

Code Update Training

2025 Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code (OEESC)

Based on ASHRAE 90.1-2022

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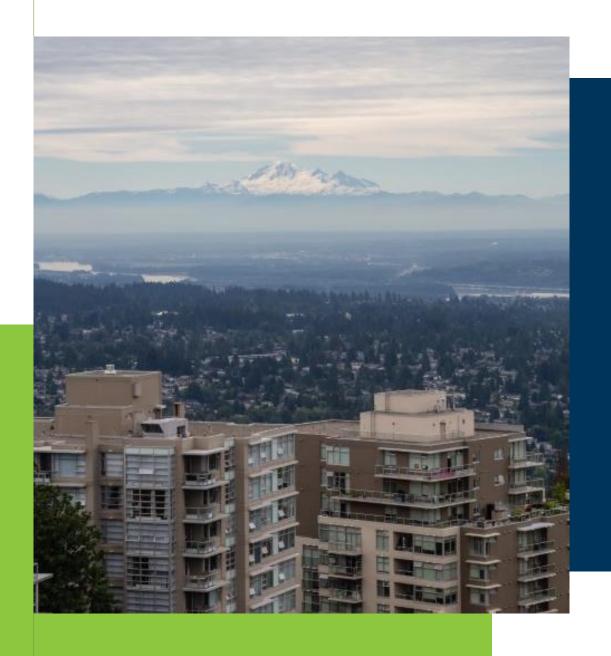
Course Outline

- 1. 2025 OEESC Scope & Administration
- 2. 2025 OEESC Changes
- 3. ASHRAE 90.1-2022 Changes
- 4. New COM check Web Utilization
- 5. Additional Training Resources



Presentation Format

- b. Section 9.4.3.1 Lamp and Luminaire Efficacy. At least 75% 100% of the permanently installed *luminaires* shall use lamps with an efficacy of at least 75 lm/W or have a total luminaire efficacy of at least 50 lm/W. Dwelling unit floor area shall be excluded from total building floor area under the Building Area Compliance Method (9.5.1).
- Key language changes are highlighted in yellow
- May include arrows or other key indicators
- Key concepts are explained in blue text like this sentence
- "NEW" is used when an entire section is added versus highlighting



2025 Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code (OEESC)

Scope & Administration

2025 OEESC & ASHRAE 90.1

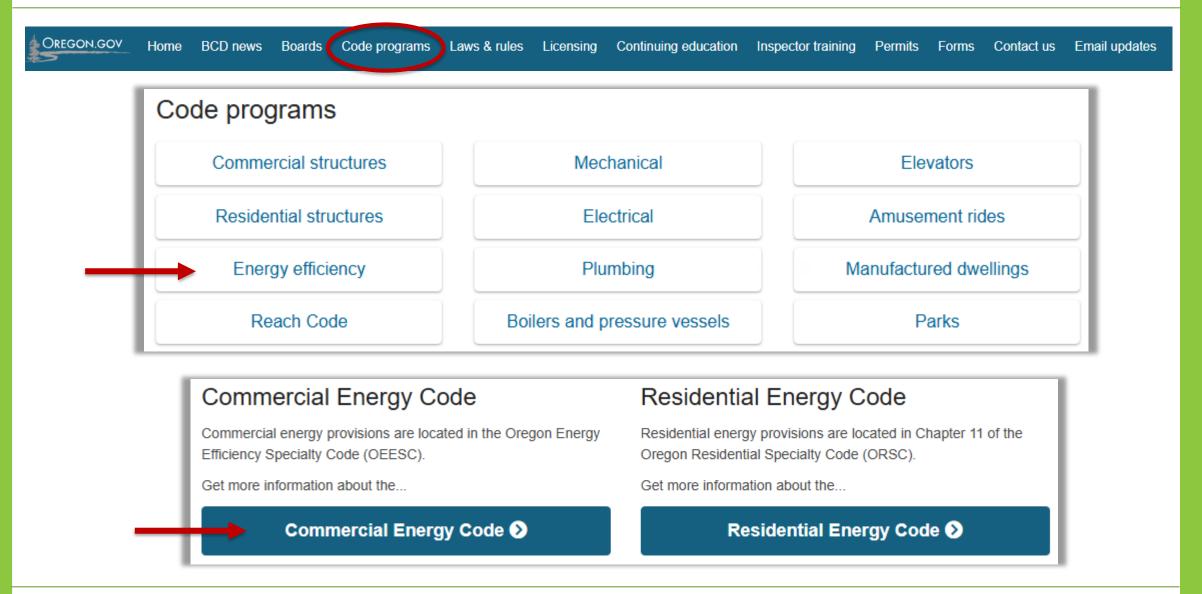
Oregon now adopts the <u>most recent</u> version of ASHRAE 90.1, within a year of formal publication, assuming availability/useability of COMcheck

- ASHRAE 90.1-2016 October 2019
- ASHRAE 90.1-2019 April 2021
- ASHRAE 90.1-2022 January 2025 (with 6-Month phase-in)

Benefits of utilizing ASHRAE 90.1 include

- Quicker, less resource-intensive, streamlined adoption
- More predictable
- Comprehensive cost analysis

2025 OEESC - Navigation



2025 OEESC – Landing Page



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Adopted commercial energy code

2025 Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code (OEESC)

Chapter 13 of the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC)

- Effective Jan. 1, 2025
- Phase-in period ends July 1, 2025
- Based on ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2022

Access an online version of ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2022

During the "Phase-in period" customers may utilize *either* the 2021 or 2025 OEESC. The 2025 OEESC is mandatory on July 1.

The Oregon Residential Specialty Code (ORSC) applies to 1-2 family dwellings & townhomes classified as Group R-3

https://www.oregon.gov/bcd/codes-stand/Pages/energy-commercial-compliance.aspx

2025 OEESC – Chapters 1 & 13 of OSSC

Effective Jan. 1, 2025 Mandatory July 1, 2025 (Ref.: ORS 455.511)

Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code 2025 edition



Department of Consumer and Business Services

Under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 455.511, the division, with approval from the appropriate advisory board, shall adopt amendments to the state building code to increase energy efficiency in buildings that are newly constructed, reconstructed, altered or repaired. The Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code (OEESC) is Chapter 13 of the Oregon Structural Specialty Code and consists of the following:

- Chapter 1 of the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC), including specific modifications as shown below.
- 2. ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1 2022, including specific modifications as shown below.
- The OEESC <u>is</u> Chapter 13 of the <u>most current</u>
 Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC)
- OSSC Chapter 1 Scope and Administration applies

2025 OEESC – Construction Provisions

E102.3.2 Construction provisions. ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2022 shall serve as the construction provisions for this code. ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2022 shall be referred to herein as "Standard 90.1." The administrative and enforcement provisions of Standard 90.1, including submittal, inspection and verification, and recording and reporting are superseded by this code, unless specifically noted in these provisions. Section 1, Purpose, and Section 2, Scope, of Standard 90.1 are not adopted.

- Construction Provisions <u>are</u> ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2022
- Section 1 & 2 of ASHRAE are <u>specifically excluded</u> as OSSC Section 1 Scope and Administration apply instead

2025 OEESC – Scope & Adopted Standards

SECTION E102—SCOPE AND ADOPTED STANDARDS

E102.1 Scope. This code applies to buildings designed and constructed under the *Building Code*, including *appliances*, equipment and services regulated by the *Building Code* that feed directly to, or from the building.

Note: Examples may include, but are not limited to, site lighting powered from the structure, ground-mounted cooling towers and chillers, photo-voltaic systems, and other appliances, or equipment, covered within this code and powered from the regulated structure.

Iow-rise residential buildings: residential structures regulated under the Residential Code.

Scope and low-rise residential definition modified such that the OESC includes <u>any</u> R-occupancy <u>not covered</u> under the ORSC

2025 OEESC - Administration & Enforcement

E102.3 Adopted standards.

E102.3.1 Administration and enforcement. This code is administered and enforced under the provisions and authority granted in Chapter 1 of the *Building Code* with the energy efficiency specific Sections E101 through E105 of this code.

Herein lies Oregon's cite-it, write-it authority

2025 OEESC – Existing Buildings

E103.3 Existing structures. Except as specified in Sections E103.3.1 through E103.3.2, this code shall not be used to require the removal, *alteration* or abandonment of, nor prevent the continued use and maintenance of, an existing building or building system lawfully in existence at the time of adoption of this code.

E103.3.2 Additions, alterations, renovations or repairs. *Additions*, *alterations*, renovations, or *repairs* to an *existing building*, building *system* or portion thereof shall conform to the provisions of this code as they relate to energy provisions for new construction without requiring the unaltered portion(s) of the existing building or building system to comply.

Additions, alterations, renovations, or repairs shall not create an unsafe or hazardous condition or overload existing building systems. An addition shall be deemed to comply with this code if the addition alone complies or if the existing building and addition comply with this code as a single building.

- Unaltered areas of existing buildings <u>may remain as-is</u>
- Only the additions, alterations, renovations, or repairs <u>shall</u> conform
- Shall not create an unsafe or hazardous condition

2025 OEESC – Existing Buildings

E103.3.2.1 Additions. Additions to existing buildings shall comply with Section 4.2.1.2 of Standard 90.1.

E103.3.2.2 Alterations. *Alterations* to existing buildings shall comply with Section 4.2.1.3 of Standard 90.1.

For alterations to lighting equipment and systems serving interior spaces of buildings or exterior applications, where Section 4.2.1.3(a) of Standard 90.1 is used for compliance, Section 9.1.1.3 of Standard 90.1 shall apply as amended in Section E301.4(a) of this code.

E103.3.2.3 Historic buildings. The exception to Section 4.2.1.3 of Standard 90.1 is not adopted. Where approved by the building official in accordance with Section 3412 of the Building Code, alterations and additions necessary for the preservation, restoration, rehabilitation, or continued use of a historic building are exempt from this code. Alterations and additions not pertinent to the historic listing shall comply with this code unless otherwise approved.

- Lighting alteration
 Section <u>significantly</u>
 modified
- Historic buildings exception of ASHRAE is altered
- Alterations and additions <u>not</u>
 <u>pertinent</u> to the historic listing <u>shall</u> comply

2025 OEESC – Construction Documents

SECTION E104—CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS

E104.1 General. The following provisions are in addition to the requirements of Section 107 of the *Building Code*.

E104.2 Energy efficiency information on the construction documents. Construction documents shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the location, nature and extent of the work proposed and show in sufficient detail pertinent data and features of the building, systems and equipment as herein governed. Details, as applicable, shall include but are not limited to: insulation materials and their R-values; fenestration U-factors and SHGCs; HVAC system design criteria; mechanical and service water heating system equipment types, sizes and efficiencies; economizer description; equipment and system controls; fan motor horsepower (hp) and controls; duct sealing; duct and pipe insulation and location; daylight areas on floor plans; lighting fixture schedule with wattage and control narrative; air sealing details; COMcheck compliance report; and Oregon Energy Compliance Form. Supplemental information necessary to verify compliance with this standard, such as calculations, worksheets, compliance forms, vendor literature, or other data shall be made available when required by the building official.

- CD's shall be of sufficient clarity and in sufficient detail which include governed details
- COMcheck report & Oregon Energy Compliance Form shall be submitted

2025 OEESC – Construction Documents

Plans and specifications shall include applicable requirements for submittal information and record documents required by Sections 5.7, 6.7, 7.7, 8.7, 9.7, 10.7 and 11.7 of Standard 90.1. Materials shall be listed and labeled in accordance with Section 4.2.3 of Standard 90.1. Plans and specifications shall include verification and testing requirements per Section 4.2.5.1 of Standard 90.1. Plans and specifications shall include building commissioning requirements per Section 4.2.5.2 of Standard 90.1. The building official shall not require or expect physical copies of record drawings, manuals, functional performance test reports, or energy reporting unless specifically noted in this section. Section 5.4.3.1.4 of Standard 90.1 building leakage test report shall be submitted to the building official where applicable.

Plans shall indicate the total additional efficiency credits required by Section 11 of Standard 90.1. Core and shell buildings shall indicate the base number of credits and reduced number of credits when complying with Section 11.5.1(b) of Standard 90.1. Plans shall also indicate any exceptions specific to Section E301 that are used to comply with this code.

- Verification & Testing, and Commissioning indicated on plans only. No physical copies
- Air Leakage report
 <u>shall</u> be submitted
 before "C of O"
- NEW: Additional Efficiency Credits <u>shall</u> be documented

2025 OEESC – Construction Documents

Exception: The building official is authorized to waive the requirements for construction documents, COMcheck reports, or other supporting data if the building official determines these are not necessary to confirm compliance with this code.

E104.2.1 Oregon Energy Compliance Form. Construction documents for new buildings shall include the Oregon Energy Compliance Form, including a ZERO Code 2.0 Calculator report (See ZERO-Code.org/energy-calculator/).

- Building official <u>may</u> waive CD and COMcheck requirements
- Oregon Energy Compliance Form & ZERO Code 2.0 Calculator report still required for <u>new</u> buildings

Compliance forms and resources

Energy compliance form

To demonstrate compliance with the commercial energy code, construction documents shall include the following where applicable:

- Energy code compliance form instructions
- Energy code compliance form

Compliance resources

Use the following resources to complete the compliance form:

- Commercial compliance using COMcheck
- COMcheck
- ZERO energy calculator

Supplementary Compliance Forms

Supplementary compliance forms

- Measured air leakage reporting (blower door results)
- Simplified building method Building envelope compliance
- Simplified building method Lighting compliance
- Simplified building method HVAC compliance
- Prescriptive solar photovoltaic installation checklist

BCD developed "Simplified Building Method" Forms

- Buildings less than 25,000 sf <u>and</u>
- 2-stories or fewer, <u>and/or</u>
- Other requirements



2025 OEESC

What's new?

NEW: Additional Efficiency Credits (AEC's)

Major Change to ASHRAE 90.1-2022

Forthcoming Slide Overview

- What Are AEC's?
- Oregon's AEC Adjustment
- Documenting AEC's
- On-Site Renewable Energy & AEC's

AEC's are <u>NOT</u> Automatic – <u>MUST</u> be chosen by Owner and/or Design Team

NEW: Additional Efficiency Credits (AEC's)

AEC's - What are they?

- Mandatory requirement designed to increase the energy efficiency of ASHRAE through 33 component options
 - 25 energy efficiency measures
 - Seven load management measures
 - One renewable energy measure
- Each point = 0.1% increase in energy efficiency
 - 50 Points = 5% reduction in energy <u>cost</u>
 - COM check adjusts credit points when they work in conjunction

List of the Additional Efficiency Credits (AEC's)

Envelope

• E01: 11.5.2.1, "Improved Envelope Performance"

HVAC

- H02: 11.5.2.2.2, "HVAC Heating Performance Improvement"
- H03: 11.5.2.2.3, "HVAC Cooling Performance Improvement"
- H04: 11.5.2.2.4, "Residential Space HVAC Control"
- H05: 11.5.2.2.5, "Ground-Source Heat-Pump System"
- H06: 11.5.2.2.6, "Dedicated Outdoor Air System with Zone Fan Control"
- H07: 11.5.2.2.7, "Improved HVAC Sequence of Operations"

Water Heating

- W01: 11.5.2.3.1(a), "Heat Recovery for Service Hot-Water Preheating"
- W02: 11.5.2.3.1(b), "Heat-Pump Water Heater"
- W03: 11.5.2.3.1(c), "Efficient Gas Water Heater"
- W04: 11.5.2.3.2, "Service Hot-Water Piping Insulation Increase"
- W05: 11.5.2.3.3(a), "Point-of-Use Water Heater"
- W06: 11.5.2.3.3(b), "Thermostatic Balancing Valves"
- W07: 11.5.2.3.4, "Dwelling-Unit Service Hot-Water Submeters"
- W08: 11.5.2.3.5, "Right Sizing the Hot-Water Distribution System"
- W09: 11.5.2.3.6, "Shower Drain Heat Recovery"

Equipment Efficiency

- Q01: 11.5.2.7.1, "Efficient Elevator Equipment"
- Q02: 11.5.2.7.2, "Efficient Kitchen Equipment"
- Q03: 11.5.2.7.3, "Fault Detection and Diagnostics System"

Load Management

- G01: 11.5.2.8.1, "Lighting Load Management"
- G02: 11.5.2.8.2, "HVAC Load Management"
- G03: 11.5.2.8.3, "Automated Shading Load Management"
- G04: 11.5.2.8.4, "Electric Energy Storage"
- G05: 11.5.2.8.5, "HVAC Cooling Energy Storage"
- G06: 11.5.2.8.6, "Service Hot-Water Thermal Storage"
- G07: 11.5.2.8.7, "Building Thermal Mass

Lighting

- L02: 11.5.2.5.2, "Continuous Dimming and High-End Trim"
- L03: 11.5.2.5.3, "Occupancy Sensor Control Areas"
- L04: 11.5.2.5.4, "Increased Daylighting Control Area"
- L05: 11.5.2.5.5, "Lighting Control for Multifamily Buildings"
- L06: 11.5.2.5.6, "Reduce Interior Lighting Power"
- R01: 11.5.2.6, "On-Site Renewable Energy"

Power

P01: 11.5.2.4, "Energy Monitoring"

2025 OEESC - *Adjusted* AEC Requirement

E301.7 Additional efficiency measures. The following modifications apply to the indicated subsection to Section 11 of Standard 190.1:

a. Section 11.5.1 Energy Credits Required. Projects shall achieve the total of credits, ECadj, required in Table 11.5.1-1 as amended by Section E301.7(b) of this code based on the building use type and climate zone. Projects with multiple building use types, unconditioned or semiheated buildings, parking garages, projects using on-site renewable energy, alterations, and buildings with separate shell-and-core and initial build-out construction permits shall comply as follows: (11.5.1(a), (b), (c), and (d) remain unchanged)

Table 11.5.1-1 Energy Credit Requirements by Building Use Type (Adjusted)

Building Use Type ^a	Climate Zone		
	4C	5B	
Multifamily ^b	<u>32</u>	<u>41</u>	
Health care ^c	<u>47</u>	<u>47</u>	
Hotel/motel	<u>42</u>	<u>34</u>	
Office ^d	<u>43</u>	<u>42</u>	
Restaurant ^e	<u>49</u>	<u>49</u>	
Retail	<u>38</u>	<u>36</u>	
Education ^f	<u>41</u>	<u>39</u>	
Warehouse ^g	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	
Other ^h	<u>23</u>	<u>23</u>	

 Energy Credit Requirements – Table is adjusted <u>down</u> to account for <u>exclusion</u> of renewable energy provisions

"Office 43" - Used as example in following slides

2025 OEESC - Documenting AEC's

See COM*check* section of this presentation for more details



COMcheck Software Version COMcheckWeb

Envelope Compliance Certificate

Project Information

Energy Code:

Project Title:

Location:

Climate Zone:

90.1 (2022) Standard

SAMPLE Small Office Salem OR

Salem, Oregon

Efficiency Packages

Description	Credit
5% heating efficiency improvement	7.50
5% cooling efficiency improvement	8.57
Heat pump water heater	4.00
Reduced lighting power	18.00
HVAC Load Management	14.00

Credits: 43.0 Required 52.1 Proposed

Solar Exception in COM check -

Adjusted

Office AEC's

in COM*check*.

Renewables

Why 52.1 proposed? OEESC exceptions

Renewables Passes: Building with more than 80% roof area covered by equipment

2025 OEESC - Documenting AEC's

Table 11.5.1-1 Energy Credit Requirements by Building Use Type (Adjusted)				
Adjusted Energy Credit Requirements per 2025 OEESC				
Decumentation on CD's	Building Type:	Office		
Documentation on CD's <u>might</u> look like this.	Climate Zone:	4C		
	Sub-Total:	43	—	
2025 OEESC Exceptions Utilized				
Exception to 8.4.2	Add:	5		
Exception to 8.4.3.1 and 8.4.3.2	Add:	2		
Exception to Section 10.4.7.1 and 10.4.7.2	Add:	0		
	Sub-Total:	7	—	
Project Energy Credits REQUIRED Total:			—	
Project Energy Credits ACHIEVED	per COMcheck:	52.1	—	

2025 OEESC – On-Site Renewable Energy

c. Section 11.5.2.6 R01: On-Site Renewable Energy. To achieve this credit, the total minimum ratings of on-site renewable energy systems in addition to the requirements of Section 10.5.1.1 shall be not less than 0.1 W/ft² of gross floor area. Additional energy credits shall be determined as follows:

$$EC_{R0l_adj} = EC_{R0l_base} \times \frac{RR_{total} - RR_{req}}{0.1 \times PGFA}$$

EC_{R01_adj} = energy credits achieved for on-site renewable energy

 EC_{R01_base} = R01 base *energy* credit from Section 11.5.3

RR_{total} = actual total minimum rating of on-site

renewable energy systems, W

RR_{req} = minimum rating of on-site renewable energy systems required by Section 10.5.1.1 without exception 0.50 W/ft² or 1.7 Btu/ft², multiplied by the sum of the gross conditioned floor area

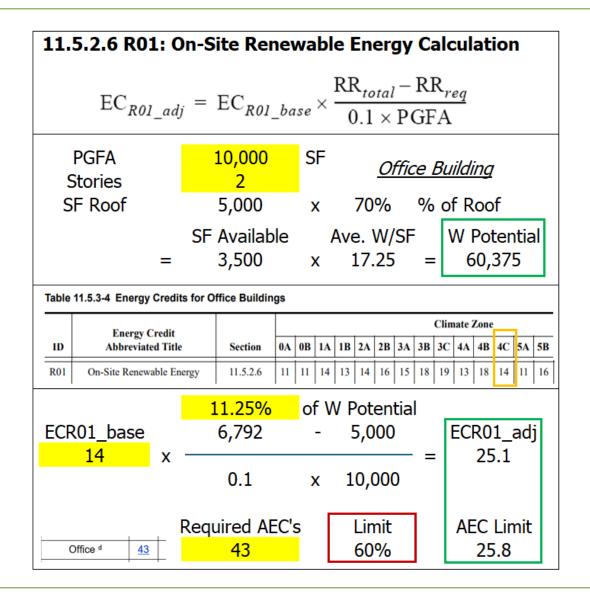
for all floors up to the three largest floors, W

PGFA = project gross floor area

Informative Note: On-site renewable energy may include thermal service water heating or pool water heating in which case ratings in Btu/h can be converted to W, where W = Btu/h/3.413.

- AEC's <u>are allowed</u> for On-Site Renewable Energy
- However, those are <u>limited to 60%</u> of the total required AEC's.
- See next slide for calculation example.

2025 OEESC – On-Site Renewable Energy



Amount of solar is <u>not limited</u>, only AEC's <u>relating to solar</u> are limited (60% of required AEC's)

2-Story, 10,000 SF Office Building

Roof area available = 70%

Potential production @ 17.25 W/SF = 60,375 W

On-Site Renewable Base AEC's = 14

11.25% of *Potential* planned

 $\underline{Maximum}$ renewable AEC's = 25.8

Adj. renewable AEC's = 25.1 (Allowable - Less than 25.8)

2025 OEESC – Building Envelope

5.1.6.3 Spaces shall be assumed to be conditioned spaces and shall comply with the requirements for conditioned spaces at the time of construction, regardless of whether mechanical or electrical equipment is included in the building permit application or installed at that time.

Exception to 5.1.6.3: A space may be designated as either a semiheated space or an unconditioned space only if approved by the building official.

Oregon Amendment:

 A space with a limited radiant heating system meeting the requirements of Section 6.5.8.3 (E301.3(e)) shall be considered an unconditioned space.

5.4.3.4 Vestibules and Revolving Doors. Vestibules and revolving *doors* shall be installed in accordance with this section.

Oregon Amendment:

b. Exceptions to 5.4.3.4

11. Buildings less than 25,000 ft² in gross conditioned floor area with an air leakage rate not exceeding 0.30 cfm/ft² and meeting the testing requirements of Section 5.4.3.1.4.

2025 OEESC - Ventilation Standards

E301.1.1 References to ASHRAE Standards 62.1 and 62.2.

The Mechanical Code sets ventilation standards for this code and the Building Code, with allowance for other methods. Unless otherwise modified by this code, any reference to ASHRAE Standards 62.1 and 62.2 in Standard 90.1 shall mean the Mechanical Code, or other approved ventilation standard.

c. Section 6.5.3.9 (c)

- c. Where ASHRAE Standard 62.1 is used for ventilation design, all airflow supplied to the zone shall be shut off whenever the space temperature is between the active heating and cooling set points.
- This section ONLY applies if the designer utilizes Standard 62.1, for their Outdoor Air Design. Does NOT apply under OMSC Section 403

2025 OEESC – Parking Garage Ventilation

E301.3 Heating, ventilating, and air conditioning. The following modifications apply to the indicated subsections to Section 6 of Standard 90.1:

- a. Section 6.4.3.4.5 Parking Garage Ventilation Systems. Parking garage ventilation systems shall meet <u>Section 404 of the Mechanical Code and all of the following:</u>
 - a. Separate *ventilation systems* and control *systems* shall be provided for each *parking garage section*.
 - b. Control systems for each parking garage section shall automatically detect and control contaminant levels and shall be capable of and configured to reduce airflow to 20% or less of design capacity in accordance with Section 404 of the Mechanical Code.
 - c. The ventilation system for each parking garage section shall have controls and devices that result in fan motor demand of no more than 30% of design wattage at 50% of the design airflow.

Exception to 6.4.3.4.5: Garage *ventilation systems* serving a single *parking garage section* having a total *ventilation system motor nameplate horsepower* not exceeding 5 hp at fan system design conditions and where the *parking garage section* has no *mechanical cooling* or *mechanical heating*.

- Oregon code triggers ventilation controls, including unconditioned garages
- For consistent application, reference to the OMSC Section 404 is made here

2025 OEESC – Packaged HVAC Equipment

- b. Section 6.4.3.5.1 Packaged HVAC Equipment with Electric Heat. HVAC equipment for new buildings with a cooling capacity less than 241,000 Btu/h from Table 6.8.1-1 shall not have electric supplemental heat exceeding 21,500 Btu/h (6 kW). Equipment with electric resistance heating exceeding 21,500 Btu/h (6 kW) and cooling capacity less than 241,000 Btu/h shall have heat pump operation for the first stage of heating and shall be selected from Table 6.8.1-2.
- Packaged HVAC units up to 20 Tons <u>and</u> over 6 kW with electric resistance heat <u>shall</u> have heat pump operation for 1st stage

2025 OEESC - Nontransient DU Ventilation

d. Section 6.5.6.1.1 Nontransient Dwelling Units. Individual nontransient dwelling units with the required continuous ventilation rate exceeding 60 cfm shall be provided with outdoor air energy recovery ventilation systems. For nontransient dwelling units, energy recovery systems shall result in an enthalpy recovery ratio of at least 50% at the cooling design condition. Ventilation systems serving multiple nontransient dwelling units shall comply with 6.5.6.1.2.

(The rest of Section 6.5.6.1.1 remains unchanged)

- Non-transient dwellings trigger energy recovery <u>if over 60</u>
 <u>CFM</u> for a single dwelling or systems serving multiple units
- For 2025 OMSC, will trigger for DU's at <u>approximately</u>
 1,250 SF, 2-bedroom units and larger

2025 OEESC - Door Switches

6.5.10 Door Switches. Any *conditioned space* with a *door*, including *doors* with more than one-half glass, opening to the outdoors shall be provided with controls that, when any such *door* is open,

- a. disable mechanical heating or reset the heating set point to 55°F or lower within five minutes of the door opening and
- b. disable mechanical cooling or reset the cooling set point to 90°F or greater within five minutes of the door opening. Mechanical cooling may remain enabled if outdoor air temperature is below space temperature.

Exceptions to 6.5.10:

- 1. Building entries with automatic closing devices.
- 2. Any *space* without a *thermostat*.
- 3. Alterations to existing buildings.
- 4. Loading docks.

f. Exceptions to 6.5.10:

(Exceptions 1 through 4 remain unchanged)

- 5. Residential dwelling units in buildings three stories and less.
- 6. Normally locked doors not used as a *building* entry where approved.

Oregon Amendment

2025 OEESC – Data Centers

data center: a computer room (or series of computer rooms that share data center systems) serving a total ITE load greater than 100 kW and 20 W/ft² (215 W/m²) of conditioned floor area.

Errata-March 4, 2025: In the first publishing of this code, Section 6.6 of Standard 90.1 was erroneously noted as not adopted and Section 6.6.1 was erroneously amended. The following errata aligns with the intent approved through the code adoption process.

- OEESC E301.3(g) Section 6.5.12 is adopted
- ASHRAE 90.1 Section 6.6 is adopted as part of this code
- ASHRAE 90.1 Section 6.6.1 is not adopted as part of this code
- g. Section 6.5.12 Data Center Rooms Systems. The following requirements are mandatory for data centers and optional for a computer room with IT equipment load greater than 10 kW. HVAC systems that only serve the heating, cooling, or ventilating needs of a data center or a computer room kW shall comply with ASHRAE Standard 90.4, Energy Standard for Data Centers. All other HVAC systems shall comply with the applicable requirements in Section 6.5.
- h. 6.6.1 Computer Rooms Systems Path. Not adopted

- Differs from model code with trigger at higher capacity.
 ✓ 100 kW v 10 kW
- Better aligns with cooling (likely exceeding 20-tons of cooling) and power loads

2025 OEESC – Power in Data Centers

E301.4 Power. The following modifications apply to the indicated subsection to Section 8 of Standard 90.1:

a. Exception to 8.2.1

Power distribution systems and equipment only serving a <u>data</u> <u>center</u> computer room with IT equipment load greater than 10 kW shall be permitted to comply with Section 8.6, "Data Center Room Systems." "Alternative Compliance Path."

f. Section 8.6.1 Computer Data Center Room Systems.

Power distribution systems and equipment only serving a computer room data center with IT equipment load greater than 10 kW shall comply with ASHRAE Standard 90.4, Energy Standard for Data Centers.

- Standard 90.4 is for mechanical and <u>power</u> delivery efficiency
- Amendments align with Section 6.6 (previous slide)

2025 OEESC – Receptacles & Monitoring

Oregon Amendments

c. Exceptions to 8.4.2

Receptacles for the following shall not require an *automatic* control device:

- 1. Receptacles specifically designated for *equipment* requiring continuous operation (24/day, 365 days/year).
- Spaces where an automatic control would endanger the safety or security of the room or building occupants.
- 3. The building achieves five additional efficiency credits above the minimum credits required in accordance with Section 11.5.

d. Exceptions to 8.4.3.1 and 8.4.3.2

(Exceptions 1 through 5 remain unchanged)

6. The building achieves two additional efficiency credits above the minimum credits required in accordance with Section 11.5.

- 8.4.2 Automatic
 Receptacle Control
- 8.4.3 Electrical Energy Monitoring
- Added exceptions
 which require
 documented <u>additional</u>
 <u>efficiency credits</u> to be
 added to the minimum
 credits required

2025 OEESC – Voltage & Compressed Air

- b. Section 8.4.1 Voltage Drop. Not adopted
- a. Section 10.4.6 Compressed Air Systems. Not adopted.

Boards and their associated installation codes override ASHRAE

- Sizing of voltage drop is Electrical & Elevator (OESC) authority
- Compressed air systems are Boiler & Pressure Vessel (OBPVSC) authority

2025 OEESC - Lighting

E301.5 Lighting. The following modifications apply to the indicated subsection to Section 9 of Standard 90.1:

- a. Section 9.1.1.3 is replaced in its entirety with the following:
 - 9.1.1.3 Alterations to Existing Systems and Equipment. The alteration of lighting equipment and systems in an interior space shall comply with Section 9.1.1.3.1. The alteration of a lighting system in an exterior application shall comply with Section 9.1.1.3.2.

The maintenance of an existing *lighting system* to return it to working order shall not be considered an *alteration*. Retrofitting a *luminaire* for which the original *lamps* and *ballast/driver* are replaced with a new *lamp/light source* and *driver/ballast* that was not a component of the original *luminaire* shall be considered an *alteration* of the *luminaire*, but not a *lighting system alteration*.

- 90.1 Alteration language difficult to enforce
- Would have triggered re-wiring, re-switching, etc. for minimal revisions
- New spaces still to have switching, etc.

2025 OEESC – Lighting (Con't)

- **9.1.1.3.1 Alterations for Interior Building Spaces.** The *alteration* of a *lighting system* in an interior *space* shall meet one of the following requirements, <u>as applicable</u>:
- a. Alterations shall not increase the total wattage of a lighting system.
 - <u>In the LPA as applicable to the altered space as shown in Tables 9.5.2.1-1 and 9.5.2.1-2 and Section 9.5.2.2.</u>
- b. Alterations that create a new space shall comply with Section 9.2.
- c. Alterations to lighting system controls in a space shall comply with the control requirements of Section 9.4.1.1 as applicable to each altered space and shown in Tables 9.5.2.1-1 and 9.5.2.1-2, and Section 9.5.2.2.

9.1.1.3.2 Lighting Alterations for Exterior Building Areas.

The *alteration* of a *lighting system* and <u>luminaires</u> for an exterior area shall comply with the following requirements, as applicable:

- a. Alterations shall not increase the total wattage of a lighting system.
 - <u>Exception to 9.1.1.3.2(a):</u> the altered exterior area shall comply with the area-specific allowances in Table 9.4.2-2 and shall not use the base *site* allowances to determine the *LPA*.
- b. New and replacement fixtures for an existing lighting system shall be provided with no less than the controls of the existing lighting system.

 Alterations of <u>existing</u> spaces shall not increase the total wattage of a lighting system. <u>New</u> spaces shall comply with 9.2

2025 OEESC – Lighting (Con't)

- 100% of fixtures in Dwelling Units <u>must</u> be high efficacy
- Clarifies that include the Dwelling Unit floor area is excluded from the building area calculation
 - b. Section 9.4.3.1 Lamp and Luminaire Efficacy. At least 75% 100% of the permanently installed *luminaires* shall use lamps with an efficacy of at least 75 lm/W or have a total luminaire efficacy of at least 50 lm/W. Dwelling unit floor area shall be excluded from total building floor area under the Building Area Compliance Method (9.5.1).

2025 OEESC – Whole-Building Energy Monitoring

b. Exceptions to 10.4.7.1 and 10.4.7.2

Oregon Amendment:

(Exceptions 1 through 5 remain unchanged)

6. Buildings achieving two additional efficiency credits above the minimum energy credits required in accordance with Section 11.5.

The additional efficiency credits used to comply with this exception may be used to comply with Exception 6 to Sections 8.4.3.1 and 8.4.3.2.

- 10.4.7 Whole-Building Energy Monitoring
 - Added exceptions which require documented <u>additional efficiency</u> <u>credits</u> to be added to the minimum credits required
 - These two credits may be used <u>in combination</u> with taking 8.4.3 Electrical Energy Monitoring exception

2025 OEESC – Renewable Energy

- c. Section 10.5.1 Renewable Energy Resources. Not adopted
- d. Section 10.5.1.1 On-site Renewable Energy. Not adopted.

ORS 455.496 - Proposed state building code standards relate to the <u>energy use</u> and <u>energy efficiency</u> aspects of the specialty codes. The proposed standards evaluated may include, but need not be limited to, standards regarding <u>energy-conserving</u> technology, construction methods, products and materials

Adoption of energy production (i.e. renewable energy) provisions within ASHRAE are not adopted



ASHRAE 90.1-2022

What's new?

Summary of Changes

More than 80 Addenda. Listed in Foreword to ASHRAE 90.1-2022

General

- The scope of the standard has been expanded to include sites as well as buildings, enabling regulation of
 energy use associated with the building but not in the building itself, such as exterior or parking lot lighting not connected to the building electric service. This also allows for equipment, such as photovoltaic
 (PV) equipment, located on site but not within the building.
- A new energy credits requirement (new Section 11) has been added that enables approximately 4% to 5% cost-effective energy savings through 33 different energy-saving measures. The number of required credits varies by building type and climate zone.
- A minimum prescriptive requirement for on-site renewable energy has been added. This requirement
 includes exceptions for small buildings, buildings with limited roof space, and other situations where PV
 installations would be problematic.
- It should be noted that, due to the addition of a new section and several appendices, the number or letter
 designations of several well-known sections and appendices have changed from those used in the 2019
 and previous editions of the standard.

Administration and Enforcement

There were no major changes to administration and enforcement.

Building Envelope

- A requirement was added to perform whole-building air-leakage testing and measurement on buildings less than 25,000 ft².
- Requirements were added that address the impacts of thermal bridges in building envelopes, with a new Informative Appendix K providing supplemental information on application.
- A solar reflectance requirement for walls was added for Climate Zone 0. This is similar to the requirements for high albedo roofs.
- · Specific provisions were added to distinguish roof replacements from other types of alterations.
- A new reference was added for steel-framed walls to allow use of ANSI/AISI S250 for U-factor determination.
- · Added a definition for insulated metal panels (IMPs).
- Normative Appendix A was reformatted to clarify the requirements for thermal performance calculations.

Mechanical

- Introduced an optional Mechanical System Performance Path that allows HVAC system efficiency tradeoffs based on a new metric, total system performance ratio (TSPR).
- Required condensing boilers for new construction in order to achieve 90% or greater efficiency for large boilers (1 to 10 million Btuh. The thermal efficiency requirements for high-capacity gas-fired service water-heating equipment were also increased.
- Established a minimum enthalpy recovery ratio for energy recovery systems and specified operational requirements to ensure proper economized performance.
- Revised demand control ventilation requirements to be based on climate zone and Standard 62.1 airflow requirements.
- Modified the minimum efficiency requirements for air-source heat pumps and introduced a new metric, COP_{HP}, for units that perform heat recovery during chiller operation.
- Added the minimum energy efficiency requirements (and new CFEI metric) for large-diameter ceiling fans from 10 CFR 430.

Lighting and Power

- Reorganized Section 9, "Lighting," to be more consistent with the structure of other main sections of the standard.
- Updated installed interior lighting power allowances and minimum control requirements; added a power
 exception for the germicidal function in luminaires and sources; and removed exceptions for casinos and
 parking garage daylight transition zone lighting.
- Modified a number of lighting requirements to reflect greater use of higher efficiency LED products and revised lighting practices.
- Added requirements for indoor horticultural lighting in greenhouses and indoor grow buildings based on a new metric, photosynthetic photon efficacy (PPE), developed in ANSI/ASABE S640.
- Provided an additional interior lighting power allowance for video conferencing. Power allowances and controls have been moved to a table for ease of reference.

Significant Changes

- NEW Section 11 Additional Efficiency Credits (AEC's)
- 5.4.3 Air Leakage
- NEW 5.5.5 Thermal Bridging
- 6.4.3.3 Off-Hours Controls Exceptions
- 6.4.3.3.5.3 & 9.4.1.3 Hotel Guest Room Controls
- 6.4.3.4.5 Garage Ventilation Systems

Significant Changes

- 6.4.3.8 Demand Control Ventilation (DCV)
- 6.5.1 Economizers
- 6.5.3.7 Small Ventilation Fan Efficiency
- NEW 6.6.2 NEW Mechanical System Performance Path (Total System Performance Ratio (TSPR))
- 10.5.1 Renewable Energy Resources (On-Site Renewable Energy) NOT ADOPTED

Other Changes

5.1.3.1, 5.5.3.1	Roof Replacement Insulation. Clarification for when full-depth insulation would not be required due to site conditions. Fiscal impact: None.
6.4.3.4.1	Stair and Elevator Shaft Dampers. Clarification of operation of vent openings in shafts. Fiscal impact: None.
6.5.4.8	Gas Boiler Systems. Requirement for high-capacity space heating boilers (1-10 MMBtu, similar to SWH systems) to have a minimum thermal efficiency (E_t) of $\geq 90\%$.
6.8.1 Efficiency Tables	Expansion of tables. New product types covered. Tables combined, added and deleted to align with latest federal regulations. Efficiency for specialty equipment clearly delineated, eliminating confusion from previous editions.
	Fiscal impact: None.
7.4.3; 6.3.8	Pipe Insulation: New table for potable water system pipe insulation created in the Section 7, Plumbing. No change in requirements.
	Fiscal impact: None.

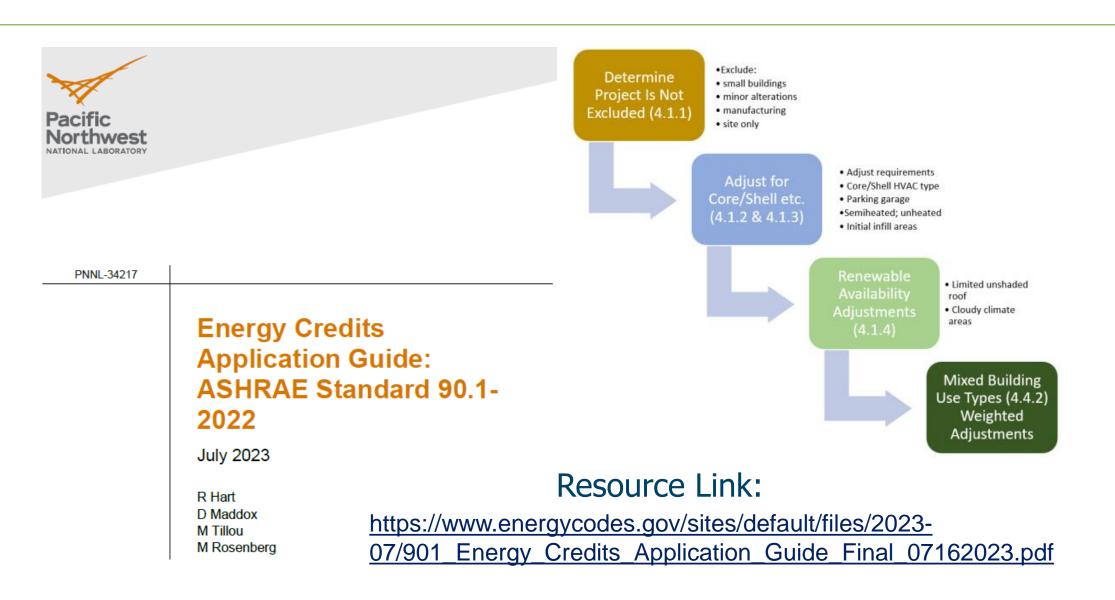
Other Changes

9.3	Simplified building compliance. Reduced lighting allowances to align with lighting allowance reductions under prescriptive path. Aligns with HVAC simplified path. Fiscal impact: <i>None.</i>
9.4.1.1	Daylight control. Trigger for daylight control zones has reduced by half: now 75 W of connected fixtures vs. 150 W in the primary daylight zone. 150 W vs. 300 W in the secondary zone.
	Fiscal impact: Limited. Some daylight zones in some buildings will require controls where not previously required; dependent on efficiency of fixtures. Due to LPA reductions, change similar to primary daylight zones that would have required control under 2014 OEESC.
9.4.4	Horticulture Lighting. Sets minimum efficiency for fixtures/bulbs used for horticulture in regulated structures. Does not apply to ag-exempt structures.
	Fiscal impact: Limited. Likely to be standard practice as the efficiency and life-expectancy of fixtures and bulbs economics are driving industry to these fixtures.
Tables 9.5.1 & 9.6.1	Lighting power allowance: Lowered power allowances for many building types (Building Area) and Space Types (Space-by-Space method). Updated to align with current LED lighting efficiencies.
	Fiscal impact: Possible savings via reduction in number of fixtures required.

Elevators. Improvements to elevator fan, lighting, and movement efficiencies.

10.4.3

Section 11 – Additional Efficiency Credits (AEC's)



Section 11 – Additional Efficiency Credits (AEC's)

- Requires additional efficiency measures, but provides flexibility
- Applies to:
 - **New construction** greater than 2,000 ft²
 - **Additions** greater than 2,000 ft²
 - **Alterations** to buildings greater than 5,000 ft² where the alterations includes replacement of *two or more* of:
 - HVAC systems that account for more than 50% of heating or cooling capacity of the alteration area
 - 50% or more of the luminaires in the alteration area
 - 25% or more of the building envelope area of the alteration portion
 - **Initial build-outs** greater than 1,000 ft²

Section 11 – Additional Efficiency Credits (AEC's)

- Credit based Each credit represents approximately 0.1% energy cost savings
- Number of credits required depends on
 - Climate zone
 - New construction vs. addition vs. alteration
 - Building type 8 types, plus "other"
 - Multiple building use types = Weighted average
- 2025 OEESC Revises number of credits required

Example: Credit Table for Offices

Table 11.5.3-4 Energy Credits for Office Buildings

	Energy Credit			Climate Zone																	_
ID	Abbreviated Title	Section	0A	0B	1A	1B	2A	2B	3A	3B	3C	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	6A	6B	7	8
E01	Improved Envelope Performance	11.5.2.1		Determined in accordance with									Sect	on	11.5.2	.1	.1				
H02	Heating Efficiency	11.5.2.2.2	×	×	×	×	×	×	1	×	×	2	1	2	5	3	2	7	5	7	10
H03	Cooling Efficiency	11.5.2.2.3	18	18	15	16	12	10	8	8	7	6	5	3	4	4	2	4	2	3	1
H04	Residential HVAC Controls	11.5.2.2.4	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
H05	Ground-Source Heat Pump	11.5.2.2.5	9	8	5	8	5	4	7	5	2	10	6	7	15	10	8	21	15	19	20
H06	DOAS/Fan Controls	11.5.2.2.6	19	19	17	18	16	16	11	14	12	9	13	8	5	10	7	3	6	3	×
H07	Guideline 36 Sequences	11.5.2.2.7	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
W01	SHW Preheat Recovery	11.5.2.3.1(a)	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
W02	Heat-Pump Water Heater	11.5.2.3.1(b)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
W03	Efficient Gas Water Heater	11.5.2.3.1(c)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
W04	SWH Pipe Insulation	11.5.2.3.2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
W05	Point-of-Use Water Heaters	11.5.2.3.3(a)	×	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	×
W06	Thermostatic Balancing Valves	11.5.2.3.3(b)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
W07	SHW Submeters	11.5.2.3.4	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
W08	SHW Distribution Sizing	11.5.2.3.5	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
W09	Shower Drain Heat Recovery	11.5.2.3.6	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
P01	Energy Monitoring	11.5.2.4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
L02	Lighting Dimming and Tuning	11.5.2.5.2	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	6	7	7	6	6	7	5	6	5	5

5.4.3 Air Leakage

Buildings 10k SF or larger may utilize <u>either</u> Measured Air Leakage or Third-Party Verification & Testing

5.4.3.1 Whole-Building Air Leakage

- **5.4.3.1.1** New buildings less than 10,000 ft² of gross conditioned floor area shall comply with measured air leakage requirements in Section 5.4.3.1.4.
- **5.4.3.1.2** New *buildings* not less than 10,000 ft² of *gross conditioned floor area* shall comply with one of the following:
- a. Measured air leakage requirements in Section 5.4.3.1.4
- A continuous air barrier design and installation verification program performed in accordance with Section 5.9.1.2
- **5.4.3.1.3** In *alterations* and *additions* to an *existing building* where portions of the *continuous air barrier* are impacted, those portions shall be installed or reinstalled and comply with one of the following:
- a. Measured air leakage requirements in Section 5.4.3.1.4
- A continuous air barrier design and installation verification program performed in accordance with Section 5.9.1.2

5.4.3.1.4 Measured Air Leakage

5.4.3.1.4 Measured Air Leakage. Where measured *air leakage* is used for compliance, the rate of *air leakage* of the *building envelope* shall not exceed 0.35 cfm/ft² under a pressure differential of 75 Pa (0.30 in. of water), with this *air leakage* rate normalized by the sum of the above-*grade* and below-*grade building envelope* areas of the *conditioned space* and *semiheated space* and in accordance with this section.

- a. Whole-building pressurization testing shall be conducted in accordance with ASTM E3158. For buildings less than 10,000 ft² of gross conditioned floor area, and that contain no more than one single-zone system, air leakage testing may be conducted in accordance with ASTM E779, ASTM E1827, or ASTM E3158. Testing shall be conducted excluding HVAC related elements and be performed by an independent third-party verification and testing provider in accordance with Section 4.2.5.1.
- c. Where the measured air leakage rate exceeds 0.35 cfm/ft² but does not exceed 0.45 cfm/ft², a diagnostic evaluation, such as a smoke tracer or infrared imaging, shall be conducted while the building is pressurized, and any leaks noted shall be sealed if such sealing can be made without destruction of existing building components. In addition, a visual inspection of the air barrier shall be conducted, and any leaks noted shall be sealed if such sealing can be made without destruction of existing building components.
- d. Where the measured *air leakage* rate exceeds 0.45 cfm/ft², corrective actions must be made to the *envelope* and an additional test completed where results are 0.45 cfm/ft² or less in order to demonstrate compliance.
- e. Reporting shall be in compliance with Section 4.2.5.1.2.

5.9.1.2 Verification & Testing

- **5.9.1.2 Verification of the Design and Installation of the Continuous Air Barrier.** Where verification of the design and installation of the *continuous air barrier* is used for compliance in Section 5.4.3.1, it shall be determined in accordance with the following:
- a. Requirements for a field inspection plan shall be included in the *construction documents* and shall include as a minimum the following:
 - 1. Schedule for periodic inspection(s)
 - 2. Continuous air barrier scope of work
 - 3. List of critical inspection items
 - 4. Inspection document requirements
 - 5. Provisions for corrective actions when needed
- b. An independent third-party *V&T provider* in accordance with Section 4.2.5.1 shall conduct reviews and inspections as follows:
 - 1. A design review shall be conducted to verify and document compliance with the requirements in Sections 5.4.3 and 5.8.3.2.
 - Periodic field inspection of the continuous air barrier materials and assemblies shall be conducted during construction while the continuous air barrier is still accessible for inspection and repair to verify and document compliance with the requirements of Section 5.4.3.2 and 5.8.3 and the field inspection plan.
 - 3. Verification and *FPT* documentation shall comply with Section 4.2.5.1.2 and the field inspection plan.

5.5.5 Thermal Bridging

NEW Section in ASHRAE 90.1

- **5.5.5 Linear Thermal Bridges and Point Thermal Bridges.** Where *linear thermal bridges* and *point thermal bridges* occur as described in Sections 5.5.5.1 through 5.5.5.5, they shall
- a. comply with the applicable requirements of Sections 5.5.5.1 through 5.5.5.5 or
- b. not exceed the mitigated *psi-factors* and *chi-factors* in Table A10.1, where the *psi-factors* and *chi-factors* for the *thermal bridges* are determined in accordance with Normative Appendix A, Section A10.

For the purposes of Section 5.5.5, linear elements that are connected to the *building* structure by a series of point connections shall be permitted to be characterized as *linear thermal bridges* or as individual *point thermal bridges*.

Exceptions to 5.5.5:

- 1. Buildings located in Climate Zones 0 through 3.
- 2. Semiheated spaces in buildings located in Climate Zones 0 through 6.
- 3. Clear-field thermal bridges.
- 4. Thermal bridges in uninsulated assemblies.
- 5. Linear and point thermal bridges that have a material thermal conductivity less than 3.0 Btu·in/h·ft²·°F.
- 6. Alterations to existing buildings other than additions.
- 7. Roofs that project over exterior walls.

Add'l Training Coming Soon

6.4.3.3 Off Hours Controls

90.1-2019

6.4.3.3 Off-Hour Controls

HVAC systems shall have the off-hour controls required by Sections 6.4.3.3.1 through 6.4.3.3.5.

Exceptions to 6.4.3.3

- 1. HVAC systems intended to operate continuously.
- 2. *HVAC systems* having a design heating capacity and cooling capacity less than 15,000 Btu/h that are equipped with *readily accessible manual* on/off *controls*.

90.1-2022

6.4.3.3 Off-Hour Controls. *HVAC systems* shall have the off-hour controls required by Sections 6.4.3.3.1 through 6.4.3.3.5.

Exceptions to 6.4.3.3:

- 1. HVAC systems intended to operate continuously.
- 2. HVAC systems not serving residential spaces and having a design heating capacity and cooling capacity less than 7000 Btu/h that are equipped with readily accessible manual on/off controls.

6.4.3.3.5.3 - Hotel Guest Room Controls

- **6.4.3.3.5** Automatic Control of HVAC in Hotel/Motel Guest Rooms. Hotels and motels with greater than 50 guest rooms shall be provided with *automatic* controls for the HVAC *equipment* serving each guest room capable of and configured according to the requirements in the following subsections.
- 6.4.3.3.5.1 Guest Room HVAC Set-Point Control. HVAC systems serving hotel guest rooms shall be capable of and configured with three modes of temperature control.

Exceptions to 6.4.3.3.5.1:

- A networked guest room control system shall be permitted to return the thermostat set points to their default occupied set points 60 minutes prior to the time the room is scheduled to be occupied.
- 2. Dehumidification shall be permitted to limit the *space* humidity levels as required by Standard 62.1 during unoccupied mode for both rented and unrented periods.
- **6.4.3.3.5.2 Guest Room Ventilation Control.** Within 20 minutes of all occupants leaving the guest room, *ventilation* and exhaust fans shall *automatically* be turned off, or *isolation devices* serving each guest room shall *automatically* shut off the supply of *outdoor air* to the guest room and shut off exhaust air from the guest room.
 - **Exception to 6.4.3.3.5.2:** Guest room *ventilation systems* shall be permitted to have an *automatic* daily preoccupancy purge cycle that provides daily *outdoor air ventilation* during unrented periods at the design *ventilation* rate for 60 minutes, or at a rate and duration equivalent to one air change.

Removed from 90.1-2022:

6.4.3.3.5.3 Automatic Control

Card key card controls shall be permitted to be used to indicate occupancy.

9.4.1.3 - Hotel Guest Room Controls

9.4.1.3 Special Applications. Lighting controls noted in this section are the only required controls for this equipment and these applications. Lighting exempt from interior lighting power shall be controlled in accordance with Table 9.2.2.1. Lighting using additional interior lighting power applications shall be controlled in accordance with Section 9.5.2.2.

- a. Lighting used for the following applications shall be equipped with a local control independent of the control of the general lighting in accordance with Section 9.4.1.1(a). In addition, such lighting shall be controlled in accordance with Section 9.4.1.1(h) or Section 9.4.1.1(i).
 - 1. Display or accent lighting
 - 2. Lighting in display cases

b. Guestrooms

- 1. All lighting and switched receptacles in guestrooms and suites in hotels, motels, boarding houses, or similar buildings shall be automatically controlled such that the power to the lighting and switched receptacles in each enclosed space will be turned off within 20 minutes after all occupants leave that space. Card key controls shall not be used to comply with this provision.
- 2. Bathrooms shall have a separate control device installed to automatically turn off the bathroom lighting within 30 minutes after all occupants have left the bathroom.

Exception to 9.4.1.3(b)(2): Night lighting of up to 5 W per bathroom is exempt.

Removed from Exception to 9.4.1.3(b)(1)

and bathrooms are exempt.

90.1-2022: Enclosed spaces where the lighting and switched receptacles are controlled by card key controls

6.4.3.4.5 - Garage Ventilation Systems

- Remember, 2024 OEESC adds <u>Section 404 of the Mechanical</u> <u>Code</u>.
- Garages with separate sections separated by solid walls that restrict airflow between sections <u>must</u> have separate exhaust systems and controls.
- Trigger for requiring ventilation controls is based on HP of the fan (*over 5 HP*); no longer based on floor area (30,000 SF).
- 2025 OEESC deletes "where the parking garage section has no mechanical cooling or mechanical heating" in the exception.

New definition

parking garage section: a part of a parking garage where airflow is restricted from other parts of the garage by solid walls.

6.4.3.8 Demand Control Ventilation

6.4.3.8 Ventilation Controls for High-Occupancy Areas

Demand control ventilation (DCV) is required for spaces larger than 500 ft² and with a design occupancy for ventilation of \geq 25 people per 1000 ft² of floor area and served by systems with one or more of the following:

- DCV exceptions in 90.1-2019
- a. Air economizer
- b. Automatic modulating control of outdoor air damper
- c. Design outdoor airflow greater than 3000 cfm

Exceptions to 6.4.3.8

- 1. Systems with exhaust air energy recovery complying with, and where required by, Section 6.5.6.1.
- 2. Multiple-zone *systems* without *DDC* of individual zones communicating with a central *control* panel.
- 3. Systems with a design outdoor airflow less than 750 cfm.
- 4. Spaces where >75% of the space design outdoor airflow is required for makeup air that is exhausted from the space or transfer air that is required for makeup air that is exhausted from other spaces.
- Spaces with one of the following occupancy categories as defined in ASHRAE Standard 62.1: correctional cells, daycare sickrooms, science labs, barbers, beauty and nail salons, and bowling alley seating.

See next slide for changes

6.4.3.8 Demand Control Ventilation

In 90.1-2022 the DCV thresholds become a little more complex and dependent on climate zone, OA flow, and energy recovery

Exceptions to 6.4.3.8



Removed ** Systems with exhaust air energy recovery complying with, and where required by, Section 6.5.6.1.

> 2. Multiple-zone systems without DDC of individual zones communicating with a central control panel.



Removed 3. Systems with a design outdoor airflow less than 750 cfm.

- 4. Spaces where >75% of the space design outdoor airflow is required for makeup air that is exhausted from the space or transfer air that is required for makeup air that is exhausted from other spaces.
- 5. Spaces with one of the following occupancy categories as defined in ASHRAE Standard 62.1: correctional cells, daycare sickrooms, science labs, barbers, beauty and nail salons, and bowling alley seating.

4. Spaces where the requirements of ASHRAE Standard 170, applicable codes, or applicable accreditation standards do not allow the reduction of outdoor airflow.

Standard 170-2021 = Ventilation of Health Care Facilities

New Exception #4

6.4.3.8 Demand Control Ventilation

Table 6.4.3.8 Demand Control Ventilation (DCV) Floor Area Thresholds

Thresholds are n	ow table	Occupant Outdoor Airflow Component (cfm/1000 ft ²) ^a													
based. Was a 500 ft ² ,		100 to 199	200 to 399	≥400	100 to 199	200 to 399	≥400								
threshold	d		Minimum Space Floor Area in ft ² where DCV Is Required												
	Climate Zone	Areas without	Exhaust Air En	ergy Recovery	Areas with Exhaust Air Energy Recovery b										
	7, 8	400	200	150	800	400	250								
	5A, 6A, 6B	600	250	150	1400	900	400								
	0A, 0B, 1B, 3A, 4A, 5B, 5C	800	400	250	2000	1000	500								
	2A, 2B, 4C	1100	600	300	2300	1100	600								
	3B, 4B	1500	700	400	5200	2350	1250								
	1A	2400	1100	600	5800	2600	1400								
	3C	7000	3000	1700	12,000	6000	3000								

a. Occupant outdoor airflow component in cfm per 1000 ft² shall be calculated as the product of default occupant density and outdoor airflow rate per occupant (R_n) as shown in ASHRAE Standard 62.1, Table 6.2.2.1.

b. Where exhaust air energy recovery is required by Section 6.5.6.1.

6.5.1 Economizers

6.5.1 Economizers. Each cooling *system* shall include either an *air economizer* or *fluid economizer* meeting the requirements of Sections 6.5.1.1 through 6.5.1.5.

Exceptions to 6.5.1: Economizers are not required for the following *systems*:

1. Individual fan-cooling units with a supply capacity less than the minimum listed in Table 6.5.1-1.

Table 6.5.1-1 Minimum Fan-Cooling Unit Size for which an Economizer Is Required

Climate Zone	Cooling Capacity for which an Economizer Is Required	Application
0A, 0B, 1A, 1B	No economizer requirement	All
2A, 2B, 3A, 4A, 5A, 6A, 3B, 3C, 4B, 4C, 5B, 5C, 6B, 7, 8	≥33,000 Btu/h	Fan-cooling units located outside the building
	≥54,000 Btu/h	All other fan-cooling-unit locations

Reduced from 54,000 Btu/h for units located *outdoors*

6.5.1 Economizers

 Efficiency Improvement Exception: Clarifications to eliminate an economizer.

Table 6.5.1-2 Eliminate Required Economizer for Comfort Cooling by Increasing Cooling Efficiency

Climate Zone	Efficiency Improvement ^a
4C	64%
5B	59%



a. If a unit is rated with an <u>annualized or part-load metric IPLV, IEER, or SEER</u>, then to eliminate the required economizer, <u>only</u> the <u>annualized or part-load minimum cooling efficiency</u> of the <u>HVAC</u>-unit must be increased by the percentage shown. If the <u>HVAC</u>-unit is only rated with a full-load metric like *EER* cooling then these must be increased by the percentage shown. <u>To determine the efficiency</u> required to eliminate the economizer when the unit <u>equipment efficiency</u> is rated with an energy-input divided by a thermal-output metric, the metric shall first be converted to COP by the <u>efficiency</u> improvement percentage shown. The COP shall then be converted back to the original rated metric to establish the <u>efficiency</u> required to eliminate the economizer.

Informative Note: Some examples of annualized or part-load metrics are: IPLV.IP, IEER, and SEER.

6.5.3.7 Small Ventilation Fan Efficiency

- Establishes <u>minimum</u> fan efficacy requirements for low-power ventilation fans and references Standard 62.2 for determining the <u>minimum</u> ventilation rates for non-transient dwelling units
- Aligns with ENERGY STAR® fan specifications and Oregon <u>minimum</u> appliance efficiency standards

Table 6.5.3.7 Minimum Fan Efficacy for Low-Power Fans

System Type	Minimum Fan Efficacy ^{a, b} , cfm/W	Test Method and Rating Conditions
HRV ^c , ERV ^d , or other system with exhaust air <i>energy</i> recovery	1.2	CAN/CSA 439-18
Transfer fans; in-line e supply or exhaust fan	3.8	ASHRAE Standard 51
Other exhaust fan, <90 cfm	2.8	
Other exhaust fan, ≥90 cfm and ≤200 cfm	3.5	
Other exhaust fan, >200 cfm	4.0	

Optional Compliance

6.6.2 Mechanical System Performance Path

6.6.2 Mechanical System Performance Path

6.6.2.1 Scope. The Mechanical System Performance Path is an optional path for compliance where the following conditions are met:

- a. All HVAC systems in the building that meet the criteria in Section L1.1.1 shall comply with Section 6.6.2.2.
- b. All other HVAC systems shall comply with one of the following:
 - 1. HVAC systems shall comply with the applicable requirements in Section 6.5.
 - HVAC systems that only serve the heating, cooling, or ventilating needs of a computer room with IT
 equipment load greater than 10 kW shall be permitted to comply with ANSI/ASHRAE Standard
 90.4, Energy Standard for Data Centers.

6.6.2.2 Criteria. HVAC systems in new buildings, additions, or alterations shall comply with the requirements in Section L2, "Mechanical System Performance Rating Method." The proposed design total system performance ratio $(TSPR_p)$ of the HVAC systems using this method shall be greater than or equal to the total system performance ratio of the TSPR reference building design $(TSPR_p)$ divided by the mechanical performance factor (MPF) when calculated in accordance with the following:

$$TSPR_p > TSPR_r / MPF$$

where

 $TSPR_{p}$ = proposed TSPR calculated in accordance with Normative Appendix L

TSPR_r = reference TSPR calculated in accordance with Normative Appendix L

MPF = mechanical performance factor from Table 6.6.2.2 based on climate zone and building use type

Where a building has multiple building use types, MPF shall be area weighted as follows:

$$MPF = (A_1 \times MPF_1 + A_2 \times MPF_2 + ... + A_n \times MPF_n)/(A_1 + A_2 + ... + A_n)$$

6.6.2 Mechanical System Performance Path

Table 6.6.2.2 Mechanical Performance Factors (MPF)

	Climate Zone																		
Building Type	0A	0B	1A	1B	2A	2B	3A	3B	3C	4A	4B	4C	5A	5B	5C	6A	6B	7	8
Office (small and medium) ^a	0.72	0.71	0.70	0.70	0.68	0.65	0.71	0.66	0.62	0.69	0.64	0.65	0.72	0.66	0.65	0.74	0.70	0.75	0.77
Office (large) ^a	0.83	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.79	0.82	0.72	0.84	0.78	0.69	0.80	0.67	0.72	0.75	0.67	0.73	0.73	0.71	0.70
Retail	0.60	0.57	0.50	0.55	0.46	0.46	0.43	0.46	0.38	0.40	0.45	0.48	0.41	0.50	0.47	0.44	0.39	0.40	0.36
Hotel/motel	0.62	0.62	0.63	0.63	0.62	0.68	0.61	0.71	0.73	0.59	0.66	0.65	0.55	0.59	0.68	0.51	0.54	0.47	0.40
Multifamily/ dormitory	0.64	0.63	0.67	0.63	0.65	0.64	0.59	0.68	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.52	0.58	0.53	0.48	0.57	0.53	0.55	0.52
School/education	0.82	0.81	0.80	0.79	0.75	0.72	0.71	0.72	0.68	0.67	0.71	0.65	0.72	0.68	0.60	0.75	0.69	0.72	0.68

Office sizes defined in Section L1.1.1.1

total system performance ratio (TSPR): ratio of the sum of a building's annual heating and cooling load in kBtu to the sum of annual energy input of the building mechanical systems, where the input units are in accordance with Section L5.

ASHRAE 90.1 Errata

- ASHRAE publishes Errata to its standards
 - When a published standard, guideline, code, or user's manual, contains an error or errors, an errata sheet may be published.
 - Examples: typographical errors, misprints, misspellings, grammatical errors, omission of material
- Oregon does not officially adopt published Errata, but they
 <u>ARE part of the code</u>.
 - Errata are available for 90.1-2022

https://www.ashrae.org/technical-resources/standards-and-guidelines/standards-errata

ASHRAE 90.1 Addenda

- ASHRAE publishes adopted Addenda to its standards
 - Clarifications & New requirements
- Rolled into next update of the standard
- Oregon does <u>not adopt</u> published addenda, <u>not</u> enforceable
- Gives a sense of forthcoming changes

https://www.ashrae.org/technical-resources/standards-and-guidelines/standards-addenda

Example of ASHRAE 90.1 Addenda

Addendum c to Standard 90.1-2019

Revise Sections 6.3.2 and 6.4.3.3 of the Standard as shown (I-P and SI).

6.3.2 Criteria. The *HVAC system* must meet all of the following criteria:

[...]

- j. Systems serving spaces other than hotel/motel guest rooms residential spaces, and other than those that do not requireing continuous operation, which have both with a cooling or heating capacity greater than 15,000 7000 Btu/h (2.1 kW) and a supply fan motor power greater than 0.75 hp, shall be provided with a time clock that (1) can start and stop the system under different schedules for seven different day types per week, (2) is capable of retaining programming and time setting during a loss of power for a period of at least ten hours, (3) includes an accessible manual override that allows temporary operation of the system for up to two hours, (4) is capable of and configured with temperature setback down to 55°F during off hours, and (5) is capable of capable of and configured with temperature setup to 90°F during off hours, shall comply with Sections 6.4.3.3.1 and 6.4.3.3.2.
- k. Systems serving residential spaces other than hotel/motel guest rooms shall comply with Section 6.4.3.3.1 and 6.4.3.3.2 except for electric resistance heaters rated at 1.5 kW or less with a readily accessible manual control that lowers the set point or turns the unit off.
- 1. Systems serving hotel/motel guest rooms shall comply with Section 6.4.3.3.5.

[...]

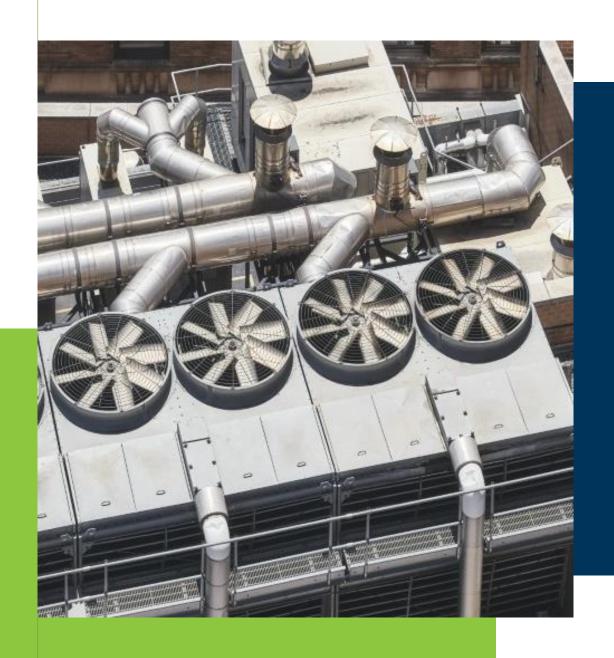
Example: Simplified building path requirements now apply to smaller HVAC systems

Becomes 7000 Btu/h in 90.1-2022

- . Systems serving spaces other than residential spaces, that do not require continuous operation, with a cooling or heating capacity greater than 7000 Btu/h shall comply with Sections 6.4.3.3.1 and 6.4.3.3.2.
- k. Systems serving residential spaces other than hotel/motel guest rooms shall comply with Sections 6.4.3.3.1 and 6.4.3.3.2 except for electric resistance heaters rated at 2 hp or less with a readily accessible manual control that lowers the set point or turns the unit off.
- Systems serving hotel/motel guest rooms shall comply with Section 6.4.3.3.5.

ASHRAE 90.1 Interpretation

- Formal Interpretation
 - 90.1 Full Committee and Subcommittees review and vote for publication
- Informal Interpretation
 - The responsible 90.1 Subcommittee votes and issues informal interpretations
- Oregon Interpretation (OEESC)
 - Informal Contact the Division for clarification. Informal method is the <u>most efficient and effective</u> for most inquiries.
 - Formal Initiate Process with the Division



New COM*check Web —* Basic Training

See detailed COM*check* presentation for in-depth coverage of this topic

NEW COM*check Web* Training

CODE PROGRAMS

Adopted codes online

Contact a code specialist

Codebook history

Codebook vendors

Statewide alternate methods

Statewide code interpretations

Appeals

Code adoption and review

Adopted commercial energy code

2025 Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code (OEESC)

Chapter 13 of the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC)

- Effective: Jan. 1, 2025 with 6 month phase-in period
- Mandatory: July 1, 2025
- Based on ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2022
- Code adoption process

Access an online version of ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2022

FUTURE COM*check*Web Training

Compliance forms and resources

Energy compliance form

To demonstrate compliance with the commercial energy code, construction documents shall include the following where applicable:

- Energy code compliance form instructions
- · Energy code compliance form

Supplementary compliance forms

- Measured air leakage reporting (blower door results)
- Simplified building method Building envelope compliance
- · Simplified building method Lighting compliance
- Simplified building method HVAC compliance
- · Prescriptive solar photovoltaic installation checklist

Compliance resources

Use the following resources to complete the compliance form:

- · Commercial compliance using COMcheck
- COMcheck
- · ZERO energy calculator

Energy modeling / Cost of energy

Energy modeling guidance from the U.S. Department of Energy

 ASHRAE Standard 90.1 Performance Based Compliance (Section 11 and Appendix G)

Use the following for energy modeling / cost of energy:

Cost-per-unit of energy: performance methods

What Can COM*check* Do For You?

What it IS

- Tool for designers to document project parameters to demonstrate energy compliance
- Tool for plans examiners & inspectors to verify energy code compliance
- Helpful resource to focus energy code review to certain areas

What it is NOT

- Proof that the *ENTIRE* design complies
- Foolproof
- A substitute for documentation on plans and specs
- An energy model

LEGACY & NEW COM check Web

LEGACY COMCHECK

THE COMCHECK SOFTWARE AND WEB TOOLS SIMPLIFY
AND CLARIFY ENERGY CODE COMPLIANCE WITH THE IECC,
STANDARD (ASHRAE STANDARD 90.1), AND A NUMBER OF
STATE-SPECIFIC ENERGY CODES.

> LAUNCH LEGACY COMCHECK-WEB

- Both COM check versions <u>are</u> available.
- Project Teams with projects in the LEGACY version <u>will</u> stay active.
- Files <u>will transfer</u> to NEW COM<u>check</u>
 Web from LEGACY COM<u>check</u>

https://www.energycodes.gov/software-tools

NEW COMCHECK-WEE

THE NEW VERSION OF COMCHECK-WEB SUPPORTS

COMMERCIAL AND HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL ENERGY

CODE COMPLIANCE WHILE PROVIDING BETTER USER

NAVIGATION AND EXPERIENCE. ALL FUTURE NATIONAL OR STATE

ENERGY CODES WILL BE IMPLEMENTED IN THE NEW VERSION OF

COMCHECK-WEB.

(>) LAUNCH NEW COMCHECK-WEB

<u>MUST</u> create a new Login

New COMcheck-Web | Building Energy Codes Program

Load Time Delays

COMcheck-Web is currently experiencing some slower-than-expected load and response times. Our team is working diligently to address this issue. We apologize for any inconvenience this may cause and greatly appreciate your patience and understanding.

The new version of COMcheck-Web supports commercial and high-rise residential energy code compliance while providing better user navigation and experience. All future national or state energy codes will be implemented in the new version of COMcheck-Web.

NEW ENERGY CODES

- ASHRAE 90.1-2022
- · 2023 Minnesota Energy Code

NEW FEATURES

- · Advanced reporting
- · Data Entry Wizards
- · Data imports for lighting
- Project sharing
- Improved user help and guidance

Note: To login to the New COMcheck-Web application, a new login account must be set up with a valid email address from the login screen!



LAUNCH NEW COMCHECK-WEB



RELEASE DATE: APRIL 12, 2024

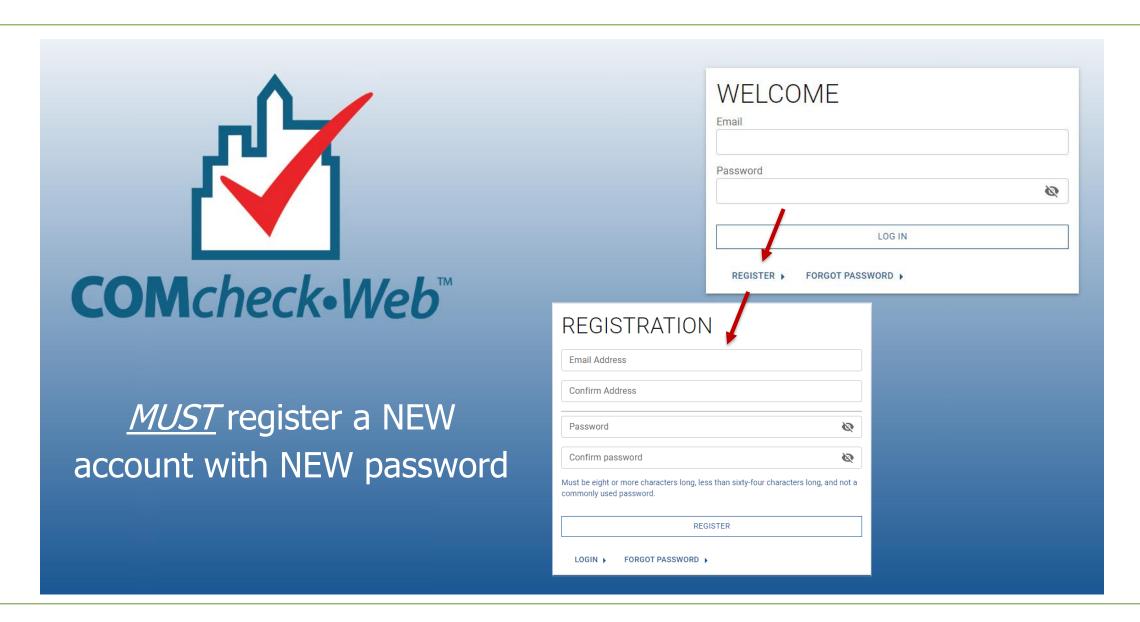
RELEASE NOTES

WHAT'S NEW:

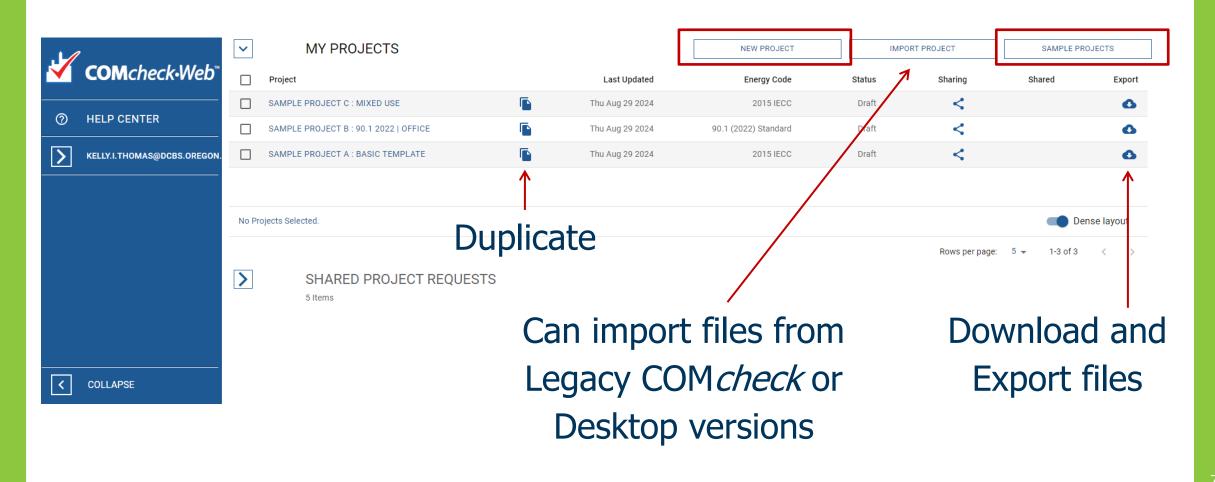
NEW COMCHECK-WEB: APRIL 12, 2024

RELEASE ADDRESSES THE FOLLOWING:

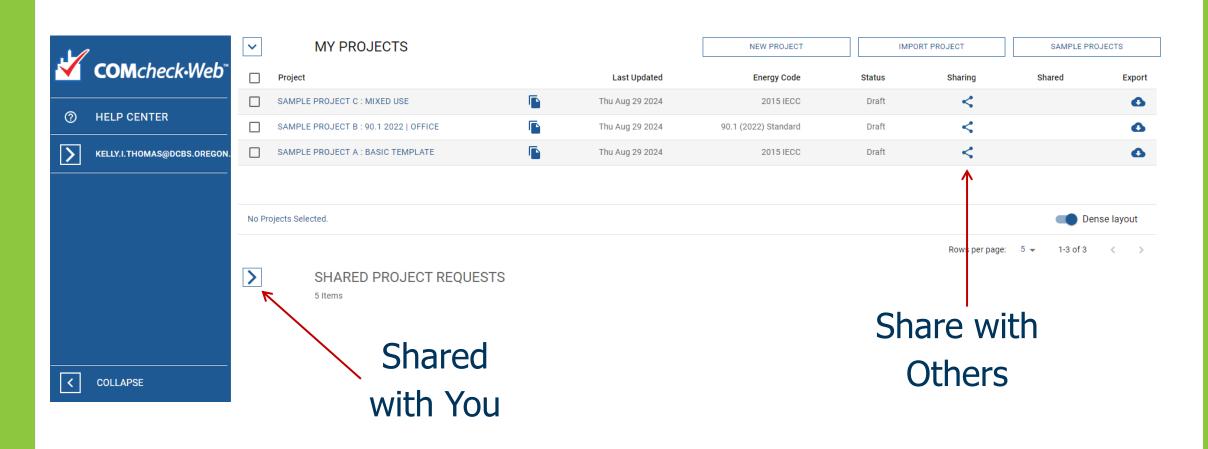
- SUPPORT OF 90.1-2022 STANDARD
- STATE-SPECIFIC: 2022 DENVER, 2023
 MASSACHUSETTS, 2023 MINNESOTA
- NEW PROJECT DASHBOARD FOR IMPROVED PROJECT MANAGEMENT
- PROJECT SHARING ADDED
- NEW INPUT WIZARDS FOR ENVELOPE, LIGHTING AND HVAC
- IMPROVED USER HELP AND GUIDANCE
- MOBILE APP FOR INSPECTIONS
- A NEW LOGIN ACCOUNT WITH A VALID EMAIL
 ADDRESS MUST BE SET UP FOR ACCESS TO NEW
 COMCHECK



Project Dashboard



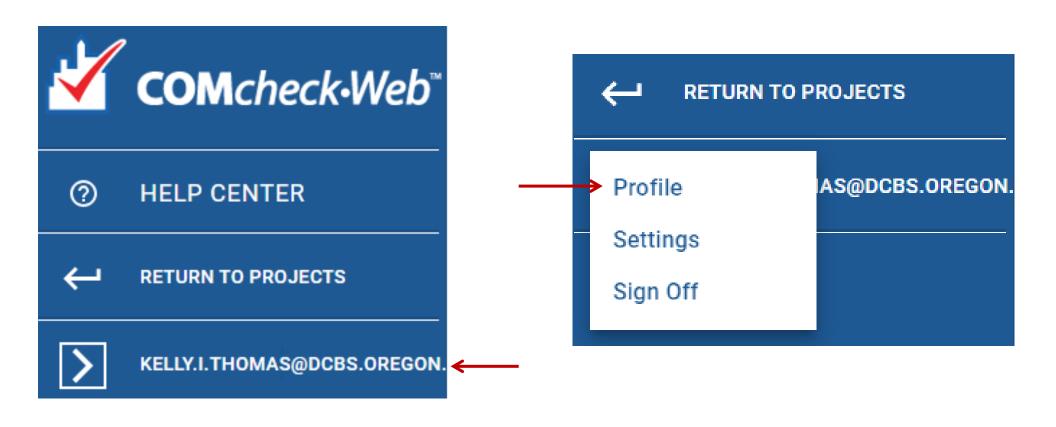
Project Dashboard – Sharing Files



• Envelope, Mechanical, and Electrical can be submitted <u>at the same time</u> under same project file (same software version, building area, code version, city/location, etc.)

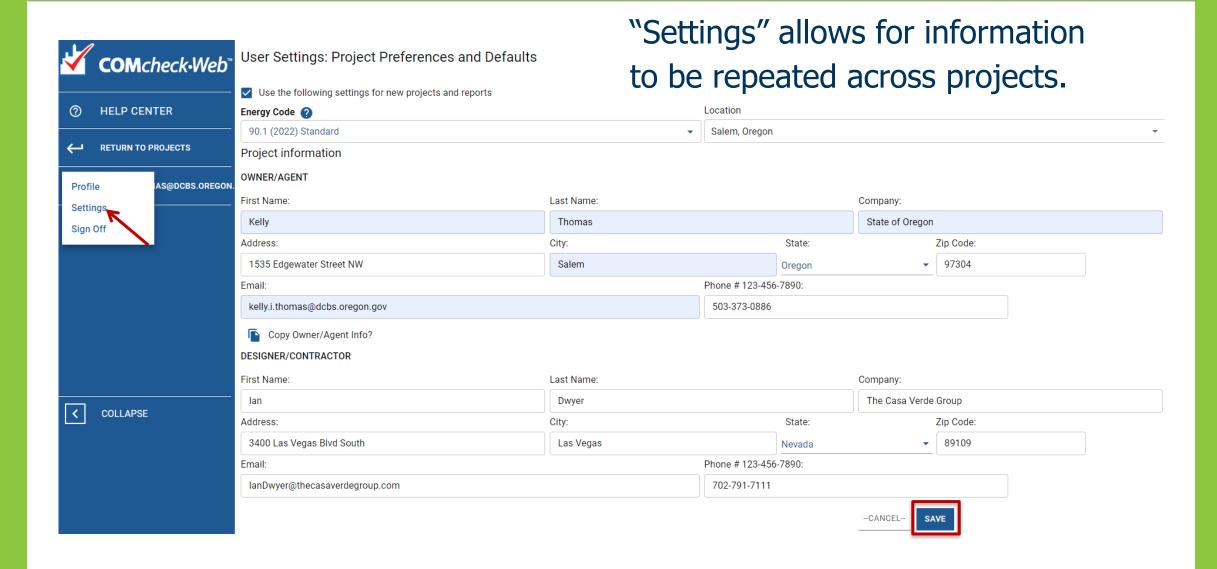
>	MY PROJECTS 0 Items				
~	SHARED PROJECT REQUESTS				
	Requested Project	Date Requested	Requestor	Status	Sharing
	SMALL OFFICE BEND, OR ENVELOPE CREDIT	2024-08-01	mark.r.heizer@dcbs.oregon.gov	Draft	<
	SAMPLE SMALL OFFICE SALEM IA COPY	2024-05-02	mark.r.heizer@dcbs.oregon.gov	Submitted	<
	SAMPLE SMALL OFFICE SALEM IA	2024-05-02	mark.r.heizer@dcbs.oregon.gov	Draft	<
	SAMPLE SMALL OFFICE SALEM OR	2024-05-02	mark.r.heizer@dcbs.oregon.gov	Draft	<
	SAMPLE SMALL OFFICE PV EXCEPTION	2024-04-16	mark.r.heizer@dcbs.oregon.gov	Draft	<
No Pr	ojects Selected.				Dense layout
				Rows per page: 5 ▼	1-5 of 5 < >

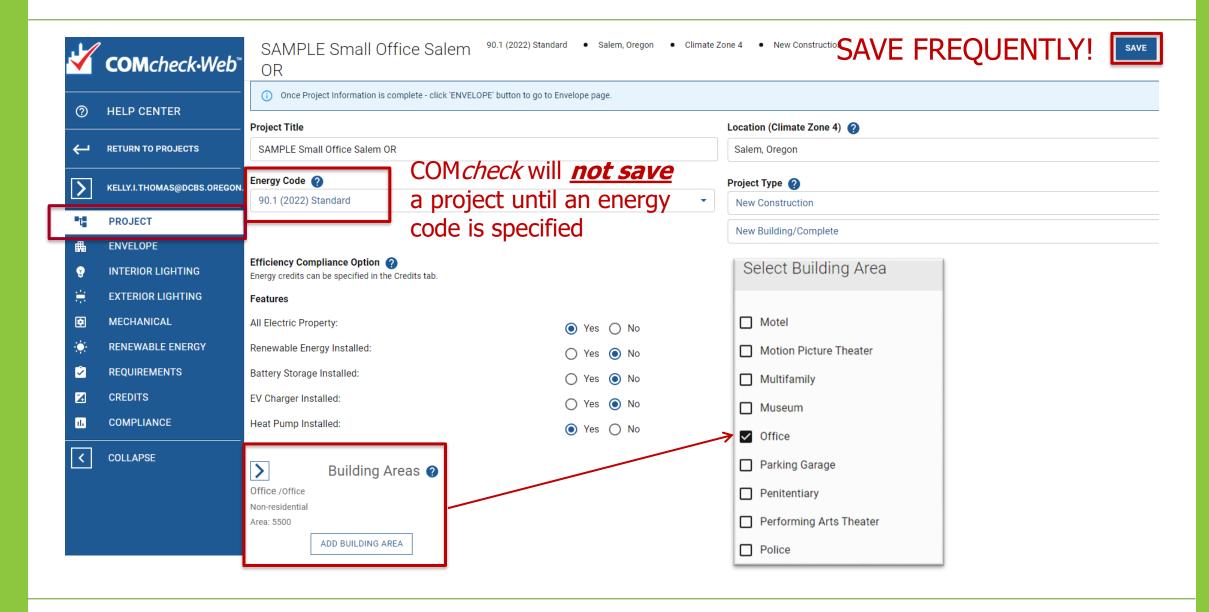
Sharing is <u>only</u> available if a contact is in your Address Book.



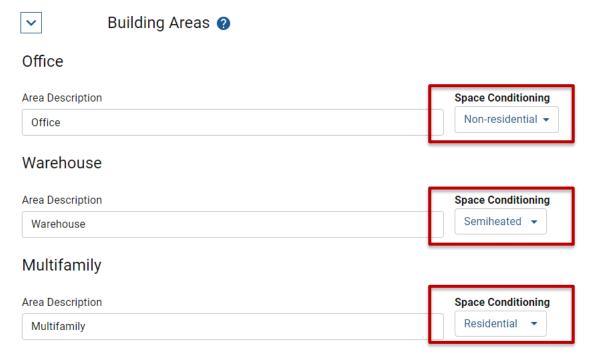
Address Book Email Name kelly.i.thomas@dcbs.oregon.gov Kelly Thomas, LEED BD+C Mark.R.HEIZER@dcbs.oregon.gov Mark victor.salcido@pnnl.gov Rob Salcido New entry email New entry name

<u>MUST</u> enter contacts into your Address Book





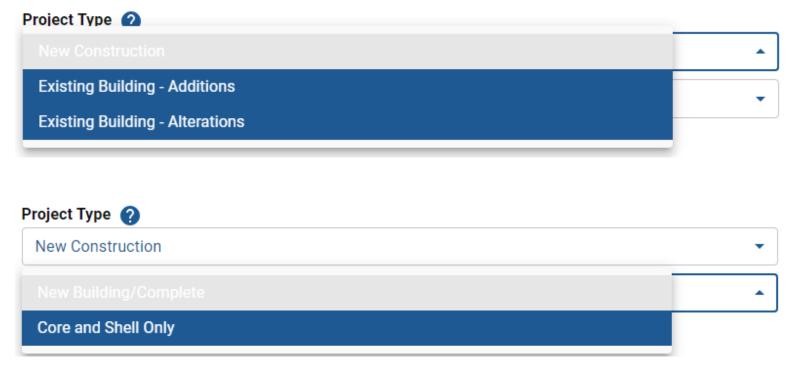
Project Screen: Building Area Types





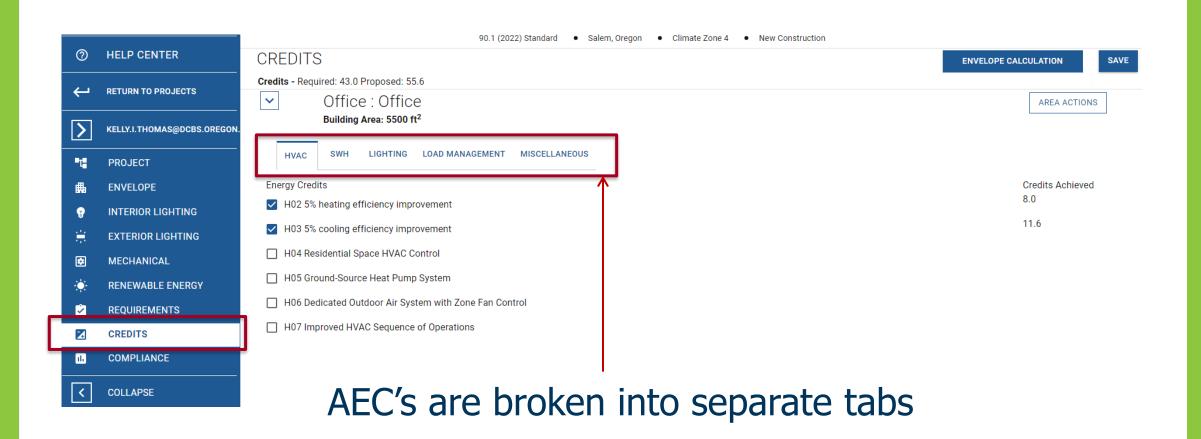
- Primarily impacts envelope compliance
- Whole building types which describe the envelope
- Space conditioning type: Nonresidential, Residential, Semi-heated

Project Screen: Project Types

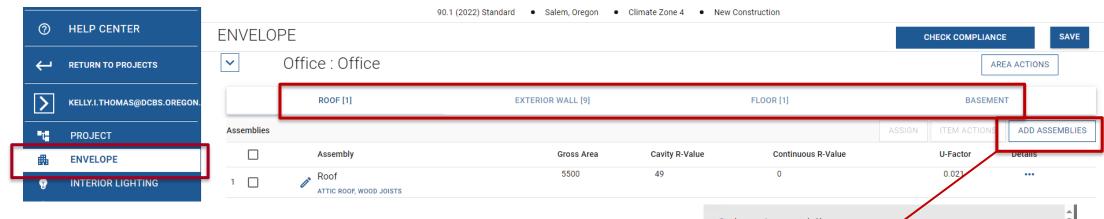




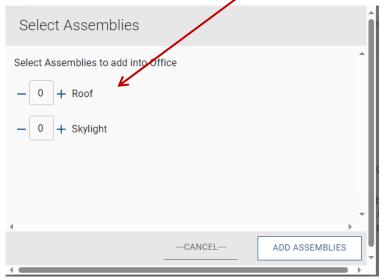
Project Screen – Additional Energy Credits (AEC's)



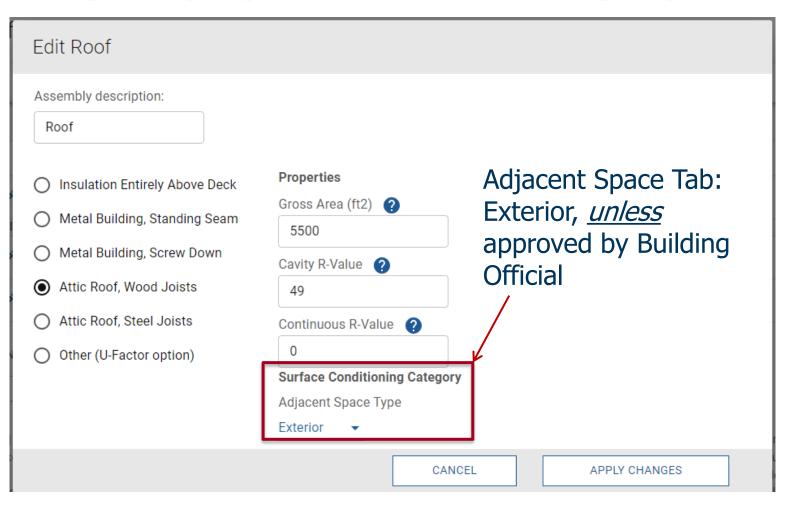
Envelope: Opaque Assemblies



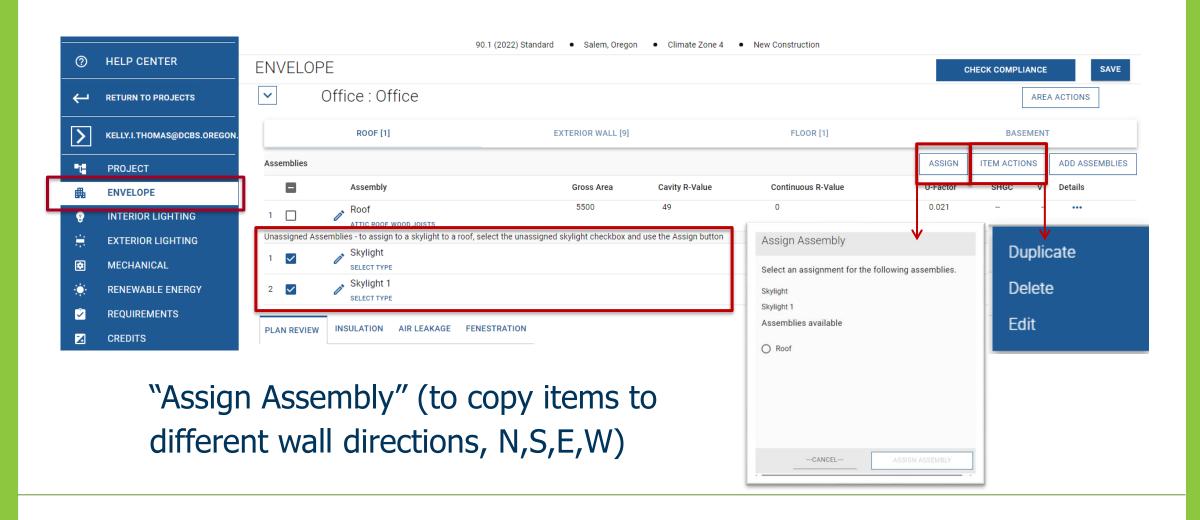
- Entering envelope components is a different pattern
 - Select envelope component tab (roof, exterior wall, floor or basement)
 - Select "Add Assemblies" button and determine number of components
 - Edit components



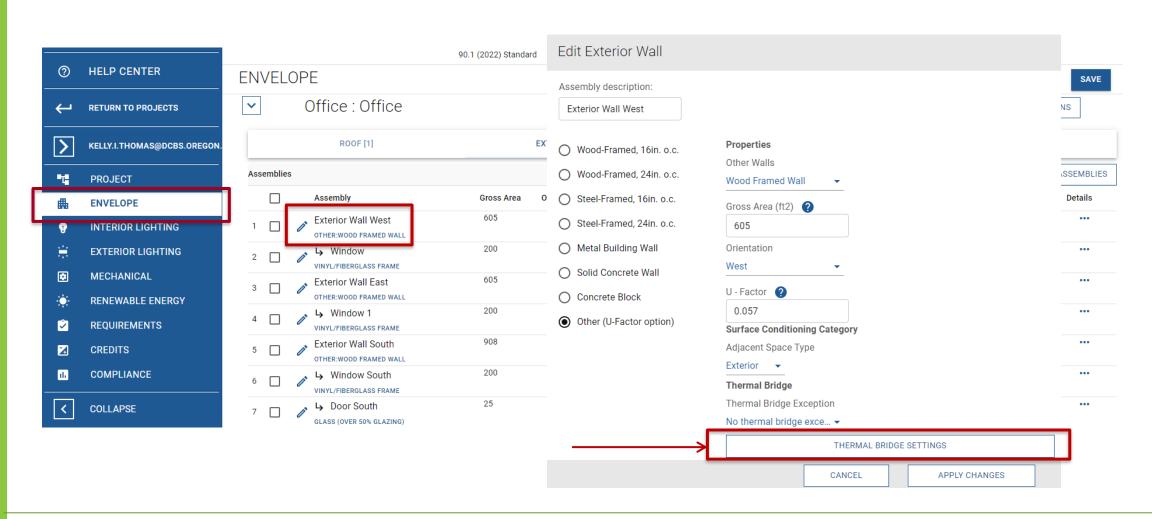
Envelope: Opaque Assemblies "Pop-Up" Menu



Envelope: Opaque Assemblies (Con't)



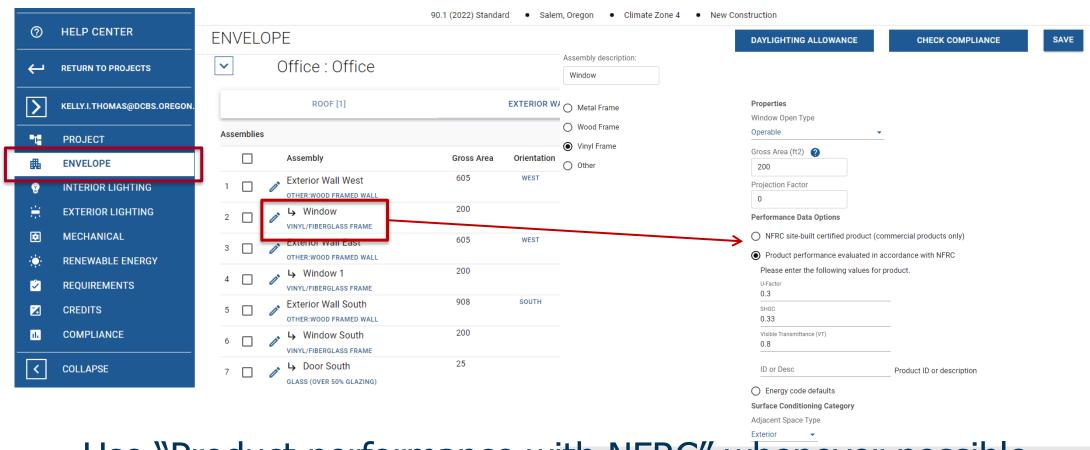
Envelope: Thermal Bridging Tab



Thermal Bridging "Pop-Up" Menu

Parapet Lin Intermediate floor to wall intersection Lin Intermediate floor balcony or overhang to opaque wall intersection Intermediate floor balcony in contact with vertical	inear inear inear	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Psi-Factor Psi-Factor Psi-Factor	
Intermediate floor to wall intersection Lin Intermediate floor balcony or overhang to opaque wall intersection Lin Intermediate floor balcony in contact with vertical	inear		Psi-Factor	
Intermediate floor balcony or overhang to opaque wall intersection Intermediate floor balcony in contact with vertical				
wall intersection Lin Intermediate floor balcony in contact with vertical Lin	inear	₩	Psi-Factor	
II III				
	inear	•	Psi-Factor	
Cladding support Lin	inear	•	Psi-Factor	
	inear	_	Psi-Factor	_
Indicate where clear Field N-Factor - calculated U-factor based on wall type a hip fila for calculated the property of the company of the company of the company of the calculated U-factor based on wall type a hip fila for calculated U-factor based on the fila for calculated U-factor based on t				ĺ

Envelope: Fenestration



Use "Product performance with NFRC" whenever possible

Envelope: Fenestration

NFRC site-built certified product

Performance Data Options

Energy code defaults

NFRC site-built certified product (commercial products only)

CPD ID	Search NFRC database for CPD ID
GET DATA	
U-Factor 0.3	
SHGC 0.33	
	rmance evaluated in accordance with NFRC

Performance evaluated (per NFRC guidelines) – **Most Common**

Performance Data Options

NFRC site-built certified product (commercial products only) Product performance evaluated in accordance with NFRC Please enter the following values for product. U-Factor 0.3 SHGC 0.33 Visible Transmittance (VT) 0.8 ID or Desc Product ID or description Energy code defaults

Energy code defaults – <u>will</u> <u>not comply</u>

Performance Data Options

NFRC site-built certified product (commercial products only)

Product performance evaluated in accordance with NFRC

Energy code defaults

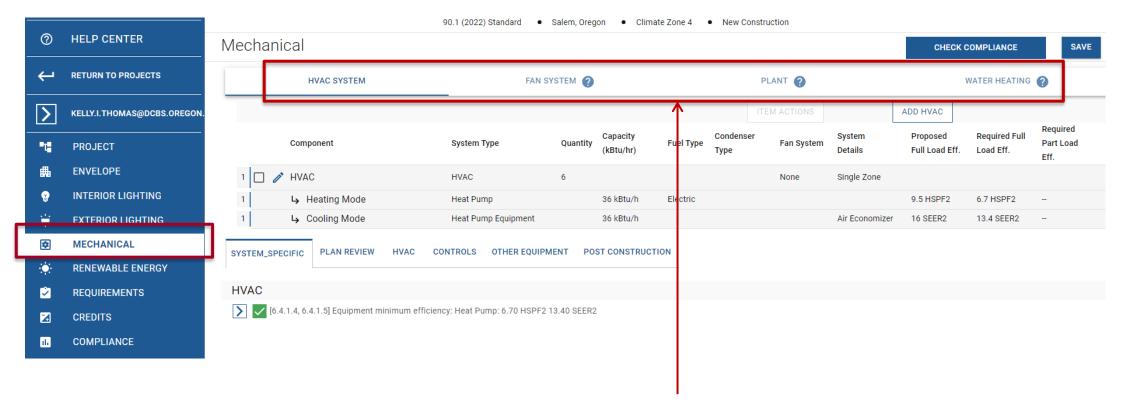
Glazing Type
Single Pane

Solar Coating
Clear

U-Factor
0.65

SHGC
0.8

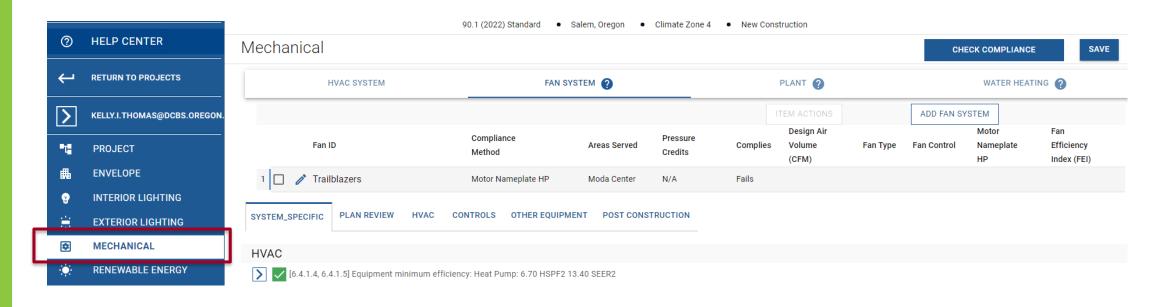
Mechanical



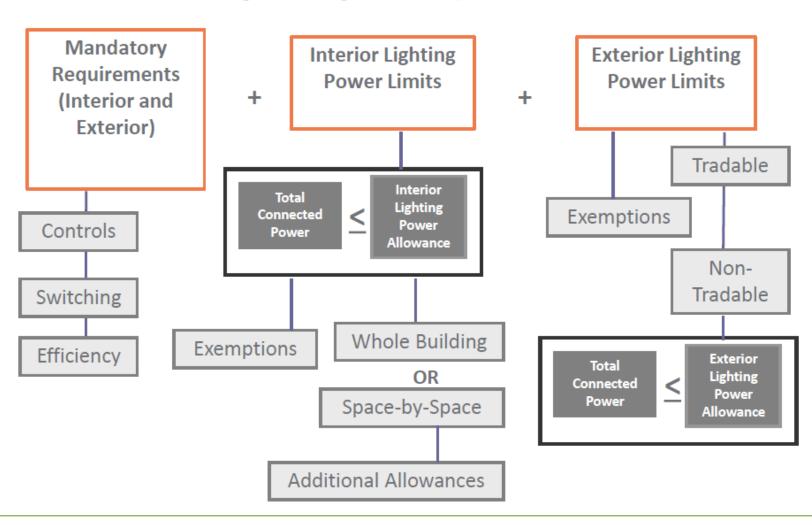
HVAC, Fan, Plant, and Water Heating on separate tabs

Mechanical

- Determines Fan Power Limitations compliance for each regulated fan system
- Motor nameplate HP and brake HP
 - Brake HP includes pressure drop credits as applicable

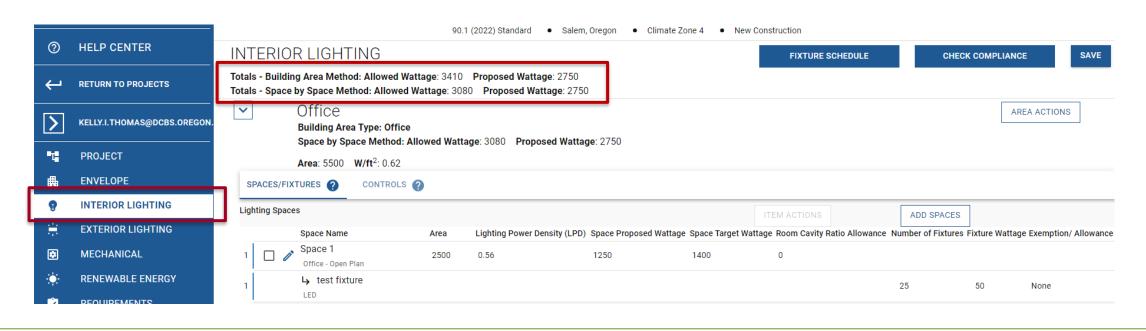


Lighting Compliance



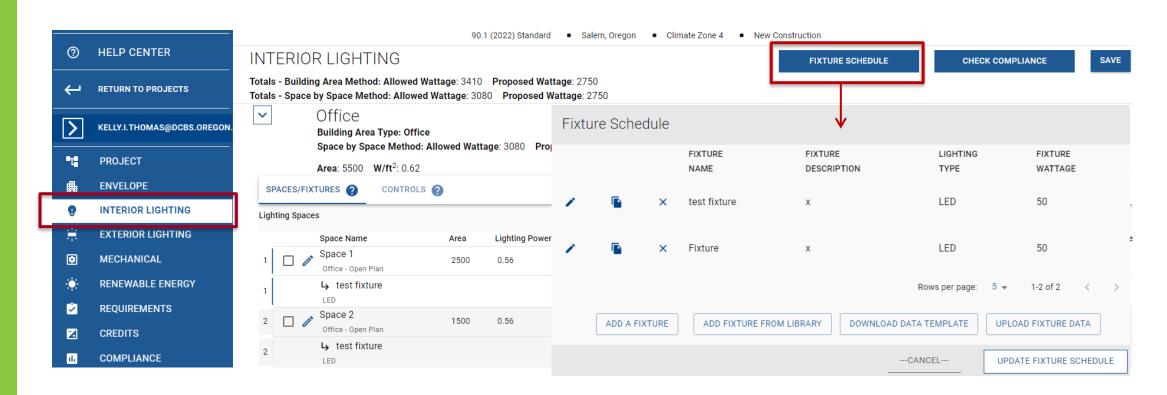
Interior Lighting

- COM check determines lighting power densities in interior lighting and exterior lighting screens
 - Automatically examines <u>both</u> building area and space-by-space lighting compliance methods



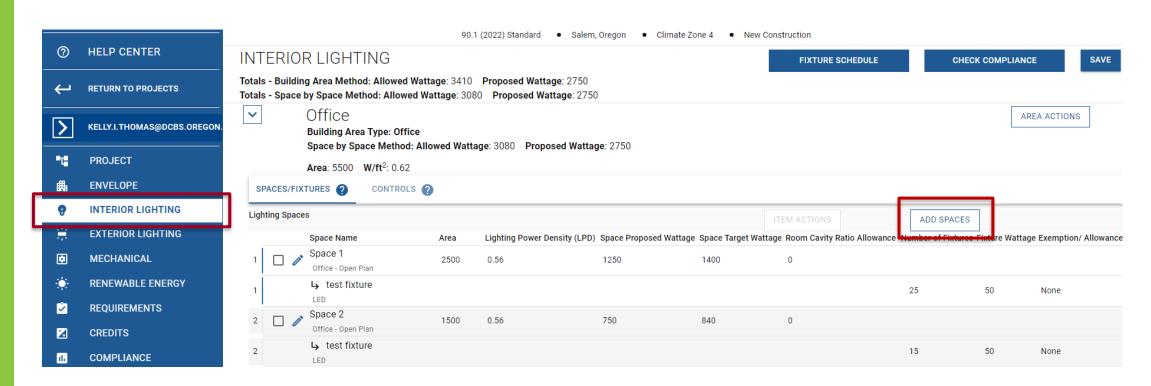
Interior Lighting

 COM*check* lighting dashboard highlights building areas, spaces, fixtures, wattages, and controls. User can *import fixture schedules*

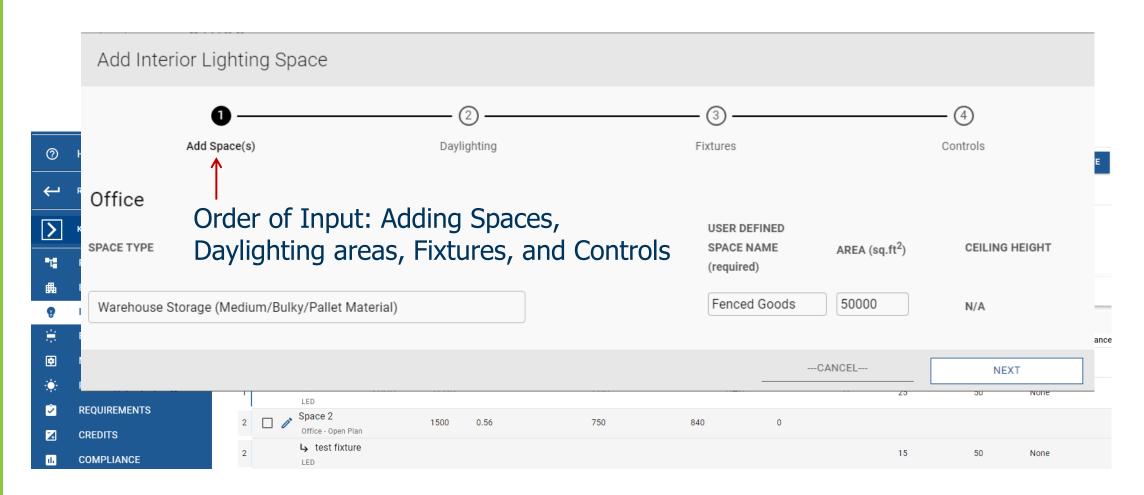


Interior Lighting

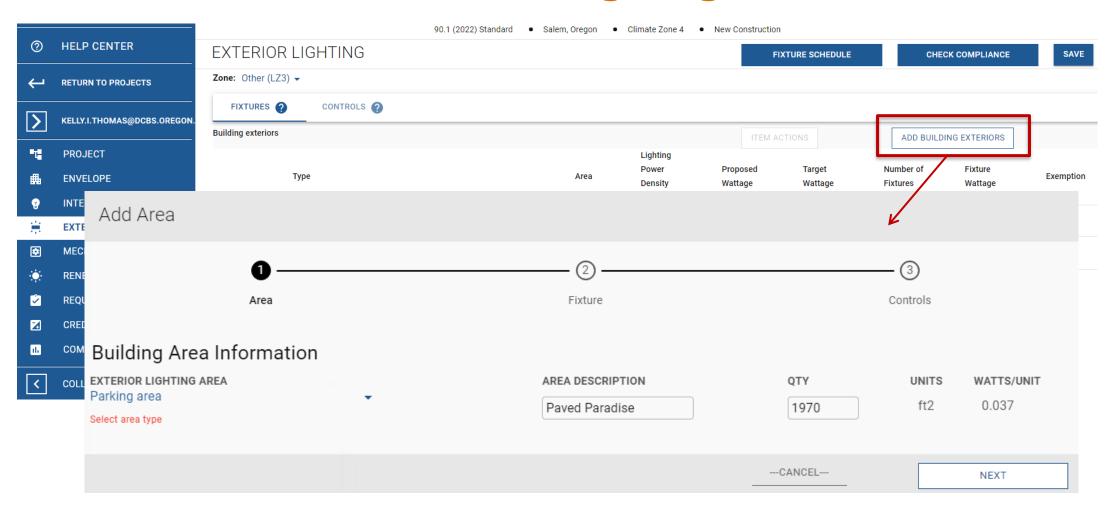
Interior lighting is specified in four steps: Adding Spaces, Daylighting areas, Fixtures, and Controls



Interior Lighting "Pop-Up" Menu



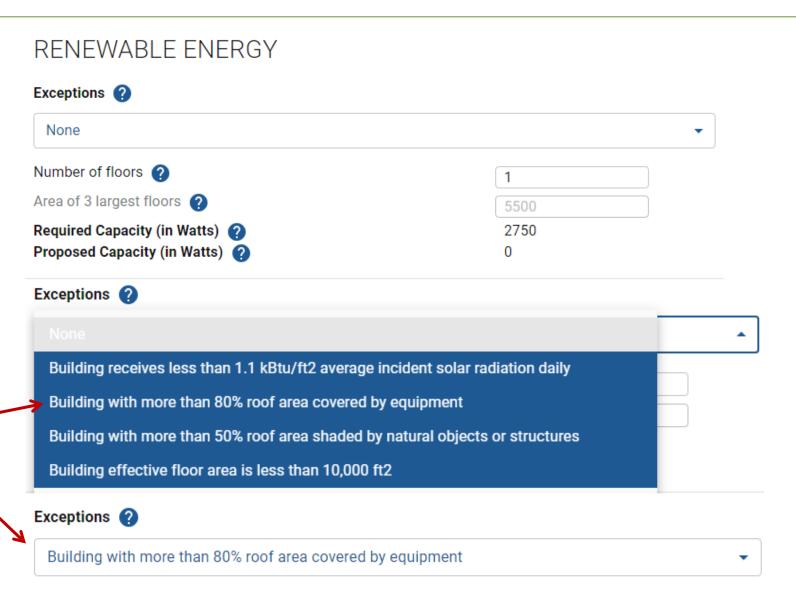
Exterior Lighting



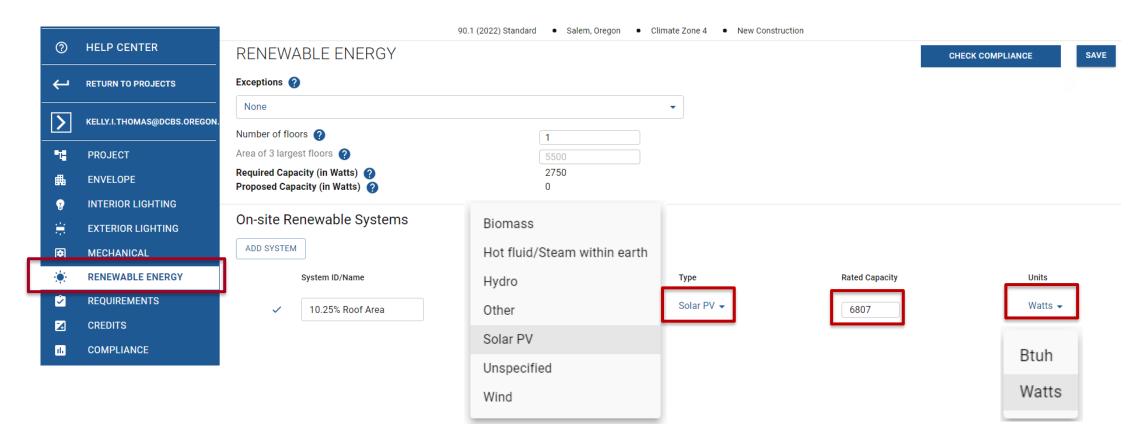
Renewable Energy - <u>Special Instructions</u>

To Align with Oregon's "Adjusted AEC's"

Designer should select the "80% Roof Area" exception



Renewable Energy



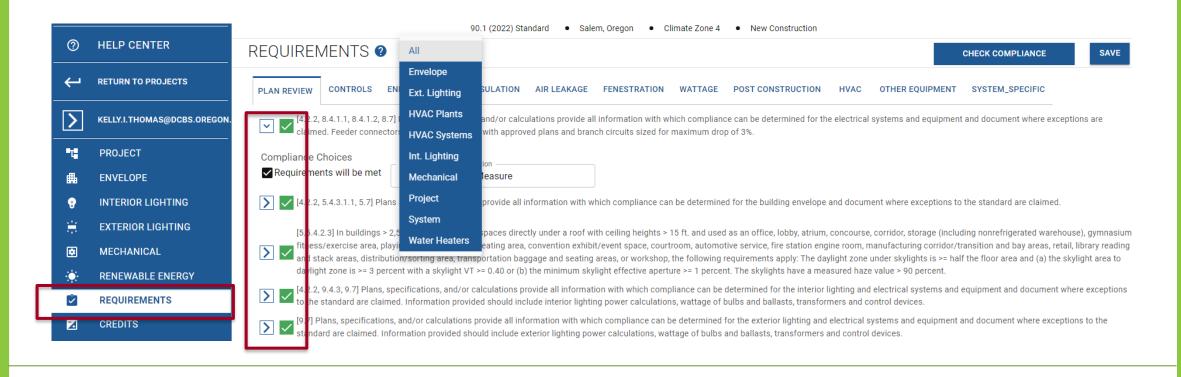
When installing renewables indicate system specifics

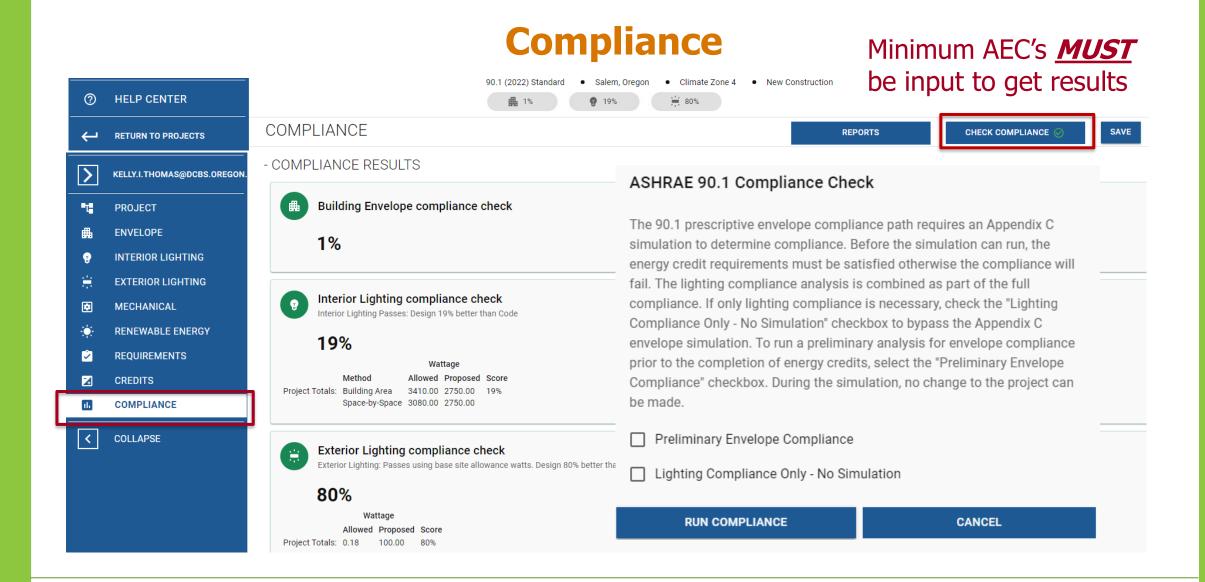
Requirements Tab

- For <u>each</u> requirement, the user
 - Chooses a "compliance option"
 - Requirement will be Met, or
 - Exempt or Exceptions, or
 - Requirement is Not Applicable or Requirement Does Not Apply
 - Notes how compliance for applicable requirements are documented
 - All Plans reference page/section are required to be filled out.
- This information is shown on the report in the "Comments/ Assumptions" column of the Inspection Checklist
- All requirements must be addressed, or no compliance can be determined

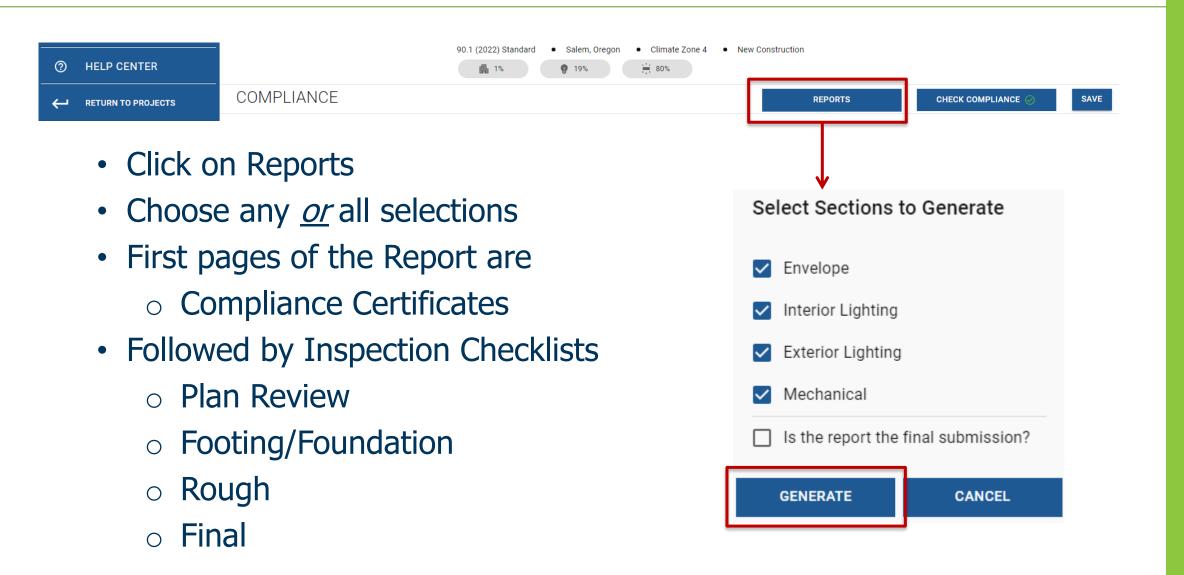
Requirements Tab

- User should be aware of applicable mandatory requirements and addresses each in the software. Green mark should show.
 - Provides better documentation for code officials

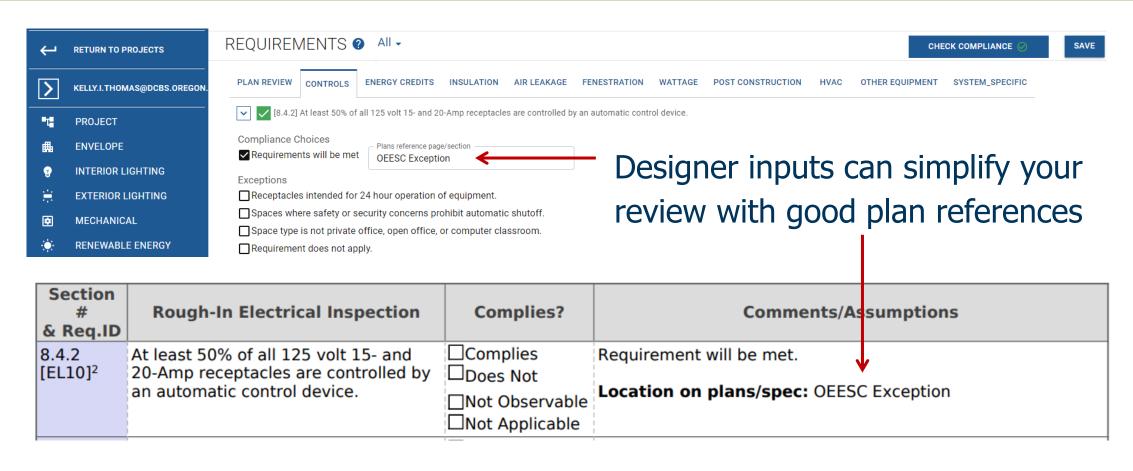




NEW COM check Web - Reports



Interior Lighting Compliance Statement Compliance Statement: The proposed interior lighting design represented in this document is consistent with the building specifications, and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed interior lighting systems had designed to meet the 90.1 (2022) Standard requirements in COMcheck Version COMcheckWeb and to comply with any mandatory requirements listed in the Inspection Checklist. Name - Title Signature Date Mechanical Compliance Statement: The proposed mechanical design represented in this document is consistent with the building specifications, and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed mechanical systems have be designed to meet the 90.1 (2022) Standard requirements in COMcheck Version COMcheckWeb and to comply with any	specifications, and other calcul-	oposed envelope design represented in this documations submitted with this permit application. The place of the properties of the last of	proposed envelope systems have been
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Mechanical Compliance Statement Compliance Statement: The proposed mechanical design represented in this document is consistent with the building specifications, and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed mechanical systems have be designed to meet the 90.1 (2022) Standard requirements in COMcheck Version COMcheckWeb and to comply with any	Statement Compliance Statement: The prospecifications, and other calculates designed to meet the 90.1 (202)	pposed interior lighting design represented in this obtained in this obtained the properties of the positions submitted with this permit application. The position of the posi	roposed interior lighting systems have
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, 1	Statement Compliance Statement: The prospecifications, and other calcula designed to meet the 90.1 (202 mandatory requirements listed Name - Title	pposed interior lighting design represented in this obtions submitted with this permit application. The p 2) Standard requirements in COM <i>check</i> Version CC in the Inspection Checklist. Signature	roposed interior lighting systems have McheckWeb and to comply with any a



COMcheck has built-in, *color-coded priority guides* for where to focus first

1 High Impact (Tier 1) 2 Medium Impact (Tier 2) 3 Low Impact (Tier 3)



COMcheck Software Version COMcheckWeb

Envelope Compliance Certificate

Project Information

90.1 (2022) Standard Energy Code: SAMPLE Small Office Salem OF Project Title: Code Path Location: Salem, Oregon Climate Zone: Climate Zone **New Construction** Project Type: Vertical Glazing / Wall Area: 27% Window-Wall Ratio EnergyPlus 8.1.0.009 (EPW:) Performance Sim. Specs: All Electric: true Has PV? false ← Is Renewable: Has Battery: false false Has Charger: Has Heat Pump: true

Efficiency Packages		Credits Taken,
Description	Credit	Required, and
5% heating efficiency improvement	7.50	•
5% cooling efficiency improvement	8.57	Proposed
Heat pump water heater	4.00	/
Reduced lighting power	18.00	
HVAC Load Management	14.00	
Credits: 43.0 Required 52.1 Proposed		

Renewables Remember, to align with OEESC AEC's...Select "80% Roof Area" option

Renewables Passes: Building with more than 80% roof area covered by equipment

Building Area	Floor Area		
1-Office (Office) : Nonresidential	5500		



Envelope Assemblies

Assembly	Gross Area or Perimeter	Cavity R-Value	Cont. R-Value	Proposed U-Factor	Budget U- Factor _(a)
Roof 1: Non-Wood Joist/Rafter/Truss, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	6112	20.0	0.0	0.056	0.021
Skylight 1: Metal Frame, Double Pane, Perf. Specs.: Product ID FA- 11102, SHGC 0.80, VT 0.80, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (b)	112			0.500	0.500
Floor 1: Slab-On-Grade:Unheated, Vertical 2 ft., [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (c)	180	-	10.0	0.540	0.520
NORTH Exterior Wall 1: Solid Concrete:8" Thickness, Medium Density, Furring: Metal, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	6000	5.0	10.0	0.067	0.104
Door 1: Glass (> 50% glazing): Metal Frame, Perf. Specs.: Product ID FA-1152, SHGC 0.30, VT 0.70, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (b)	42			0.500	0.680
Window 1: Metal Frame, Double Pane with Low-E, Perf. Specs.: Product ID FA-1152, SHGC 0.63, VT 0.70, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (b)	1500			0.600	0.380
Window 2: Metal Frame, Double Pane, Perf. Specs.: Product ID FA- 1152, SHGC 0.72, VT 0.60, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (b)	56			0.700	0.380
Door 2: Insulated Metal, Non-Swinging, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	288			0.140	0.310
Door 3: Insulated Metal, Swinging, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	40			0.200	0.370
EAST Exterior Wall 2: Solid Concrete:8" Thickness, Medium Density, Furring: Metal, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	6000	8.0	5.0	0.095	0.104
SOUTH Exterior Wall 3: Solid Concrete:8" Thickness, Medium Density, Furring: Metal, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	6000	8.0	5.0	0.095	0.104
WEST Exterior Wall 4: Steel-Framed, 24" o.c., [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	1000	19.0	0.0	0.094	0.064

Review BUDGET vs. PROPOSED values

Design *FAILS*.

MUST revise or use
Performance Path
(Section 12 or
Appendix G)

- (a) Budget U-factors are used for software baseline calculations ONLY, and are not code requirements.
- (b) Fenestration product performance must be certified in accordance with NFRC and requires supporting documentation.
- (c) Slab-On-Grade proposed and budget U-factors shown in table are F-factors.

Envelope FAILS: Design 6% worse than code

Assembly	Gross Area or Perimeter	Cavity R-Value	Cont. R-Value	Proposed U-Factor	Budget U- Factor _(a)
Roof 1: Non-Wood Joist/Rafter/Truss, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	6112	40.0	0.0	0.033	0.021
Skylight 1: Metal Frame, Double Pane, Perf. Specs.: Product ID FA- 11102, SHGC 0.80, VT 0.80, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (b)	112			0.500	0.500
Floor 1: Slab-On-Grade:Unheated, Vertical 2 ft., [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (c)	180		10.0	0.540	0.520
NORTH Exterior Wall 1: Solid Concrete:8" Thickness, Medium Density, Furring: Metal, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	6000	11.0	10.0	0.063	0.104
Door 1: Glass (> 50% glazing):Metal Frame, Perf. Specs.: Product ID FA-1152, SHGC 0.30, VT 0.70, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (b)	42			0.500	0.680
Window 1: Metal Frame, Double Pane with Low-E, Perf. Specs.: Product ID FA-1152, SHGC 0.63, VT 0.70, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (b)	1500			0.600	0.380
Window 2: Metal Frame, Double Pane, Perf. Specs.: Product ID FA- 1152, SHGC 0.72, VT 0.60, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office] (b)	56			0.700	0.380
Door 2: Insulated Metal, Non-Swinging, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	288			0.140	0.310
Door 3: Insulated Metal, Swinging, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	40			0.200	0.370
EAST Exterior Wall 2: Solid Concrete:8" Thickness, Medium Density, Furring: Metal, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	6000	11.0	10.0	0.063	0.104
SOUTH Exterior Wall 3: Solid Concrete:8" Thickness, Medium Density, Furring: Metal, [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	6000	11.0	10.0	0.063	0.104
WEST Exterior Wall 4: Steel-Framed, 24" o.c., [Bldg. Use 1 - Office]	1000	19.0	0.0	0.094	0.064

Should match CD's & Specs

(a) Budget U-factors are used for software baseline calculations ONLY, and are not code requirements.

(b) Fenestration product performance must be certified in accordance with NFRC and requires supporting documentation.

(c) Slab-On-Grade proposed and budget U-factors shown in table are F-factors.

Design PASSES

NEW COM check Web - Inspection Checklist

Plan Review

• Plans and specs match COM*check*, calcs provided which can be used to determine compliance

Footing/Foundation Inspection

• Installed below-grade and slab insulation matches R-values, exterior insulation protected, etc.

Framing/Rough-in Inspection

• Window/Wall U-factors match documents, components labeled, air barrier constructed

Mechanical Rough-in Inspection

• HVAC efficiencies match plans, controls provided/installed, heat recovery installed

Electrical Rough-in Inspection

• Interior/Exterior lighting controls installed in compliance with documents, special lighting addressed

Insulation Inspection

• All above-grade insulation matches documents, installed correctly

Final Inspection

• HVAC and lighting controls configured correctly, installation matches documents, etc.

NEW COM*check Web* - Inspection Checklist



COM*check* **Software Version COM***checkWeb*

Inspection Checklist

Energy Code: 90.1 (2022) Standard

Requirements: 100.0% were addressed directly in the COMcheck software

Text in the "Comments/Assumptions" column is provided by the user in the COMcheck Requirements screen. For each requirement, the user certifies that a code requirement will be met and how that is documented, or that an exception is being claimed. Where compliance is itemized in a separate table, a reference to that table is provided.

Section # & Req.ID	Plan Review	Complies?	Comments/Assumptions
4.2.2, 5.4.3.1.1, 5.7 [PR1] ¹	Plans and/or specifications provide all information with which compliance can be determined for the building envelope and document where exceptions to the standard are claimed.	□Complies □Does Not □Not Observable □Not Applicable	Requirement will be met. Location on plans/spec: x
	At least 50% of all 125 volt 15- and 20-Amp receptacles are controlled by an automatic control device.	□Complies □Does Not □Not Observable □Not Applicable	Requirement will be met. Location on plans/spec: OEESC Exception

Look for 5 additional AEC's documented on plans and ensure new credit total is met.

NEW COM*check Web* - Inspection Checklist

8.4.3 [EL11] ²	New buildings have electrical energy use measurement devices installed.	□Complies □Does Not	Exception: Buildings 25,000 ft2.
	Where tenant spaces exist, each tenant is monitored separately. In buildings with a digital control system the energy use is transmitted to to control system and displayed graphically.	□Not Observable □Not Applicable	Less than 25k SF. No need to have energy monitoring, so no need to take the exception requiring extra AECs.
9.4.1.1 [EL1] ²	Automatic control requirements prescribed in Table 9.6.1, for the appropriate space type, are installed. Mandatory lighting controls (labeled as 'REQ') and optional choice controls (labeled as 'ADD1' and 'ADD2') are implemented.	□Complies □Does Not □Not Observable □Not Applicable	Requirement will be met. Location on plans/spec: x
9.4.1.1 [EL2] ²	Independent lighting controls installed per approved lighting plans and all manual controls readily accessible and visible to occupants.	□Complies □Does Not □Not Observable □Not Applicable	Exception: Remote locations permitted for safety or security if used with a clearly labeled indicator pilot light.
6.4.3.5 [FI5] ³	Heat pump controls prevent supplemental electric resistance heat from coming on when not needed.	□Complies □Does Not □Not Observable □Not Applicable	Exception: Heat pumps regulated by and meeting NAECA requirements and using internal electric resistance heating.

NEW COM*check Web* - Inspection Checklist

Section # & Req.ID	Final Inspection	Complies?	Comments/Assumptions
5.4.3.3 [FI1] ¹	Weatherseals installed on all loading dock cargo doors in Climate Zones 4- 8.	□Complies □Does Not □Not Observable □Not Applicable	Exception: Requirement does not apply.
11.5.2.3.1 b [FI53] ²	W01: Heat-Pump Water Heater energy credit measure requires that a HPWH serves >= 30% of service water heating requirements without supplemental heating.	□Complies □Does Not □Not Observable □Not Applicable	Requirement will be met. Location on plans/spec: x See the Mechanical Systems list for values.
11.5.2.6 [FI65] ²	R01: On-Site Renewable Energy energy credit measure requires the capacity of on-site renewable energy systems in addition to the requirements of Section 10.5.1.1 shall be not less than 0.1 W/ft2.	□Complies □Does Not □Not Observable □Not Applicable	

Additional Comments/Assumptions:

NEW COM*check Web* – Deferred Submittals

An Authority Having Justisdiction (AHJ) which allows
Deferred Submittals will need to address <u>when</u> and

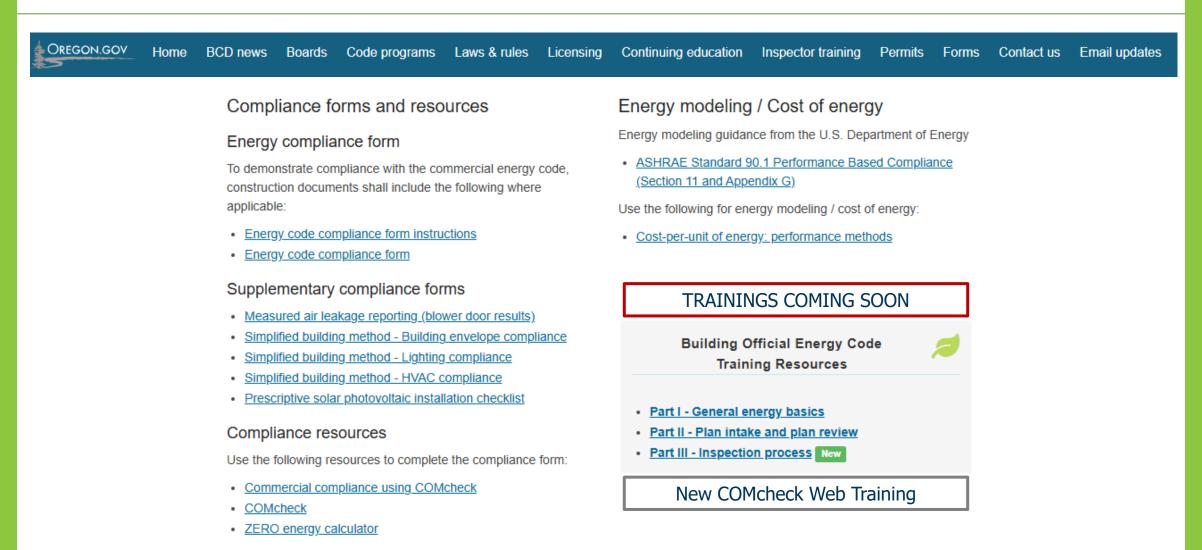
<u>how</u> the AEC's are applied in COM<u>check Web</u>

BCD is working on forms relative to deferred submittals. Each AHJ may implement their own policy relative to Deferred Submittals



Additional Training Resources

BCD Commercial Energy Code Resources



https://www.oregon.gov/bcd/codes-stand/Pages/energy-residential-compliance.aspx

ODOE Energy Code Resources



HOME

RESOURCES -

INCENTIVES ▼

DATA & REPORTS ▼

GET INVOLVED ▼

ABOUT US ▼

To build smart and conserve energy, Oregon has developed energy codes and standards for buildings.

Oregon's building codes are administered by the state Building Codes Division, including the:

 2025 Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code (OEESC): The 2025 OEESC, based on ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2022, became effective on January 1, 2025. This code becomes mandatory after the six-month phase-in period ends on July 1, 2025.



More information can be found on the Oregon Building Codes Division Commercial Energy Code page.

2023 Oregon Residential Specialty Code (ORSC): Chapter 11 of the ORSC contains
the residential building energy provisions. The 2023 ORSC became effective on
October 1, 2023, became mandatory on April 1, 2024 after a 6 month phase-in. More
information can be found on the Oregon Building Codes Division Residential Energy
Code page.

These codes outline energy efficiency requirements for Oregon buildings. The codes cover insulation, equipment, windows, lighting, and much more.

TRAINING RESOURCES

- Commercial Building Codes
- Residential Building Codes
- Residential- Earth Advantage ORSC HVAC Training Slides

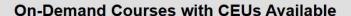
GENERAL RESOURCES

- Oregon Building Codes Division-Energy Code Program
- Oregon Energy Building Code Stakeholder Panel
- Built Environment Efficiency Working Group
- Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance
- USDOE Energy Code Map
- International Energy Conservation
 Code
- ASHRAE Standard 90.1

Ask an Energy Code Question
Through Our Customer Service Portal

https://www.oregon.gov/energy/energy-oregon/Pages/Energy-Code.aspx

DOE Training Resources



Browse our catalog of on-demand courses on topics such as energy code enforcement in rural communities, best practices for improving energy code compliance, growing the green building workforce, and more. AIA and ICC CEUs available.

Learn More



BECP Resource Hub

The Building Energy Codes Program (BECP) offers a comprehensive collection of information, resources, and technical assistance designed to answer questions and address issues related to energy codes. This BECP Resource Hub provides a one-stop shop for all U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) BECP-funded training resources to assist stakeholders with adoption, implementation, and compliance of national building energy codes. Users may browse the catalogs or use the search feature to identify offerings of interest and log in to access resources. All resources are complimentary and many are available for continuing education credit with successful completion of knowledge challenges.

Please Login below for full access to BECP's offerings.





https://training.energycodes.gov/ui/

ASHRAE 90.1 Portal & User Manual

ASHRAE's 90.1 Portal is on hiatus pending a redesign, expansion, and relaunch at an undetermined future date. We look forward to soon providing 90.1 and more to you bigger and better than ever.

90.1-2022 User's Manual

Status Unknown,
Currently <u>NOT</u>
Available for
Purchase



ASHRAE Standard 90.1 User's Manual

Appendix G - Performance Rating Resource

 90.1-2022 Performance Rating Method Reference Manual



PNNL-36136

- Modelers: Use to build proposed design model
- Code Officials: Use to understand modeling requirements and interpretations

ANSI/ASHRAE/IES
Standard 90.1-2022
Performance Rating
Method Reference Manual

December 2024

https://www.energycodes.gov/sites/default/files/2025-01/PerfRatingMethodRefMan9012022-01152024.pdf



Department of Consumer and Business Services

Salem office 1535 Edgewater St. NW Salem, OR 97304 Hours: 8 a.m. to 5p.m 503 -378 -4133 (main)

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Course Conclusion

THANK YOU