

# D R A F T

## SUMMARY

Makes various changes to workers' compensation laws of this state.  
Declares emergency, effective on passage.

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

1  
2 Relating to workers' compensation; creating new provisions; amending ORS  
3 656.005, 656.206, 656.210, 656.214, 656.225, 656.236, 656.245, 656.260, 656.262,  
4 656.266, 656.267, 656.268, 656.283, 656.308, 656.310, 656.325, 656.386, 656.704,  
5 656.802 and 656.804; and declaring an emergency.

### **Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

#### **SECTION 1.** ORS 656.005 is amended to read:

6  
7  
8 656.005. (1) "Average weekly wage" means the Oregon average weekly  
9 wage in covered employment, as determined by the Employment Department,  
10 for the last quarter of the calendar year preceding the fiscal year in which  
11 the injury occurred.

12 (2)(a) "Beneficiary" means an injured worker, and the spouse in a mar-  
13 riage, child or dependent of a worker, who is entitled to receive payments  
14 under this chapter.

#### (b) "Beneficiary" does not include:

15  
16 (A) A spouse of an injured worker living in a state of abandonment for  
17 more than one year at the time of the injury or subsequently. A spouse who  
18 has lived separate and apart from the worker for a period of two years and  
19 who has not during that time received or attempted by process of law to  
20 collect funds for support or maintenance is considered living in a state of  
21 abandonment.

1 (B) A person who intentionally causes the compensable injury to or death  
2 of an injured worker.

3 (3) "Board" means the Workers' Compensation Board.

4 (4) "Carrier-insured employer" means an employer who provides workers'  
5 compensation coverage with the State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation  
6 or an insurer authorized under ORS chapter 731 to transact workers' com-  
7 pensation insurance in this state.

8 (5) "Child" means a child of an injured worker, including:

9 (a) A posthumous child;

10 (b) A child legally adopted before the injury;

11 (c) A child toward whom the worker stands in loco parentis;

12 (d) A child born out of wedlock;

13 (e) A stepchild, if the stepchild was, at the time of the injury, a member  
14 of the worker's family and substantially dependent upon the worker for  
15 support; and

16 (f) A child of any age who was an invalid at the time of the accident and  
17 thereafter remains an invalid substantially dependent on the worker for  
18 support.

19 (6) "Claim" means a written request for compensation from a subject  
20 worker or someone on the worker's behalf, or any compensable injury of  
21 which a subject employer has notice or knowledge.

22 (7)(a) A "compensable injury" is an accidental injury, or accidental injury  
23 to prosthetic appliances, arising out of and in the course of employment re-  
24 quiring medical services or resulting in disability or death; an injury is ac-  
25 cidental if the result is an accident, whether or not due to accidental means,  
26 if it is established by medical evidence supported by objective findings,  
27 [*subject to the following limitations:*]

28 [(A) *No*] **except that an** injury or disease is **not** compensable as a con-  
29 sequence of a compensable injury unless the compensable injury is the major  
30 contributing cause of the consequential condition.

31 [(B) *If an otherwise compensable injury combines at any time with a pre-*

1 *existing condition to cause or prolong disability or a need for treatment, the*  
2 *combined condition is compensable only if, so long as and to the extent that*  
3 *the otherwise compensable injury is the major contributing cause of the disa-*  
4 *bility of the combined condition or the major contributing cause of the need*  
5 *for treatment of the combined condition.]*

6 **(b) “Compensable injury” includes the accidental injury and all re-**  
7 **sults requiring medical services or resulting in disability or death and**  
8 **is not limited by the conditions specified in the notice of acceptance.**

9 [(b)] **(c)** “Compensable injury” does not include:

10 (A) Injury to any active participant in assaults or combats which are not  
11 connected to the job assignment and which amount to a deviation from cus-  
12 tomary duties;

13 (B) Injury incurred while engaging in or performing, or as the result of  
14 engaging in or performing, any recreational or social activities primarily for  
15 the worker’s personal pleasure; or

16 (C) Injury the major contributing cause of which is demonstrated to be  
17 by a preponderance of the evidence the injured worker’s consumption of al-  
18 coholic beverages or cannabis or the unlawful consumption of any controlled  
19 substance, unless the employer permitted, encouraged or had actual knowl-  
20 edge of such consumption.

21 [(c)] **(d)** A “disabling compensable injury” is an injury which entitles the  
22 worker to compensation for disability or death. An injury is not disabling  
23 if no temporary benefits are due and payable, unless there is a reasonable  
24 expectation that permanent disability will result from the injury.

25 [(d)] **(e)** A “nondisabling compensable injury” is any injury which re-  
26 quires medical services only.

27 (8) “Compensation” includes all benefits, including medical services, pro-  
28 vided for a compensable injury to a subject worker or the worker’s benefi-  
29 ciaries by an insurer or self-insured employer pursuant to this chapter.

30 (9) “Department” means the Department of Consumer and Business Ser-  
31 vices.

1 (10)(a) "Dependent" means any of the following relatives of the worker  
2 who, at the time of an accident, depended in whole or in part for the  
3 relative's support on the earnings of a worker who dies as a result of an  
4 injury:

- 5 (A) A parent, grandparent or stepparent;
- 6 (B) A grandson or granddaughter;
- 7 (C) A brother or sister or half-brother or half-sister; and
- 8 (D) A niece or nephew.

9 (b) "Dependent" does not include an alien who does not reside within the  
10 United States at the time of the accident, other than a parent, a spouse or  
11 children, unless a treaty provides otherwise.

12 (11) "Director" means the Director of the Department of Consumer and  
13 Business Services.

14 (12)(a) "Doctor" or "physician" means a person duly licensed to practice  
15 one or more of the healing arts in any country or in any state, territory or  
16 possession of the United States within the limits of the license of the  
17 licentiate.

18 (b) Except as otherwise provided for workers subject to a managed care  
19 contract, "attending physician" means a doctor, physician or physician as-  
20 sistant who is primarily responsible for the treatment of a worker's  
21 compensable injury and who is:

22 (A) A physician licensed under ORS 677.100 to 677.228 by the Oregon  
23 Medical Board, or a podiatric physician and surgeon licensed under ORS  
24 677.805 to 677.840 by the Oregon Medical Board, an oral and maxillofacial  
25 surgeon licensed by the Oregon Board of Dentistry or a similarly licensed  
26 doctor in any country or in any state, territory or possession of the United  
27 States; or

28 (B) For a cumulative total of 60 days from the first visit on the initial  
29 claim or for a cumulative total of 18 visits, whichever occurs first, to any  
30 of the medical service providers listed in this subparagraph, a:

31 (i) Doctor or physician licensed by the State Board of Chiropractic Ex-

1 aminers for the State of Oregon under ORS chapter 684 or a similarly li-  
2 censed doctor or physician in any country or in any state, territory or  
3 possession of the United States;

4 (ii) Physician assistant licensed by the Oregon Medical Board in accord-  
5 ance with ORS 677.505 to 677.525 or a similarly licensed physician assistant  
6 in any country or in any state, territory or possession of the United States;  
7 or

8 (iii) Doctor of naturopathy or naturopathic physician licensed by the  
9 Oregon Board of Naturopathic Medicine under ORS chapter 685 or a simi-  
10 larly licensed doctor or physician in any country or in any state, territory  
11 or possession of the United States.

12 (c) Except as otherwise provided for workers subject to a managed care  
13 contract, “attending physician” does not include a physician who provides  
14 care in a hospital emergency room and refers the injured worker to a pri-  
15 mary care physician for follow-up care and treatment.

16 (d) “Consulting physician” means a doctor or physician who examines a  
17 worker or the worker’s medical record to advise the attending physician or  
18 nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under  
19 ORS 656.245 regarding treatment of a worker’s compensable injury.

20 (13)(a) “Employer” means any person, including receiver, administrator,  
21 executor or trustee, and the state, state agencies, counties, municipal corpo-  
22 rations, school districts and other public corporations or political subdi-  
23 visions, who contracts to pay a remuneration for and secures the right to  
24 direct and control the services of any person.

25 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, for purposes of this  
26 chapter, the client of a temporary service provider is not the employer of  
27 temporary workers provided by the temporary service provider.

28 (c) As used in paragraph (b) of this subsection, “temporary service pro-  
29 vider” has the meaning for that term provided in ORS 656.850.

30 (14) “Insurer” means the State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation or  
31 an insurer authorized under ORS chapter 731 to transact workers’ compen-

1 sation insurance in this state or an assigned claims agent selected by the  
2 director under ORS 656.054.

3 (15) “Consumer and Business Services Fund” means the fund created by  
4 ORS 705.145.

5 (16) “Invalid” means one who is physically or mentally incapacitated from  
6 earning a livelihood.

7 (17) “Medically stationary” means that no further material improvement  
8 would reasonably be expected from medical treatment, or the passage of time.

9 (18) “Noncomplying employer” means a subject employer who has failed  
10 to comply with ORS 656.017.

11 (19) “Objective findings” in support of medical evidence are verifiable  
12 indications of injury or disease that may include, but are not limited to,  
13 range of motion, atrophy, muscle strength and palpable muscle spasm. “Ob-  
14 jective findings” does not include physical findings or subjective responses  
15 to physical examinations that are not reproducible, measurable or observa-  
16 ble.

17 (20) “Palliative care” means medical service rendered to reduce or mod-  
18 erate temporarily the intensity of an otherwise stable medical condition, but  
19 does not include those medical services rendered to diagnose, heal or per-  
20 manently alleviate or eliminate a medical condition.

21 (21) “Party” means a claimant for compensation, the employer of the in-  
22 jured worker at the time of injury and the insurer, if any, of such employer.

23 (22) “Payroll” means a record of wages payable to workers for their ser-  
24 vices and includes commissions, value of exchange labor and the reasonable  
25 value of board, rent, housing, lodging or similar advantage received from the  
26 employer. However, “payroll” does not include overtime pay, vacation pay,  
27 bonus pay, tips, amounts payable under profit-sharing agreements or bonus  
28 payments to reward workers for safe working practices. Bonus pay is limited  
29 to payments which are not anticipated under the contract of employment and  
30 which are paid at the sole discretion of the employer. The exclusion from  
31 payroll of bonus payments to reward workers for safe working practices is

1 only for the purpose of calculations based on payroll to determine premium  
2 for workers' compensation insurance, and does not affect any other calcu-  
3 lation or determination based on payroll for the purposes of this chapter.

4 (23) "Person" includes partnership, joint venture, association, limited li-  
5 ability company and corporation.

6 (24)(a) "Preexisting condition" means, for all industrial injury claims, any  
7 injury, disease, congenital abnormality, personality disorder or similar con-  
8 dition that contributes to disability or need for treatment **and does not**  
9 **render a worker more susceptible to an injury**, provided that:

10 (A) Except for claims in which a preexisting condition is arthritis or an  
11 arthritic condition, the worker has been diagnosed with such condition, or  
12 has obtained medical services for the symptoms of the condition regardless  
13 of diagnosis; and

14 (B)(i) In claims for an initial injury or omitted condition, the diagnosis  
15 or treatment precedes the initial injury;

16 (ii) In claims for a new medical condition, the diagnosis or treatment  
17 precedes the onset of the new medical condition; or

18 (iii) In claims for a worsening pursuant to ORS 656.273 or 656.278, the  
19 diagnosis or treatment precedes the onset of the worsened condition.

20 (b) "Preexisting condition" means, for all occupational disease claims, any  
21 injury, disease, congenital abnormality, personality disorder or similar con-  
22 dition that contributes to disability or need for treatment and that precedes  
23 the onset of the claimed occupational disease, or precedes a claim for wors-  
24 ening in such claims pursuant to ORS 656.273 or 656.278.

25 (c) For the purposes of industrial injury claims, a condition does not  
26 contribute to disability or need for treatment if the condition merely renders  
27 the worker more susceptible to the injury.

28 (d) **"Preexisting condition" does not include a condition that is**  
29 **materially related to a worker's immutable characteristics including,**  
30 **but not limited to, the worker's age, sex, race or ethnicity, or genetic**  
31 **heritage or makeup.**

1 (25) “Self-insured employer” means an employer or group of employers  
2 certified under ORS 656.430 as meeting the qualifications set out by ORS  
3 656.407.

4 (26) “State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation” and “corporation”  
5 mean the State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation created under ORS  
6 656.752.

7 (27) “Subject employer” means an employer who is subject to this chapter  
8 as provided by ORS 656.023.

9 (28) “Subject worker” means a worker who is subject to this chapter as  
10 provided by ORS 656.027.

11 (29) “Wages” means the money rate at which the service rendered is  
12 recompensed under the contract of hiring in force at the time of the accident,  
13 including reasonable value of board, rent, housing, lodging or similar ad-  
14 vantage received from the employer, and includes the amount of tips required  
15 to be reported by the employer pursuant to section 6053 of the Internal  
16 Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and the regulations promulgated pursuant  
17 thereto, or the amount of actual tips reported, whichever amount is greater.  
18 The State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation may establish assumed  
19 minimum and maximum wages, in conformity with recognized insurance  
20 principles, at which any worker shall be carried upon the payroll of the  
21 employer for the purpose of determining the premium of the employer.

22 (30) “Worker” means any person, including a minor whether lawfully or  
23 unlawfully employed, who engages to furnish services for a remuneration,  
24 subject to the direction and control of an employer and includes salaried,  
25 elected and appointed officials of the state, state agencies, counties, cities,  
26 school districts and other public corporations, but does not include any per-  
27 son whose services are performed as an inmate or ward of a state institution  
28 or as part of the eligibility requirements for a general or public assistance  
29 grant. For the purpose of determining entitlement to temporary disability  
30 benefits or permanent total disability benefits under this chapter, “worker”  
31 does not include a person who has withdrawn from the workforce during the

1 period for which such benefits are sought.

2 (31) "Independent contractor" has the meaning for that term provided in  
3 ORS 670.600.

4 **SECTION 2.** ORS 656.206 is amended to read:

5 656.206. (1) As used in this section:

6 (a) "Essential functions" means the primary tasks associated with the job.

7 (b) "Materially improved medically" means an actual change for the bet-  
8 ter in the worker's medical condition that is supported by objective findings.

9 (c) "Materially improved vocationally" means an actual change for the  
10 better in the:

11 (A) Worker's vocational capability; or

12 (B) Likelihood that the worker can return to work in a gainful and suit-  
13 able occupation.

14 (d) "Permanent total disability" means[, *notwithstanding ORS 656.225,*]  
15 the loss, including preexisting disability, of use or function of any portion  
16 of the body which permanently incapacitates the worker from regularly per-  
17 forming work at a gainful and suitable occupation.

18 (e) "Regularly performing work" means the ability of the worker to dis-  
19 charge the essential functions of the job.

20 (f) "Suitable occupation" means one that the worker has the ability and  
21 the training or experience to perform, or an occupation that the worker is  
22 able to perform after rehabilitation.

23 (g) "Wages" means wages as determined under ORS 656.210.

24 (2) If permanent total disability results from a worker's injury, the worker  
25 shall receive during the period of that disability compensation benefits equal  
26 to 66-2/3 percent of wages, no more than 133 percent of the average weekly  
27 wage or no less than 33 percent of the average weekly wage.

28 (3) A worker has the burden of proving permanent total disability status  
29 and must establish that the worker is willing to seek regular gainful em-  
30 ployment and that the worker has made reasonable efforts to obtain such  
31 employment.

1 (4) When requested by the Director of the Department of Consumer and  
2 Business Services, a worker who receives permanent total disability benefits  
3 shall file on a form provided by the director, a sworn statement of the  
4 worker's gross annual income for the preceding year along with such other  
5 information as the director considers necessary to determine whether the  
6 worker regularly performs work at a gainful and suitable occupation.

7 (5) Each insurer shall reexamine periodically each permanent total disa-  
8 bility claim for which the insurer has current payment responsibility to de-  
9 termine whether the worker has materially improved, either medically or  
10 vocationally, and is no longer permanently incapacitated from regularly  
11 performing work at a gainful and suitable occupation. Reexamination must  
12 be conducted every two years or at such other more frequent interval as the  
13 director may prescribe. Reexamination must include such medical examina-  
14 tions, vocational evaluations, reports and other records as the insurer con-  
15 siders necessary or the director may require.

16 (6)(a) If a worker receiving permanent total disability benefits is found  
17 to be materially improved and capable of regularly performing work at a  
18 gainful and suitable occupation, the insurer or self-insured employer shall  
19 issue a notice of closure pursuant to ORS 656.268. Permanent total disability  
20 benefits shall be paid through the date of the notice of closure. Notwith-  
21 standing ORS 656.268 (5), if a worker objects to a notice of closure issued  
22 under this subsection, the worker shall request a hearing. If the worker re-  
23 quests a hearing on the notice of closure before the Hearings Division of the  
24 Workers' Compensation Board within 30 days of the date of the notice of  
25 closure, the insurer or self-insured employer shall continue payment of per-  
26 manent total disability benefits until an order of the Hearings Division or  
27 a subsequent order affirms the notice of closure or until another order that  
28 terminates the worker's benefits becomes final. If the worker requests a  
29 hearing on the notice of closure more than 30 days from the date of the no-  
30 tice of closure but before the 60-day period for requesting a hearing expires,  
31 the insurer or self-insured employer shall resume paying permanent total

1 disability benefits from the date the hearing is requested and shall continue  
2 payment of benefits until an order of the Hearings Division or a subsequent  
3 order affirms the notice of closure or until another order that terminates the  
4 worker's benefits becomes final. If the notice of closure is upheld by the  
5 Hearings Division, the insurer or self-insured employer must be reimbursed  
6 from the Workers' Benefit Fund for the amount of permanent total disability  
7 benefits paid after the date of the notice of closure issued under this sub-  
8 section.

9 (b) An insurer or self-insured employer must establish that the condition  
10 of a worker who is receiving permanent total disability benefits has mate-  
11 rially improved by a preponderance of the evidence presented at hearing.

12 (c) Medical examinations or vocational evaluations used to support the  
13 issuance of a notice of closure under this subsection must include at least  
14 one report in which the author personally observed the worker.

15 (d) Notwithstanding section 54 (3), chapter 2, Oregon Laws 1990, the  
16 Hearings Division of the Workers' Compensation Board may request the di-  
17 rector to order a medical arbiter examination of an injured worker who has  
18 requested a hearing under this subsection.

19 (7) A worker who has had permanent total disability benefits terminated  
20 under this section by an order that has become final is eligible for vocational  
21 assistance pursuant to ORS 656.340. Notwithstanding ORS 656.268 (10), if a  
22 worker has enrolled in and is actively engaged in a training program, when  
23 vocational assistance provided under this section ends or the worker ceases  
24 to be enrolled and actively engaged in the training program, the insurer or  
25 the self-insured employer shall determine the extent of disability pursuant  
26 to ORS 656.214.

27 (8) A worker receiving permanent total disability benefits is required, if  
28 requested by the director, the insurer or the self-insured employer, to submit  
29 to a vocational evaluation at a time reasonably convenient to the worker as  
30 may be provided by the rules of the director. No more than three evaluations  
31 may be requested except after notification to and authorization by the di-

1 rector. If the worker refuses to submit to or obstructs a vocational evalu-  
2 ation, the rights of the worker to compensation must be suspended with the  
3 consent of the director until the evaluation has taken place, and no com-  
4 pensation is payable for the period during which the worker refused to sub-  
5 mit to or obstructed the evaluation. The insurer or self-insured employer  
6 shall pay the costs of the evaluation and related services that are reasonably  
7 necessary to allow the worker to attend the evaluation requested under this  
8 subsection. As used in this subsection, “related services” includes, but is not  
9 limited to, wages, child care, travel, meals and lodging.

10 (9) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if a worker re-  
11 ceiving permanent total disability incurs a new compensable injury, the  
12 worker’s entitlement to compensation for the new injury shall be limited to  
13 medical benefits pursuant to ORS 656.245 and permanent partial disability  
14 benefits for impairment, as determined in the manner set forth in ORS  
15 656.214 (2).

16 (10) When a worker eligible for benefits under this section returns to  
17 work, if the combined total of the worker’s post-injury wages plus permanent  
18 total disability benefit exceeds the worker’s wage at the time of injury, the  
19 worker’s permanent total disability benefit must be reduced by the amount  
20 the worker’s wages plus statutory permanent total disability benefit exceeds  
21 the worker’s wage at injury.

22 (11) For purposes of this section:

23 (a) A gainful occupation for workers with a date of injury prior to Jan-  
24 uary 1, 2006, who were:

25 (A) Employed continuously for 52 weeks prior to the injury, is an occu-  
26 pation that provides weekly wages that are the lesser of the most recent  
27 federal poverty guidelines for a family of three that are applicable to Oregon  
28 residents and that are published annually in the Federal Register by the  
29 United States Department of Health and Human Services or 66-2/3 percent  
30 of the worker’s average weekly wages from all employment for the 52 weeks  
31 prior to the date of injury.

1 (B) Not employed continuously for the 52 weeks prior to the date of in-  
2 jury, but who were employed for at least four weeks prior to the date of in-  
3 jury, is an occupation that provides weekly wages that are the lesser of the  
4 most recent federal poverty guidelines for a family of three that are appli-  
5 cable to Oregon residents and that are published annually in the Federal  
6 Register by the United States Department of Health and Human Services or  
7 66-2/3 percent of the worker's average weekly wage from all employment for  
8 the 52 weeks prior to the date of injury based on weeks of actual employ-  
9 ment, excluding any extended periods of unemployment.

10 (C) Employed for less than four weeks prior to the date of injury with  
11 no other employment during the 52 weeks prior to the date of injury, is an  
12 occupation that provides weekly wages that are the lesser of the most recent  
13 federal poverty guidelines for a family of three that are applicable to Oregon  
14 residents and that are published annually in the Federal Register by the  
15 United States Department of Health and Human Services or 66-2/3 percent  
16 of the average weekly wages intended by the parties at the time of initial  
17 hire.

18 (b) A gainful occupation for workers with a date of injury on or after  
19 January 1, 2006, who were:

20 (A) Employed continuously for 52 weeks prior to the injury, is an occu-  
21 pation that provides weekly wages that are the lesser of the most recent  
22 federal poverty guidelines for a family of three that are applicable to Oregon  
23 residents and that are published annually in the Federal Register by the  
24 United States Department of Health and Human Services or 66-2/3 percent  
25 of the worker's average weekly wages from all employment for the 52 weeks  
26 prior to the date of injury adjusted by the percentage of change in the ap-  
27 plicable federal poverty guidelines for a family of three from the date of in-  
28 jury to the date of evaluation of the extent of the worker's disability.

29 (B) Not employed continuously for the 52 weeks prior to the date of in-  
30 jury, but who were employed for at least four weeks prior to the date of in-  
31 jury, is an occupation that provides weekly wages that are the lesser of the

1 most recent federal poverty guidelines for a family of three that are appli-  
2 cable to Oregon residents and that are published annually in the Federal  
3 Register by the United States Department of Health and Human Services or  
4 66-2/3 percent of the worker's average weekly wage from all employment for  
5 the 52 weeks prior to the date of injury based on weeks of actual employ-  
6 ment, excluding any extended periods of unemployment and as adjusted by  
7 the percentage of change in the applicable federal poverty guidelines for a  
8 family of three from the date of injury to the date of evaluation of the extent  
9 of the worker's disability.

10 (C) Employed for less than four weeks prior to the date of injury with  
11 no other employment during the 52 weeks prior to the date of injury, is an  
12 occupation that provides weekly wages that are the lesser of the most recent  
13 federal poverty guidelines for a family of three that are applicable to Oregon  
14 residents and that are published annually in the Federal Register by the  
15 United States Department of Health and Human Services or 66-2/3 percent  
16 of the average weekly wages intended by the parties at the time of initial  
17 hire adjusted by the percentage of change in the applicable federal poverty  
18 guidelines for a family of three from the date of injury to the date of eval-  
19 uation of the extent of the worker's disability.

20 **SECTION 3.** ORS 656.210 is amended to read:

21 656.210. (1) When the total disability is only temporary, the worker shall  
22 receive during the period of that total disability compensation equal to 66-2/3  
23 percent of wages, but not more than 133 percent of the average weekly wage  
24 nor less than the amount of 90 percent of wages a week or the amount of  
25 \$50 a week, whichever amount is less. Notwithstanding the limitation im-  
26 posed by this subsection, an injured worker who is not otherwise eligible to  
27 receive an increase in benefits for the fiscal year in which compensation is  
28 paid shall have the benefits increased each fiscal year by the percentage  
29 which the applicable average weekly wage has increased since the previous  
30 fiscal year.

31 (2)(a) For the purpose of this section, the weekly wage of workers shall

1 be ascertained:

2 (A) For workers employed in one job at the time of injury, by multiplying  
3 the daily wage the worker was receiving by the number of days per week  
4 that the worker was regularly employed; or

5 (B) For workers employed in more than one job at the time of injury, by  
6 adding all earnings the worker was receiving from all subject employment.

7 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a)(B) of this subsection, the weekly wage  
8 calculated under paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection shall be used for work-  
9 ers employed in more than one job at the time of injury unless the insurer,  
10 self-insured employer or assigned claims agent for a noncomplying employer  
11 receives:

12 (A) Within 30 days of receipt of the initial claim, notice that the worker  
13 was employed in more than one job with a subject employer at the time of  
14 injury; and

15 (B) Within 60 days of the date of mailing a request for verification, veri-  
16 fiable documentation of wages from such additional employment.

17 (c) Notwithstanding ORS 656.005 [(7)(c)] **(7)(d)**, an injury to a worker  
18 employed in more than one job at the time of injury is not disabling if no  
19 temporary disability benefits are payable for time lost from the job at injury.  
20 Claim costs incurred as a result of supplemental temporary disability bene-  
21 fits paid as provided in subsection (5) of this section may not be included in  
22 any data used for ratemaking or individual employer rating or dividend cal-  
23 culations by an insurer, a rating organization licensed pursuant to ORS  
24 chapter 737, the State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation or the Depart-  
25 ment of Consumer and Business Services if the injured worker is not eligible  
26 for permanent disability benefits or temporary disability benefits for time  
27 lost from the job at injury.

28 (d) For the purpose of this section:

29 (A) The benefits of a worker who incurs an injury shall be based on the  
30 wage of the worker at the time of injury.

31 (B) The benefits of a worker who incurs an occupational disease shall be

1 based on the wage of the worker at the time there is medical verification  
2 that the worker is unable to work because of the disability caused by the  
3 occupational disease. If the worker is not working at the time that there is  
4 medical verification that the worker is unable to work because of the disa-  
5 bility caused by the occupational disease, the benefits shall be based on the  
6 wage of the worker at the worker's last regular employment.

7 (e) As used in this subsection, "regularly employed" means actual em-  
8 ployment or availability for such employment. For workers not regularly  
9 employed and for workers with no remuneration or whose remuneration is  
10 not based solely upon daily or weekly wages, the Director of the Department  
11 of Consumer and Business Services, by rule, may prescribe methods for es-  
12 tablishing the worker's weekly wage.

13 (3) No disability payment is recoverable for temporary total or partial  
14 disability suffered during the first three calendar days after the worker  
15 leaves work or loses wages as a result of the compensable injury unless the  
16 worker is totally disabled after the injury and the total disability continues  
17 for a period of 14 consecutive days or unless the worker is admitted as an  
18 inpatient to a hospital within 14 days of the first onset of total disability.  
19 If the worker leaves work or loses wages on the day of the injury due to the  
20 injury, that day shall be considered the first day of the three-day period.

21 (4) When an injured worker with an accepted disabling compensable in-  
22 jury is required to leave work for a period of four hours or more to receive  
23 medical consultation, examination or treatment with regard to the  
24 compensable injury, the worker shall receive temporary disability benefits  
25 calculated pursuant to ORS 656.212 for the period during which the worker  
26 is absent, until such time as the worker is determined to be medically sta-  
27 tionary. However, benefits under this subsection are not payable if wages  
28 are paid for the period of absence by the employer.

29 (5)(a) The insurer of the employer at injury or the self-insured employer  
30 at injury, may elect to be responsible for payment of supplemental temporary  
31 disability benefits to a worker employed in more than one job at the time

1 of injury. In accordance with rules adopted by the director, if the worker's  
2 weekly wage is determined under subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section, the  
3 insurer or self-insured employer shall be reimbursed from the Workers' Ben-  
4 efit Fund for the amount of temporary disability benefits paid that exceeds  
5 the amount payable pursuant to subsection (2)(a)(A) of this section had the  
6 worker been employed in only one job at the time of injury. Such re-  
7 imbursement shall include an administrative fee payable to the insurer or  
8 self-insured employer pursuant to rules adopted by the director.

9 (b) If the insurer or self-insured employer elects not to pay the supple-  
10 mental temporary disability benefits for a worker employed in more than one  
11 job at the time of injury, the director shall either administer and pay the  
12 supplemental benefits directly or shall assign responsibility to administer  
13 and process the payment to a paying agent selected by the director.

14 (6) The director shall adopt rules for the payment and reimbursement of  
15 supplemental temporary disability benefits under this section.

16 **SECTION 4.** ORS 656.214 is amended to read:

17 656.214. (1) As used in this section:

18 (a) "Impairment" means the loss of use or function of a body part or  
19 system [*due to*] **caused in material part by** the compensable industrial in-  
20 jury or occupational disease determined in accordance with the standards  
21 provided under ORS 656.726, expressed as a percentage of the whole person.

22 (b) "Loss" includes permanent and complete or partial loss of use.

23 (c) "Permanent partial disability" means:

24 (A) Permanent impairment resulting from the compensable industrial in-  
25 jury or occupational disease; or

26 (B) Permanent impairment and work disability resulting from the  
27 compensable industrial injury or occupational disease.

28 (d) "Regular work" means the job the worker held at injury.

29 (e) "Work disability" means impairment modified by age, education and  
30 adaptability to perform a given job.

31 (2) When permanent partial disability results from a compensable injury

1 or occupational disease, benefits shall be awarded as follows:

2 (a) If the worker has been released to regular work by the attending  
3 physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical  
4 services under ORS 656.245 or has returned to regular work at the job held  
5 at the time of injury, the award shall be for impairment only. Impairment  
6 shall be determined in accordance with the standards provided by the Di-  
7 rector of the Department of Consumer and Business Services pursuant to  
8 ORS 656.726 (4). Impairment benefits are determined by multiplying the  
9 impairment value times 100 times the average weekly wage as defined by  
10 ORS 656.005.

11 (b) If the worker has not been released to regular work by the attending  
12 physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical  
13 services under ORS 656.245 or has not returned to regular work at the job  
14 held at the time of injury, the award shall be for impairment and work dis-  
15 ability. Work disability shall be determined in accordance with the standards  
16 provided by the director pursuant to ORS 656.726 (4). Impairment shall be  
17 determined as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection. Work disability  
18 benefits shall be determined by multiplying the impairment value, as modi-  
19 fied by the factors of age, education and adaptability to perform a given job,  
20 times 150 times the worker's weekly wage for the job at injury as calculated  
21 under ORS 656.210 (2). The factor for the worker's weekly wage used for the  
22 determination of the work disability may be no more than 133 percent or no  
23 less than 50 percent of the average weekly wage as defined in ORS 656.005.

24 (3) Impairment benefits awarded under subsection (2)(a) of this section  
25 shall be expressed as a percentage of the whole person. Impairment benefits  
26 for the following body parts may not exceed:

27 (a) For the loss of one arm at or above the elbow joint, 60 percent.

28 (b) For the loss of one forearm at or above the wrist joint, or the loss of  
29 one hand, 47 percent.

30 (c) For the loss of one leg, at or above the knee joint, 47 percent.

31 (d) For the loss of one foot, 42 percent.

1 (e) For the loss of a great toe, six percent; for loss of any other toe, one  
2 percent.

3 (f) For partial or complete loss of hearing in one ear, that proportion of  
4 19 percent which the loss bears to normal monaural hearing.

5 (g) For partial or complete loss of hearing in both ears, that proportion  
6 of 60 percent which the combined binaural hearing loss bears to normal  
7 combined binaural hearing. For the purpose of this paragraph, combined  
8 binaural hearing loss shall be calculated by taking seven times the hearing  
9 loss in the less damaged ear plus the hearing loss in the more damaged ear  
10 and dividing that amount by eight. In the case of individuals with  
11 compensable hearing loss involving both ears, either the method of calcu-  
12 lation for monaural hearing loss or that for combined binaural hearing loss  
13 shall be used, depending upon which allows the greater award of impairment.

14 (h) For partial or complete loss of vision of one eye, that proportion of  
15 31 percent which the loss of monocular vision bears to normal monocular  
16 vision. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "normal monocular vi-  
17 sion" shall be considered as Snellen 20/20 for distance and Snellen 14/14 for  
18 near vision with full sensory field.

19 (i) For partial loss of vision in both eyes, that proportion of 94 percent  
20 which the combined binocular visual loss bears to normal combined  
21 binocular vision. In all cases of partial loss of sight, the percentage of said  
22 loss shall be measured with maximum correction. For the purpose of this  
23 paragraph, combined binocular visual loss shall be calculated by taking three  
24 times the visual loss in the less damaged eye plus the visual loss in the more  
25 damaged eye and dividing that amount by four. In the case of individuals  
26 with compensable visual loss involving both eyes, either the method of cal-  
27 culation for monocular visual loss or that for combined binocular visual loss  
28 shall be used, depending upon which allows the greater award of impairment.

29 (j) For the loss of a thumb, 15 percent.

30 (k) For the loss of a first finger, eight percent; of a second finger, seven  
31 percent; of a third finger, three percent; of a fourth finger, two percent.

1 (4) The loss of one phalange of a thumb, including the adjacent epiphyseal  
2 region of the proximal phalange, is considered equal to the loss of one-half  
3 of a thumb. The loss of one phalange of a finger, including the adjacent  
4 epiphyseal region of the middle phalange, is considered equal to the loss of  
5 one-half of a finger. The loss of two phalanges of a finger, including the ad-  
6 jacent epiphyseal region of the proximal phalange of a finger, is considered  
7 equal to the loss of 75 percent of a finger. The loss of more than one  
8 phalange of a thumb, excluding the epiphyseal region of the proximal  
9 phalange, is considered equal to the loss of an entire thumb. The loss of more  
10 than two phalanges of a finger, excluding the epiphyseal region of the  
11 proximal phalange of a finger, is considered equal to the loss of an entire  
12 finger. A proportionate loss of use may be allowed for an uninjured finger  
13 or thumb where there has been a loss of effective opposition.

14 (5) A proportionate loss of the hand may be allowed where impairment  
15 extends to more than one digit, in lieu of ratings on the individual digits.

16 (6) All permanent disability contemplates future waxing and waning of  
17 symptoms of the condition. The results of waxing and waning of symptoms  
18 may include, but are not limited to, loss of earning capacity, periods of  
19 temporary total or temporary partial disability, or inpatient hospitalization.

20 **SECTION 5.** ORS 656.225 is amended to read:

21 656.225. *[In accepted injury or occupational disease claims, disability solely*  
22 *caused by or medical services solely directed to a worker's preexisting condi-*  
23 *tion are not compensable unless:]*

24 *[(1) In occupational disease or injury claims other than those involving a*  
25 *preexisting mental disorder, work conditions or events constitute the major*  
26 *contributing cause of a pathological worsening of the preexisting condition.]*

27 *[(2) In occupational disease or injury claims involving a preexisting mental*  
28 *disorder, work conditions or events constitute the major contributing cause of*  
29 *an actual worsening of the preexisting condition and not just of its*  
30 *symptoms.]*

31 *[(3) In medical service claims, the medical service is prescribed to treat a*

1 *change in the preexisting condition as specified in subsection (1) or (2) of this*  
2 *section, and not merely as an incident to the treatment of a compensable injury*  
3 *or occupational disease.]*

4 **Except as provided in ORS 656.206, a worker's preexisting condition**  
5 **may not be considered if the consideration reduces or eliminates the**  
6 **worker's rights or benefits under this chapter.**

7 **SECTION 6.** ORS 656.236 is amended to read:

8 656.236. (1)(a) The parties to a claim, by agreement, may make such dis-  
9 position of any or all matters regarding a claim, except for medical services  
10 **and benefits allowed under the authority provided in ORS 656.278**, as  
11 the parties consider reasonable, subject to such terms and conditions as the  
12 Workers' Compensation Board may prescribe. For the purposes of this sec-  
13 tion, "matters regarding a claim" includes the disposition of a beneficiary's  
14 independent claim for compensation under this chapter. Unless otherwise  
15 specified, a disposition resolves all matters and all rights to compensation,  
16 attorney fees and penalties potentially arising out of claims, except medical  
17 services **and the late payment or nonpayment of settlement as agreed**,  
18 regardless of the conditions stated in the agreement. **Benefits allowed**  
19 **under the authority provided in ORS 656.278 may only be compromised**  
20 **if the director approves of the settlement and engages in meaningful**  
21 **settlement negotiations for payment of the reasonable value of bene-**  
22 **fits allowed under the authority provided in ORS 656.278.** Each disposi-  
23 tion shall be filed with the board for approval by the Administrative Law  
24 Judge who mediated the agreement or by the board. If the worker is not re-  
25 presented by an attorney, the worker may, at the worker's request, per-  
26 sonally appear before the board. Submission of a disposition shall stay all  
27 other proceedings and payment obligations, except for medical services, on  
28 that claim. The disposition shall be approved in a final order unless:

29 (A) The Administrative Law Judge who mediated the agreement or the  
30 board finds the proposed disposition is unreasonable as a matter of law;

31 (B) The Administrative Law Judge who mediated the agreement or the

1 board finds the proposed disposition is the result of an intentional misrep-  
2 resentation of material fact; or

3 (C) Within 30 days of submitting the disposition for approval, the worker,  
4 the insurer or self-insured employer requests the Administrative Law Judge  
5 who mediated the agreement or the board to disapprove the disposition.

6 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a)(C) of this subsection, a disposition may  
7 provide for waiver of the provisions of that subparagraph if the worker was  
8 represented by an attorney at the time the worker signed the disposition.

9 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an order ap-  
10 proving disposition of a claim pursuant to this section is not subject to re-  
11 view. However, an order disapproving a disposition is subject to review  
12 pursuant to ORS 656.298. The board shall file with the Department of Con-  
13 sumer and Business Services a copy of each disposition that the Adminis-  
14 trative Law Judge who mediated the agreement or the board approves. If the  
15 Administrative Law Judge who mediated the agreement or the board does  
16 not approve a disposition, the Administrative Law Judge or the board shall  
17 enter an order setting aside the disposition.

18 (3) Unless the terms of the disposition expressly provide otherwise, no  
19 payments, except for medical services, pursuant to a disposition are payable  
20 until the Administrative Law Judge who mediated the agreement or the  
21 board approves the disposition.

22 (4) If a worker is represented by an attorney in the negotiation of a dis-  
23 position under this section, the insurer or self-insured employer shall pay to  
24 the attorney a fee prescribed by the Administrative Law Judge who mediated  
25 the agreement or the board.

26 (5) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, none of the cost of  
27 workers' compensation to employers under this chapter, or in the court re-  
28 view of any claim therefor, shall be charged to a subject worker.

29 (6) Any claim in which the parties enter into a disposition under this  
30 section shall not be eligible for reimbursement of expenditures authorized  
31 by law from the Workers' Benefit Fund without the prior approval of the

1 Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services.

2 (7) Insurers or self-insured employers who are parties to an approved  
3 claim disposition agreement under this section shall not be joined as parties  
4 in subsequent proceedings under this chapter to determine responsibility for  
5 payment for any matter for which disposition is made by the agreement.  
6 Insurers or self-insured employers may be joined as parties in subsequent  
7 proceedings under this chapter to determine responsibility for medical ser-  
8 vices for claim conditions for which disposition is made by an approved claim  
9 disposition agreement, but no order in any subsequent proceedings may alter  
10 the obligations of an insurer or self-insured employer set forth in an ap-  
11 proved claims disposition agreement, except as those obligations concern  
12 medical services.

13 (8) No release by a worker or beneficiary of any rights under this chapter  
14 is valid, except pursuant to a claim disposition agreement under this section  
15 or a release pursuant to ORS 656.593.

16 (9) Notwithstanding ORS 656.005 (21), as used in this section, “party” does  
17 not include a noncomplying employer.

18 **SECTION 7.** ORS 656.245 is amended to read:

19 656.245. (1)(a) For every compensable injury, the insurer or the self-  
20 insured employer shall cause to be provided medical services for conditions  
21 caused in material part by the injury for such period as the nature of the  
22 injury or the process of the recovery requires[, *subject to the limitations in*  
23 *ORS 656.225,*] including such medical services as may be required after a  
24 determination of permanent disability. In addition, for consequential [*and*  
25 *combined*] conditions described in ORS 656.005 (7), the insurer or the self-  
26 insured employer shall cause to be provided only those medical services di-  
27 rected to medical conditions caused in major part by the injury.

28 (b) Compensable medical services shall include medical, surgical, hospital,  
29 nursing, ambulances and other related services, and drugs, medicine,  
30 crutches and prosthetic appliances, braces and supports and where necessary,  
31 physical restorative services. A pharmacist or dispensing physician shall

1 dispense generic drugs to the worker in accordance with ORS 689.515. The  
2 duty to provide such medical services continues for the life of the worker.

3 **(c) An insurer or self-insured employer shall preauthorize**  
4 **compensable medical services within 14 days after a request by a**  
5 **medical provider.**

6 [(c)] **(d)** Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, medical  
7 services after the worker's condition is medically stationary are not  
8 compensable except for the following:

9 (A) Services provided to a worker who has been determined to be perma-  
10 nently and totally disabled.

11 (B) Prescription medications.

12 (C) Services necessary to administer prescription medication or monitor  
13 the administration of prescription medication.

14 (D) Prosthetic devices, braces and supports.

15 (E) Services necessary to monitor the status, replacement or repair of  
16 prosthetic devices, braces and supports.

17 (F) Services provided pursuant to an accepted claim for aggravation under  
18 ORS 656.273.

19 (G) Services provided pursuant to an order issued under ORS 656.278.

20 (H) Services that are necessary to diagnose the worker's condition.

21 (I) Life-preserving modalities similar to insulin therapy, dialysis and  
22 transfusions.

23 (J) With the approval of the insurer or self-insured employer, palliative  
24 care that the worker's attending physician referred to in ORS 656.005  
25 (12)(b)(A) prescribes and that is necessary to enable the worker to continue  
26 current employment or a vocational training program. If the insurer or self-  
27 insured employer does not approve, the attending physician or the worker  
28 may request approval from the Director of the Department of Consumer and  
29 Business Services for such treatment. The director may order a medical re-  
30 view by a physician or panel of physicians pursuant to ORS 656.327 (3) to  
31 aid in the review of such treatment. The decision of the director is subject

1 to review under ORS 656.704.

2 (K) With the approval of the director, curative care arising from a gen-  
3 erally recognized, nonexperimental advance in medical science since the  
4 worker's claim was closed that is highly likely to improve the worker's  
5 condition and that is otherwise justified by the circumstances of the claim.  
6 The decision of the director is subject to review under ORS 656.704.

7 (L) Curative care provided to a worker to stabilize a temporary and acute  
8 waxing and waning of symptoms of the worker's condition.

9 [(d)] (e) When the medically stationary date in a disabling claim is es-  
10 tablished by the insurer or self-insured employer and is not based on the  
11 findings of the attending physician, the insurer or self-insured employer is  
12 responsible for reimbursement to affected medical service providers for oth-  
13 erwise compensable services rendered until the insurer or self-insured em-  
14 ployer provides written notice to the attending physician of the worker's  
15 medically stationary status.

16 [(e)] (f) Except for services provided under a managed care contract,  
17 out-of-pocket expense reimbursement to receive care from the attending  
18 physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical  
19 services under this section shall not exceed the amount required to seek care  
20 from an appropriate nurse practitioner or attending physician of the same  
21 specialty who is in a medical community geographically closer to the  
22 worker's home. For the purposes of this paragraph, all physicians and nurse  
23 practitioners within a metropolitan area are considered to be part of the  
24 same medical community.

25 (2)(a) The worker may choose an attending doctor, physician or nurse  
26 practitioner within the State of Oregon. The worker may choose the initial  
27 attending physician or nurse practitioner and may subsequently change at-  
28 tending physician or nurse practitioner two times without approval from the  
29 director. If the worker thereafter selects another attending physician or  
30 nurse practitioner, the insurer or self-insured employer may require the  
31 director's approval of the selection. The decision of the director is subject

1 to review under ORS 656.704. The worker also may choose an attending  
2 doctor or physician in another country or in any state or territory or pos-  
3 session of the United States with the prior approval of the insurer or self-  
4 insured employer.

5 (b) A medical service provider who is not a member of a managed care  
6 organization is subject to the following provisions:

7 (A) A medical service provider who is not qualified to be an attending  
8 physician may provide compensable medical service to an injured worker for  
9 a period of 30 days from the date of the first visit on the initial claim or for  
10 12 visits, whichever first occurs, without the authorization of an attending  
11 physician. Thereafter, medical service provided to an injured worker without  
12 the written authorization of an attending physician is not compensable.

13 (B) A medical service provider who is not an attending physician cannot  
14 authorize the payment of temporary disability compensation. However, an  
15 emergency room physician who is not authorized to serve as an attending  
16 physician under ORS 656.005 (12)(c) may authorize temporary disability ben-  
17 efits for a maximum of 14 days. A medical service provider qualified to serve  
18 as an attending physician under ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(B) may authorize the  
19 payment of temporary disability compensation for a period not to exceed 30  
20 days from the date of the first visit on the initial claim.

21 (C) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, only a physician quali-  
22 fied to serve as an attending physician under ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(A) or (B)(i)  
23 who is serving as the attending physician at the time of claim closure may  
24 make findings regarding the worker's impairment for the purpose of evalu-  
25 ating the worker's disability.

26 (D) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph, a nurse  
27 practitioner licensed under ORS 678.375 to 678.390:

28 (i) May provide compensable medical services for 180 days from the date  
29 of the first visit on the initial claim;

30 (ii) May authorize the payment of temporary disability benefits for a pe-  
31 riod not to exceed 180 days from the date of the first visit on the initial

1 claim; and

2 (iii) When an injured worker treating with a nurse practitioner author-  
3 ized to provide compensable services under this section becomes medically  
4 stationary within the 180-day period in which the nurse practitioner is au-  
5 thorized to treat the injured worker, shall refer the injured worker to a  
6 physician qualified to be an attending physician as defined in ORS 656.005  
7 for the purpose of making findings regarding the worker's impairment for the  
8 purpose of evaluating the worker's disability. If a worker returns to the  
9 nurse practitioner after initial claim closure for evaluation of a possible  
10 worsening of the worker's condition, the nurse practitioner shall refer the  
11 worker to an attending physician and the insurer shall compensate the nurse  
12 practitioner for the examination performed.

13 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the director, by  
14 rule, upon the advice of the committee created by ORS 656.794 and upon the  
15 advice of the professional licensing boards of practitioners affected by the  
16 rule, may exclude from compensability any medical treatment the director  
17 finds to be unscientific, unproven, outmoded or experimental. The decision  
18 of the director is subject to review under ORS 656.704.

19 (4) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(a) of this section, when a self-insured  
20 employer or the insurer of an employer contracts with a managed care or-  
21 ganization certified pursuant to ORS 656.260 for medical services required  
22 by this chapter to be provided to injured workers:

23 (a) Those workers who are subject to the contract shall receive medical  
24 services in the manner prescribed in the contract. Workers subject to the  
25 contract include those who are receiving medical treatment for an accepted  
26 compensable injury or occupational disease, regardless of the date of injury  
27 or medically stationary status, on or after the effective date of the contract.  
28 If the managed care organization determines that the change in provider  
29 would be medically detrimental to the worker, the worker shall not become  
30 subject to the contract until the worker is found to be medically stationary,  
31 the worker changes physicians or nurse practitioners, or the managed care

1 organization determines that the change in provider is no longer medically  
2 detrimental, whichever event first occurs. A worker becomes subject to the  
3 contract upon the worker's receipt of actual notice of the worker's enroll-  
4 ment in the managed care organization, or upon the third day after the no-  
5 tice was sent by regular mail by the insurer or self-insured employer,  
6 whichever event first occurs. A worker shall not be subject to a contract  
7 after it expires or terminates without renewal. A worker may continue to  
8 treat with the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to pro-  
9 vide compensable medical services under this section under an expired or  
10 terminated managed care organization contract if the physician or nurse  
11 practitioner agrees to comply with the rules, terms and conditions regarding  
12 services performed under any subsequent managed care organization contract  
13 to which the worker is subject. A worker shall not be subject to a contract  
14 if the worker's primary residence is more than 100 miles outside the managed  
15 care organization's certified geographical area. Each such contract must  
16 comply with the certification standards provided in ORS 656.260. However,  
17 a worker may receive immediate emergency medical treatment that is  
18 compensable from a medical service provider who is not a member of the  
19 managed care organization. Insurers or self-insured employers who contract  
20 with a managed care organization for medical services shall give notice to  
21 the workers of eligible medical service providers and such other information  
22 regarding the contract and manner of receiving medical services as the di-  
23 rector may prescribe. Notwithstanding any provision of law or rule to the  
24 contrary, a worker of a noncomplying employer is considered to be subject  
25 to a contract between the State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation as a  
26 processing agent or the assigned claims agent and a managed care organ-  
27 ization.

28 (b)(A) For initial or aggravation claims filed after June 7, 1995, the  
29 insurer or self-insured employer may require an injured worker, on a case-  
30 by-case basis, immediately to receive medical services from the managed care  
31 organization.

1 (B) If the insurer or self-insured employer gives notice that the worker  
2 is required to receive treatment from the managed care organization, the  
3 insurer or self-insured employer must guarantee that any reasonable and  
4 necessary services so received, that are not otherwise covered by health in-  
5 surance, will be paid as provided in ORS 656.248, even if the claim is denied,  
6 until the worker receives actual notice of the denial or until three days after  
7 the denial is mailed, whichever event first occurs. The worker may elect to  
8 receive care from a primary care physician or nurse practitioner authorized  
9 to provide compensable medical services under this section who agrees to the  
10 conditions of ORS 656.260 (4)(g). However, guarantee of payment is not re-  
11 quired by the insurer or self-insured employer if this election is made.

12 (C) If the insurer or self-insured employer does not give notice that the  
13 worker is required to receive treatment from the managed care organization,  
14 the insurer or self-insured employer is under no obligation to pay for services  
15 received by the worker unless the claim is later accepted.

16 (D) If the claim is denied, the worker may receive medical services after  
17 the date of denial from sources other than the managed care organization  
18 until the denial is reversed. Reasonable and necessary medical services re-  
19 ceived from sources other than the managed care organization after the date  
20 of claim denial must be paid as provided in ORS 656.248 by the insurer or  
21 self-insured employer if the claim is finally determined to be compensable.

22 (5)(a) A nurse practitioner licensed under ORS 678.375 to 678.390 who is  
23 not a member of the managed care organization is authorized to provide the  
24 same level of services as a primary care physician as established by ORS  
25 656.260 (4) if the nurse practitioner maintains the worker's medical records  
26 and with whom the worker has a documented history of treatment, if that  
27 nurse practitioner agrees to refer the worker to the managed care organiza-  
28 tion for any specialized treatment, including physical therapy, to be fur-  
29 nished by another provider that the worker may require and if that nurse  
30 practitioner agrees to comply with all the rules, terms and conditions re-  
31 garding services performed by the managed care organization.

1 (b) A nurse practitioner authorized to provide medical services to a  
2 worker enrolled in the managed care organization may provide medical  
3 treatment to the worker if the treatment is determined to be medically ap-  
4 propriate according to the service utilization review process of the managed  
5 care organization and may authorize temporary disability payments as pro-  
6 vided in subsection (2)(b)(D) of this section. However, the managed care or-  
7 ganization may authorize the nurse practitioner to provide medical services  
8 and authorize temporary disability payments beyond the periods established  
9 in subsection (2)(b)(D) of this section.

10 (6) Subject to the provisions of ORS 656.704, if a claim for medical ser-  
11 vices is disapproved, the injured worker, insurer or self-insured employer  
12 may request administrative review by the director pursuant to ORS 656.260  
13 or 656.327.

14 **SECTION 8.** ORS 656.260 is amended to read:

15 656.260. (1) Any health care provider or group of medical service providers  
16 may make written application to the Director of the Department of Consumer  
17 and Business Services to become certified to provide managed care to injured  
18 workers for injuries and diseases compensable under this chapter. However,  
19 nothing in this section authorizes an organization that is formed, owned or  
20 operated by an insurer or employer other than a health care provider to be-  
21 come certified to provide managed care.

22 (2) Each application for certification shall be accompanied by a reason-  
23 able fee prescribed by the director. A certificate is valid for such period as  
24 the director may prescribe unless sooner revoked or suspended.

25 (3) Application for certification shall be made in such form and manner  
26 and shall set forth such information regarding the proposed plan for provid-  
27 ing services as the director may prescribe. The information shall include, but  
28 not be limited to:

29 (a) A list of the names of all individuals who will provide services under  
30 the managed care plan, together with appropriate evidence of compliance  
31 with any licensing or certification requirements for that individual to prac-

1 tice in this state.

2 (b) A description of the times, places and manner of providing services  
3 under the plan.

4 (c) A description of the times, places and manner of providing other re-  
5 lated optional services the applicants wish to provide.

6 (d) Satisfactory evidence of ability to comply with any financial require-  
7 ments to insure delivery of service in accordance with the plan which the  
8 director may prescribe.

9 (4) The director shall certify a health care provider or group of medical  
10 service providers to provide managed care under a plan if the director finds  
11 that the plan:

12 (a) Proposes to provide medical and health care services required by this  
13 chapter in a manner that:

14 (A) Meets quality, continuity and other treatment standards adopted by  
15 the health care provider or group of medical service providers in accordance  
16 with processes approved by the director; and

17 (B) Is timely, effective and convenient for the worker.

18 (b) Subject to any other provision of law, does not discriminate against  
19 or exclude from participation in the plan any category of medical service  
20 providers and includes an adequate number of each category of medical ser-  
21 vice providers to give workers adequate flexibility to choose medical service  
22 providers from among those individuals who provide services under the plan.  
23 However, nothing in the requirements of this paragraph shall affect the  
24 provisions of ORS 441.055 relating to the granting of medical staff privileges.

25 (c) Provides appropriate financial incentives to reduce service costs and  
26 utilization without sacrificing the quality of service.

27 (d) Provides adequate methods of peer review, service utilization review,  
28 quality assurance, contract review and dispute resolution to ensure appro-  
29 priate treatment or to prevent inappropriate or excessive treatment, to ex-  
30 clude from participation in the plan those individuals who violate these  
31 treatment standards and to provide for the resolution of such medical dis-

1 putes as the director considers appropriate. A majority of the members of  
2 each peer review, quality assurance, service utilization and contract review  
3 committee shall be physicians licensed to practice medicine by the Oregon  
4 Medical Board. As used in this paragraph:

5 (A) "Peer review" means evaluation or review of the performance of col-  
6 leagues by a panel with similar types and degrees of expertise. Peer review  
7 requires participation of at least three physicians prior to final determi-  
8 nation.

9 (B) "Service utilization review" means evaluation and determination of  
10 the reasonableness, necessity and appropriateness of a worker's use of med-  
11 ical care resources and the provision of any needed assistance to clinician  
12 or member, or both, to ensure appropriate use of resources. "Service utiliza-  
13 tion review" includes prior authorization, concurrent review, retrospective  
14 review, discharge planning and case management activities.

15 (C) "Quality assurance" means activities to safeguard or improve the  
16 quality of medical care by assessing the quality of care or service and taking  
17 action to improve it.

18 (D) "Dispute resolution" includes the resolution of disputes arising under  
19 peer review, service utilization review and quality assurance activities be-  
20 tween insurers, self-insured employers, workers and medical and health care  
21 service providers, as required under the certified plan.

22 (E) "Contract review" means the methods and processes whereby the  
23 managed care organization monitors and enforces its contracts with partic-  
24 ipating providers for matters other than matters enumerated in subpara-  
25 graphs (A), (B) and (C) of this paragraph.

26 (e) Provides a program involving cooperative efforts by the workers, the  
27 employer and the managed care organizations to promote workplace health  
28 and safety consultative and other services and early return to work for in-  
29 jured workers.

30 (f) Provides a timely and accurate method of reporting to the director  
31 necessary information regarding medical and health care service cost and

1 utilization to enable the director to determine the effectiveness of the plan.

2 (g)(A) Authorizes workers to receive compensable medical treatment from  
3 a primary care physician or chiropractic physician who is not a member of  
4 the managed care organization, but who maintains the worker's medical re-  
5 cords and is a physician with whom the worker has a documented history  
6 of treatment, if:

7 (i) The primary care physician or chiropractic physician agrees to refer  
8 the worker to the managed care organization for any specialized treatment,  
9 including physical therapy, to be furnished by another provider that the  
10 worker may require;

11 (ii) The primary care physician or chiropractic physician agrees to comply  
12 with all the rules, terms and conditions regarding services performed by the  
13 managed care organization; and

14 (iii) The treatment is determined to be medically appropriate according  
15 to the service utilization review process of the managed care organization.

16 (B) Nothing in this paragraph is intended to limit the worker's right to  
17 change primary care physicians or chiropractic physicians prior to the filing  
18 of a workers' compensation claim.

19 (C) A chiropractic physician authorized to provide compensable medical  
20 treatment under this paragraph may provide services and authorize tempo-  
21 rary disability compensation as provided in ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(B) and  
22 656.245 (2)(b). However, the managed care organization may authorize  
23 chiropractic physicians to provide medical services and authorize temporary  
24 disability payments beyond the periods established in ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(B)  
25 and 656.245 (2)(b).

26 (D) As used in this paragraph, "primary care physician" means a physi-  
27 cian who is qualified to be an attending physician referred to in ORS 656.005  
28 (12)(b)(A) and who is a family practitioner, a general practitioner or an  
29 internal medicine practitioner.

30 (h) Provides a written explanation for denial of participation in the  
31 managed care organization plan to any licensed health care provider that

1 has been denied participation in the managed care organization plan.

2 (i) Does not prohibit the injured worker's attending physician from ad-  
3 vocating for medical services and temporary disability benefits for the in-  
4 jured worker that are supported by the medical record.

5 (j) Complies with any other requirement the director determines is nec-  
6 essary to provide quality medical services and health care to injured work-  
7 ers.

8 (5)(a) Notwithstanding ORS 656.245 (5) and subsection (4)(g) of this sec-  
9 tion, a managed care organization may deny or terminate the authorization  
10 of a primary care physician or chiropractic physician to serve as an attend-  
11 ing physician under subsection (4)(g) of this section or of a nurse practi-  
12 tioner to provide medical services as provided in ORS 656.245 (5) if the  
13 physician or nurse practitioner, within two years prior to the worker's en-  
14 rollment in the plan:

15 (A) Has been terminated from serving as an attending physician or nurse  
16 practitioner for a worker enrolled in the plan for failure to meet the re-  
17 quirements of subsection (4)(g) of this section or of ORS 656.245 (5); or

18 (B) Has failed to satisfy the credentialing standards for participating in  
19 the managed care organization.

20 (b) The director shall adopt by rule reporting standards for managed care  
21 organizations to report denials and terminations of the authorization of pri-  
22 mary care physicians, chiropractic physicians and nurse practitioners who  
23 are not members of the managed care organization to provide compensable  
24 medical treatment under ORS 656.245 (5) and subsection (4)(g) of this section.  
25 The director shall annually report to the Workers' Compensation  
26 Management-Labor Advisory Committee the information reported to the di-  
27 rector by managed care organizations under this paragraph.

28 (6) The director shall refuse to certify or may revoke or suspend the cer-  
29 tification of any health care provider or group of medical service providers  
30 to provide managed care if the director finds that:

31 (a) The plan for providing medical or health care services fails to meet

1 the requirements of this section.

2 (b) Service under the plan is not being provided in accordance with the  
3 terms of a certified plan.

4 **(c) The plan fails to require the managed care organization to pre-**  
5 **approve or deny medical services requested by the worker or the**  
6 **worker's provider within 14 days after the receipt of the request for**  
7 **approval of the services.**

8 (7) Any issue concerning the provision of medical services to injured  
9 workers subject to a managed care contract and service utilization review,  
10 quality assurance, dispute resolution, contract review and peer review ac-  
11 tivities as well as authorization of medical services to be provided by other  
12 than an attending physician pursuant to ORS 656.245 (2)(b) shall be subject  
13 to review by the director or the director's designated representatives. The  
14 decision of the director is subject to review under ORS 656.704. Data gener-  
15 ated by or received in connection with these activities, including written  
16 reports, notes or records of any such activities, or of any review thereof,  
17 shall be confidential, and shall not be disclosed except as considered neces-  
18 sary by the director in the administration of this chapter. The director may  
19 report professional misconduct to an appropriate licensing board.

20 (8) No data generated by service utilization review, quality assurance,  
21 dispute resolution or peer review activities and no physician profiles or data  
22 used to create physician profiles pursuant to this section or a review thereof  
23 shall be used in any action, suit or proceeding except to the extent consid-  
24 ered necessary by the director in the administration of this chapter. The  
25 confidentiality provisions of this section shall not apply in any action, suit  
26 or proceeding arising out of or related to a contract between a managed care  
27 organization and a health care provider whose confidentiality is protected  
28 by this section.

29 (9) A person participating in service utilization review, quality assurance,  
30 dispute resolution or peer review activities pursuant to this section shall not  
31 be examined as to any communication made in the course of such activities

1 or the findings thereof, nor shall any person be subject to an action for civil  
2 damages for affirmative actions taken or statements made in good faith.

3 (10) No person who participates in forming consortiums, collectively ne-  
4 gotiating fees or otherwise solicits or enters into contracts in a good faith  
5 effort to provide medical or health care services according to the provisions  
6 of this section shall be examined or subject to administrative or civil liabil-  
7 ity regarding any such participation except pursuant to the director's active  
8 supervision of such activities and the managed care organization. Before  
9 engaging in such activities, the person shall provide notice of intent to the  
10 director in a form prescribed by the director.

11 (11) The provisions of this section shall not affect the confidentiality or  
12 admission in evidence of a claimant's medical treatment records.

13 (12) In consultation with the committees referred to in ORS 656.790 and  
14 656.794, the director shall adopt such rules as may be necessary to carry out  
15 the provisions of this section.

16 (13) As used in this section, ORS 656.245, 656.248 and 656.327, "medical  
17 service provider" means a person duly licensed to practice one or more of the  
18 healing arts in any country or in any state or territory or possession of the  
19 United States.

20 (14) Notwithstanding ORS 656.005 (12) or subsection (4)(b) of this section,  
21 a managed care organization contract may designate any medical service  
22 provider or category of providers as attending physicians.

23 (15) If a worker, insurer, self-insured employer, the attending physician  
24 or an authorized health care provider is dissatisfied with an action of the  
25 managed care organization regarding the provision of medical services pur-  
26 suant to this chapter, peer review, service utilization review or quality as-  
27 surance activities, that person or entity must first apply to the director for  
28 administrative review of the matter before requesting a hearing. Such appli-  
29 cation must be made not later than the 60th day after the date the managed  
30 care organization has completed and issued its final decision.

31 (16) Upon a request for administrative review, the director shall create

1 a documentary record sufficient for judicial review. The director shall  
2 complete administrative review and issue a proposed order within a reason-  
3 able time. The proposed order of the director issued pursuant to this section  
4 shall become final and not subject to further review unless a written request  
5 for a hearing is filed with the director within 30 days of the mailing of the  
6 order to all parties.

7 (17) At the contested case hearing, the order may be modified only if it  
8 is not supported by substantial evidence in the record or reflects an error  
9 of law. No new medical evidence or issues shall be admitted. The dispute  
10 may also be remanded to the managed care organization for further evidence  
11 taking, correction or other necessary action if the Administrative Law Judge  
12 or director determines the record has been improperly, incompletely or oth-  
13 erwise insufficiently developed. Decisions by the director regarding medical  
14 disputes are subject to review under ORS 656.704.

15 (18) Any person who is dissatisfied with an action of a managed care or-  
16 ganization other than regarding the provision of medical services pursuant  
17 to this chapter, peer review, service utilization review or quality assurance  
18 activities may request review under ORS 656.704.

19 (19) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, original jurisdiction  
20 over contract review disputes is with the director. The director may resolve  
21 the matter by issuing an order subject to review under ORS 656.704, or the  
22 director may determine that the matter in dispute would be best addressed  
23 in another forum and so inform the parties.

24 (20) The director shall conduct such investigations, audits and other ad-  
25 ministrative oversight in regard to managed care as the director deems nec-  
26 essary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

27 (21)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, only a managed care  
28 organization certified by the director may:

29 (A) Restrict the choice of a health care provider or medical service pro-  
30 vider by a worker;

31 (B) Restrict the access of a worker to any category of medical service

1 providers;

2 (C) Restrict the ability of a medical service provider to refer a worker to  
3 another provider;

4 (D) Require preauthorization or precertification to determine the neces-  
5 sity of medical services or treatment; or

6 (E) Restrict treatment provided to a worker by a medical service provider  
7 to specific treatment guidelines, protocols or standards.

8 (b) The provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection do not apply to:

9 (A) A medical service provider who refers a worker to another medical  
10 service provider;

11 (B) Use of an on-site medical service facility by the employer to assess  
12 the nature or extent of a worker's injury; or

13 (C) Treatment provided by a medical service provider or transportation  
14 of a worker in an emergency or trauma situation.

15 (c) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, if the director  
16 finds that a person has violated a provision of paragraph (a) of this sub-  
17 section, the director may impose a sanction that may include a civil penalty  
18 not to exceed \$2,000 for each violation.

19 (d) If violation of paragraph (a) of this subsection is repeated or willful,  
20 the director may order the person committing the violation to cease and  
21 desist from making any future communications with injured workers or  
22 medical service providers or from taking any other actions that directly or  
23 indirectly affect the delivery of medical services provided under this chapter.

24 (e)(A) Penalties imposed under this subsection are subject to ORS 656.735  
25 (4) to (6) and 656.740.

26 (B) Cease and desist orders issued under this subsection are subject to  
27 ORS 656.740.

28 **SECTION 9.** ORS 656.262 is amended to read:

29 656.262. (1) Processing of claims and providing compensation for a worker  
30 shall be the responsibility of the insurer or self-insured employer. All em-  
31 ployers shall assist their insurers in processing claims as required in this

1 chapter.

2 (2) The compensation due under this chapter shall be paid periodically,  
3 promptly and directly to the person entitled thereto upon the employer's re-  
4 ceiving notice or knowledge of a claim, except where the right to compen-  
5 sation is denied by the insurer or self-insured employer.

6 (3)(a) Employers shall, immediately and not later than five days after  
7 notice or knowledge of any claims or accidents which may result in a  
8 compensable injury claim, report the same to their insurer. The report shall  
9 include:

10 (A) The date, time, cause and nature of the accident and injuries.

11 (B) Whether the accident arose out of and in the course of employment.

12 (C) Whether the employer recommends or opposes acceptance of the claim,  
13 and the reasons therefor.

14 (D) The name and address of any health insurance provider for the in-  
15 jured worker.

16 (E) Any other details the insurer may require.

17 (b) Failure to so report subjects the offending employer to a charge for  
18 reimbursing the insurer for any penalty the insurer is required to pay under  
19 subsection (11) of this section because of such failure. As used in this sub-  
20 section, "health insurance" has the meaning for that term provided in ORS  
21 731.162.

22 (4)(a) The first installment of temporary disability compensation shall be  
23 paid no later than the 14th day after the subject employer has notice or  
24 knowledge of the claim and of the worker's disability, if the attending phy-  
25 sician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical ser-  
26 vices under ORS 656.245 authorizes the payment of temporary disability  
27 compensation. Thereafter, temporary disability compensation shall be paid  
28 at least once each two weeks, except where the Director of the Department  
29 of Consumer and Business Services determines that payment in installments  
30 should be made at some other interval. The director may by rule convert  
31 monthly benefit schedules to weekly or other periodic schedules.

1 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a self-insured  
2 employer pays to an injured worker who becomes disabled the same wage at  
3 the same pay interval that the worker received at the time of injury, such  
4 payment shall be deemed timely payment of temporary disability payments  
5 pursuant to ORS 656.210 and 656.212 during the time the wage payments are  
6 made.

7 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, when the holder  
8 of a public office is injured in the course and scope of that public office, full  
9 official salary paid to the holder of that public office shall be deemed timely  
10 payment of temporary disability payments pursuant to ORS 656.210 and  
11 656.212 during the time the wage payments are made. As used in this sub-  
12 section, “public office” has the meaning for that term provided in ORS  
13 260.005.

14 (d) Temporary disability compensation is not due and payable for any  
15 period of time for which the insurer or self-insured employer has requested  
16 from the worker’s attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to  
17 provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 verification of the  
18 worker’s inability to work resulting from the claimed injury or disease and  
19 the physician or nurse practitioner cannot verify the worker’s inability to  
20 work, unless the worker has been unable to receive treatment for reasons  
21 beyond the worker’s control **and the injured worker is notified in writing**  
22 **of the lack of verification of temporary disability authorization before**  
23 **termination of temporary disability.**

24 (e) If a worker fails to appear at an appointment with the worker’s at-  
25 tending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable  
26 medical services under ORS 656.245, the insurer or self-insured employer  
27 shall notify the worker by certified mail that temporary disability benefits  
28 may be suspended after the worker fails to appear at a rescheduled appoint-  
29 ment. If the worker fails to appear at a rescheduled appointment, the insurer  
30 or self-insured employer may suspend payment of temporary disability bene-  
31 fits to the worker until the worker appears at a subsequent rescheduled ap-

1 pointment, **if the worker is given written notification of the suspension**  
2 **before termination of temporary disability.**

3 (f) If the insurer or self-insured employer has requested and failed to re-  
4 ceive from the worker's attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized  
5 to provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 verification of  
6 the worker's inability to work resulting from the claimed injury or disease,  
7 medical services provided by the attending physician or nurse practitioner  
8 are not compensable until the attending physician or nurse practitioner  
9 submits such verification **if the injured worker is given prior written**  
10 **notification of the inability to verify the worker's inability to work.**

11 (g) Temporary disability compensation is not due and payable pursuant  
12 to ORS 656.268 after the worker's attending physician or nurse practitioner  
13 authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 ceases  
14 to authorize temporary disability or for any period of time not authorized  
15 by the attending physician or nurse practitioner **and the injured worker**  
16 **is given written notification of the lack of verification of the worker's**  
17 **inability to work before the termination of temporary disability.** No  
18 authorization of temporary disability compensation by the attending physi-  
19 cian or nurse practitioner under ORS 656.268 shall be effective to  
20 retroactively authorize the payment of temporary disability more than [14]  
21 **60** days prior to its issuance **and no termination of temporary disability**  
22 **by the insurer or self-insured employer shall be allowed more than 60**  
23 **days after the issuance of payment and the insurer or self-insured**  
24 **employer has provided prior written notification to the worker so the**  
25 **injured worker may correct any deficiency in order to avoid the ter-**  
26 **mination of temporary disability.**

27 (h) The worker's disability may be authorized only by a person described  
28 in ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(B) or 656.245 for the period of time permitted by those  
29 sections. The insurer or self-insured employer may unilaterally suspend pay-  
30 ment of temporary disability benefits to the worker at the expiration of the  
31 period until temporary disability is reauthorized by an attending physician

1 or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical services  
2 under ORS 656.245 **and the injured worker is given prior written notifi-**  
3 **cation of the lack of verification of the inability to work.**

4 (i) The insurer or self-insured employer may unilaterally suspend payment  
5 of all compensation to a worker enrolled in a managed care organization if  
6 the worker continues to seek care from an attending physician or nurse  
7 practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS  
8 656.245 that is not authorized by the managed care organization more than  
9 seven days after the mailing of notice by the insurer or self-insured employer.

10 (5)(a) Payment of compensation under subsection (4) of this section or  
11 payment, in amounts per claim not to exceed the maximum amount estab-  
12 lished annually by the Director of the Department of Consumer and Business  
13 Services, for medical services for nondisabling claims, may be made by the  
14 subject employer if the employer so chooses. The making of such payments  
15 does not constitute a waiver or transfer of the insurer's duty to determine  
16 entitlement to benefits. If the employer chooses to make such payment, the  
17 employer shall report the injury to the insurer in the same manner that  
18 other injuries are reported. However, an insurer shall not modify an  
19 employer's experience rating or otherwise make charges against the employer  
20 for any medical expenses paid by the employer pursuant to this subsection.

21 (b) To establish the maximum amount an employer may pay for medical  
22 services for nondisabling claims under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the  
23 director shall use \$1,500 as the base compensation amount and shall adjust  
24 the base compensation amount annually to reflect changes in the United  
25 States City Average Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for  
26 Medical Care for July of each year as published by the Bureau of Labor  
27 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor. The adjustment shall  
28 be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100.

29 (c) The adjusted amount established under paragraph (b) of this sub-  
30 section shall be effective on January 1 following the establishment of the  
31 amount and shall apply to claims with a date of injury on or after the ef-

1 fective date of the adjusted amount.

2 (6)(a) Written notice of acceptance or denial of the claim shall be fur-  
3 nished to the claimant by the insurer or self-insured employer within 60 days  
4 after the employer has notice or knowledge of the claim. Once the claim is  
5 accepted, the insurer or self-insured employer shall not revoke acceptance  
6 except as provided in this section. The insurer or self-insured employer may  
7 revoke acceptance and issue a denial at any time when the denial is for  
8 fraud, misrepresentation or other illegal activity by the worker. If the  
9 worker requests a hearing on any revocation of acceptance and denial al-  
10 leging fraud, misrepresentation or other illegal activity, the insurer or self-  
11 insured employer has the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the  
12 evidence, such fraud, misrepresentation or other illegal activity. Upon such  
13 proof, the worker then has the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the  
14 evidence, the compensability of the claim. If the insurer or self-insured em-  
15 ployer accepts a claim in good faith, in a case not involving fraud, misrep-  
16 resentation or other illegal activity by the worker, and later obtains evidence  
17 that the claim is not compensable or evidence that the insurer or self-insured  
18 employer is not responsible for the claim, the insurer or self-insured em-  
19 ployer may revoke the claim acceptance and issue a formal notice of claim  
20 denial, if such revocation of acceptance and denial is issued no later than  
21 two years after the date of the initial acceptance. If the worker requests a  
22 hearing on such revocation of acceptance and denial, the insurer or self-  
23 insured employer must prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the  
24 claim is not compensable or that the insurer or self-insured employer is not  
25 responsible for the claim. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chap-  
26 ter, if a denial of a previously accepted claim is set aside by an Adminis-  
27 trative Law Judge, the Workers' Compensation Board or the court,  
28 temporary total disability benefits are payable from the date any such bene-  
29 fits were terminated under the denial. Except as provided in ORS 656.247,  
30 pending acceptance or denial of a claim, compensation payable to a claimant  
31 does not include the costs of medical benefits or funeral expenses. The

1 insurer shall also furnish the employer a copy of the notice of acceptance.

2 (b) The notice of acceptance shall:

3 (A) Specify what conditions are compensable.

4 (B) Advise the claimant whether the claim is considered disabling or  
5 nondisabling.

6 (C) Inform the claimant of the Expedited Claim Service and of the hearing  
7 and aggravation rights concerning nondisabling injuries, including the right  
8 to object to a decision that the injury of the claimant is nondisabling by  
9 requesting reclassification pursuant to ORS 656.277.

10 (D) Inform the claimant of employment reinstatement rights and respon-  
11 sibilities under ORS chapter 659A.

12 (E) Inform the claimant of assistance available to employers and workers  
13 from the Reemployment Assistance Program under ORS 656.622.

14 (F) Be modified by the insurer or self-insured employer from time to time  
15 as medical or other information changes a previously issued notice of ac-  
16 ceptance.

17 *[(c) An insurer's or self-insured employer's acceptance of a combined or*  
18 *consequential condition under ORS 656.005 (7), whether voluntary or as a re-*  
19 *sult of a judgment or order, shall not preclude the insurer or self-insured em-*  
20 *ployer from later denying the combined or consequential condition if the*  
21 *otherwise compensable injury ceases to be the major contributing cause of the*  
22 *combined or consequential condition.]*

23 *[(d)]* (c) An injured worker who believes that a condition has been in-  
24 correctly omitted from a notice of acceptance, or that the notice is otherwise  
25 deficient, first must communicate in writing to the insurer or self-insured  
26 employer the worker's objections to the notice pursuant to ORS 656.267. The  
27 insurer or self-insured employer has 60 days from receipt of the communi-  
28 cation from the worker to revise the notice or to make other written clar-  
29 ification in response. A worker who fails to comply with the communication  
30 requirements of this paragraph or ORS 656.267 may not allege at any hearing  
31 or other proceeding on the claim a de facto denial of a condition based on

1 information in the notice of acceptance from the insurer or self-insured em-  
2 ployer. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the worker may  
3 initiate objection to the notice of acceptance at any time.

4 (7)(a) After claim acceptance, written notice of acceptance or denial of  
5 claims for aggravation or new medical or omitted condition claims properly  
6 initiated pursuant to ORS 656.267 shall be furnished to the claimant by the  
7 insurer or self-insured employer within 60 days after the insurer or self-  
8 insured employer receives written notice of such claims. A worker who fails  
9 to comply with the communication requirements of subsection (6) of this  
10 section or ORS 656.267 may not allege at any hearing or other proceeding  
11 on the claim a de facto denial of a condition based on information in the  
12 notice of acceptance from the insurer or self-insured employer.

13 *[(b) Once a worker's claim has been accepted, the insurer or self-insured*  
14 *employer must issue a written denial to the worker when the accepted injury*  
15 *is no longer the major contributing cause of the worker's combined condition*  
16 *before the claim may be closed.]*

17 [(c)] (b) When an insurer or self-insured employer determines that the  
18 claim qualifies for claim closure, the insurer or self-insured employer shall  
19 issue at claim closure an updated notice of acceptance that specifies which  
20 conditions are compensable. The procedures specified in subsection (6)(d) of  
21 this section apply to this notice. Any objection to the updated notice or ap-  
22 peal of denied conditions shall not delay claim closure pursuant to ORS  
23 656.268. If a condition is found compensable after claim closure, the insurer  
24 or self-insured employer shall reopen the claim for processing regarding that  
25 condition.

26 (8) The assigned claims agent in processing claims under ORS 656.054  
27 shall send notice of acceptance or denial to the noncomplying employer.

28 (9) If an insurer or any other duly authorized agent of the employer for  
29 such purpose, on record with the Director of the Department of Consumer  
30 and Business Services denies a claim for compensation, written notice of  
31 such denial, stating the reason for the denial, and informing the worker of

1 the Expedited Claim Service and of hearing rights under ORS 656.283, shall  
2 be given to the claimant. A copy of the notice of denial shall be mailed to  
3 the director and to the employer by the insurer. The worker may request a  
4 hearing pursuant to ORS 656.319.

5 (10) Merely paying or providing compensation shall not be considered  
6 acceptance of a claim or an admission of liability, nor shall mere acceptance  
7 of such compensation be considered a waiver of the right to question the  
8 amount thereof. Payment of permanent disability benefits pursuant to a no-  
9 tice of closure, reconsideration order or litigation order, or the failure to  
10 appeal or seek review of such an order or notice of closure, shall not pre-  
11 clude an insurer or self-insured employer from subsequently contesting the  
12 compensability of the condition rated therein, unless the condition has been  
13 formally accepted.

14 (11)(a) If the insurer or self-insured employer unreasonably delays or un-  
15 reasonably refuses to pay compensation, attorney fees or costs, or unreason-  
16 ably delays acceptance or denial of a claim, the insurer or self-insured  
17 employer shall be liable for an additional amount up to 25 percent of the  
18 amounts then due plus any attorney fees assessed under this section. The fees  
19 assessed by the director, an Administrative Law Judge, the board or the  
20 court under this section shall be reasonable attorney fees. In assessing fees,  
21 the director, an Administrative Law Judge, the board or the court shall  
22 consider the proportionate benefit to the injured worker. The board shall  
23 adopt rules for establishing the amount of the attorney fee, giving primary  
24 consideration to the results achieved and to the time devoted to the case.  
25 An attorney fee awarded pursuant to this subsection may not exceed \$4,000  
26 absent a showing of extraordinary circumstances. The maximum attorney fee  
27 awarded under this paragraph shall be adjusted annually on July 1 by the  
28 same percentage increase as made to the average weekly wage defined in  
29 ORS 656.211, if any. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,  
30 the director shall have exclusive jurisdiction over proceedings regarding  
31 solely the assessment and payment of the additional amount and attorney

1 fees described in this subsection. The action of the director and the review  
2 of the action taken by the director shall be subject to review under ORS  
3 656.704.

4 (b) When the director does not have exclusive jurisdiction over pro-  
5 ceedings regarding the assessment and payment of the additional amount and  
6 attorney fees described in this subsection, the provisions of this subsection  
7 shall apply in the other proceeding.

8 (12)(a) If payment is due on a disputed claim settlement authorized by  
9 ORS 656.289 and the insurer or self-insured employer has failed to make the  
10 payment in accordance with the requirements specified in the disputed claim  
11 settlement, the claimant or the claimant's attorney shall clearly notify the  
12 insurer or self-insured employer in writing that the payment is past due. If  
13 the required payment is not made within five business days after receipt of  
14 the notice by the insurer or self-insured employer, the director may assess  
15 a penalty and attorney fee in accordance with a matrix adopted by the di-  
16 rector by rule.

17 (b) The director shall adopt by rule a matrix for the assessment of the  
18 penalties and attorney fees authorized under this subsection. The matrix  
19 shall provide for penalties based on a percentage of the settlement proceeds  
20 allocated to the claimant and for attorney fees based on a percentage of the  
21 settlement proceeds allocated to the claimant's attorney as an attorney fee.

22 (13) The insurer may authorize an employer to pay compensation to in-  
23 jured workers and shall reimburse employers for compensation so paid.

24 (14)(a) Injured workers have the duty to cooperate and assist the insurer  
25 or self-insured employer in the investigation of claims for compensation. In-  
26 jured workers shall submit to and shall fully cooperate with personal and  
27 telephonic interviews and other formal or informal information gathering  
28 techniques. Injured workers who are represented by an attorney shall have  
29 the right to have the attorney present during any personal or telephonic  
30 interview or deposition. If the injured worker is represented by an attorney,  
31 the insurer or self-insured employer shall pay the attorney a reasonable at-

1 torney fee based upon an hourly rate for actual time spent during the per-  
2 sonal or telephonic interview or deposition. After consultation with the  
3 Board of Governors of the Oregon State Bar, the Workers' Compensation  
4 Board shall adopt rules for the establishment, assessment and enforcement  
5 of an hourly attorney fee rate specified in this subsection.

6 (b) If the attorney is not willing or available to participate in an inter-  
7 view at a time reasonably chosen by the insurer or self-insured employer  
8 within 14 days of the request for interview and the insurer or self-insured  
9 employer has cause to believe that the attorney's unwillingness or unavail-  
10 ability is unreasonable and is preventing the worker from complying within  
11 14 days of the request for interview, the insurer or self-insured employer  
12 shall notify the director. If the director determines that the attorney's un-  
13 willingness or unavailability is unreasonable, the director shall assess a civil  
14 penalty against the attorney of not more than \$1,000.

15 (15) If the director finds that a worker fails to reasonably cooperate with  
16 an investigation involving an initial claim to establish a compensable injury  
17 or an aggravation claim to reopen the claim for a worsened condition, the  
18 director shall suspend all or part of the payment of compensation after notice  
19 to the worker. If the worker does not cooperate for an additional 30 days  
20 after the notice, the insurer or self-insured employer may deny the claim  
21 because of the worker's failure to cooperate. The obligation of the insurer  
22 or self-insured employer to accept or deny the claim within 60 days is sus-  
23 pended during the time of the worker's noncooperation. After such a denial,  
24 the worker shall not be granted a hearing or other proceeding under this  
25 chapter on the merits of the claim unless the worker first requests and es-  
26 tablishes at an expedited hearing under ORS 656.291 that the worker fully  
27 and completely cooperated with the investigation, that the worker failed to  
28 cooperate for reasons beyond the worker's control or that the investigative  
29 demands were unreasonable. If the Administrative Law Judge finds that the  
30 worker has not fully cooperated, the Administrative Law Judge shall affirm  
31 the denial, and the worker's claim for injury shall remain denied. If the

1 Administrative Law Judge finds that the worker has cooperated, or that the  
2 investigative demands were unreasonable, the Administrative Law Judge  
3 shall set aside the denial, order the reinstatement of interim compensation  
4 if appropriate and remand the claim to the insurer or self-insured employer  
5 to accept or deny the claim.

6 (16) In accordance with ORS 656.283 (3), the Administrative Law Judge  
7 assigned a request for hearing for a claim for compensation involving more  
8 than one potentially responsible employer or insurer may specify what is  
9 required of an injured worker to reasonably cooperate with the investigation  
10 of the claim as required by subsection (14) of this section.

11 **SECTION 10.** ORS 656.266 is amended to read:

12 656.266. [(1)] The burden of proving that an injury or occupational disease  
13 is compensable and of proving the nature and extent of any disability re-  
14 sulting therefrom is upon the worker. The worker cannot carry the burden  
15 of proving that an injury or occupational disease is compensable merely by  
16 disproving other possible explanations of how the injury or disease occurred.

17 [(2) *Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, for the purpose of com-  
18 bined condition injury claims under ORS 656.005 (7)(a)(B) only:*]

19 [(a) *Once the worker establishes an otherwise compensable injury, the em-  
20 ployer shall bear the burden of proof to establish the otherwise compensable  
21 injury is not, or is no longer, the major contributing cause of the disability  
22 of the combined condition or the major contributing cause of the need for  
23 treatment of the combined condition.*]

24 [(b) *Notwithstanding ORS 656.804, paragraph (a) of this subsection does  
25 not apply to any occupational disease claim.*]

26 **SECTION 11.** ORS 656.267 is amended to read:

27 656.267. (1) To initiate omitted medical condition claims under ORS  
28 656.262 [(6)(d)] **(6)(c)** or new medical condition claims under this section, the  
29 worker must clearly request formal written acceptance of a new medical  
30 condition or an omitted medical condition from the insurer or self-insured  
31 employer. **The worker need not request acceptance of each medical**

1 **condition with particularity if the request for acceptance reasonably**  
2 **apprises the insurer or self-insured employer of the nature of the**  
3 **medical condition.** A claim for a new medical condition or an omitted  
4 condition is not made by the receipt of medical billings, nor by requests for  
5 authorization to provide medical services for the new or omitted condition,  
6 nor by actually providing such medical services. The insurer or self-insured  
7 employer is not required to accept each and every diagnosis or medical con-  
8 dition with particularity, as long as the acceptance tendered reasonably ap-  
9 prises the claimant and the medical providers of the nature of the  
10 compensable conditions. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,  
11 the worker may initiate a new medical or omitted condition claim at any  
12 time.

13 (2)(a) Claims properly initiated for new medical conditions and omitted  
14 medical conditions related to an initially accepted claim shall be processed  
15 pursuant to ORS 656.262.

16 (b) If an insurer or self-insured employer denies a claim for a new medical  
17 or omitted medical condition, the claimant may request a hearing on the  
18 denial pursuant to ORS 656.283.

19 (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, claims for new medical  
20 or omitted medical conditions related to an initially accepted claim that have  
21 been determined to be compensable and that were initiated after the rights  
22 under ORS 656.273 expired shall be processed as requests for relief under the  
23 Workers' Compensation Board's own motion jurisdiction pursuant to ORS  
24 656.278 (1)(b).

25 **SECTION 12.** ORS 656.268 is amended to read:

26 656.268. (1) One purpose of this chapter is to restore the injured worker  
27 as soon as possible and as near as possible to a condition of self support and  
28 maintenance as an able-bodied worker. The insurer or self-insured employer  
29 shall close the worker's claim, as prescribed by the Director of the Depart-  
30 ment of Consumer and Business Services, and determine the extent of the  
31 worker's permanent disability, provided the worker is not enrolled and ac-

1 tively engaged in training according to rules adopted by the director pursu-  
2 ant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, when:

3 (a) The worker has become medically stationary and there is sufficient  
4 information to determine permanent disability, **except that a division of**  
5 **impairment between the compensable injury and a preexisting condi-**  
6 **tion may not occur;**

7 *[(b) The accepted injury is no longer the major contributing cause of the*  
8 *worker's combined or consequential condition or conditions pursuant to ORS*  
9 *656.005 (7). When the claim is closed because the accepted injury is no longer*  
10 *the major contributing cause of the worker's combined or consequential condi-*  
11 *tion or conditions, and there is sufficient information to determine permanent*  
12 *disability, the likely permanent disability that would have been due to the*  
13 *current accepted condition shall be estimated;]*

14 [(c)] (b) Without the approval of the attending physician or nurse practi-  
15 tioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS  
16 656.245, the worker fails to seek medical treatment for a period of 30 days  
17 or the worker fails to attend a closing examination, unless the worker  
18 affirmatively establishes that such failure is attributable to reasons beyond  
19 the worker's control; or

20 [(d)] (c) An insurer or self-insured employer finds that a worker who has  
21 been receiving permanent total disability benefits has materially improved  
22 and is capable of regularly performing work at a gainful and suitable occu-  
23 pation.

24 (2) If the worker is enrolled and actively engaged in training according  
25 to rules adopted pursuant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, the temporary disa-  
26 bility compensation shall be proportionately reduced by any sums earned  
27 during the training.

28 (3) A copy of all medical reports and reports of vocational rehabilitation  
29 agencies or counselors shall be furnished to the worker, if requested by the  
30 worker.

31 (4) Temporary total disability benefits shall continue until whichever of

1 the following events first occurs:

2 (a) The worker returns to regular or modified employment;

3 (b) The attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized  
4 temporary disability benefits for the worker under ORS 656.245 advises the  
5 worker and documents in writing that the worker is released to return to  
6 regular employment **and the insurer properly issues a notice of closure**  
7 **in accordance with subsection (5)(a) to (d) of this section;**

8 (c) The attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized  
9 temporary disability benefits for the worker under ORS 656.245 advises the  
10 worker and documents in writing that the worker is released to return to  
11 modified employment, such employment is offered in writing to the worker  
12 and the worker fails to begin such employment. However, an offer of modi-  
13 fied employment may be refused by the worker without the termination of  
14 temporary total disability benefits if the offer:

15 (A) Requires a commute that is beyond the physical capacity of the  
16 worker according to the worker's attending physician or the nurse practi-  
17 tioner who may authorize temporary disability under ORS 656.245;

18 (B) Is at a work site more than 50 miles one way from where the worker  
19 was injured unless the site is less than 50 miles from the worker's residence  
20 or the intent of the parties at the time of hire or as established by the pat-  
21 tern of employment prior to the injury was that the employer had multiple  
22 or mobile work sites and the worker could be assigned to any such site;

23 (C) Is not with the employer at injury;

24 (D) Is not at a work site of the employer at injury;

25 (E) Is not consistent with the existing written shift change policy or is  
26 not consistent with common practice of the employer at injury or aggra-  
27 vation; or

28 (F) Is not consistent with an existing shift change provision of an appli-  
29 cable collective bargaining agreement;

30 (d) Any other event that causes temporary disability benefits to be law-  
31 fully suspended, withheld or terminated under ORS 656.262 (4) or other pro-

1 visions of this chapter; or

2 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection,  
3 the attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized temporary  
4 disability benefits under ORS 656.245 for a home care worker who has been  
5 made a subject worker pursuant to ORS 656.039 advises the home care  
6 worker and documents in writing that the home care worker is released to  
7 return to modified employment, appropriate modified employment is offered  
8 in writing by the Home Care Commission or a designee of the commission  
9 to the home care worker for any client of the Department of Human Services  
10 who employs a home care worker, [and] the home care worker fails to begin  
11 the employment **and the insurer properly issues a notice of closure in**  
12 **accordance with subsection (5)(a) to (d) of this section.**

13 (5)(a) Findings by the insurer or self-insured employer regarding the ex-  
14 tent of the worker's disability in closure of the claim shall be pursuant to  
15 the standards prescribed by the director.

16 (b) The insurer or self-insured employer shall issue a notice of closure of  
17 the claim to the worker, to the worker's attorney if the worker is repres-  
18 ented, and to the director. If the worker is deceased at the time the notice  
19 of closure is issued, the insurer or self-insured employer shall mail the  
20 worker's copy of the notice of closure, addressed to the estate of the worker,  
21 to the worker's last known address and may mail copies of the notice of  
22 closure to any known or potential beneficiaries to the estate of the deceased  
23 worker.

24 (c) The notice of closure must inform:

25 (A) The parties, in boldfaced type, of the proper manner in which to pro-  
26 ceed if they are dissatisfied with the terms of the notice of closure;

27 (B) The worker of:

28 (i) The amount of any further compensation, including permanent disa-  
29 bility compensation to be awarded;

30 (ii) The duration of temporary total or temporary partial disability com-  
31 pensation;

1 (iii) The right of the worker or beneficiaries of the worker who were  
2 mailed a copy of the notice of closure under paragraph (b) of this subsection  
3 to request reconsideration by the director under this section within 60 days  
4 of the date of the notice of closure;

5 (iv) The right of beneficiaries who were not mailed a copy of the notice  
6 of closure under paragraph (b) of this subsection to request reconsideration  
7 by the director under this section within one year of the date the notice of  
8 closure was mailed to the estate of the worker under paragraph (b) of this  
9 subsection;

10 (v) The right of the insurer or self-insured employer to request reconsid-  
11 eration by the director under this section within seven days of the date of  
12 the notice of closure;

13 (vi) The aggravation rights; and

14 (vii) Any other information as the director may require; and

15 (C) Any beneficiaries of death benefits to which they may be entitled  
16 pursuant to ORS 656.204 and 656.208.

17 (d) If the insurer or self-insured employer has not issued a notice of clo-  
18 sure, the worker may request closure. Within 10 days of receipt of a written  
19 request from the worker, the insurer or self-insured employer shall issue a  
20 notice of closure if the requirements of this section have been met or a no-  
21 tice of refusal to close if the requirements of this section have not been met.  
22 A notice of refusal to close shall advise the worker of:

23 (A) The decision not to close;

24 (B) The right of the worker to request a hearing pursuant to ORS 656.283  
25 within 60 days of the date of the notice of refusal to close;

26 (C) The right to be represented by an attorney; and

27 (D) Any other information as the director may require.

28 (e) If a worker, a worker's beneficiary, an insurer or a self-insured em-  
29 ployer objects to the notice of closure, the objecting party first must request  
30 reconsideration by the director under this section. A worker's request for  
31 reconsideration must be made within 60 days of the date of the notice of

1 closure. If the worker is deceased at the time the notice of closure is issued,  
2 a request for reconsideration by a beneficiary of the worker who was mailed  
3 a copy of the notice of closure under paragraph (b) of this subsection must  
4 be made within 60 days of the date of the notice of closure. A request for  
5 reconsideration by a beneficiary to the estate of a deceased worker who was  
6 not mailed a copy of the notice of closure under paragraph (b) of this sub-  
7 section must be made within one year of the date the notice of closure was  
8 mailed to the estate of the worker under paragraph (b) of this subsection.  
9 A request for reconsideration by an insurer or self-insured employer may be  
10 based only on disagreement with the findings used to rate impairment and  
11 must be made within seven days of the date of the notice of closure.

12 (f) If an insurer or self-insured employer has closed a claim or refused to  
13 close a claim pursuant to this section, if the correctness of that notice of  
14 closure or refusal to close is at issue in a hearing on the claim and if a  
15 finding is made at the hearing that the notice of closure or refusal to close  
16 was not reasonable, a penalty shall be assessed against the insurer or self-  
17 insured employer and paid to the worker in an amount equal to 25 percent  
18 of all compensation determined to be then due the claimant.

19 (g) If, upon reconsideration of a claim closed by an insurer or self-insured  
20 employer, the director orders an increase by 25 percent or more of the  
21 amount of compensation to be paid to the worker for permanent disability  
22 and the worker is found upon reconsideration to be at least 20 percent per-  
23 manently disabled, a penalty shall be assessed against the insurer or self-  
24 insured employer and paid to the worker in an amount equal to 25 percent  
25 of all compensation determined to be then due the claimant. If the increase  
26 in compensation results from information that the insurer or self-insured  
27 employer demonstrates the insurer or self-insured employer could not rea-  
28 sonably have known at the time of claim closure, from new information ob-  
29 tained through a medical arbiter examination or from a determination order  
30 issued by the director that addresses the extent of the worker's permanent  
31 disability that is not based on the standards adopted pursuant to ORS 656.726

1 (4)(f), the penalty shall not be assessed.

2 (6)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, only one reconsideration proceeding may be held on each notice of closure. At the reconsideration proceeding:

5 (A) A deposition arranged by the worker, limited to the testimony and cross-examination of the worker about the worker's condition at the time of claim closure, shall become part of the reconsideration record. The deposition must be conducted subject to the opportunity for cross-examination by the insurer or self-insured employer and in accordance with rules adopted by the director. The cost of the court reporter, interpreter services, if necessary, and one original of the transcript of the deposition for the Department of Consumer and Business Services and one copy of the transcript of the deposition for each party shall be paid by the insurer or self-insured employer. The reconsideration proceeding may not be postponed to receive a deposition taken under this subparagraph. A deposition taken in accordance with this subparagraph may be received as evidence at a hearing even if the deposition is not prepared in time for use in the reconsideration proceeding.

19 (B) Pursuant to rules adopted by the director, the worker or the insurer or self-insured employer may correct information in the record that is erroneous and may submit any medical evidence that should have been but was not submitted by the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 at the time of claim closure.

25 (C) If the director determines that a claim was not closed in accordance with subsection (1) of this section, the director may rescind the closure.

27 (b) If necessary, the director may require additional medical or other information with respect to the claims and may postpone the reconsideration for not more than 60 additional calendar days.

30 (c) In any reconsideration proceeding under this section in which the worker was represented by an attorney, the director shall order the insurer

1 or self-insured employer to pay to the attorney, out of the additional com-  
2 pensation awarded, an amount equal to 10 percent of any additional com-  
3 pensation awarded to the worker.

4 (d) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, the reconsider-  
5 ation proceeding shall be completed within 18 working days from the date  
6 the reconsideration proceeding begins, and shall be performed by a special  
7 evaluation appellate unit within the department. The deadline of 18 working  
8 days may be postponed by an additional 60 calendar days if within the 18  
9 working days the department mails notice of review by a medical arbiter. If  
10 an order on reconsideration has not been mailed on or before 18 working  
11 days from the date the reconsideration proceeding begins, or within 18  
12 working days plus the additional 60 calendar days where a notice for medical  
13 arbiter review was timely mailed or the director postponed the reconsider-  
14 ation pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection, or within such additional  
15 time as provided in subsection (8) of this section when reconsideration is  
16 postponed further because the worker has failed to cooperate in the medical  
17 arbiter examination, reconsideration shall be deemed denied and any further  
18 proceedings shall occur as though an order on reconsideration affirming the  
19 notice of closure was mailed on the date the order was due to issue.

20 (e) The period for completing the reconsideration proceeding described in  
21 paragraph (d) of this subsection begins upon receipt by the director of a  
22 worker's or a beneficiary's request for reconsideration pursuant to subsection  
23 (5)(e) of this section. If the insurer or self-insured employer requests recon-  
24 sideration, the period for reconsideration begins upon the earlier of the date  
25 of the request for reconsideration by the worker or beneficiary, the date of  
26 receipt of a waiver from the worker or beneficiary of the right to request  
27 reconsideration or the date of expiration of the right of the worker or ben-  
28 eficiary to request reconsideration. If a party elects not to file a separate  
29 request for reconsideration, the party does not waive the right to fully par-  
30 ticipate in the reconsideration proceeding, including the right to proceed  
31 with the reconsideration if the initiating party withdraws the request for

1 reconsideration.

2 (f) Any medical arbiter report may be received as evidence at a hearing  
3 even if the report is not prepared in time for use in the reconsideration  
4 proceeding.

5 (g) If any party objects to the reconsideration order, the party may re-  
6 quest a hearing under ORS 656.283 within 30 days from the date of the re-  
7 consideration order.

8 (7)(a) The director may delay the reconsideration proceeding and toll the  
9 reconsideration timeline established under subsection (6) of this section for  
10 up to 45 calendar days if:

11 (A) A request for reconsideration of a notice of closure has been made to  
12 the director within 60 days of the date of the notice of closure;

13 (B) The parties are actively engaged in settlement negotiations that in-  
14 clude issues in dispute at reconsideration;

15 (C) The parties agree to the delay; and

16 (D) Both parties notify the director before the 18th working day after the  
17 reconsideration proceeding has begun that they request a delay under this  
18 subsection.

19 (b) A delay of the reconsideration proceeding granted by the director un-  
20 der this subsection expires:

21 (A) If a party requests the director to resume the reconsideration pro-  
22 ceeding before the expiration of the delay period;

23 (B) If the parties reach a settlement and the director receives a copy of  
24 the approved settlement documents before the expiration of the delay period;  
25 or

26 (C) On the next calendar day following the expiration of the delay period  
27 authorized by the director.

28 (c) Upon expiration of a delay granted under this subsection, the timeline  
29 for the completion of the reconsideration proceeding shall resume as if the  
30 delay had never been granted.

31 (d) Compensation due the worker shall continue to be paid during the

1 period of delay authorized under this subsection.

2 (e) The director may authorize only one delay period for each reconsid-  
3 eration proceeding.

4 (8)(a) If the basis for objection to a notice of closure issued under this  
5 section is disagreement with the impairment used in rating of the worker's  
6 disability, the director shall refer the claim to a medical arbiter appointed  
7 by the director.

8 (b) If the director determines that insufficient medical information is  
9 available to determine disability, the director may appoint, and refer the  
10 claim to, a medical arbiter **or, at the director's discretion, to more than**  
11 **one medical arbiter if necessary to determine complete impairment**  
12 **because the compensable injury involves more than one body part or**  
13 **system.**

14 [(c) *At the request of either of the parties, the director shall appoint a panel*  
15 *of as many as three medical arbiters in accordance with criteria that the di-*  
16 *rector sets by rule.*]

17 [(d)] (c) The arbiter[, *or panel of medical arbiters,*] must be chosen from  
18 among a list of physicians qualified to be attending physicians referred to  
19 in ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(A) whom the director selected in consultation with the  
20 Oregon Medical Board and the committee referred to in ORS 656.790.

21 [(e)(A)] (d)(A) The medical arbiter [*or panel of medical arbiters*] may ex-  
22 amine the worker and perform such tests as may be reasonable and necessary  
23 to establish the worker's impairment.

24 (B) If the director determines that the worker failed to attend the exam-  
25 ination without good cause or failed to cooperate with the medical arbiter[,  
26 *or panel of medical arbiters,*] the director shall postpone the reconsideration  
27 proceedings for up to 60 days from the date of the determination that the  
28 worker failed to attend or cooperate, and shall suspend all disability benefits  
29 resulting from this or any prior opening of the claim until such time as the  
30 worker attends and cooperates with the examination or the request for re-  
31 consideration is withdrawn. Any additional evidence regarding good cause

1 must be submitted prior to the conclusion of the 60-day postponement period.

2 (C) At the conclusion of the 60-day postponement period, if the worker  
3 has not attended and cooperated with a medical arbiter examination or es-  
4 tablished good cause, the worker may not attend a medical arbiter examina-  
5 tion for this claim closure. The reconsideration record must be closed, and  
6 the director shall issue an order on reconsideration based upon the existing  
7 record.

8 (D) All disability benefits suspended under this subsection, including all  
9 disability benefits awarded in the order on reconsideration, or by an Ad-  
10 ministrative Law Judge, the Workers' Compensation Board or upon court  
11 review, are not due and payable to the worker.

12 [(f)] (e) The insurer or self-insured employer shall pay the costs of exam-  
13 ination and review by the medical arbiter [*or panel of medical arbiters*].

14 [(g)] (f) The findings of the medical arbiter [*or panel of medical arbiters*]  
15 must be submitted to the director for reconsideration of the notice of closure.

16 [(h)] (g) After reconsideration, no subsequent medical evidence of the  
17 worker's impairment is admissible before the director, the Workers' Com-  
18 pensation Board or the courts for purposes of making findings of impairment  
19 on the claim closure, **except that the injured worker may submit evi-**  
20 **dence to rebut a medical arbiter's findings.**

21 [(i)(A)] (h)(A) If the basis for objection to a notice of closure issued un-  
22 der this section is a disagreement with the impairment used in rating the  
23 worker's disability, and the director determines that the worker is not med-  
24 ically stationary at the time of the reconsideration or that the closure was  
25 not made pursuant to this section, the director is not required to appoint a  
26 medical arbiter before completing the reconsideration proceeding.

27 (B) If the worker's condition has substantially changed since the notice  
28 of closure, upon the consent of all the parties to the claim, the director shall  
29 postpone the proceeding until the worker's condition is appropriate for claim  
30 closure under subsection (1) of this section.

31 (9) No hearing shall be held on any issue that was not raised and pre-

1 served before the director at reconsideration. However, issues arising out of  
2 the reconsideration order **or a medical arbiter's findings** may be addressed  
3 and resolved at hearing.

4 (10) If, after the notice of closure issued pursuant to this section, the  
5 worker becomes enrolled and actively engaged in training according to rules  
6 adopted pursuant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, any permanent disability pay-  
7 ments due for work disability under the closure shall be suspended, and the  
8 worker shall receive temporary disability compensation and any permanent  
9 disability payments due for impairment while the worker is enrolled and  
10 actively engaged in the training. When the worker ceases to be enrolled and  
11 actively engaged in the training, the insurer or self-insured employer shall  
12 again close the claim pursuant to this section if the worker is medically  
13 stationary or if the worker's accepted injury is no longer the major contrib-  
14 uting cause of the worker's [*combined or*] consequential condition or condi-  
15 tions pursuant to ORS 656.005 (7). The closure shall include the duration of  
16 temporary total or temporary partial disability compensation. Permanent  
17 disability compensation shall be redetermined for work disability [*only*] **or**  
18 **for permanent disability if the injured worker asks for the redetermi-**  
19 **nation.** If the worker has returned to work or the worker's attending phy-  
20 sician has released the worker to return to regular or modified employment,  
21 the insurer or self-insured employer shall again close the claim. This notice  
22 of closure may be appealed only in the same manner as are other notices of  
23 closure under this section.

24 (11) If the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide  
25 compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 has approved the worker's  
26 return to work and there is a labor dispute in progress at the place of em-  
27 ployment, the worker may refuse to return to that employment without loss  
28 of reemployment rights or any vocational assistance provided by this chap-  
29 ter.

30 (12) Any notice of closure made under this section may include necessary  
31 adjustments in compensation paid or payable prior to the notice of closure,

1 including disallowance of permanent disability payments prematurely made,  
2 crediting temporary disability payments against current or future permanent  
3 or temporary disability awards or payments and requiring the payment of  
4 temporary disability payments which were payable but not paid.

5 (13) An insurer or self-insured employer may take a credit or offset of  
6 previously paid workers' compensation benefits or payments against any  
7 further workers' compensation benefits or payments due a worker from that  
8 insurer or self-insured employer when the worker admits to having obtained  
9 the previously paid benefits or payments through fraud, or a civil judgment  
10 or criminal conviction is entered against the worker for having obtained the  
11 previously paid benefits through fraud. Benefits or payments obtained  
12 through fraud by a worker may not be included in any data used for  
13 ratemaking or individual employer rating or dividend calculations by an  
14 insurer, a rating organization licensed pursuant to ORS chapter 737, the  
15 State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation or the director.

16 (14)(a) An insurer or self-insured employer may offset any compensation  
17 payable to the worker to recover an overpayment from a claim with the same  
18 insurer or self-insured employer. When overpayments are recovered from  
19 temporary disability or permanent total disability benefits, the amount re-  
20 covered from each payment shall not exceed 25 percent of the payment,  
21 without prior authorization from the worker.

22 (b) An insurer or self-insured employer may suspend and offset any com-  
23 pensation payable to the beneficiary of the worker, and recover an overpay-  
24 ment of permanent total disability benefits caused by the failure of the  
25 worker's beneficiaries to notify the insurer or self-insured employer about  
26 the death of the worker.

27 (15) Conditions that are direct medical sequelae to the original accepted  
28 condition shall be included in rating permanent disability of the claim unless  
29 they have been specifically denied.

30 **SECTION 13.** ORS 656.268, as amended by section 29, chapter 75, Oregon  
31 Laws 2018, is amended to read:

1 656.268. (1) One purpose of this chapter is to restore the injured worker  
 2 as soon as possible and as near as possible to a condition of self support and  
 3 maintenance as an able-bodied worker. The insurer or self-insured employer  
 4 shall close the worker's claim, as prescribed by the Director of the Depart-  
 5 ment of Consumer and Business Services, and determine the extent of the  
 6 worker's permanent disability, provided the worker is not enrolled and ac-  
 7 tively engaged in training according to rules adopted by the director pursu-  
 8 ant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, when:

9 (a) The worker has become medically stationary and there is sufficient  
 10 information to determine permanent disability, **except that a division of**  
 11 **impairment between the compensable injury and a preexisting condi-**  
 12 **tion may not occur;**

13 *[(b) The accepted injury is no longer the major contributing cause of the*  
 14 *worker's combined or consequential condition or conditions pursuant to ORS*  
 15 *656.005 (7). When the claim is closed because the accepted injury is no longer*  
 16 *the major contributing cause of the worker's combined or consequential condi-*  
 17 *tion or conditions, and there is sufficient information to determine permanent*  
 18 *disability, the likely permanent disability that would have been due to the*  
 19 *current accepted condition shall be estimated;]*

20 **(b) The compensable injury is no longer the major contributing**  
 21 **cause of an accepted combined condition, the insurer has issued a**  
 22 **combined condition denial in accordance with ORS 656.262 (7)(b) and**  
 23 **there is sufficient information to determine permanent disability,**  
 24 **provided that the impairment may be divided between the compensable**  
 25 **injury and a preexisting condition that is accepted as part of a com-**  
 26 **bined condition;**

27 (c) Without the approval of the attending physician or nurse practitioner  
 28 authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245, the  
 29 worker fails to seek medical treatment for a period of 30 days or the worker  
 30 fails to attend a closing examination, unless the worker affirmatively estab-  
 31 lishes that such failure is attributable to reasons beyond the worker's con-

1 trol; or

2 (d) An insurer or self-insured employer finds that a worker who has been  
3 receiving permanent total disability benefits has materially improved and is  
4 capable of regularly performing work at a gainful and suitable occupation.

5 (2) If the worker is enrolled and actively engaged in training according  
6 to rules adopted pursuant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, the temporary disa-  
7 bility compensation shall be proportionately reduced by any sums earned  
8 during the training.

9 (3) A copy of all medical reports and reports of vocational rehabilitation  
10 agencies or counselors shall be furnished to the worker, if requested by the  
11 worker.

12 (4) Temporary total disability benefits shall continue until whichever of  
13 the following events first occurs:

14 (a) The worker returns to regular or modified employment;

15 (b) The attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized  
16 temporary disability benefits for the worker under ORS 656.245 advises the  
17 worker and documents in writing that the worker is released to return to  
18 regular employment **and the insurer properly issues a notice of closure**  
19 **in accordance with subsection (5)(a) to (d) of this section;**

20 (c) The attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized  
21 temporary disability benefits for the worker under ORS 656.245 advises the  
22 worker and documents in writing that the worker is released to return to  
23 modified employment, such employment is offered in writing to the worker  
24 and the worker fails to begin such employment. However, an offer of modi-  
25 fied employment may be refused by the worker without the termination of  
26 temporary total disability benefits if the offer:

27 (A) Requires a commute that is beyond the physical capacity of the  
28 worker according to the worker's attending physician or the nurse practi-  
29 tioner who may authorize temporary disability under ORS 656.245;

30 (B) Is at a work site more than 50 miles one way from where the worker  
31 was injured unless the site is less than 50 miles from the worker's residence

1 or the intent of the parties at the time of hire or as established by the pat-  
2 tern of employment prior to the injury was that the employer had multiple  
3 or mobile work sites and the worker could be assigned to any such site;

4 (C) Is not with the employer at injury;

5 (D) Is not at a work site of the employer at injury;

6 (E) Is not consistent with the existing written shift change policy or is  
7 not consistent with common practice of the employer at injury or aggra-  
8 vation; or

9 (F) Is not consistent with an existing shift change provision of an appli-  
10 cable collective bargaining agreement;

11 (d) Any other event that causes temporary disability benefits to be law-  
12 fully suspended, withheld or terminated under ORS 656.262 (4) or other pro-  
13 visions of this chapter; or

14 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection,  
15 the attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized temporary  
16 disability benefits under ORS 656.245 for a home care worker or a personal  
17 support worker who has been made a subject worker pursuant to ORS 656.039  
18 advises the home care worker or personal support worker and documents in  
19 writing that the home care worker or personal support worker is released  
20 to return to modified employment, appropriate modified employment is of-  
21 fered in writing by the Home Care Commission or a designee of the com-  
22 mission to the home care worker or personal support worker for any client  
23 of the Department of Human Services who employs a home care worker or  
24 personal support worker, [and] the worker fails to begin the employment **and**  
25 **the insurer properly issues a notice of closure in accordance with**  
26 **subsection (5)(a) to (d) of this section.**

27 (5)(a) Findings by the insurer or self-insured employer regarding the ex-  
28 tent of the worker's disability in closure of the claim shall be pursuant to  
29 the standards prescribed by the director.

30 (b) The insurer or self-insured employer shall issue a notice of closure of  
31 the claim to the worker, to the worker's attorney if the worker is repres-

1 ented, and to the director. If the worker is deceased at the time the notice  
2 of closure is issued, the insurer or self-insured employer shall mail the  
3 worker's copy of the notice of closure, addressed to the estate of the worker,  
4 to the worker's last known address and may mail copies of the notice of  
5 closure to any known or potential beneficiaries to the estate of the deceased  
6 worker.

7 (c) The notice of closure must inform:

8 (A) The parties, in boldfaced type, of the proper manner in which to pro-  
9 ceed if they are dissatisfied with the terms of the notice of closure;

10 (B) The worker of:

11 (i) The amount of any further compensation, including permanent disa-  
12 bility compensation to be awarded;

13 (ii) The duration of temporary total or temporary partial disability com-  
14 pensation;

15 (iii) The right of the worker or beneficiaries of the worker who were  
16 mailed a copy of the notice of closure under paragraph (b) of this subsection  
17 to request reconsideration by the director under this section within 60 days  
18 of the date of the notice of closure;

19 (iv) The right of beneficiaries who were not mailed a copy of the notice  
20 of closure under paragraph (b) of this subsection to request reconsideration  
21 by the director under this section within one year of the date the notice of  
22 closure was mailed to the estate of the worker under paragraph (b) of this  
23 subsection;

24 (v) The right of the insurer or self-insured employer to request reconsid-  
25 eration by the director under this section within seven days of the date of  
26 the notice of closure;

27 (vi) The aggravation rights; and

28 (vii) Any other information as the director may require; and

29 (C) Any beneficiaries of death benefits to which they may be entitled  
30 pursuant to ORS 656.204 and 656.208.

31 (d) If the insurer or self-insured employer has not issued a notice of clo-

1 sure, the worker may request closure. Within 10 days of receipt of a written  
2 request from the worker, the insurer or self-insured employer shall issue a  
3 notice of closure if the requirements of this section have been met or a no-  
4 tice of refusal to close if the requirements of this section have not been met.

5 A notice of refusal to close shall advise the worker of:

6 (A) The decision not to close;

7 (B) The right of the worker to request a hearing pursuant to ORS 656.283  
8 within 60 days of the date of the notice of refusal to close;

9 (C) The right to be represented by an attorney; and

10 (D) Any other information as the director may require.

11 (e) If a worker, a worker's beneficiary, an insurer or a self-insured em-  
12 ployer objects to the notice of closure, the objecting party first must request  
13 reconsideration by the director under this section. A worker's request for  
14 reconsideration must be made within 60 days of the date of the notice of  
15 closure. If the worker is deceased at the time the notice of closure is issued,  
16 a request for reconsideration by a beneficiary of the worker who was mailed  
17 a copy of the notice of closure under paragraph (b) of this subsection must  
18 be made within 60 days of the date of the notice of closure. A request for  
19 reconsideration by a beneficiary to the estate of a deceased worker who was  
20 not mailed a copy of the notice of closure under paragraph (b) of this sub-  
21 section must be made within one year of the date the notice of closure was  
22 mailed to the estate of the worker under paragraph (b) of this subsection.  
23 A request for reconsideration by an insurer or self-insured employer may be  
24 based only on disagreement with the findings used to rate impairment and  
25 must be made within seven days of the date of the notice of closure.

26 (f) If an insurer or self-insured employer has closed a claim or refused to  
27 close a claim pursuant to this section, if the correctness of that notice of  
28 closure or refusal to close is at issue in a hearing on the claim and if a  
29 finding is made at the hearing that the notice of closure or refusal to close  
30 was not reasonable, a penalty shall be assessed against the insurer or self-  
31 insured employer and paid to the worker in an amount equal to 25 percent

1 of all compensation determined to be then due the claimant.

2 (g) If, upon reconsideration of a claim closed by an insurer or self-insured  
3 employer, the director orders an increase by 25 percent or more of the  
4 amount of compensation to be paid to the worker for permanent disability  
5 and the worker is found upon reconsideration to be at least 20 percent per-  
6 manently disabled, a penalty shall be assessed against the insurer or self-  
7 insured employer and paid to the worker in an amount equal to 25 percent  
8 of all compensation determined to be then due the claimant. If the increase  
9 in compensation results from information that the insurer or self-insured  
10 employer demonstrates the insurer or self-insured employer could not rea-  
11 sonably have known at the time of claim closure, from new information ob-  
12 tained through a medical arbiter examination or from a determination order  
13 issued by the director that addresses the extent of the worker's permanent  
14 disability that is not based on the standards adopted pursuant to ORS 656.726  
15 (4)(f), the penalty shall not be assessed.

16 (6)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, only one reconsider-  
17 ation proceeding may be held on each notice of closure. At the reconsider-  
18 ation proceeding:

19 (A) A deposition arranged by the worker, limited to the testimony and  
20 cross-examination of the worker about the worker's condition at the time of  
21 claim closure, shall become part of the reconsideration record. The deposi-  
22 tion must be conducted subject to the opportunity for cross-examination by  
23 the insurer or self-insured employer and in accordance with rules adopted  
24 by the director. The cost of the court reporter, interpreter services, if nec-  
25 essary, and one original of the transcript of the deposition for the Depart-  
26 ment of Consumer and Business Services and one copy of the transcript of  
27 the deposition for each party shall be paid by the insurer or self-insured  
28 employer. The reconsideration proceeding may not be postponed to receive  
29 a deposition taken under this subparagraph. A deposition taken in accord-  
30 ance with this subparagraph may be received as evidence at a hearing even  
31 if the deposition is not prepared in time for use in the reconsideration pro-

1 ceeding.

2 (B) Pursuant to rules adopted by the director, the worker or the insurer  
3 or self-insured employer may correct information in the record that is erro-  
4 neous and may submit any medical evidence that should have been but was  
5 not submitted by the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to  
6 provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 at the time of claim  
7 closure.

8 (C) If the director determines that a claim was not closed in accordance  
9 with subsection (1) of this section, the director may rescind the closure.

10 (b) If necessary, the director may require additional medical or other in-  
11 formation with respect to the claims and may postpone the reconsideration  
12 for not more than 60 additional calendar days.

13 (c) In any reconsideration proceeding under this section in which the  
14 worker was represented by an attorney, the director shall order the insurer  
15 or self-insured employer to pay to the attorney, out of the additional com-  
16 pensation awarded, an amount equal to 10 percent of any additional com-  
17 pensation awarded to the worker.

18 (d) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, the reconsider-  
19 ation proceeding shall be completed within 18 working days from the date  
20 the reconsideration proceeding begins, and shall be performed by a special  
21 evaluation appellate unit within the department. The deadline of 18 working  
22 days may be postponed by an additional 60 calendar days if within the 18  
23 working days the department mails notice of review by a medical arbiter. If  
24 an order on reconsideration has not been mailed on or before 18 working  
25 days from the date the reconsideration proceeding begins, or within 18  
26 working days plus the additional 60 calendar days where a notice for medical  
27 arbiter review was timely mailed or the director postponed the reconsider-  
28 ation pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection, or within such additional  
29 time as provided in subsection (8) of this section when reconsideration is  
30 postponed further because the worker has failed to cooperate in the medical  
31 arbiter examination, reconsideration shall be deemed denied and any further

1 proceedings shall occur as though an order on reconsideration affirming the  
2 notice of closure was mailed on the date the order was due to issue.

3 (e) The period for completing the reconsideration proceeding described in  
4 paragraph (d) of this subsection begins upon receipt by the director of a  
5 worker's or a beneficiary's request for reconsideration pursuant to subsection  
6 (5)(e) of this section. If the insurer or self-insured employer requests recon-  
7 sideration, the period for reconsideration begins upon the earlier of the date  
8 of the request for reconsideration by the worker or beneficiary, the date of  
9 receipt of a waiver from the worker or beneficiary of the right to request  
10 reconsideration or the date of expiration of the right of the worker or ben-  
11 eficiary to request reconsideration. If a party elects not to file a separate  
12 request for reconsideration, the party does not waive the right to fully par-  
13 ticipate in the reconsideration proceeding, including the right to proceed  
14 with the reconsideration if the initiating party withdraws the request for  
15 reconsideration.

16 (f) Any medical arbiter report may be received as evidence at a hearing  
17 even if the report is not prepared in time for use in the reconsideration  
18 proceeding.

19 (g) If any party objects to the reconsideration order, the party may re-  
20 quest a hearing under ORS 656.283 within 30 days from the date of the re-  
21 consideration order.

22 (7)(a) The director may delay the reconsideration proceeding and toll the  
23 reconsideration timeline established under subsection (6) of this section for  
24 up to 45 calendar days if:

25 (A) A request for reconsideration of a notice of closure has been made to  
26 the director within 60 days of the date of the notice of closure;

27 (B) The parties are actively engaged in settlement negotiations that in-  
28 clude issues in dispute at reconsideration;

29 (C) The parties agree to the delay; and

30 (D) Both parties notify the director before the 18th working day after the  
31 reconsideration proceeding has begun that they request a delay under this

1 subsection.

2 (b) A delay of the reconsideration proceeding granted by the director un-  
3 der this subsection expires:

4 (A) If a party requests the director to resume the reconsideration pro-  
5 ceeding before the expiration of the delay period;

6 (B) If the parties reach a settlement and the director receives a copy of  
7 the approved settlement documents before the expiration of the delay period;  
8 or

9 (C) On the next calendar day following the expiration of the delay period  
10 authorized by the director.

11 (c) Upon expiration of a delay granted under this subsection, the timeline  
12 for the completion of the reconsideration proceeding shall resume as if the  
13 delay had never been granted.

14 (d) Compensation due the worker shall continue to be paid during the  
15 period of delay authorized under this subsection.

16 (e) The director may authorize only one delay period for each reconsid-  
17 eration proceeding.

18 (8)(a) If the basis for objection to a notice of closure issued under this  
19 section is disagreement with the impairment used in rating of the worker's  
20 disability, the director shall refer the claim to a medical arbiter appointed  
21 by the director.

22 (b) If the director determines that insufficient medical information is  
23 available to determine disability, the director may appoint, and refer the  
24 claim to, a medical arbiter **or, at the director's discretion, to more than**  
25 **one medical arbiter if necessary to determine complete impairment**  
26 **because the compensable injury involves more than one body part or**  
27 **system.**

28 *[(c) At the request of either of the parties, the director shall appoint a panel*  
29 *of as many as three medical arbiters in accordance with criteria that the di-*  
30 *rector sets by rule.]*

31 *[(d)] (c) The arbiter[, or panel of medical arbiters,] must be chosen from*

1 among a list of physicians qualified to be attending physicians referred to  
2 in ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(A) whom the director selected in consultation with the  
3 Oregon Medical Board and the committee referred to in ORS 656.790.

4 [(e)(A)] (d) The medical arbiter [*or panel of medical arbiters*] may examine  
5 the worker and perform such tests as may be reasonable and necessary to  
6 establish the worker's impairment.

7 (B) If the director determines that the worker failed to attend the exam-  
8 ination without good cause or failed to cooperate with the medical arbiter[,  
9 *or panel of medical arbiters,*] the director shall postpone the reconsideration  
10 proceedings for up to 60 days from the date of the determination that the  
11 worker failed to attend or cooperate, and shall suspend all disability benefits  
12 resulting from this or any prior opening of the claim until such time as the  
13 worker attends and cooperates with the examination or the request for re-  
14 consideration is withdrawn. Any additional evidence regarding good cause  
15 must be submitted prior to the conclusion of the 60-day postponement period.

16 (C) At the conclusion of the 60-day postponement period, if the worker  
17 has not attended and cooperated with a medical arbiter examination or es-  
18 tablished good cause, the worker may not attend a medical arbiter examina-  
19 tion for this claim closure. The reconsideration record must be closed, and  
20 the director shall issue an order on reconsideration based upon the existing  
21 record.

22 (D) All disability benefits suspended under this subsection, including all  
23 disability benefits awarded in the order on reconsideration, or by an Ad-  
24 ministrative Law Judge, the Workers' Compensation Board or upon court  
25 review, are not due and payable to the worker.

26 [(f)] (e) The insurer or self-insured employer shall pay the costs of exam-  
27 ination and review by the medical arbiter [*or panel of medical arbiters*].

28 [(g)] (f) The findings of the medical arbiter [*or panel of medical arbiters*]  
29 must be submitted to the director for reconsideration of the notice of closure.

30 [(h)] (g) After reconsideration, no subsequent medical evidence of the  
31 worker's impairment is admissible before the director, the Workers' Com-

1   pensation Board or the courts for purposes of making findings of impairment  
2   on the claim closure, **except that the injured worker may submit evi-**  
3   **dence to rebut a medical arbiter's findings.**

4    [(i)(A)] (h)(A) If the basis for objection to a notice of closure issued un-  
5   der this section is a disagreement with the impairment used in rating the  
6   worker's disability, and the director determines that the worker is not med-  
7   ically stationary at the time of the reconsideration or that the closure was  
8   not made pursuant to this section, the director is not required to appoint a  
9   medical arbiter before completing the reconsideration proceeding.

10   (B) If the worker's condition has substantially changed since the notice  
11   of closure, upon the consent of all the parties to the claim, the director shall  
12   postpone the proceeding until the worker's condition is appropriate for claim  
13   closure under subsection (1) of this section.

14   (9) No hearing shall be held on any issue that was not raised and pre-  
15   served before the director at reconsideration. However, issues arising out of  
16   the reconsideration order **or a medical arbiter's findings** may be addressed  
17   and resolved at hearing.

18   (10) If, after the notice of closure issued pursuant to this section, the  
19   worker becomes enrolled and actively engaged in training according to rules  
20   adopted pursuant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, any permanent disability pay-  
21   ments due for work disability under the closure shall be suspended, and the  
22   worker shall receive temporary disability compensation and any permanent  
23   disability payments due for impairment while the worker is enrolled and  
24   actively engaged in the training. When the worker ceases to be enrolled and  
25   actively engaged in the training, the insurer or self-insured employer shall  
26   again close the claim pursuant to this section if the worker is medically  
27   stationary or if the worker's accepted injury is no longer the major contrib-  
28   uting cause of the worker's [combined or] consequential condition or condi-  
29   tions pursuant to ORS 656.005 (7). The closure shall include the duration of  
30   temporary total or temporary partial disability compensation. Permanent  
31   disability compensation shall be redetermined for work disability [only] **or**

1 **for permanent disability if the injured worker asks for the redetermi-**  
2 **nation.** If the worker has returned to work or the worker's attending phy-  
3 sician has released the worker to return to regular or modified employment,  
4 the insurer or self-insured employer shall again close the claim. This notice  
5 of closure may be appealed only in the same manner as are other notices of  
6 closure under this section.

7 (11) If the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide  
8 compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 has approved the worker's  
9 return to work and there is a labor dispute in progress at the place of em-  
10 ployment, the worker may refuse to return to that employment without loss  
11 of reemployment rights or any vocational assistance provided by this chap-  
12 ter.

13 (12) Any notice of closure made under this section may include necessary  
14 adjustments in compensation paid or payable prior to the notice of closure,  
15 including disallowance of permanent disability payments prematurely made,  
16 crediting temporary disability payments against current or future permanent  
17 or temporary disability awards or payments and requiring the payment of  
18 temporary disability payments which were payable but not paid.

19 (13) An insurer or self-insured employer may take a credit or offset of  
20 previously paid workers' compensation benefits or payments against any  
21 further workers' compensation benefits or payments due a worker from that  
22 insurer or self-insured employer when the worker admits to having obtained  
23 the previously paid benefits or payments through fraud, or a civil judgment  
24 or criminal conviction is entered against the worker for having obtained the  
25 previously paid benefits through fraud. Benefits or payments obtained  
26 through fraud by a worker may not be included in any data used for  
27 ratemaking or individual employer rating or dividend calculations by an  
28 insurer, a rating organization licensed pursuant to ORS chapter 737, the  
29 State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation or the director.

30 (14)(a) An insurer or self-insured employer may offset any compensation  
31 payable to the worker to recover an overpayment from a claim with the same

1 insurer or self-insured employer. When overpayments are recovered from  
2 temporary disability or permanent total disability benefits, the amount re-  
3 covered from each payment shall not exceed 25 percent of the payment,  
4 without prior authorization from the worker.

5 (b) An insurer or self-insured employer may suspend and offset any com-  
6 pensation payable to the beneficiary of the worker, and recover an overpay-  
7 ment of permanent total disability benefits caused by the failure of the  
8 worker's beneficiaries to notify the insurer or self-insured employer about  
9 the death of the worker.

10 (15) Conditions that are direct medical sequelae to the original accepted  
11 condition shall be included in rating permanent disability of the claim unless  
12 they have been specifically denied.

13 **SECTION 14.** ORS 656.283 is amended to read:

14 656.283. (1) Subject to ORS 656.319, any party or the Director of the De-  
15 partment of Consumer and Business Services may at any time request a  
16 hearing on any matter concerning a claim, except matters for which a pro-  
17 cedure for resolving the dispute is provided in another statute, including  
18 ORS 656.704.

19 (2) A request for hearing may be made by any writing, signed by or on  
20 behalf of the party and including the address of the party, requesting the  
21 hearing, stating that a hearing is desired, and mailed to the Workers' Com-  
22 pensation Board.

23 (3)(a) The board shall refer the request for hearing to an Administrative  
24 Law Judge for determination as expeditiously as possible. The hearing shall  
25 be scheduled for a date not more than 90 days after receipt by the board of  
26 the request for hearing. The hearing may not be postponed:

27 (A) Except in extraordinary circumstances beyond the control of the re-  
28 questing party; and

29 (B) For more than 120 days after the date of the postponed hearing.

30 (b) When a hearing set pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection is  
31 postponed because of the need to join one or more potentially responsible

1 employers or insurers, the assigned Administrative Law Judge shall re-  
2 schedule the hearing as expeditiously as possible after all potentially re-  
3 sponsible employers and insurers have been joined in the proceeding and the  
4 medical record has been fully developed. The board shall adopt rules for  
5 hearings on claims involving one or more potentially responsible employers  
6 and insurers that:

7 (A) Require the parties to participate in any prehearing conferences re-  
8 quired to expedite the hearing; and

9 (B) Authorize the Administrative Law Judge conducting the hearing to:

10 (i) Establish a prehearing schedule for investigation of the claim, includ-  
11 ing but not limited to the interviewing of the claimant;

12 (ii) Make prehearing rulings necessary to promote full discovery and  
13 completion of the medical record required for determination of the issues  
14 arising from the claim; and

15 (iii) Specify what is required of the claimant to meet the obligation to  
16 reasonably cooperate with the investigation of claims.

17 (c) Nothing in paragraph (b) of this subsection alters the obligation of  
18 an insurer or self-insured employer to accept or deny a claim for compen-  
19 sation as required under this chapter.

20 (d) If a hearing has been postponed in accordance with paragraph (b) of  
21 this subsection:

22 (A) The director may not consider the timeliness of a denial issued in the  
23 claim that is the subject of the hearing for the purpose of imposing a penalty  
24 against an insurer or self-insured employer that is potentially responsible for  
25 the claim; and

26 (B) The 120-day maximum postponement established under paragraph (a)  
27 of this subsection for rescheduling a hearing does not apply.

28 (4)(a) At least 60 days' prior notice of the time and place of hearing shall  
29 be given to all parties in interest by mail. Hearings shall be held in the  
30 county where the worker resided at the time of the injury or such other  
31 place selected by the Administrative Law Judge.

1 (b) The 60-day prior notice required by paragraph (a) of this subsection:

2 (A) May be waived by agreement of the parties and the board if waiver  
3 of the notice will result in an earlier date for the hearing.

4 (B) Does not apply to hearings in cases assigned to the Expedited Claim  
5 Service under ORS 656.291, cases involving stayed compensation under ORS  
6 656.313 (1)(b) and requests for hearing that are consolidated with an existing  
7 case with an existing hearing date.

8 (5) A record of all proceedings at the hearing shall be kept but need not  
9 be transcribed unless a party requests a review of the order of the Adminis-  
10 trative Law Judge. Transcription shall be in written form as provided by  
11 ORS 656.295 (3).

12 (6) Except as otherwise provided in this section and rules of procedure  
13 established by the board, the Administrative Law Judge is not bound by  
14 common law or statutory rules of evidence or by technical or formal rules  
15 of procedure, and may conduct the hearing in any manner that will achieve  
16 substantial justice. Neither the board nor an Administrative Law Judge may  
17 prevent a party from withholding impeachment evidence until the opposing  
18 party's case in chief has been presented, at which time the impeachment ev-  
19 idence may be used. Impeachment evidence consisting of medical or voca-  
20 tional reports not used during the course of a hearing must be provided to  
21 any opposing party at the conclusion of the presentation of evidence and  
22 before closing arguments are presented. Impeachment evidence other than  
23 medical or vocational reports that is not presented as evidence at hearing  
24 is not subject to disclosure. Evaluation of the worker's disability by the  
25 Administrative Law Judge shall be as of the date of issuance of the recon-  
26 sideration order pursuant to ORS 656.268. Any finding of fact regarding the  
27 worker's impairment must be established by medical evidence that is sup-  
28 ported by objective findings. The Administrative Law Judge shall apply to  
29 the hearing of the claim such standards for evaluation of disability as may  
30 be adopted by the director pursuant to ORS 656.726. Evidence on an issue  
31 regarding a notice of closure that was not submitted at the reconsideration

1 required by ORS 656.268 is not admissible at hearing, and issues that were  
2 not raised by a party to the reconsideration may not be raised at hearing  
3 unless the issue arises out of the reconsideration order itself. However, **the**  
4 **injured worker may submit evidence to rebut, and raise issues con-**  
5 **cerning, a medical arbiter's findings.** Nothing in this section shall be  
6 construed to prevent or limit the right of a worker, insurer or self-insured  
7 employer to present the reconsideration record at hearing to establish by a  
8 preponderance of that evidence that the standards adopted pursuant to ORS  
9 656.726 for evaluation of the worker's permanent disability were incorrectly  
10 applied in the reconsideration order pursuant to ORS 656.268. If the Admin-  
11 istrative Law Judge finds that the claim has been closed prematurely, the  
12 Administrative Law Judge shall issue an order rescinding the notice of clo-  
13 sure.

14 (7) Any party shall be entitled to issuance and service of subpoenas under  
15 the provisions of ORS 656.726 (2)(c). Any party or representative of the party  
16 may serve such subpoenas.

17 (8) After a party requests a hearing and before the hearing commences,  
18 the board, by rule, may require the requesting party, if represented by an  
19 attorney, to notify the Administrative Law Judge in writing that the attor-  
20 ney has conferred with the other party and that settlement has been  
21 achieved, subject to board approval, or that settlement cannot be achieved.

22 **SECTION 15.** ORS 656.308 is amended to read:

23 656.308. (1) When a worker sustains a compensable injury, the responsible  
24 employer shall remain responsible for future compensable medical services  
25 and disability relating to the compensable condition unless the worker sus-  
26 tains a new compensable injury involving the same condition. If a new  
27 compensable injury occurs, all further compensable medical services and  
28 disability involving the same condition shall be processed as a new injury  
29 claim by the subsequent employer. *[The standards for determining the*  
30 *compensability of a combined condition under ORS 656.005 (7) shall also be*  
31 *used to determine the occurrence of a new compensable injury or disease under*

1 *this section.*]

2 (2)(a) Any insurer or self-insured employer who disputes responsibility for  
3 a claim shall so indicate in or as part of a denial otherwise meeting the re-  
4 quirements of ORS 656.262 issued in the 60 days allowed for processing of the  
5 claim. The denial shall advise the worker to file separate, timely claims  
6 against other potentially responsible insurers or self-insured employers, in-  
7 cluding other insurers for the same employer, in order to protect the right  
8 to obtain benefits on the claim. The denial may list the names and addresses  
9 of other insurers or self-insured employers. Such denials shall be final unless  
10 the worker files a timely request for hearing pursuant to ORS 656.319. All  
11 such requests for hearing shall be consolidated into one proceeding.

12 (b) No insurer or self-insured employer, including other insurers for the  
13 same employer, shall be joined to any workers' compensation hearing unless  
14 the worker has first filed a timely, written claim against that insurer or  
15 self-insured employer, or the insurer or self-insured employer has consented  
16 to issuance of an order designating a paying agent pursuant to ORS 656.307.  
17 An insurer or self-insured employer against whom a claim is filed may con-  
18 tend that responsibility lies with another insurer or self-insured employer,  
19 including another insurer for the same employer, regardless of whether the  
20 worker has filed a claim against that insurer or self-insured employer.

21 (c) Upon written notice by an insurer or self-insured employer filed not  
22 more than 28 days or less than 14 days before the hearing, the Administrative  
23 Law Judge shall dismiss that party from the proceeding if the record does  
24 not contain substantial evidence to support a finding of responsibility  
25 against that party. The Administrative Law Judge shall decide such motions  
26 and inform the parties not less than seven days prior to the hearing, or  
27 postpone the hearing.

28 (d) Notwithstanding ORS 656.382 (2), 656.386 and 656.388, a reasonable  
29 attorney fee shall be awarded to the attorney for the injured worker for the  
30 attorney's appearance and active and meaningful participation in finally  
31 prevailing against a responsibility denial. The fee shall not exceed \$2,500

1 absent a showing of extraordinary circumstances. The maximum attorney fee  
2 awarded under this paragraph shall be adjusted annually on July 1 by the  
3 same percentage increase as made to the average weekly wage defined in  
4 ORS 656.211, if any.

5 (3) A worker who is a party to an approved disputed claim settlement  
6 agreement under ORS 656.289 (4) may not subsequently file a claim against  
7 an insurer or a self-insured employer who is a party to the agreement with  
8 regard to claim conditions settled in the agreement even if other insurers  
9 or employers disclaim responsibility for those claim conditions. A worker  
10 who is a party to an approved claim disposition agreement under ORS 656.236  
11 (1) may not subsequently file a claim against an insurer or a self-insured  
12 employer who is a party to the agreement with regard to any matter settled  
13 in the agreement even if other insurers or employers disclaim responsibility  
14 for those claim conditions, unless the claim in the subsequent proceeding is  
15 limited to a claim for medical services for claim conditions settled in the  
16 agreement.

17 **SECTION 16.** ORS 656.310 is amended to read:

18 656.310. (1) In any proceeding for the enforcement of a claim for compen-  
19 sation under this chapter, there is a rebuttable presumption that:

20 (a) Sufficient notice of injury was given and timely filed; and

21 (b) The injury was not occasioned by the willful intention of the injured  
22 worker to commit self-injury or suicide.

23 (2) The contents of medical, surgical and hospital reports presented by  
24 claimants for compensation shall constitute prima facie evidence as to the  
25 matter contained therein; so, also, shall such reports presented by the insurer  
26 or self-insured employer, provided that the doctor rendering medical and  
27 surgical reports consents to submit to cross-examination. This subsection  
28 shall also apply to medical or surgical reports from any treating or examin-  
29 ing doctor who is not a resident of Oregon, provided that the claimant,  
30 self-insured employer or the insurer shall have a reasonable time, but no less  
31 than 30 days after receipt of notice that the report will be offered in evidence

1 at a hearing, to cross-examine such doctor by deposition or by written  
2 interrogatories to be settled by the Administrative Law Judge.

3 **(3) If an employer fails to provide wage records in response to an**  
4 **injured worker's request, the wage that the worker alleges is presumed**  
5 **to be correct.**

6 **SECTION 17.** ORS 656.325 is amended to read:

7 656.325. (1)(a) Any worker entitled to receive compensation under this  
8 chapter is required, if requested by the Director of the Department of Con-  
9 sumer and Business Services, the insurer or self-insured employer, to submit  
10 to a medical examination at a time reasonably convenient for the worker as  
11 may be provided by the rules of the director. No more than three independent  
12 medical examinations may be requested except after notification to and au-  
13 thorization by the director. If the worker refuses to submit to any such ex-  
14 amination, or obstructs the same, the rights of the worker to compensation  
15 shall be suspended with the consent of the director until the examination  
16 has taken place, and no compensation shall be payable during or for account  
17 of such period. The provisions of this paragraph are subject to the limita-  
18 tions on medical examinations provided in ORS 656.268.

19 (b) When a worker is requested by the director, the insurer or self-insured  
20 employer to attend an independent medical examination, the examination  
21 must be conducted by a physician selected from a list of qualified physicians  
22 established by the director under ORS 656.328.

23 (c) The director shall adopt rules applicable to independent medical ex-  
24 aminations conducted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection that:

25 (A) Provide a worker the opportunity to request review by the director  
26 of the reasonableness of the location selected for an independent medical  
27 examination. Upon receipt of the request for review, the director shall con-  
28 duct an expedited review of the location selected for the independent medical  
29 examination and issue an order on the reasonableness of the location of the  
30 examination. The director shall determine if there is substantial evidence for  
31 the objection to the location for the independent medical examination based

1 on a conclusion that the required travel is medically contraindicated or  
2 other good cause establishing that the required travel is unreasonable. The  
3 determinations of the director about the location of independent medical  
4 examinations are not subject to review.

5 (B) Impose a monetary penalty against a worker who fails to attend an  
6 independent medical examination without prior notification or without jus-  
7 tification for not attending the examination. A penalty imposed under this  
8 subparagraph may be imposed only on a worker who is not receiving tem-  
9 porary disability benefits under ORS 656.210 or 656.212. An insurer or self-  
10 insured employer may offset any future compensation payable to the worker  
11 to recover any penalty imposed under this subparagraph from a claim with  
12 the same insurer or self-insured employer. When a penalty is recovered from  
13 temporary disability or permanent total disability benefits, the amount re-  
14 covered from each payment may not exceed 25 percent of the benefit payment  
15 without prior authorization from the worker.

16 (C) Impose a sanction against a medical service provider that unreason-  
17 ably fails to provide in a timely manner diagnostic records required for an  
18 independent medical examination.

19 (d) Notwithstanding ORS 656.262 (6), if the director determines that the  
20 location selected for an independent medical examination is unreasonable,  
21 the insurer or self-insured employer shall accept or deny the claim within  
22 90 days after the employer has notice or knowledge of the claim.

23 *[(e) If the worker has made a timely request for a hearing on a denial of*  
24 *compensability as required by ORS 656.319 (1)(a) that is based on one or more*  
25 *reports of examinations conducted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection*  
26 *and the worker's attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to pro-*  
27 *vide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 does not concur with the*  
28 *report or reports, the worker may request an examination to be conducted by*  
29 *a physician selected by the director from the list described in ORS 656.328.*  
30 *The cost of the examination and the examination report shall be paid by the*  
31 *insurer or self-insured employer.]*

1       **(e) If the insurer or self-insured employer procures an independent**  
2 **medical examination or consulting expert opinion for any purpose, the**  
3 **worker is entitled to an examination or opinion by an expert of the**  
4 **worker's choice.**

5       (f) The insurer or self-insured employer shall pay the costs of the medical  
6 examination **or expert opinion** and related services which are reasonably  
7 necessary to allow the worker to submit to any examination requested under  
8 this section. As used in this paragraph, "related services" includes, but is  
9 not limited to, child care, travel, meals, lodging and an amount equivalent  
10 to the worker's net lost wages for the period during which the worker is  
11 absent if the worker does not receive benefits pursuant to ORS 656.210 (4)  
12 during the period of absence. A claim for "related services" described in this  
13 paragraph shall be made in the manner prescribed by the director.

14       (g) A worker who objects to the location of an independent medical ex-  
15 amination must request review by the director under paragraph (c)(A) of this  
16 subsection within six business days of the date the notice of the independent  
17 medical examination was mailed.

18       (2) For any period of time during which any worker commits insanitary  
19 or injurious practices which tend to either imperil or retard recovery of the  
20 worker, or refuses to submit to such medical or surgical treatment as is  
21 reasonably essential to promote recovery, or fails to participate in a program  
22 of physical rehabilitation, the right of the worker to compensation shall be  
23 suspended with the consent of the director and no payment shall be made for  
24 such period. The period during which such worker would otherwise be enti-  
25 tled to compensation may be reduced with the consent of the director to such  
26 an extent as the disability has been increased by such refusal.

27       (3) A worker who has received an award for permanent total or permanent  
28 partial disability should be encouraged to make a reasonable effort to reduce  
29 the disability; and the award shall be subject to periodic examination and  
30 adjustment in conformity with ORS 656.268.

31       (4) When the employer of an injured worker, or the employer's insurer

1 determines that the injured worker has failed to follow medical advice from  
2 the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide  
3 compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 or has failed to participate  
4 in or complete physical restoration or vocational rehabilitation programs  
5 prescribed for the worker pursuant to this chapter, the employer or insurer  
6 may petition the director for reduction of any benefits awarded the worker.  
7 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if the director finds  
8 that the worker has failed to accept treatment as provided in this subsection,  
9 the director may reduce any benefits awarded the worker by such amount  
10 as the director considers appropriate.

11 (5)(a) Except as provided by ORS 656.268 (4)(c) and (11), an insurer or  
12 self-insured employer shall cease making payments pursuant to ORS 656.210  
13 and shall commence making payment of such amounts as are due pursuant  
14 to ORS 656.212 when an injured worker refuses wage earning employment  
15 prior to claim determination and the worker's attending physician or nurse  
16 practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS  
17 656.245, after being notified by the employer of the specific duties to be per-  
18 formed by the injured worker, agrees that the injured worker is capable of  
19 performing the employment offered.

20 (b) If the worker has been terminated for violation of work rules or other  
21 disciplinary reasons, the insurer or self-insured employer shall cease pay-  
22 ments pursuant to ORS 656.210 and commence payments pursuant to ORS  
23 656.212 when the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to  
24 provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 approves employ-  
25 ment in a modified job that would have been offered to the worker if the  
26 worker had remained employed, provided that the employer has a written  
27 policy of offering modified work to injured workers.

28 (c) If the worker is a person present in the United States in violation of  
29 federal immigration laws, the insurer or self-insured employer shall cease  
30 payments pursuant to ORS 656.210 and commence payments pursuant to ORS  
31 656.212 when the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to

1 provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 approves employ-  
2 ment in a modified job whether or not such a job is available.

3 (6) Any party may request a hearing on any dispute under this section  
4 pursuant to ORS 656.283.

5 **SECTION 18.** ORS 656.386 is amended to read:

6 656.386. (1)(a) In all cases involving denied claims where a claimant  
7 finally prevails against the denial in an appeal to the Court of Appeals or  
8 petition for review to the Supreme Court, the court shall allow a reasonable  
9 attorney fee to the claimant's attorney. In such cases involving denied claims  
10 where the claimant prevails finally in a hearing before an Administrative  
11 Law Judge or in a review by the Workers' Compensation Board, then the  
12 Administrative Law Judge or board shall allow a reasonable attorney fee. In  
13 such cases involving denied claims where an attorney is instrumental in ob-  
14 taining a rescission of the denial prior to a decision by the Administrative  
15 Law Judge, a reasonable attorney fee shall be allowed.

16 (b) For purposes of this section, a "denied claim" is:

17 (A) A claim for compensation which an insurer or self-insured employer  
18 refuses to pay on the express ground that the injury or condition for which  
19 compensation is claimed is not compensable or otherwise does not give rise  
20 to an entitlement to any compensation;

21 (B) A claim for compensation for a condition omitted from a notice of  
22 acceptance, made pursuant to ORS 656.262 [(6)(d)] **(6)(c)**, which the insurer  
23 or self-insured employer does not respond to within 60 days;

24 (C) A claim for an aggravation made pursuant to ORS 656.273 (2) or for  
25 a new medical condition made pursuant to ORS 656.267, which the insurer  
26 or self-insured employer does not respond to within 60 days; or

27 (D) A claim for an initial injury or occupational disease to which the  
28 insurer or self-insured employer does not respond within 60 days.

29 (c) A denied claim shall not be presumed or implied from an insurer's or  
30 self-insured employer's failure to pay compensation for a previously accepted  
31 injury or condition in timely fashion. Attorney fees provided for in this

1 subsection shall be paid by the insurer or self-insured employer.

2 (2)(a) If a claimant finally prevails against a denial as provided in sub-  
3 section (1) of this section, the court, board or Administrative Law Judge may  
4 order payment of the claimant's reasonable expenses and costs for records,  
5 expert opinions and witness fees.

6 (b) The court, board or Administrative Law Judge shall determine the  
7 reasonableness of witness fees, expenses and costs for the purpose of para-  
8 graph (a) of this subsection.

9 (c) Payments for witness fees, expenses and costs ordered under this sub-  
10 section shall be made by the insurer or self-insured employer and are in ad-  
11 dition to compensation payable to the claimant.

12 (d) Payments for witness fees, expenses and costs ordered under this sub-  
13 section may not exceed \$1,500 unless the claimant demonstrates extraor-  
14 dinary circumstances justifying payment of a greater amount.

15 (3) If a claimant requests claim reclassification as provided in ORS  
16 656.277 and the insurer or self-insured employer does not respond within 14  
17 days of the request, or if the claimant, insurer or self-insured employer re-  
18 quests a hearing, review, appeal or cross-appeal to the Court of Appeals or  
19 petition for review to the Supreme Court and the Director of the Department  
20 of Consumer and Business Services, Administrative Law Judge, board or  
21 court finally determines that the claim should be classified as disabling, the  
22 director, Administrative Law Judge, board or court may assess a reasonable  
23 attorney fee.

24 (4) In disputes involving a claim for costs, if the claimant prevails on the  
25 claim for any increase of costs, the Administrative Law Judge, board, Court  
26 of Appeals or Supreme Court shall award a reasonable assessed attorney fee  
27 to the claimant's attorney.

28 (5) In all other cases, attorney fees shall be paid from the increase in the  
29 claimant's compensation, if any, except as otherwise expressly provided in  
30 this chapter.

31 **SECTION 19.** ORS 656.704 is amended to read:

1       656.704. (1) Actions and orders of the Director of the Department of Con-  
2       sumer and Business Services regarding matters concerning a claim under this  
3       chapter, and administrative and judicial review of those matters, are subject  
4       to the procedural provisions of this chapter and such procedural rules as the  
5       Workers' Compensation Board may prescribe.

6       (2)(a) A party dissatisfied with an action or order regarding a matter  
7       other than a matter concerning a claim under this chapter may request a  
8       hearing on the matter in writing to the director. The director shall refer the  
9       request for hearing to the Workers' Compensation Board for a hearing before  
10      an Administrative Law Judge. Review of an order issued by the Administra-  
11      tive Law Judge shall be by the director and the director shall issue a final  
12      order that is subject to judicial review as provided by ORS 183.480 to 183.497.

13      (b) The director shall prescribe the classes of orders issued under this  
14      subsection by Administrative Law Judges and other personnel that are final,  
15      appealable orders and those orders that are preliminary orders subject to  
16      revision by the director.

17      (3)(a) For the purpose of determining the respective authority of the di-  
18      rector and the board to conduct hearings, investigations and other pro-  
19      ceedings under this chapter, and for determining the procedure for the  
20      conduct and review thereof, matters concerning a claim under this chapter  
21      are those matters in which a worker's right to receive compensation, or the  
22      amount thereof, are directly in issue. However, subject to paragraph (b) of  
23      this subsection, such matters do not include any disputes arising under ORS  
24      656.245, 656.247, 656.248, 656.260 or 656.327, any other provisions directly re-  
25      lating to the provision of medical services to workers or any disputes arising  
26      under ORS 656.340 except as those provisions may otherwise provide.

27      (b) The respective authority of the board and the director to resolve  
28      medical service disputes shall be determined according to the following  
29      principles:

30      (A) Any dispute that requires a determination of the compensability of the  
31      medical condition for which medical services are proposed is a matter con-

1 cerning a claim.

2 (B) Any dispute that requires a determination of whether medical services  
3 are excessive, inappropriate, ineffectual or in violation of the rules regarding  
4 the performance of medical services, or a determination of whether medical  
5 services for an accepted condition qualify as compensable medical services  
6 among those listed in ORS 656.245 [(1)(c)] **(1)(d)**, is not a matter concerning  
7 a claim.

8 (C) Any dispute that requires a determination of whether a sufficient  
9 causal relationship exists between medical services and an accepted claim to  
10 establish compensability is a matter concerning a claim.

11 (c) Notwithstanding ORS 656.283 (3), if parties to a hearing scheduled  
12 before an Administrative Law Judge are involved in a dispute regarding both  
13 matters concerning a claim and matters not concerning a claim, the Admin-  
14 istrative Law Judge may defer any action on the matter concerning a claim  
15 until the director has completed an administrative review of the matters  
16 other than those concerning a claim. The director shall mail a copy of the  
17 administrative order to the parties and to the Administrative Law Judge. A  
18 party may request a hearing on the order of the director. At the request of  
19 a party or by the own motion of the Administrative Law Judge, the hearings  
20 on the separate matters may be consolidated. The Administrative Law Judge  
21 shall issue an order for those matters concerning a claim and a separate  
22 order for matters other than those concerning a claim.

23 (4) Hearings under ORS 656.740 shall be conducted by an Administrative  
24 Law Judge from the board's Hearings Division.

25 (5) If a request for hearing or administrative review is filed with either  
26 the director or the board and it is determined that the request should have  
27 been filed with the other, the dispute shall be transferred. Filing a request  
28 will be timely filed if the original filing was completed within the prescribed  
29 time.

30 **SECTION 20.** ORS 656.802 is amended to read:

31 656.802. (1)(a) As used in this chapter, "occupational disease" means any

1 disease or infection arising out of and in the course of employment caused  
2 by substances or activities to which an employee is not ordinarily subjected  
3 or exposed other than during a period of regular actual employment therein,  
4 and which requires medical services or results in disability or death, in-  
5 cluding:

6 (A) Any disease or infection caused by ingestion of, absorption of,  
7 inhalation of or contact with dust, fumes, vapors, gases, radiation or other  
8 substances.

9 (B) Any mental disorder, whether sudden or gradual in onset, which re-  
10 quires medical services or results in physical or mental disability or death.

11 (C) Any series of traumatic events or occurrences which requires medical  
12 services or results in physical disability or death.

13 (b) As used in this chapter, “mental disorder” includes any physical dis-  
14 order caused or worsened by mental stress.

15 [(2)(a)] (2) The worker must prove that employment conditions were the  
16 major contributing cause of the disease.

17 [(b) *If the occupational disease claim is based on the worsening of a pre-*  
18 *existing disease or condition pursuant to ORS 656.005 (7), the worker must*  
19 *prove that employment conditions were the major contributing cause of the*  
20 *combined condition and pathological worsening of the disease.*]

21 [(c) *Occupational diseases shall be subject to all of the same limitations and*  
22 *exclusions as accidental injuries under ORS 656.005 (7).*]

23 [(d) *Existence of an occupational disease or worsening of a preexisting*  
24 *disease must be established by medical evidence supported by objective*  
25 *findings.*]

26 [(e) *Preexisting conditions shall be deemed causes in determining major*  
27 *contributing cause under this section.*]

28 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a mental disorder  
29 is not compensable under this chapter unless the worker establishes all of  
30 the following:

31 (a) The employment conditions producing the mental disorder exist in a

1 real and objective sense.

2 (b) The employment conditions producing the mental disorder are condi-  
3 tions other than conditions generally inherent in every working situation or  
4 reasonable disciplinary, corrective or job performance evaluation actions by  
5 the employer, or cessation of employment or employment decisions attendant  
6 upon ordinary business or financial cycles.

7 (c) There is a diagnosis of a mental or emotional disorder which is gen-  
8 erally recognized in the medical or psychological community.

9 (d) There is clear and convincing evidence that the mental disorder arose  
10 out of and in the course of employment.

11 (4) Death, disability or impairment of health of firefighters of any poli-  
12 tical division who have completed five or more years of employment as fire-  
13 fighters, caused by any disease of the lungs or respiratory tract, hypertension  
14 or cardiovascular-renal disease, and resulting from their employment as  
15 firefighters is an "occupational disease." Any condition or impairment of  
16 health arising under this subsection shall be presumed to result from a  
17 firefighter's employment. However, any such firefighter must have taken a  
18 physical examination upon becoming a firefighter, or subsequently thereto,  
19 which failed to reveal any evidence of such condition or impairment of  
20 health which preexisted employment. Denial of a claim for any condition  
21 or impairment of health arising under this subsection must be on the basis  
22 of clear and convincing medical evidence that the cause of the condition or  
23 impairment is unrelated to the firefighter's employment.

24 (5)(a) Death, disability or impairment of health of a nonvolunteer fire-  
25 fighter employed by a political division or subdivision who has completed  
26 five or more years of employment as a nonvolunteer firefighter is an occu-  
27 pational disease if the death, disability or impairment of health:

28 (A) Is caused by brain cancer, colon cancer, stomach cancer, testicular  
29 cancer, prostate cancer, multiple myeloma, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, cancer  
30 of the throat or mouth, rectal cancer, breast cancer or leukemia;

31 (B) Results from the firefighter's employment as a nonvolunteer fire-

1 fighter; and

2 (C) Is first diagnosed by a physician after July 1, 2009.

3 (b) Any condition or impairment of health arising under this subsection  
4 is presumed to result from the firefighter's employment. Denial of a claim for  
5 any condition or impairment of health arising under this subsection must be  
6 on the basis of clear and convincing medical evidence that the condition or  
7 impairment was not caused or contributed to in material part by the  
8 firefighter's employment.

9 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) of this subsection, the presumption es-  
10 tablished under paragraph (b) of this subsection may be rebutted by clear and  
11 convincing evidence that the use of tobacco by the nonvolunteer firefighter  
12 is the major contributing cause of the cancer.

13 (d) The presumption established under paragraph (b) of this subsection  
14 does not apply to prostate cancer if the cancer is first diagnosed by a phy-  
15 sician after the firefighter has reached the age of 55. However, nothing in  
16 this paragraph affects the right of a firefighter to establish the  
17 compensability of prostate cancer without benefit of the presumption.

18 (e) The presumption established under paragraph (b) of this subsection  
19 does not apply to claims filed more than 84 months following the termination  
20 of the nonvolunteer firefighter's employment as a nonvolunteer firefighter.  
21 However, nothing in this paragraph affects the right of a firefighter to es-  
22 tablish the compensability of the cancer without benefit of the presumption.

23 (f) The presumption established under paragraph (b) of this subsection  
24 does not apply to volunteer firefighters.

25 (g) Nothing in this subsection affects the provisions of subsection (4) of  
26 this section.

27 (h) For purposes of this subsection, "nonvolunteer firefighter" means a  
28 firefighter who performs firefighting services and receives salary, hourly  
29 wages equal to or greater than the state minimum wage, or other compen-  
30 sation except for room, board, lodging, housing, meals, stipends, reimburse-  
31 ment for expenses or nominal payments for time and travel, regardless of

1 whether any such compensation is subject to federal, state or local taxation.  
2 “Nominal payments for time and travel” includes, but is not limited to,  
3 payments for on-call time or time spent responding to a call or similar non-  
4 cash benefits.

5 (6) Notwithstanding ORS 656.027 (6), any city providing a disability and  
6 retirement system by ordinance or charter for firefighters and police officers  
7 not subject to this chapter shall apply the presumptions established under  
8 subsection (5) of this section when processing claims for firefighters covered  
9 by the system.

10 **SECTION 21.** ORS 656.804 is amended to read:

11 656.804. Subject to ORS 656.005 (24) [*and* 656.266 (2)], an occupational  
12 disease, as defined in ORS 656.802, is considered an injury for employees of  
13 employers who have come under this chapter, except as otherwise provided  
14 in ORS 656.802 to 656.807.

15 **SECTION 22.** The amendments to ORS 656.005, 656.206, 656.210,  
16 656.214, 656.225, 656.236, 656.245, 656.260, 656.262, 656.266, 656.267, 656.268,  
17 656.283, 656.308, 656.310, 656.325, 656.386, 656.704, 656.802 and 656.804 by  
18 sections 1 to 21 of this 2019 Act apply to all claims or causes of action  
19 that exist or that arise on or after the effective date of this 2019 Act,  
20 regardless of the date of injury or the date a claim is presented. This  
21 2019 Act is retroactive unless a specific provision of this 2019 Act in-  
22 dicates otherwise.

23 **SECTION 23.** This 2019 Act being necessary for the immediate  
24 preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is  
25 declared to exist, and this 2019 Act takes effect on its passage.

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