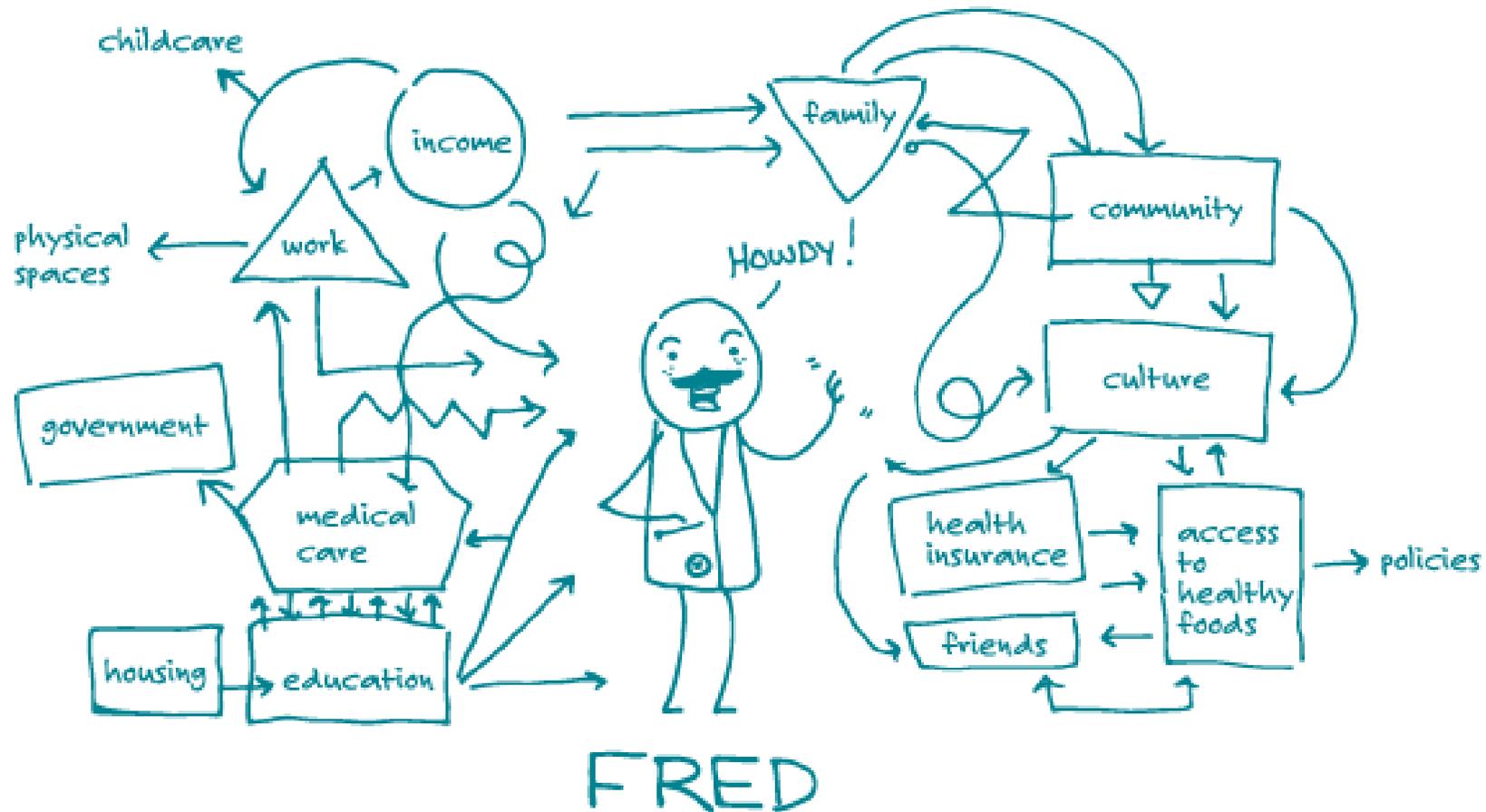


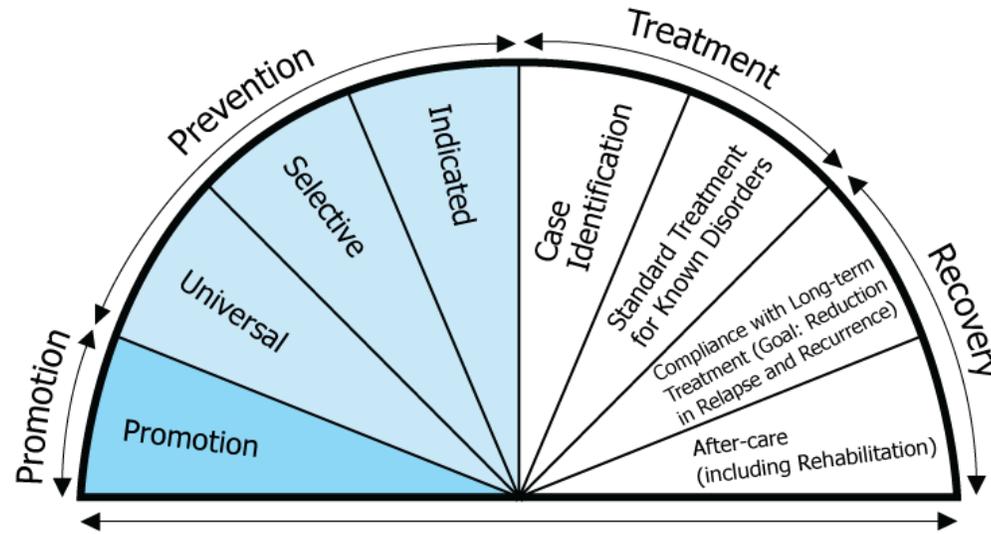
Prevention Frameworks

SEE? IT'S THIS EASY!



Pre-Meeting Questions

1. What strikes you about any or all of the prevention frameworks?
2. What commonalities do you see between frameworks? Differences?
3. Where do you see aspects of your current prevention work reflected in these frameworks?
4. What questions, comments do you have?



HOW WE DO IT → THE FOUR DOMAINS

EPIDEMIOLOGY AND SURVEILLANCE

Provide data and conduct research to guide, prioritize, deliver, and monitor programs and population health

ENVIRONMENTAL APPROACHES

Make healthy behaviors easier and more convenient for more people

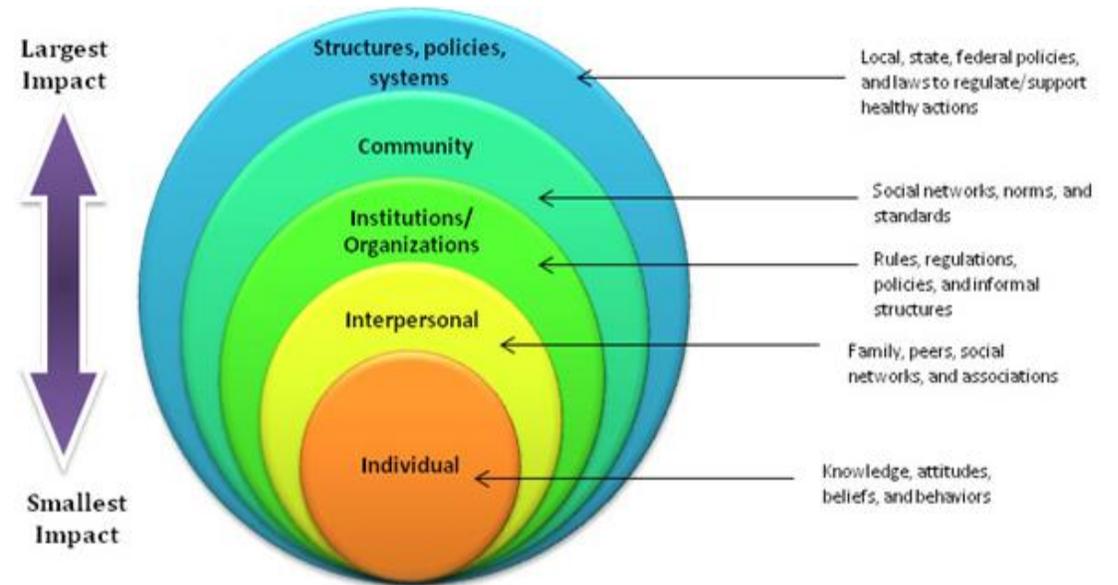
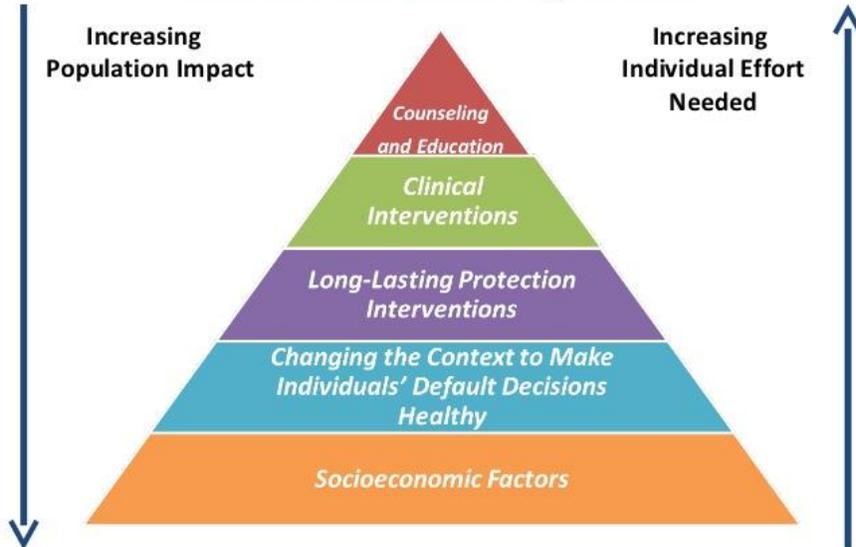
HEALTH CARE SYSTEM INTERVENTIONS

Improve delivery and use of quality clinical services to prevent disease, detect diseases early, and manage risk factors

COMMUNITY-CLINICAL LINKS

Ensure that people with or at high risk of chronic diseases have access to quality community resources to best manage their conditions

Health Impact Pyramid

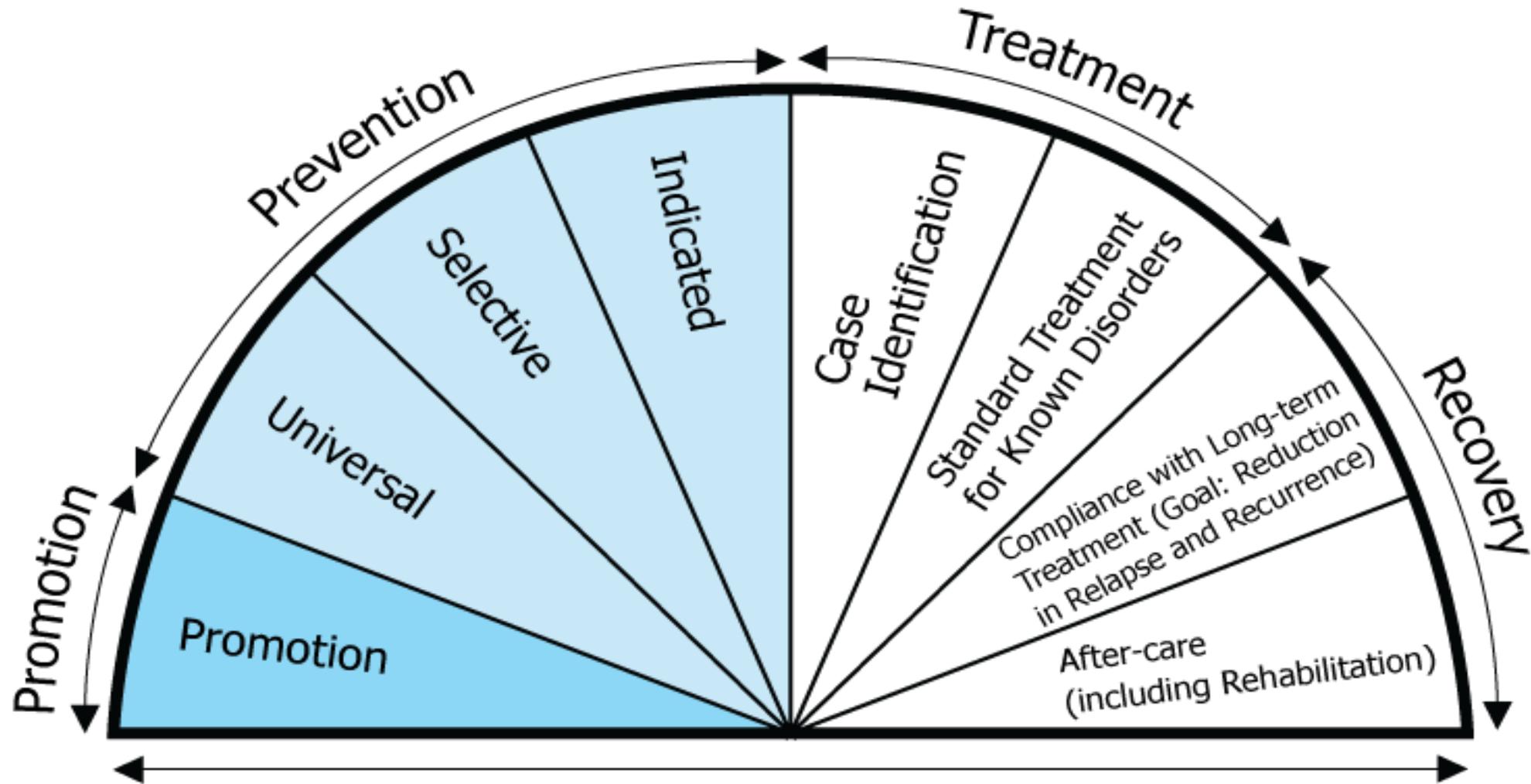


SAMHSA's Strategic Prevention Framework

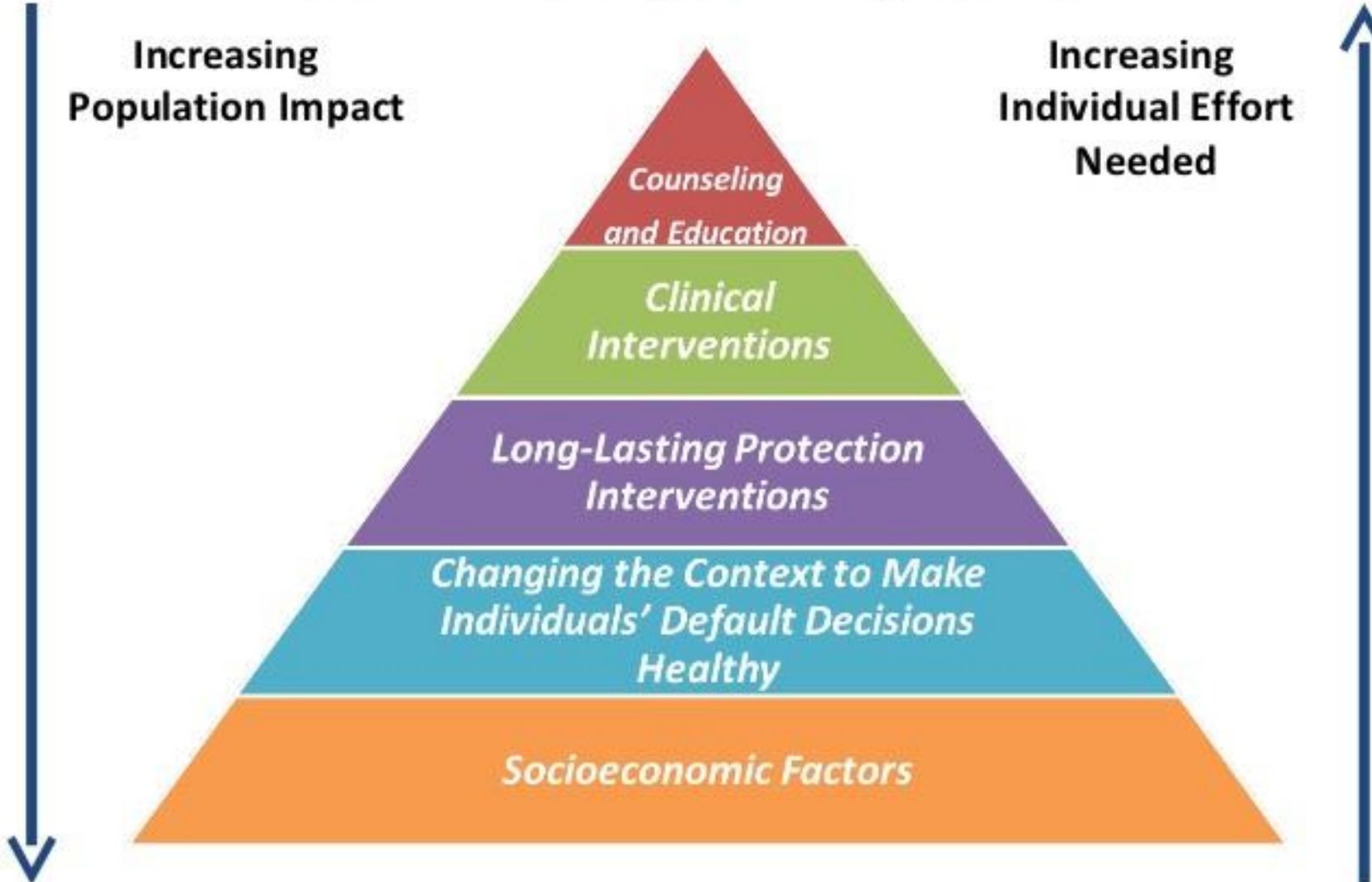


- The **Strategic Prevention Framework** (SPF) outlines a process that an organization, initiative, community, or state can follow in order to prevent and reduce the use and abuse of alcohol, tobacco, and drugs
- <http://www.samhsa.gov/capt/applying-strategic-prevention-framework>

Institute of Medicine Continuum of Care

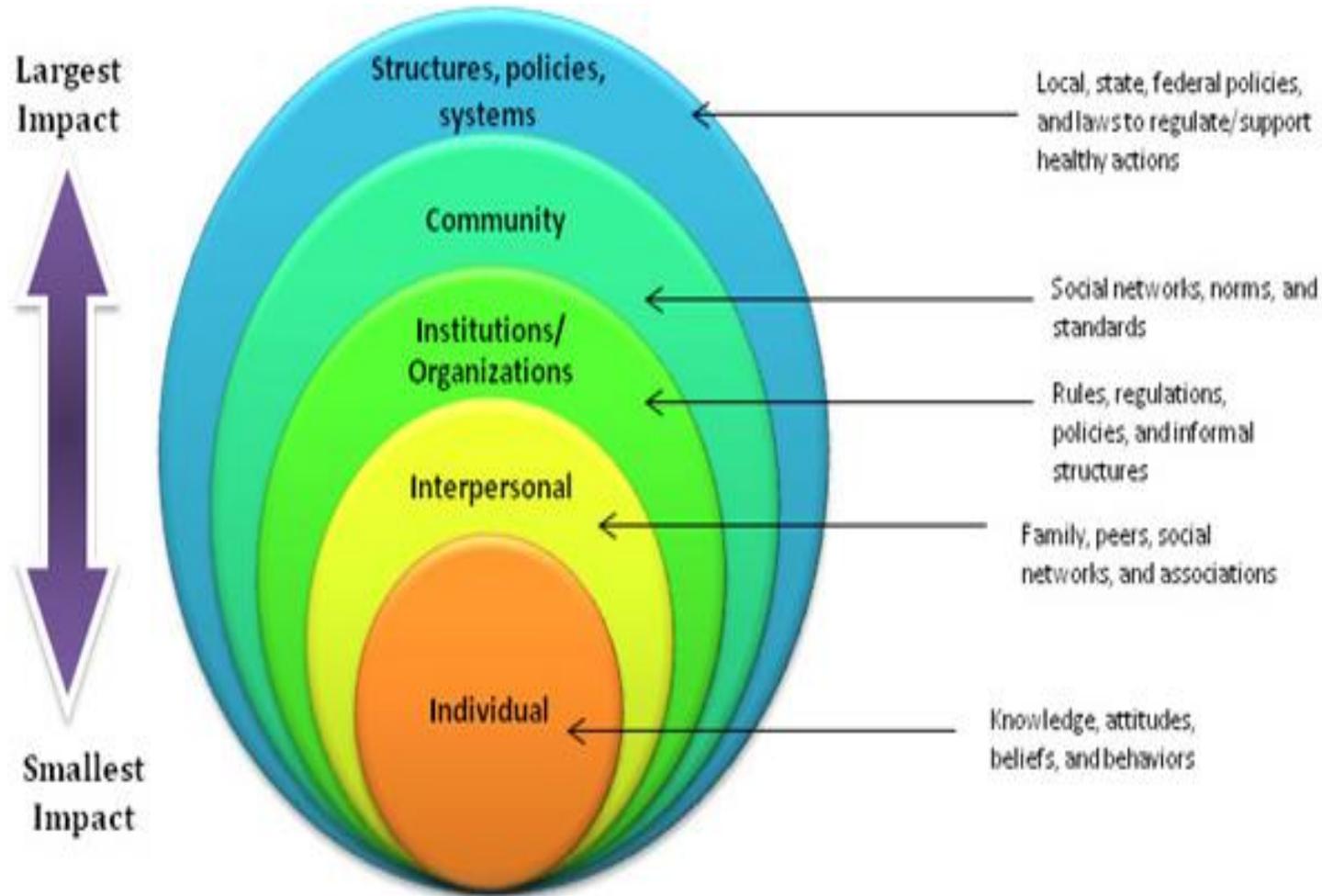


Health Impact Pyramid



Illustrates the value of interventions focused on contextual factors and the social determinants of health for achieving the greatest population health impact.

Social Ecological Model: A Framework for Prevention



- The Institute of Medicine has defined the ecological model as "a model of health that emphasizes the linkages and relationships among multiple factors (or determinants) affecting health."

CDC's Chronic Disease Prevention System

WHAT WE DO

- Provide leadership and technical assistance
- Monitor chronic diseases, conditions, and risk factors
- Conduct and translate research and evaluation to enhance prevention
- Engage in health communication
- Develop sound public health policies
- Implement prevention strategies

WHO WE WORK WITH

- State, tribal, territorial, and local governments
- National, state, and local nongovernmental organizations

WHERE WE DO IT

- Communities
- Workplaces
- Schools and academic institutions
- Health care settings
- Child care settings
- Faith organizations
- Homes

HOW WE DO IT → THE FOUR DOMAINS

EPIDEMIOLOGY AND SURVEILLANCE

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HEALTH CARE SYSTEM INTERVENTIONS

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WHY WE DO IT

- Healthier environments
- Healthier behaviors
- Greater health equity
- Increased productivity
- Lower health care costs
- Increased life expectancy
- Improved quality of life

WHAT WE ACHIEVE

- Less tobacco use
- Less obesity
- Less heart disease and stroke
- Less cancer
- Less diabetes
- Less arthritis
- More physical activity
- Better nutrition
- Better oral health
- Healthier mothers and babies
- Healthier kids