Milliman
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November 2015

Harney County/2004
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Harney County/2004

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Harney County -- #2004

November 2015

Secondary Employers

2041 Harney District Hospital

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Harney County to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Harney County.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Harney County

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	15.67%	14.82%	19.38%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(2.18%)	(2.18%)	(2.18%)	(2.18%)	(2.18%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**18.49%**	**17.64%**	**22.20%**	**10.92%**	**15.72%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**18.99%**	**18.14%**	**22.70%**	**11.35%**	**16.15%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Harney County

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$6,482,617	$2,829,546
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(718,471)	(720,981)
Transition liability/(surplus)	(886,121)	(924,999)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	458,973	263,867
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	5,336,998	1,447,433
Combined valuation payroll	4,014,748	3,731,888
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	133%	39%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	(2.18%)	(2.32%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$31,912	$51,653
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$622,231	$111,317	15.39%	$674,598	$103,821
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	803,654	99,975	10.57%	756,829	79,997
Total General Service		**1,425,885**	**211,292**		**1,431,427**	**183,818**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	49,023	10,555	17.62%	123,079	21,687
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	278,126	52,844	15.63%	265,204	41,451
Total Police & Fire		**327,149**	**63,399**		**388,283**	**63,138**
Total		**$1,753,034**	**$274,691**		**$1,819,710**	**$246,956**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**14.82%**			**12.84%**
Police & Fire			**19.38%**			**16.26%**
Aggregate (Default)			**15.67%**			**13.57%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($924,999)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(2.55%)
B. Actual employer payroll	1,943,171
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(49,551)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(2.55%)
B. Actual employer payroll	2,080,882
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(53,062)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(63,735)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($886,121)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(886,121)	(924,999)
2. Combined valuation payroll	4,014,748	3,731,888
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(2.18%)**	**(2.32%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	4,014,748	3,731,888
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Harney Hospital/2855
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Harney Hospital/2855

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Harney Hospital -- #2855

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Harney Hospital to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Harney Hospital.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Harney Hospital

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	14.31%	14.31%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(4.30%)	(4.30%)	(4.30%)	(4.30%)	(4.30%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**16.78%**	**16.78%**	**22.55%**	**10.57%**	**15.37%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**17.28%**	**17.28%**	**23.05%**	**11.00%**	**15.80%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Harney Hospital

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$13,574,941	$5,806,317
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(3,653,918)	(3,970,213)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	961,114	541,464
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	10,882,137	2,377,568
Combined valuation payroll	8,407,093	7,657,953
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	129%	31%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(4.30%)	(4.84%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$66,825	$105,994
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2014	Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2013
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$797,484	$142,670	15.39%	$830,119	$127,755
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	1,523,332	189,503	10.57%	1,485,326	156,999
Total General Service		**2,320,816**	**332,173**		**2,315,445**	**284,754**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$2,320,816**	**$332,173**		**$2,315,445**	**$284,754**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**14.31%**			**12.30%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**14.31%**			**12.30%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($3,970,213)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(7.14%)
B. Actual employer payroll	3,946,279
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(281,764)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(7.14%)
B. Actual employer payroll	4,164,447
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(297,342)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(262,811)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($3,653,918)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(3,653,918)	(3,970,213)
2. Combined valuation payroll	8,407,093	7,657,953
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(4.30%)**	**(4.84%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	8,407,093	7,657,953
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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November 2015

Harrisburg Fire/Rescue/2819
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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Milliman

November 2015
Harrisburg Fire/Rescue/2819

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Harrisburg Fire&Rescue -- #2819

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Harrisburg Fire/Rescue to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Harrisburg Fire/Rescue.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Harrisburg Fire/Rescue

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	19.00%	15.16%	19.00%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(1.31%)	(1.31%)	(1.31%)	(1.31%)	(1.31%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**22.69%**	**18.85%**	**22.69%**	**11.79%**	**16.59%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**23.19%**	**19.35%**	**23.19%**	**12.22%**	**17.02%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Harrisburg Fire/Rescue

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$129,617	$106,781
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(14,365)	(27,208)
Transition liability/(surplus)	(10,626)	(10,543)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	9,177	9,958
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	113,803	78,988
Combined valuation payroll	80,273	140,834
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	142%	56%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	(1.31%)	(0.70%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$638	$1,949
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	10,693	2,032	15.63%	10,734	1,678
Total Police & Fire		**10,693**	**2,032**		**10,734**	**1,678**
Total		**$10,693**	**$2,032**		**$10,734**	**$1,678**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**13.02%**
Police & Fire			**19.00%**			**15.63%**
Aggregate (Default)			**19.00%**			**15.63%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($10,543)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(0.52%)
B. Actual employer payroll	66,865
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(348)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(0.52%)
B. Actual employer payroll	64,192
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(333)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(764)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($10,626)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(10,626)	(10,543)
2. Combined valuation payroll	80,273	140,834
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(1.31%)**	**(0.70%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	80,273	140,834
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

High Desert Parks & Recreation District/2838
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
High Desert Parks & Recreation District/2838

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

High Desert Parks & Recreation District -- #2838

November 2015

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This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for High Desert Parks & Recreation District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to High Desert Parks & Recreation District.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for High Desert Parks & Recreation District

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	16.05%	15.16%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	1.52%	1.52%	1.52%	1.52%	1.52%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**22.57%**	**21.68%**	**26.60%**	**14.62%**	**19.42%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**23.07%**	**22.18%**	**27.10%**	**15.05%**	**19.85%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

High Desert Parks & Recreation District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$10,775	$19,036
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(1,194)	(4,851)
Transition liability/(surplus)	1,023	1,045
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	763	1,775
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	11,367	17,005
Combined valuation payroll	6,673	25,107
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	170%	68%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	1.52%	0.39%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$53	$348
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	25,107	2,654
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**25,107**	**2,654**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$0**	**$0**		**$25,107**	**$2,654**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**10.57%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**16.05%**			**10.57%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$1,045
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.39%
B. Actual employer payroll	12,161
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	47
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.39%
B. Actual employer payroll	12,541
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	49
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	74
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$1,023**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	1,023	1,045
2. Combined valuation payroll	6,673	25,107
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**1.52%**	**0.39%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	6,673	25,107
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Hood River County/2035
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Hood River County/2035

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Hood River County -- #2035

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Hood River County to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Hood River County.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Hood River County

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	15.66%	14.76%	20.14%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(4.31%)	(4.31%)	(4.31%)	(4.31%)	(4.31%)
Side account rate relief [2]	(7.95%)	(7.95%)	(7.95%)	(7.95%)	(7.95%)
Net pension contribution rate	**10.17%**	**9.27%**	**14.65%**	**2.61%**	**7.41%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**10.67%**	**9.77%**	**15.15%**	**3.04%**	**7.84%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Hood River County

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$11,000,121	$5,023,411
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(2,967,996)	(3,011,196)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	778,815	468,455
Side account	5,479,500	5,480,428
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	3,331,440	(2,999,758)
Combined valuation payroll	6,812,482	6,625,378
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	49%	(45%)
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(4.31%)	(4.25%)
Side account rate relief	(7.95%)	(7.73%)
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$54,150	$91,702
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$1,566,151	$280,184	15.39%	$1,567,092	$241,175
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	2,118,794	263,578	10.57%	2,315,274	244,724
Total General Service		**3,684,945**	**543,762**		**3,882,366**	**485,899**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	332,422	71,570	17.62%	319,888	56,364
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	407,162	77,361	15.63%	388,568	60,733
Total Police & Fire		**739,584**	**148,931**		**708,456**	**117,097**
Total		**$4,424,529**	**$692,693**		**$4,590,822**	**$602,996**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**14.76%**			**12.52%**
Police & Fire			**20.14%**			**16.53%**
Aggregate (Default)			**15.66%**			**13.13%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($3,011,196)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(3.92%)
B. Actual employer payroll	3,186,761
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(124,921)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(3.92%)
B. Actual employer payroll	3,361,062
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(131,754)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(213,475)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($2,967,996)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(2,967,996)	(3,011,196)
2. Combined valuation payroll	6,812,482	6,625,378
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(4.31%)**	**(4.25%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**	**$5,480,428**	**$5,480,428**
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014		(395,173)	(395,173)
5. Side account earnings during 2014		395,245	395,245
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***		**$5,479,500**	**$5,479,500**

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	$5,479,500	$5,480,428
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$5,479,500**	**$5,480,428**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$5,479,500	$5,480,428
2. Combined valuation payroll	6,812,482	6,625,378
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	(7.95%)	(7.73%)

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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November 2015

Hoodland Fire District #74/2607
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Hoodland Fire District #74/2607

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Hoodland Fire District #74 -- #2607

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Hoodland Fire District #74 to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Hoodland Fire District #74.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Hoodland Fire District #74

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	19.99%	12.44%	21.04%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(2.07%)	(2.07%)	(2.07%)	(2.07%)	(2.07%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**22.92%**	**15.37%**	**23.97%**	**11.03%**	**15.83%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**23.42%**	**15.87%**	**24.47%**	**11.46%**	**16.26%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Hoodland Fire District #74

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$1,248,832	$692,770
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(138,409)	(176,521)
Transition liability/(surplus)	(161,656)	(171,175)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	88,418	64,604
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	1,037,185	409,678
Combined valuation payroll	773,414	913,694
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	134%	45%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	(2.07%)	(1.75%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$6,148	$12,647
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	58,531	7,281	10.57%	52,237	5,521
Total General Service		**58,531**	**7,281**		**52,237**	**5,521**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	340,078	73,219	17.62%	400,937	70,645
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	81,578	15,500	15.63%	269,242	42,083
Total Police & Fire		**421,656**	**88,719**		**670,179**	**112,728**
Total		**$480,187**	**$96,000**		**$722,416**	**$118,249**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**12.44%**			**10.57%**
Police & Fire			**21.04%**			**16.82%**
Aggregate (Default)			**19.99%**			**16.37%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($171,175)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(2.26%)
B. Actual employer payroll	458,980
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(10,373)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(2.26%)
B. Actual employer payroll	476,707
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(10,773)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(11,627)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($161,656)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(161,656)	(171,175)
2. Combined valuation payroll	773,414	913,694
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(2.07%)**	**(1.75%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	773,414	913,694
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Horsefly Irrigation District/2510
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Horsefly Irrigation District/2510

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Horsefly Irrigation District -- #2510

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Horsefly Irrigation District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Horsefly Irrigation District.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Horsefly Irrigation District

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	16.05%	15.16%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	7.47%	7.47%	7.47%	7.47%	7.47%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**30.29%**	**29.40%**	**34.32%**	**22.34%**	**27.14%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**30.79%**	**29.90%**	**34.82%**	**22.77%**	**27.57%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Horsefly Irrigation District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$101,762	$10,196
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	47,657	47,245
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	7,205	951
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	156,624	58,392
Combined valuation payroll	63,022	13,447
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	249%	434%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	7.47%	32.83%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$501	$186
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$0**	**$0**		**$0**	**$0**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**13.02%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**16.05%**			**13.66%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$47,245
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	8.91%
B. Actual employer payroll	22,575
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	2,011
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	8.91%
B. Actual employer payroll	11,275
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	1,005
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	3,428
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$47,657**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	47,657	47,245
2. Combined valuation payroll	63,022	13,447
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**7.47%**	**32.83%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	63,022	13,447
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Housing Authority of Jackson County/2773
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Housing Authority of Jackson County/2773

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Housing Authority of Jackson County -- #2773

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Housing Authority of Jackson County to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Housing Authority of Jackson County.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Housing Authority of Jackson County

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	13.75%	13.75%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	1.67%	1.67%	1.67%	1.67%	1.67%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**20.42%**	**20.42%**	**26.75%**	**14.77%**	**19.57%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**20.92%**	**20.92%**	**27.25%**	**15.20%**	**20.00%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Housing Authority of Jackson County

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$4,220,340	$1,924,071
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(467,742)	(490,262)
Transition liability/(surplus)	440,688	456,647
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	298,803	179,428
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	4,492,089	2,069,884
Combined valuation payroll	2,613,698	2,537,657
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	172%	82%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	1.67%	1.68%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$20,775	$35,124
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$330,994	$59,215	15.39%	$327,328	$50,376
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	1,044,922	129,988	10.57%	1,027,931	108,652
Total General Service		**1,375,916**	**189,203**		**1,355,259**	**159,028**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$1,375,916**	**$189,203**		**$1,355,259**	**$159,028**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**13.75%**			**11.73%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**13.75%**			**11.73%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$456,647
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	1.83%
B. Actual employer payroll	1,327,603
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	24,295
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	1.83%
B. Actual employer payroll	1,276,586
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	23,361
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	31,697
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$440,688**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	440,688	456,647
2. Combined valuation payroll	2,613,698	2,537,657
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**1.67%**	**1.68%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	2,613,698	2,537,657
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Illinois Valley Fire District/2564
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Illinois Valley Fire District/2564

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Illinois Valley Fire District -- #2564

November 2015

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This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Illinois Valley Fire District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Illinois Valley Fire District.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Illinois Valley Fire District

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	19.00%	15.16%	19.00%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(9.20%)	(9.20%)	(9.20%)	(9.20%)	(9.20%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**16.57%**	**12.73%**	**16.57%**	**5.67%**	**10.47%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**17.07%**	**13.23%**	**17.07%**	**6.10%**	**10.90%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Illinois Valley Fire District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$704,991	$290,618
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(453,176)	(477,744)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	49,914	27,101
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	301,729	(160,025)
Combined valuation payroll	436,608	383,296
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	69%	(42%)
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(9.20%)	(10.54%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$3,470	$5,305
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	73,892	14,039	15.63%	75,381	11,782
Total Police & Fire		**73,892**	**14,039**		**75,381**	**11,782**
Total		**$73,892**	**$14,039**		**$75,381**	**$11,782**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**13.02%**
Police & Fire			**19.00%**			**15.63%**
Aggregate (Default)			**19.00%**			**15.63%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($477,744)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(15.23%)
B. Actual employer payroll	198,527
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(27,651)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(15.23%)
B. Actual employer payroll	212,293
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(29,512)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(32,595)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($453,176)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(453,176)	(477,744)
2. Combined valuation payroll	436,608	383,296
3. Regular amortization factor	11.278	11.820
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(9.20%)**	**(10.54%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	436,608	383,296
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Imbler Rural Fire Protection District/2651
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Imbler Rural Fire Protection District/2651

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Imbler Rural Fire Protection District -- #2651

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Imbler Rural Fire Protection District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Imbler Rural Fire Protection District.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Imbler Rural Fire Protection District

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	21.53%	15.16%	21.53%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**27.08%**	**20.71%**	**27.08%**	**13.65%**	**18.45%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**27.58%**	**21.21%**	**27.58%**	**14.08%**	**18.88%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Imbler Rural Fire Protection District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$44,122	$21,810
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(4,890)	(5,557)
Transition liability/(surplus)	1,510	2,011
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	3,124	2,034
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	43,866	20,298
Combined valuation payroll	27,325	28,765
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	71%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	0.55%	0.65%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$217	$398
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	10,604	2,283	17.62%	10,610	1,869
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**10,604**	**2,283**		**10,610**	**1,869**
Total		**$10,604**	**$2,283**		**$10,610**	**$1,869**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**13.02%**
Police & Fire			**21.53%**			**17.62%**
Aggregate (Default)			**21.53%**			**17.62%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$2,011
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	2.34%
B. Actual employer payroll	13,026
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	305
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	2.34%
B. Actual employer payroll	13,026
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	305
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	109
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$1,510**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	1,510	2,011
2. Combined valuation payroll	27,325	28,765
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**0.55%**	**0.65%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	27,325	28,765
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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November 2015

Jackson County Fire District #3/2715
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Jackson County Fire District #3/2715

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Jackson County Fire District #3 -- #2715

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Jackson County Fire District #3 to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Jackson County Fire District #3.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Jackson County Fire District #3

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	19.59%	12.44%	19.85%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(5.93%)	(5.93%)	(5.93%)	(5.93%)	(5.93%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**18.66%**	**11.51%**	**18.92%**	**7.17%**	**11.97%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**19.16%**	**12.01%**	**19.42%**	**7.60%**	**12.40%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Jackson County Fire District #3

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$10,155,713	$4,783,023
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(1,125,561)	(1,218,736)
Transition liability/(surplus)	(3,772,197)	(3,930,109)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	719,030	446,037
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	5,976,985	80,215
Combined valuation payroll	6,289,532	6,308,330
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	95%	1%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	(5.93%)	(5.82%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$49,993	$87,314
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	129,292	16,084	10.57%	128,163	13,547
Total General Service		**129,292**	**16,084**		**128,163**	**13,547**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	1,190,258	256,263	17.62%	1,310,837	230,969
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	2,344,221	445,402	15.63%	2,265,821	354,148
Total Police & Fire		**3,534,479**	**701,665**		**3,576,658**	**585,117**
Total		**$3,663,771**	**$717,749**		**$3,704,821**	**$598,664**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**12.44%**			**10.57%**
Police & Fire			**19.85%**			**16.36%**
Aggregate (Default)			**19.59%**			**16.16%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($3,930,109)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(6.94%)
B. Actual employer payroll	3,046,412
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(211,421)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(6.94%)
B. Actual employer payroll	3,138,462
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(217,809)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(271,318)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($3,772,197)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(3,772,197)	(3,930,109)
2. Combined valuation payroll	6,289,532	6,308,330
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(5.93%)**	**(5.82%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	6,289,532	6,308,330
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Jackson County Fire District #4/2620
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Jackson County Fire District #4/2620

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Jackson County Fire District #4 -- #2620

November 2015

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This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Jackson County Fire District #4 to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Jackson County Fire District #4.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Jackson County Fire District #4

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	21.53%	15.16%	21.53%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**28.30%**	**21.93%**	**28.30%**	**14.87%**	**19.67%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**28.80%**	**22.43%**	**28.80%**	**15.30%**	**20.10%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Jackson County Fire District #4

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$440,907	$208,465
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	0	0
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	31,216	19,440
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	472,123	227,905
Combined valuation payroll	273,058	274,945
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	173%	83%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	0.00%	0.00%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$2,170	$3,806
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	183,601	39,529	17.62%	182,657	32,184
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**183,601**	**39,529**		**182,657**	**32,184**
Total		**$183,601**	**$39,529**		**$182,657**	**$32,184**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**13.02%**
Police & Fire			**21.53%**			**17.62%**
Aggregate (Default)			**21.53%**			**17.62%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$0
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.00%
B. Actual employer payroll	0
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	0
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.00%
B. Actual employer payroll	0
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	0
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	0
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$0**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	0	0
2. Combined valuation payroll	273,058	274,945
3. Regular amortization factor	0.000	0.000
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**0.00%**	**0.00%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	273,058	274,945
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
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503 227 0634

November 2015

Jackson County Vector Control District/2541
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Jackson County Vector Control District/2541

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Jackson County Vector Control District -- #2541

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Jackson County Vector Control District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Jackson County Vector Control District.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Jackson County Vector Control District

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	16.05%	15.16%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(7.89%)	(7.89%)	(7.89%)	(7.89%)	(7.89%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**14.93%**	**14.04%**	**18.96%**	**6.98%**	**11.78%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**15.43%**	**14.54%**	**19.46%**	**7.41%**	**12.21%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Jackson County Vector Control District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$133,077	$146,524
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(65,773)	(65,149)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	9,422	13,664
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	76,726	95,039
Combined valuation payroll	82,416	193,251
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	93%	49%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(7.89%)	(3.15%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$655	$2,675
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$127,364	$19,601
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**127,364**	**19,601**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$0**	**$0**		**$127,364**	**$19,601**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**15.39%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**16.05%**			**15.39%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($65,149)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(2.82%)
B. Actual employer payroll	108,487
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(3,059)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(2.82%)
B. Actual employer payroll	37,148
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(1,048)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(4,731)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($65,773)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(65,773)	(65,149)
2. Combined valuation payroll	82,416	193,251
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(7.89%)**	**(3.15%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	82,416	193,251
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
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November 2015

Jackson County/2005
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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Milliman

November 2015
Jackson County/2005

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No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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Milliman

ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Jackson County -- #2005

November 2015

Secondary Employers

2133 City Of Medford Library

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Jackson County to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Jackson County.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Jackson County

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	16.46%	15.05%	19.96%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Side account rate relief [2]	(1.67%)	(1.67%)	(1.67%)	(1.67%)	(1.67%)
Net pension contribution rate	**19.79%**	**18.38%**	**23.29%**	**11.43%**	**16.23%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**20.29%**	**18.88%**	**23.79%**	**11.86%**	**16.66%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Jackson County

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$76,800,560	$34,557,174
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(8,511,832)	(8,805,322)
Transition liability/(surplus)	0	0
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	5,437,525	3,222,604
Side account	8,046,897	8,076,828
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	65,679,356	20,897,628
Combined valuation payroll	47,563,335	45,577,462
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	138%	46%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	0.00%	0.00%
Side account rate relief	(1.67%)	(1.66%)
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$378,061	$630,841
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$8,219,862	$1,470,533	15.39%	$9,340,119	$1,437,444
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	8,962,261	1,114,905	10.57%	9,479,223	1,001,954
Total General Service		**17,182,123**	**2,585,438**		**18,819,342**	**2,439,398**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	2,642,003	568,823	17.62%	2,937,762	517,634
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	4,315,424	819,931	15.63%	4,370,076	683,043
Total Police & Fire		**6,957,427**	**1,388,754**		**7,307,838**	**1,200,677**
Total		**$24,139,550**	**$3,974,192**		**$26,127,180**	**$3,640,075**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.05%**			**12.96%**
Police & Fire			**19.96%**			**16.43%**
Aggregate (Default)			**16.46%**			**13.93%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$0
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.00%
B. Actual employer payroll	0
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	0
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.00%
B. Actual employer payroll	0
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	0
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	0
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$0**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	0	0
2. Combined valuation payroll	47,563,335	45,577,462
3. Regular amortization factor	0.000	0.000
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**0.00%**	**0.00%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**	**$8,076,828**	**$8,076,828**
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014		(610,461)	(610,461)
5. Side account earnings during 2014		581,531	581,531
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***		**$8,046,897**	**$8,046,897**

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	$8,046,897	$8,076,828
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$8,046,897**	**$8,076,828**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$8,046,897	$8,076,828
2. Combined valuation payroll	47,563,335	45,577,462
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	(1.67%)	(1.66%)

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Jefferson County EMS/2712
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Jefferson County EMS/2712

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Jefferson County EMS -- #2712

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Jefferson County EMS to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Jefferson County EMS.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Jefferson County EMS

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	12.44%	12.44%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**17.89%**	**17.89%**	**25.53%**	**13.55%**	**18.35%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**18.39%**	**18.39%**	**26.03%**	**13.98%**	**18.78%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Jefferson County EMS

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$605,707	$201,253
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(67,131)	(51,280)
Transition liability/(surplus)	17,241	17,906
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	42,884	18,768
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	598,701	186,647
Combined valuation payroll	375,120	265,432
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	160%	70%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	0.45%	0.63%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$2,982	$3,674
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$2,092	$322
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	169,790	21,122	10.57%	128,305	13,562
Total General Service		**169,790**	**21,122**		**130,397**	**13,884**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$169,790**	**$21,122**		**$130,397**	**$13,884**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**12.44%**			**10.65%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**12.44%**			**10.65%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$17,906
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.45%
B. Actual employer payroll	215,878
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	971
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.45%
B. Actual employer payroll	207,455
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	934
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	1,240
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$17,241**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	17,241	17,906
2. Combined valuation payroll	375,120	265,432
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**0.45%**	**0.63%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	375,120	265,432
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
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503 227 0634

November 2015

Jefferson County Library District/2846
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Jefferson County Library District/2846

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Jefferson County Library District -- #2846

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Jefferson County Library District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Jefferson County Library District.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Jefferson County Library District

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	13.08%	13.08%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(0.75%)	(0.75%)	(0.75%)	(0.75%)	(0.75%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**19.10%**	**19.10%**	**26.10%**	**14.12%**	**18.92%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**19.60%**	**19.60%**	**26.60%**	**14.55%**	**19.35%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Jefferson County Library District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$266,185	$143,600
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(12,519)	(12,510)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	18,846	13,391
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	272,512	144,481
Combined valuation payroll	164,851	189,394
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	165%	76%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(0.75%)	(0.62%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$1,310	$2,621
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$11,104	$1,987	15.39%	$10,712	$1,649
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	83,042	10,330	10.57%	101,096	10,686
Total General Service		**94,146**	**12,317**		**111,808**	**12,335**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$94,146**	**$12,317**		**$111,808**	**$12,335**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**13.08%**			**11.03%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**13.08%**			**11.03%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($12,510)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(0.51%)
B. Actual employer payroll	85,705
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(437)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(0.51%)
B. Actual employer payroll	89,074
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(454)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(900)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($12,519)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(12,519)	(12,510)
2. Combined valuation payroll	164,851	189,394
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(0.75%)**	**(0.62%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	164,851	189,394
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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November 2015

Jefferson Rural Fire Protection District/2561
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Jefferson Rural Fire Protection District/2561

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Jefferson Rural Fire Protection District -- #2561

November 2015

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This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Jefferson Rural Fire Protection District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Jefferson Rural Fire Protection District.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Jefferson Rural Fire Protection District

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	19.64%	17.89%	20.22%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(11.43%)	(11.43%)	(11.43%)	(11.43%)	(11.43%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**14.98%**	**13.23%**	**15.56%**	**3.44%**	**8.24%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**15.48%**	**13.73%**	**16.06%**	**3.87%**	**8.67%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Jefferson Rural Fire Protection District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$566,825	$293,203
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(405,969)	(423,859)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	40,132	27,342
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	200,988	(103,314)
Combined valuation payroll	351,040	386,706
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	57%	(27%)
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(11.43%)	(10.24%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$2,790	$5,352
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$60,710	$10,861	15.39%	$61,445	$9,456
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	42,453	4,487
Total General Service		**60,710**	**10,861**		**103,898**	**13,943**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	89,375	19,242	17.62%	92,881	16,366
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	96,256	18,289	15.63%	85,368	13,343
Total Police & Fire		**185,631**	**37,531**		**178,249**	**29,709**
Total		**$246,341**	**$48,392**		**$282,147**	**$43,652**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**17.89%**			**13.42%**
Police & Fire			**20.22%**			**16.67%**
Aggregate (Default)			**19.64%**			**15.47%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($423,859)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(12.64%)
B. Actual employer payroll	189,097
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(23,760)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(12.64%)
B. Actual employer payroll	185,722
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(23,330)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(29,200)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($405,969)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(405,969)	(423,859)
2. Combined valuation payroll	351,040	386,706
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(11.43%)**	**(10.24%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	351,040	386,706
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Josephine County/2042
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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Milliman

November 2015
Josephine County/2042

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Josephine County -- #2042

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Josephine County to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Josephine County.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Josephine County

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	15.70%	14.48%	19.61%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	0.24%	0.24%	0.24%	0.24%	0.24%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**20.94%**	**19.72%**	**24.85%**	**13.34%**	**18.14%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**21.44%**	**20.22%**	**25.35%**	**13.77%**	**18.57%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Josephine County

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$22,682,601	$10,168,185
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(2,513,920)	(2,590,899)
Transition liability/(surplus)	337,142	333,346
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,605,941	948,227
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	22,111,764	8,858,859
Combined valuation payroll	14,047,556	13,410,821
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	157%	66%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	0.24%	0.23%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$111,658	$185,620
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$2,159,096	$386,262	15.39%	$2,672,972	$411,370
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	3,607,365	448,756	10.57%	3,583,325	378,757
Total General Service		**5,766,461**	**835,018**		**6,256,297**	**790,127**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	436,675	94,016	17.62%	574,894	101,296
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	1,370,346	260,366	15.63%	1,557,831	243,489
Total Police & Fire		**1,807,021**	**354,382**		**2,132,725**	**344,785**
Total		**$7,573,482**	**$1,189,400**		**$8,389,022**	**$1,134,912**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**14.48%**			**12.63%**
Police & Fire			**19.61%**			**16.17%**
Aggregate (Default)			**15.70%**			**13.53%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$333,346
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.15%
B. Actual employer payroll	6,768,460
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	10,153
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.15%
B. Actual employer payroll	6,866,461
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	10,300
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	24,249
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$337,142**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	337,142	333,346
2. Combined valuation payroll	14,047,556	13,410,821
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**0.24%**	**0.23%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	14,047,556	13,410,821
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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November 2015

Junction City Fire Department/2763
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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Milliman

November 2015
Junction City Fire Department/2763

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Junction City Fire Department -- #2763

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Junction City Fire Department to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Junction City Fire Department.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Junction City Fire Department

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	19.06%	12.44%	20.49%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(4.52%)	(4.52%)	(4.52%)	(4.52%)	(4.52%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**21.31%**	**14.69%**	**22.74%**	**10.35%**	**15.15%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**21.81%**	**15.19%**	**23.24%**	**10.78%**	**15.58%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Junction City Fire Department

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$339,730	$193,780
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(96,167)	(98,514)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	24,053	18,071
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	267,616	113,337
Combined valuation payroll	210,398	255,576
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	127%	44%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(4.52%)	(3.60%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$1,672	$3,537
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	29,783	3,705	10.57%	27,223	2,877
Total General Service		**29,783**	**3,705**		**27,223**	**2,877**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	81,060	17,452	17.62%	73,853	13,013
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	56,152	10,669	15.63%	113,267	17,704
Total Police & Fire		**137,212**	**28,121**		**187,120**	**30,717**
Total		**$166,995**	**$31,826**		**$214,343**	**$33,594**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**12.44%**			**10.57%**
Police & Fire			**20.49%**			**16.42%**
Aggregate (Default)			**19.06%**			**15.67%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($98,514)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(3.67%)
B. Actual employer payroll	124,810
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(4,581)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(3.67%)
B. Actual employer payroll	127,605
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(4,683)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(6,917)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($96,167)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(96,167)	(98,514)
2. Combined valuation payroll	210,398	255,576
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(4.52%)**	**(3.60%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	210,398	255,576
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Keizer Fire Department/2559
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Keizer Fire Department/2559

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Keizer Fire Department -- #2559

November 2015

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This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Keizer Fire Department to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Keizer Fire Department.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Keizer Fire Department

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	19.75%	17.87%	19.90%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(5.83%)	(5.83%)	(5.83%)	(5.83%)	(5.83%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**20.69%**	**18.81%**	**20.84%**	**9.04%**	**13.84%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**21.19%**	**19.31%**	**21.34%**	**9.47%**	**14.27%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Keizer Fire Department

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$3,352,720	$1,602,862
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(1,225,401)	(1,259,473)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	237,375	149,474
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	2,364,694	492,863
Combined valuation payroll	2,076,372	2,114,015
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	114%	23%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(5.83%)	(5.57%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$16,504	$29,260
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$72,310	$12,936	15.39%	$64,686	$9,955
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	208	26	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**72,518**	**12,962**		**64,686**	**9,955**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	318,526	68,579	17.62%	310,264	54,669
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	573,604	108,985	15.63%	564,322	88,204
Total Police & Fire		**892,130**	**177,564**		**874,586**	**142,873**
Total		**$964,648**	**$190,526**		**$939,272**	**$152,828**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**17.87%**			**15.39%**
Police & Fire			**19.90%**			**16.34%**
Aggregate (Default)			**19.75%**			**16.27%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($1,259,473)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(6.01%)
B. Actual employer payroll	979,580
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(58,873)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(6.01%)
B. Actual employer payroll	1,053,857
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(63,337)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(88,138)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($1,225,401)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(1,225,401)	(1,259,473)
2. Combined valuation payroll	2,076,372	2,114,015
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(5.83%)**	**(5.57%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	2,076,372	2,114,015
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Klamath Community College/2906
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Klamath Community College/2906

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Klamath Community College -- #2906

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Klamath Community College to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Klamath Community College.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Klamath Community College

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	14.90%	14.90%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	1.78%	1.78%	1.78%	1.78%	1.78%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Side account rate relief [2]	(1.04%)	(1.04%)	(1.04%)	(1.04%)	(1.04%)
Net pension contribution rate	**22.41%**	**22.41%**	**27.59%**	**15.61%**	**20.41%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**22.91%**	**22.91%**	**28.09%**	**16.04%**	**20.84%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Klamath Community College

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$5,946,796	$3,530,726
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	664,518	921,374
Transition liability/(surplus)	0	0
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	421,037	329,255
Side account	387,203	397,960
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	6,645,148	4,383,395
Combined valuation payroll	3,682,909	4,656,675
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	180%	94%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	1.78%	1.85%
Transition rate	0.00%	0.00%
Side account rate relief	(1.04%)	(0.80%)
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$29,274	$64,453
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$94,701,078	$16,942,023	15.39%	$101,323,810	$15,593,734
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	115,090,395	14,317,245	10.57%	117,604,426	12,430,788
Total General Service		**209,791,473**	**31,259,268**		**218,928,236**	**28,024,522**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$209,791,473**	**$31,259,268**		**$218,928,236**	**$28,024,522**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**14.90%**			**12.80%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**14.90%**			**12.80%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$0
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.00%
B. Actual employer payroll	0
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	0
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	0.00%
B. Actual employer payroll	0
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	0
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	0
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$0**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	0	0
2. Combined valuation payroll	414,111,780	408,769,564
3. Regular amortization factor	0.000	0.000
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**0.00%**	**0.00%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**	**$397,960**	**$397,960**
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014		(38,288)	(38,288)
5. Side account earnings during 2014		28,532	28,532
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***		**$387,203**	**$387,203**

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	$387,203	$397,960
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$387,203**	**$397,960**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$387,203	$397,960
2. Combined valuation payroll	3,682,909	4,656,675
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	(1.04%)	(0.80%)

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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November 2015

Klamath County Emergency Communications District/2710
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Klamath County Emergency Communications District/2710

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Klamath County Emergency Communications District -- #2710

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Klamath County Emergency Communications District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Klamath County Emergency Communications District.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Klamath County Emergency Communications District

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	14.91%	14.91%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**21.66%**	**21.66%**	**26.83%**	**14.85%**	**19.65%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**22.16%**	**22.16%**	**27.33%**	**15.28%**	**20.08%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Klamath County Emergency Communications District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$1,038,527	$475,721
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(115,100)	(121,216)
Transition liability/(surplus)	113,659	114,517
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	73,528	44,363
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	1,110,614	513,385
Combined valuation payroll	643,170	627,428
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	173%	82%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	1.75%	1.71%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$5,112	$8,684
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$107,839	$19,292	15.39%	$108,032	$16,626
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	130,313	16,211	10.57%	124,162	13,124
Total General Service		**238,152**	**35,503**		**232,194**	**29,750**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$238,152**	**$35,503**		**$232,194**	**$29,750**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**14.91%**			**12.81%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**14.91%**			**12.81%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$114,517
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	1.48%
B. Actual employer payroll	292,978
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	4,336
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	1.48%
B. Actual employer payroll	317,371
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	4,697
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	8,175
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$113,659**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	113,659	114,517
2. Combined valuation payroll	643,170	627,428
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**1.75%**	**1.71%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	643,170	627,428
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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503 227 0634

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Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Klamath County/2007
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Klamath County/2007

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Klamath County -- #2007

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Klamath County to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Klamath County.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Klamath County

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	19.87%	15.16%	19.87%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(13.58%)	(13.58%)	(13.58%)	(13.58%)	(13.58%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**13.06%**	**8.35%**	**13.06%**	**1.29%**	**6.09%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**13.56%**	**8.85%**	**13.56%**	**1.72%**	**6.52%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Klamath County

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$6,713,395	$2,653,508
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(5,712,793)	(5,987,286)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	475,312	247,451
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	1,475,914	(3,086,327)
Combined valuation payroll	4,157,671	3,499,712
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	36%	(88%)
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(13.58%)	(15.98%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$33,048	$48,440
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2014	Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2013
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$0	$0
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	859,427	185,035	17.62%	818,281	144,181
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	1,636,746	310,982	15.63%	1,504,681	235,182
Total Police & Fire		**2,496,173**	**496,017**		**2,322,962**	**379,363**
Total		**$2,496,173**	**$496,017**		**$2,322,962**	**$379,363**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**13.02%**
Police & Fire			**19.87%**			**16.33%**
Aggregate (Default)			**19.87%**			**16.33%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($5,987,286)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(17.41%)
B. Actual employer payroll	1,857,763
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(310,432)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(17.41%)
B. Actual employer payroll	2,255,265
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(374,958)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(410,897)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($5,712,793)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(5,712,793)	(5,987,286)
2. Combined valuation payroll	4,157,671	3,499,712
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(13.58%)**	**(15.98%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	4,157,671	3,499,712
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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November 2015

Klamath Housing Authority/2721
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Klamath Housing Authority/2721

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Klamath Housing Authority -- #2721

November 2015

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Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Klamath Housing Authority to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Klamath Housing Authority.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Klamath Housing Authority

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	12.44%	12.44%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	(4.87%)	(4.87%)	(4.87%)	(4.87%)	(4.87%)
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**14.34%**	**14.34%**	**21.98%**	**10.00%**	**14.80%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**14.84%**	**14.84%**	**22.48%**	**10.43%**	**15.23%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Klamath Housing Authority

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$701,092	$406,102
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	0	0
Transition liability/(surplus)	(213,943)	(214,493)
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	49,638	37,871
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	536,787	229,480
Combined valuation payroll	434,193	535,608
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	124%	43%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	0.00%	0.00%
Transition rate	(4.87%)	(3.74%)
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$3,451	$7,413
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$100,251	$15,429
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	94,002	11,694	10.57%	94,833	10,024
Total General Service		**94,002**	**11,694**		**195,084**	**25,453**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$94,002**	**$11,694**		**$195,084**	**$25,453**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**12.44%**			**13.05%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**12.44%**			**13.05%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	($214,493)
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(3.44%)
B. Actual employer payroll	233,657
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(8,038)
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	(3.44%)
B. Actual employer payroll	229,633
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	(7,900)
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	(15,388)
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**($213,943)**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	(213,943)	(214,493)
2. Combined valuation payroll	434,193	535,608
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**(4.87%)**	**(3.74%)**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	434,193	535,608
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

November 2015

Klamath Vector Control/2624
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS" or "the System") as of December 31, 2014. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 will be calculated in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the System's benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2014, as adjusted for the Oregon Supreme Court decision announced in April 2015. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPSRP, Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), and Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) programs can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Employer-specific weighted average Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rates,
- Transition liability or surplus balances and rate calculation,
- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/section/financial_reports/financials.shtml.

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In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in September 2015.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2017 to June 2019 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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November 2015
Klamath Vector Control/2624

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT RATE POOL

Klamath Vector Control -- #2624

November 2015

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This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Klamath Vector Control to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2014 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance programs (RHIA and RHIPA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2014 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts and pre-SLGRP liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the SLGRP, OPSRP, RHIA and RHIPA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2014 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops advisory employer-specific side account and pre-SLGRP rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Klamath Vector Control.

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates

SLGRP employers have the option to elect separate Tier 1/Tier 2 rates to be applied to general service and police and fire payroll or to have the default blended rate apply to all Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll.

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2014 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2017 - 2019 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2014 for Klamath Vector Control

	Payroll				
	Tier 1/Tier 2			OPSRP	
	Default	Optional Separate Rates			
	All T1/T2 Payroll	General Service	Police & Fire	General Service	Police & Fire
Pension					
Normal cost rate	16.05%	15.16%	20.08%	8.10%	12.90%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate[1]	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%	5.76%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%	1.01%
Pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)	(1.77%)
Transition liability/(surplus) rate[2]	5.21%	5.21%	5.21%	5.21%	5.21%
Side account rate relief [2]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension contribution rate	**26.26%**	**25.37%**	**30.29%**	**18.31%**	**23.11%**
Retiree Healthcare					
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Net retiree healthcare rate	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.50%**	**0.43%**	**0.43%**
Total net employer contribution rate	**26.76%**	**25.87%**	**30.79%**	**18.74%**	**23.54%**

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

[1] *Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.*

[2] *The transition liability/(surplus) rate and side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.*

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Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2017 to June 2019 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to pre-SLGRP liabilities or side accounts. In addition, changes in an individual employer's workforce between Tier 1 and Tier 2 or between general service and police and fire can impact that employer's normal cost rate in a way that is not limited by the collar. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the SLGRP first effective as of July 1, 2017, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2015. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets or pre-SLGRP liabilities.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2014 is 77%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2015	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2015-2017 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	18.23%	18.23%
Minimum 2017-2019 Rate	14.58%	10.93%
Maximum 2017-2019 Rate	21.88%	25.53%

For individual employers in the SLGRP, these rates are adjusted to reflect the individual employer's normal cost rate, pre-SLGRP pooled liability rate, transition liability rate, and side account rate offsets.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaces GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS going forward and is not included in this report.

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Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) are cost-sharing pools under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 were calculated as a part of the December 31, 2013 valuation, and are expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
		OPSRP	
	Tier 1/Tier 2	General Service	Police & Fire
RHIA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.59%	0.49%	0.49%
RHIPA July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
RHIA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
RHIPA July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Klamath Vector Control

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Allocated pooled SLGRP T1/T2 UAL	$86,296	$106,682
Allocated pre-SLGRP pooled liability/(surplus)	(9,564)	(27,183)
Transition liability/(surplus)	28,184	28,677
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	6,110	9,949
Side account	0	0
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	111,026	118,125
Combined valuation payroll	53,444	140,703
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	208%	84%
Pre-SLGRP pooled rate	(1.77%)	(1.81%)
Transition rate	5.21%	1.90%
Side account rate relief	0.00%	0.00%
Allocated pooled RHIA UAL	$425	$1,947
Allocated pooled RHIPA UAL	$0	$0

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (SLGRP Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

SLGRP

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$454.0	$398.2
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	2,827.9	2,915.9
Normal cost rate	16.05%	13.66%
Actuarial accrued liability	$37,169.9	$31,738.8
Actuarial asset value	28,465.3	27,855.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	8,704.6	3,883.5
Funded status	77%	88%
Combined valuation payroll	$5,390.8	$5,121.9
UAL as a percentage of payroll	161%	76%
UAL rate[1]	5.76%	4.50%
State and Community College Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	$561.1	$577.5
LGRP Pooled Liability	(237.2)	(242.7)
Total Transition Liability	(762.2)	(775.7)
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	39,812	42,668
▪ Average Age	52.4	51.9
▪ Average Service	18.6	17.8
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	$71,032	$68,339
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	20,596	20,897
▪ Average Age	54.8	54.1
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$1,347	$1,298
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	77,031	75,014
▪ Average Age	70.5	70.2
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	$2,049	$1,992

[1] *The December 31, 2014 UAL rate shown for the SLGRP includes 0.15% for Multnomah Fire District #10 (0.15% at December 31, 2013). The City of Portland pays an additional 1.17% and the cities of Fairview, Gresham, Troutdale, and Wood Village pay an additional 0.15% (1.14% and 0.15% respectively at December 31, 2013).*

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
($ in millions)	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
General service normal cost	$301.3	$234.7
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	3,720.4	3,200.0
General service normal cost rate	8.10%	7.33%
Police and fire normal cost	$59.6	$45.5
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	462.3	398.1
Police and fire normal cost rate	12.90%	11.44%
Actuarial accrued liability	$3,064.1	$2,243.3
Actuarial asset value	2,024.6	1,630.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,039.5	613.2
Funded status	66%	73%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	11%	7%
UAL rate	1.01%	0.61%

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Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$3.5	$4.0
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,933.1	5,073.7
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.08%
Actuarial accrued liability	$468.4	$473.6
Actuarial asset value	395.9	353.5
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	72.5	120.0
Funded status	85%	75%
Combined valuation payroll	$9,115.8	$8,671.8
UAL as a percentage of payroll	1%	1%
UAL rate	0.43%	0.45%

($ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
RHIPA	**December 31, 2014**	**December 31, 2013**
Normal cost	$1.6	$1.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,406.3	1,434.5
Normal cost rate	0.11%	0.09%
Actuarial accrued liability	$70.5	$61.2
Actuarial asset value	7.2	5.2
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	63.3	55.9
Funded status	10%	9%
Combined valuation payroll	$2,718.9	$2,531.5
UAL as a percentage of payroll	2%	2%
UAL rate	0.39%	0.35%

RHIPA liabilities are allocated to State Agencies and the State Judiciary, the only employers participating in the RHIPA program.

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Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost

Pension

The normal cost represents the value of benefits assigned to the next year of service by the actuarial cost method. If all actuarial assumptions are met, the normal cost represents the amount that would need to be contributed each year to fund the benefits.

Members of the State and Local Government Rate Pool pay a payroll-weighted average normal cost rate using the normal cost rates developed for the pool for each tier and member classification. The table below shows the calculation of the individual employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate by member classification and in aggregate. The employer can elect to pay the member classification rates or the aggregate rate. For purposes of this calculation, all Community Colleges are treated as a single employer.

Development of Employer's Weighted Average Tier 1/Tier 2 Normal Cost Rate

	December 31, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost	SLGRP Normal Cost Rate	Employer Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll	Normal Cost
Tier 1 General Service	17.89%	$0	$0	15.39%	$93,515	$14,392
Tier 2 General Service	12.44%	0	0	10.57%	0	0
Total General Service		**0**	**0**		**93,515**	**14,392**
Tier 1 Police & Fire	21.53%	0	0	17.62%	0	0
Tier 2 Police & Fire	19.00%	0	0	15.63%	0	0
Total Police & Fire		**0**	**0**		**0**	**0**
Total		**$0**	**$0**		**$93,515**	**$14,392**
Employer normal cost rate						
General Service			**15.16%**			**15.39%**
Police & Fire			**20.08%**			**16.51%**
Aggregate (Default)			**16.05%**			**15.39%**

An SLGRP employer that has no Tier 1/Tier 2 active payroll will be assigned the weighted average normal cost of the SLGRP as calculated in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Transition Liability Information

Outstanding Balance of Transition Liability/(Surplus)

Upon joining the SLGRP, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis. The transition liability is maintained separately from the SLGRP, and is reduced by contributions and increased for interest charges at the assumed interest rate. The table below shows the reconciliation of the transition liability or surplus from the last valuation to the current valuation.

	Transition Liability
1. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2013	$28,677
2. January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	1.99%
B. Actual employer payroll	68,520
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	1,364
3. July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	
A. Transition liability/(surplus) rate[1]	1.99%
B. Actual employer payroll	58,144
C. Payment to transition liability/(surplus)	1,156
4. Supplemental payment to transition liability	0
5. Interest	2,027
6. Adjustment due to merged or spun-off employers	0
7. Transition liability/(surplus) as of December 31, 2014	
(1. - 2C. - 3C. - 4. + 5. + 6.)	**$28,184**

[1] *Transition liability or surplus rates shown are those paid on Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll for the indicated periods. For some surplus employers, this rate may differ from the rate paid on OPSRP general service or OPSRP police and fire payroll. In those cases, the payment to transition (surplus) shown below is the payment reflecting the rates on different payroll.*

Development of Transition Liability or Surplus Rate

The rate adjustment attributable to a transition liability or surplus is determined by amortizing the liability or surplus on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For employers joining the SLGRP prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For all others, the fixed period ends 18 years after the date the employer joined the pool.

	December 31, 2014	**December 31, 2013**
1. Total transition liability/(surplus)	28,184	28,677
2. Combined valuation payroll	53,444	140,703
3. Regular amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. **Total transition liability/(surplus) rate**	**5.21%**	**1.90%**

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Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2013	**N/A**		
2. Deposits during 2014		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses			
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2014			
5. Side account earnings during 2014			
6. Side account as of December 31, 2014 ***(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)***			

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Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Side Account 1	0	0
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	**$0**	**$0**

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer's side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
1. Total side account	$0	$0
2. Combined valuation payroll	53,444	140,703
3. Amortization factor	10.118	10.703
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.)[1]	0.00%	0.00%

[1] *For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.*

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2014 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal.
Amortization Method	The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll. The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period. The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period. All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)	Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

Net investment return	7.50% compounded annually on system assets.
Interest crediting	7.50% compounded annually on members' regular account balances starting in 2015. 7.50% compounded annually on members' variable account balances starting in 2015.
Consumer price inflation	2.50% per year.
Future general wage inflation	3.50% per year.
Healthcare cost inflation	Ranging from 7.0% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2094.
Administrative Expenses	$5.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost. $33.0 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.

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Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

  For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

  The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- **Inflation**

  The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- **Payroll Growth**

  The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- **Tier 1/Tier 2 Administrative Expenses**

  Administrative expenses for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System are assumed to be $33.0 million per year.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

  The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.
- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

  Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

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Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

- The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA provisions applicable to each service period.

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Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

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Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.

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