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OREGON ADMINISTRATIVE RULE
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT BOARD
CHAPTER 459
DIVISION 5 – ADMINISTRATION

1 **459-005-0001**

2 **Definitions, Generally**

3 The words and phrases used in OAR Chapter 459 have the same meaning given them
4 in ORS chapters 237, 238, 238A, and 243 unless otherwise indicated. Specific and
5 additional terms used in OAR Chapter 459 generally are defined as follows unless context
6 requires otherwise:

7 (1) “Ad hoc” means one-time for a specific purpose, case, or situation without
8 consideration of a broader application.

9 (2) “After-tax” contributions means:

10 (a) Member contributions required or permitted by ORS 238.200 or 238.515, which a
11 participating employer has not elected to “pick up,” assume or pay in accordance with
12 ORS 238.205 and 238.515(b). “After-tax” contributions are included in the member’s
13 taxable income for purposes of state or federal income taxation at the time paid to PERS.

14 “After-tax” contributions are included in computing FAS and in computing the employer’s
15 contributions paid to PERS.

16 (b) Payments made by a member to PERS for the purchase of additional benefits.

17 (3) “Before-tax” contributions means member contributions required or permitted by
18 ORS 238.200 or 238.515, which a participating employer has elected to “pick up,” assume
19 or pay in accordance with ORS 238.205 and 238.515(b). “Before-tax” contributions are not
20 included in the member’s taxable income for purposes of state or federal income taxation
21 at the time paid to PERS. “Before-tax” contributions are included in:

22 (a) Computing final average salary; and

1 (b) Computing the employer’s contributions paid to PERS if the employer has elected
2 to “pick up” the member contributions.

3 (4) “Business day” means a day Monday through Friday when PERS is open for
4 business.

5 (5) “Calendar month” means a full month beginning with the first calendar day of a
6 month and ending on the last calendar day of that month.

7 (6) “Calendar year” means 12 consecutive calendar months beginning on January 1
8 and ending on December 31.

9 (7) “Casual worker” means an individual engaged for incidental, occasional, irregular,
10 or unscheduled intervals or for a period of less than six consecutive calendar months.

11 (8) “Contributions” means any contributions required or permitted pursuant to ORS
12 238.200 or 238.515.

13 (9) “Differential wage payment” means a payment made on or after January 1, 2009:

14 (a) By an employer to a member with respect to any period during which the member
15 is performing service in the uniformed services, as defined in USERRA, while on active
16 duty for a period of more than 30 consecutive days; and

17 (b) That represents all or a portion of the wages the member would have received
18 from the employer if the member were performing service for the employer.

19 (10) “Effective date of withdrawal” means the later of:

20 (a) The first day of the calendar month in which PERS receives the last completed
21 document required from a member who requested a withdrawal; or

1 (b) The first day of the second calendar month following the calendar month in which
2 the member terminated employment with all participating employers and all employers in
3 a controlled group with a participating employer.

4 (11) “Effective retirement date” means:

5 (a) For service retirements, the date described in OAR 459-013-0260; or

6 (b) For disability retirements, the date described in OAR 459-015-0001.

7 (12) “Elected official” means an individual who is a public official holding an elective
8 office or an appointive office with a fixed term for the state or for a political subdivision of
9 the state who has elected to participate in PERS pursuant to ORS 238.015(5).

10 (13) “Emergency worker” means an individual engaged in case of emergency,
11 including fire, storm, earthquake, or flood.

12 (14) “Employee” has the same meaning as provided in ORS 238.005 and shall be
13 determined in accordance with OAR 459-010-0030.

14 (a) For the purposes of ORS 238.005 to 238.750 the term “employee” includes public
15 officers whether elected or appointed for a fixed term.

16 (b) The term “employee” does not include:

17 (A) A member of the governing board of a political subdivision unless the individual
18 qualifies for membership under ORS 238.015.

19 (B) An individual who performs services for a public employer as a contractor in an
20 independently established business or as an employee of that contractor as determined in
21 accordance with OAR 459-010-0032.

1 (C) An individual providing volunteer service to a public employer without
2 compensation for hours of service as a volunteer, except for volunteer firefighters who
3 establish membership in accordance with ORS 238.015(6).

4 (15) “Employer contribution account” means a record of employer contributions to the
5 Fund, as required by ORS 238.225(1), and investment earnings attributable to those
6 contributions, that the Board has credited to the account after deducting amounts required
7 or permitted by ORS Chapter 238.

8 (16) “Employment” is compensated service to a participating employer as an
9 employee whose:

10 (a) Period or periods of employment includes only the actual hours of compensated
11 service with a participating employer as an employee; and

12 (b) Compensated service includes, but is not limited to, paid vacation, paid sick leave,
13 or other paid leave.

14 (17) “Estimate” means a projection of benefits prepared by staff of a service or
15 disability retirement allowance, a death or a refund payment. An estimate is not a
16 guarantee or promise of actual benefits that eventually may become due and payable, and
17 PERS is not bound by any estimates it provides.

18 (18) “FAS” and “final average salary” have the same meaning as provided in:

19 (a) ORS 238.005 for all PERS Tier One members;

20 (b) ORS 238.435(2) for all PERS Tier Two members who are not employed by a local
21 government as defined in ORS 174.116;

22 (c) ORS 238.435(4) for all PERS Tier Two members who are employed by a local
23 government as defined in ORS 174.116; or

1 (d) ORS 238.535(2) for judge members of PERS for service as a judge.

2 (19) “General service member” means membership in PERS as other than a judge
3 member, a police officer, a firefighter, or a legislator.

4 (20) “Good cause” means a cause beyond the reasonable control of an individual.
5 “Good cause” exists when it is established by satisfactory evidence that factors or
6 circumstances are beyond the reasonable control of a rational and prudent individual of
7 normal sensitivity, exercising ordinary common sense.

8 (21) “Independent contractor” means an individual or business entity that is not
9 subject to the direction and control of the employing entity as determined in accordance
10 with OAR 459-010-0032.

11 (22) “Judge member” has the same meaning as provided in ORS 238.500(3). For
12 purposes of this chapter, active, inactive, and retired membership of a judge member shall
13 have the same meaning as provided in ORS 238.005.

14 (23) “Legislator” means an individual elected or appointed to the Oregon Legislative
15 Assembly who has elected to participate in PERS for their legislative service.

16 (24) “Member cost” means after-tax member contributions and payments made by or
17 on behalf of a member to purchase additional benefits.

18 (25) “Participating employer” means a public employer who has one or more
19 employees who are active members of PERS.

20 (26) “PERS” and “system” have the same meaning as the Public Employees
21 Retirement System in ORS 238.600.

22 (27) “Public university” means a public university with a governing board as
23 listed in ORS 352.002.

1 ~~[(27)]~~(28) “Qualifying position” has the same meaning as provided in ORS 238.005
2 and OAR 459-010-0003.

3 ~~[(28)]~~(29) “Regular account” means the account established under ORS 238.250 for
4 each active and inactive member who has made contributions to the Fund or the account of
5 an alternate payee of such a member.

6 ~~[(29)]~~(30) “Salary” has the same meaning as provided in ORS 238.005.

7 (a) “Salary” includes a differential wage payment, as defined in this rule.

8 (b) For a Tier One member, a lump sum payment for accrued vacation pay is
9 considered salary:

10 (A) In determining employee and employer contributions.

11 (B) In determining final average salary for the purpose of calculating PERS benefits.

12 (c) For a Tier Two member, a lump sum payment for accrued vacation pay:

13 (A) Is considered salary in determining employee and employer contributions.

14 (B) Is not considered salary in determining final average salary for the purpose of
15 calculating PERS benefits.

16 ~~[(30)]~~(31) “Seasonal worker” means an individual whose engagement is characterized
17 as recurring for defined periods that are natural divisions of the employer’s business cycle
18 or services.

19 ~~[(31)]~~(32) “Staff” means the employees of the Public Employees Retirement System
20 as provided for in ORS 238.645.

21 ~~[(32)]~~(33) “Tier One member” means a member who established membership in the
22 system before January 1, 1996, as defined in ORS 238.430(2).

1 ~~[(33)]~~(34) “Tier Two member” means a member who established membership in the
2 system on or after January 1, 1996, in accordance with ORS 238.430.

3 ~~[(34)]~~(35) “USERRA” means the federal Uniformed Services Employment and
4 Reemployment Rights Act of 1994, 38 U.S.C. 4301-4334, as in effect on the effective date
5 of this rule.

6 ~~[(35)]~~(36) “Vacation pay” means a lump sum payment for accrued leave in a Vacation
7 Leave Program provided by a public employer which grants a period of exemption from
8 work for rest and relaxation with pay, and does not include:

- 9 (a) Sick leave programs;
- 10 (b) Programs allowing the accumulation of compensatory time, holiday pay or other
11 special leaves unless the public employer’s governing body indicates by resolution,
12 ordinance, or other legislative process, that such leave is intended to serve as additional
13 vacation leave; and

- 14 (c) Other programs, such as a Personal Time Off (PTO) plan, which are a combination
15 of vacation, sick, bereavement, personal and other leaves of pay as defined and described
16 by a public employer unless the employer has a written policy that clearly indicates the
17 percentage of the plan that represents vacation leave. If the employer’s PTO has a cash
18 option, the employer must report to PERS the amount of any lump sum pay-off for the
19 percentage that represents vacation leave.

20 ~~[(36)]~~(37) “Variable account” and “member variable account” mean the account in
21 the Variable Annuity Account established under ORS 238.260(2) for each active and
22 inactive member who has elected to have amounts paid or transferred into the Variable
23 Annuity Account.

1 ~~[(37)]~~(38) “Variable Annuity Account” means the account established in ORS
2 238.260(2).

3 ~~[(38)]~~(39) “Volunteer” means an individual who performs a service for a public
4 employer, and who receives no compensation for the service performed. The term
5 “volunteer” does not include an individual whose compensation received from the same
6 public employer for similar service within the same calendar year exceeds the reasonable
7 market value for such service.

8 ~~[(39)]~~(40) “Working day” means a day that the employer is open for business. Unless
9 the employer communicates this information to PERS, PERS will presume an employer’s
10 “working day” is the same as a “business day,” as defined in section (4) of this rule.

11 ~~[(40)]~~(41) “Year” means any period of 12 consecutive calendar months.

12 Stat. Auth.: ORS 238.650

13 Stats. Implemented: ORS 238