**Appendix A - Matrix for health care provider types**  
*This matrix does not apply to Managed Care Organizations*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Attending physician status (primarily responsible for treatment of a patient’s injury)</th>
<th>Provide compensable medical services for initial injury or illness</th>
<th>Authorize payment of time loss (temporary disability) and release the patient to work</th>
<th>Establish impairment findings (permanent disability)</th>
<th>Provide compensable medical services for aggravation of injury or illness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Type A attending physician**  
Medical doctor  
Doctor of osteopathy  
Oral and maxillofacial surgeon  
Podiatric physician and surgeon | Yes                                                                 | Yes                                                            | Yes                                                      | Yes                                      | Yes                                                          |
| **Type B attending physician**  
Chiropractic physician  
Naturopathic physician  
Physician assistant | Yes, for a total of 60 consecutive days or 18 visits, from the date of the initial visit on the initial claim with any Type B attending physician.  
Yes, unless the total of 60 consecutive days or 18 visits from the date of the initial visit on the initial claim with any Type B attending physician has passed.  
Or, if authorized by an attending physician and under a treatment plan. (Note: physician assistants are not required to have a written treatment plan) | Yes, unless the total of 60 consecutive days or 18 visits from the date of the initial visit on the initial claim with any Type B attending physician has passed.  
Or, if authorized by an attending physician and under a treatment plan. (Note: physician assistants are not required to have a written treatment plan) | Yes, 30 days from the date of the first visit with any Type B attending physician on the initial claim, if within the specified 18 visit period.  
No, unless the type B attending physician is a chiropractic physician.  
No  
Unless authorized by attending physician and under a written treatment plan (Note: physician assistants are not required to have a written treatment plan) | No                                      | No                                                            |
| Emergency room physicians | No, if the physician refers the patient to a primary care physician | Yes                                                            | ER physicians may authorize time loss for up to 14 days only, including retroactive authorization | No if patient referred to a primary care physician | Yes                                                          |
| Authorized nurse practitioner | No                                                                 | Yes                                                            | Yes, for 180 days from the date of the first visit on the initial claim. | No                                      | No                                                          |
| Other health care providers e.g., acupuncturists | No                                                                 | Yes, for 30 consecutive days or 12 visits from the date of the first visit on the initial claim with any other health care providers.  
Thereafter, services must be provided under a treatment plan and authorized by the attending physician. | No                                      | No                                      | No, unless referred by the attending physician and under a written treatment plan |

See OAR 436-010-0210