

**NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING HEARING**

A Statement of Need and Fiscal Impact accompanies this form.

Oregon Health Authority (OHA), Division of Medical Assistance Programs (Division)	410
Agency and Division	Administrative Rules Chapter Number
Sandy Cafourek	500 Summer St NE, Salem, OR 97301
Rules Coordinator	Address
	(503) 945-6430
	Telephone

**RULE CAPTION**

Eliminate OHP Standard; Expand Age Fluoride in Medical Setting; Incorporate changes to Prioritized List  
**Not more than 15 words that reasonably identifies the subject matter of the agency's intended action.**

June 17, 2014	10:30 a.m.	500 Summer St. NE, Salem, OR 97301	Sandy Cafourek
Hearing Date	Time	Location	Hearings Officer

*Auxiliary aids for persons with disabilities are available upon advance request.*

**RULEMAKING ACTION**

Secure approval of new rule numbers (Adopted or Renumbered rules) with the Administrative Rules Unit prior to filing.

**ADOPT:**

**AMEND:** 410-123-1060, 410-123-1200, 410-123-1260, 410-123-1540

**REPEAL:** 410-123-1060(T), 410-123-1200(T), 410-123-1260(T), and 410-123-1540(T).

**RENUMBER:**

**AMEND & RENUMBER:**

Stat. Auth. : ORS 413.042, 414.065, 414.651, and 414.707

Other Auth.:

Stats. Implemented: ORS 414.065, 414.651, and 414.707

**RULE SUMMARY**

This rulemaking incorporates three prior temporary actions amending OAR 410-123-1060, 410-123-1200, 410-123-1260, and 410-123-1540. The first, "Elimination of OHP Standard Benefit Plan effective January 1, 2014," was effective 1/1/14 through 6/30/2014. The second, "Expand Age for Topical Fluoride Varnish in Medical Setting and Update Language for Dental Integration," was effective 2/28/2014 through 6/30/2014. The third, "Elimination of OHP Standard; Expand Age Fluoride in Medical Setting; Incorporate changes to Prioritized List," was effective 4/1/14 through 6/30/2014. This filing makes permanent all of these previous temporary rule changes as follows:

- OAR 410-123-1060 to reflect the elimination of DMAP's OHP Standard benefit package in compliance with the Affordable Care Act;
- OAR 410-123-1200 to reflect the elimination of DMAP's OHP Standard benefit package in compliance with the Affordable Care Act and to add two dental services (carries risk assessment and documentation, and gingival irrigation) to the list of services that are not separately reimbursed. Both services have new Current Dental Terminology codes for 2014;
- OAR 410-123-1260 to reflect the elimination of DMAP's OHP Standard benefit package in compliance with the Affordable Care Act, to restore language that was inadvertently removed from a previous rule filing, to expand the age for topical fluoride varnish in medical setting, and to remove misleading language concerning coverage of D0191

in medical settings. The amendment also aligns OHP Plus coverage to changes by the Health Evidence Review Commission's Prioritized List of Health Services effective April 1, 2014; and

- OAR 410-123-1540 to more clearly state existing policy for clients eligible for OHP through the CAWEM (Citizen/Alien-Waived Emergency Medical).

The agency requests public comment on whether other options should be considered for achieving the rule's substantive goals while reducing the negative economic impact of the rule on business.

June 20, 2014 <sup>SC 5/9/14</sup> Send written comments to: [dmap.rules@state.or.us](mailto:dmap.rules@state.or.us)

**Last Day for Public Comment** (Last day to submit written comments to the Rules Coordinator)

  
Signature

JUDY MOHR PETERSON  
Printed name

05/08/2014  
Date

**Note:** Hearing Notices must be submitted by the 15th day of the month to be published in the next month's *Oregon Bulletin*.

**STATEMENT OF NEED AND FISCAL IMPACT**

A Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Hearing or a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking accompanies this form.

Oregon Health Authority, Division of Medical Assistance Programs (Division)

410

Agency and Division

Administrative Rules Chapter Number

Eliminate OHP Standard; Expand Age Fluoride in Medical Setting; Incorporate changes to Prioritized List

Rule Caption (Not more than 15 words that reasonably identifies the subject matter of the agency's intended action.)

**In the Matter of:** Amendment of OAR: 410-123-1060, 410-123-1200, 410-123-1260, 410-123-1540, and the repealing of 410-123-1060(T), 410-123-1200(T), 410-123-1260(T), and 410-123-1540(T).

**Statutory Authority:** ORS 413.042, 414.065, 414.651, and 414.707

**Other Authority:**

**Stats. Implemented:** ORS 414.065, 414.651, and 414.707

**Need for the Rule(s):**

The Division needs to amend the following rules:

OAR 410-123-1060 – To reflect the elimination of DMAP's OHP Standard benefit package in compliance with the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

OAR 410-123-1200 – To add carries risk assessment and documentation to the list of dental services that do not warrant an additional fee. The listing corresponds to new dental codes D0601, D0602 and D0603. Carries risk assessment is already performed as part of the ordinary dental evaluation and does not now warrant a separate additional payment. Likewise, gingival irrigation corresponds to new dental code D4921 but is already included in reimbursement of other dental codes.

OAR 410-123-1260:

– To remove the language concerning D0191 (assessment of a patient) when performed in a medical setting. This code has never been covered in medical settings according to the Prioritized List. The Health Evidence Review Commission is adding D0191 to a funded medical line effective April 1, 2014. However, coverage will be restricted to medical practitioners who complete approved training and use an approved assessment form. DMAP will be responsible for defining what constitutes an approved training program and an approved assessment form. This will require ordinary rulemaking procedure and cannot be implemented at this time.

– To conform the dental coverage rule for restorations on posterior teeth to Prioritized List changes. Effective April 1, 2014, resin-based composite restorations on two or more surfaces of posterior teeth will move to the funded portion of the Prioritized List. The proposed rule aligns the rule with this change by removing the current restriction that limits coverage of posterior composite restorations to only a single surface; and to add two new dental codes that are added to funded lines of the Prioritized List effective April 1, 2014. These new codes are D2941 (interim therapeutic restoration-primary dentition) and D2921 (reattachment of tooth fragment, incisal edge or cusp). Amendment will more clearly reflect this coverage.

– To reflect updated Current Dental Terminology (CDT). 2014 CDT creates a new code for periradicular surgery without apicoectomy. In addition, there is now a code for "pulpal regeneration." Neither is covered according to the Prioritized List effective April 1, 2014. This rule amendment will update the language in the rules to the current terminology and avoid coverage confusion.

OAR 410-123-1540 – To more clearly state existing policy for clients eligible for OHP through the CAWEM (Citizen/Alien-Waived Emergency Medical); and to reflect the elimination of DMAP's OHP Standard benefit package in compliance with the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

All DMAP rules are revised to take care of minor "housekeeping" corrections in accordance with ORS 183.335 (7).

**Documents Relied Upon, and where they are available:**

<http://www.oregon.gov/oha/herc/Pages/Meeting-Materials-Archives.aspx> and from Oregon Health Policy & Research Health Evidence Review Commission, 1225 Ferry Street, Suite C, Salem, Oregon 97301. Temporary amendment effective 1/1/2014: <http://www.oregon.gov/oha/healthplan/Policies/120-changes-010114.pdf>. Temporary amendment effective 2/28/2014: <http://www.oregon.gov/oha/healthplan/Policies/123-1260-022814.pdf>. Federal register, Vol. 77, No.57 published March 23, 2012 and Federal register, Vol. 78, No.135 published July 15, 2013 <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2012-03-23/pdf/2012-6560.pdf> & <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-07-15/pdf/2013-16271.pdf>

**Fiscal and Economic Impact:**

Amending these rules will have no or minimal fiscal impact on the Authority, other state agencies, local government, clients, the public, or businesses, including small businesses. Most of the changes merely clarify existing policy, prohibit separate reimbursement for newly created dental procedure codes, or update language based on revisions to 2014 Code on Dental Procedures and Nomenclature. Changes only include three expansions of services, but without expected fiscal impact. OHP currently covers only amalgam restorations on more than one surface of posterior teeth. The change allows coverage of composite restorations as well, but reimbursement will be at the same rate as for amalgam. Changes also add coverage for new dental procedure codes D2941 and D2921, but these procedures were previously covered under other codes at the same reimbursement rate.

**Statement of Cost of Compliance:**

- 1. Impact on state agencies, units of local government and the public (ORS 183.335(2)(b)(E)): None
- 2. Cost of compliance effect on small business (ORS 183.336):
  - a. Estimate the number of small businesses and types of business and industries with small businesses subject to the rule:

The Division has approximately 63,000 enrolled providers. These enrolled providers range from large hospital affiliates, national Durable Medical Equipment or Pharmacy chains to individually owned physician offices. The Division's fee-for-services providers serve approximately 10 percent of the total OHP population. The Division does not have available information to estimate the percentage of these medical practices that are small businesses, but it is likely that there are a significant number of them.

- b. Projected reporting, recordkeeping and other administrative activities required for compliance, including costs of professional services: None
- c. Equipment, supplies, labor and increased administration required for compliance: None

**How were small businesses involved in the development of this rule?**

Small businesses with an interest in DMAP policy were invited to the Rule Advisory Committee meeting to discuss the changes. A representative of at least one small dental practice participated in the meeting.

**Administrative Rule Advisory Committee consulted?:** Yes for OAR 410-123-1200 and 410-123-1260.

If not, why?: A formal RAC was not consulted for changes to OAR 410-123-1060 because the proposed rules implement a change to federal Medicaid law. The Authority consulted with key stakeholders in the development of this proposed rule change. A formal RAC was not consulted for changes to OAR 410-123-1540 because the rewrite did not change policy and clarified existing policy.

  
Signature

 Lucy MOHR PETERSON  
Printed name

05/08/14  
Date

Administrative Rules Unit, Archives Division, Secretary of State, 800 Summer Street NE, Salem, Oregon 97310.

**410-123-1060**

**Definition of Terms**

(1) Anesthesia — The following depicts the Division of Medical Assistance Programs' (Division) usage of certain anesthesia terms; however, for further details refer also to the Oregon Board of Dentistry administrative rules (OAR chapter 818, division 026):

(a) Conscious Sedation:

(A) Deep Sedation — A drug-induced depression of consciousness during which patients cannot be easily aroused but respond purposefully following repeated or painful stimulation. The ability to independently maintain ventilatory function may be impaired. Patients may require assistance maintaining a patient airway, and spontaneous ventilation may be inadequate. Cardiovascular function is usually maintained;

(B) Minimal Sedation — A minimally depressed level of consciousness, produced by non-intravenous pharmacological methods, that retains the patient's ability to independently and continuously maintain an airway and respond normally to tactile stimulation and verbal command. When the intent is minimal sedation for adults, the appropriate initial dosing of a single non-intravenous pharmacological method is no more than the maximum recommended dose (MRD) of a drug that can be prescribed for unmonitored home use. Nitrous oxide/oxygen may be used in combination with a single non-intravenous pharmacological method in minimal sedation;

(C) Moderate Sedation — A drug-induced depression of consciousness during which the patient responds purposefully to verbal commands, either alone or accompanied by light tactile stimulation. No interventions are required to maintain a patient airway, and spontaneous ventilation is adequate. Cardiovascular function is usually maintained;

(b) General Anesthesia — A drug-induced loss of consciousness during which the patient is not arousable, even by painful stimulation. The ability to independently maintain ventilatory function is often impaired. Patients often require assistance in maintaining a patient airway, and positive pressure ventilation may be required because of depressed spontaneous ventilation or drug-induced depression of neuromuscular function. Cardiovascular function may be impaired;

(c) Local Anesthesia — The elimination of sensation, especially pain, in one part of the body by the topical application or regional injection of a drug;

(d) Nitrous Oxide Sedation — An induced controlled state of minimal sedation, produced solely by the inhalation of a combination of nitrous oxide and oxygen, in which the patient retains the ability to independently and continuously maintain an airway and to respond purposefully to physical stimulation and to verbal command;

(2) Citizen/Alien-Waived Emergency Medical (CAWEM) — Refer to OAR 410-120-0000 for definition of clients who are eligible for limited emergency services under the CAWEM benefit package. The definition of emergency services does not apply to CAWEM clients. OAR 410-120-1210 provides a complete description of limited emergency coverage pertaining to the CAWEM benefit package.

(3) Covered Services — Services on the Health Evidence Review Commission's (HERC) Prioritized List of Health Services (Prioritized List) that have been funded by the Legislature and identified in specific program rules. Services are limited as directed by General Rules — Excluded Services and Limitations (OAR 410-120-1200), the Division's Dental Services Program rules (chapter 410, division 123), and the Prioritized List. Services that are not considered emergency dental services as defined by OAR 410-123-1060(12) are considered routine services.

(4) Dental Hygienist — A person licensed to practice dental hygiene pursuant to sState law.

(5) Dental Hygienist with Expanded Practice Dental Hygiene Permit (EPDH) — A person licensed to practice dental hygiene with an EPDH permit issued by the Board of Dentistry and within the scope of an EPDH permit pursuant to sState law.

(6) Dental Practitioner — A person licensed pursuant to sState law to engage in the provision of dental services within the scope of the practitioner's license and/or certification.

(7) Dental Services — Services provided within the scope of practice as defined under sState law by or under the supervision of a dentist or dental hygienist, or denture services provided within the scope of practice as defined under Sstate law by a denturist.

(8) Dental Services Documentation — ~~Must~~ Shall meet the requirements of the Oregon Dental Practice Act statutes; administrative rules for client records and requirements of OAR 410-120-1360, "Requirements for Financial, Clinical and Other Records;" and any other documentation requirements as outlined in the Dental rules.

(9) Dentally Appropriate — In accordance with OAR 410-141-0000, services that are required for prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of a dental condition and that are:

(a) Consistent with the symptoms of a dental condition or treatment of a dental condition;

(b) Appropriate with regard to standards of good dental practice and generally recognized by the relevant scientific community, evidence-based medicine, and professional standards of care as effective;

(c) Not solely for the convenience of an OHP member or a provider of the service; and

(d) The most cost effective of the alternative levels of dental services that can be safely provided to a ~~Division~~-member.

(10) Dentist — A person licensed to practice dentistry pursuant to sState law.

(11) Denturist — A person licensed to practice denture technology pursuant to sState law.

(12) Direct Pulp Cap — The procedure in which the exposed pulp is covered with a dressing or cement that protects the pulp and promotes healing and repair.

(13) Emergency Services:

(a) Refer to OAR 410-120-0000 for the complete definition of emergency services. (This definition of emergency services does not apply to CAWEM clients. OAR 410-120-1210 provides a complete description of limited emergency coverage pertaining to the CAWEM benefit package);

(b) Covered services for an emergency dental condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity requiring immediate treatment. This includes services to treat the following conditions:

(A) Acute infection;

(B) Acute abscesses;

(C) Severe tooth pain;

(D) Unusual swelling of the face or gums; or

(E) A tooth that has been avulsed (knocked out);

(c) The treatment of an emergency dental condition is limited only to covered services. The Division recognizes that some non-covered services may meet the criteria of treatment for the emergency condition; however, this rule does not extend to those non-covered services. Routine dental treatment or treatment of incipient decay does not constitute emergency care;

~~(d) The OHP Standard Benefit Package includes a limited emergency dental benefit. Refer to OAR 410-123-1670.~~

(14) Hospital Dentistry — Dental services normally done in a dental office setting, but due to specific client need (as detailed in OAR 410-123-1490) are provided in an ambulatory surgical center, inpatient, or outpatient hospital setting under general anesthesia (or IV conscious sedation, if appropriate).

(15) Medical Practitioner — A person licensed pursuant to sState law to engage in the provision of medical services within the scope of the practitioner's license and/or certification.

(16) Procedure Codes — The procedure codes in the Dental Services rulebook (OAR chapter 410, division 123) refer to Current Dental Terminology (CDT), unless otherwise noted. Codes listed in this rulebook and other documents incorporated in rule by reference are subject to change by the American Dental Association (ADA) without notification.

(17) Standard of Care — What reasonable and prudent practitioners would do in the same or similar circumstances.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 413.042, 414.065 & 414.707

Stats. Implemented: ORS 414.065 & 414.707

## 410-123-1200

### Services Not To Be Billed Separately

(1) Services that are not to be billed separately may be included in the Current Dental Terminology (CDT) codebook and may not be listed as combined with another procedure; however, they are considered to be either minimal, included in the examination, part of another service, or included in routine post-op or follow-up care.

(2) The following services do not warrant an additional fee:

(a) Alveolectomy/Alveoloplasty in conjunction with extractions;

(b) Cardiac and other monitoring;

(c) Caries risk assessment and documentation;

(ed) Curettage and root planing — per tooth;

(de) Diagnostic casts;

(ef) Dietary counseling;

(fg) Direct pulp cap (~~exception: direct pulp cap is covered separately for OHP Standard clients; the Standard benefit plan does not cover restorations~~);

(gh) Discing;

(hi) Dressing change;

(ij) Electrosurgery;

(jk) Equilibration;

(kl) Gingival curettage — per tooth;

(m) Gingival irrigation;

(ln) Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty to allow for access for restorative procedure, per tooth;

(mo) Indirect pulp cap;

(np) Local anesthesia;

(eq) Medicated pulp chambers;

(~~p~~r) Occlusal adjustments;

(~~e~~s) Occlusal analysis;

(~~t~~) Odontoplasty;

(~~s~~u) Oral hygiene instruction;

(~~t~~v) Periodontal charting, probing;

(~~u~~w) Post removal;

(~~v~~x) Polishing fillings;

(~~w~~y) Post extraction treatment for alveolaritis (dry socket treatment) if done by the provider of the extraction;

(~~x~~z) Pulp vitality tests;

(~~y~~aa) Smooth broken tooth;

(~~z~~bb) Special infection control procedures;

(~~a~~acc) Surgical procedure for isolation of tooth with rubber dam;

(~~b~~ddd) Surgical splint;

(~~e~~eee) Surgical stent; and

(~~d~~fff) Suture removal.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 413.042, 414.065 & 414.707

Stats. Implemented: ORS 414.065 & 414.707

## 410-123-1260

### OHP Plus Dental Benefits

#### (1) General:

##### (a) Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT):

(A) Refer to Code of Federal Regulations (42 CFR 441, Subpart B) and OAR chapter 410, division 120 for definitions of the EPSDT program, eligible clients, and related services. EPSDT dental services ~~includes~~include, but are not limited to:

(i) Dental screening services for eligible EPSDT individuals; and

(ii) Dental diagnosis and treatment ~~which~~that is indicated by screening at as early an age as necessary, needed for relief of pain and infections, restoration of teeth, and maintenance of dental health;

(B) Providers ~~must~~shall provide EPSDT services for eligible Division of Medical Assistance Programs (Division) clients according to the following documents:

(i) The Dental Services Program administrative rules (OAR chapter 410, division 123), for dentally appropriate services funded on the Oregon Health Evidence Review ~~Commission~~Commission's Prioritized List of Health Services (Prioritized List); and

(ii) The "Oregon Health Plan (OHP) — Recommended Dental Periodicity Schedule," dated January 1, 2010, incorporated by reference and posted on the Division website in the Dental Services Provider Guide document at [www.oha.state.or.us/policy/healthplan/guides/dental/main.html](http://www.oha.state.or.us/policy/healthplan/guides/dental/main.html);

##### (b) Restorative, periodontal, and prosthetic treatments:

(A) Documentation shall be included in the client's charts to support the treatment. Treatments ~~documentation must be included in the client's charts to support the treatment,~~ mustshall be consistent with the prevailing standard of care; ~~documentation must be included in the client's charts to support the treatment,~~ and may be limited as follows:

(i) When prognosis is unfavorable;

(ii) When treatment is impractical;

(iii) A lesser-cost procedure would achieve the same ultimate result; or

(iv) The treatment has specific limitations outlined in this rule;

(B) Prosthetic treatment, including porcelain fused to metal crowns, are limited until rampant progression of caries is arrested and a period of adequate oral hygiene and periodontal stability is demonstrated; periodontal health needs to be stable and supportive of a prosthetic.

(2) Diagnostic Services:

(a) Exams:

(A) For children (under 19 years of age):

(i) The Division shall reimburse exams (billed as D0120, D0145, D0150, or D0180) a maximum of twice every 12 months with the following limitations:

(I) D0150: once every 12 months when performed by the same practitioner;

(II) D0150: twice every 12 months only when performed by different practitioners;

(III) D0180: once every 12 months;

(ii) The Division shall reimburse D0160 only once every 12 months when performed by the same practitioner;

(B) For adults (19 years of age and older)—~~The, the~~ Division shall reimburse exams (billed as D0120, D0150, D0160, or D0180) once every 12 months;

(C) For problem focused exams (urgent or emergent problems), the Division shall reimburse D0140 for the initial exam. The Division shall reimburse D0170 for related problem-focused follow-up exams. Providers should not bill D0140 and D0170 for routine dental visits;

(D) The Division only covers oral exams by medical practitioners when the medical practitioner is an oral surgeon;

(E) As the American Dental Association's Current Dental Terminology (CDT) codebook specifies the evaluation, diagnosis, and treatment planning components of the exam are the responsibility of the dentist, the Division may not reimburse dental exams when furnished by a dental hygienist (with or without an expanded practice permit);

(b) ~~Assessments~~Assessment of a patient (D0191):

(A) When performed by a dental practitioner, the Division shall reimburse:

(i) If performed by a dentist outside of a dental office;

(ii) If performed by a dental hygienist with an expanded practice dental hygiene permit;

(iii) Only if an exam (D0120-D0180) is not performed on the same date of service. An oral assessment is included in the exam;

(iii) For children (under 19 years of age), a maximum of twice every 12 months; and

(iv) For adults (age 19 and older), a maximum of once every 12 months;

~~(B) When performed by a medical practitioner, the Division shall cover:~~

~~(i) Only for children under 7 years of age; and~~

~~(ii) A maximum of once a year;~~

~~(C) Medical practitioners performing D0191 shall bill the client's medical coverage for reimbursement (Coordinated Care Organization (CCO) or Prepaid Health Plan (PHP) if enrolled member, or Division if fee-for-service);~~

~~(D) The maximum limits for this procedure for dental practitioners do not affect the maximum limits for medical providers, and vice-versa; and~~

~~(E) An assessment does not take the place of the need for oral evaluations/exams;~~

(c) Radiographs:

(A) The Division shall reimburse for routine radiographs once every 12 months;

(B) The Division shall reimburse bitewing radiographs for routine screening once every 12 months;

(C) The Division shall reimburse a maximum of six radiographs for any one emergency;

(D) For clients under age six, radiographs may be billed separately every 12 months as follows:

(i) D0220 — once;

(ii) D0230 — a maximum of five times;

(iii) D0270 — a maximum of twice, or D0272 once;

(E) The Division shall reimburse for panoramic (D0330) or intra-oral complete series (D0210) once every five years, but both cannot be done within the five-year period;

(F) Clients ~~must~~shall be a minimum of six years old for billing intra-oral complete series (D0210). The minimum standards for reimbursement of intra-oral complete series are:

(i) For clients age six through 11- a minimum of ten (10) periapicals and two (2) bitewings for a total of 12 films;

(ii) For clients ages 12 and older - a minimum of ten (10) periapicals and four (4) bitewings for a total of 14 films;

(G) If fees for multiple single radiographs exceed the allowable reimbursement for a full mouth complete series (D0210), the Division shall reimburse for the complete series;

(H) Additional films may be covered if dentally or medically appropriate, e.g., fractures (Refer to OAR 410-123-1060 and 410-120-0000);

(I) If the Division determines the number of radiographs to be excessive, payment for some or all radiographs of the same tooth or area may be denied;

(J) The exception to these limitations is if the client is new to the office or clinic and the office or clinic ~~was~~ is unsuccessful in obtaining radiographs from the previous dental office or clinic. Supporting documentation outlining the provider's attempts to receive previous records ~~must~~ shall be included in the client's records;

(K) Digital radiographs, if printed, ~~should~~ shall be on photo paper to assure sufficient quality of images.

(3) Preventive Services:

(a) Prophylaxis:

(A) For children (under 19 years of age) — Limited to twice per 12 months;

(B) For adults (19 years of age and older) — Limited to once per 12 months;

(C) Additional prophylaxis benefit provisions may be available for persons with high risk oral conditions due to disease process, pregnancy, medications, or other medical treatments or conditions, severe periodontal disease, rampant caries and/or for persons with disabilities who cannot perform adequate daily oral health care;

(D) Are coded using the appropriate Current Dental Terminology (CDT) coding:

(i) D1110 (Prophylaxis — Adult) — Use for clients 14 years of age and older; and

(ii) D1120 (Prophylaxis — Child) — Use for clients under 14 years of age;

(b) Topical fluoride treatment:

(A) For adults (19 years of age and older) — Limited to once every 12 months;

(B) For children (under 19 years of age) — Limited to twice every 12 months;

(C) For children under 7<sup>19</sup> years of age, topical fluoride varnish may be applied by a medical practitioner during a medical visit:

(i) Bill the Division directly ~~regardless of whether~~when the client is fee-for-service (FFS) ~~or~~, is enrolled in a CCO ~~or that does not include integrated dental services~~, or is enrolled in a PHP; that does not include integrated dental services;

(ii) Bill the client's Coordinated Care Organization (CCO) if the client is enrolled in a CCO that includes integrated dental services;

(iii) Bill using a professional claim format with the appropriate CDT code (D1206 — Topical Fluoride Varnish);

(D) Additional topical fluoride treatments may be available, up to a total of four (4) treatments per client within a 12-month period, when high-risk conditions or oral health factors are clearly documented in chart notes for the following clients who:

(i) Have high-risk oral conditions due to disease process, medications, other medical treatments or conditions, or rampant caries;

(ii) Are pregnant;

(iii) Have physical disabilities and cannot perform adequate, daily oral health care;

(iv) Have a developmental disability or other severe cognitive impairment that cannot perform adequate, daily oral health care; or

(v) Are under seven years old with high-risk oral health factors, such as poor oral hygiene, deep pits and fissures (grooves) in teeth, severely crowded teeth, poor diet, etc;

(E) ~~Fluoride~~Fluoride limits include any combination of fluoride varnish (D1206) or other topical fluoride (D1208);

(c) Sealants (D1351):

(A) Are covered only for children under 16 years of age;

(B) The Division limits coverage to:

(i) Permanent molars; and

(ii) Only one sealant treatment per molar every five years, except for visible evidence of clinical failure;

(d) Tobacco cessation:

(A) For services provided during a dental visit, bill as a dental service using CDT code D1320 when the following brief counseling is provided:

(i) Ask patients about their tobacco-use status at each visit and record information in the chart;

(ii) Advise patients on their oral health conditions related to tobacco use and give direct advice to quit using tobacco and a strong personalized message to seek help; and

(iii) Refer patients who are ready to quit, utilizing internal and external resources, to complete the remaining three A's (assess, assist, arrange) of the standard intervention protocol for tobacco;

(B) The Division allows a maximum of ten (10) services within a three-month period;

(C) For tobacco cessation services provided during a medical visit, follow criteria outlined in OAR 410-130-0190;

(e) Space management:

(A) The Division shall cover fixed and removable space maintainers (D1510, D1515, D1520, and D1525) only for clients under 19 years of age;

(B) The Division may not reimburse for replacement of lost or damaged removable space maintainers.

(4) Restorative Services:

(a) Restorations — ~~amalgam~~ Amalgam and composite:

~~(A) The Division shall cover resin-based composite restorations only for anterior teeth (D2330-D2390) and one surface posterior teeth (D2391), direct:~~

~~(B)~~ (A) Resin-based composite crowns on anterior teeth (D2390) are only covered for clients under 21 years of age or who are pregnant;

~~(B)~~ (B) The Division reimburses posterior composite restorations at the same rate as amalgam restorations;

~~(C)~~ (C) The Division limits payment for replacement of posterior composite restorations to once every five years;

(D) The Division limits payment of covered restorations to the maximum restoration fee of four surfaces per tooth. Refer to the American Dental Association (ADA) CDT codebook for definitions of restorative procedures;

(E) Providers ~~must~~shall combine and bill multiple surface restorations as one line per tooth using the appropriate code. Providers may not bill multiple surface restorations performed on a single tooth on the same day on separate lines. For example, if tooth #30 has a buccal amalgam and a mesial-occlusal-distal (MOD) amalgam, then bill MOD, B, using code D2161 (four or more surfaces);

(F) The Division may not reimburse for an amalgam or composite restoration and a crown on the same tooth;

(G) Interim therapeutic restoration on primary dentition (D2941) is covered to restore and prevent progression of dental caries. Interim therapeutic restoration is not a definitive restoration.

(H) Reattachment of tooth fragment (D2921) is covered once in the lifetime of a tooth when there is no pulp exposure and no need for endodontic treatment.

(I) The Division reimburses for a surface not more than once in each treatment episode regardless of the number or combination of restorations;

(HJ) The restoration fee includes payment for occlusal adjustment and polishing of the restoration;

(b) CrownsIndirect crowns and related services:

(A) General payment policies:

(i) The fee for the crown includes payment for preparation of the gingival tissue;

(ii) The Division shall cover crowns only when:

(I) There is significant loss of clinical crown and no other restoration will restore function; and

(II) The crown-to-root ratio is 50:50 or better, and the tooth is restorable without other surgical procedures;

(iii) The Division shall cover core buildup (D2950) only when necessary to retain a cast restoration due to extensive loss of tooth structure from caries or a fracture and only when done in conjunction with a crown. Less than 50 percent% of the tooth structure must be remaining for coverage of the core buildup. ~~The Division may not cover core buildup if the crown is not covered under the client's OHP benefit package~~

(iv) Reimbursement of retention pins (D2951) is per tooth, not per pin;

(B) The Division shall not cover the following services:

(i) Endodontic therapy alone (with or without a post);

(ii) Aesthetics (cosmetics);

(iii) Crowns in cases of advanced periodontal disease or when a poor crown/root ratio exists for any reason;

(C) The Division shall cover acrylic heat or light cured crowns (D2970 temporary crown, fractured tooth) — allowed only for anterior permanent teeth;

(D) The Division shall cover the following only for clients under 21 years of age or who are pregnant:

(i) Prefabricated plastic crowns (D2932) —are allowed only for anterior teeth, permanent or primary;

(ii) Stainless steel crowns (D2930/D2931) —are allowed only for anterior primary teeth and posterior permanent or primary teeth;

(iii) Prefabricated stainless steel crowns with resin window (D2933) —are allowed only for anterior teeth, permanent or primary;

(iv) Prefabricated post and core in addition to crowns (D2954/D2957);

(v) Permanent crowns (resin-based composite — D2710 and D2712, and porcelain fused to metal (PFM) — D2751 and D2752) as follows:

(I) Limited to teeth numbers 6–11, 22 and 27 only, if dentally appropriate;

(II) Limited to four in a seven-year period. This limitation includes any replacement crowns allowed according to (E)(i) of this rule;

(III) Only for clients at least 16 years of age; and

(IV) Rampant caries are arrested, and the client demonstrates a period of oral hygiene before prosthetics are proposed;

(vi) PFM crowns (D2751 and D2752) ~~must~~shall also meet the following additional criteria:

(I) The dental practitioner has attempted all other dentally appropriate restoration options; and documented failure of those options;

(II) Written documentation in the client's chart indicates that PFM is the only restoration option that will restore function;

(III) The dental practitioner submits radiographs to the Division for review; history, diagnosis, and treatment plan may be requested. (See OAR ~~410-234~~410-123-1100 (Services Reviewed by the Division of Medical Assistance Programs));

(IV) The client has documented stable periodontal status with pocket depths within 1–3 millimeters. If PFM crowns are placed with pocket depths of 4 millimeters and over, documentation ~~must~~shall be maintained in the client's chart of the dentist's findings supporting stability and why the increased pocket depths will not adversely affect expected long-term prognosis;

(V) The crown has a favorable long-term prognosis; and

(VI) If the tooth to be crowned is a a clasp/abutment tooth in partial denture, both prognosis for the crown itself and the tooth's contribution to partial denture ~~must~~shall have favorable expected long-term prognosis;

(E) Crown replacement:

(i) Permanent crown replacement limited to once every seven years;

(ii) All other crown replacement limited to once every five years; and

(iii) The Division may make exceptions to crown replacement limitations due to acute trauma, based on the following factors:

(I) Extent of crown damage;

(II) Extent of damage to other teeth or crowns;

(III) Extent of impaired mastication;

(IV) Tooth is restorable without other surgical procedures; and

(V) If loss of tooth would result in coverage of removable prosthetic;

(F) Crown repair (D2980) is limited to only anterior teeth.

(5) Endodontic Services:

~~(a) Pulp capping:~~

~~(A) The Division includes direct and indirect pulp caps in the restoration fee; no additional payment shall be made for clients with the OHP Plus benefit package;~~

~~(B) The Division covers direct pulp caps as a separate service for clients with the OHP Standard benefit package because restorations are not a covered benefit under this benefit package;~~

~~(b) Endodontic therapy:~~

(A) Pulpal therapy on primary teeth (D3230 and D3240) is covered only for clients under 21 years of age;

(B) For permanent teeth:

(i) Anterior and bicuspid endodontic therapy (D3310 and D3320) is covered for all OHP Plus clients; and

(ii) Molar endodontic therapy (D3330):

(I) For clients through age 20, is covered only for first and second molars; and

(II) For clients age 21 and older who are pregnant, is covered only for first molars;

(C) The Division covers endodontics only if the crown-to-root ratio is 50:50 or better and the tooth is restorable without other surgical procedures;

(eb) Endodontic retreatment and apicoectomy/~~periradicular surgery~~:

(A) The Division does not cover retreatment of a previous root canal or apicoectomy/~~periradicular surgery~~ for bicuspid or molars;

(B) The Division limits either a retreatment or an apicoectomy (but not both procedures for the same tooth) to symptomatic anterior teeth when:

(i) Crown-to-root ratio is 50:50 or better;

(ii) The tooth is restorable without other surgical procedures; or

(iii) If loss of tooth would result in the need for removable prosthodontics;

(C) Retrograde filling (D3430) is covered only when done in conjunction with a covered apicoectomy of an anterior tooth;

(dc) The Division does not allow separate reimbursement for open-and-drain as a palliative procedure when the root canal is completed on the same date of service; or if the same practitioner or dental practitioner in the same group practice completed the procedure;

(ed) The Division covers endodontics if the tooth is restorable within the OHP benefit coverage package;

(fe) Apexification/recalcification and pulpal regeneration procedures:

(A) The Division limits payment for apexification to a maximum of five treatments on permanent teeth only;

(B) Apexification/recalcification and ~~pulpal regeneration~~ procedures are covered only for clients under 21 years of age or who are pregnant.

(6) Periodontic Services:

(a) Surgical periodontal services:

(A) Gingivectomy/Gingivoplasty (D4210 and D4211) — limited to coverage for severe gingival hyperplasia where enlargement of gum tissue occurs that prevents access to oral hygiene procedures, e.g., Dilantin hyperplasia; and

(B) Includes six months routine postoperative care;

(C) The Division shall consider ~~gingivectomy or gingivoplasty~~gingivoplasty to allow for access for restorative procedure, per tooth (D4212) as part of the restoration and will not provide a separate reimbursement for this procedure;

(b) Non-surgical periodontal services:

(A) Periodontal scaling and root planing (D4341 and D4342):

(i) For clients through age 20, allowed once every two years;

(ii) For clients age 21 and over, allowed once every three years;

(iii) A maximum of two quadrants on one date of service is payable, except in extraordinary circumstances;

(iv) Quadrants are not limited to physical area, but are further defined by the number of teeth with pockets 5 mm or greater:

(I) D4341 is allowed for quadrants with at least four or more teeth with pockets 5 mm or greater;

(II) D4342 is allowed for quadrants with at least two teeth with pocket depths of 5 mm or greater;

(v) Prior authorization for more frequent scaling and root planing may be requested when:

(I) Medically/dentally necessary due to periodontal disease as defined above is found during pregnancy; and

(II) Client's medical record is submitted that supports the need for increased scaling and root planing;

(B) Full mouth debridement (D4355):

- (i) For clients through age 20, allowed only once every two years;
- (ii) For clients age 21 and older, allowed once every three years;
- (c) Periodontal maintenance (D4910):
  - (A) For clients through age 20, allowed once every six months;
  - (B) For clients age 21 and older:
    - (i) Limited to following periodontal therapy (surgical or non-surgical) that is documented to have occurred within the past three years;
    - (ii) Allowed once every twelve months;
    - (iii) Prior authorization for more frequent periodontal maintenance may be requested when:
      - (I) Medically/dentally necessary, such as due to presence of periodontal disease during pregnancy; and
      - (II) Client's medical record is submitted that supports the need for increased periodontal maintenance (chart notes, pocket depths and radiographs);
- (d) Records ~~must~~shall clearly document the clinical indications for all periodontal procedures, including current pocket depth charting and/or radiographs;
- (e) The Division may not reimburse for procedures identified by the following codes if performed on the same date of service:
  - (A) D1110 (Prophylaxis — adult);
  - (B) D1120 (Prophylaxis — child);
  - (C) D4210 (Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty — four or more contiguous teeth or bounded teeth spaces per quadrant);
  - (D) D4211 (Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty — one to three contiguous teeth or bounded teeth spaces per quadrant);
  - (E) D4341 (Periodontal scaling and root planning — four or more teeth per quadrant);
  - (F) D4342 (Periodontal scaling and root planning — one to three teeth per quadrant);
  - (G) D4355 (Full mouth debridement to enable comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis); and
  - (H) D4910 (Periodontal maintenance).

(7) Removable Prosthodontic Services:

(a) Clients age 16 years and older are eligible for removable resin base partial dentures (D5211-D5212) and full dentures (complete or immediate, D5110-D5140);

(b) The Division limits full dentures for clients age 21 and older to only those clients who are recently edentulous:

(A) For the purposes of this rule:

(i) "Edentulous" means all teeth removed from the jaw for which the denture is being provided; and

(ii) "Recently edentulous" means the most recent extractions from that jaw occurred within six months of the delivery of the final denture (or, for fabricated prosthetics, the final impression) for that jaw;

(B) See OAR 410-123-1000 for detail regarding billing fabricated prosthetics;

(c) The fee for the partial and full dentures includes payment for adjustments during the six-month period following delivery to clients;

(d) Resin partial dentures (D5211-D5212):

(A) The Division may not approve resin partial dentures if stainless steel crowns are used as abutments;

| (B) For clients through age 20, the client ~~must~~shall have one or more anterior teeth missing or four or more missing posterior teeth per arch with resulting space equivalent to that loss demonstrating inability to masticate. Third molars are not a consideration when counting missing teeth;

| (C) For clients age 21 and older, the client ~~must~~shall have one or more missing anterior teeth or six or more missing posterior teeth per arch with documentation by the provider of resulting space causing serious impairment to ~~mastication~~mastication. Third molars are not a consideration when counting missing teeth;

| (D) The dental practitioner ~~must~~shall note the teeth to be replaced and teeth to be clasped when requesting prior authorization (PA);

(e) Replacement of removable partial or full dentures, when it cannot be made clinically serviceable by a less costly procedure (e.g., relin, rebase, repair, tooth replacement), is limited to the following:

| (A) For clients at least 16 years and under 21 years of age, —the Division shall replace full or partial dentures once every ten years, only if dentally appropriate. This does not imply that

replacement of dentures or partials ~~must~~shall be done once every ten years, but only when dentally appropriate;

(B) For clients 21 years of age and older, ~~the~~ Division may not cover replacement of full dentures, but shall cover replacement of partial dentures once every ten (10) years only if dentally appropriate;

(C) The ten year limitations apply to the client regardless of the client's OHP or Dental Care Organization (DCO),/Coordinated Care Organization (CCO) enrollment status at the time the client's last denture or partial was received. For example: Aa client receives a partial on February 1, 2002, and becomes a FFS OHP client in 2005. The client is not eligible for a replacement partial until February 1, 2012. The client gets a replacement partial on February 3, 2012 while FFS and a year later enrolls in a DCO, or CCO. The client would not be eligible for another partial until February 3, 2022, regardless of DCO, CCO, or FFS enrollment;

(D) Replacement of partial dentures with full dentures is payable ten years after the partial denture placement. Exceptions to this limitation may be made in cases of acute trauma or catastrophic illness that directly or indirectly affects the oral condition and results in additional tooth loss. This pertains to, but is not limited to, cancer and periodontal disease resulting from pharmacological, surgical, ~~and/or~~ medical treatment for aforementioned conditions. Severe periodontal disease due to neglect of daily oral hygiene may not warrant replacement;

(f) The Division limits reimbursement of adjustments and repairs of dentures that are needed beyond six months after delivery of the denture as follows for clients 21 years of age and older:

(A) A maximum of 4~~four~~ times per year for:

(i) Adjusting complete and partial dentures, per arch (D5410-D5422);

(ii) Replacing missing or broken teeth on a complete denture, —each tooth (D5520);

(iii) Replacing broken tooth on a partial denture, — each tooth (D5640);

(iv) Adding tooth to existing partial denture (D5650);

(B) A maximum of 2~~two~~ times per year for:

(i) Repairing broken complete denture base (D5510);

(ii) Repairing partial resin denture base (D5610);

(iii) Repairing partial cast framework (D5620);

(iv) Repairing or replacing broken clasp (D5630);

(v) Adding clasp to existing partial denture (D5660);

(g) Replacement of all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework (D5670D5671):

(A) Is covered for clients age 16 and older a maximum of once every ten (10) years, per arch;

(B) Ten years or more ~~must~~shall have passed since the original partial denture was delivered;

(C) Is considered replacement of the partial so a new partial denture may not be reimbursed for another ~~to~~ten years; and

(D) Requires prior authorization as it is considered a replacement partial denture;

(h) Denture rebase procedures:

(A) The Division shall cover rebases only if a reline may not adequately solve the problem;

(B) For clients through age 20, the Division limits payment for rebase to once every three years;

(C) For clients age 21 and older:

(i) There ~~must~~shall be documentation of a current reline ~~which~~that has been done and failed; and

(ii) The Division limits payment for rebase to once every five years;

(D) The Division may make exceptions to this limitation in cases of acute trauma or catastrophic illness that directly or indirectly affects the oral condition and results in additional tooth loss.

This pertains to, but is not limited to, cancer and periodontal disease resulting from pharmacological, surgical, and medical treatment for aforementioned conditions. Severe periodontal disease due to neglect of daily oral hygiene may not warrant rebasing;

(i) Denture reline procedures:

(A) For clients through age 20, the Division limits payment for reline of complete or partial dentures to once every three years;

(B) For clients age 21 and older, the Division limits payment for reline of complete or partial dentures to once every five years;

(C) The Division may make exceptions to this limitation under the same conditions warranting replacement;

(D) Laboratory relines:

(i) Are not payable prior to six months after placement of an immediate denture; and

(ii) For clients through age 20, are limited to once every three years;

(iii) For clients age 21 and older, are limited to once every five years;

(j) Interim partial dentures (D5820-D5821, also referred to as “flippers”):

(A) Are allowed if the client has one or more anterior teeth missing; and

(B) The Division shall reimburse for replacement of interim partial dentures once every ~~5~~five years; but only when dentally appropriate;

(k) Tissue conditioning:

(A) Is allowed once per denture unit in conjunction with immediate dentures; and

(B) Is allowed once prior to new prosthetic placement.

(8) Maxillofacial Prosthetic Services:

(a) Fluoride gel carrier (D5986) is limited to those patients whose severity of oral disease causes the increased cleaning and fluoride treatments allowed in rule to be insufficient. The dental practitioner ~~must~~shall document failure of those options prior to use of the fluoride gel carrier;

(b) All other maxillofacial prosthetics (D5900-D5999) are medical services. Refer to the “Covered and Non-Covered Dental Services” document and OAR 410-123-1220:

(A) Bill for medical maxillofacial prosthetics using the professional (CMS1500, DMAP 505 or 837P) claim format:

(B) For clients receiving services through a CCO or PHP, bill medical maxillofacial prosthetics to the CCO or PHP;

(C) For clients receiving medical services through FFS, bill the Division.

(9) Oral Surgery Services:

(a) Bill the following procedures in an accepted dental claim format using CDT codes:

(A) Procedures that are directly related to the teeth and supporting structures that are not due to a medical condition or diagnosis, including such procedures performed in an ambulatory surgical center (ASC) or an inpatient or outpatient hospital setting;

(B) Services performed in a dental office setting (~~including~~or an oral surgeon’s office):

(i) Such services include, but are not limited to, all dental procedures, local anesthesia, surgical postoperative care, radiographs, and follow-up visits;

(ii) Refer to OAR 410-123-1160 for any PA requirements for specific procedures;

(b) Bill the following procedures using the professional claim format and the appropriate American Medical Association (AMA) CPT procedure and ICD9 diagnosis codes:

(A) Procedures that are a result of a medical condition (i.e., fractures, cancer);

(B) Services requiring hospital dentistry that are the result of a medical condition/diagnosis (i.e., fracture, cancer);

(c) Refer to the “Covered and Non-Covered Dental Services” document to see a list of CDT procedure codes on the Prioritized List that may also have CPT medical codes. See OAR 410-123-1220. The procedures listed as “medical” on the table may be covered as medical procedures, and the table may not be all-inclusive of every dental code that has a corresponding medical code;

(d) For clients enrolled in a DCO or CCO responsible for dental services, the DCO, or CCO shall pay for those services in the dental plan package;

(e) Oral surgical services performed in an ASC or an inpatient or outpatient hospital setting:

(A) Require PA;

(B) For clients enrolled in a CCO or FCHP, the CCO or FCHP shall pay for the facility charge and anesthesia services. For clients enrolled in a Physician Care Organization (PCO), the PCO shall pay for the outpatient facility charge (including ASCs) and anesthesia. Refer to the current Medical Surgical Services administrative rules in OAR chapter 410, division 130 for more information;

(C) If a client is enrolled in a CCO or PHP, the provider ~~must~~shall contact the CCO or PHP for any required authorization before the service is rendered;

(f) All codes listed as “by report” require an operative report;

(g) The Division covers payment for tooth re-implantation only in cases of traumatic avulsion where there are good indications of success;

(h) Biopsies collected are reimbursed as a dental service. Laboratory services of biopsies are reimbursed as a medical service;

(i) The Division does not cover surgical excisions of soft tissue lesions (D7410-D7415);

(j) Extractions — Includes local anesthesia and routine postoperative care, including treatment of a dry socket if done by the provider of the extraction. Dry socket is not considered a separate service;

(k) Surgical extractions:

(A) Include local anesthesia and routine post-operative care;

(B) The Division limits payment for surgical removal of impacted teeth or removal of residual tooth roots to treatment for only those teeth that have acute infection or abscess, severe tooth pain, and/or unusual swelling of the face or gums;

(C) The Division does not cover alveoplasty in conjunction with extractions (D7310 and D7311) separately from the extraction;

(D) The Division covers alveoplasty not in conjunction with extractions (D7320-D7321) only for clients under 21 years of age or who are pregnant;

(l) Frenulectomy/frenulotomy (D7960) and frenuloplasty (D7963):

(A) The Division covers either frenulectomy or frenuloplasty once per lifetime per arch only for clients under age 21;

(B) The Division covers maxillary labial frenulectomy only for clients age 12 through 20;

(C) The Division shall cover frenulectomy/frenuloplasty in the following situations:

(i) When the client has ankyloglossia;

(ii) When the condition is deemed to cause gingival recession; or

(iii) When the condition is deemed to cause movement of the gingival margin when the frenum is placed under tension;

(m) The Division covers excision of pericoronal gingival (D7971) only for clients under age 21 or who are pregnant.

(10) Orthodontia Services:

(a) The Division limits orthodontia services and extractions to eligible clients:

(A) With the ICD-9-CM diagnosis of:

(i) Cleft palate; or

(ii) Cleft palate with cleft lip; and

(B) Whose orthodontia treatment began prior to 21 years of age; or

(C) Whose surgical corrections of cleft palate or cleft lip were not completed prior to age 21;

(b) PA is required for orthodontia exams and records. A referral letter from a physician or dentist indicating diagnosis of cleft palate or cleft lip ~~must~~shall be included in the client's record and a copy sent with the PA request;

(c) Documentation in the client's record ~~must~~shall include diagnosis, length, and type of treatment;

(d) Payment for appliance therapy includes the appliance and all follow-up visits;

(e) Orthodontists evaluate orthodontia treatment for cleft palate/cleft lip as two phases. Stage one is generally the use of an activator (palatal expander), and stage two is generally the placement of fixed appliances (banding). The Division shall reimburse each phase separately;

(f) The Division shall pay for orthodontia in one lump sum at the beginning of each phase of treatment. Payment for each phase is for all orthodontia-related services. If the client transfers to another orthodontist during treatment, or treatment is terminated for any reason, the orthodontist ~~must~~shall refund to the Division any unused amount of payment; after applying the following formula: Total payment minus \$300.00 (for banding) multiplied by the percentage of treatment remaining;

(g) The Division shall use the length of the treatment plan from the original request for authorization to determine the number of treatment months remaining;

(h) As long as the orthodontist continues treatment, the Division may not require a refund even though the client may become ineligible for medical assistance sometime during the treatment period;

(i) Code:

(A) D8660 — PA required (reimbursement for required orthodontia records is included);

(B) Codes D8010-D8690 — PA required.

(11) Adjunctive General and Other Services:

(a) Fixed partial denture sectioning (D9120) is covered only when extracting a tooth connected to a fixed prosthesis and a portion of the fixed prosthesis is to remain intact and serviceable, preventing the need for more costly treatment;

(b) Anesthesia:

(A) Only use general anesthesia or IV sedation for those clients with concurrent needs: age; physical, medical or mental status; or degree of difficulty of the procedure (D9220, D9221, D9241 and D9242);

(B) The Division reimburses providers for general anesthesia or IV sedation as follows:

(i) D9220 or D9241: For the first 30 minutes;

(ii) D9221 or D9242: For each additional 15-minute period, up to three hours on the same day of service. Each 15-minute period represents a quantity of one. Enter this number in the quantity column;

(C) The Division reimburses administration of Nitrous Oxide (D9230) per date of service, not by time;

(D) Oral pre-medication anesthesia for conscious sedation (D9248):

(i) Limited to clients under 13 years of age;

(ii) Limited to four times per year;

(iii) Includes payment for monitoring and Nitrous Oxide; and

(iv) Requires use of multiple agents to receive payment;

(E) Upon request, providers ~~must~~shall submit a copy of their permit to administer anesthesia, analgesia, and sedation to the Division;

(F) For the purpose of Title XIX and Title XXI, the Division limits payment for code D9630 to those oral medications used during a procedure and is not intended for "take home" medication;

(c) The Division limits reimbursement of house/extended care facility call (D9410) only for urgent or emergent dental visits that occur outside of a dental office. This code is not reimbursable for provision of preventive services or for services provided outside of the office for the provider or facilities' convenience;

(d) Oral devices/appliances (E0485, E0486):

(A) These may be placed or fabricated by a dentist or oral surgeon; but are considered a medical service;

(B) Bill the Division, CCO, or the PHP for these codes using the professional claim format.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 413.042, 414.065 & 414.707

Stats. Implemented: ORS 414.065 & 414.707

Rule rewritten

410-123-1540

Citizen/Alien-Waived Emergency Medical (CAWEM)

(1) CAWEM clients who are not pregnant (benefit package identifier CWM) have a limited benefit package. Dental coverage is limited to dental services provided in an emergency department hospital setting. Refer to OAR 410-120-1210(4)(e).

(2) CAWEM clients who are pregnant (benefit package identifier CWX) receive the OHP Plus dental benefit package as described in OAR 410-123-1260.

(3) All CAWEM clients are exempt from enrollment in a Dental Care Organization (DCO) or Coordinated Care Organization (CCO). Providers must bill the Division directly for any allowable services provided.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 413.042 & 414.065

Stats. Implemented: ORS 414.065