

Pharmacist Prescribing of Naloxone

855-019-0450

Purpose

The purpose of OAR 855-019-0450 through 855-019-0460 is to develop standard procedures for the prescribing and recordkeeping of naloxone by a pharmacist in Oregon.
Stat. Auth.: ORS 689.205
Stats. Implemented: ORS 689.305, 689.681 & 2016 OL Ch. 100

855-019-0455

Qualifications

(1) A pharmacist educated in opiate overdose and naloxone rescue can prescribe unit-of-use naloxone and the necessary medical supplies to administer the naloxone for an individual who:

- (a) Conducts training that meets that criteria established by the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) so that the person may possess and distribute naloxone and the necessary medical supplies to persons who successfully complete the training; or
- (b) Has successfully completed training that meets criteria established by the OHA allowing the person to possess and administer naloxone to any individual who appears to be experiencing an opiate overdose.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 689.205

Stats. Implemented: ORS 689.305, 689.681 & 2016 OL Ch. 100

855-019-0460

Delivery of Care

- (1) A pharmacist can prescribe naloxone and the necessary medical supplies for opiate overdose training to an OHA authorized person or organization.
- (2) A pharmacist can prescribe naloxone and the necessary medical supplies to an individual who has completed an OHA approved training. The pharmacist shall determine that the individual seeking naloxone demonstrates understanding of educational materials related to opioid overdose prevention, recognition, response, and the administration of naloxone.
- (3) The pharmacist may prescribe naloxone in any FDA approved dosage form and the necessary medical supplies needed to administer naloxone.
- (4) The pharmacist shall dispense the naloxone product in a properly labeled container identifying the authorized recipient.
- (5) Naloxone may not be dispensed without providing oral counseling to the authorized recipient, to include dose, effectiveness, adverse effects, storage conditions, and safety.
- (6) The pharmacist must document the encounter and the prescription, and maintain records for three years.
- (7) The pharmacy providing naloxone services must establish, maintain, and enforce written procedures including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Providing a workflow process and physical location that maintains confidentiality and is not susceptible to distraction; and
 - (b) Documentation and recordkeeping.

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Stats. Implemented: ORS 689.305, 689.681 & 2016 OL Ch. 100

855-041-2340

Pharmacist Prescribing of Naloxone

(1) A pharmacist educated in opiate overdose and naloxone rescue may prescribe unit-of-use naloxone and the necessary medical supplies to administer the naloxone to an individual who:

(a) Conducts training that meets that criteria established by the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) so that the person may possess and distribute naloxone and the necessary medical supplies to persons who successfully complete the training; or

(b) Has successfully completed training that meets criteria established by the OHA allowing the person to possess and administer naloxone to any individual who appears to be experiencing an opiate overdose.

(2) The pharmacy providing naloxone services must establish, maintain and enforce written procedures including, but not limited to:

(a) Providing a workflow process and physical location that maintains confidentiality and is not susceptible to distraction; and

(b) Documentation and recordkeeping.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 689.205

Stats. Implemented: ORS 689.305, 689.681 & 2016 OL Ch. 100