

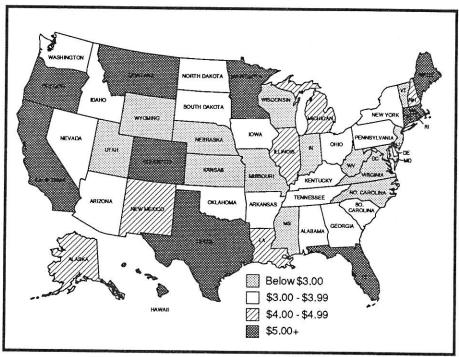
Oregon employers pay, on average, the 8th highest workers' compensation insurance premium rates in the nation. This represents no change from Oregon's position as found in a similar 1988 study.

Oregon's premium rate index is \$5.65 per \$100 of payroll. National premium rate indices range from a low of \$1.53 in North Carolina to a high of \$6.72 in Minnesota. Thirteen jurisdictions have premium rates above \$5.00; six are in the \$4.00 - \$4.99 range; 18 are in the \$3.00 - \$3.99 range; and 14 are under \$3.00 (see Figure 1 below). Indices are based on data from 51 jurisdictions for rates in effect during 1990.

Classification codes from the National Council on Compensation Insurance (NCCI) were used in this study. Of the 517 active classifications in Oregon, 50 were selected based on relative importance as measured by percent of losses. To control for differences in industry distributions, each state's rates were weighted by Oregon payroll in the selected classifications. Listed below is Oregon's ranking in the top ten of the fifty payroll classifications used:

FIGURE 1
1990 Workers' Compensation Premium Rates





A table on the back contains the premium rate ranking for all 51 jurisdictions.

Table 1
Workers' Compensation Premium Rate Ranking

1990 <u>Rank</u>	<u>State</u>	Index <u>Rate</u>	1990 <u>Rank</u>	<u>State</u>	Index <u>Rate</u>
	Minnesota Texas Montana Florida Colorado Hawaii Rhode Island OREGON California Connecticut District of Columbia Maine Massachusetts New Mexico Alaska Louisiana Illinois New Hampshire Michigan Pennsylvania North Dakota Arizona Washington		Rank 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Georgia Oklahoma Arkansas New York Alabama Tennessee Delaware Kentucky South Carolina Iowa South Dakota Wisconsin Mississippi Vermont Missouri Maryland New Jersey Wyoming Kansas Utah Nebraska West Virginia Virginia	3.57 3.55 3.48 3.46 3.41 3.26 3.24 3.22 3.06 3.06 2.99 2.94 2.88 2.65 2.61 2.48 2.47 2.43 2.31 2.30 2.19
24 25 26	Nevada Ohio Idaho	3.88 3.81 3.80	50 51	Indiana North Carolina	2.03 1.53

Rates vary by classification and insurer in each state. Actual cost to an employer can be adjusted by the employer's experience rating, premium discount, retrospective rating, and dividends.

Employers can reduce their workers' compensation rates through accident prevention, safety training and by helping injured workers to return to work.

440/2082 (6/90)

Detailed Ranking Report available from the DIF Research & Analysis Section at (503) 378-8254

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