

# WORKERS' COMPENSATION

## LA COMPENSACIÓN DEL TRABAJADOR

in  
en **Maryland**

### Job Related Accidental Personal Injury or Occupational Disease?

If you are disabled and unable to work for more than three (3) days, your employer's workers' compensation insurance company may pay your medical bills and other expenses and replace two-thirds (2/3) of your salary (limited to the maximum set by law).

To Report A Claim Contact:  
**ZURICH CLAIMS SERVICES**  
Telephone: 800-987-3373

### If you are injured on the job:

1. Notify your employer or supervisor at once. You cannot receive full benefits unless your employer knows you are injured.
2. Tell the doctor who treats you that you were hurt on the job.
3. Complete an Employee's Claim Form C-1 (available by phone or on the Commission's website) and send it to us as soon as possible.

**Note: Withholding information or giving false information about any work-related activity or return to work could prevent you from receiving benefits and may subject you to fines, imprisonment or both.**

Employer/Empleador State of Oregon

Business Address/Dirección STE U150

City/State/Zip Salem, OR 97309-0009

Ciudad/Estado/Código Postal

Federal Employer ID (FEIN) 931116396

Identificación Federal Del Empleador

Telephone Number/Número Telefónico 5033783156

Insurance Company Name Zurich American Insurance Company

La Compañía de Seguro

Insurance Company Telephone 800-987-3373

Telefónico de la Compañía de Seguro

MD WCC Form C-24 05/2017

### ¿Accidentes por lesión/daño corporal relacionados con el Empleo o Enfermedad Profesional?

Si usted se encuentra incapacitado o inhabilitado para trabajar por más de tres días, el seguro de trabajadores que tienen las compañías pudiera cubrir las facturas médicas y otros gastos relacionados. También le compensarían 2/3 de sus ingresos (Hasta un monto máximo estipulado por la ley).

### Si usted sufre una lesión en el trabajo, debe:

1. Informarle a su empleador o supervisor de inmediato. No podría recibir todos sus beneficios a menos que su empleador fuere notificado que sufrió una lesión.
2. Informarle al médico quien le administre tratamiento que usted se lesionó en su trabajo.
3. Llenar el formulario Employee's Claim Form C-1 (disponible consultando la página del Internet para el Workers' Compensation o solicitándolo uno por teléfono). Diligenciarlo para que las oficinas del Workers' Compensation lo reciban lo antes posible.

**Aviso: El suministrar información falsa u ocultar información sobre cualquier actividad relacionada con su trabajo o relacionada con su regreso al trabajo, pudiera afectar los beneficios que recibiera o pudiera acarrearle multas, encarcelamiento o ambas.**

### **Maryland Workers' Compensation Commission**

**10 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202-1641**

**(410) 864-5100 / Outside Baltimore (800) 492-0479**

**Webpage - <http://www.wcc.state.md.us> / TTY Users - 711 in Maryland or (800) 735-2258**

This notice must be printed on 8.5 "X 14" gold or yellow paper, display complete employer information and be posted in a conspicuous location at each work site or location in accordance with COMAR 14.09.01.02 and 14.09.01.10.

NO FIXED ADDRESS, MD





# Job Safety and Health IT'S THE LAW!

## All workers have the right to:

- A safe workplace.
- Raise a safety or health concern with your employer or OSHA, or report a work-related injury or illness, without being retaliated against.
- Receive information and training on job hazards, including all hazardous substances in your workplace.
- Request a confidential OSHA inspection of your workplace if you believe there are unsafe or unhealthy conditions. You have the right to have a representative contact OSHA on your behalf.
- Participate (or have your representative participate) in an OSHA inspection and speak in private to the inspector.
- File a complaint with OSHA within 30 days (by phone, online or by mail) if you have been retaliated against for using your rights.
- See any OSHA citations issued to your employer.
- Request copies of your medical records, tests that measure hazards in the workplace, and the workplace injury and illness log.

## Employers must:

- Provide employees a workplace free from recognized hazards. It is illegal to retaliate against an employee for using any of their rights under the law, including raising a health and safety concern with you or with OSHA, or reporting a work-related injury or illness.
- Comply with all applicable OSHA standards.
- Notify OSHA within 8 hours of a workplace fatality or within 24 hours of any work-related inpatient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye.
- Provide required training to all workers in a language and vocabulary they can understand.
- Prominently display this poster in the workplace.
- Post OSHA citations at or near the place of the alleged violations.

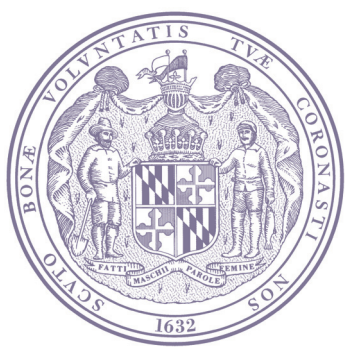
On-Site Consultation services are available to small and medium-sized employers, without citation or penalty, through OSHA-supported consultation programs in every state.

*This poster is available free from OSHA.*

**Contact OSHA. We can help.**



# safety and health protection on the job



# MARYLAND OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY and HEALTH ACT

## PRIVATE SECTOR

The Maryland Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 provides job safety and health protection for workers through the promotion of safe and healthful working conditions throughout the State. Requirements of the Act include the following:

### Employers:

Each employer shall furnish to each of his or her employees employment and a place of employment free from recognized hazards that are causing or are likely to cause death or serious harm to employees; and shall comply with occupational safety and health standards issued under the Act.

### Employees:

Each employee shall comply with all occupational safety and health standards, rules, regulations and orders issued under the Act that apply to his or her own actions and conduct on the job.

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry has the primary responsibility for administering the Act and issuing occupational safety and health standards. MOSH Safety and Health Inspectors conduct jobsite inspections to ensure compliance with the Act.

### Inspection:

The Act requires that a representative authorized by the employees be given an opportunity to accompany the MOSH Inspector for the purpose of aiding the inspection.

Where there is no authorized employee representative, the MOSH Inspector shall consult with a reasonable number of employees concerning safety and health conditions in the workplace.

### Complaint:

Employees or their representatives have the right to file a complaint with the Commissioner requesting an inspection if they believe unsafe or unhealthful conditions exist in their workplace. The Commissioner will withhold names of employees complaining on request.

The Act provides that employees may not be discharged or discriminated against in any way for filing safety and health complaints or otherwise exercising their rights under the Act.

An employee who believes he or she has been discriminated against may file a complaint with the Commissioner and/or the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Regional Office within 30 days of the alleged discrimination.

### Citation:

If upon an inspection the Commissioner believes an employer has violated the Act, a citation alleging such violations shall be issued to the employer. Each citation shall specify a time period within which the alleged violation must be corrected.

The MOSH citation must be prominently displayed at or near the place of alleged violation for three days, or until it is corrected, whichever is later, to warn employees of dangers that may exist there.

### Proposed Penalty:

The Act provides for mandatory civil penalties against employers of up to \$7,000 for each serious violation and for optional penalties of up to \$7,000 for each nonserious violation. Civil penalties of up to \$7,000 per day may be proposed for failure to correct violations within the proposed time period. Also, any employer who willfully or repeatedly violates the Act may be assessed civil penalties of up to \$70,000 for each such violation.

Criminal penalties are also provided for in the Act. Any willful violation resulting in death of an employee, upon conviction, is punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both. Conviction of an employer after a first conviction doubles these maximum penalties.

### Voluntary Activity:

While providing penalties for violation, the Act also encourages efforts by labor and management to reduce injuries and illnesses arising out of employment. The Commissioner of Labor and Industry encourages employers and employees to reduce workplace hazards voluntarily and to develop and improve safety and health programs in all workplaces and industries.

Such cooperative action would initially focus on the identification and elimination of hazards that could cause death, injury, or illness to employees and supervisors. There are many public and private organizations that can provide information and assistance in this effort, if requested.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND COPIES OF THE ACT, SPECIFIC MARYLAND OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS, AND OTHER APPLICABLE REGULATIONS MAY BE OBTAINED FROM

**MOSH TRAINING and EDUCATION**

**10946 Golden West Drive, Suite 160**

**Hunt Valley, Maryland 21031**

**Phone: 410-527-2091**

Complaints about State Program administration may be made to Regional Administrator, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, The Curtis Center, Suite 740 West, 170 S. Independence Mall West, Philadelphia, PA 19106-3309