

Memo

Exhibit “1”

To: Sean O'Day, Director
Alana Cox, Deputy Director
Matt West, Administrator, Workers' Compensation Division
Lane Foulger, Chief Financial Officer, Central Services Division

From: Kelli Borushko, Senior Economist, Central Services Division

Date: September 4, 2026

Subject: Workers' Compensation Premium Assessment Rate Recommendation for CY 2027

Message

Rule and Recommendation

In accordance with the requirements of [ORS 656.612](#), the Department of Consumer and Business Services (DCBS) must establish a calendar year (CY) 2027 workers' compensation premium assessment rate for insurers, self-insured employers, and self-insured employer groups. The department, in accordance with ORS 656.612(5), will conduct an administrative rulemaking hearing on Sept. 17, 2026, and solicit testimony from staff and interested parties.

DCBS recommends that the workers' compensation premium assessment rate in [OAR 440-045-0020](#) remain at 9.8 percent for insurers, self-insured employers, and self-insured employer groups for CY 2027.

Self-insured employers and self-insured employer groups are subject to an additional assessment that is discussed in a separate memorandum dated Sept. 4, 2026, with the subject, "Assessment rate recommendations for CY 2027 for the Self-Insured Employer Adjustment Reserve, the Self-Insured Employer Group Adjustment Reserve Public-Sector subaccount, and the Self-Insured Employer Group Adjustment Reserve Private-Sector subaccount."

DCBS Fund Balance Policy

The 9.8 percent assessment rate produces an ending balance for the Premium Assessment Operating Account (PAOA) that complies with DCBS policy FIN-01, which governs acceptable fund balances, by fiscal year (FY) 2029. FIN-01 requires that assessments and fees be set at a rate that:

- Meets the cash flow needs of the account
- Accommodates the timing of receipts and expenditures

- Ensures stable funding for legislatively approved programs and services during uncertain economic times
- Minimizes the volatility of fees and assessments

Within these guidelines, we developed our recommendation for the workers' compensation premium assessment rate for CY 2027. For years beyond 2027, we have assumed that the assessment rate remains the same.

Multiple-Year Rate Analysis for Planning

DCBS analyzes the outcomes of several rates to estimate the future adequacy of the fund and ensure it complies with the DCBS fund balance policy. The effect of maintaining the assessment rate at 9.8 percent through FY 2033 is presented in the following table. It should be noted that these rates are used for planning purposes and are not a recommendation as to what those rates should be.

At the end of FY 2026, PAOA had a fund balance of \$168.3 million and a coverage ratio of 5.49 quarters. We forecast that total revenue will average about \$126.5 million per year at the recommended assessment rate through FY 2033. We forecast that the fund balance will be \$79.0 million at the end of FY 2033.

PAOA Financial Outcomes Assuming 9.8% Assessment Each Year

	2023-2025 biennium		2025-2027 biennium		2027-2029 biennium		2029-2031 biennium		2031-2033 biennium	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030	FY 2031	FY 2032	FY 2033
Revenues	\$115,044,897	\$114,310,701	\$119,062,899	\$120,416,705	\$125,119,236	\$128,399,918	\$128,500,221	\$128,054,768	\$127,636,027	\$127,029,407
Expenditures & Transfers	\$91,054,928	\$96,492,616	\$108,564,859	\$130,605,427	\$132,323,214	\$135,182,251	\$130,472,572	\$134,339,703	\$138,319,798	\$142,416,747
Excess/(Deficit)	\$23,989,969	\$17,818,085	\$10,498,040	(\$10,188,722)	(\$7,203,978)	(\$6,782,333)	(\$1,972,351)	(\$6,284,935)	(\$10,683,771)	(\$15,387,340)
Ending Fund Balance	\$147,052,260	\$159,025,573	\$168,260,688	\$153,463,451	\$142,163,308	\$131,189,377	\$124,897,973	\$114,200,348	\$98,992,184	\$78,967,026
Coverage Ratio	6.05	6.54	5.49	5.01	4.12	3.81	3.65	3.34	2.90	2.31

This outcome is subject to much uncertainty. This uncertainty arises from many factors, including unanticipated changes to Oregon's economy, legislative programmatic changes that affect the workers' compensation system, or changes in insurance industry behaviors.

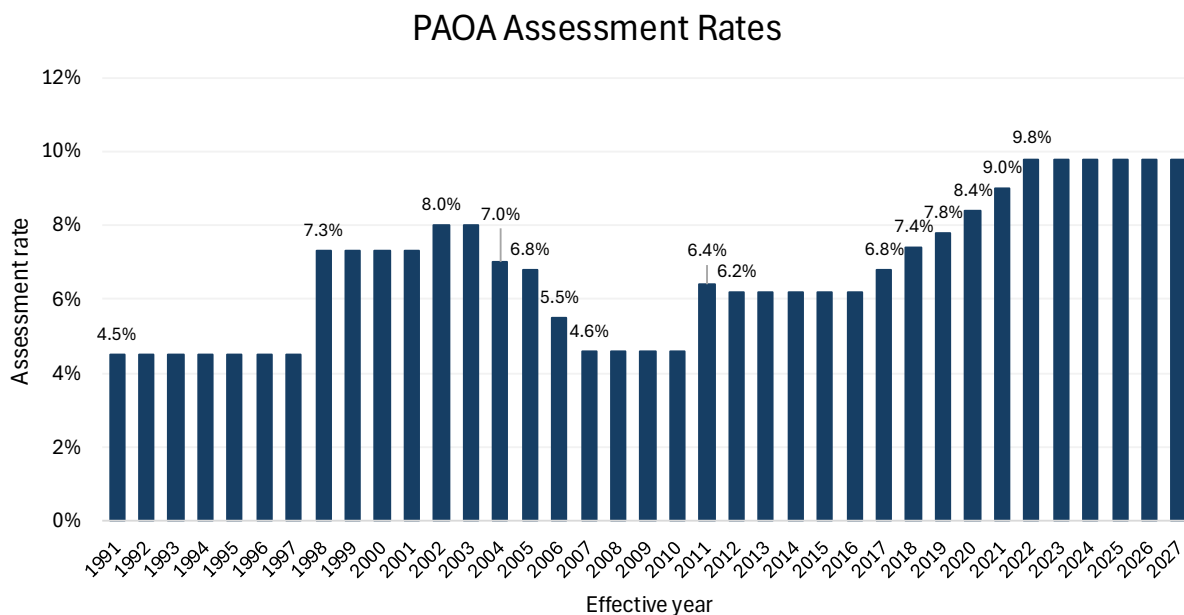
PAOA Assessment Summary

PAOA funds the DCBS program areas that regulate the workers' compensation system:

1. Workers' Compensation Division (WCD)
2. Workers' Compensation Board (WCB)
3. Oregon OSHA
4. Ombuds for Oregon Workers (OOW)
5. Small Business Ombudsman (SBO)
6. Central services supporting these areas

The primary funding mechanism for PAOA is the workers' compensation premium assessment. The department establishes the assessment rate in accordance with ORS 656, OARs 440-045-0010 through 440-045-0020, and OAR 440-045-0030. The OAR 440 rules were first adopted in October 1999 as required by Senate Bill 592, which was passed during the 70th Legislative Assembly. In part, the OAR codifies the assessment rates for a calendar year. PAOA is also funded by fines and penalties, federal grants, investment income, and other miscellaneous revenues.

The following table shows the PAOA assessment rate history and the 2027 recommendation.



Forecast Assumptions

The primary revenue, expenditure, and transfer assumptions used in this analysis are described below.

Revenue assumptions include:

1. Maintain the assessment rate at 9.8 percent effective Jan. 1, 2027.
2. Actual revenue data through June 30, 2026.
3. Assessable premium forecasts based on the August 2026 Office of Economic Analysis (OEA) baseline forecast.
4. The impact of the National Council on Compensation Insurance's (NCCI) proposed increase of pure premium rates by 2.1 percent for CY 2027¹.

¹ Increases this year are a direct result of Senate Bill (SB) 1519, which increased weekly lost-time wage compensation benefits from 66 2/3% of the state average weekly wage (SAWW) to 75% of the SAWW, effective Jan. 1, 2027. We assume, after CY 2027, that CY 2028 will also have an increase in pure premium rates of 2.1 percent.

5. Base federal grant revenue for Oregon OSHA totaling about \$6.7 million each year.
6. Penalty revenue earned of about \$5.5 million in FY 2027, with a 1 percent annual increase thereafter.
7. Estimates of investment income based on the latest information from the Oregon State Treasury.
8. Estimates of other revenues based on the most recent year's revenues increased at 1 percent each year.

Expenditure and transfer assumptions include:

1. Actual expenditure and transfer data through June 30, 2026.
2. Estimated Workers' Compensation Division (WCD) and Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) modernization costs for implementation totaling about \$22.6 million for the 2027-29 biennium, plus additional software maintenance costs of about \$3 million per year.
3. Projected payments to the Oregon Institute of Occupational Health Sciences (OIOHS) of \$2.0 million in FY 2027.
4. Payments to the Bureau of Labor and Industries (BOLI) of \$450,000 per year for enforcement of anti-discrimination laws.
5. Annual transfers to the Division of Financial Regulation for insurance regulation related to workers' compensation.
6. Updated estimates of the transfers to the Workers' Benefit Fund (WBF) for the Non-Complying Employer Program expenditures.
7. The latest estimates of chargeback.

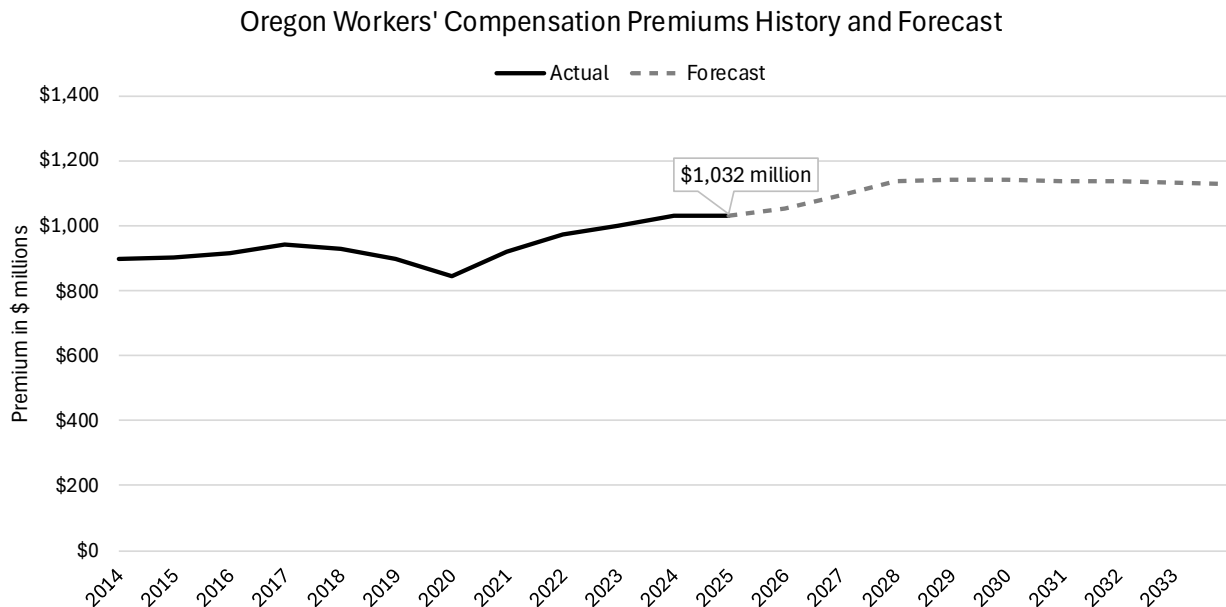
Workers' Compensation Premium Forecast

The workers' compensation premium forecast is based on historical insurer premium earned and uses wage and salary projections from OEA's August 2026 Economic and Revenue Forecast and NCCI's loss cost multiplier estimate for CY 2027 to project future earned premium.

NCCI filed an increase in pure premium rates of 2.1 percent for policy year 2027. For the past several years, NCCI has reported reductions in most of the states for which it provides ratemaking services. This year in Oregon, however, [Senate Bill \(SB\) 1519](#) (2026) modified weekly lost-time wage compensation benefits. Under current law, benefits are paid at 66 2/3 percent of the State Average Weekly Wage (SAWW). Effective Jan. 1, 2027, the weekly compensation rate for wages up to 75 percent of the SAWW will increase to 75 percent, while the compensation rate for wages exceeding 75 percent of the SAWW will decrease to 65 percent. NCCI projects that this change will increase overall loss cost and assigned risk rates 3.5 percent in Oregon. This projected increase in the overall loss cost and assigned risk rates resulted in NCCI's pure premium projection for Oregon to be an increase of 2.1 percent. If this bill did not pass, NCCI projected a decrease in the pure premium rate of 1.4 percent.

We assume that the 2.1 percent increase in pure premium repeats for the 2028 policy year. After 2028, we assume no change in the pure premium rate.

The following graph shows actual workers' compensation premium from CY 2014 through CY 2025 and forecasts premium through CY 2033. Workers' compensation CY 2025 premium written in Oregon totaled \$1,032 million.

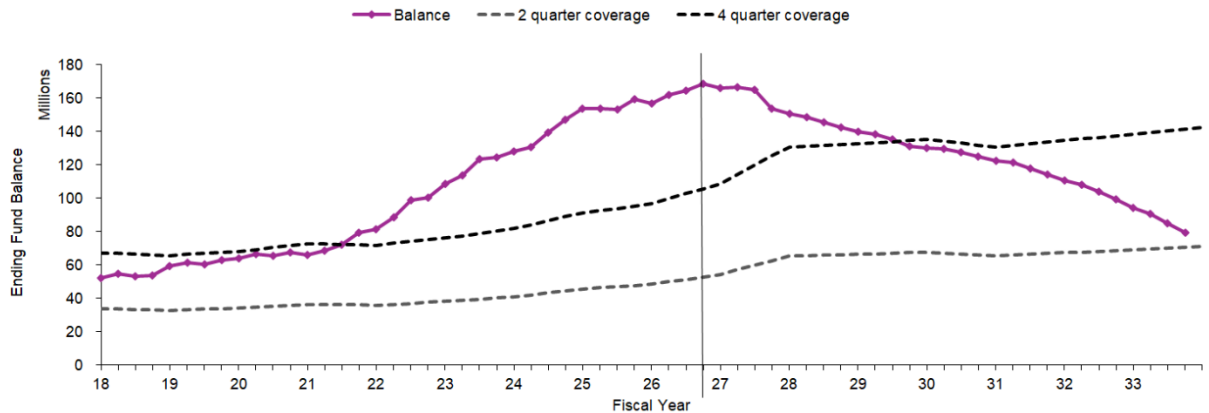


PAOA Forecast Outcomes

Under the baseline OEA forecast and the recommended assessment rate of 9.8 percent, total revenue is forecast to average \$126.5 million a year over the next seven years. The fund balance is forecast to decrease each year through FY 2033. In FY 2033, assuming no changes are made to the rate, we expect an ending fund balance of about \$79.0 million and a coverage ratio of 2.31 quarters.

Appendix 1 – PAOA Financial Outcomes

WORKERS' COMPENSATION PREMIUM ASSESSMENT OPERATING ACCOUNT REVENUES, EXPENSES, FUND BALANCES, AND COVERAGE RATIOS FISCAL YEARS 2018-2033; ACTUAL DATA THROUGH 06/30/2026 9.8% ASSESSMENT RATE EFFECTIVE 1/1/2027



Period Ending	Assessment Income	Investment Income	Total Revenue	Total Expenses	Expenses	Chargeback	Excess (Deficit)	Transfers/ Adjustments	Ending Fund Balance	Coverage Ratio
FY 2018	\$64,263,208	\$681,365	\$72,029,115	\$65,616,966	\$56,495,419	\$9,121,547	\$6,412,149	(\$2,486,435)	\$53,438,690	
FY 2019	\$69,297,191	\$1,388,423	\$80,700,710	\$68,032,183	\$57,776,704	\$10,255,479	\$12,668,527	(\$3,434,658)	\$62,672,559	
FY 2020	\$71,151,323	\$1,404,515	\$80,461,141	\$72,612,047	\$62,032,749	\$10,579,298	\$7,849,094	(\$2,933,691)	\$67,587,963	
FY 2021	\$71,975,351	\$543,929	\$80,294,337	\$71,774,978	\$60,469,290	\$11,305,688	\$8,519,358	\$3,099,183	\$79,206,504	
FY 2022	\$87,345,441	\$316,766	\$96,026,335	\$75,968,156	\$64,348,889	\$11,619,267	\$20,058,179	\$867,902	\$100,132,585	
FY 2023	\$95,608,731	\$1,712,351	\$107,859,512	\$81,686,557	\$68,807,950	\$12,878,606	\$26,172,955	(\$2,054,220)	\$124,251,321	
FY 2024	\$99,422,036	\$3,097,507	\$115,044,897	\$91,054,928	\$76,615,276	\$14,439,652	\$23,989,969	(\$1,189,030)	\$147,052,260	
09/30/24	25,384,931	888,794	28,874,606	20,418,006	20,418,006	0	8,456,600	(2,223,943)	153,284,917	6.30
12/31/24	25,065,835	857,149	28,263,283	26,782,476	17,753,914	9,028,562	1,480,807	(1,234,765)	153,530,959	6.31
03/31/25	25,168,737	882,036	28,071,318	27,151,680	22,936,642	4,215,038	919,638	(1,236,895)	153,213,702	6.30
06/30/25	25,056,236	769,639	29,101,495	22,140,454	22,140,454	0	6,961,041	(1,149,170)	159,025,573	6.54
FY 2025	\$100,675,740	\$3,397,618	\$114,310,701	\$96,492,616	\$83,249,016	\$13,243,600	\$17,818,085	(\$5,844,773)	\$159,025,573	
09/30/25	25,741,662	707,530	28,847,827	31,774,246	22,685,164	9,089,082	(2,926,419)	541,354	156,640,507	5.11
12/31/25	25,358,237	650,846	31,024,890	25,924,019	20,856,490	5,067,529	5,100,871	(284,403)	161,456,976	5.27
03/31/26	25,731,278	690,828	29,753,467	26,189,453	21,586,574	4,602,879	3,564,014	(971,640)	164,049,350	5.36
06/30/26	25,145,652	677,781	29,436,714	24,677,140	20,052,200	4,624,940	4,759,573	(548,236)	168,260,688	5.49
FY 2026	\$101,976,829	\$2,726,985	\$119,062,899	\$108,564,859	\$85,180,429	\$23,384,430	\$10,498,040	(\$1,262,925)	\$168,260,688	
09/30/26	25,558,351	1,039,010	29,876,933	30,952,783	25,469,883	5,482,900	(1,075,850)	(1,585,547)	165,599,291	5.41
12/31/26	26,580,685	1,022,576	30,882,833	29,158,674	23,977,928	5,180,746	1,724,160	(859,662)	166,463,788	5.43
03/31/27	25,558,351	1,027,914	29,865,837	30,447,463	25,119,605	5,327,859	(581,626)	(1,303,642)	164,578,520	5.37
06/30/27	25,495,257	1,016,272	29,791,101	40,046,508	34,238,031	5,808,477	(10,255,406)	(859,662)	153,463,451	5.01
FY 2027	\$103,192,644	\$4,105,772	\$120,416,705	\$130,605,427	\$108,805,446	\$21,799,981	(\$10,188,722)	(\$4,608,514)	\$153,463,451	
09/30/27	26,557,559	947,637	31,038,499	33,080,803	27,019,976	6,060,827	(2,042,304)	(926,836)	150,494,312	4.37
12/31/27	27,619,861	929,302	32,082,467	33,080,803	27,019,976	6,060,827	(998,336)	(882,053)	148,613,922	4.31
03/31/28	26,557,559	917,691	31,008,553	33,080,803	27,019,976	6,060,827	(2,072,250)	(1,405,223)	145,136,449	4.21
06/30/28	26,560,195	896,218	30,989,716	33,080,803	27,019,976	6,060,827	(2,091,087)	(882,053)	142,163,308	4.12
FY 2028	\$107,295,175	\$3,690,848	\$125,119,236	\$132,323,214	\$108,079,905	\$24,243,309	(\$7,203,978)	(\$4,096,165)	\$142,163,308	
09/30/28	27,666,870	877,858	32,094,145	33,795,563	27,734,736	6,060,827	(1,701,418)	(950,087)	139,511,804	4.05
12/31/28	28,773,545	861,485	33,184,447	33,795,563	27,734,736	6,060,827	(611,116)	(904,731)	137,995,957	4.00
03/31/29	27,666,870	852,125	32,068,412	33,795,563	27,734,736	6,060,827	(1,727,151)	(1,432,050)	134,836,756	3.91
06/30/29	26,670,880	832,617	31,052,914	33,795,563	27,734,736	6,060,827	(2,742,649)	(904,731)	131,189,377	3.81
FY 2029	\$110,778,165	\$3,424,086	\$128,399,918	\$135,182,251	\$110,938,942	\$24,243,309	(\$6,782,333)	(\$4,191,599)	\$131,189,377	
09/30/29	27,782,167	810,094	32,153,893	32,618,143	26,375,491	6,242,652	(464,250)	(973,635)	129,751,492	3.79
12/31/29	28,893,454	801,215	33,256,301	32,618,143	26,375,491	6,242,652	638,158	(927,699)	129,461,951	3.79
03/31/30	27,782,167	799,428	32,143,227	32,618,143	26,375,491	6,242,652	(474,917)	(1,490,020)	127,497,014	3.73
06/30/30	26,597,874	787,294	30,946,800	32,618,143	26,375,491	6,242,652	(1,671,343)	(927,699)	124,897,973	3.65
FY 2030	\$111,055,662	\$3,198,031	\$128,500,221	\$130,472,572	\$105,501,965	\$24,970,608	(\$1,972,351)	(\$4,319,053)	\$124,897,973	
09/30/30	27,706,119	771,245	32,046,738	33,584,926	27,154,994	6,429,931	(1,538,188)	(997,485)	122,362,299	3.58
12/31/30	28,814,364	755,587	33,139,325	33,584,926	27,154,994	6,429,931	(445,601)	(950,961)	120,965,737	3.54
03/31/31	27,706,119	746,963	32,022,456	33,584,926	27,154,994	6,429,931	(1,562,470)	(1,513,282)	117,889,985	3.45
06/30/31	26,548,906	727,971	30,846,250	33,584,926	27,154,994	6,429,931	(2,738,676)	(950,961)	114,200,348	3.34
FY 2031	\$110,775,507	\$3,001,766	\$128,054,768	\$134,339,703	\$108,619,977	\$25,719,726	(\$6,284,935)	(\$4,412,689)	\$114,200,348	
09/30/31	27,655,110	705,187	31,950,492	34,579,949	27,957,120	6,622,829	(2,629,457)	(1,021,640)	110,549,251	3.23
12/31/31	28,761,314	682,642	33,034,151	34,579,949	27,957,120	6,622,829	(1,545,798)	(974,521)	108,028,931	3.16
03/31/32	27,655,110	667,079	31,912,384	34,579,949	27,957,120	6,622,829	(2,667,566)	(1,553,711)	103,807,654	3.04
06/30/32	26,507,793	641,012	30,739,000	34,579,949	27,957,120	6,622,829	(3,840,950)	(974,521)	98,992,184	2.90
FY 2032	\$110,579,327	\$2,695,920	\$127,636,027	\$138,319,798	\$111,828,480	\$26,491,318	(\$10,683,771)	(\$4,524,394)	\$98,992,184	
09/30/32	27,612,284	611,277	31,821,783	35,604,187	28,782,672	6,821,514	(3,782,404)	(1,046,105)	94,163,675	2.75
12/31/32	28,716,775	581,461	32,896,458	35,604,187	28,782,672	6,821,514	(2,707,728)	(998,382)	90,457,564	2.65
03/31/33	27,612,284	558,575	31,769,082	35,604,187	28,782,672	6,821,514	(3,835,105)	(1,594,948)	85,027,511	2.49
06/30/33	26,418,816	525,045	30,542,084	35,604,187	28,782,672	6,821,514	(5,062,103)	(998,382)	78,967,026	2.31
FY 2033	\$110,360,160	\$2,276,358	\$127,029,407	\$142,416,747	\$115,130,690	\$27,286,057	(\$15,387,340)	(\$4,637,818)	\$78,967,026	

Appendix 2 – PAOA Detailed Financial Outcomes

Workers' Compensation Premium Assessment Operating Account
Revenue, Expenditures, Transfers, and Fund Balances
Fiscal Years 2025-2033; Actual Data Through 6/30/2026
9.8% Assessment Rate Effective 1/1/2027

REVENUES	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030	FY 2031	FY 2032	FY 2033
Assessments	100,675,740	101,976,829	103,192,644	107,295,175	110,778,165	111,055,662	110,775,507	110,579,327	110,360,160
Fines and Penalties	5,314,664	5,462,390	5,517,014	5,572,184	5,627,906	5,684,185	5,741,027	5,798,437	5,856,421
Investment Income	3,397,618	2,726,985	4,105,772	3,690,848	3,424,086	3,198,031	3,001,766	2,695,920	2,276,358
Federal Funds	4,660,801	8,888,000	7,480,448	8,429,841	8,429,841	8,429,841	8,429,841	8,429,841	8,429,841
Other	261,879	8,695	120,828	131,188	139,920	132,502	106,627	132,502	106,627
Total Revenue	\$114,310,701	\$119,062,899	\$120,416,705	\$125,119,236	\$128,399,918	\$128,500,221	\$128,054,768	\$127,636,027	\$127,029,407
EXPENDITURES									
Administration	81,308,055	83,215,383	106,806,642	106,064,154	108,907,584	103,453,146	106,556,741	109,753,443	113,046,046
Chargeback	13,243,600	23,384,430	21,799,981	24,243,309	24,243,309	24,970,608	25,719,726	26,491,318	27,286,057
Oregon Health Sciences University	1,940,961	1,965,045	1,998,804	2,015,751	2,031,358	2,048,818	2,063,236	2,075,037	2,084,644
Total Expenditures	\$96,492,616	\$108,564,859	\$130,605,427	\$132,323,214	\$135,182,251	\$130,472,572	\$134,339,703	\$138,319,798	\$142,416,747
ADJUSTMENTS/TRANSFERS									
Non-Complying Employer	(5,450,941)	(2,650,037)	(3,714,534)	(3,122,995)	(3,214,280)	(3,306,732)	(3,400,369)	(3,495,203)	(3,591,252)
DFR for workers' comp. regulation	(291,078)	(594,520)	(443,980)	(523,169)	(527,319)	(562,321)	(562,321)	(579,190)	(596,566)
BOLI Transfer	(335,455)	(434,790)	(450,000)	(450,000)	(450,000)	(450,000)	(450,000)	(450,000)	(450,000)
Misc Transfers/Adjustments	232,701	2,416,423	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Transfers	(\$5,844,773)	(\$1,262,925)	(\$4,608,514)	(\$4,096,165)	(\$4,191,599)	(\$4,319,053)	(\$4,412,689)	(\$4,524,394)	(\$4,637,818)
Net Cash Flow	\$11,973,312	\$9,235,115	(\$14,797,236)	(\$11,300,143)	(\$10,973,932)	(\$6,291,404)	(\$10,697,624)	(\$15,208,165)	(\$20,025,158)
Ending Fund Balance	\$159,025,573	\$168,260,688	\$153,463,452	\$142,163,309	\$131,189,377	\$124,897,973	\$114,200,349	\$98,992,184	\$78,967,026
Balance Coverage Ratio	6.54	5.49	5.01	4.12	3.81	3.65	3.34	2.90	2.31