Basic Local Budget Law 2019

Presented by Oregon Department of Revenue Finance, Taxation & Exemptions

Finance, Taxation & Exemptions Team

- ✓ Trains Local Officials on Local Budget Law
- ✓ Answers Questions about Budget Law & Property Taxes
- ✓ Provides Budgeting Manuals & Forms
- ✓ Reviews Tax Certifications
- ✓ Reviews District Budgets
- ✓ Advises County Assessors & Tax Collectors on property tax law
- ✓ and more

Agenda - 4 Phases in Budget Process

1st Phase - Propose the budget

2nd Phase - Approve the budget

3rd Phase - Adopt the budget

4th Phase - Changes after adoption

Districts Not Subject to Local Budget Law

ORS 261 People's utility districts

ORS 440 Health districts

ORS 545 Irrigation districts

ORS 551 Diking districts

ORS 553 Water control districts*

ORS 554 District improvement companies or corporations

ORS 568 Soil and water conservation districts*

ORS 371 Special and Assessment road districts

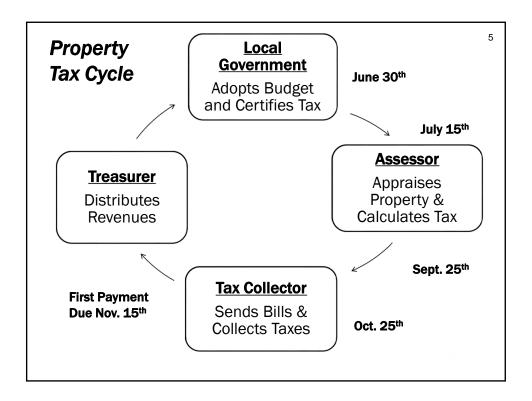
ORS 371 County Road district*

ORS 372 Highway lighting districts

ORS 547 Drainage districts

2017 OR Law Ch.26 Historic ghost towns as defined in ORS 221.862

^{*} That will not impose taxes during the ensuing year. If district does impose property tax any year, it is subject to Local Budget Law.



Purposes of Local Budget Law

- > Establish standard procedures
- > Outline programs & fiscal policies
- Require estimates of resources & expenditures
- > Encourage citizen involvement
- > Control expenditure of public funds

ORS 294.321

Why Follow Local Budget Law?

A district that doesn't follow LBL may not lawfully:

- Expend money (with some exceptions)
- · Certify property taxes to the county assessor

ORS 294.338

A property tax made contrary to LBL is voidable by the Oregon Tax Court if appealed by:

- County Assessor
- County Court
- County Board of Commissioners
- The Department of Revenue
- Ten or more interested taxpayers

ORS 294.461

DOR v. Umatilla County, otc2519 (1986)

A portion of the 1986-87 tax levy was voided by the court.

Umatilla County failed to republish its budget summary to allow the board to impose a levy amount higher than the amount published in it's budget summary.



Civil Liability

Any public official who expends public monies in excess of the amounts or for any other purpose than authorized by law shall be civilly liable for the return of the money, if there is malfeasance in office or willful or wanton neglect of duty.

ORS 294.100

10

<u>Cadastral Information Systems Unit</u> (CISU) <u>UPDATE:</u>

- The CISU web page about how to comply with ORS 308.225 when making changes to your boundaries has been updated.
- For assistance in how to comply with the statute, please review the information at:

www.oregon.gov/DOR/programs/property/Pages/boundary-change.aspx

Phase 1 Proposing the Budget

Sample Budget Calendar

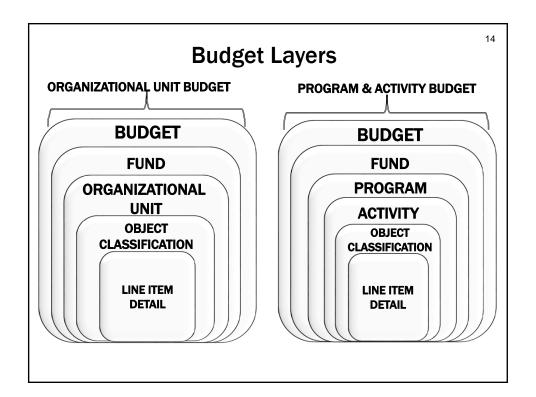
	Action	Example Due Date	Complete
1	Appoint budget officer	Jan. 10	√
2	Appoint budget committee (BC)	Jan. 31	
3	Prepare proposed budget	March 7	
4	Publish 1 st notice of BC meeting	March 21	
5	Publish 2 nd notice of BC meeting	April 4	
6	BC meeting & subsequent mtgs. if needed	April 11	
7	Publish notice of budget hearing	May 15	
8	Hold budget hearing	May 23	
9	Enact Resolutions to adopt, etc	June 27	
10	Submit tax certification documents	By July 15*	
11	Send copy of all budget documents to county clerk	By Sept. 30*	

 $^{^{*}}$ ORS 305.820(2) states that if any deadline that needs to be filed to tax collector or county falls on a weekend or holiday, then the deadline is extended to the next business day.

What is a Budget?

- > A financial plan
- ➤ For one fiscal year (July 1 June 30)
 or biennial budget period (July 1, 2018 June 30, 2020)
- > Based on <u>estimates</u> of revenues & expenditures and other requirements

The budget is the basis for appropriations, which create the authority to spend public money



Prepare Proposed Budget

- > Designate budget officer (Who can serve?)
- Budget Officer prepares budget under direction of Executive Officer or Governing Body

16

Budget is prepared by fund

- A self-balancing set of accounts
- Used to record estimated resources and requirements for specific activities and objectives

Types of Funds

- ➤ General Fund ➤ Reserve Fund
- > Special Revenue Fund > Enterprise Fund
- Capital Project Fund > Trust & Agency Fund
- > Debt Service Fund > Internal Services Fund

Types of Funds

- General Fund For general operations with no restrictions on how resources are used.
- Special Revenue Fund Dedicated to local option levy money, specific purpose grants, or other money required to be segregated by statute, charter or terms.
- Capital Project Fund To finance a building or acquisition of capital facilities that are nonrecurring major expenditures.
- **Debt Service Fund** Used to budget for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt

Types of Funds, cont...

19

- Internal Services Fund To account for services furnished by one department to another department of the same local government
- Enterprise Fund To account for activities that are primarily self-supporting from user charges and fees
- Trust & Agency Fund For revenue received in a fiduciary capacity to be used for a specified purpose
- Reserve Fund Used to accumulate money for financing the cost of a service, project, property or equipment

Budget Organization

20

Organize requirements within funds by either

> Organizational unit:

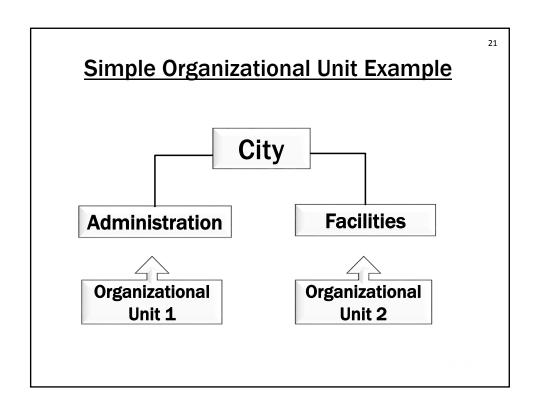
Any administrative subdivision of a municipal corporation, especially one charged with carrying on one or more functions or activities

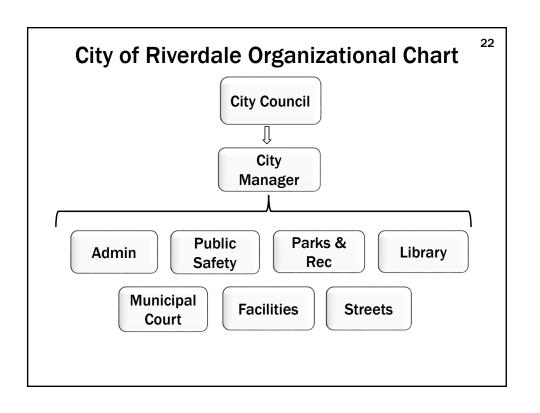
OR

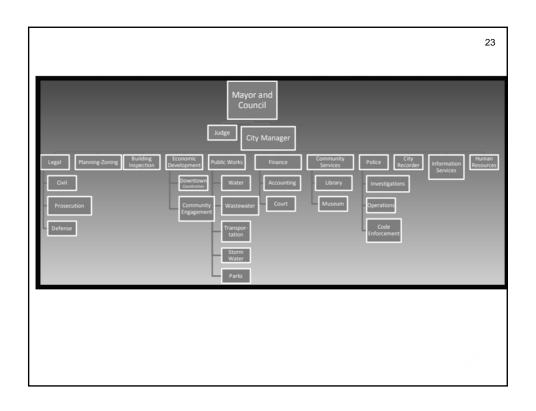
Program and Activities:

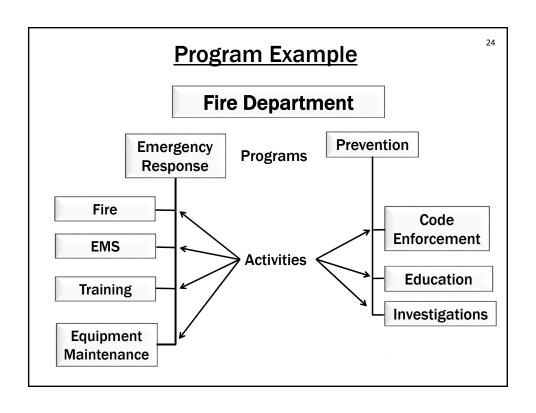
A group of related activities aimed at accomplishing a major service or function for which the municipality is responsible

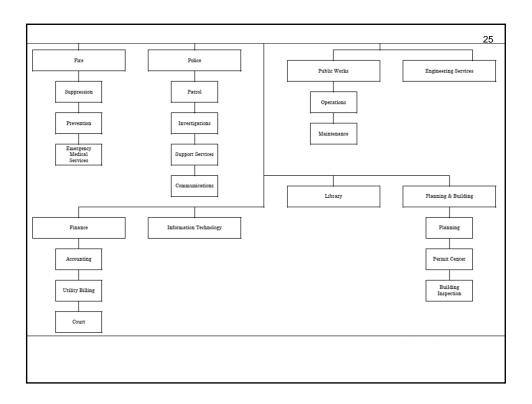
ORS 294.388











Forms for Local Budget Law

► LB, ED, UR, & CC-1

Notice of Budget Hearing

- ► LB-10 Special Revenue Funds
- ► LB-11 Reserve Funds
- ► LB-20 Resources
- ► LB-30 Requirements Summary
- ► LB-31
 Detailed Requirements

- ► LB-35 Bonded Debt
- ► LB, ED, & UR-50 Notice of Property Tax and Certification
- ► Budget committee meeting notice

Public comment held or offered at later date

- Resolutions
 Adopting, appropriating, imposing, and categorizing
- ► Supplemental budget

 Notice of Supplemental budget

 Hearing

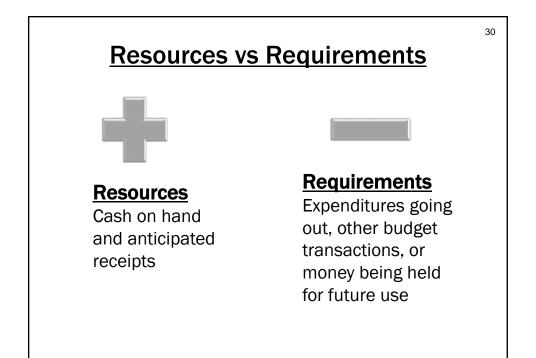
Budget Detail: Statutory Minimum

- > Line item description
- > 2 prior years actual information (Use actual / audited #'s)
- > Budgeted amount for current fiscal period
- > Proposed amount for next year
 - Once BC approves, complete "Approved" column
 - Once Governing Body adopts, complete "Adopted" column

Standardized Format

Н	istorical Data	a		Budget	for Next Year	2019-20
Act	ual					
Second Preceding Year 2016-17	First Preceding Year 2017-18	Adopted Budget This Year 2018-19	Descriptions of Resource and Requirement Items	Proposed By Budget Officer	Approved By Budget Committee	Adopted By Board

For OR	rm -LB-30		ALLOCA	TEC	Requirements Summary to an organizational unit or program	n & activity.		Clear Form
					(Fund)		(Name of Municip	al Corporation)
F		Historical data	I Adverted burdent	T		Budo	get for next year 20	
۱ŀ	Act Second preceding	First preceding	Adopted budget this year		Requirements for	Proposed by	Approved by	Adopted by
Щ	year 20	year 20	year 20	┸		Budget Officer	Budget Committee	Governing Body
1				1				
3				3				
4				4				
5				5				
6				6				
7 8				7	Total personnel services			
9				8	Total full-time equivalent (FTE)			
10				10				
1				11				
2				12				
13				13				
4				15				
16				16				
7				17				
18				18				
19				19				
20				21				
22				22				
23				23				
24				24				
25				25				
26				26	Total materials and services			
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27				28				
29				29				
29 30 31				30				
31				31				
32				32				
33				33	Total capital outlay			
35					Organizational unit / Activity total			
150-6	io4-030 (Rev. 11-16)							Page

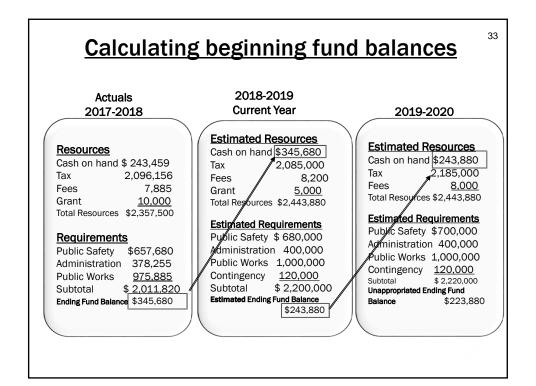


Estimate Resources and Requirements for Each Fund

- > Estimate resources & requirements in line item detail.
- > <u>All</u> resources & requirements must be budgeted.
- > Resources & requirements must balance.
- > Estimates of resources & requirements must be made in "good faith."

Budget Resources

- Beginning cash or net working capital
- > (cash, checking balance, LGIP, CD's, etc.)
- > User fees, assessments, charges for service
- > Grants, gifts, donations, etc.
- > Bond & other borrowing proceeds
- > Interfund transfers, internal service charges
- > Interest earned on deposits
- > Property taxes (prior years and current)



Budgeting for Marijuana Tax Revenue

- Resources can be co-mingled with other nonrestricted resources, except property tax.
 - Property tax revenue must be estimated separately from other tax revenue (ORS 294.438)
- 2018 Legislation (SB 1544) allows local government to disclose payment distribution

A brief history of Oregon property tax

35



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gtalhnmxnZU Source: The Oregonian, September 10, 2015

36

Estimating Property Taxes

Tax Rate x Taxable Value* = Tax Amount

But,

Amount you receive is reduced by:

- Compression Losses (Measure 5 Limitation)
- Discounts (Taxes paid in full or 2/3rds by Nov 15)
- ➤ Uncollectibles (Delinquent taxes)
- * "frozen value" in urban renewal plan area

Constitutional Limitations

Article XI, s. 11 and 11b

Measure 50: Tax calculation is based on Assessed Value (AV)

Measure 5: Operating tax on a property is limited to:

- > \$5 per \$1,000 of RMV for Education,
- > \$10 per \$1,000 of RMV for Gen. Government

M5 limit is based on Real Market Value (RMV)

38

How Does M5 Compression Loss Work?

- ➤ If a property's tax is higher than its M5 limit, the tax must be reduced ("compressed") to fall within the limit.
- ➤ This loss is shared by all taxing districts (local option taxes reduced first).

M5 Compression Example



<u>Neighbor 1</u>

M50 Tax Calculation:

Total Combined Gen. Gov. Tax: Property's **Assessed Value Tax on Property** \$14/\$1,000 AV \$176,384 **\$2469.38**

\$10/\$1,000 RMV

M5 Limit Calculation:

General Gov. limit Property's *Real Market Value* **Maximum tax under limit**

 Value
 \$220,000

 iit
 \$2,200.00

Gen. Gov. Loss due to M5 Compression = \$269.38



Neighbor 2

M50 Tax Calculation:

Total Combined Gen. Gov. Tax: Property's **Assessed Value Tax on Property** \$14/\$1,000 AV \$176.384 \$2469.38 39

M5 Limit Calculation:

General Gov. limit Property's **Real Market Value Maximum tax under limit** \$10/\$1,000 *RMV* \$280,000 **\$2,800.00**

NO loss to compression

40

How Can You Estimate Compression Loss?

Summary of Assessments and Levies Report (SAL) Table 4a:

- Assessor prepares report in October
- Often mailed to every taxing district
- Reports taxes imposed, <u>compression loss</u>, taxes extended
- Save report and use it next spring for your budget estimate of M5 loss

Also consider levies of other districts

Estimating tax receipts for the 3 types of ad valorem taxes

- Permanent Rate Taxes
 - Local Option Taxes
- General Obligation Bond Levies

42

Permanent Rate Taxes

- Measure 50 rate limit per \$1,000 of assessed value
- Limit cannot be changed by district or its patrons
- Imposed as rate per \$1,000 or a dollar amount
- Double majority required in March or Sept. election

Estimating Permanent Rate Taxes

Permanent rate limit: \$1.5340/ \$1,000

Estimated Assessed Value in district: \$98,769,946

1. Tax rate (per \$1.00 of AV) x .0015340

2. Value x rate = \$151,513

3. Minus est. Measure 5 loss - \$ <u>736</u>

4. Tax to be billed \$ 150,777

5. County collection average x <u>.94</u>

6. Tax amount to budget = \$ 141,730

Local Option Taxes

> In addition to the permanent rate levy

- > Temporary:
 - For Operations 1 to 5 years
 - For Capital Project Lesser of 10 years or useful life (Defined in ORS 280.060)
- Voters approve rate per \$1,000 or fixed dollar amount per year
- > Double Majority required in March or Sept.
- > First to be compressed
- > Budget options for September election (280.060)

Estimating Local Option Taxes

(Dollar Amount Local Option)

1. Local option tax levy amount = \$45,000

2. Minus est. compression loss - \$\,\text{2,500}\$

3. Tax to be billed \$ 42,500

4. County collection average x <u>.94</u>

5. Tax amount to budget = \$39,950

Permanent rate tax \$141,730 Local option tax 39,950 Budget Total for General Fund \$181,680

46

G.O. Bond Debt Service Levy

- Principal & interest (only) on voter-approved general obligation bonds for capital construction
- Voter approval of bonds gives authority to tax for annual debt service
- > Always imposed as a dollar amount
- > Double majority required in March or Sept.
- > Exempt from compression

Estimating Bond Debt Service Taxes

Taxes budgeted for debt service \$25,150Estimated compression losses = 0

(GO bond taxes are exempt from M5 limits)

Amount to raise 25,150

(Amount shown in the budget as a resource)

County collection average ÷ .94

Taxes to be levied = \$26,755

(This is the amount you will certify to the assessor)

Resources vs Requirements Requirements Expenditures going out, other budget and anticipated transactions, or money being held for future use

Object classifications (Allocated)

Personnel Services - Expenses related to employees.

- MUST ALSO INCLUDE A NUMBER FOR FTE.
- How is FTE calculated?

Materials & Services – consumables and service expenses:

- contractual services
- supplies
- other operating expenses

Capital outlay- Items which generally have a useful life of one or more years.

Include line item detail

50

Object classifications- (Not Allocated)

Interfund Transfers- Transfer of resources from one fund to another.

All transfers out require a corresponding transfer in.

Debt Service- The repayment of any loan, bond or other borrowing.

Special Payments- A pass-through payment, grant made to other organizations, or other one-time or unusual expenditure that does not fall into any other expenditure category.

Object classifications- (Not Allocated) Cont...

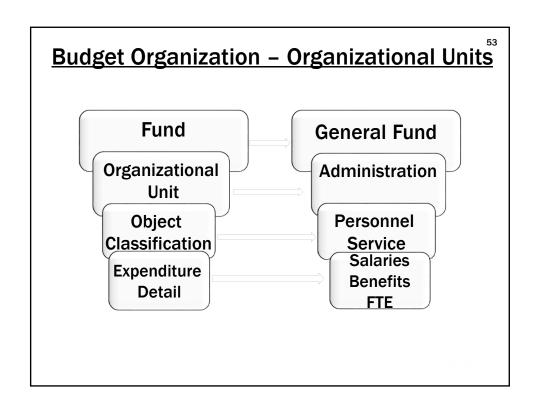
Operating Contingency- An amount reasonably expected to be spent on unidentified operating expenses.

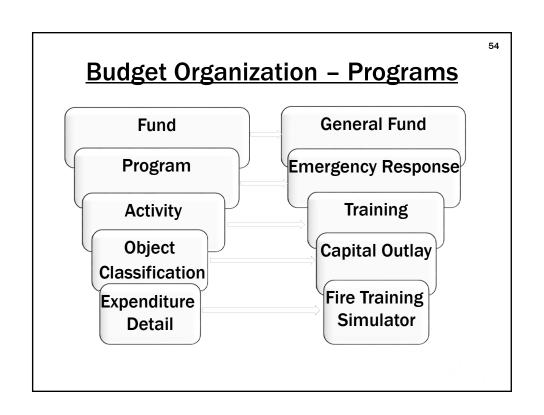
May only be budgeted in an operating fund.

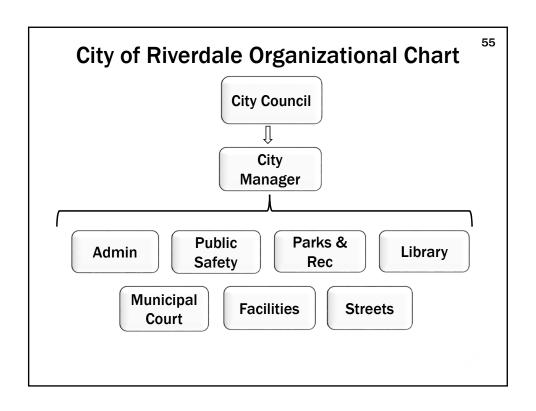
Reserved for Future Expenditure- An amount a municipal corporation plans to "save" for future spending.

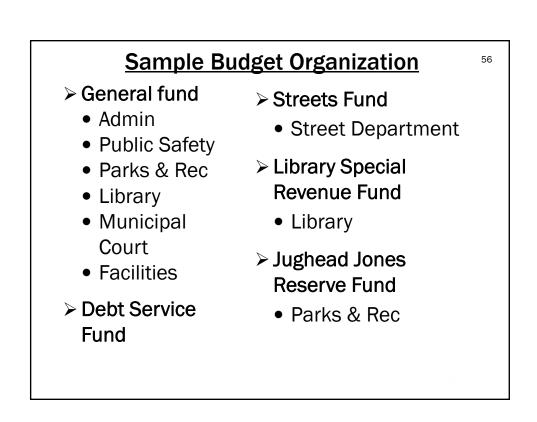
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance - Amount set aside in the budget to be carried over to the next year's budget to cover costs prior to resources being available.

		Budget Requirem		
		Object Classification	Allocated or Not Allocated to an Organizational Unit or Activity?	
	e	Personnel Services		
Requirements	tur.	Materials & Service	Usually Allocated	
	ndi	Capital Outlay		
	Expenditure	Special Payments		
	E	Debt Service		
i I		Transfers (Out)		
Rec		Operating Contingency	Not Allocated	
		Reserved for Future Expenditure		
		Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance		









Review Sample Budget

Discussion: Proposed Budget

- What's the difference between an organizational unit and a program?
- **True or False**: If you only have one fund, you don't need to budget by organizational unit or program.
- Which object classifications are defined as operational expenditures?
- What are the object classifications (categories of requirements) that should be allocated to an organizational unit?
- True or False: Debt service must always be budgeted in a debt service fund.

Discussion: Proposed Budget

- True or False: When levying for G.O. bond debt, your levy amount should be more than the amount needed to pay principle and interest.
- What is the formula used to estimate the amount of property tax to be received? What other factors should be considered?
- What information do you have to include in your budget if you estimate expenditures for Personnel Services?
- True or False: "Non-Departmental" is an appropriate name for an org. unit/program within the General Fund.

60

Phase 2

Budget Committee Approves the Budget

Who's on the Budget Committee?

The Governing Body

+

an Equal Number of Appointed Electors

Appointed Members

- "Electors" are registered voters in the district
- · Cannot be officers, agents or employees
- Appointed for staggered 3-year terms
- All members have the same authority
- If you can't fill all appointed, committee can be fewer

ORS 294.414

52

Notice of Budget Committee Meeting

Publish notice of the first meeting at which:

- The budget and budget message are presented, and public comments and questions are heard.
- If public comments are not heard at the first meeting, give notice of both meetings.

In Washington County, also submit summary of proposed budget for publication on the county website (contact the Finance Department).

ORS 294.426

Publication Methods

63

- Printing twice in a newspaper of general circulation:
 5 30 days before meeting
- > Posting notice on your website:

At least 10 days before meeting, AND Printing once in a newspaper 5 – 30 days before meeting

- Mailing by U.S. Postal Service first class: To each street address, PO Box and RRN in district <u>At least 10 days before meeting</u>
- > Hand delivery

To each street address in district <u>At least 10 days</u> <u>before meeting</u>

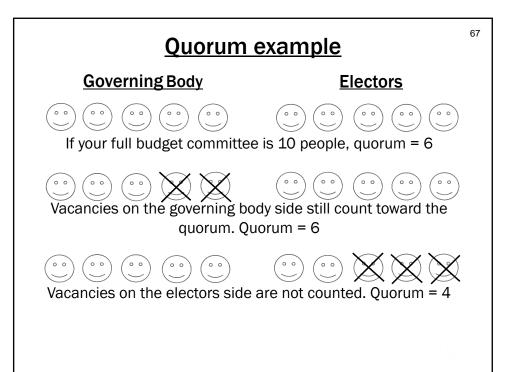
ORS 294.426

	Public Comment at First Meeting	64						
Α	Use this notice if public comment will be taken at this meeting.							
NOTICE OF BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING								
A public	remeeting of the Budget Committee of the Riverdale City (District Name), Archie Comic (County), State of Oregon,							
to discu	to discuss the budget for the fiscal year July 1, 20 <u>19</u> to June 30, 2020, will be held at 12345 Warner Brothers Way, Riverdale City (Location)							
	□ am							
12345 V	Namer Brothers Way, Riverdale City. The meeting will take place on May 6, 2019 at 6:00 (Date) X pm (Address)							
The purpose of the meeting is to receive the budget message and to receive comment from the public on the budget.								
This is a public meeting where deliberation of the Budget Committee will take place. Any person may appear at the meeting and discuss the proposed programs with the Budget Committee.								
A copy of the budget document may be inspected or obtained on or after May 1, 2019 at 12345 Warner Brothers Way, Riverdale City (Date) (Location)								
	X am □ am							
12345 V	<u>Marner Brothers Way, Riverdale City,</u> between the hours of <u>8:00</u> □ pm and <u>4:30</u> X pm (Location) (Time)							
150-504-0	073-1 (Rev 12-13)							

Public Comment at Later Meeting B Use this notice if public comment will be taken at a later meeting NOTICE OF BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING Riverdale City A public meeting of the Budget Committee of the Archie Comic , State of Oregon, on the budget for the fiscal year July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020, will be held at 12345 Warner Brothers Way, Riverdale City The purpose of the meeting is to receive the budget message. This is a public meeting where deliberation of the Budget Committee will take place An additional, separate meeting of the Budget Committee will be held to take public comment. Any person may appear at the meeting and discuss the proposed programs with the Budget Committee. The meeting for public comment will be on: Date: May 12, 2019 Time: 6:00 X pm Location: 12345 Warner Brothers Way, Riverdale City A copy of the budget document may be inspected or obtained on or after May 1, 2019 at 12345 Warner Brothers Way, Riverda $\underline{12345}$ Warner Brothers Way, Riverdale City, between the hours of $\underline{8:00}$ \Box pm and $\underline{4:30}$ Mq X 150-504-073-1 (Rev 12-13)

Budget Committee's Meeting Process

- > All meetings are subject to Public Meetings Law
- Presiding officer must be elected at first meeting
- > Quorum is required to conduct business
- Majority of committee is required to take action
- Committee may request and receive additional information from district officials



What the Budget Committee Does

- > Receives the budget document
- Hears the budget message
- > Hears & considers public comment
- Discusses and revises the budget as needed
- > Approves the budget
- Approves the property taxes

Receives the Budget Document

> Budget is a public document when released to

- ➤ Available to the public at the same time as the
- > Public has right to inspect

committee

committee

Must provide means for public to copy (can also charge for copies)

70

The Budget Message

- Prepared by / under direction of executive officer
- > Explains budget document
- Describes financial policies
- Explains any changes since last year
- Must be in writing
- ➤ Anyone can deliver it

ORS 294.403

Hear Public Comment

- > On the date and time in the published notice
- ➤ Any person may ask questions about and comment on the budget ORS 294.426(4)(c)
- Can establish time limits and other policies for public comment period
- At additional meetings if desired Give same notice as a regular meeting of the governing body

ORS 294.428(2)

72



Town of Litchfield, NH - Mosquito Control District https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RTXUIVmJQmQ

Approve the Budget

Sample Motion to Approve Budget:

"I move that the budget committee of <u>Riverdale</u> <u>City</u> approve the budget for the <u>2019-20</u> fiscal year in the amount of <u>\$13,910,076</u>."

(motion and vote recorded in the minutes)

74

Approve Each Tax levy

Sample Motion to Approve Taxes:

"I move that the budget committee of <u>Riverdale City</u> approve property taxes for the <u>2019-20</u> fiscal year at the rate of <u>\$4.4143 per \$1,000</u> of assessed value for the permanent rate tax levy, in the amount of <u>\$0.1213</u> for the local option tax levy, and in the amount of <u>\$496,315</u> for the general obligation bond levy."

(motion and vote recorded in the minutes)

The Budget Committee is now finished.

Publish Budget Hearing Notice & Summary of Budget

- > Print once in newspaper 5-30 days before hearing
- ➤ Mail or hand deliver to each street address, PO Box and RRN <u>5-30</u> days before hearing
 - There is no Internet option for this notice
 - If budget < \$100,000 and no newspaper published in the district, can <u>post</u> in 3 places for at least <u>20</u> days prior to hearing
 - In Multnomah County, submit budget to Tax Supervising Conservation Commission, if subject to its jurisdiction.

ORS 294.438

76

Go to LB-1 Form and Review Hearing Notice

Alternative Publication Format

- ➤ Optional Narrative Format
- Same information as on LB-1 form
- Same timeline as with LB-1 form
- Can use narrative, charts, pictures, etc.

ORS 294.438

8

Correcting Publication Errors

- ➤ Publication is considered sufficient if the budget officer makes a "good faith" effort.
- ➤ If you know your notice will be late, reschedule the hearing and publish timely.
- ➤ If you know your hearing won't be on the date published, publish another notice.

Correcting Publication Errors (cont.)

If these errors occur:

- Typographical error
- Math error
- Error in calculating the tax

Then at first meeting after the error is discovered, the budget officer must:

- Advise the governing body in writing, and
- Give testimony correcting the error.

ORS 294.451

80

Budget Committee Question 1

Riverdale City's council received a resignation notice from one of the appointed budget committee members. The member has only served one year of his three year term.

What should the City Council do?

Budget Committee Question 2

The Riverdale City Council is supposed to have five members but one position is vacant. There are supposed to be five appointed members of the budget committee but the council can only find three people willing to serve.

How many people must be at a budget committee meeting for there to be a quorum?

How many votes are required to pass a motion?

Budget Committee Question 3

82

Riverdale City published a notice that their first budget committee meeting would be held on March 11th and that they would take public comment at that meeting. On March 11th two of the budget committee members can't make it to the meeting because of the flu. As a result, there isn't a quorum at the meeting.

Can an alternate member fill in for an absent member?

Phase 3 Adopting the Budget

84

Governing Body Holds Budget Hearing

- Hold the hearing on the date published, or reschedule & publish a revised notice
- Hearing is on the budget "as approved" by budget committee
- > Any person may comment on the budget

Changes After Budget Hearing

85

After the hearing, the governing body can change the budget estimates and tax levy approved by the budget committee.

However, if they want to:

- increase tax by any amount, Or
- increase expenditures in any fund by 10% or more (or \$5,000 whichever is greater),

They must *republish* the amended budget summary and hold *another* budget hearing.

Resolutions

86

After the hearing and *on or before* June 30, the governing body must enact a resolution to:

- 1. Adopt the budget
- 2. Make Appropriations
- 3. Impose each tax levy
- 4. Categorize each tax by its Measure 5 category (Education or General Government)

1. Resolution Adopting the Budget

- > State the fiscal year or biennial budget period
- > State the total \$ amount of budget resources

(Be sure to include all resources and all funds)

Sample of Resolution Adopting the Budget:

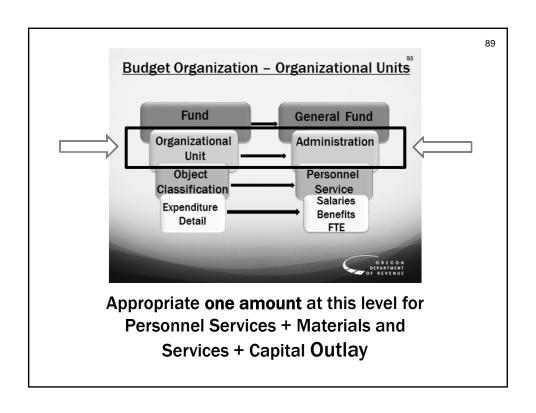
"BE IT RESOLVED that the Board of Directors of (district name) hereby adopts the budget for fiscal year 2019-2020 in the total amount of \$XXXXXX. This budget is now on file at (address)."

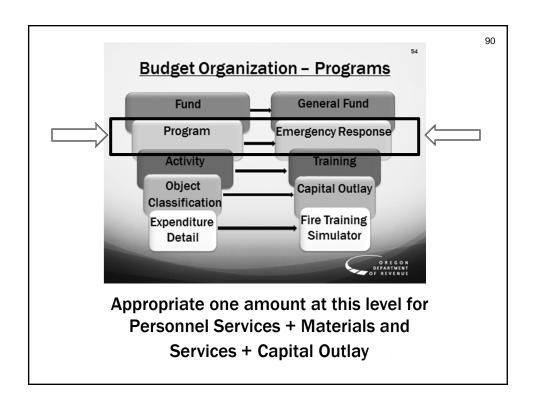
88

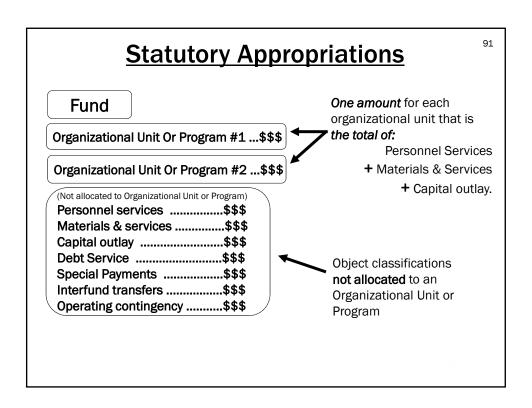
2. Resolution Making Appropriations Based on Organizational Units or Programs

- One amount for each Organizational Unit or Program:
 - ✓ Include only Personnel Services, Materials & Services, and Capital Outlay
- Separate amounts for any:
 - Personnel Services, Materials & Services, or Capital Outlay not allocated to an organizational unit or program
 - ✓ Debt Service
 - ✓ Special Payments
 - ✓ Transfers
 - ✓ Operating Contingency

ORS 294.388







92 **Appropriating to Greater Detail Statutory Minimum** Greater detail allowed **Standard** by Admin Rule General Fund **General Fund** Administration Administration \$5000 Personnel Services \$2000 Materials & Services \$2000 Capital Outlay \$1000 OAR 150-294-0510

Organization of Appropriations

- ➤ General fund
- ➤ GO Bond Debt Service Fund
- Admin

- Debt Service
- Public Safety
 - Julic Salety
- ➤ Streets Fund
- Parks & Rec
- Street Department

- Library
- Municipal Court
- Library Special Revenue
- Facilities
- Fund

 Library
- Personnel Services
- Transfers
- Contingency
- ➤ Jughead Jones Reserve Fund
 - Parks & Rec

Appropriations Example

94

General Fund

Administration	\$557,540
Public Safety	4,575,600
Parks and Rec	304,500
Library	424,650
Municipal Court	178,000
Facilities	334,000
Personnel Services	150,000
Transfers	170,000
Contingency	<u>75,000</u>
Total	\$7,187,890

Schools Appropriate by ODE Function

For each fund:

1000 Instruction

2000 Support Services

3000 Enterprise & Community Services

4000 Facilities Acquisition and Construction

5000 Other Uses

5100 Debt Service

5200 Transfers

6000 Contingency

ORS 294.393

96

Community Colleges Appropriate:

- by CCWD Function;
- by ODE Function; or
- by Organizational Unit*

*2017 OR Law Ch.26 - Creates consistency in budget and appropriations methods for community college districts.

<u>Appropriations</u>		
Appropriated	 Personnel Services Materials & Services Capital Outlay Debt Service Special Payments Transfers Out Contingency 	
Never Appropriated	 Reserved for Future Expenditure Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance (UEFB) 	

Common Appropriation Errors

- No organizational units or programs or only in general fund
- "Non-departmental" identified as a "department"
- Contingency appropriated in a non-operating fund
- Reserves for Future Expenditure and Unappropriated Ending Balances appear to be appropriated

3. Resolution Imposing the Tax

- > Impose each tax levy separately.
- > Impose permanent rate per \$1,000 or a dollar amount (not both).
- Impose local option levy as approved by voters.
- > Impose bond levy as a dollar amount.

Cannot exceed rate/amount approved by Budget Committee unless you republish budget summary and hold another hearing

100

4. Resolution Categorizing the Tax

Type of Tax	Subject to General Gov't Limit	Excluded from Limitation
Permanent rate limit	\$4.4143/\$1,000	
Local option levy	\$0.1213/\$1,000	
G.O. Bond levy		\$496,315

Categorize each tax (permanent rate limit, local option, G.O. bond levy) by its Measure 5 category:

- Subject to "General Government" limit
- Subject to "Education" limit
- "Excluded from constitutional limits"

Common Categorizing Tax Errors



Subject to General Government Limitation General Fund \$4.01/\$1,000

The resolution categorizing the tax should be done by tax levy, not by fund.



Subject to General Government Limitation Permanent Rate Tax \$4.01/\$1,000

294.456(1)(a)

102

Go to Resolutions & LB-50 Example

.03

Documents Taxing Districts Submit

By July 15, send the Assessor:

- ✓ 2 copies of the tax certification form,
- ✓ 2 copies of the resolutions,
- ✓ 2 copies of ballot measure for any new tax.

OAR 150-294-0520

By Sept 30, send the County Clerk:

- ✓ Copy of complete budget document, including:
 - Budget Message
 - · Budget detail sheets,
 - · Meeting notices or affidavits of publication,
 - Resolutions adopting, appropriating, imposing, etc.,
 - Tax certification
 - Sample ballot for any new tax

OAR 150-294-0310

104

Documents Non-taxing Districts Submit

By July 15, send to Dept. of Revenue:

✓ 1 copy of the resolutions

Keep on file a copy of complete budget document, including:

- Budget Message
- Budget detail sheets,
- Meeting notices or affidavits of publication,
- Resolutions adopting, appropriating, imposing, etc.

ORS 294.458(1)

Additional Requirements for Schools, ESD's & Community Colleges

School Districts & ESD's:

- ✓ Hard copy of budget to Dept of Education by July 15th
- ✓ Electronic copy to Dept of Education by August 15th

Community Colleges:

✓ Copy of budget to Department of Community Colleges & Workforce Development by July 15

Discussion: Adopting and Appropriating

106

- Can the resolution making appropriations include any of these appropriation categories: Miscellaneous, other, UEFB?
- Which object classifications can be included in the appropriation amount for an org. unit/program?
- Which statutory appropriation categories must be appropriated separately from a program or organizational unit?
- In what type of fund are you allowed to budget and appropriate for contingency?
- > Should the total adopted budget amount include the unappropriated amounts?

Discussion: Imposing & Categorizing

- Is it acceptable to impose both a tax rate and a total tax amount for the same levy?
- > Can a GO Bond levy be imposed as a rate?
- > What are the three options when categorizing taxes by constitutional limitation?
- Should taxes be categorized by each fund? Or, by each levy imposed?

108

Adopting a Budget Question 1

The city has extra money in their budget that they don't need for anything. They just put it into "Contingency".

Is that OK? If not, what should they do?

Adopting a Budget Question 2

The city received a late donation and has more money than anticipated for next year. As a result, the council wants to change the budget approved by the budget committee before the council adopts it.

Can they do that?

If so, what do they have to do?

110

Adopting a Budget Question 3

There's only one person who knows how to complete the LB-50 and he's out of the office until the first of August.

What can the district do in this situation?

		Budget Question	
What's wrong with thes	e appropriation	ons?	
General Fund		Timber Infrastructure & Improvement Fund	
Administration	385,812	TIIF	320,553
Police	557,907	Transfers Out	131,011
Municipal Court	10,000	Contingency	1,500,000
Not allocated to Organization L	Jnit or Program:	Total	\$1,951,564
Materials & Services	147,310		
Transfer Out (Debt Service)	75,000	Scout Lake Fund	
Contingency	2,473	Scout Lake	38,500
Total	\$1,178,502	Total	\$38,500
Street Fund		Enterprise Zone Fund	
Streets	235,960	Transfers Out	179,000
Debt Service	0	Contingency	65,095
Transfers Out	12,022	Total	\$244,095
Contingency	23,515		
Total	\$271,497	Infrastructure Maintenance & Improvement F	und
		Transfers Out	80,000
Sewer Fund		Contingency	88,675
Sewer	488,336	Total	\$168,675
Debt Service	0		
Transfers Out	25,547	Sewer System Development	
Contingency	34,452	Contingency	7,215
Total	\$548,335	Total	\$7,215
Water Fund		Water System Development	
Water Fund	530,300	Contingency	44,880
Debt Service	0	Total	\$44,880
Transfers Out	39,072		
Contingency	43,088	_	
Total	\$612,460	7	

H	łow abou	ut these?	11.
	MAKING APPRO	<u>OPRIATIONS</u>	
BE IT RESOLVED that the amount shown below are hereby appropriated:	ts for the fiscal year be	ginning July 1, 2016, and for the p	urposes
General Fund		Reserve Fund	
Personal Services	983,875	Personal Services	0
Materials & Service:	333,455	Materials & Services	0
Capital Outlay	24,902	Capital Outlay	1,572,500
Transfers	19,000	Total	1,572,500
Contingency	15,520	Capital Projects Fund - A	rena
Total	1,376,752	Personal Services	386,700
		Materials & Services	975,200
		Capital Outlay	5,390,564
Debt Service Fund		Transfers	1,011,887
Debt Service	588,800	Contingency	507,563
Total	588,800	Total	8,271,914
	Total APPRO	PRIATIONS, All Funds	11,809,966
Total Una	appropriated and Res	erve Amounts, All Funds	430,795
		L ADOPTED BUDGET	12,240,761

Phase 4 Changes After Adoption

114

Budgets may need to be changed after adoption ...



Changes to Budget After Adoption

- A budget is a plan based on estimates;
- The budget provides the foundation for appropriations;
- Appropriations are authority to spend public money,

AND

Appropriations are limitations on expenditures

116

An Appropriation is a Limitation Don't overspend your appropriations!

ORS 294.456(6): Except as provided in . . . 294.471 , 294.473 . . . an expenditure . . . of public money may not be made for any purpose in an amount greater than the amount appropriated.



Make Changes to Appropriations Before Over-Spending

- The change must be in place <u>before</u> an overexpenditure is made
- Adopting a resolution or supplemental budget after an over-expenditure does not correct the violation of Local Budget Law

ORS 294.471(3)(c): Additional expenditures contained in a supplemental budget ...may not be made unless the governing body of the municipal corporation enacts appropriation ordinances or resolutions authorizing the expenditures.

Actions Possible after Adoption

Budget law provides several LEGAL ways to adjust your budget after adoption if your needs change, including:

- ➤ Appropriation Transfer ors 294.463
- ➤ Supplemental budget ors 294.471 & 294.473
- ➤ Expenditures outside of budget law ors 294.338
- > Other fiscal tools
 - Interfund loans ors 294.468
 - Eliminate unnecessary fund ors 294.353
 - Emergency authorizations ors 294.481

118

Appropriation Transfers

- > To move appropriations between existing categories within a fund or between two funds
- > To transfer appropriations and resources from a fund to any other fund
- > Resolution must state:
 - Need for transfer
 - Purpose of expenditure
 - Amount

ORS 294.463(1)

120

Appropriation Transfer Example

Increase Police appropriations by transferring \$100,000 from Administration appropriations

General Fund	<u>Existing</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Adjusted</u>
Administration	\$400,000	\$(100,000)	\$300,000
Police	\$1,900,000	\$100,000	\$2,000,000
Library	\$400,000	\$0	\$400,000
Transfer Out	\$50,000	\$0	\$50,000
Contingency	\$500,000	\$0	\$500,000
Total Appropriations	\$3,250,000	\$0	\$3,250,000

Transferring appropriations between funds

Transfer \$200,000 of appropriations from the General Fund to the Library Fund

General Fund	Existing	<u>Change</u>	<u>Adjusted</u>
Admin	\$2,000,000	\$(200,000)	\$1,800,000
Transfer Out*	\$0	\$200,000	\$200,000
Library Fund			
Resource: Transfer in	\$0	\$200,000	\$200,000
Appropriation Library	\$300,000	\$200,000	\$500,000

*A Transfer Out may be created when transferring between funds by resolution.

Transfer Contingency

Transfer to another existing appropriation

- Transfer by resolution is limited to 15% of total fund appropriations
- 15% limit is cumulative for the fiscal period
- If more than 15% transferred in a year, a supplemental budget is required for the excess

ORS 294.463(2)

122

Moving contingency of less than 15% of Appropriations

Increase library appropriations by transferring \$50,000 out of contingency

General Fund	<u>Existing</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Adjusted</u>
Administration	\$400,000	\$0	\$400,000
Police	\$1,900,000	\$0	\$1,900,000
Library	\$400,000	\$50,000	\$450,000
Transfer Out	\$50,000	\$0	\$50,000
Contingency	\$500,000	\$(50,000)	\$450,000
Total Appropriations	\$3,250,000	\$ 0	\$3,250,000

Contingency transfer as a % of adopted appropriations = 1.5%

124

A Supplemental Budget

- > Modifies the currently adopted budget
- > Effective through the end of the fiscal year
- Used to:
 - Increase or decrease appropriations,
 - Create a new appropriation category, or
 - Create a new fund

Supplemental Budget Justification:

- Occurrence or condition not known during the regular budget process
- Unforeseen pressing necessity requires prompt action
- Unanticipated money from federal, state or local government
- Request for services, to be paid for by others

ORS 294.471

125

<u>Supplemental Budget Justification</u> (cont.)

126

- Destruction, involuntary conversion or sale requires immediate replacement
- More property taxes received than estimated
- Local Option approved in September election
- Add Debt Service when GO bonds are approved in May election

128

Supplemental Budget Process

Two Processes:

- 1. Change in expenditures in a fund is 10% or less
- 2. Change in expenditures in a fund > 10%

When determining expenditures, do not include:

- Transfers,
- Contingency,
- Reserves for future expenditure, or
- Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance

Budget Requirements

		Object Classification	Allocated or Not Allocated to an Organizational Unit or Activity?
	е	Personnel Services	
	tur	Materials & Service	Usually Allocated
S	Expenditure	Capital Outlay	
ent	xpe	Special Payments	
Requirements	3	Debt Service	
dir		Transfers (Out)	
Rec		Operating Contingency	Not Allocated
		Reserved for Future Expenditure	
		Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	

ORS 294.388

If Change is 10% or less

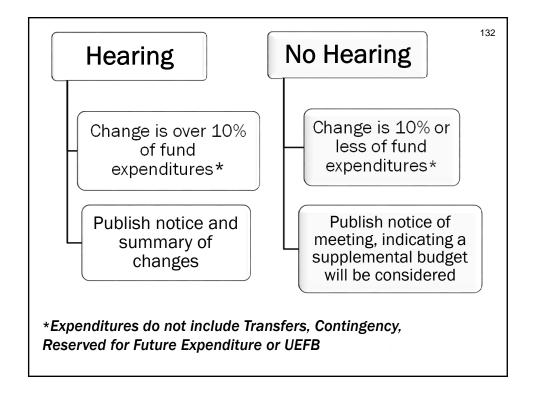
- ➤ Adopt at a regular meeting (no hearing required)
- ➤ Publish notice of the regular meeting:
 - At least 5 days before the meeting
 - In newspaper, by 1st class mail or by hand-delivery
 - Include a statement that a supplemental budget will be considered at the meeting
- > Adopt by resolution
- ➤ Appropriate by a resolution that states the need for, the purpose and the amount of the appropriation

130

If Change is More Than 10%

- > Public hearing is required
- > Publish Notice of the hearing:
 - At least <u>5 days</u> before the hearing
 - In newspaper, by 1st class mail or by hand-delivery
 - Summarize changes in each fund changing > 10%
- After hearing, adopt by resolution
- ➤ Resolution must state the need for, the purpose and the amount of the appropriation

Go to Supplemental Notice in sample budget



Appropriation Transfer ORS 294.464	Supplemental Budget ORS 294.471 & 294.473
 Transfers appropriation authority from one existing category to another. 	Creates a new appropriation category or fund.
3 ,	 Changes overall appropriation
 No change to the overall 	authority (i.e. changes the
appropriation expenditure authority.	overall footprint of the budget)
,	Contingency transfers of over
 Contingency transfers of up 	15% of total fund
to 15% of total fund appropriations	appropriations
3,5,5,5,5,5,5	May or may not require a hearing.

Resources less than budgeted?

Option 1: You may reduce appropriations:

- It's optional
- By supplemental budget:
 - At regular meeting if 10% or less
 - After public hearing if > 10%

Option 2: You could just spend less than appropriated

ORS 294.471(1)

134

Expenditures outside of the budget

Expenditure of specific purpose grants, gifts, etc.

- Appropriate by resolution
- Carry-over from prior year may also be appropriated
- General purpose grant may require supplemental budget

ORS 294.338(2)

136

Expenditures outside of the budget

Unforeseen Occurrence

- > If 'Non-tax' money is available
- > Appropriate by resolution
- > Resolution must declare
 - unforeseen occurrence or condition, or
 - · pressing necessity, or
 - that a request for services to be paid for by others, requires additional expenditure.

ORS 294.338(3)

Expenditures outside of the budget

Bond Exceptions

Supplemental budget not required to expend proceeds or make debt service payments for:

- Revenue Bonds sold in the current year
- G.O. bonds approved by voters in the year
- Refunding bonds issued in the year

ORS 294.338(4)&(5)

138

Other Expenditures outside of the budget

- ➤ Bond redemption expenditures 294.338(5)
- Expenditure of assessments for local improvements 294.338(6)
- Payment of deferred compensation 294.338(7)
- Refunds when purchased items are returned (must appropriate by resolution) 294.338(9)
- Newly formed municipal corporation 294.338(10)

Interfund Loans

139

Resolution must state:

- ✓ Funds making & receiving the loan
- ✓ Purpose of the loan
- ✓ Principal loan amount
- ✓ Repayment schedule (capital loan)
- ✓ Interest to be charged (capital loan)

Loans not allowed from some funds

(debt service fund, constitutionally dedicated moneys [like gas taxes])

Be sure there is appropriation authority

ORS 294.468

140

Repaying Interfund Loans

Loan for Operations:

- Pay back by end of this year or the next
- If paid back next year, must be budgeted

Capital Loan:

- Pay back within 10 years
- Payments in future years must be budgeted

Eliminate Unnecessary Fund

If a fund becomes unnecessary during fiscal year, a resolution must declare it unnecessary.

 Transfer balance to General Fund unless other provision was made when fund was established.

ORS 294.353

Emergency Situation

142

To respond to involuntary conversion or destruction of property, civil disturbance, natural disaster or public calamity, governing body may:

- Receive grants or borrow money
- Appropriate from any available source, including unappropriated ending fund balance
- Appropriate by resolution or supplemental

For public safety or health, executive officer may authorize expenditure if not practical to convene meeting

ORS 294.481

Scenario 1

The budget adopted by the board of the City of Riverdale included expenditures for three new heavy machinery for Andrews Construction. However, the board only appropriated the expenditure for the two and forgot the third.

What options does the district have to purchase the third heavy machinery?

144

Scenario 2

A citizen of Riverdale City won the lottery and has given the city a large cash donation that the city can use for whatever is needed most.

What options does the city have to legally spend this money?

L45

Change Scenario 3

All the cities in the Archie Comic County have applied for a grant for maintenance of the State Highway that crosses through various cities. The City of Riverdale submitted the joint application for the grant and will actually be able fix the State Highway that crosses through Riverdale City.

What does the City of Riverdale have to do regarding this grant and purchase?

What if Riverdale City simply passed the money through to the other cities?

146

Change Scenario 4

In an unfortunate turn of events Archie Andrews and Jughead Jones destroyed several public buildings with their heavy machinery. The city needs to repair the buildings ASAP. There will be insurance proceeds for part of the cost of the repairs, but to make up the difference the board will need to increase their appropriations in the General Fund. The expenditure wasn't anticipated or budgeted for.

What actions will the city need to take to pay for the repairs?

Questions?

Finance, Taxation & Exemptions Analysts

Danette Benjamin (971) 301-1149 danette.m.benjamin@oregon.gov Melanie Cutler (971) 301-1128 melanie.cutler@oregon.gov

Jean Jitan (971) 600-4097 jean.jitan@oregon.gov

FT&E Message Phone # (503) 945-8293

Email finance.taxation@oregon.gov

Local Budget Forms and Manuals on Internet:

http://www.oregon.gov/DOR/programs/property/Pages/local-budget.aspx

Subscribe to our email list for email notices of future training workshops and news on any changes to Local Budget Law. Sign up through this link:

http://listsmart.osl.state.or.us/mailman/listinfo/localbudget

48