BUILDING ENERGY CODES PROGRAM





ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2016: Envelope Prepared by Pacific Northwest National Laboratory for the U.S. Department of Energy

Acknowledgements



PNNL and DOE would like to thank ASHRAE Standing Standard Project Committee 90.1 for their contributions to the development of this presentation and their technical review of the content.

Summary of Changes



- Comprehensive update to the fenestration prescriptive requirements in Tables 5-5-0 through 5-5-8
- Orientation requirements for vertical fenestration were tightened
- SHGC credit for shading by permanent projections was modified to correct how it addressed north-facing fenestration
- Whole building air leakage testing added as an option
- Thresholds for conditioned space were lowered

Compliance Paths Building Envelope



Building System

Compliance Options

Envelope

Prescriptive Option

HVAC

Mandatory Provisions

(required for all compliance options)

Trade Off Option

Energy Cost Budget

Performance Rating Method

HVAC

SWH

Power

Lighting

Other

Energy Code Compliance

Section 5

Building Envelope Overview 5.1 – 5.4



Section 5.1 General

- Scope
- Space-Conditioning Categories
- Envelope Alterations
- Climate

Section 5.2 Definition of Compliance Paths

Section 5.3 Simplified Building (Not Used)

Section 5.4 Mandatory Provisions

- Insulation
- Fenestration and Doors
- Air Leakage
- Loading Dock Weatherseals
- Vestibules

Section 5 Building Envelope Overview (cont'd)



Prescriptive Building Envelope Option (Section 5.5)

- Opaque Areas
- Fenestration

Building Envelope Trade-Off Option (Section 5.6)

Submittals (Section 5.7)

Product Information and Installation Requirements (Section 5.8)

Inspection and Verification (Section 5.9)

Section 5 – 5.1.2Space-Conditioning Categories



Separate envelope component requirements apply to three types of conditioned spaces

- Nonresidential
- Residential
- Semiheated

Semiheated spaces are heated, but not to comfort levels, and not cooled

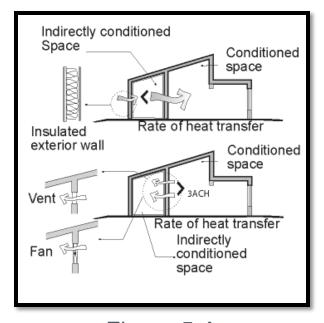
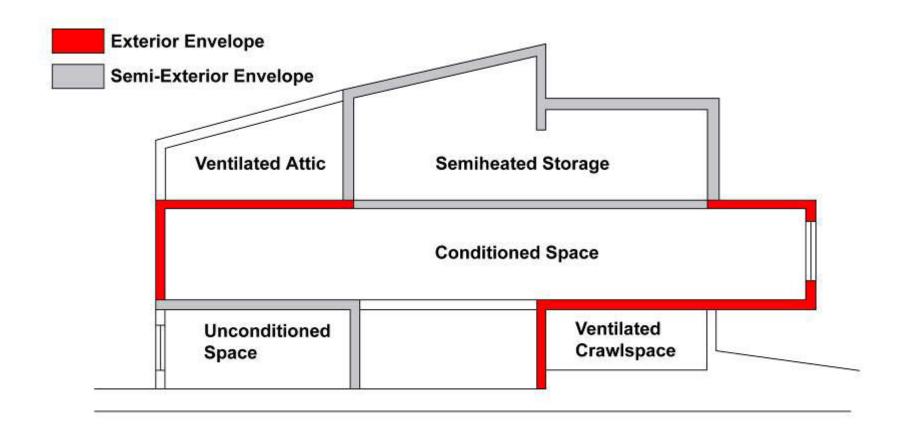


Figure 5-A
Examples of Indirectly Conditioned Spaces
(User's Manual – 90.1.-2013)

Section 5Building Envelope





Section 5 – 5.1.2Space Conditioning Categories & Basis



Envelope Requirements Are Specified by Space-Conditioning Categories

- Conditioned space must be
 - a cooled space with a cooling system sensible cooling output capacity larger than 3.4 Btu/h·ft² of floor area
 - a heated space with a heating system output capacity larger than that specified in table below
 - Or, an indirectly conditioned space

Heating Output, Btu/h·ft²	Climate Zone
>5	0, 1, 2
>9	3A, 3B
>7	3C
>10	4A, 4B
>8	4C
>12	5
>14	6
>16	7
>19	8

Section 5 – 5.1.2Space Conditioning Categories & Basis



Semiheated space

- has a heating system with a capacity ≥ 3.4 Btu/h-ft² of floor area but is not conditioned space
- Space is not cooled at all

Spaces are assumed to be conditioned space and comply with requirements of conditioned space at time of construction regardless of whether the mechanical or electrical equipment is included in the building permit application or installed at that time Exceptions:

- Space is designated as semiheated or unconditioned <u>and</u>
- Approved as such by the building official

Section 5 Envelope Alteration Exceptions



Allowed if they don't increase energy usage of building

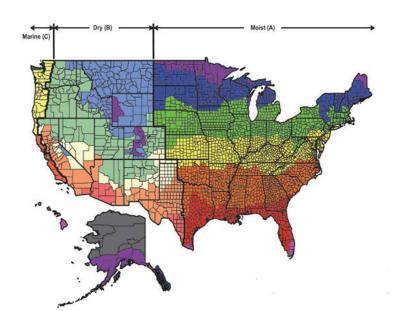
- ✓ Installation of storm windows or glazing panels with low-emissivity coating
- ✓ Replacement of glazing in existing sash and frame provided *U-factor* and *SHGC* ≤ than previous glass
- ✓ Alterations to envelope cavities provided they are insulated to full depth with a nominal R-3.0 per in.
- ✓ Wall and floor alterations where no new cavities are created

- √ Roof recovering
- ✓ Removal and replacement of *roof* membranes
- ✓ Replacement of existing doors that separate conditioned space from exterior do not require a vestibule provided existing vestibule is not removed
- ✓ Replacement of existing fenestration, provided area of replacement is no more than 25% of total fenestration area provided U-factor and SHGC ≤ than previous fenestration

Section 5 – 5.1.4 Climate – Climate Zone Update



- More accurately represents recent climate, better data
- Aligns with ASHRAE Standard 169-2013
- Retains same climate zone definitions (based on HDDs)
 - Some U.S. counties have shifted zones
- Reflects weather over the most recent 30 years
- Adds new Climate Zone 0 (extremely hot)
- Approximately 10% of U.S. counties reassigned to a different climate zone with a majority reassigned to a warmer climate zone





Section 5 – 5.1.4 Climate



<u>United States Locations</u> – Use ASHRAE Standard 169 Table Annex 1-1

Annex 1

Table Annex1-1 ASHRAE Standard 169-2013, Table B-1: U.S. Climate Zones by State and County

State/County	Zone	State/County	Zone
Alabama (AL)		Arkansas (AR)	
Zone 3A except		Zone 3A except	
Baldwin	2A	Baxter	4A
Coffee	2A	Benton	4A
Covington	2A	Boone	4A
Dale	2A	Carroll	4A
Escambia	2A	Fulton	4A
Geneva	2A	Izard	4A
Henry	2A	Madison	4A
Houston	2A	Marion	4A

Compliance Approach Building Envelope



Building System

Compliance Options

Envelope

Prescriptive Option

HVAC

Mandatory Provisions

Trade Off
Option

SWH

(required for all compliance options)

Energy Cost
Budget

Power

Lighting

Other

Performance Rating Method

Energy Code Compliance

Section 5 – 5.4Mandatory Provisions



Insulation (Section 5.4.1 refers to 5.8.1. through 5.8.1.10)

- ✓ Labeling (Section 5.8.1.1)
- ✓ Compliance with Manufacturers' Requirements (Section 5.8.1.2)
- ✓ Loose-Fill Insulation Limitation (Section 5.8.1.3)
- ✓ Baffles (Section 5.8.1.4)
- ✓ Substantial Contact (Section 5.8.1.5)
- ✓ Recessed Equipment (Section 5.8.1.6)
- ✓ Insulation Protection (Section 5.8.1.7)
- ✓ Location of roof insulation (Section 5.8.1.8)
- ✓ Extent of Insulation (Section 5.8.1.9)
- ✓ Joints in Rigid Insulation (Section 5.8.1.10)

Section 5 – 5.4 Mandatory Provisions



- ✓ Fenestration and *Doors* (Section 5.4.2 that refers to 5.8.2)
- ✓ Air Leakage (Section 5.4.3)





Photo courtesy of Ken Baker, K energy

Section 5 – 5.4.3 Air Leakage



- Continuous air barrier
- Fenestration and doors
- Loading dock weather seals
- Vestibules



Section 5 – 5.4.3.1Air Leakage – Continuous Air Barrier



- · Continuous air barrier required except in:
 - Semiheated spaces in climate zones 0-6
 - Single wythe concrete masonry buildings in climate zone 2B

Plans

- Air barrier components identified or noted in construction documents
- Joints, intersections, and penetrations of air barrier components (incl. lighting fixtures) detailed
- To extend over all surfaces of building envelope at lowest floor, exterior walls, and ceiling or roof
- Designed to resist positive and negative pressures from wind, stack effect, and mechanical ventilation

Section 5 – 5.4.3.1.2Air Leakage – Air Barrier Installation



The following areas are to be wrapped, sealed, caulked, gasketed, or taped

- Joints around fenestration and door frames (both manufactured and site-built)
- Junctions between walls
 - And foundations
 - At building corners
 - And roofs or ceilings
- Penetrations for roofs, walls, and floors
- Building assemblies used as ducts or plenums
- Joints, seams, connections between planes, and other changes in continuous air barrier materials





Section 5 – 5.4.3.1.3Air Leakage – Testing, Acceptable Materials, and Assemblies



New Whole-Building Testing Option

3 Options to Comply (a, b, or c):
Whole-Building Testing
Materials Testing
Assemblies of Materials Testing

Section 5 - 5.4.3.1.3

Air Leakage – Testing, Acceptable Materials, and Assemblies (cont'd)



Option 1: Whole-Building Testing [5.4.3.1.3(a) Whole-building pressurization testing]

Buildings > 50,000 sf

Can comply by testing only (and all) the following portions and area-weighting measured air leakage:

- a) Floor areas under roof or with building entrances
- b) Representative above-grade wall sections totaling at least 25% of wall area, not including floor area in (a)

Buildings < 50,000 sf Must comply by testing entire building

- 1. Building complies if measured air leakage rate is less than 0.40 cfm/ft² at 0.30 in. of water
- 2. If measured air leakage rate is greater than 0.40 cfm/ft² but less than 0.60 cfm/ft²
 - Perform diagnostic evaluation (smoke tracer, infrared imaging, etc.) and seal identified leaks
 - Perform visual inspection of air barrier and seal identified leaks
 - Submit report to code official and building owner identifying corrective actions taken to seal leaks

Section 5 – 5.4.3.1.3Air Leakage – Testing, Acceptable Materials, and Assemblies (cont'd)



Option 2: Materials Testing [5.4.3.1 (b)]

Materials with an air permeance of < 0.004 cfm/ft² under pressure differential of 0.3 in. of H₂O when tested in accordance with ATM E 2178 These materials meet these requirements

Material Material	Thickness (minimum)
Plywood	3/8 in.
Oriented strand board	3/8 in.
Extruded polystyrene insulation board	½ in.
Foil-faced urethane insulation board	½ in.
Exterior gypsum sheathing or interior gypsum board	½ in.
Cement board	½ in.
Built up roofing membrane	
Modified bituminous roof membrane	
Single-ply roof membrane	
A Portland cement/sand parge, stucco, or gypsum plaster	½ in.
Cast-in-place and precast concrete	
Sheet metal	
Closed cell 2 lb/ft ³ nominal density spray polyurethane foam	1 in.

Section 5 - 5.4.3.1.3

Air Leakage – Testing, Acceptable Materials, and Assemblies (cont'd)



Option 3: Assemblies of Materials Testing [5.4.3.1 (c)]

Assemblies of materials and components (sealants, tapes, etc.) that have an average air leakage < 0.04 cfm/ft² under a pressure differential of 0.3 in. of H₂O when tested in accordance with ASTM E 2357, 1677, 1680, or 283.

The following assemblies meet these requirements:

Concrete masonry walls that are

- a. Fully grouted, or
- b. Painted to fill the pores.

Section 5 – 5.4.3.2Air Leakage – Fenestration and Doors



Product	cfm/ft²	Procedure	psf
Glazed swinging entrance doors, glazed power- operated sliding entrance doors, glazed power- operated folding entrance doors, and revolving doors	1.0	AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440, NFRC 400, or ASTM E283	1.57
Curtainwall and storefront glazing	0.06	NFRC 400 or ASTM E283	1.57
Unit skylights with condensation weepage openings	0.3	AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 or NFRC 400	1.57
Unit skylights with condensation weepage openings	0.5	AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440	6.24
Nonswinging doors for vehicular access and material transportation (min. opening of 32 in/s)	1.3	ANSI/DASMA 105, NFRC 400, or ASTM E283	1.57
Opaque nonswinging doors, glazed sectional garage doors, and upward acting glazed nonswinging doors	0.4	ANSI/DASMA 105, NFRC 400, or ASTM E283	1.57
All other products	0.2	AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 or NFRC 400	1.57
All other products	0.3	AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S/A440	6.24

Exceptions

- Field-fabricated fenestration and doors
- Metal coiling doors in semiheated spaces in climate zones 0-6 not to exceed 1.0 cfm/ft² when tested at 1.57 psf in accordance with same procedures as revolving doors
- Products in *buildings* that comply with a whole building air leakage rate of 0.4 cfm/ft² under pressure differential of 0.3 in. H₂O, 1.57 psf per ASTM E779



In climate zones 0 and 4-8

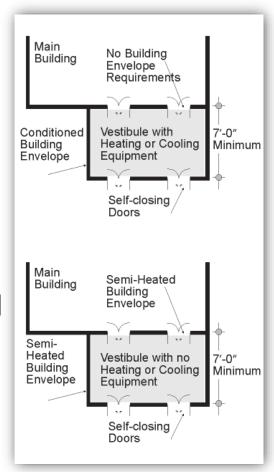
- Cargo doors and loading dock doors equipped with weatherseals
 - To restrict infiltration when vehicles are parked in the loading dock/doorway





Vestibules must have

- Self-closing doors
- Interior and exterior doors not open at the same time
- Distance between interior and exterior doors not < 7 ft when in closed position
- Floor area of each vestibule to not exceed the greater of 50 ft² or 2% of the gross conditioned floor area for that level of the building
- Exterior envelope of conditioned vestibule comply with conditioned space requirements
- Interior/exterior envelope of unconditioned vestibule comply with semiheated space requirements



Section 5Air Leakage – Vestibules Exceptions



- Non-entrance doors or doors opening from dwelling unit
- Building entrances with revolving doors
- All building entrances in climate zones 1 and 2 OR in buildings < 4 stories and < 10,000 ft² in gross conditioned floor area in climate zone 3 OR in buildings < 1000 ft² in gross conditioned floor area in climate zones 0 and 4-8
- All *doors* that open from *spaces* < 3000 ft² and separate from *building entrance*
- Semiheated spaces
- Enclosed elevator lobbies for building entrances directly from parking garages



Vestibules opening into large conditioned spaces (large retail)

- spaces having a gross conditioned floor area for that level of the building of 40,000 ft² and greater,
- and when the *doors* opening into and out of the vestibule are equipped with automatic, electrically driven, self-closing devices, the interior and exterior *doors* shall have a minimum distance between them of not less than 16 ft.

Compliance Approach Building Envelope



Building System

Compliance Options

Envelope

Mandatory Provisions

(required for all compliance options)

Trade Off Option

Prescriptive

Option

Energy Cost Budget

Performance Rating Method

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SWH

HVAC

Power

Lighting

Other

Energy Code Compliance

Section 5 – 5.5Prescriptive Building Envelope Option



Each envelope component must separately meet designated space conditioning requirements:

(Nonresidential, Residential, and/or Semiheated)

Opaque Areas (5.5.3) Fenestration (5.5.4)

- WWR ≤ 40% of gross *wall* area
- *Skylight*-roof ratio ≤ 3% of *roof* area

Prescriptive requirements for each component specified by climate zone and space conditioning category (Tables 5.5-0 through 5.5-8)

- Insulation levels for roofs, walls, floors and doors
- Fenestration criteria for windows, glazed doors and skylights

Section 5 – 5.5.3 Opaque Areas



Compliance

- ✓ Meet or exceed minimum R-values in table
 - Only R-value of insulation, not to include air films, etc.

OR

✓ Meet maximum *U-factor, C-factor,* or *F-factor* for the entire assembly (typical construction assemblies described in Appendix A)

OR

- ✓ Perform area-weighted average *U-factor*, *C-factor*, or *F-factor*
 - Only if there are multiple assemblies within a <u>single</u> class of construction for a <u>single</u> *space-conditioning* category



Table 5.5-0 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 0 (A,B)*

	Nonreside	Nonresidential		ı	Semiheated	
Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value		Insulation Min. R-Value		Insulation Min. R-Value
Roofs						

	Nonresidential		Resi	idential	Semiheated	
Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Valu</i> e	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Valu</i> e	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-</i> <i>Valu</i> e
Roofs						
Insulation Entirely above Deck Metal Building Attic and Other	U-0.039 U-0.041 U-0.027	R-25 c.i. R-10 + 19 FC R-38	U-0.032 U-0.041 U-0.027	R-30 c.i. R-10 + 19 FC R-38	U-0.218 U-0.115 U-0.081	R-3.8 c.i. R-10 R-13

Wall, below-Grade						
Below-grade wall	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR



Table 5.5-1 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 1 (A,B)*

	Nonresidential		Residentia	1	Semiheated .		
Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum				Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value	
Roofs							

	Nonresidential		Resi	dential	Semiheated	
Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Valu</i> e	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Valu</i> e	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-</i> <i>Valu</i> e
Roofs						
Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.048	R-20 c.i.	U-0.039	R-25 c.i.	U-0.218	R-3.8 c.i.
Metal Building	U-0.041	R-10 + 19 FC	U-0.041	R-10 + 19 FC	U-0.115	R-10
Attic and Other	U-0.027	R-38	U-0.027	R-38	U-0.081	R-13
wood-rramed and other U-U.U	R-13	U-U.U88	1-13	U-U.292 NR		

wood-tramed and other	0-0.089	K-13	0-0.089	K-13	0-0.292	NR
Wall, below Grade						
Below-grade wall	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR

Section 5 – 5.5-1 (cont'd) Fenestration



TABLE 5.5-1 (Cont'd)

Fenestration	Assembly Max. U	Assembly Max. SHGC	Assembly Min. VTISHGC	Assembly Max. U	Assembly Max. SHGC	Assembly Min. VTISHGC	Max.	Assembly Max. SHGC	Assembly Min. VTISHGC	
Vertical Fenestration, 0% to 40% of Wall		(for all frame	types)		(for all frame	types)		(for all frame	e types)	
Nonmetal framing, all	0.50	0.25	1.10	0.50	0.25	1.10	0.93	NR	NR	
Metal framing, fixed	0.57			0.57			1.20			
Metal framing, operable	0.65			0.65		1.20				
Metal framing, entrance door	1.10			1.10			1.10			
Skylight, 0% to 3% of Roof										
All types	0.75	0.35	NR	0.75	0.35	NR	1.80	NR	NR	

^{*} The following definitions apply: c.i. = continuous insulation (see Section 3.2), FC = filled cavity (see Section A2.3.2.5), NR = no (insulation) requirement.

a. When using the R-value compliance method for metal building roofs, a thermal spacer block is required (see Section A2.3.2).

b. Exception to Section 5.5.3.2 applies for mass walls above grade.

Table 5.5-2 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 2 (A,B)*

Nonresidential		Residentia	Semiheated		
				Insulation Min. R-Value	

	Nonre	sidential	Res	idential	Semiheated		
Opaque Elements	Assembly Insulation Maximum Min. R-Value		Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Value</i>	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-</i> <i>Valu</i> e	
Roofs							
Insulation Entirely above Deck Metal Building Attic and Other	U-0.039 U-0.041 U-0.027	R-25 c.i. R-10+R-19 FC R-38	U-0.039 U-0.041 U-0.027	R-25 c.i. R-10+R-19 FC R-38	U-0.173 U-0.096 U-0.053	R-5 c.i. R-16 R-19	

ı	Wood-framed and other	U-0.089	R-13	U-0.089	R-13	U-0.089	R-13
	Wall, below Grade						
	Below-grade wall	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR



Table 5.5-3 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 3 (A,B,C)*

		Nonresidential		Residential			Semiheated					
	Opaque Elements Assemble Maximum		'		Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value		Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value			
			Nonresidential			Res	ntial		Semiheated		eated	
Roofs Insulation Entirely above Deck Metal Building Attic and Other			Assembly Insula Maximum Min. R-				Insulation Min. <i>R-Valu</i> e		Assembly Maximun			
		U-0.0	U-0.039 R- U-0.041 R- U-0.027 R-		-19 FC	U-0.039 U-0.041 U-0.027	·0.041 R-10		-25 c.i. -10+R-19 FC -38		F	R-7.6 c.i. R-16 R-19
	Steel-framed	U-0.077	R-13 + R-5	c.i.	U-0.064	R-13 + R-7.5 c.i.		U-0.124	R-13			
	Wood-framed and other	U-0.089 R-13			U-0.064	R-13 + R-3.8 c.i. or F	R-20	U-0.089	R-13			
	Wall, below Grade											
Below-grade wall			NR		C-1.140	NR		C-1.140	NR			

	Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum	Insula Min. R	tion ?-Value	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value		embly imum	Insulation Min. R-Va			
	Roofs											
			Noni	residential		Residential				Semiheated		
Opaque Elements		Assem Maxim		Insulat Min. <i>R-V</i>		Assembly Maximum	1110	Insulation Min. <i>R-Valu</i> e		Assembly Maximum		Insulation Min. <i>R-</i> <i>Valu</i> e
Roofs												
Insulation Entil	rely above Deck	U-0.03	2	R-30 c.i.		U-0.032	R-30 c	.i.		U-0.093		R-10 c.i.
	Metal Building	U-0.03			R-19+R-11 Ls or R-25+R-8 Ls		R-19+R-11 R-25+R-8 I		Ls or	U-0.082		R-19
				_					.S			
	Attic and Other	U-0.02	1	R-49		U-0.021	R-49			U-0.034		R-30
Wood-framed and other		U-0.064	U-0.084 R-13 + R-3.8 c.i. U		U-0.064	R-13 + R-3.8 c.i. or R-20	U-0.089 R-13		R-13			
	Wall, below Grade											
	Below-grade wall		C-0.119 R-7.5 c.i.		C-0.092	R-10 c.i.	C-1.1	140	NR			



Table 5.5-5 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 5 (A,B,C)*

	Nonres	dential		Residentia	nl .		Semiheate	d			
Opaque Element	Assem Maxim	*				Insulation Min. R-Value		Insulat Min. R			
		Nonre	esidential	1	Res	side	ntial		Semiheated		
Opaque Elements		Assembly Insulate Maximum Min. R-N					Insulatio lin. R-Va		Assembly Maximum		
Roofs											
Insulation Entirely above De			R-30 c.i.		U-0.032		30 c.i.		U-0.063	R-15 c.i.	
Metal Buildi	ng U-0.0	37	R-19+R-11 Ls		U-0.037	R-19+R-11 Ls			U-0.082	R-19	
Attic and Oth	<i>er</i> U-0.0	21	or R-25+R-8 Ls R-49		U-0.021		or R-25+R-8 Ls R-49		U-0.034	R-30	
Wood-framed and	other U-0.051		R-13 + R-7.5 c.i. or R-19 + R-5 c.i.		R-13 + R-7.5 c.i. or R-19 + R-5 c.i.		U-0.089 R-13				
Wall, below Grade											
Below-grade wall	C-0.119	C-0.119 R-7.5 c.i.		C-0.092	R-10 c.i.		C-1.140 NR				



Table 5.5-6 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 6 (A,B)*

		Nonreside	ntial		Residentia	ol .		Semiheated	d		
	Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Valu	ie	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value				llation R-Value	
			Nonre	sidenti	al	Resi	iden	ntial		Sem	iheated
Opaque Elements					ation - <i>Valu</i> e	Assembly Maximum		nsulatio n. <i>R-Val</i>		Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Value</i>
Roofs Insulation E	Roofs Insulation Entirely above Deck Metal Building Attic and Other		.032 .031 .021	31 R-25+R-11		U-0.032 U-0.029 U-0.021	R-C	R-30 c.i. R-30+R-11 Ls R-49		U-0.063 U-0.060 U-0.034	R-15 c.i. R-19+R-19 R-30
	Steel-framed	U-0.049	U-0.049 R-13 + R-12		U-0.050	R-0 + R-19 c.i. R-13 + R-12.5 c.i.				+ R-9.8 c.i. 3 + R-3.8 c.i.	
	Wood-framed and other	U-0.051	R-13 + R-7. R-19 + R-5			R-13 + R-7.5 c.i. or R-19 + R-5 c.i.		U-0.089 R-1		3	
	Wall, below Grade										
	Below-grade wall	C-0.092	R-10 c.i.		C-0.063	R-15 c.i.		C-0.119 R-7.5 c.i		5 c.i	



Table 5.5-7 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 7*

Nonresider	ntial	Residentia	ı	Semiheated			
Assembly Maximum					Insulation Min. R-Value		

	N	Nonresidential				sident	ial	Ser	niheated
Opaque Elements	Asser Maxin	-	Insulation Min. R-Value		Assembly Maximum		sulation . R-Value	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value
Roofs Insulation Entirely above De				R-35 c.i. R-30+R-11 Ls		R-35 c.i. R-30+R-11		U-0.039 U-0.037	R-25 c.i. R-19+R-11 Ls
Attic and Oth	er U-0.01	7	R-60		U-0.017	R-60		U-0.027	or R-25+R-8 Ls R-38
Steel-framed	U-0.049	U-0.049 R-13 + R-12.5 c.i.		U-0.04	2 R-13 + R-15	R-13 + R-15.6 c.i.		R-13 + R-7.5 c.i.	
Wood-framed and o	ther U-0.051	r U-0.051 R-13 + F R-19 + F		R-7.5 c.i. or U-0.05 R-5 c.i.		c.i. or .i.	U-0.064	R-13 + R-3.8 c.i.	

C-0.063

R-15 c.i.

C-0.119

R-7.5 c.i.

Wall, below Grade
Below-grade wall

C-0.063

R-15 c.i.

Section 5 – 5.5.1 *Opaque*



Table 5.5-8 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 8*

Nonreside	ntial	Residentia	Semiheated			
	Insulation Min. R-Value	Assembly Maximum	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value		

	Nonre	sidential	Resi	dential	Semiheated		
Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Valu</i> e	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Value</i>	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. <i>R-Valu</i> e	
Roofs							
Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.028	R-35 c.i.	U-0.028	R-35 c.i.	U-0.039	R-25 c.i.	
Metal Building	U-0.026	R-25+R-11+	U-0.026	R-25+R-11+	U-0.037	R-19+R-11 Ls	
		R-11 Ls		R-11 Ls		or R-25+R-8 Ls	
Attic and Other	U-0.017 R-60		U-0.017	R-60	U-0.027 R-38		
						-	

Steel-framed	U-0.037	R-13 + R-18.8 c.i.	U-0.037	R-13 + R-18.8 c.i.	U-0.064	R-13 + R-7.5 c.i.
Wood-framed and other	U-0.032	R-13 + R-18.8 c.i.	U-0.032	R-13 + R-18.8 c.i.	U-0.051	R-13 + R-7.5 c.i.
Wall, below Grade						
Below-grade wall	C-0.063	R-15 c.i.	C-0.063	R-15 c.i.	C-0.119	R-7.5 c.i.

Section 5 – A5.3 Opaque Areas



Table A5.3.3.1 Assembly U-Factors for Steel-Joist Floors

Framing	Cavity	Overall		II U-Facto	or for Ass	sembly o	f Base F	loor Plus	Continu	ous Insu	lation (Ur	ninterrupt	ed by Fr	aming)								
Spacing	R-Value: Rated			R-Value	of Conti	nuous In	sulation															
Width	(Effective	Base	Overall II	Factor for A	Assambly a	of Base Ele	or Plus Co	ntinuous In	eulation (I	Ininterrunte	od by Erami	ng)										
Framing Type	Insulation	Overall	Overall 0-	racioi ioi i	ASSEMBLY C	II Dase FIO	oi Pius Co	minuous ii	isulation (C	minterrupte	u by Fraiii	ng)										
and Spacing	Rated (Effective	U-Factor For Entire Base	Rated R-V	Value of Continuous Insulation																		
Width (Actual Depth)	Installed [See Table	Floor Assembly	R- 1.00	R- 2.00	R- 3.00	R- 4:00	R- 5.00	R- 6.00	R- 7.00	R- 8.00	R- 9.00	R- 10.00	R- 11.00	R- 12.00	R- 13.00	R- 14.00	R- 15.00	R- 20.00	R- 25.00	R- 30.00	R- 35.00	R- 40.00
	A9.2A])		1.00	2.00	0.00			0.00	1.50	0.00	0.00	10.00	11.00	12.00	10.00	11.00	10.00	20.00	20.00	00.00	00.00	10.00
Steel Joist	Floor with Rigid Fo	oam																				
	None (0.0)	0.350	0.259	0.206	0.171	0.146	0.127	0.113	0.101	0.092	0.084	0.078	0.072	0.067	0.063	0.059	0.056	0.044	0.036	0.030	0.026	0.023
2 in.	R-8 (7.52)	0.096	0.088	0.081	0.075	0.070	0.065	0.061	0.058	0.054	0.052	0.049	0.047	0.045	0.043	0.041	0.039	0.033	0.028	0.025	0.022	0.020
3 in.	R-12 (10.80)	0.073	0.068	0.064	0.060	0.057	0.054	0.051	0.048	0.046	0.044	0.042	0.041	0.039	0.038	0.036	0.035	0.030	0.026	0.023	0.021	0.019
4 in.	R-16 (13.92)	0.060	0.056	0.053	0.051	0.048	0.046	0.044	0.042	0.040	0.039	0.037	0.036	0.035	0.034	0.032	0.031	0.027	0.024	0.021	0.019	0.018
5 in.	R-20 (17.00)	0.050	0.048	0.046	0.044	0.042	0.040	0.039	0.037	0.036	0.035	0.033	0.032	0.031	0.030	0.030	0.029	0.025	0.022	0.020	0.018	0.017
6 in.	R-24 (19.68)	0.044	0.042	0.041	0.039	0.038	0.036	0.035	0.034	0.033	0.032	0.031	0.030	0.029	0.028	0.027	0.027	0.024	0.021	0.019	0.017	0.016
Steel-Jois	Steel-Joist Floor with Batt Insulation																					

Section 5 – 5.5.3.1 Roof Insulation



Meet or exceed minimum R-value in table for climate zone

Skylight curbs insulated to level of roofs with insulation entirely above deck or R-5, whichever is less

Section 5 – 5.5.3.1 Roof Insulation (cont'd)



Three types of *roofs* are defined

- ✓ Roofs with insulation entirely above deck
 - R-value is for continuous insulation
 - Exception: Interruptions for framing and pads for mechanical equipment ≤ 1% of surface of the total roof area
- ✓ Metal building roofs
 - First value is for insulation
 - draped over purlins and then compressed when metal spanning members attached or
 - hung between purlins provided there's a min. of 1" thermal break between purlins and metal spanning members
 - Second value is for double-layer installations with insulation installed parallel to the purlins
- ✓ Attics and other roofs
 - R-value is for insulation installed both inside and outside the roof or entirely inside the roof cavity

Section 5 – 5.8.1 Insulation Installation



- ✓ Rated R-value clearly identified by an identification mark applied by manufacturer to each piece of building envelope insulation
 - ✓ Exception- provide documentation
- ✓ Per manufacturer's instructions
- ✓ Achieve rated R-value
- ✓ No open-blown or poured loose-fill insulation when ceiling slope is > 3/12
- ✓ If eave vents installed
 - Provide baffling of air vents to deflect incoming air above the surface of the insulation
 - Metal buildings Exception
 - if roof and wall insulation is compressed between roof or wall skin and the structure

Section 5Roof Insulation Examples





Section 5 – 5.5.3.1.1 High Albedo Roofs



Required in climate zones 0-3

Minimum three-year aged solar *reflectance* of 0.55 and minimum three-year aged thermal *emittance* of 0.75 (tested in accordance with CRRC-1 Standard)

OR

Minimum Solar Reflectance Index of 64, based on

- Three-year aged solar reflectance
- Three-year aged thermal emittance
 - Tested in accordance with CRRC-1 Standard

OR

Increase *roof* insulation levels in Table 5.5.3.1.1

Section 5 – 5.5.3.1High Albedo Roofs – Exceptions



- Ballasted roofs with minimum stone ballast of 17 lb/ft² or 23 lb/ft² pavers
- Vegetated roof systems containing minimum thickness of 2.5 in. of growing medium that covers minimum of 75% of roof area with durable plantings
- Roofs, where a minimum of 75% of the roof area is:
 - shaded during peak sun angle on June 21 by permanent components or features of the building
 - covered by off-set PV arrays, building-integrated PV arrays, or solar air or water collectors OR
 - 3. permitted to be interpolated using a combination of 1 and 2 above
- Steep-sloped roofs
- Low-sloped metal building roofs in climate zones 2-3
- Roofs over: ventilated attics, semiheated spaces, or conditioned spaces that aren't cooled spaces
- Asphaltic membranes in climate zones 2-3



Section 5 – 5.5.3.2 Above-Grade Wall Insulation



Meet or exceed *R-value* specified for climate zone in appropriate table

When wall consists of both above-grade and below-grade portion, entire wall to be insulated on either exterior or interior or be integral

If insulated on interior

above-grade wall insulation requirements apply

If insulated on exterior or integral

- below-grade wall portion to be insulated to the below-grade wall requirements and
- above-grade to above-grade wall requirements

Section 5 – 5.5.3.2 Above-Grade Wall Insulation (cont'd)



- Above-grade wall in Climate Zone 0 to meet one of the following:
 - A. East and west *walls*, minimum of 75% of the opaque wall area to have a minimum SRI 29
 - glass sprandrel areas a minimum solar reflectance of 29% determined in accordance with NFRC 300 or ISO 9050 is permitted
 - Each wall is allowed to be considered separately
 - B. East and west walls, minimum of 30% of the above-grade wall area be shaded through the use of shade-providing plants, manmade structures, existing buildings, hillsides, permanent building projections, on-site renewable energy systems, or combination
 - Shade coverage calculated at 10 a.m. for east walls and 3 p.m. for west walls on summer solstice

The building is allowed to be rotated up to 45 degrees to the nearest cardinal orientation for compliance calculation purposes

Section 5 – 5.5.3.2 Above-Grade Wall Insulation (cont'd)



Four types of walls are defined

- Mass walls
 - heat capacity (HC) determined from Table A3.1-2 or A3.1-3
 - Rated R-value is for continuous insulation or when uninterrupted by framing other than metal clips no closer than 24 in. o.c. horizontally and 16 in. o.c. vertically

Exception

Requirement of U-0.151





Four types of walls are defined (cont'd)

- Metal building wall R-value
 - for insulation compressed between metal wall panels and the steel structure
- Steel-framed wall R-value
 - for uncompressed insulation installed in the cavity between steel studs; also acceptable to be continuous insulation uninterrupted by studs
- Wood-framed and other R-value
 - for uncompressed insulation installed in the cavity between wood studs; also acceptable to be continuous insulation uninterrupted by studs





Meet or exceed values in appropriate table for climate zone

R-value is for continuous insulation

Exception

• If framing is used, compliance is based on maximum assembly *C-factor*



Photo courtesy of Dow Building Solutions



Section 5 – 5.5.3.3 Below-Grade Wall Insulation



Table A4.2.1 Assembly C-Factors for Below-Grade Walls

Framing Type and Depth	Rated R-Value of Insulation Alone	Specified <i>C-Factors</i> (<i>Wall</i> Only, without Soil and Air Films)								
Framing Type and Depth	Rated R-Value of Insulation Alone	Specified C-Factors (Wall Only, without Soil and Air Films)								
No Framing	R-0	C-1.140								
Exterior Insulation, Contin	Exterior Insulation, Continuous and Uninterrupted by Framing									
No Framing No Framing No Framing	R-5.0 R-7.5 R-10.0	C-0.170 C-0.119 C-0.092								
No framing No framing	R-45.0 R-50.0	C-0.022 C-0.020								
Continuous Metal Framing a	t 24 in. on Center Horizontally									

Section 5 – 5.5.3.4 Floor Insulation

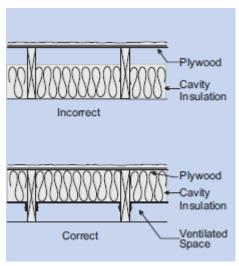


Meet or exceed values in appropriate table for climate zone

3 classes of floors over *unconditioned* space are defined:

- Mass floors
 - R-value is for continuous insulation
 - If framing is used, compliance is based on maximum assembly *U-factor*
- Steel-joist floors
 - R-value is for uncompressed insulation or spray-on insulation, but is also acceptable for continuous insulation
- Wood-framed and others
 - R-value is for uncompressed insulation, but is also acceptable for continuous insulation





Section 5 – 5.5.3.5Slab-on-Grade Floor Insulation



For the *rated R-value* of insulation to be installed around the perimeter of the slab-on-grade floor to the distance specified or exceed the values in the appropriate table for climate zone.

Be installed around the perimeter to the distance specified

- **Inside foundation** *wall* extend downward from top of slab a minimum distance specified or to the top of the footing, whichever is less
- Outside foundation wall extend from top of the slab or downward to at least the bottom of the slab and then horizontally to a minimum distance specified
- In all climate zones, the horizontal insulation extending outside of the foundation to be covered by pavement or by soil a minimum of 10 in. thick

Exception: monolithic *slab-on-grade floor*, insulation to extend from the top of the *slab-on-grade* to the bottom of the footing.



U-factor not greater than specified for climate zone in appropriate table

Table 5.5-4 Building Envelope Requirements for Climate Zone 4 (A,B,C)*

	Nonreside	ntial	Residentia	1	Semiheated			
Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value		Insulation Min. R-Value		
Opaque Doors								
Swinging	U-0.370		U-0.370		U-0.370			
Nonswinging	U-0.310		U-0.310		U-0.360			

Section 5 – 5.5.4 Fenestration



Criteria apply to *fenestration*, including windows, glass *doors*, glass block, plastic panels, and *skylights*

 specified by fenestration type, space-conditioning category and by climate zone

Compliance with values in Tables 5.5-0 through 5.5-8

- U-factor not greater than specified
- SHGC not greater than specified
- Meet or exceed minimum VT/SHGC
- Use NFRC ratings or default values in Appendix A
- Exceptions:
 - Area weighting allowed within same class of construction and space-conditioning category
 - Area weighting for vertical fenestration allowed across multiple classes of construction for a single space-conditioning category, but not across multiple space-conditioning categories



Section 5 – 5.5.4.2 Fenestration Area



Total *vertical fenestration area* to be smaller than specified values in Tables 5.5-0 through 5.5-8 (40% for all climate zones)

- Including both fixed and operable vertical fenestration
- Exception: street-level *vertical fenestration* (5.5.4.4.1)

Total *skylight* area smaller than specified in Tables 5.5-0 through 5.5-8 (3% of roof area for all climate zones)

 Permitted to be no greater than 6% of gross roof area provided criteria in exception 1 to skylight SHGC requirements are met (5.5.4.4.2) and daylight area under skylights is more than or equal to half the floor area of the space

Section 5 – 5.5.4.2.3 Minimum *Skylight* Fenestration Area



Minimum skylight area must be provided in enclosed spaces that are

- \geq 2,500 ft²
- In spaces with ceiling height > 15 ft and
- Space types
 - Office
 - Lobby
 - Atrium
 - Concourse
 - Corridor
 - Storage (incl. nonrefrigerated warehouse)
 - Gymnasium/fitness /exercise area
 - Playing area

- Gymnasium seating area
- Convention exhibit/event space
- Courtroom
- Automotive service
- Fire station engine room
- Manufacturing

- Corridor/transition and bay areas
- Retail
- Library reading and stack areas
- Distribution/sorting area
- Transportation
- Baggage and seating areas
- Workshop

Section 5 – 5.5.4.2.3 Minimum *Skylight* Fenestration Area



The *skylight* area must *daylight* a minimum of half the floor area and provided

- Minimum ratio of 3% of skylight area to daylight area with a skylight VLT at least 0.40
 OR
- a minimum skylight effective aperture of at least 1%

- Enclosed spaces in Climate Zones 6-8
- Enclosed spaces under shaded roofs (beam sunlight blocked for more than 1500 daytime hours between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.)
- Daylight area under rooftop monitors is > 50% of floor area
- Documented that 90% of skylight area is shaded on June 21 (Northern Hemisphere)/December 21 (Southern Hemisphere) at noon by permanent features
- Where total space area minus the primary and secondary sidelighted area(s) is < 2,500 ft and where lighting is controlled according to sidelighting requirements of Section 9.4.1

Section 5 – 5.5.4.3 and 5.8.2.3 Fenestration *U-Factor*



U-factor not greater than specified in Tables 5.5-0 through 5.5-8

- Exception: U-factor for skylights allowed to be increased no greater than
 - 0.90 Btu/h•ft² °F in Climate Zone 0-3
 - 0.75 Btu/h•ft² °F in Climate Zone 4-8

Provided they have a glazing material or diffuser with a measured haze value greater than 90% when tested in accordance with ASTM D1003

Have a skylight VT greater than 0.40 and

All general lighting in the daylight area under *skylights* controlled by multi-level photocontrols in accordance with Section 9.4.1.1 (f)

Determined in accordance with NFRC 100

Skylights – determine for a slope of 20° above the horizontal

- A8.1 acceptable for skylights, A8.2 acceptable for other vertical fenestration, and A7 acceptable for opaque doors
- ANSI/DASMA 105 acceptable for sectional garage doors and metal coiling doors

Section 5 – 5.5.4.4 Fenestration SHGC



Vertical fenestration (5.5.4.4.1)

SHGC values < Table value for appropriate total vertical fenestration area

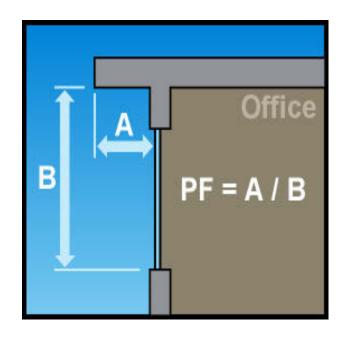
- For south, east, or west-oriented vertical fenestration only, the SHGC in the proposed building can be reduced by using the multipliers in Table 5.5.4.4.1 for fenestration shaded by permanent projections that will last as long as the building itself
- For south, east, or west-oriented vertical fenestration shaded by partially opaque permanent projections that will last as long as the building itself, can reduce the PF by multiplying by values in Table 5.5.4.4.1
- Street-level exception only applies when using the prescriptive compliance option
- Dynamic glazing cannot be area-weighted with other fenestration and minimum SHGC of dynamic glazing shall be used to show compliance for dynamic glazing
- North-oriented vertical fenestration allowed to have SHGC equal to or less than the area-weighted average SHGC of the south, east, and west-oriented vertical fenestration before any reductions made for permanent projections in Exception 1 and 2 of Section 5.5.4.4.1

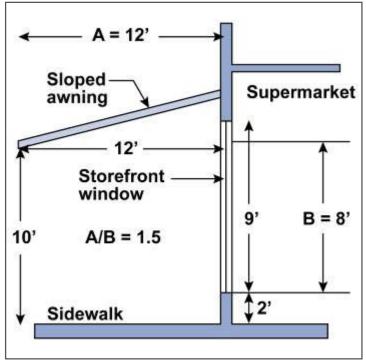
Information – Overhangs



Standard credits permanent overhangs by adjustment to SHGC

Size of overhang is determined by projection factor







Determined in accordance with NFRC 200

- Shading Coefficient (SC) x 0.86 is acceptable for overall fenestration area (NFRC 300)
- SHGC of center-of-glass is acceptable (NFRC 300) for overall fenestration area
- SHGC from A8.1 for skylights is an acceptable alternative for determining compliance
- SHGC from A8.2 for vertical fenestration is an acceptable alternative for determining compliance

Section 5 – 5.5.4.4.2 Skylight SHGC



Skylights

SHGC values < Table value for appropriate total skylight area

- 1. If skylights
 - Have a glazing material or diffuser with measured haze value > 90% when tested according to ASTM D1003, and
 - Have a skylight VT > 0.40, and
 - Have all general lighting in daylight area under skylights controlled by multilevel photocontrols per Section 9.4.1.1 (f)
- 2. Dynamic Glazing
 - Minimum SHGC is used to demonstrate compliance
 - Considered separately from other vertical fenestration
 - Area-weighted averaging with other vertical fenestration that isn't dynamic glazing isn't allowed

Section 5 – 5.5.4.5Fenestration Orientation



Two options to comply for *vertical fenestration*:

(a) For Climate Zones 0 - 8

$$A_{W} \le (A_{T})/4$$
 and $A_{E} \le (A_{t})/4$

(b) For Climate Zones 0 − 3

$$A_W \times SHGC_W \le (A_T \times SHGC_C)/4$$
 and $A_E \times SHGC_E \le (A_T \times SHGC_C)/4$

For Climate Zones 4 – 8

$$A_W \times SHGC_W \le (A_T \times SHGC_C)/5$$
 and $A_E \times SHGC_E \le (A_T \times SHGC_C)/5$

Where,

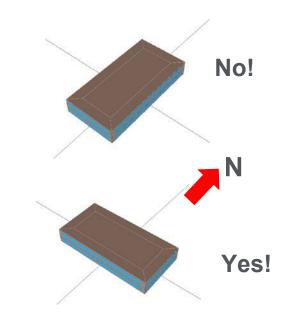
 A_W and $SHGC_W$ = west-oriented *vertical fenestration area* and SHGC

 A_F and $SHGC_F$ = east-oriented *vertical fenestration area* and SHGC

 A_{T} = total vertical fenestration area

 $SHGC_C$ = SHGC criteria in Tables 5.5-0 through 5.5-8

- Complies with Exception 3 of Section 5.5.4.4.1
- Buildings with shade on 75% of the west and east
- Alterations and additions that don't increase vertical fenestration area
- Buildings where west- and east-oriented vertical fenestration area < 20% of gross wall area for each of those facades and SHGC on those facades < 90% of SHGC_c
- Buildings in Climate Zone 8



Section 5 – 5.5.4.6 *Visible Transmittance/SHGC* Ratio



When *automatic daylighting controls* are required per 9.4.1.1 (e) or (f)

• fenestration to have a ratio of VT/SHGC not less than listed in Tables 5.5-0 through 5.5-8 (>1.1 for all climate zones)

- Can have a light-to-solar-gain ratio (LSG) of not less than 1.25
 - center-of-glass SHGC and VT determined per NFRC 300 and NFRC 301 by independent lab or included in a database published by a government agency and certified by a manufacturer
- Fenestration not covered in scope of NFRC 200
- Enclosed spaces
 - where daylight area under rooftop monitors is > 50% of enclosed space floor area
 - with skylights complying with 5.5.4.2.3
 - where sidelighting effective aperture is ≥ 0.15
- Dynamic glazing
 - VT/SHGC ratio and LSG determined using maximum VT and maximum SHGC
 - Considered separately from other fenestration; cannot include dynamic glazing with other fenestration for area-weighted averaging

Compliance Approaches



Energy Code

Compliance

Building System

Compliance Options

Envelope

Prescriptive Option

HVAC

Mandatory Provisions

(required for all compliance options)

Trade Off Option

Energy Cost Budget

Performance Rating Method

SWH

Power

Lighting

Other

Section 5 – 5.6.1Building Envelope Trade-Off Option "Rules"



Proposed design must comply with Sections 5.1, 5.4, 5.7, 5.8, and 5.9

Proposed envelope performance factor (EPF) of proposed design is less than or equal to the proposed envelope performance factor of the base design

- All building envelope components shown on drawings or installed in existing buildings to be included in proposed building design
- Fenestration and opaque envelope types and area used in simulation model to be consistent with design documents
- Don't need to separately describe any envelope assembly covering < 5% of total area of that assembly
 - as long as it's similar to an assembly being modeled
 - if not separately described, add the area of that assembly to an assembly with same orientation and thermal properties

Section 5 – 5.6.1.2Trade-Offs Limited to Building Permit



- If building permit will apply to less than the whole building
 - Parameters relating to unmodified existing conditions or future building components to be identical for both proposed EPF and base EPF

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 Future components meet prescriptive requirements of Section 5.5

Section 5 – 5.7Submittal Document Labeling of Space-Conditioning Categories



- General AHJ can require compliance documentation and supplemental information per 4.2.2
- Space Conditioning Categories if building has semiheated or unconditioned spaces and compliance is sought using semiheated criteria, spaces to be clearly indicated on floor plans
- Visible Transmittance include test results for skylight glazing or diffusers (per 5.8.2.5)
- Daylight Areas documentation to identify daylight areas on floor plans, including
 - Primary sidelighted areas
 - Secondary sidelighted areas
 - Daylight area under skylights
 - Daylight areas under roof monitor

Section 5 – 5.8Product Information and Installation Requirements



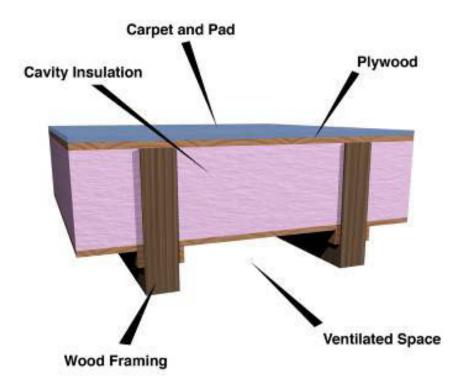
- ✓ Labeling of Building Envelope Insulation (Section 5.8.1.1)
- ✓ Compliance with Manufacturers' Requirements (Section 5.8.1.2)
- ✓ Loose-Fill Insulation Limitation (Section 5.8.1.3)
- ✓ Baffles (Section 5.8.1.4)
- ✓ Substantial Contact (Section 5.8.1.5)
- ✓ Recessed Equipment (Section 5.8.1.6)
- ✓ Insulation Protection (Section 5.8.1.7)
- ✓ Location of Roof Insulation (Section 5.8.1.8)
- ✓ Extent of Insulation (Section 5.8.1.9)
- ✓ Joints in Rigid Insulation (Section 5.8.1.10)



Install insulation in a permanent manner in substantial contact with inside surface

Flexible batt insulation in *floor* cavities

Supported in a
 permanent manner by
 supports no more than
 24 in. on center (o.c.)



Section 5 – 5.8.1.6 Recessed Equipment



Recessed equipment should not affect insulation thickness

- Lighting fixtures
- HVAC equipment (includes wall heaters, ducts, and plenums)
- Other

Except when

- Total combined area affected (include necessary clearances) is
 < 1% of opaque area of the assembly, OR
- Entire roof, wall, or floor is covered with insulation to the full depth required, OR
- Effects of reduced insulation are included in area-weighted calculations and compressed insulation values from Table A9.4.3

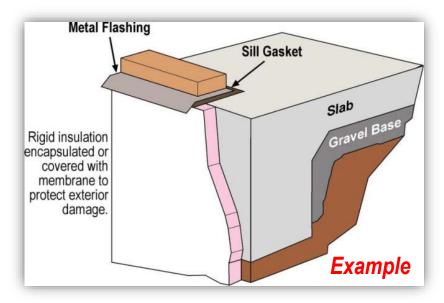
In all cases, air leakage to be limited through or around recessed equipment to the conditioned space in accordance with Section 5.4.3 (Air leakage)

Section 5 – 5.8.1.7 Insulation Protection



Insulation Protection

- Cover exterior insulation with protective material
 - Sunlight
 - Moisture
 - Landscaping operations
 - Equipment maintenance
 - Wind
- Access to attics and mechanical rooms without damaging or compressing insulation
- Insulation materials in ground contact to have a water absorption rate ≤ 0.3% (ASTM C272)





Roof Insulation

- Not installed on a suspended ceiling with removable ceiling panels
- Non-compliant





Section 5 – 5.8.1.9 Extent of Insulation



- Insulation should extend over the full component area to the required rated R-value of insulation
 - U-factor
 - C-factor OR
 - F-factor

Unless otherwise allowed in Section 5.8.1

Section 5 – 5.8.1.10 Joints in Rigid Insulation



Where 2 or more layers of rigid insulation board are used in a *construction* assembly

the edge joints between each layer of boards to be staggered

Section 5 – 5.9 Inspection



Required Inspections:

- Fenestration and doors
 - Air leakage testing where applicable conducted by independent third party
 - Operation of door and closer or operating mechanism inspected for conformance with the manufacturer's instructions
 - Seals or gaskets installed per manufacturer's instructions
- Loading dock weatherseals
 - Ensure that the seals are in good condition

Section 5 – 5.9 Inspection (cont'd)



Opaque building envelope air tightness

- Opaque roof, above-grade walls, and below-grade walls, and floors subject to the following inspections:
 - Use of compliant materials and assemblies per Section 5.4.3.1.3
 - Integration with adjoining fenestration and continuous air barrier elements

Fenestration

- Skylights size and location in relation to designed primary sidelighted area and secondary lighted area below
- Roof monitor size and location in relation to designed primary sidelighted area and secondary lighted area below
- Dynamic glazing with SHGC and U-factor per Section 5.5.4.4.1 and 5.5.4.4.2 and testing of the operation of conformance per manufacturer's instructions.
- Permanent fenestration projections installation and performance per Section 5.5.4.4.1 and construction documents.

Section 5 – 5.9 Verification



- Building Envelope Performance
 - Verified per Section 4.2.5
- Air Leakage
 - In accordance with one of the following methods:
 - a. An air barrier design and installation program implemented to include:
 - 1. Design review conducted to assess compliance with requirements in Sections 5.4.3.1.1, 5.4.3.1.2 and applicable portions of 5.4.3.1.3
 - 2. Periodic field inspection of *continuous air barrier* components and assemblies conducted during *construction* while the air barrier is still accessible for inspection and *repair* to verify compliance with Sections 5.4.3.1.1, 5.4.3.1.2 and applicable portions of 5.4.3.1.3
 - 3. Reporting in compliance with Section 4.2.5

Section 5 – 5.9 Verification (cont'd)



- Air Leakage cont'd
 - b. A *whole-building* air leakage verification program implemented to include the following elements:
 - 1. whole-building pressurization testing performed in accordance with Section 5.4.3.1.3(a) and use of any exceptions documented
 - 2. Reporting in compliance with Section 4.2.5