



Certification Programs for Water and Wastewater System Operators



State of Oregon
**Department of
Environmental
Quality**

A joint report of the Department of Human Services, Drinking Water Program
and the Department of Environmental Quality, Wastewater Program

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The Department of Human Services Drinking Water Program (DHS-DWP) and the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) prepared this report in accordance with the requirements of ORS 448.409. The report describes the activities of DHS-DWP and DEQ under their respective water and wastewater operator certification programs from January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2010.

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Executive Summary

Oregon law requires owners of public and private drinking water and wastewater systems to have their systems under responsible control and direction of certified operators. Trained and certified operators are necessary to ensure that the systems are managed in a manner that fully protects public health and the environment. Certified operators also improve facility operation and compliance, protect the public's investment in the facilities, and instill public confidence in the safety and certainty of services. The Department of Human Services Drinking Water Program administers the certification program for drinking water system operators, and the Department of Environmental Quality administers the program for domestic wastewater system operators.

DHS-DWP and DEQ coordinate activities to benefit their respective certification programs. Coordination efforts include, but are not limited to, representation and input at advisory committee meetings on program activities, effectiveness and rulemaking, general program administration in areas such as testing, efficiencies and the sharing of operator work experience records. Another important area of coordination includes input to trainers and educators through the Oregon Environmental Services Advisory Council (OESAC) for workforce training and continuing education. Program staff also works with the Associated Boards of Certification (ABC), a national accreditation organization on issues germane to certification program operation. Both programs have contracted with Association of Boards of Certification (ABC) for the new computer based testing. Oregon has seven testing centers.

This report includes an overview of program activities and accomplishments. Several initiatives have been undertaken to improve program efficiency, including the use of standardized tests and increased use of electronic communication and data base systems. Other program highlights for 2009 and 2010 are noted below.

In November 2008 DHS-DWP implemented the start up of the on-line renewal and secure pay processing. The first year approximately 40 operators utilized the on-line renewal. As of March 2010, 18 percent of operators utilized the on-line renewal and secure pay. The implementation of the computer-based testing began with the November 2009 special exam. The DHS-DWP operator certification unit has a new interim manager due to a retirement. There was no other staff turnover during this report period. The DHS-DWP re-established a sub-committee of members of its Drinking Water Advisory Committee to work on issues specific to operator certification. This committee's work will be on-going. The DHS-DWP investigated three reports of misconduct during this report period. The total number of operators certified in drinking water system operation level 1-4 is 1,903. The total number of small water system certified operators is 979. The SWS operators are certified following attendance at a DHS-DWP sponsored water training course specifically designed for operators of small water systems. Figures for this group are separated from the larger public water supplier group because small water system operators have unique characteristics (e.g. certifications are not transferable, there is no fee, there is no reciprocity, certificates are good for three years and they take no exams). The DHS-DWP has increased overall compliance rates from the previous biennium's 91 percent to 92.4 percent.

DEQ has certified 1734 wastewater system operators. DEQ worked with ABC to evaluate and revise wastewater collection and treatment system operator tests during the biennium. The average number of visits to the DEQ operator certification Web page in 2010 was 780 a month, an increase from 700 in 2008. As more people access certification program information and material via the Internet, resource intensive phone requests for certified operator information and application forms by mail are reduced. DEQ investigated and resolved all complaints of operator misconduct or improper operator supervisory designations without assistance from the Department of Justice.

The DEQ Operator Certification Program experienced a complete staff turnover during the biennium. The long-time specialist retired in August and was replaced in October, 2010. The program has a new manager and administrative support. In addition, the program moved from The Dalles to Portland in October, 2010.

DHS-DWP and DEQ Operator Certification Program comparative information for 2009 and 2010 is summarized in Table 1.

**Table 1: DHS-DWP and DEQ Operator Certification Programs
2009 – 2010**

CATEGORY	DHS WATER		DEQ WASTEWATER	
Total Persons Certified	1903		1734	
Holding Two Certificates DHS-DWP <u>or</u> DEQ	567 (29 percent) (Distribution & Treatment)		711 (41 percent) (Collection & Treatment)	
Certified by DHS-DWP <u>and</u> DEQ	635 (33 percent)		635 (37 percent)	
Certificate Applications Reviewed ¹	998		896	
Applications Denied	230		201	
Certificates Issued by Reciprocity	25		17	
Examinations (scheduled)	735		884	
Operator-In-Training ²	N/A		83	
Continuing Education Required	2.0 CEUs every two years		2.0 CEUs every two years	
Certification Renewal Period	Annual		Biennial	
Certificates	Distribution	Treatment	Collection	Treatment
Provisional Grade I Certificate	N/A	N/A	7	10
Grade 1 Certificate	630	346	469	405
Grade 2 Certificate	637	239	473	329
Grade 3 Certificate	234	109	181	184
Grade 4 Certificate	139	108	151	242
Filtration Endorsement	N/A	59	N/A	N/A
Total Certificates by Type	1640	802	1281	1170
Total Certificates	2442		2451	
Systems Where Certified Operators Required	Distribution	Treatment	Collection	Treatment
Class 1	179	67	132	150
Class 2	131	95	132	91
Class 3	29	22	45	45
Class 4	11	5	25	39
Total Systems by Type	350	189	334 ³	325
Total Entities	356		378	
Certificate Fee (application, exam & license document)	One cert. \$75.00 to \$145.00 Filtration Endorsement: \$100.00		One cert. \$100.00 to \$160.00 Grade I combined \$150.00	
Renewal Fee — One Certificate	All Grades \$40.00 for one year		All Grades \$100.00 for two years	
Renewal Fee — Second Certificate	All Grades \$20.00 for one year		No Additional Fee	
Program Staffing	1.0 Compliance Specialist 2		1.0 Natural Resource Specialist	
	1.0 Office Specialist		1.0 Office Specialist	
SMALL WATER SYSTEM OPERATOR PROGRAM				
Number of “S” Operator Certificates	979	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of Systems with “S” Required	836	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ “Application” count does not include continuing education evaluations for renewal or reinstatement eligibility.

² A “non-certified” applicant who has passed an examination, but has not yet qualified by education and/or experience for a certificate. These numbers are not included in the total certificate count.

³ Of this number, 54 are regulated upstream or “satellite” wastewater collection systems that are connected to other regulated entities providing wastewater collection and/or treatment.

Certification Program for Drinking Water System Operators

Under ORS 448, the Drinking Water Program of the Department of Human Services (DHS-DWP) classifies all drinking water treatment and distribution systems and certifies individuals qualified to operate these systems. All community water systems using surface water sources, and those using groundwater sources with more than 150 service connections, must be under the supervision of an operator with a certificate equal to or higher in grade than the water system classification (Levels 1-4). Beginning in 2001, pursuant to House Bill 2239 and subsequent administrative rules (OAR 333-061-0228), all community and non-transient non-community water systems using only groundwater and having fewer than 150 connections were required to be under the supervision of a certified operator. In 2004, rule changes added small systems that purchase water from a community or non-transient non-community and which do not add any additional treatment to this category, and changed the name from “Small Groundwater Systems” to “Small Water Systems”. This group must simply attend training every three years in order to remain in compliance.

Program Activities

Coordination and Development:

1. Network with other certifying authorities, organizations, and states
2. Manage data, receipts, refunds, and reports
3. Manage services agreement contract for exams and grading by the Association of Boards of Certification
4. Manage services agreement contract for computer based exams and grading by the Applied Management Professionals through Association of Boards of Certification
5. Participate in the activities of the Oregon Environmental Services Advisory Council, which evaluates and assigns Continuing Education Units (CEUs) to courses offered for professional growth and assists in coordinating statewide training in environmental technology
6. Provide staff support for the Certification Subcommittee of the Drinking Water Advisory Committee
7. Attendance and presentations at industry sponsored training conferences.

Water System Classification:

1. Classify systems in the areas of distribution, treatment, and filtration method to determine operator certificate grade level requirements

Operator Certification for Grades 1- 4 and Filtration Endorsement:

1. Review, evaluate, and verify applications for certification including new exams, special exams, upgrades, reciprocity, renewal and reinstatement for applicants in the four levels of treatment, four levels of distribution, and filtration endorsement
2. Schedule exams, secure sites, order exams, schedule proctors, and proctor exams
3. Provide information on examination study materials; notify examinees of exam results
4. Review and amend Water Operator Certification Rules as needed.
5. Issue Certificates

Technical Assistance and Training:

1. Respond to inquiries on certification requirements, and procedures
2. Provide lists of qualified operators to systems recruiting for vacancies
3. Provide technical assistance and data management support to DHS-DWP staff regarding system operator and certification compliance

Compliance and Enforcement:

1. Track compliance by water systems with requirements to have certified and qualified operator and report performance measures quarterly
2. Respond to complaints and investigate allegations of fraud, misconduct, or false reporting
3. Track professional growth for individual operators
4. Initiate enforcement against non-compliers
5. Revoke/Suspend certificates when necessary

Small Water System Operator Certification:

1. Review, evaluate, and verify SWS operator designation application with required training.
2. Work with contractors to develop appropriate training materials for small water system operators.
3. Renew SWS operator certifications once every three years

Efficiency and Service Improvements:

1. Automated exam score results
2. Implement computer based exams for all special exams
3. Web site on-line renewal and payment process began November 2008.
4. Update website information and resources for operators and water systems
5. Certification program staff work with field staff to monitor compliance and assure proper system classification
6. Improvements in our Web site training make it easier for operators to identify and access approved training
7. Work with Department Information Services program staff to implement and customize the *License2000* data system to support Operator Certification Program needs for the future.

Coordination and Development

Program staff participates in the activities of the Oregon Environmental Services Advisory Committee (OESAC) which reviews proposed training for qualifications of instructors, determines relevancy of course material, assigns continuing education units, and coordinates the training opportunities around the state. OESAC is composed of representatives from community colleges, professional organizations in the water and wastewater industry, the office of Professional Technical Education of the Department of Education, DHS-DWP, and DEQ. Coordinated efforts have helped to improve the OESAC website www.oesac.org, which is updated monthly for the benefit of operators and trainers.

Reciprocity certificates are granted on a case-by-case basis when an operator's experience, education, and examination results meet established criteria. The criteria closely follow the Model Certification Program Standards, developed by the Association of Boards of Certification (ABC) whose membership consists of over 90 certifying authorities representing more than 40 states and 10 Canadian provinces. Program standards, uniform testing, and networking among certifying authorities help enable operators certified in Oregon to receive reciprocity in other states or provinces.

The Program contracts with the ABC testing service. These tests are given throughout North America and internationally under strict standards set by ABC. To maintain this contract, staff is closely involved with the training procedures of all proctors. ABC contracts with Applied Measurement Professionals (AMP). AMP provides service which allows operators to take exams via computer at seven testing centers throughout Oregon. Examinees value computer-based testing as a convenient alternative to the paper pencil exams, enabling them to schedule the exams anytime during the month and then access score reports when complete. This service reduces overhead and workload along with quicker compliance for water systems.

Water System Classification

All water systems are classified as small water, water distribution, or water treatment based on size and complexity, as determined by the DHS-DWP. A water system is classified as a Small Water System if it has fewer than 150 connections and either uses only groundwater as its source or it purchases water that needs no further treatment once reaching the purchasing system. Distribution systems, with four levels of complexity, are classified based on population served. Water treatment plant classification, also with four levels of complexity, is based on a point system assigned to reflect the complexity of the treatment process used at the plant. A filtration endorsement is required for treatment plants that use conventional filtration. These classifications are used to determine the qualifications required of personnel in direct responsible charge of each water system. There are currently 354 water systems that require Level 1-4 certified operators, and 847 systems classified as Small Water Systems.

Operator Certification for Grades 1- 4 and Filtration Endorsement

Regular certification exams are scheduled and administered by program staff and are offered in May and October of each year at multiple locations around the state. A total of 1,012 applications for exams or reciprocity were reviewed and 734 exams were given during this two-year period, including requests for special exams which numbered 133.

Besides the regular exam (paper and pencil) the DHS-DWP also provides 5 special exams during the year which are now given by computer provided by ABC. Computer exams are held at local H & R Block centers. The special exam let applicants schedule their own test time anytime within the month Monday through Saturday. The special exams are offered in February, April, June, July and November.

Successful applicants (scoring 70 percent or above) may become certified. All candidates are provided with individualized exam results noting the areas of deficiency. Staff evaluates exams and works with trainers to develop training intended specifically to improve areas of deficiency.

The Operator Certification Program has continued to show wide acceptance by the water industry. The number of certified operators in grades 1-4 has increased from 1,394 in 1990, to 1,903 today. The small water system operators were not listed in the total count of earlier reports, and therefore, not included in the comparison above. The increase over the years in certified operators represents the growing professionalism in the industry and the support for certification by water systems.

Certificates for Water Treatment and Water Distribution Grades 1-4 are renewed annually. Certified Operators are required to demonstrate professional growth in the field by completing two (2.0) Continuing Education Units (CEUs) every two years in order to renew their certificates. One CEU is equivalent to 10 contact hours of lecture or formalized training in water treatment or distribution and related fields. Continuing education ensures that operators maintain and enhance their skills and keep pace with changing regulations and technology. Training opportunities are plentiful in the state and well attended.

Technical Assistance and Training

During the past two years, program staff responded to thousands of requests for assistance from system owners, operator personnel, training providers, vocational counselors, and regional staff regarding operator certificate qualifications, application forms, continuing education, system classification, and rule interpretation. Upon request, a list of qualified operators is provided to communities, water systems, and organizations, etc. to assist them in recruiting new operators or sending technical course information mailings. Operators are now given an opportunity to opt out of this list, but very few have done so. Staff routinely provides educational presentations at industry sponsored conferences to facilitate better understanding of program goals and requirements. These presentations are well received by industry groups.

Compliance and Enforcement

DHS-DWP staff responds to allegations of fraud or misconduct from employees from water systems regarding compliance with applicable rules and standards. The program is typically able to resolve these issues by contacting the appropriate parties and clarifying the regulatory requirements. Compliance with Operator Certification requirements is included with any administrative orders generated by the Drinking Water Program. The program is currently responding to two reports of fraud in exam application submittal. The program revoked one certification due to neglect of duties and fraudulent sampling. One system going forward with formal enforcement failed to hire a certified operator among other violations. Two were resolved without any disciplinary action due to the inability to substantiate the complaints.

Certification Staff routinely work with other DHS-DWP staff to provide compliance assistance to system owners, respond to requests for time extensions for operator hiring and examination, proctor regular exams, and/or initiate enforcement as needed.

Systems have 30 days to inform DHS-DWP of any change in the operator designated in direct responsible charge of their water system. Compliance is tracked quarterly, and staff makes contact with systems out of compliance. Plans for compliance are initiated, and these informal actions have been successful in gaining compliance. About 92.4 percent of systems are currently in compliance with certification requirements.

Program rules allow DHS-DWP to suspend an operator's certificate of competency for violation of any portion of the certification rules if the Department finds that such violation(s) constitute(s) a serious danger to the public health or safety.

Small Water System Operator Certification

This element of the Certification program is supported by a grant from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that is allotted to states to fund the training and certification for the operators of Small Water Systems which are defined as community or non-transient non-community systems serving fewer than 150 connections from a groundwater source.

The grant has been utilized to fund a contract with the Rural Community Assistant Corporation for the development of updated training materials suitable for small water operators. The materials are based on a "Need to Know" criteria document developed by a group of drinking water stakeholders. The training materials consist of a manual with individual, updatable Fact Sheets on various program elements. The same training provided in a classroom is now available on-line as a distance learning component which makes the training more accessible than ever to rural community operators. The training is 6 hours and provides .6 continuing education units as required for professional growth. Training and recertification is every three years. DHS-DWP is considering offering an additional professional training also 6 hours to compliment the current requirement. An operator who had already taken the current training will be requested to take the additional training.

Efficiency and Service Improvements

Certification staff presented training around the state to update operators on rule changes and new resources that are available. Systems and operators are advised of the latest program information via the website and the *Pipeline*, our quarterly newsletter, which is sent to operators and water systems. Technical staff works closely with the certification staff to monitor certification compliance of systems, advise of system upgrades, and assure proper system classification.

The web page for each water system on our website now includes operator's names, certification numbers, and their expiration date. This provides certification compliance information to DHS-DWP staff, water systems, and the public.

Since early 2007, DHS-DWP worked on setting up an on-line renewal process. This on-line web based certification renewal enables operators to pay renewal fees on line and streamline the renewal process. The web-based renewal came on-line for the 2010 renewals in November 2009. We have advised operators of the new process through conference presentations and the *Pipeline* newsletter.

Operators continue to make good use of the OESAC website to check if the course they have attended or want to attend has been approved for CEUs for their drinking water certification renewal. This has proven to be a great asset to water system supervisors, operators and trainers. In 2009 the OESAC website was upgraded to a new look and added a scheduling calendar as a new resource.

The number of exams now available for Level 1-4 operators is 9. In 2010, the operator certification unit suspended offering "multiple entry" exams, which are used when operators take an exam out of sequence. These exams have 120-180 questions and cover material from the lower exams that were skipped. It was learned that exam questions from the lower exams were passed, but that the higher level exam questions were missed which made the score for the higher level exam less than the 70 percent passing score.

Oregon law requires owners of drinking water (public and private) to have their systems under the responsible control and direction of certified operators. Trained and certified operators are necessary to ensure that the systems are managed in a manner that fully protects public health and the environment. DHS-DWP administers the certification program for drinking water system operators.

In the 2009 legislative session the senate passed HB2009 whereby the Department of Public Health, Drinking Water Program, Operator Certification unit will fall under The Oregon Health Authority on July 1, 2011. The function groups under Oregon Health Authority are to be Public Health, Mental Health and Health Care. We will then be known as OHA-DWP.

Certification Program for Wastewater System Operators

ORS 448 requires the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) to certify persons operating or supervising the operation of sewage treatment works (wastewater systems). Wastewater systems include collection systems, treatment systems and combined collection and treatment systems, whether publicly or privately owned. The Wastewater System Operator Certification Program (program), as adopted in rule by the Environmental Quality Commission (EQC), requires DEQ to:

- Classify systems and define requirements of system owners;
- Certify persons qualified to operate and supervise systems;
- Set forth a system of penalties for rule violations;
- Revoke or refuse to issue certificates for established grounds;
- Provide for variances to the rules; and,
- Establish certification fees based on the principle of cost recovery.

Program Activities

Program Coordination & Development:

1. Develop forms and guidance material
2. Manage data, invoicing, collection, receipts, refunds and reports
3. Manage contract for testing services by the Association of Boards of Certification(ABC)
4. Review and amend rules, including fees
5. Coordinate and provide staff support for DEQ's Operator Certification Advisory Committee
6. Communicate with trainers to assess training needs and career development ladders, and participate with the Oregon Environmental Services Advisory Council (OESAC) for work force training and continuing education
7. Act as liaison with the AABC, North American certifying authorities, and organizations that represent wastewater system operators, owners, vocational-technical educators, and the water quality control industry

Wastewater System Classification:

1. Compile, evaluate and interpret design summary, operation, maintenance, and operational compliance information for wastewater systems statewide
2. Classify systems to determine operator or supervisor certificate grade requirement
3. Coordinate permit notification to system owners

Operator Certification & Examination:

1. Evaluate education, training and experience qualifications for certification including provisional and standard certificates, certificate by reciprocity, continuing education, renewal and reinstatement.
2. Evaluate and provide examination accommodations for the disabled
3. Develop, validate, maintain, and secure examinations
4. Prepare and distribute exam study guidance
5. Schedule exams and proctors
6. Score exams and provide notice of results
7. Issue certificates and periodic certificate validation
8. Review and amend Wastewater Operator Certification Rules as needed

Technical Assistance & Training:

1. Respond to inquiries and provide guidance and interpretation of certification requirements regarding system owner, supervisor, operator, and contractor operability issues
2. Provide technical assistance and record support for the OESAC Continuing Education Committee.
3. Provide technical assistance and data management support to DEQ staff regarding system owner and operator certification compliance

Compliance, Variance & Enforcement:

1. Track compliance of system owners and operators
2. Respond to complaints and inquiries, including evaluation of compliance investigations and actions, and certificate sanction or revocation
3. Evaluate and prepare responses to variance applications

Coordination and Development

DEQ program staff routinely provides technical assistance to system owners, responds to requests for time extensions for operator hiring and examination, administers examinations, and may initiate enforcement activity as warranted to compel compliance.

Program staff is represented on the OESAC. DEQ supports and participates with OESAC to identify, develop and evaluate workforce training and assign Continuing Education Units (CEUs) to qualifying courses including those approved for certificate renewal.

DEQ rules provide for a standing Operator Certification Advisory Committee to provide advice and make recommendations to the program. Advisory committee members are appointed by DEQ's Director and represent wastewater system owners and operators, professional technical education and training, and interested parties including the Oregon Association of Clean Water Agencies, League of Oregon Cities, Oregon Association of Water Utilities, and the Pacific Northwest Clean Water Association. DHS-DWP staff also plays an important program advisory role.

Wastewater System Classification

Wastewater systems are classified by DEQ in two areas, collection or treatment, and at one of four levels based upon a system's size, complexity and degree of difficulty to operate. These classifications establish the certificate type and grade level requirement for the operator. Some entities have both a collection and treatment system classification, while others have only one type of system. As of December 31, 2010, there were a total of 378 classified systems where certification of operators is required (Table 2). Additionally, there are about 55 systems where voluntary certification is encouraged by DEQ.

Table 2: Oregon Classified Wastewater Systems - December 2010

Classified Wastewater Systems	CERTIFICATION	
	MANDATORY	VOLUNTARY*
Collection & Treatment	280	20
Collection Only	54	8
Treatment Only	44	27
TOTAL	378	55

* These systems are not required to have certified operators but choose to have them anyway.

DEQ conducts classification reviews for a system whenever a permit action occurs (new permit, permit renewal or modification) or a technical evaluation is required (plan review). Over the past two years, DEQ staff reviewed system classifications for about 72 facilities, including seven new ones. Five systems were re-classified higher or lower, or dropped from operator certification requirements.

Operator Certification and Examination

Oregon has a long history of operator certification dating back to the beginning of the former all-voluntary program in 1956. Today, as then, an operator must meet minimum standards for education and operator work experience and pass an examination to obtain a renewable certificate. DEQ examinations are standardized closed-book tests of 100 questions developed jointly by DEQ and ABC for both collection and treatment system operation available in paper and computer-based formats.

In 2009 and 2010, program staff continued to participate on the ABC Validation and Examination Committee to evaluate and revise wastewater collection questions and tests in follow-up to a survey of essential "need-to-know" job tasks, duties and responsibilities. All wastewater treatment tests were revised by a similar process in 2008. During this reporting period, DEQ scheduled 884 examinations, including 79 that were scheduled on dates to accommodate individual operator or employer needs.

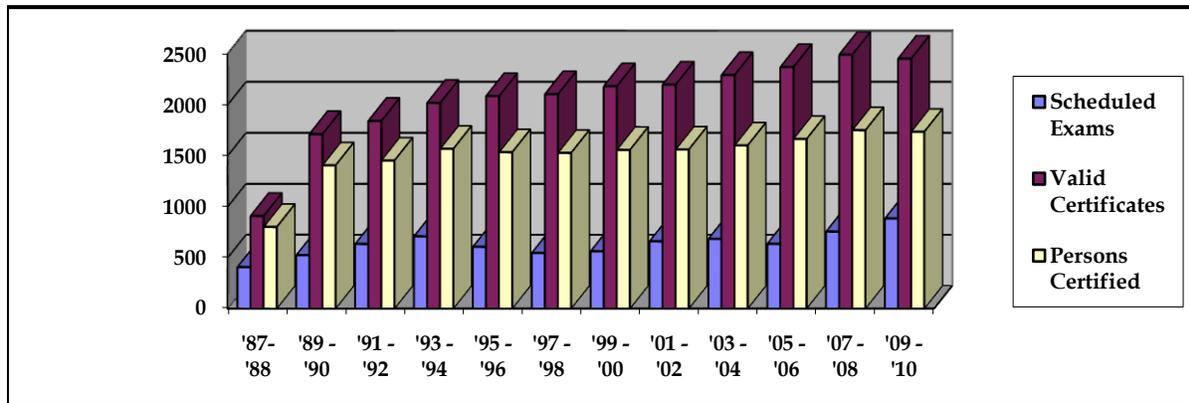
DEQ schedules and administers traditional paper-based tests twice each year (Spring and Fall) at several sites around the state. Beginning in 2009, individuals have been able to request a computer-based test for the open-schedule fee of \$100, payable in addition to standard fees. No additional fee is charged to accommodate a disability. Approved candidates schedule their tests Monday through Saturday year-around with ABC contractor Applied Measurement Professionals (AMP) providing a network of over 170 secured and proctored testing centers across the United States, including seven locations in Oregon. After scoring and analysis by ABC, all test results are evaluated by DEQ.

As of December 31, 2010, 1734 persons were certified in wastewater system operation, including 13 holding provisional certificates that enable on-the-job training. About 120 persons hold expired certificates eligible for reinstatement. The total number of valid certificates on this date was 2451, as about 41 percent or 711 persons hold both a certificate in collection system operation and a certificate in treatment system operation. The following graph (Figure 1) shows how the number of scheduled examinations, valid certificates and persons certified has grown since 1987.

Continuing Education

To be eligible to renew a certificate, an operator needs to accumulate a minimum of two (2.0) Continuing Education Units

**Figure 1: Oregon's Wastewater Operator Certification Program
1987 - 2010**



(CEUs) or equivalent, or two hours of community college, college or university credit. One CEU equals ten contact hours of participation in an organized continuing education experience under responsible sponsorship, capable direction and qualified instruction. CEUs or credit must have direct application to wastewater system (collection or treatment) operator job tasks and required knowledge. Continuing education promotes professional growth, helps ensure that operators maintain their skills in keeping with changing technology and regulations, and ultimately enhances safe and effective practices in the field. During this reporting period, all the operators who were required to report were able to document the continuing education claimed.

Technical Assistance and Training

During the past two years, program staff responded to hundreds of requests for assistance from system owners, operator personnel, training providers and DEQ regional staff regarding operator certificate qualifications, application forms, continuing education, system classification and rule interpretation. DEQ also provides certified operator and classified system information to system owners (employers), operators, vocational counselors, organizations, etc., to help with operator training, recruiting, and job placement

Training of operators is accomplished by a host of non-profit organizations, community colleges, foundations, public and private sector consultants and professional trainers. In addition to classroom and formalized on-the-job training, numerous opportunities exist for traditional correspondence and distance learning, such as over the Internet, of which there are over 32 offerings. In Oregon in 2009 and 2010, there were over 288 documented opportunities via seminar, workshop, specialty “schools” or conferences for face-to-face operator continuing education, providing more than 143 CEUs (equal to 1,400+ contact hours) approved by OESAC and DEQ for certificate renewal or advancement. DEQ staff routinely assists in developing operator training, and often deliver training topics including certification requirements, system operation and compliance issues. DEQ staff assisted with or made presentations at 21 of these events.

Compliance, Variance and Enforcement

DEQ determines permit compliance by reviewing self-monitoring reports, written operator designations, file records, and through field inspections, surveys, and other investigative techniques. DEQ has significant enforcement authority to compel compliance should it be needed and program rules call for the Director of DEQ to revoke or to refuse to issue an operator’s certificate for grievous acts.

DEQ investigates complaints alleging operator violations of permit conditions for various acts such as failure to perform proper sampling and testing, improper facility operation, false or fraudulent records or reports, or failure to obtain proper certification. DEQ works with system owners and operators who are out of compliance, as well as those in marginal

compliance, to help them find efficient and cost effective ways to come into compliance. DEQ encourages and often recommends a course of action to assure both operator and operator training deficiencies are corrected in the shortest possible time. When there is a sudden loss or departure of a system supervising operator, upon written request, DEQ may grant a conditional time extension to allow for recruiting or contracting with a certified operator or for examination of operator personnel. During this reporting period, several requests were granted.

During the biennium, DEQ issued several Warning Letters and seven Penalty & Enforcement Referrals for failure to comply with certification requirements. DEQ assessed four civil penalties in other cases for operating or supervising a wastewater treatment system without proper certification. DEQ did not revoke or suspend any certificate during this period and was able to resolve non-compliance issues without assistance from the Department of Justice.

The number of systems in compliance with operator certification requirements is near 92 percent, with the balance working to achieve full compliance. About one in four wastewater system owners meet operator certification compliance through some type of contractual agreement that includes the services of a certified operator to supervise system operation.

Efficiency and Service Improvements

A program coordinator and a clerical support person currently staff DEQ's Operator Certification Program. Continued efficiency efforts have helped offset any need for increased staffing despite some increase in the number applications and certified operators. The program has increased use of the Internet for communication, guidance, application and other document distribution. The Program Web page also includes a query for operators that passed the exam and those that hold current certification, including expiration date and county of residence. Web page visits average about 780 per month with a corresponding reduction in telephone requests for information and mailing of material.

DEQ continues to use a licensing data management system, *License2000*, made available through the Department of Administrative Services in 2005. This proprietary database has the potential to deliver E-commerce through the *License2000* feature *MyLicense*, including online completion of applications and payment of fees.

DEQ's staggered certificate expiration dates and corresponding two-year continuing education reporting distributes workload and revenue flow over the biennium. DEQ continues to benefit in reduced examination development, maintenance and validation costs as a member and testing service client of ABC. An increasing number of operators find it necessary to schedule examinations at times other than set by DEQ in the Spring and Fall, so open-schedule exams are allowed by rule where operators may take a computer-based test. Many states and certifying organizations have transitioned to all computer-based testing with considerable administrative cost-saving in staff time and material. DEQ program staff will be evaluating the costs/benefits of transitioning toward all computer-based testing as well as the online renewal program currently used by our DHS Drinking Water counterparts.

Conclusion

The objectives of the Wastewater System Operator Certification Program are to help protect public health, Oregon's environment and water resources, and capital investment in infrastructure through safe and effective operation of Oregon's domestic wastewater collection and treatment systems. The Operator Certification Program helps ensure that there are an adequate number of qualified persons available to provide these services throughout the state.

Oregon's wastewater utilities continue to raise minimum employment qualifications for both supervisory and non-supervisory personnel. Certification has established a much-needed minimum standard for education, training and experience that helps ensure an effective and efficient workforce that properly operates and maintains facilities to minimize adverse effects on water quality.

The continued acceptance and support of the program is evidenced by increased employer preference for certification, recruiting preferences, promotional and pay incentives, and increased employer support for continuing professional skill training. Another indicator of support is the high number of employer-paid certification fees for their operators estimated to be around 69 percent, with certificate renewals alone at 78 percent.

The Wastewater System Operator Certification Program is working well in Oregon. For the near term, the main program development issues DEQ will be addressing for process efficiency include a transition to administer all examinations via computer-based testing, continued validation of examinations, and use of the Internet for updating certified operator data, certificate application and renewal, payment of fees, and reporting on wastewater system classifications and designated operators.