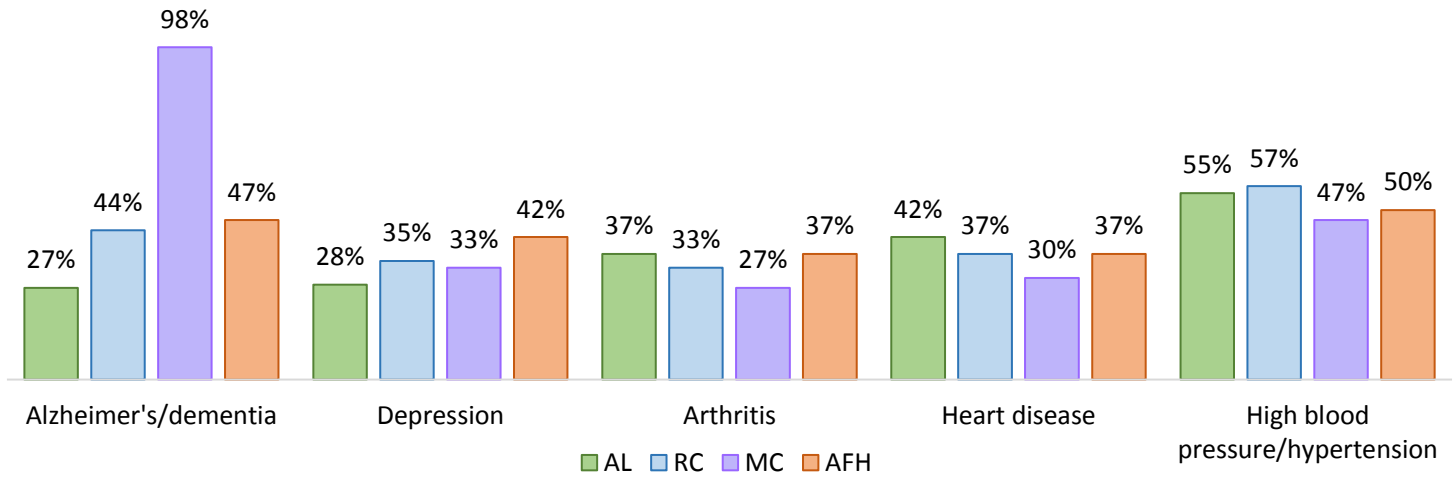
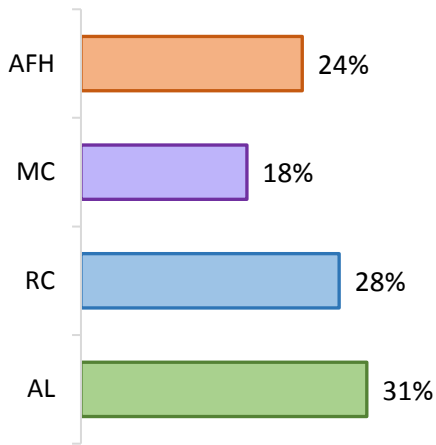


RESIDENT HEALTH, HEALTH SERVICE USE, & SAFETY 2017

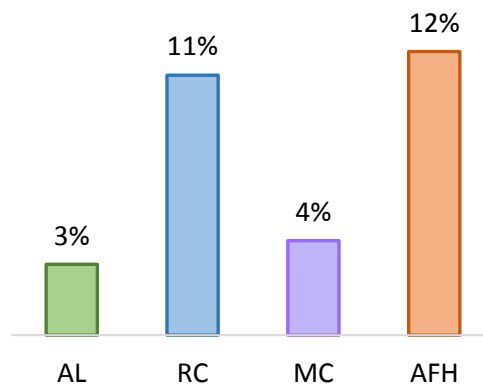
TOP 5 CHRONIC HEALTH CONDITIONS AMONG RESIDENTS



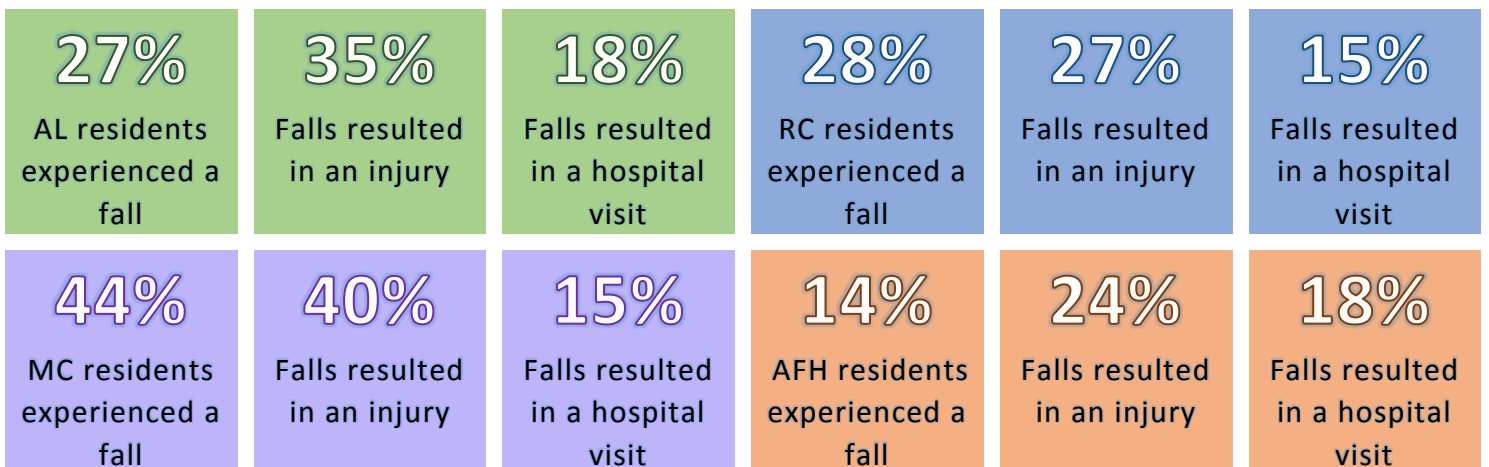
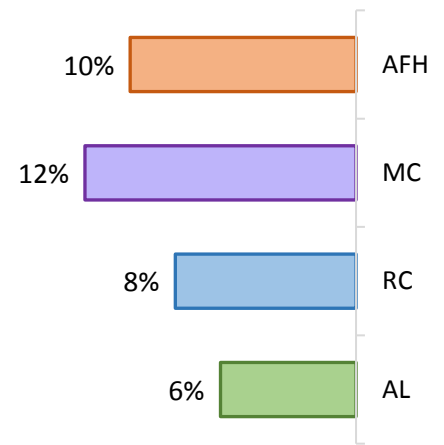
% RESIDENTS READMITTED TO HOSPITAL, PRIOR 30 DAYS



% RESIDENTS WITH BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICE USE

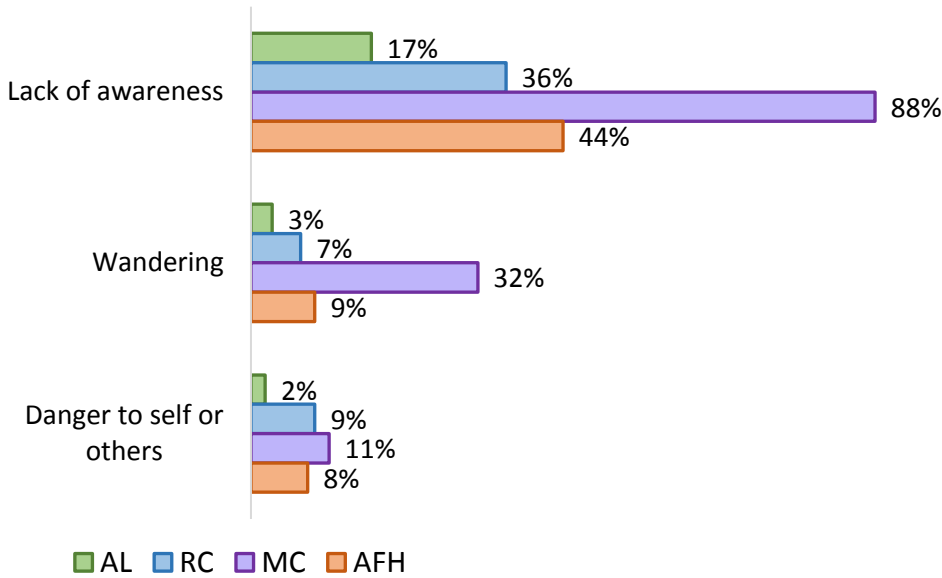


% RESIDENTS WITH HOSPICE USE, PRIOR 90 DAYS

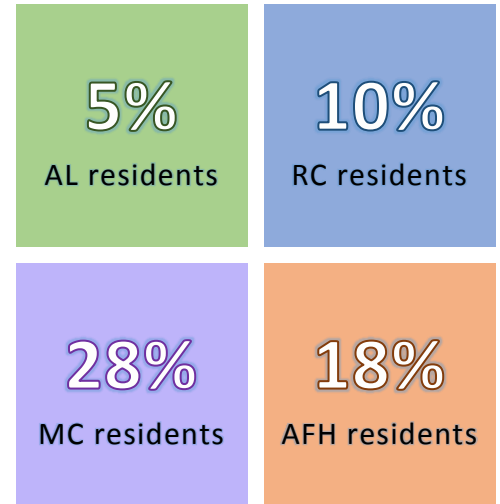


RESIDENT HEALTH, HEALTH SERVICE USE, & SAFETY 2017

% RESIDENTS WHO RECEIVED STAFF ASSISTANCE WITH BEHAVIORAL SYMPTOMS



% RESIDENTS WHO RECEIVED TWO-PERSON ASSISTANCE



% Residents Who Take or Receive

| | AL | RC | MC | AFH |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 9+ Medications | 56% | 63% | 56% | 53% |
| Antipsychotic Medications | 17% | 33% | 47% | 35% |
| Assistance with Injections | 11% | 10% | 5% | 9% |

NOTE: AL= Assisted Living, RC= Residential Care, MC= Memory Care, AFH= Adult Foster Home.

Oregon DHS contracted Portland State University's Institute on Aging to study community-based care settings. Results are based on provider responses to a self-administered questionnaire. 308 AL, RC and MC communities (60% response) and 350 adult foster homes (52% response) completed the questionnaire. The full reports are available at: <https://www.pdx.edu/ioa/oregon-community-based-care-project> and <https://www.oregon.gov/DHS/SENIORS-DISABILITIES/Documents/ARM%20Summary%20Report%20for%20DHS%20-%202016.pdf>