



Milk & Aseptic Cartons A Processing Experiment

Background, Data & Analysis

Background

- ▶ Milk & Aseptic Cartons flow to the container line for sorting
 - They are a 3D shape
 - Mechanical sort systems send 3D shapes with plastic & metal containers **by design.**



Container Line Priorities

- ▶ On container line sort priorities are:

Item	Priority	Why
ALU	HIGH	Very High Value
TIN	HIGH	High volume, High Value, Cheap & Easy to Remove with Mag Belt
PET	HIGH	High Volume & High Value
HDPE	HIGH	High Volume & High Value

Container Line Priorities

- ▶ Both Milk Cartons & PP Dairy Tubs are a lower priority because:

Item	Priority	Why
Milk Cartons	Lower	Very Low volume, Very low value
PP #5 Tubs	Lower	Good value but low volume

Container Line Priorities

- ▶ Because Milk Cartons are both low volume and low value:
 - They are sorted at the end of the line
 - They are sorted by people or robots
 - (Volume * Value) does not justify optical sorters



Background

- ▶ With either People or Robots,
 - Picks are a finite & scarce resource
- ▶ Thus
 - Each pick comes with an opportunity cost



Opportunity Cost

- ▶ Example: If I pick a milk carton, I can't pick an a PET bottle at the same time
- ▶ Picks are an either or choice

Data Background

- ▶ Pioneer began sorting & baling milk cartons separately May 10, 2018
- ▶ 74% of total volume that Pioneer processes is sourced from areas that include milk cartons as a program item



Data Background

- ▶ We have high confidence that volume data represents 95% or more the of milk cartons available on the container line.
- ▶ Why?
- ▶ Milk Cartons were picked (positive sort) from container stream while making a negative sort of #3–7 Plastics. (Until Aug 2018)
 - This means our sorters HAD to get the milk cartons out as their presence in #3–7 plastics would be a prohibitive.



Data Results

- ▶ Avg Monthly Volume= 5.05 Tons
- ▶ Volume requires 4.6 Months to make a full load
 - Annual volume estimate =61 Tons
 - Loads per year =2.6 loads



Data Results

- ▶ Broke two bales to determine extent of mold contamination
 - Four month old bale– very little mold
 - Two month old bale– very little mold

Inspecting for Mold



Inspecting for Mold



Data Results

- ▶ Sold load to Omnisphere who is a broker recommended by the Carton Council
- ▶ Price was \$41 /ton FOB Clackamas
- ▶ Destination was Mexico
- ▶ We contacted three different brokers recommended by the Carton Council
 - Two of the three brokers told us that they could not move the material



Bale Quality



Bale Quality



Quality Feedback

- ▶ As of Nov 8th, we have not received any quality feedback from consuming mill
 - (We are not expecting a claim)



Analysis– Space Issue

- ▶ It takes 4+ months to accumulate just one load
- ▶ This equals an inventory turn of 139 Days



Space Prospective

- ▶ If the average inv turn for all grades at Pioneer Clackamas were 139 Days---
- ▶ Pioneer would need a building of approximately 423,000 square feet to operate
- ▶ The additional rental expense would add at least \$21 /ton to our processing cost

Opportunity Cost to Pick Milk Cartons

- ▶ Weighted Avg Value of Alu, Tin, PET, HDPE & PP equals \$286.51 /Ton for Oct 2018



Opportunity Cost Calculation

▶ Opportunity Cost equals

- \$286.51 Plastic & Metal Avg Value
 - \$ 21.00 Extra Rent
 - -\$ 41.00 Milk Carton Value
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- **\$266.51 /Ton = Net Opportunity Cost**



Summary

- ▶ It is possible to sort & market milk cartons without much mold, although it appears that the markets for cartons are very limited.
- ▶ The sorting, storing & shipping costs of milk cartons are at least \$266.51 /Ton more than the benefit of doing so.