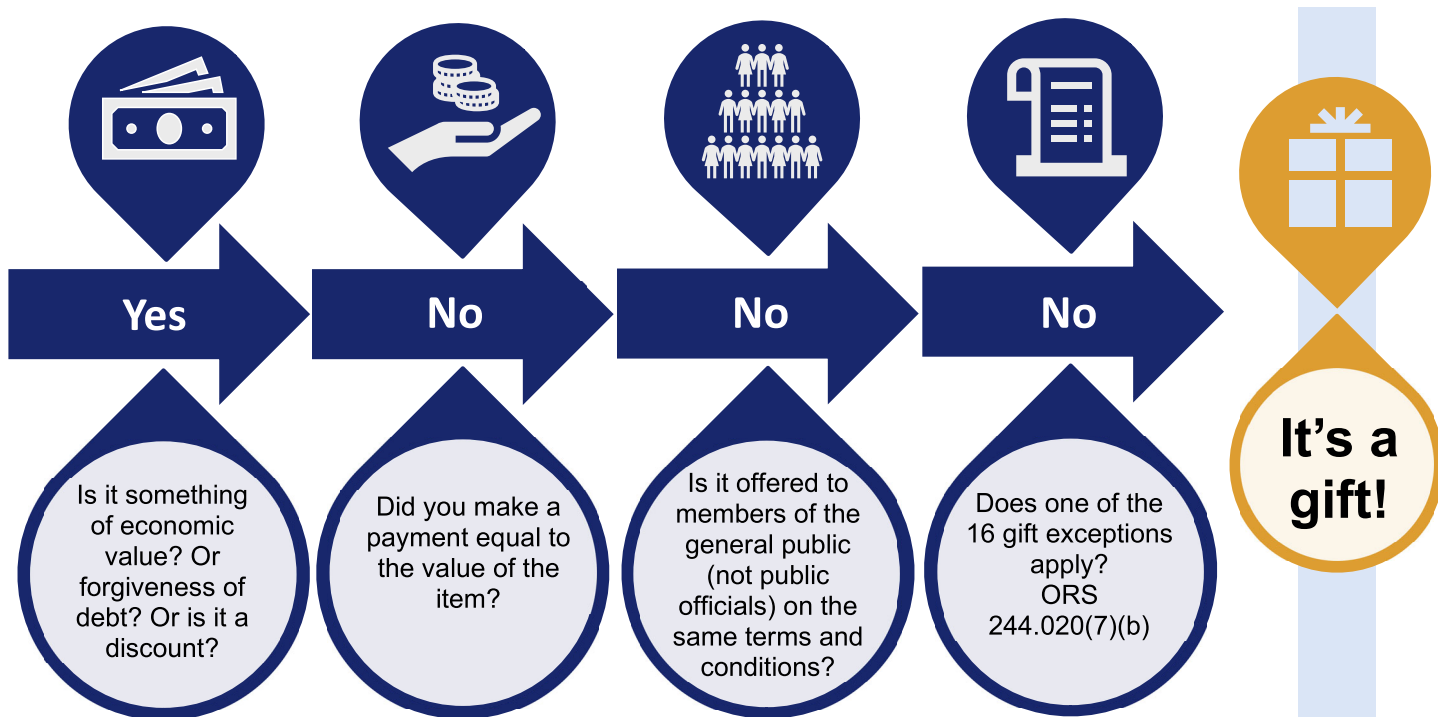


Step 1: Is it a gift?

The restrictions in ORS 244.025 limit gifts that can be accepted by a public official, candidate, or a relative, or member of the household of a public official or candidate.



Step 2: Legislative or Administrative Interest?

Who is the source of the gift?

The source is the ultimate payer of the expense.
OAR 199-005-0030

Does the source have a legislative or administrative interest?

Are you in a position where you could take official action that could have an economic impact on the source of the gift that is distinct from that of the general public? ORS 244.020(10)

What is the value of the gift?

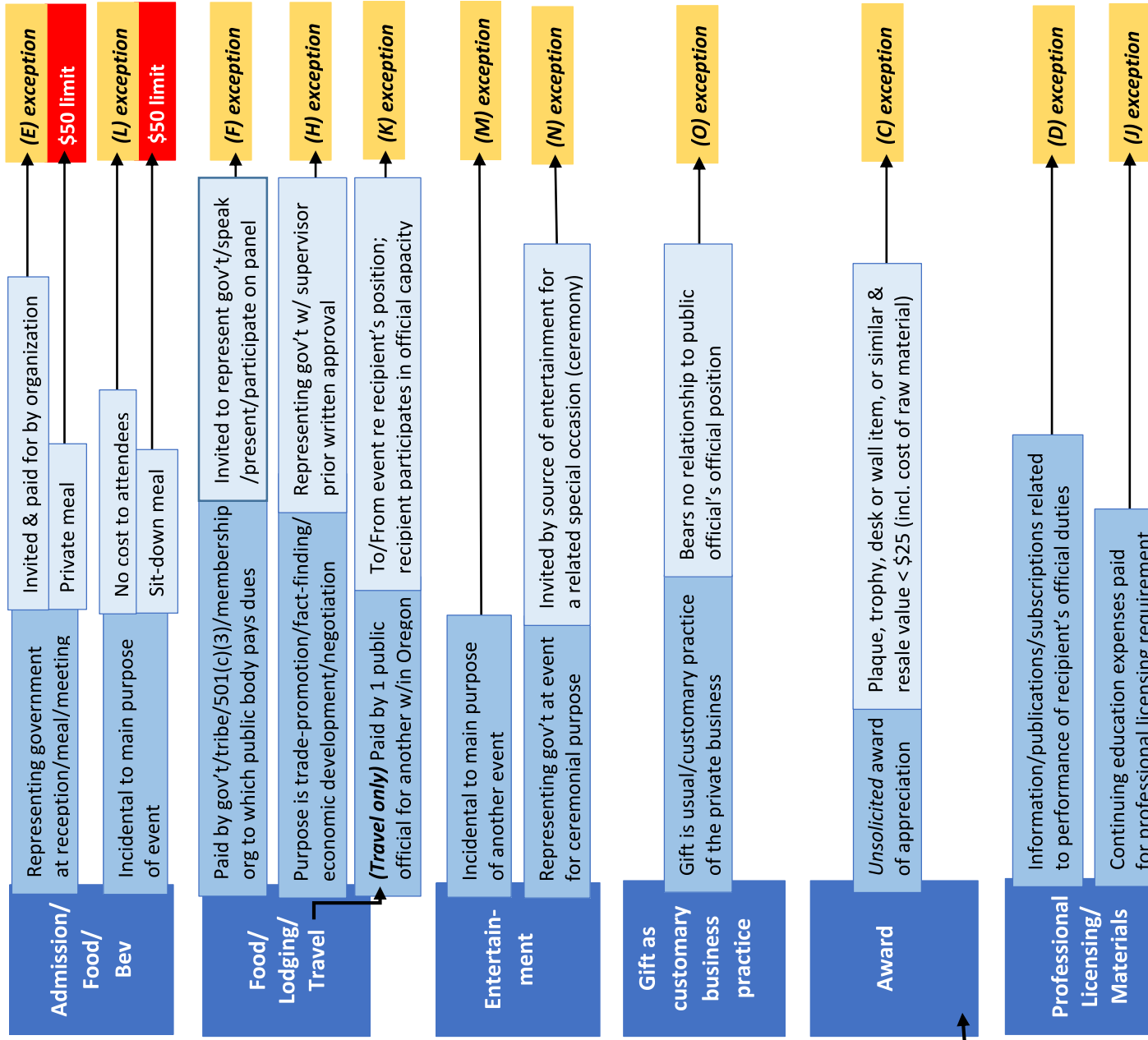
What is the fair market value of the item. OAR 199-005-0005

You must keep track of the value of all gifts from the same source during the calendar year.

Step 3: Can you accept the gift?



EXCEPTIONS TO THE GIFT LIMIT (ORS 244.020(7)(b)(A)-(O))*



*This is a training tool not intended to substitute for review of law; select gift exceptions ((A), (B), (G), (I), (P)) excluded

A GIFT IS: something of economic value not offered to others who aren't public officials (relatives or household members) on the same terms and conditions (ORS 244.020(7)(a))

But an offer is **NOT A GIFT** if it fails to meet the above definition OR if it is offered by the public entity the public official represents.

* However, Prohibited Use of Office (ORS 244.040) may apply

SOURCE OF GIFT ...

Has NO ECONOMIC INTEREST in matters subject to public official's official decision-making

\$50 GIFT LIMIT DOES NOT APPLY

HAS ECONOMIC INTEREST in matters subject to public official's official decision-making

\$50 LIMIT IF NO EXCEPTION APPLIES