

## Department of Environmental Quality Agency Headquarters

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Sent via email only

March 1, 2022

Stimson Lumber Company 49800 SW Scoggins Valley Rd Gaston, OR 97119-9132

Steven Petrin,

DEQ received the submittal of the Cleaner Air Oregon (CAO) Emissions Inventory (Inventory) for the Stimson Lumber Mill (Stimson Lumber) in Gaston, OR on April 23, 2021 and has completed an initial review.

In accordance with Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 340-245-0030(2), DEQ has determined that the following additional information, corrections, and updates are required by April 18, 2022 in order to approve the Inventory:

- 1. Provide a current detailed process flow diagram (PFD) showing all emissions producing activities, which includes expected points of release for all fugitive and non-fugitive emissions, as well as all air pollution control devices.
- 2. All Toxic Emissions Units (TEUs) must be included in the Inventory. If Toxic Air Contaminants (TACs) are not likely to be emitted from a TEU, justification must be provided for exemption per OAR 340-245-0060(3)(a). Please revise the Inventory to include TAC emissions from activities where emission factors are available from wood product facilities for example, chipping, sawing and sanding activities at hardboard, medium density fiberboard, and/or particleboard facilities. For these processes, provide justification for use of the selected emission factors.
- 3. Revise the Inventory to include fugitive emissions associated with hardboard production, including but not limited to the following process units:
  - a. Refiners (#1, #2, and #4);
  - b. Machine (mix) chest;
  - c. Header boxes;
  - d. Forming machine; and
  - e. Wax and resin tanks.
- 4. Provide a narrative description of any changes to the hardboard production process, vent configurations, fugitive emissions points, and magnitude of fugitive emissions relative to total emissions since the completion of the source testing performed on the refiners and forming line in July, 2007.
- 5. Update the PRESS TEU emissions to include acetone (CAS Number 67-64-1) and acetaldehyde (CAS Number 75-07-0), using the emission factors from AP-42, Chapter 10.6.4, Table 10.6.4-6 (2002).
- 6. For the REFINER and FORMER TEU emissions:

- a. Include emissions for acetone (CAS Number 67-64-1) from both units, using the emission factors from AP-42, Chapter 10.6.4, Table 10.6.4-9 (2002); and
- b. Provide calculations showing the development of emission factors from the 2007 Source Test results.
- 7. Make the following updates to calculations and documentation for the FDRYER TEU:
  - a. Update fuel dryer maximum hourly throughput to 7.2 oven-dried tons (ODT) for consistency with the standard definition of one "unit" of bone dry wood chips (2,400 pounds)<sup>1</sup> and the capacity of 6 units per hour. Alternatively, provide quantitative documentation substantiating the maximum hourly throughput assumption of 6 ODT.
  - b. Review available NCASI emission factors for rotary fuel dryers and provide justification and reference material for the FDRYER emission factor set selected. Alternatively, select the highest rotary fuel dryer emission factor listed in the NCASI database for a conservative estimate of emissions for each TAC.
- 8. Make the following updates to calculations and documentation for the BLR\_ESP and BLR\_SCR TEUs:
  - a. Update the boiler emission factors to the most recent available NCASI emission factors for wood-fired boilers, and cite original source of the emission factors (NCASI Technical Bulletin or database name and date). Alternatively, if Stimson Lumber is aware of more applicable emission factors for the boilers in use at this facility, provide these emission factors, references, and justification for their use.
  - b. Update 'Fuel Heat Input to Steam Output Ratio' to 2.06, for consistency with the most recent set of source test data.
- 9. Update the KILN\_DF and KILN\_HL emission factors to match those in AQ-EF09 (<a href="https://www.oregon.gov/deq/FilterPermitsDocs/AQ-EF09.pdf">https://www.oregon.gov/deq/FilterPermitsDocs/AQ-EF09.pdf</a>).
- 10. Provide current Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) and include emissions for all TAC-containing materials used or requested to be used in the future, including but not limited to:
  - a. Mycostat P50 + Diamulse T;
  - b. Akzo Nobel 621-C020-232 (topcoat);
  - c. Akzo Nobel 631-W020-1601 (basecoat);
  - d. Amres HP-100E Wet Strength Resin;
  - e. Amres AntiBlu IP-75; and
  - f. Amres AntiBlu XP-64.
- 11. Update 'Actual' activity levels provided in the Inventory to be consistent with production values listed in the 2019 Annual Report for the following TEUs:
  - a. BLR ESP;
  - b. BLR SCR;
  - c. KILN DF;
  - d. KILN HL;
  - e. RF12;
  - f. FORMER;
  - g. PL BASE (basecoat); and
  - h. MB P51.
- 12. Provide the following documentation to support the WASTEWATER emissions estimate:
  - a. Native WATER9 model input file;
  - b. Laboratory data or other justification for influent TAC concentrations used;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources, Woody Biomass Utilization InfoGuide IG003,

<sup>&</sup>quot;Woody Biomass Definitions and Conversion Factors", <a href="https://ucanr.edu/sites/WoodyBiomass/newsletters/IG003">https://ucanr.edu/sites/WoodyBiomass/newsletters/IG003</a>—
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- c. Laboratory data or other justification for biomass concentrations used;
- d. A figure showing locations of the units included in WATER9 and the influent sampling point;
- e. Methods used to determine throughput data (2019 and potential, annual and maximum flows); and
- f. Update sludge pit emissions in the Inventory to match WATER9 output.
- 13. Complete and submit the attached form, "Categorically Exempt Toxics Emissions Units" (AQ523).
- 14. Revise the Inventory to include emission estimates for any TEUs associated with categorically insignificant activities which are not exempt TEUs per OAR 340-245-0060(3)(b). For convenience, the attached Categorically Insignificant Activities form (ED601) has been edited to highlight the activities which are considered categorically insignificant but are not exempt from CAO reporting.
- 15. Submit a revised Emission Inventory form (AQ520).

DEQ is requesting that you submit additional information to complete your Emission Inventory. If you think that any of that information is confidential, trade secret or otherwise exempt from disclosure, in whole or in part, you must comply with the requirements in OAR 340-214-0130 to identify this information. This includes clearly marking each page of the writing with a request for exemption from disclosure and stating the specific statutory provision under which you claim exemption. Emissions data is not exempt from disclosure.

DEQ remains available to discuss the information request with you and answer any questions you may have. Failure to provide additional information, corrections, or updates to DEQ by the deadlines above may result in a violation of OAR 340-245-0030(1).

If you have any questions regarding this letter please contact me directly at (503-866-9643, Julia.degagne@deq.oregon.gov), and I look forward to your continued assistance with this process.

Sincerely,

Julia DeGagné

Air Toxics Project Manager

Julia Degagne

Cc: Brian Bartlett, Stimson Lumber Company

Andrew Rogers, Maul Foster and Alongi

Patty Jacobs, DEO

Matt Davis, DEQ

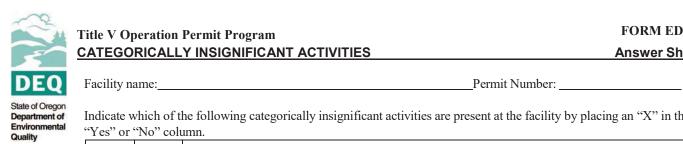
Melissa Hovey, DEQ

JR Giska, DEO

Keith Johnson, DEQ

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Enclosures: (2) ED601 form (highlighted) and AQ523 form



## **Title V Operation Permit Program** CATEGORICALLY INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

FORM ED601 **Answer Sheet** 

Yes	No	Type of activity Categorically Insignificant Activities
		Constituents of a chemical mixture present at less than 1 percent by weight of any chemical or compound regulated under divisions 200 through 268 excluding divisions 248 and 262 of this chapter, or less than 0.1 percent by weight of any carcinogen listed in the U.S. Department of Health and Human Service's Annual Report on Carcinogens when usage of the chemical mixture is less than 100,000 pounds/year
		Evaporative and tail pipe emissions from on-site motor vehicle operation
		Distillate oil, kerosene, gasoline, natural gas or propane burning equipment, provided the aggregate expected actual emissions of the equipment identified as categorically insignificant do not exceed the de minimis level for any regulated pollutant, based on the expected maximum annual operation of the equipment. If a source's expected emissions from all such equipment exceed the de minimis levels, then the source may identify a subgroup of such equipment as categorically insignificant with the remainder not categorically insignificant. The following equipment may never be included as categorically insignificant:
		A. Any individual distillate oil, kerosene or gasoline burning equipment with a rating greater than 0.4 million Btu/hour;
		B. Any individual natural gas or propane burning equipment with a rating greater than 2.0 million Btu/hour
		Distillate oil, kerosene, gasoline, natural gas or propane burning equipment brought on site for six months or less for maintenance, construction or similar purposes, such as but not limited to generators pumps, hot water pressure washers and space heaters, provided that any such equipment that performs the same function as the permanent equipment, must be operated within the source's existing PSEL
		Office activities
		Food service activities
		Janitorial activities
		Personal care activities
		Grounds keeping activities, including, but not limited to building painting and road and parking lot maintenance
		On-site laundry activities
		On-site recreation facilities
		Instrument calibration
		Maintenance and repair shop
		Automotive repair shops or storage garages;
		Air cooling or ventilating equipment not designed to remove air contaminants generated by or released from associated equipment
		Refrigeration systems with less than 50 pounds of charge of ozone depleting substances regulated under Title VI, including pressure tanks used in refrigeration systems but excluding any combustion equipment associated with such systems
		Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including associated vacuum producing devices but excluding research and development facilities



## **Title V Operation Permit Program**

FORM ED601

Yes	No	LY INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES Answer Sheet Type of activity
Tes		Temporary construction activities
	$\top$	Warehouse activities
	$\Box$	Accidental fires
		Air vents from air compressors
	$\top$	Air purification systems
	$\top$	Continuous emissions monitoring vent lines
H	$\vdash$	Demineralized water tanks
Ш		Pre-treatment of municipal water, including use of deionized water purification systems
$\square$	$\dashv \dashv$	Electrical charging stations
$\vdash$	+	Fire brigade training
	+	Instrument air dryers and distribution
	$\vdash$	Process raw water filtration systems
	$\vdash$	Pharmaceutical packaging
	+	Fire pression
$\vdash$	$\vdash$	
		Blueprint making
		Routine maintenance, repair, and replacement such as anticipated activities most often associated with and performed during regularly scheduled equipment outages to maintain a plant and its equipment in good operating condition, including but not limited to steam cleaning, abrasive use, ar woodworking
		Electric motors
		Storage tanks, reservoirs, transfer and lubricating equipment used for ASTM grade distillate or residual fuels, lubricants, and hydraulic fluids
		On-site storage tanks not subject to any New Source Performance Standard (NSPS), including underground storage tanks (UST), storing gasoline or diesel used exclusively for fueling of the facility's fleet of vehicles
		Natural gas, propane, and liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) storage tanks and transfer equipment
		Pressurized tanks containing gaseous compounds
		Vacuum sheet stacker vents
		Emissions from wastewater discharges to publicly owned treatment works (POTW) provided the source is authorized to discharge to the POTW, not including on-site wastewater treatment and/or holding facilities
		Log ponds
		Storm water settling basins
	П	Fire suppression and training
	$\top$	Paved roads and paved parking lots within an urban growth boundary
		Hazardous air pollutant emissions in fugitive dust from paved and unpaved roads except for those sources that have processes or activities that contribute to the deposition and entrainment of hazardous air pollutants from surface soils

Health, safety, and emergency response activities



## Title V Operation Permit Program CATEGORICALLY INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

FORM ED601

Answer Sheet

Yes	No	Type of activity
		Emergency generators and pumps used only during loss of primary equipment or utility service due to circumstances beyond the reasonable control of the owner or operator, or to address a power emergency, provided that the aggregate horsepower rating of all stationary emergency generator and pump engines is not more than 3,000 horsepower. If the aggregate horsepower rating of all stationary emergency generator and pump engines is more than 3,000 horsepower, then no emergency generators and pumps at the source may be considered categorically insignificant
		Non-contact steam vents and leaks and safety and relief valves for boiler steam distribution systems
		Non-contact steam condensate flash tanks
		Non-contact steam vents on condensate receivers, deaerators and similar equipment
		Boiler blow down tanks
		Industrial cooling towers that do not use chromium-based water treatment chemicals
		Ash piles maintained in a wetted condition and associated handling systems and activities
		Uncontrolled oil/water separators in effluent treatment systems, excluding systems with a throughput of more than 400,000 gallons per year of effluent located at the following sources:
		A. Petroleum refineries;
		B. Sources that perform petroleum refining and re-refining of lubricating oils and greases including asphalt production by distillation and the reprocessing of oils and/or solvents for fuels; or
		C. Bulk gasoline plants, bulk gasoline terminals, and pipeline facilities
		Combustion source flame safety purging on startup
		Broke beaters, pulp and repulping tanks, stock chests and pulp handling equipment, excluding thickening equipment and repulpers
		Stock cleaning and pressurized pulp washing, excluding open stock washing systems
		White water storage tanks



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Form AOE22



Facility name:

division 245 rules under OAR 340-245-0060(3)(b).

Indicate which of the following categorically exempt activities occur at this facility by checking the appropriate
columns below. Submit this form electronically with your Cleaner Air Oregon (CAO) Emissions Inventory
AQ520 form to meet the reporting requirements in OAR 340-245-0040(4)(a)(A) for categorically exempt Toxics

Emissions Units (TEUs). This form is the complete list of categorically exempt TEUs, which can be found in the

Permit Number:

**Categorically Exempt TEU Activities** Yes No Evaporative and tail pipe emissions from on-site motor vehicle operation. Distillate oil, kerosene, gasoline, natural gas or propane burning equipment, provided the aggregate expected actual emissions of the equipment identified does not exceed the de minimis level for any regulated pollutant, based on the expected maximum annual operation of the equipment. If a source's expected emissions from all such equipment exceed the de minimis levels, then the source may identify a subgroup of such equipment as categorically exempt with the remainder not designated as an exempt TEU. The following equipment may never be included as part of the exempt TEU: A. Any individual distillate oil, kerosene or gasoline burning equipment with a rating greater than 0.4 million Btu/hour; and B. Any individual natural gas or propane burning equipment with a rating greater than 2.0 million Btu/hour. Distillate oil, kerosene, gasoline, natural gas or propane burning equipment brought on site for six months or less for maintenance, construction or similar purposes, such as but not limited to generators, pumps, hot water pressure washers and space heaters, provided that any such equipment that performs the same function as the permanent equipment, must be operated within the source's existing PSEL. Office activities. Food service activities. Janitorial activities. Personal care activities. Grounds keeping activities, including, but not limited to building painting and road and parking П lot maintenance. On-site laundry activities. On-site recreation facilities. Instrument calibration. Automotive storage garages.

	Refrigeration systems with less than 50 pounds of charge of ozone depleting substances regulated under Title VI, including pressure tanks used in refrigeration systems but excluding any combustion equipment associated with such systems.
	Temporary construction activities.
	Warehouse activities.
	Accidental fires and fire suppression.
	Air vents from compressors.
	Air purification systems.
	Continuous emissions monitoring lines.
	Demineralized water tanks.
	Pre-treatment of municipal water, including use of deionized water purification systems.
	Electrical charging stations.
	Fire brigade training.
	Instrument air dryers and distribution.
	Fully enclosed process raw water filtration systems.
	Electric motors.
	Pressurized tanks containing gaseous compounds that do not contain toxic air contaminants.
	Vacuum sheet stacker vents.
	Emissions from wastewater discharges to publicly owned treatment works (POTW) provided the source is authorized to discharge to the POTW, not including on-site wastewater treatment and/or holding facilities.
	Log ponds.
	Stormwater settling basins.
	Paved roads and paved parking lots within an urban growth boundary.
	Hazardous air pollutant emissions in fugitive dust from paved and unpaved roads except for those sources that have processes or activities that contribute to the deposition and entrainment of hazardous air pollutants from surface soils.
	Health, safety, and emergency response activities.
	Non-diesel, compression ignition emergency generators and pumps used only during

	reasonable control of the owner or operator, or to address a power emergency, provided that the aggregate horsepower rating of all stationary emergency generator and pump engines is not more than 3,000 horsepower. If the aggregate horsepower rating of all the stationary emergency generator and pump engines is more than 3,000 horsepower, then no emergency generators and pumps at the source may be considered categorically exempt.
	Non-contact steam vents and leaks and safety and relief valves for boiler steam distribution systems.
	Non-contact steam condensate flash tanks.
	Non-contact steam vents on condensate receivers, deaerators and similar equipment.
	Boiler blowdown tanks.
	Ash piles maintained in a wetted condition and associated handling systems and activities.