expired
- Discharged to home with self-care (routine discharge)
- Discharged / Transferred to Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF)

- Discharged / Transferred to hospice care
- Discharged / Transferred to court / law enforcement
- Discharged / Transferred to inpatient rehab or designated unit
- Discharged / Transferred to Long Term Care Hospital (LTCH)
- Discharged / Transferred to a psychiatric hospital or psychiatric distinct unit of the hospital
- Discharged / Transferred to another type of institution not identified elsewhere

#### Additional Information

- Field value = 6, "home" refers to the patients current place of residence (e.g., prison, Child Protective Services etc.)
- Field values based upon UB-04 disposition coding.
- Disposition to any other nonmedical facility should be coded as 6.
- Disposition to any other medical facility should be coded as 14.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if ED Discharge Disposition = 5 (Deceased/expired).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if ED Discharge Disposition = 4,6,9,10, or 11.

## Data Type

• Alpha

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes
- Discharge Orders

NTDB Data Variable: O\_05 NEMSIS Data Variable: eOutcome.17

#### **OUTCOME AT HOSPITAL DISCHARGE**

#### Definition

The patients functional status at time of hospital discharge.

# Field Values

- Dead
- Moderate disability; requiring some help, but able to walk on own
- Moderately severe disability; unable to walk without assistance
- No significant disability despite symptoms; able to carry out activities of daily living
- No symptoms at all
- Severe disability; bedridden, incontinent and requiring constant care
- Slight disability; unable to carry out all previous activities without assistance

#### Additional Information

Pick list

# Data Type

• Alpha

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Discharge Orders
- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes
- Discharge Orders

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NEMSIS Data Variable: eOutcome.02

LIVE / DIE DC\_09

## Definition

The status of patient as alive or dead at discharge from the hospital.

# Field Value

- Dead (DOA, in the ED, or as an inpatient)
- Discharged alive

# Additional Information

• Pick list

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Discharge Orders
- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### Definition

The total number of days the patient was on ventilatory support.

#### Field Value

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Recorded as (DD)
- Excludes mechanical ventilation time associated with OR procedures.
- Non-invasive means of ventilatory support (CPAP or BIPAP) should not be considered in the calculation of ventilator days.
- Recorded in full day increments with any partial calendar day.
   The calculation assumes that the date and time of starting and stopping Ventilator episode are recorded in the patients chart.
   If any dates are missing then a Total Vent Days cannot be calculated.
   At no time should the Total Vent Days exceed the Hospital LOS.
   The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient was not on the ventilator according to the above definition.
- Example # Start Date Start Time Stop Date Stop Time LOS A. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 04:00 1 day (one calendar day).
- B. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 04:00 01/01/11 16:00 01/01/11 18:00 1 day (2 episodes within one calendar day).
- C. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 04:00 01/02/11 16:00 01/02/11 18:00 2 days (episodes on 2 separate calendar days).
- D. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 16:00 01/02/11 09:00 01/02/11 18:00 2 days (episodes on 2 separate calendar days).
- E. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 16:00 01/02/11 09:00 01/02/11 21:00 2 days (episodes on 2 separate calendar days).
- F. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/01/11 16:00 1 day.
- G. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/02/11 16:00 2 days (patient was on Vent on 2 separate calendar days).
- H. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/02/11 16:00 01/02/11 18:00 01/02/11 Unknown 2 days (patient was on Vent on 2 separate calendar days).
- I. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/02/11 16:00 01/02/11 18:00 01/02/11 20:00 2 days (patient was in on Vent on 2 separate calendar days) Page 101 of 151.
- J. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/02/11 16:00 01/03/11 18:00 01/03/11 20:00 3 days (patient was on Vent on 3 separate calendar days).

## Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: O\_02

ICU LOS (DAYS)

DC\_11

#### Definition

The number of days that the patient was in the ICU.

#### Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

#### Additional Information

- Recorded as (DD)
- Recorded in full day increments with any partial calendar day counted as a full calendar day.
- The calculation assumes that the date and time of starting and stopping an ICU episode are recorded in the patients chart.
- If any dates are missing then a LOS cannot be calculated.
- If patient has multiple ICU episodes on the same calendar day, count that day as one calendar day.
- At no time should the ICU LOS exceed the Hospital LOS.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient had no ICU days according to the above definition.
- Example # Start Date Start Time Stop Date Stop Time LOS.
- A. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 04:00 1 day (one calendar day).
- B. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 04:00
- 01/01/11 16:00 01/01/11 18:00 1 day (2 episodes within one calendar day) C. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 04:00 01/02/11 16:00 01/02/11 18:00 2 days (episodes on 2 separate calendar days).
- D. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 16:00 01/02/11 09:00 01/02/11 18:00 2 days (episodes on 2 separate calendar days).
- E. 01/01/11 01:00 01/01/11 16:00 01/02/11 09:00 01/02/11 21:00 2 days (episodes on 2 separate calendar days).
- F. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/01/11 16:00 1 day.
- G. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/02/11 16:00 2 days (patient was in ICU on 2 separate calendar days).
- H. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/02/11 16:00 01/02/11 18:00 01/02/11 Unknown 2 days (patient was in ICU on 2 separate calendar days).
- I. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/02/11 16:00 01/02/11 18:00 01/02/11 20:00 2 days (patient was in ICU on 2 separate calendar days).
- J. 01/01/11 Unknown 01/02/11 16:00 01/03/11 18:00 01/03/11 20:00 3 days (patient was in ICU on 3 separate calendar days).

## Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: O\_01

PRIMARY PAYOR DC\_12

#### Definition

The primary source of payment for hospital care.

# Field Value

- Medicaid
- Not Billed
- Self-pay
- Private/Commercial Insurance
- Medicare
- Other Government
- Other

# **Additional Information**

• No Fault Automobile, Workers Compensation, and Blue Cross/Blue Shield should be captured as Private/Commercial Insurance.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Face Sheet
- ePCR
- Billing Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: F\_01

## TOTAL HOSPITAL CHARGES

#### Definition

The best estimate of charges (in whole dollars) at time of record submission.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data field

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded in whole dollars.
- Not Documented may be used if hospital charges for this visit cannot be obtained. Required data element. Not Documented for most records will not be accepted from designated trauma centers.
- If patient was not billed for this visit, enter 0. Not Applicable should not be used.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• Billing Sheet

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### REPORT OF PHYSICAL ABUSE

#### Definition

A report of suspected physical abuse was made to law enforcement and/or protective services.

# Field Value

- Yes
- No

## **Additional Information**

- This includes, but is not limited to, a report of child, elder, spouse or intimate partner physical abuse.
- Only complete when Report of Physical Abuse is 1. Yes.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used for patients where Report of Physical Abuse is 2. No.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Social Worker Notes
- Chaplin Notes
- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes

NTDB Data Variable: I\_17

#### INVESTIGATION OF PHYSICAL ABUSE

#### Definition

An investigation by law enforcement and/or protective services was initiated because if the suspected physical abuse.

## Field Value

- Yes
- No

#### Additional Information

- Only complete when Report of Physical Abuse is 1. Yes.
- Only complete for minors as determined by state/local definition, excluding emancipated minors.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used for patients where Report of Physical Abuse is 2. No or where older than the state/local age definition of a minor.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used if the patient expires prior to discharge.

## Data Type

• Alpha

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Social Worker Notes
- Chaplin Notes
- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes

NTDB Data Variable: I\_18

#### DIFFERENT CAREGIVER AT DISCHARGE

#### Definition

The patient was discharged to a caregiver different than the caregiver at admission die to suspected physical abuse.

## Field Value

- Yes
- No

#### **Additional Information**

- Only complete when Report of Physical Abuse is 1. Yes.
- Only complete for minors as determined by state/local definition, excluding emancipated minors.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used for patients where Report of Physical Abuse is 2. No or where older than the state/local age definition of a minor.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used if the patient expires prior to discharge.

## Data Type

• Alpha

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Social Worker Notes
- Chaplin Notes
- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes

NTDB Data Variable: I\_19

## Definition

Was an autopsy performed on the deceased patient?

# Field Value

- Yes
- No

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Discharge Orders
- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes
- Autopsy Report

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

DEATH LOCATION DC\_18

## Definition

The location where the patient was when pronounced dead.

# Field Value

- ED
- Floor
- ICU
- Other
- Radiology
- Stepdown
- Surgery

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

DONATED ORGANS DC\_19

#### Definition

Organs that were harvested after death for transplant.

# Field Value

- Bone
- Corneas
- Heart
- Heart/Lung
- Kidneys
- Liver
- Multiple Other Organs
- Pancreas
- Skin

# **Additional Information**

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Discharge Orders
- OR Documentation
- Progress Notes
- Nurses Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# Definition

Comments added at discharge.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Free text field

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

RECORD COMPLETE DC\_21

# Definition

Has the record passed validation and been completed with accurate information?

# Field Value

- Yes
- No

# Additional Information

• Pick List

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# Definition

The auto filled date that the record was marked complete.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Auto filled field

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

COMPLETED BY DC\_23

## Definition

The auto filled name of the individual who marked the record complete.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Auto fill field

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

DAYS TO COMPLETE DC\_24

#### Definition

The calculated number of days that it took to complete the record.

# Field Value

• Relevant value for data element.

# **Additional Information**

- Calculated field.
- Calculated from the date the record was created, to the date the record was marked complete.

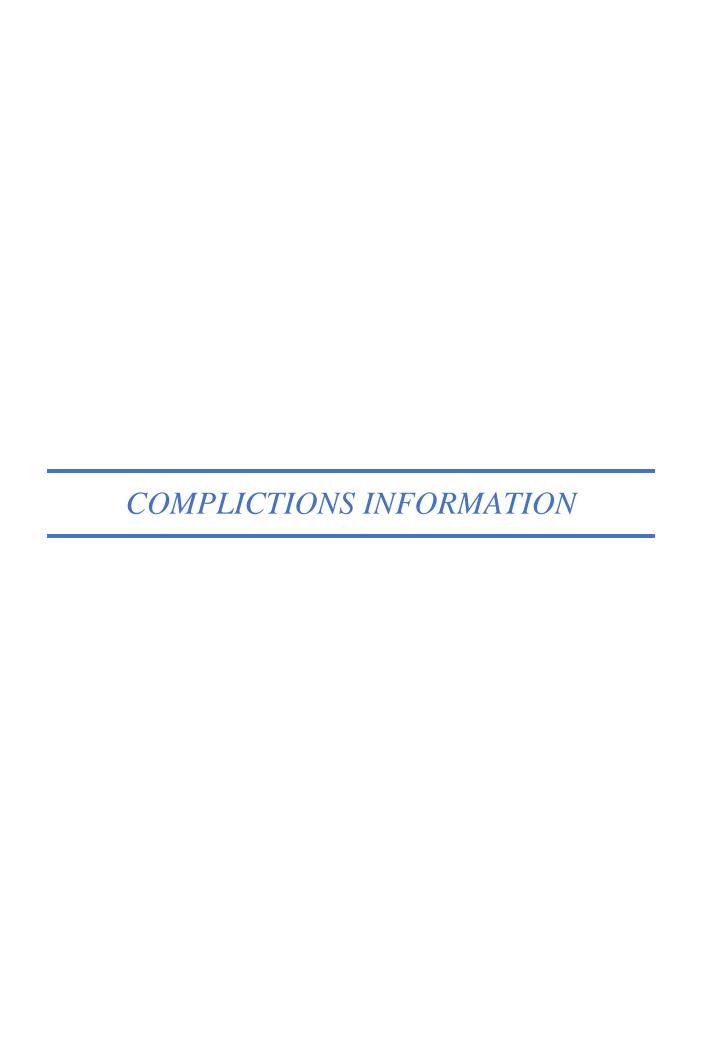
# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A



COMPLICATIONS COM\_01

#### Definition

Any medical complications that occurred during the patients stay at the hospital.

## Field Values

- Other
- Acute kidney injury
- Adult Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS)
- Cardiac Arrest with CPR
- Deep surgical site infection
- Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT)
- Extremity Compartment Syndrome
- Myocardial Infarction (MI)
- Organ / space surgical site infection
- Pulmonary Embolism
- Stroke (CVA)
- Unplanned intubation
- Osteomyelitis

# **Additional Information**

• Pick list

#### Data Type

• Alpha

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Progress Notes
- Nursing Notes

NTDB Data Variable: Q\_01

- Unplanned return to the ICU
- Severe Sepsis
- Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection (CAUTI)
- Central line -Associated Bloodstream Infection (CLABSI)
- Alcohol Withdrawal Syndrome
- Pressure Ulcer
- Superficial Incisional Surgical Site Infection
- Unplanned admission to the ICU
- Ventilator-Assisted Pneumonia (VAP)

# PROCESS IMPROVEMENT (PI) INFORMATION

# STATE REQUIRED PI INFORMATION

**PI\_01** 

# Definition

Process Improvement (PI) information required by the State or Oregon

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• There are no required PI measures at this time.

# Data Type

• N/A

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A



ARRIVAL DATE REA\_01

#### Definition

The date the patient arrived back to your ED/Hospital for readmission.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- Readmission is any UNPLANNED readmit to the ED/Hospital within 30 days for the original trauma.
- Example 1. Patient has a scheduled surgery for fracture repair after being discharged from the hospital. (NOT a readmission).
- Example 2. Patient comes into ED four days after discharge from hospital, complaining of right side chest pain, imaging discovers broken ribs. Patient admitted to hospital for further observation, (RECORD as readmission).

# Data Type

• Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

ARRIVAL TIME REA\_02

## Definition

The time the patient arrived back to your ED/Hospital for readmission.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

DISCHARGE DATE REA\_03

## Definition

The date the patient was discharged from your hospital as a readmission.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Discharge Orders

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

DISCHARGE TIME REA\_04

## Definition

The time the patient was discharged from your hospital as a readmission.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (HH:MM) Military Time

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- Discharge Orders

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

**REA\_05** 

# Definition

The calculated length of stay in days for the readmission.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

## **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (DD)
- Calculated field, calculated form the date of readmission to the date patient was discharged.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

## Definition

The outcome of the patient at the time of discharge as readmission.

# Field Values

- Died (DOA, in the ED, or as an inpatient)
- Discharged alive

# Additional Information

• Pick list

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The date that the ICD-10-CM was made.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY))

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The ICD-10-CM Procedure Code for readmission.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Pick list

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The auto filled ICD-10-CM Procedure Code for readmission definition.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Auto fill field

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

PHYSICIAN REA\_10

#### Definition

The physician who performed the procedure for readmission patient.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Pick list
- Hospital creates their own pick list of physicians or provider.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# **ICD-10-CM DIAGNOSIS CODE**

**REA\_11** 

#### Definition

The ICD-10-CM diagnosis code for readmission patient.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

• Pick list

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

The auto filled ICD-10-CM diagnosis code definition for readmission patient.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Auto filled field

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A



# TRAUMATIC BAIN INJURY (TBI) INCLUSION

TQIP\_01

# Definition

Is there an AIS or ICD-10-CM involving the head region?

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

# Additional Information

• Pick list

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

HIGHEST GCS TQIP\_02

#### Definition

The highest total GCS within 24 hours of ED/Hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Refers to highest total GCS within 24 hours after ED/Hospital arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- Requires review of all data sources to obtain the highest GCS total. I many cases, the highest GCS may occur after ED discharge.
- If patient is intubated, then the GCS verbal score is equal to 1.
- Best obtained when sedatives or paralytics are withheld as part of sedation holiday.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS recorded, but there is documentation related to their level of consciousness such as "AAOx3," "awake alert and oriented," or "patient with normal mental status," interpret this as a GCS of 15 IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet collection criteria.

# Data Type

• Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_01

#### **HIGHEST MR-HIGHEST GCS**

#### Definition

Highest motor GCS within 24 hours of ED/Hospital arrival. Pediatrics age ages 2 years or less.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Collected on patients with at least one injury in AIS head region, excluding patients with isolated scalp abrasion(s), scalp contusion(s), scalp laceration(s), and scalp avulsion(s).
- Refers to highest GCS motor score within 24 hours after ED/Hospital arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- Requires review of all data sources to obtain the highest GCS total. I many cases, the highest GCS may occur after ED discharge.
- If patient is intubated, then the GCS verbal score is equal to 1.
- Best obtained when sedatives or paralytics are withheld as part of sedation holiday.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS recorded, but there is documentation related to their level of consciousness such as "AAOx3," "awake alert and oriented," or "patient with normal mental status," interpret this as a GCS of 15 IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet collection criteria.

### Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: PM 02

The determination of factors potentially affecting the highest GCS within 24 hours of ED/Hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Collected on patients with at least one injury in AIS head region, excluding patients with isolated scalp abrasion(s), scalp contusion(s), scalp laceration(s), and scalp avulsion(s).
- Refers to highest GCS assessment qualifier within 24 hours after ED/Hospital arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- Identifies medical treatments given to the patient that may affect the best assessment of GCS. This field does not apply to self-medication the patient may have administered (i.e. ETOH, prescriptions, etc.)
- Requires review of all data sources to obtain the highest GCS total. I many cases, the highest GCS may occur after ED discharge.
- If patient is intubated, then the GCS verbal score is equal to 1.
- Best obtained when sedatives or paralytics are withheld as part of sedation holiday.
- If a patient does not have a numeric GCS recorded, but there is documentation related to their level of consciousness such as "AAOx3," "awake alert and oriented," or "patient with normal mental status," interpret this as a GCS of 15 IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- Neuromuscular blockade is typically induced following the administration of agent like Succinylcholine, Mivacurium, Rocuronium, (cis) Atracurium, Vecuronium, or Pancuronium. While these are the most common agents, please review what might be typically used in your center so it can be identified in the medical record.
- Each of these agents has a slightly different duration of action, so their effects on the GCS depends on when they were given.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet collection criteria.

# Data Type

Numeric

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: PM 03 NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

#### **PUPILLARY RESPONSE**

#### Definition

Physiological response of the pupil size within 30 minutes or less of ED/Hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

- Both reactive
- One reactive
- Neither reactive

#### **Additional Information**

- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- If a patient does not have a listed field value recorded, but there is documentation related to their pupillary response such as PERRL "Pupils Equal Round Reactive to Light" submit field value 1. Both reactive IF there is no other contradicting documentation.
- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" should be submitted if this information is not documented or if assessment is unable to be obtained due to facial trauma and/or foreign object in the eye.
- Field value 2. One reactive should be reported for patients who have a prosthetic eye.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.

#### Data Type

Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_04

MIDLINE SHIFT TQIP\_06

#### Definition

> 5mm shift of the brain past its center line within 24 hours after time of injury.

#### Field Values

- Yes
- No
- Not imaged (e.g. CT Scan, MRI)

#### **Additional Information**

- If there is documentation of "massive" midline shift in lieu of >5mm shift measurement, submit field value 1. Yes.
- Radiological and surgical documentation from transferring facilities should be considered for this data field.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" is used if both the injury date and injury time are unknown.
- If the injury time is unknown, but there is supporting documentation that the injury occurred within 24hours of any CT measuring a >5mm shift, report the field value "1. Yes" if there is no other contradicting documentation.
- If the patient was not imaged within 24 hours from the time of injury, report the field value "3. Not Imaged (e.g. CT Scan, MRI)".

#### Data Type

• Alpha

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_05

Indicate all cerebral monitors that were placed, including any of the following: ventriculostomy, subarachnoid bolt, camino bolt, external ventricular drain (EVD), licox monitor, jugular venous bulb.

#### Field Values

- Intraventricular drain/catheter (e.g. ventriculostomy, external ventricular drain).
- Intraparenchymal pressure monitor (e.g. Camino bolt, subarachnoid bolt, intraparenchymal catheter).
- Intraparenchymal oxygen monitor (e.g. Licox).
- Jugular venous bulb.

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient did not have a cerebral monitor.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- If the cerebral monitor was placed at the referring facility, cerebral monitor date must be the date of insertion at the referring facility.

# Data Type

Alpha

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_06

## TIME THE FIRST CEREBRAL MONITOR WAS PLACED

#### Definition

The time of first cerebral monitor placement.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (HH:MM)
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the patient did not have a cerebral monitor.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- If the cerebral monitor was placed at the referring facility, cerebral monitor time must be the time of insertion at the referring facility.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_08

VTE INCLUSION TQIP\_10

# Definition

Is there a Venous Thromboembolism prophylaxis?

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

# Additional Information

• Pick list

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

# TYPE OF 1<sup>ST</sup> DOSE OF VTE PROPHYLAXIS ADMINISTERED

TQIP\_11

#### Definition

Type of first dose of VTE prophylaxis administered to patient at your hospital.

# Field Values

- Heparin
- None
- LMWH (Dalteparin, Enoxaparin, etc.)
- Direct Thrombin Inhibitor (Dabigatran, etc.)
- Xa Inhibitor (Rivaroxaban, etc.)
- Coumadin
- Other

#### **Additional Information**

• Pick list

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_09

# DATE OF 1ST VTE PROPHYLACTIC DOSE

TQIP\_12

#### Definition

Date of administration to patient of first prophylactic dose of heparin or other anticoagulants at your hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Recorded as (MM-DD-YYYY)
- Refers to date upon which patient first received the prophylactic agent indicated in VTE Prophylaxis Type field.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if Venous Thromboembolism Prophylaxis Type is 5. None.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_10



BLOOD INCLUSION TQIP2\_01

# Definition

Was there a transfusion of red blood cells provided within 4 hours of ED/Hospital arrival?

# Field Values

- Yes
- No

# Additional Information

• Pick list

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

LOWEST ED SBP TQIP2\_02

#### Definition

Lowest sustained (>5 min) systolic blood pressure measured within the first hour of ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Refers to lowest sustained (>5 min) SBP in the ED/hospital of the index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- ePCR

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_28

Volume of packed red blood cells transfused (units or mL's) within first 4 hours after ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Refers to amount of transfused packed red blood cells (units or CCs) within first 4 hours after arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- If no blood given, then volume should be 0 (zero).
- If packed red blood cells are transfusing upon patient arrival, count as 1-unit. Or, if reporting CCs, report the amount of CCs transfused at your center.
- Must also complete the fields Transfusion Blood Measurement and Transfusion Blood Conversion when product is transfused

#### Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_12

**TQIP2\_04** 

#### Definition

Volume of packed red blood cell transfusion (units or CCs) within first 24 hours after ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Refers to amount of transfused packed red blood cells (units or CCs) within first 24 hours after arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if no blood was given
- If the patient meets the collection criteria and packed red blood cells are transfusing upon patient arrival, count as 1-unit. Or, if reporting CCs, report the amount of CCs transfused at your center.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- Must also complete the fields Transfusion Blood Measurement and Transfusion Blood Conversion when product is transfused.

## Data Type

Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_13

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PRBC-MEASUREMENT

#### Definition

The measurement used to document the patients blood transfusion (Units, CCs [MLs]).

#### Field Values

- Units
- CC's (MLs)

#### **Additional Information**

- Complete if fields Transfusion Blood (4 Hours) or Transfusion Blood (24 Hours) are valued.
- Must also complete field Transfusion Blood Conversion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if no packed red blood cells were transfused.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_14

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PRBC CONVERSION

#### Definition

The quantity of CCs [MLs] constituting a 'unit' for blood transfusions at your hospital.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Complete if fields Transfusion Blood (4 Hours) or Transfusion Blood (24 Hours) are valued.
- Must also complete field Transfusion Blood Measurement.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_15

Volume of fresh frozen or thawed plasma (units or CCs) transfused within first 4 hours after ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Refers to amount of transfused fresh frozen or thawed plasma (units or CCs) within first 4 hours after arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- If the patient meets the collection criteria and plasma is transfusing upon patient arrival, count as 1-unit. If reporting CCs, report the amount of CCs transfused at your center.
- Must also complete the fields Transfusion Plasma Measurement and Transfusion Plasma Conversion when product is transfused. ed.

#### Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM 16

Volume of fresh frozen or thawed plasma (units or CCs) transfused within first 24 hours after ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Refers to amount of transfused fresh frozen or thawed plasma (units or CCs) within first 24 hours after arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- If the patient meets the collection criteria and plasma is transfusing upon patient arrival, count as 1-unit. If reporting CCs, report the amount of CCs transfused at your center.
- Must also complete the fields Transfusion Plasma Measurement and Transfusion Plasma Conversion when product is transfused.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_17

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) FFP-MEASUREMENT

#### Definition

The measurement used to document the patients plasma transfusion (Units, CCs [MLs]).

#### Field Values

- Units
- CCs (MLs)

#### Additional Information

- Complete if fields Transfusion Plasma (4 Hours) or Transfusion Plasma (24 Hours) are valued.
- Must also complete field Transfusion Plasma Conversion.
- the null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if no plasma was transfused.

# Data Type

• Alpha

## Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_18

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) FFP CONVERSION

#### Definition

The quantity of CCs [MLs] constituting a 'unit' for plasma transfusions at your hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### **Additional Information**

- Complete if fields Transfusion Plasma (4 Hours) or Transfusion Plasma (24 Hours) are valued.
- Must also complete field Transfusion Plasma Measurement.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_19

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PLATELETS – WITHIN 4 HOURS TQIP2\_11

#### Definition

Volume of platelets (units or CCs) transfused within first 4 hours after ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Refers to amount of transfused platelets (units or CCs) within first 4 hours after arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- If the patient meets the collection criteria and platelets are transfusing upon patient arrival, count as 1-unit. If reporting CCs, report the amount of CCs transfused at your center.
- Must also complete the fields Transfusion Platelets Measurement and Transfusion Platelets Conversion when product is transfused.

#### Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_20

#### TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PLATELETS – WITHIN 24 HOURS TQIP2\_12

#### Definition

Volume of platelets (units or CCs) transfused within first 24 hours after ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Refers to amount of transfused platelets (units or CCs) within first 24 hours after arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- If the patient meets the collection criteria and platelets are transfusing upon patient arrival, count as 1-unit. If reporting CCs, report the amount of CCs transfused at your center.
- Must also complete the fields Transfusion Platelets Measurement and Transfusion Platelets Conversion when product is transfused.

#### Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_21

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PLATELETS – MEASUREMENT

**TQIP2\_13** 

#### Definition

The measurement used to document the patients platelets transfusion (Units, CCs [MLs]).

# Field Values

- Units
- CCs (MLs)

#### **Additional Information**

- Complete if fields Transfusion Platelets (4 Hours) or Transfusion Platelets (24 Hours) are valued.
- Must also complete field Transfusion Platelets Conversion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if no platelets were transfused.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_22

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) PLATELETS – CONVERSION TQIP2\_14

#### Definition

The quantity of CCs [MLs] constituting a 'unit' for platelets transfusions at your hospital.

## Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- Complete if fields Transfusion Platelets (4 Hours) or Transfusion Platelets (24 Hours) are valued.
- Must also complete field Transfusion Platelets Measurement.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if reporting transfusion platelets measurements in CCs.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if no platelets were transfused.

#### Data Type

Numeric

### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_23

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) CRYOPRECIPITATE – WITHIN 4 HOURS TQIP2\_14

#### Definition

Volume of solution enriched with clotting factors transfused (units or CCs) within first 4 hours after ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

#### Additional Information

- Refers to amount of transfused cryoprecipitate (units or CCs) within first 4 hours after arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- If the patient meets the collection criteria and cryoprecipitate is transfusing upon patient arrival, count as 1-unit. If reporting CCs, report the amount of CCs transfused at your center.
- Must also complete the fields Cryoprecipitate Measurement and Cryoprecipitate Conversion when product is transfused.

# Data Type

Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_24

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) CRYOPRECIPITATE – WITHIN 24 HOURS TQIP2\_15

#### Definition

Volume of solution enriched with clotting factors transfused (units or CCs) within first 24 hours after ED/hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element.

#### Additional Information

- Refers to amount of transfused cryoprecipitate (units or CCs) within first 24 hours after arrival to index hospital, where index hospital is the hospital abstracting the data.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- If the patient meets the collection criteria and cryoprecipitate is transfusing upon patient arrival, count as 1-unit. If reporting CCs, report the amount of CCs transfused at your center.
- Must also complete the fields Cryoprecipitate Measurement and Cryoprecipitate Conversion when product is transfused.

# Data Type

• Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_25

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) CRYOPRECIPITATE – MEASUREMENT TQIP2\_16

#### Definition

The measurement used to document the patients cryoprecipitate transfusion (Units, CCs [MLs]).

#### Field Values

- Units
- CCs (MLs)

#### **Additional Information**

- Complete if fields Cryoprecipitate (4 Hours) or Cryoprecipitate (24 Hours) are valued.
- Must also complete field Cryoprecipitate Conversion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if no cryoprecipitate was transfused.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_26

# TRANSFUSION BLOOD (UNITS) CRYOPRECIPITATE – CONVERSION TQIP2\_17

#### Definition

The quantity of CCs [MLs] constituting a 'unit' for cryoprecipitate transfusions at your hospital.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

- Complete if fields Cryoprecipitate (4 Hours) or Cryoprecipitate (24 Hours) are valued.
- Must also complete field Cryoprecipitate Measurement.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if reporting transfusion cryoprecipitate measurements in CCs.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if no cryoprecipitate was transfused.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_27

#### Definition

First interventional angiogram with or without embolization within first 24 hours of ED/Hospital arrival.

#### Field Values

- None
- Angiogram only
- Angiogram with embolization

#### Additional Information

- Limit collection of angiography data to first 24 hours following ED/hospital arrival.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- Excludes CTA. CTA.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_29

# FIRST ANGIOGRAPHY DATE

#### Definition

Date the first angiogram with or without embolization was performed.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

- Collected as (MM-DD-YYYY).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the data field Angiography is 1. None.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_31

# FIRST ANGIOGRAPHY TIME

#### Definition

Time the first angiogram with or without embolization was performed.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

- Collected as (HH:MM).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the data field Angiography is none.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_32

#### Definition

Organ / site of embolization for hemorrhage control.

# Field Values

- Liver
- Spleen
- Kidneys
- Pelvic (iliac, gluteal, obturator)
- Retroperitoneum (lumbar, sacral)
- Peripheral vascular (neck, extremities)
- Aorta (thoracic or abdominal)
- Other

# **Additional Information**

- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the data field Angiography is 1. None or 2. Angiogram Only.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.
- Check all that apply.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_30

#### SURGERY FOR HEMORRHAGE CONTROL TYPE

#### Definition

First type of surgery for hemorrhage control within the first 24 hours of ED/hospital arrival.

# Field Values

- None
- Laparotomy
- Thoracotomy
- Sternotomy
- Extremity
- Neck
- Mangled extremity / traumatic amputation
- Other skin / soft tissue

#### Additional Information

- If unclear if surgery was for hemorrhage control, then consult TMD or operating/consulting/relevant surgeon.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients that do not meet the collection criterion.

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_33

# SURGERY FOR HEMORRHAGE CONTROL TYPE DATE

#### Definition

Date of first surgery for hemorrhage control within first 24 hours of ED/hospital arrival.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

- Collected as (MM-DD-YYYY).
- If unclear if surgery was for hemorrhage control, then consult TMD or operating/consulting/relevant surgeon.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the data field Surgery for Hemorrhage Control Type is 1. None

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_34

# SURGERY FOR HEMORRHAGE CONTROL TYPE TIME

#### Definition

Time of first surgery for hemorrhage control within first 24 hours of ED/hospital arrival.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

- Collected as (HH:MM)
- If unclear if surgery was for hemorrhage control, then consult TMD or operating/consulting/relevant surgeon.
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used if the data field Surgery for Hemorrhage Control Type is 1. None

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_35

#### WITHDRAWAL OF CARE

#### Definition

Care was withdrawn based on a decision to either remove or withhold further life sustaining intervention. This decision must be documented in the medical record and is often, but not always associated with a discussion with the legal next of kin.

#### Field Values

- Yes
- No

#### Additional Information

- DNR not a requirement.
- A note to limit escalation of care qualifies as a withdrawal of care. These interventions are limited to: ventilator support (with or without extubation), dialysis or other forms of renal support, institution of medications to support blood pressure or cardiac function, or a specific surgical, interventional or radiological procedure (e.g. decompressive craniectomy, operation for hemorrhage control, angiography). Note that this definition provides equal weight to the withdrawal of an intervention already in place (e.g. extubation) and a decision not to proceed with a lifesaving intervention (e.g. intubation).
- Excludes the discontinuation of CPR and typically involves prior planning.
- DNR order is not the same as withdrawal of care.
- The field value 'No' should be used for patients whose time of death, according to your hospitals definition, was prior to the removal of any interventions or escalation of care.

# Data Type

Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_36

#### Definition

The date care was withdrawn.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

- Collected as (MM-DD-YYYY).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients where Withdrawal of Care is 2. No.
- Record the time the first of any existing life-sustaining intervention(s) is withdrawn (e.g. extubation). If no intervention(s) is in place, record the time the decision not to proceed with a lifesaving intervention(s) occurs (e.g. intubation).

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_37

# WITHDRAWAL OF CARE TIME

#### Definition

The time care was withdrawn.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

- Collected as (HH:MM).
- The null value "Not Applicable" is used for patients where Withdrawal of Care is 2. No.
- Record the time the first of any existing life-sustaining intervention(s) is withdrawn (e.g. extubation). If no intervention(s) is in place, record the time the decision not to proceed with a lifesaving intervention(s) occurs (e.g. intubation).

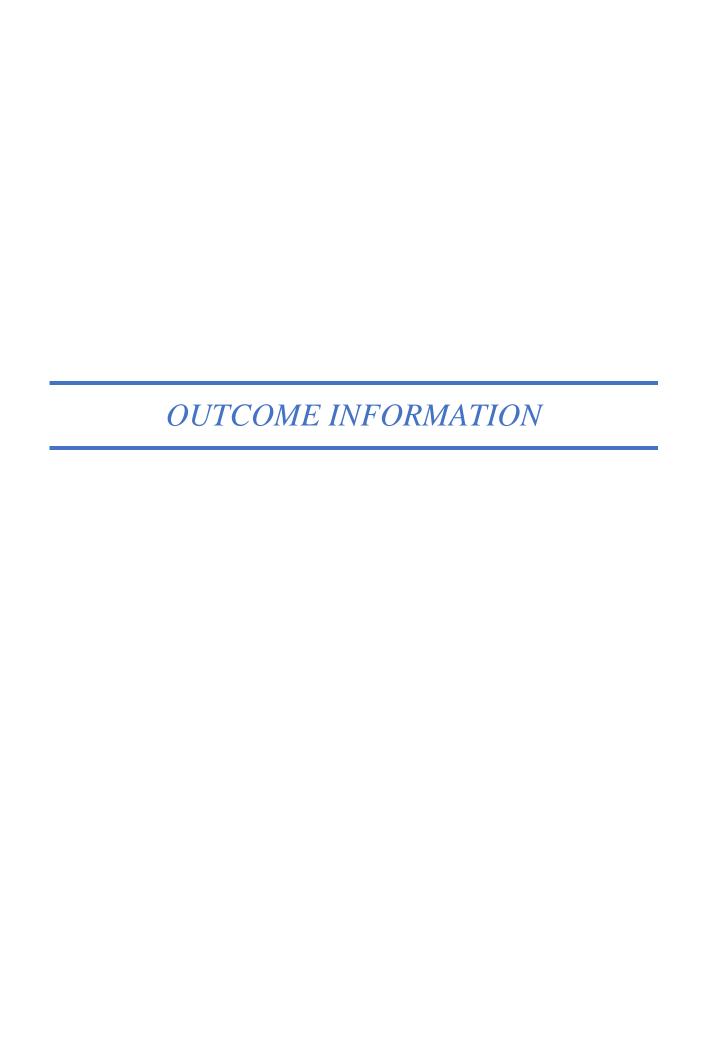
# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: PM\_38



# REHAB ADMISSION DATE / FIM SCORE (1ST ROW)

**OUT\_01** 

# Definition

Rehabilitation admission date for FIM score.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Collected as (MM-DD-YYYY).

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# REHAB ADMISSION DATE / FIM SCORE (2ND ROW)

**OUT\_02** 

# Definition

Rehabilitation admission date for FIM score.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Collected as (MM-DD-YYYY).

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes
- NTDB Data Variable: N/A

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# **REHAB DISCHARGE TO**

**OUT\_03** 

# Definition

Destination the patient is discharged to.

# Field Values

• Hospital created pick list

# Additional Information

• None

# Data Type

• Alpha

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

EATING OUT\_04

#### Definition

EATING - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

GROOMING OUT\_05

#### Definition

GROOMING - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

BATHING OUT\_06

#### Definition

BATHING - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### Definition

DRESSING - UPPER - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

**OUT\_08** 

#### Definition

DRESSING - LOWER - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TOILETING OUT\_09

#### Definition

Toileting - SPHINCTER CONTROL Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TOTAL SELF CARE OUT\_10

#### Definition

Sum of all reported self-care FIM measures. NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

BLADDER OUT\_11

# Definition

BLADDER - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

# Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

BOWEL OUT\_12

#### Definition

BOWEL - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# TOTAL SPHINCTER CONTROL

#### Definition

Sum of all reported sphincter control FIM measures. NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### **BED / WHEELCHAIR**

**OUT\_14** 

#### Definition

# BED/WHEELCHAIR FIM.

# Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

#### **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TOILET MOBILITY OUT\_15

#### Definition

TOILET - MOBILITY - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TUB / SHOWER OUT\_16

# Definition

TUB/SHOWER - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TOTAL MOBILITY OUT\_17

#### Definition

Sum of all reported mobility FIM measures. NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• None

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

**OUT\_18** 

#### Definition

WALK/WHEELCHAIR - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

STAIR OUT\_19

#### Definition

STAIR - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### Definition

Sum of all reported locomotion FIM measures. NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• None

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

COMPREHENSION OUT\_22

#### Definition

COMPREHENSION - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

EXPRESSION OUT\_23

#### Definition

EXPRESSION - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# TOTAL COMMUNICATION

#### Definition

Sum of all reported communication FIM measures. NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISHCARG.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• None

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### **SOCIAL INTERACTION**

# Definition

SOCIAL INTERACTION - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

PROBLEM SOLVING OUT\_26

# Definition

PROBLEM SOLVING - Sum of all reported sphincter control FIM measures. NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

MEMORY OUT\_27

#### Definition

MEMORY - Either use of the USA or UK FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

- 0. Activity Does Not Occur
- 1. Total Assistance
- 2. Maximal Assistance
- 3. Moderate Assistance
- 4. Minimal Assistance
- 5. Supervision
- 6. Modified Independence
- 7. Complete Independence

# **Additional Information**

Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability
measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and
cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

# TOTAL SOCIAL / COGNITIVE

#### Definition

Sum of all reported social/cognitive FIM measures. NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

• Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

TOTAL FIM OUT\_29

#### Definition

Sum of all reported FIM measures. NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

• Primary use for traumatic brain injuries but still can and is used general disability measures. Subscales and domains are physical, psychosocial, communication, motor, and cognitive.

# Data Type

• Numeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A

#### PICKLIST FOR SCORING WITHIN THE SHEET

#### Definition

Use with the FIM+FAM scoring NOTE TOP ROW IS AT ADMISSION and BOTTOM ROW AT DISCHARGE.

#### Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

#### Additional Information

- INDEPENDENT Another person is not required for the activity (No helper)
- Complete independence
- The person performs all of the tasks described as making up the activity within a
  reasonable amount of time, and does so safely without the need for modification,
  assistive devices or aids.
- (No help, no devices, safe and timely!)
- Modified independence
- One or more of the following may be true: a) uses an assistive device b) takes longer than the reasonable amount of time c) there is some concern for safety (No help, but uses a device, or issues for safety or timeliness) DEPENDENT Receives help from another person to perform the activity, or the activity is not performed (Requires helper) (Rating is based on observation. Therefore, requires help means has help Modified Dependence: The person performs more than half the task themselves 5 Supervision or set-up Receives no more than stand-by cueing, coaxing or verbal prompting without physical contact, OR help just to set-up equipment, apply orthosis, etc. (No help, but set-up or verbal prompting) 4 Minimal assistance No more help than touching Receives incidental help only to complete the task - does ≥75% themselves (Help at the level of touching only— Madonna item!) 3 Moderate assistance More help than touching Receives moderate help, but still performs 50-74% of the task themselves (Hands on help but patient does more than half the task themselves) Complete Dependence: The person performs less than half the task 2 Maximal assistance Receives substantial assistance - the person provides 25-49% of the effort to complete the task (Patient does less than half the task themselves, but does contribute) 1 Total assistance Receives total assistance - the person contributes less than 25% of the effort or the activity is not performed Patient unable or does very little (<25%) of the task

# Data Type

Numeric

#### Data Source Hierarchy Guide

- Nurses Notes
- Progress Notes

NTDB Data Variable: N/A NEMSIS Data Variable: N/A

# GENERAL COMMUNICATION INFORMATION

# Definition

Free text field for additional comments regarding patient care or record information.

# Field Values

• Relevant value for data element

# **Additional Information**

• Free text field

# Data Type

• Alphanumeric

# Data Source Hierarchy Guide

• None

NTDB Data Variable: N/A