

**Anti -Contamination Programming Ad Hoc Work Group
Consensus Recommendations for RSC Consideration**

CREP Enhanced (CREP+E)

(Guiding Principles Approved by RSC Consensus on 8/13):

Generator Facing Contamination Reduction Programming is permanent and ongoing.

- There should be a statewide strategy.
- There should be system support ¹to local jurisdictions to implement CREP.
- Statewide contamination reduction efforts are appropriately funded by producers.
- The goals and communication of “the problem²” will be clearly³ articulated to generators.
- Generator-facing program efforts and actions being undertaken must be practical, measurable, and effective.
- There will be shared responsibility and accountability among all parts of the system. Effective feedback loops directly with the generator must occur between hauler, reload, and end-MRFs to support and sustain generator accountability.
- There will be consequences / enforcement measures that are understood and acceptable to all players that are consistently applied, effective and ongoing
- Contamination reduction program work may prioritize materials and sectors (multifamily, commercial and residential).
- Education and outreach efforts and compliance/enforcement efforts must be responsive to and inclusive of diverse populations.
- Contamination reduction program work will be evaluated on an ongoing basis.
- Decisions need to be informed by current, local data e.g. auditing/surveying to identify problem materials.
- Auditing protocols and standards will be set by DEQ, and informed by partners.

For RSC Consideration and Consensus:

Statute: Direct DEQ to set statewide curbside contamination reduction goal(s); State will coordinate with cities and counties to set local goals and to develop anti-contamination programming that achieves the state goal; Local governments will implement escalating programming if goals are not met.

Programming:

Local jurisdictions are required to implement a minimum set of fixed implementation strategies and methods to reduce contamination, including escalating enforcement measures and methods that are effective and ongoing as determined by the State. Jurisdictions can propose an alternative plan so long as it accomplishes the required results (see Statute 459A).

¹ E.g. assistance for auditing measures, education outreach, on-route identification of contamination, etc.

² E.g. importance of providing clean material to manufacturers by reducing contamination to access markets.

³ Will be clear on the problem and not overly complex.

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