GENERAL PERMIT
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
WASTE DISCHARGE PERMIT

Department of Environmental Quality
2020 SW 4th Avenue, Suite 400
Portland, OR 97201
Phone: (503) 229-5263

Issued pursuant to ORS 468B.050 and the Federal Clean Water Act

ISSUED TO: SOURCES COVERED BY THIS PERMIT:
Discharge of treated domestic wastewater from existing
floating residences located in the Lower Columbia-Youngs
Subbasin of Clatsop County.

FILE NUMBER:
EPA NUMBER:

Treatment Site Location:

\[\text{Signature}\]
Neil Mullane, Administrator
Water Quality Division

5/4/10
Date

PERMITTED ACTIVITIES:
Until this permit expires or is modified or revoked, the permittee is authorized to discharge to waters of the
State adequately treated waste waters only from the authorized discharge point or points established in
Schedule A and only in conformance with all the requirements, limitations, and conditions set forth in the
attached schedules as follows:

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Unless specifically authorized by this permit, by another NPDES or WPCF permit, or by Oregon Administrative Rule,
any other direct or indirect discharge of waste is prohibited, including discharge to waters of the State or an
underground injection control system.
HOW TO APPLY FOR COVERAGE UNDER THIS GENERAL PERMIT

Persons Seeking Coverage Under This 2200-J General Permit
Floating residence owners seeking coverage under this General Permit can obtain coverage by completing the following steps:

1) Obtain a DEQ application form by:
   a) Mail or in person from the DEQ regional offices provided below, or
   b) Downloading the application from the DEQ website.

2) Submit a completed application, Land Use Compatibility Statement (from Clatsop County), design plans, and fees to the Northwest Region DEQ office at the address provided below, requesting coverage under this permit at least six months prior to the planned activity. DEQ may accept applications filed less than six months from the planned activity on a case by case basis.

   DEQ Northwest Region Office
   2020 SW 4th Avenue, Suite 400
   Portland, OR 97201
   Phone: (503) 229-5263
   TTY: (503) 229-5471
   Hours: 8 a.m. - 5 p.m.

3) DEQ will review the application information and will take one of the following actions:
   a) Issue written notice that the application is complete and that the wastewater treatment system method, and design plans are approved. The notification letter will grant permission to install and adjust the treatment system.
   b) Request additional information.
   c) Deny coverage of this permit. The applicant will be notified if the applicant’s operation cannot be approved for coverage under the General Permit, and that the applicant may need to obtain an individual permit.

Permit Renewal Process

1) In order to renew this permit, permittees registered under this General Permit must:
   a) Submit a complete renewal application form to the DEQ at least 60 days prior to the expiration date of this permit indicated on the cover page. The DEQ Director may grant permission to submit the application less than 60 days in advance but no later than the permit expiration date.
   b) Submit all applicable fees with the permit renewal application.
Other Application Conditions

1) Coverage under this permit will continue for a permittee after the expiration date if the permittee submits a complete renewal application and fee as described above.

2) Any person not wishing to be covered or limited by this general permit may apply for an individual permit in accordance with the procedures in OAR 340-045-0030. DEQ will review the application information and will either request additional information in writing or will notify the applicant by mail to operate under the conditions of the new individual permit.
SCHEDULE A

Wastewater treatment requirements and discharge limitations:

1. All domestic wastewater must be treated to meet the following limits:
   a) The permit may have up to five Co-permittees. The maximum daily effluent flow discharged from the single waste water treatment system authorized by this permit shall not exceed the following:

   Single Permittee: 300 GPD
   Combined system: 200 GPD per Co-permittee; maximum combined flow shall not exceed 600 GPD

   b) The effluent discharged must not exceed the following concentrations:

   1) May 1 - October 31
      | Parameter               | Limitation |
      |-------------------------|------------|
      | BOD₅                    | 20 mg/l    |
      | Total Suspended Solids (TSS) | 20 mg/l    |

   2) November 1 - April 30
      | Parameter               | Limitation |
      |-------------------------|------------|
      | BOD₅                    | 30 mg/l    |
      | Total Suspended Solids (TSS) | 30 mg/l    |

   3) Other Parameters (year round)
      | Parameter               | Limitation |
      |-------------------------|------------|
      | *E. coli* bacteria      | 126 organisms/100mL |
      | pH                      | 6.0-8.5 pH units     |
      | Alkalinity¹              | 200 mg/L       |
      | Temperature              | 27 °C          |

   ¹ Alkalinity must be no greater than 200 mg/L if the pH is less than 6.5. If the pH is equal to or greater than 6.5, monitoring of alkalinity is not required.

2. Required Wastewater Treatment: A wastewater treatment system followed by ultra-violet disinfection which is effective in treating effluent and achieving effluent discharge limits of this permit (see above) and approved in writing by the Department.

3. No cooling water, air conditioner water, water softener brine, groundwater, oil, hazardous materials, roof drainage, storm water runoff, or other aqueous or non-aqueous substances which are, in the judgment of the Department, detrimental to the performance of the system or to groundwater or surface waters, shall be discharged into the wastewater treatment system, unless specifically approved in writing by the Department.

4. Except as provided for in OAR 340-045-0080, no wastes shall be discharged and no activities shall be conducted which violate Water Quality Standards as adopted in OAR 340-041-0245 except in the following defined mixing zone:
a) The allowable mixing zone is that portion of the receiving stream that is within a five (5) foot radius from the point of discharge.

5. The system must be constructed in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Department.
SCHEDULE B

1. Minimum Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

a) Facilities that discharge to surface waters must monitor the discharge in accordance with the following frequency:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item or Parameter</th>
<th>Minimum Frequency</th>
<th>Type of Sample</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Effluent Flow (gpd)</td>
<td>Monthly average</td>
<td>Measurement or Calculation based on flow meter readings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow measurement calibration</td>
<td>Annually</td>
<td>Verification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOD₅ (mg/L)</td>
<td>Quarterly¹</td>
<td>Grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Suspended Solids (TSS; mg/L)</td>
<td>Quarterly¹</td>
<td>Grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. coli bacteria (organisms/100 mL)</td>
<td>Quarterly²</td>
<td>Grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH (pH units)</td>
<td>Quarterly¹</td>
<td>Measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkalinity (mg/L)</td>
<td>Quarterly¹</td>
<td>Measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature (°C)</td>
<td>Quarterly¹</td>
<td>Measurement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ After at least four quarters of monitoring and after meeting the permit effluent Limit for the previous two quarters, the permittee may request that the monitoring frequency be reduced to once per year. The request must be in the form of a letter addressed to the DEQ Northwest Region office.

² After at least four quarters of monitoring and after meeting the permit effluent Limit for the previous two quarters, the permittee may request that the monitoring frequency be reduced to twice per year. The request must be in the form of a letter addressed to the DEQ Northwest Region office.

¹,² If a limit is not met, monitor the non-compliant parameter once every two weeks until compliance is met, and then return to quarterly monitoring of the non-compliant parameter.

³ Alkalinity monitoring is not required if the pH is equal to or greater than 6.5.

NOTES:

i. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, samples must be taken during anticipated peak usage. Regarding E. coli monitoring, at least one semi-annual sampling event must occur between the months of May 1 – October 31 and at least one semi-annual sampling event must occur between the months of November 1 – April 30. There must be at least 90 consecutive days between semi-annual samples unless specifically required in Schedule D.

ii. Quarterly monitoring periods are specified as follows: February 1 – April 30; May 1 – Jul 31; August 1 – October 31, and November 1 – January 31. There must be at least 15 consecutive days between quarterly samples unless specifically required in Schedule D.

iii. All samples shall be taken downstream from the ultraviolet unit and prior to the discharge point.
b) **Operation and Maintenance Activities**
   The permittee must record in writing all observations of operation and maintenance activities.

c) **Solids Management**
   The permittee must maintain a record of the pumping dates and quantity (in gallons), of solids/wastewater pumped, and the name of the licensed sewage disposal service company that pumped the solids/wastewater, as well as the final disposal location and transfer locale (if applicable).

d) **Record Keeping**
   Operation and Maintenance Activity records, and Solids Management records must be kept for three years and shall be made available for review upon request by the Department.

2 **Reporting Procedures**

   Monitoring, maintenance practices, solids handling, and results must be reported on Department-approved forms. The reporting period is from May 1 to April 30. Reports must be submitted to the DEQ office listed on the face page of this permit by May 15 following the reporting period. The first annual report is due on May 15, 2012. State monitoring reports must identify the name, and registration/license number of the certified maintenance provider or certified operator designated by the permittee as responsible for supervising the wastewater treatment system during the reporting period.

3. **Limit Exceedance**

   If a concentration limit, as specified in Schedule A is exceeded, the permittee must within fourteen (14) working days of receipt of the analytical results:

   a. Report the results to the Department;

   b. In the event that the next monitoring (two weeks later) also exceeds a concentration limit violation, the permittee must within thirty (30) days of receipt of the confirmation, submit to the Department a corrective action plan to reduce the waste strength so that the concentration limits are not violated. Upon Department approval, the plan must be implemented by the permittee.

   c. In case of a catastrophic failure of the treatment system, see Schedule D.8.
SCHEDULE C

Compliance Conditions and Schedules

No Schedule C conditions.
SCHEDULE D

Special Conditions

1. Prior to construction, all plans for the wastewater treatment system must be submitted to and approved in writing by the Department.

2. Prior to startup of the wastewater treatment system the permittee must provide the name and registration number of the maintenance provider who will supervise and maintain the facility to the Department.

3. The permittee(s) must have the wastewater system supervised and maintained by one or more maintenance providers who are certified in accordance with OAR 340-071-0650.

Note: A "supervisor" is defined as the person exercising authority for establishing and executing the specific practice and procedures of operating the system in accordance with the policies of the permittee and requirements of the waste discharge permit. "Supervise" means responsible for the technical operation of a system, which may affect its performance or the quality of the effluent produced. Supervisors are not required to be on-site at all times.

a. The permittee's wastewater system may not be without supervision (as required by Special Condition 3.a. above) for more than thirty (30) days unless otherwise authorized by the Department of Environmental Quality in writing.

b. The permittee is responsible for ensuring the wastewater system has a properly certified supervisor available at all times to respond on-site at the request of the permittee. If maintenance provider is not available, or if preferred by the permittee(s), a certified wastewater system operator may be substituted in the place of the maintenance provider with all inherent responsibilities as described under Schedule D of this permit.

c. The permittee must notify the Department of Environmental Quality in writing within thirty (30) days of replacement or redesignation of maintenance providers responsible for supervising wastewater system operation. This requirement is in addition to the reporting requirements contained under Schedule B of this permit.

d. Upon written request, the Department may grant the permittee reasonable time, not to exceed 120 days, to obtain the services of a qualified person to supervise the wastewater system. The written request must include justification for the time needed, a schedule for recruiting and hiring, the date the system supervisor availability ceased and the name of the alternate system supervisor(s) as required by 3.b. above.

4. The Department may revoke a general permit as it applies to any person and require such person to apply for and obtain an individual NPDES permit if:

a. The permitted source or activity is a significant contributor of pollution or causes environmental problems.

b. The permittee is not in compliance with the terms and conditions of this general permit.
c. Conditions or standards have changed so that the source or activity no longer qualifies for a general permit.

d. A Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) is established, and the TMDL includes waste load allocations for floating residences.

5. Any permittee not wishing to be covered or limited by this general permit may make application for an individual NPDES permit in accordance with the procedures in OAR 340-045-0030.

6. The permittee must not connect any additional facilities to the treatment system, unless otherwise approved in writing by the Department.

7. All septage/sludge must be managed by a licensed sewage disposal service as defined in Oregon Administrative Rule 340-071-0100.

8. In the event of a malfunction that renders the treatment system inoperable, the permittee must orally notify the Department at the office listed on the face page of this permit within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the malfunction.
SCHEDULE F

NPDES GENERAL CONDITIONS – DOMESTIC FACILITIES

SECTION A. STANDARD CONDITIONS

1. **Duty to Comply with Permit**
The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Failure to comply with any permit condition is a violation of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 468B.025 and the federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for an enforcement action. Failure to comply is also grounds for the Department to terminate, modify and reissue, revoke, or deny renewal of a permit.

2. **Penalties for Water Pollution and Permit Condition Violations**
The permit is enforceable by DEQ or EPA, and in some circumstances also by third-parties under the citizen suit provisions 33 USC §1365. DEQ enforcement is generally based on provisions of state statutes and EQC rules, and EPA enforcement is generally based on provisions of federal statutes and EPA regulations.

ORS 468.140 allows the Department to impose civil penalties up to $10,000 per day for violation of a term, condition, or requirement of a permit. The federal Clean Water Act provides for civil penalties not to exceed $32,500 and administrative penalties not to exceed $11,000 per day for each violation of any condition or limitation of this permit.

Under ORS 468.943, unlawful water pollution, if committed by a person with criminal negligence, is punishable by a fine of up to $25,000, imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Each day on which a violation occurs or continues is a separately punishable offense. The federal Clean Water Act provides for criminal penalties of not more than $50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than 2 years, or both for second or subsequent negligent violations of this permit.

Under ORS 468.946, a person who knowingly discharges, places, or causes to be placed any waste into the waters of the state or in a location where the waste is likely to escape into the waters of the state is subject to a Class B felony punishable by a fine not to exceed $200,000 and up to 10 years in prison. The federal Clean Water Act provides for criminal penalties of $5,000 to $50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than 3 years, or both for knowing violations of the permit. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than $100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than 6 years, or both.

3. **Duty to Mitigate**
The permittee must take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment. In addition, upon request of the Department, the permittee must correct any adverse impact on the environment or human health resulting from noncompliance with this permit, including such accelerated or additional monitoring as necessary to determine the nature and impact of the noncomplying discharge.
4. **Duty to Reapply**
   If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and have the permit renewed. The application must be submitted at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit.

   The Department may grant permission to submit an application less than 180 days in advance but no later than the permit expiration date.

5. **Permit Actions**
   This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
   a. Violation of any term, condition, or requirement of this permit, a rule, or a statute
   b. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all material facts
   c. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge
   d. The permittee is identified as a Designated Management Agency or allocated a wasteload under a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL)
   e. New information or regulations
   f. Modification of compliance schedules
   g. Requirements of permit reopener conditions
   h. Correction of technical mistakes made in determining permit conditions
   i. Determination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment
   j. Other causes as specified in 40 CFR 122.62, 122.64, and 124.5
   k. For communities with combined sewer overflows (CSOs):
      (1) To comply with any state or federal law regulation that addresses CSOs that is adopted or promulgated subsequent to the effective date of this permit
      (2) If new information, not available at the time of permit issuance, indicates that CSO controls imposed under this permit have failed to ensure attainment of water quality standards, including protection of designated uses
      (3) Resulting from implementation of the Permittee’s Long-Term Control Plan and/or permit conditions related to CSOs.

   The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation or reissuance, termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

6. **Toxic Pollutants**
   The permittee must comply with any applicable effluent standards or prohibitions established under Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 340-041-0033 and 307(a) of the federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants, and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act, within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
7. **Property Rights and Other Legal Requirements**
The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege, or authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of any other private rights, or any infringement of federal, tribal, state, or local laws or regulations.

8. **Permit References**
Except for effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the federal Clean Water Act and OAR 340-041-0033 for toxic pollutants, and standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act, all rules and statutes referred to in this permit are those in effect on the date this permit is issued.

9. **Permit Fees**
The permittee must pay the fees required by Oregon Administrative Rules.

**SECTION B. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF POLLUTION CONTROLS**

1. **Proper Operation and Maintenance**
The permittee must at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems that are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

2. **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense**
For industrial or commercial facilities, upon reduction, loss, or failure of the treatment facility, the permittee must, to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with its permit, control production or all discharges or both until the facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided. This requirement applies, for example, when the primary source of power of the treatment facility fails or is reduced or lost. It is not a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

3. **Bypass of Treatment Facilities**
   a. **Definitions**
      (1) "Bypass" means intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of the treatment facility. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, provided the diversion is to allow essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs b. and c. of this section.
      (2) "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources that can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
   b. **Prohibition of bypass.**
(1) Bypass is prohibited and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass unless:
   i. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
   ii. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment
       facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of
       equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment should
       have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass
       that occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventative maintenance;
       and
   iii. The permittee submitted notices and requests as required under General Condition B.3.c.

(2) The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects and
     any alternatives to bypassing, when the Department determines that it will meet the three
     conditions listed above in General Condition B.3.b.(1).

   c. Notice and request for bypass.
      (1) Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, a written
          notice must be submitted to the Department at least ten days before the date of the bypass.
      (2) Unanticipated bypass. The permittee must submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as
          required in General Condition D.5.

4. **Upset**
   a. Definition. "Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary
      noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the
      reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent
      caused by operation error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment
      facilities, lack of preventative maintenance, or careless or improper operation.
   b. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for
      noncompliance with such technology-based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of
      General Condition B.4.c are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims
      that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final
      administrative action subject to judicial review.
   c. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the
      affirmative defense of upset must demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous
      operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
      (1) An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the causes(s) of the upset;
      (2) The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
      (3) The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in General Condition D.5, hereof (24-
          hour notice); and,
      (4) The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under General Condition A.3
          hereof.
   d. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence
      of an upset has the burden of proof.

5. **Treatment of Single Operational Upset**
   For purposes of this permit, A Single Operational Upset that leads to simultaneous violations of more
   than one pollutant parameter will be treated as a single violation. A single operational upset is an
exceptional incident that causes simultaneous, unintentional, unknowing (not the result of a knowing act or omission), temporary noncompliance with more than one Clean Water Act effluent discharge pollutant parameter. A single operational upset does not include Clean Water Act violations involving discharge without a NPDES permit or noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed or inadequate treatment facilities. Each day of a single operational upset is a violation.

6. **Overflows from Wastewater Conveyance Systems and Associated Pump Stations**
   a. **Definitions**
      i. "Overflow" means any spill, release or diversion of sewage including:
         1. An overflow that results in a discharge to waters of the United States; and
         2. An overflow of wastewater, including a wastewater backup into a building (other than a backup caused solely by a blockage or other malfunction in a privately owned sewer or building lateral), even if that overflow does not reach waters of the United States.
   b. **Prohibition of overflows.** Overflows are prohibited. The Department may exercise enforcement discretion regarding overflow events. In exercising its enforcement discretion, the Department may consider various factors, including the adequacy of the conveyance system’s capacity and the magnitude, duration and return frequency of storm events.
   c. **Reporting required.** All overflows must be reported orally to the Department within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the overflow. Reporting procedures are described in more detail in General Condition D.5.

7. **Public Notification of Effluent Violation or Overflow**
   If effluent limitations specified in this permit are exceeded or an overflow occurs that threatens public health, the permittee must take such steps as are necessary to alert the public, health agencies and other affected entities (e.g., public water systems) about the extent and nature of the discharge in accordance with the notification procedures developed under General Condition B.8. Such steps may include, but are not limited to, posting of the river at access points and other places, news releases, and paid announcements on radio and television.

8. **Emergency Response and Public Notification Plan**
   The permittee must develop and implement an emergency response and public notification plan that identifies measures to protect public health from overflows, bypasses or upsets that may endanger public health. At a minimum the plan must include mechanisms to:
   a. Ensure that the permittee is aware (to the greatest extent possible) of such events;
   b. Ensure notification of appropriate personnel and ensure that they are immediately dispatched for investigation and response;
   c. Ensure immediate notification to the public, health agencies, and other affected public entities (including public water systems). The overflow response plan must identify the public health and other officials who will receive immediate notification;
   d. Ensure that appropriate personnel are aware of and follow the plan and are appropriately trained;
   e. Provide emergency operations; and
   f. Ensure that DEQ is notified of the public notification steps taken.
9. **Removed Substances**
Solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters must be disposed of in such a manner as to prevent any pollutant from such materials from entering waters of the state, causing nuisance conditions, or creating a public health hazard.

**SECTION C. MONITORING AND RECORDS**

1. **Representative Sampling**
Sampling and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge. All samples must be taken at the monitoring points specified in this permit, and shall be taken, unless otherwise specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other waste stream, body of water, or substance. Monitoring points may not be changed without notification to and the approval of the Department.

2. **Flow Measurements**
Appropriate flow measurement devices and methods consistent with accepted scientific practices must be selected and used to ensure the accuracy and reliability of measurements of the volume of monitored discharges. The devices must be installed, calibrated and maintained to insure that the accuracy of the measurements is consistent with the accepted capability of that type of device. Devices selected must be capable of measuring flows with a maximum deviation of less than \( \pm 10 \) percent from true discharge rates throughout the range of expected discharge volumes.

3. **Monitoring Procedures**
Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under 40 CFR part 136, or in the case of sludge use and disposal, under 40 CFR part 503, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.

4. **Penalties of Tampering**
The Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit may, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than $10,000 per violation, imprisonment for not more than two years, or both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person, punishment is a fine not more than $20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than four years, or both.

5. **Reporting of Monitoring Results**
Monitoring results must be summarized each month on a Discharge Monitoring Report form approved by the Department. The reports must be submitted monthly and are to be mailed, delivered or otherwise transmitted by the 15th day of the following month unless specifically approved otherwise in Schedule B of this permit.
6. **Additional Monitoring by the Permittee**
   If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit, using test procedures approved under 40 CFR part 136, or in the case of sludge use and disposal, under 40 CFR part 503, or as specified in this permit, the results of this monitoring must be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the Discharge Monitoring Report. Such increased frequency must also be indicated. For a pollutant parameter that may be sampled more than once per day (e.g., Total Chlorine Residual), only the average daily value must be recorded unless otherwise specified in this permit.

7. **Averaging of Measurements**
   Calculations for all limitations that require averaging of measurements must utilize an arithmetic mean, except for bacteria which shall be averaged as specified in this permit.

8. **Retention of Records**
   Records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities shall be retained for a period of at least five years (or longer as required by 40 CFR part 503). Records of all monitoring information including all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit shall be retained for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time.

9. **Records Contents**
   Records of monitoring information must include:
   a. The date, exact place, time, and methods of sampling or measurements;
   b. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
   c. The date(s) analyses were performed;
   d. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
   e. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
   f. The results of such analyses.

10. **Inspection and Entry**
    The permittee must allow the Department or EPA upon the presentation of credentials to:
    a. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
    b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
    c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit, and
    d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purpose of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by state law, any substances or parameters at any location.

11. **Confidentiality of Information**
    Any information relating to this permit that is submitted to or obtained by DEQ is available to the public unless classified as confidential by the Director of DEQ under ORS 468.095. The Permittee
may request that information be classified as confidential if it is a trade secret as defined by that statute. The name and address of the permittee, permit applications, permits, effluent data, and information required by NPDES application forms under 40 CFR 122.21 will not be classified as confidential. 40 CFR 122.7(b).

SECTION D. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. **Planned Changes**
The permittee must comply with OAR chapter 340, division 52, "Review of Plans and Specifications" and 40 CFR Section 122.41(l) (1). Except where exempted under OAR chapter 340, division 52, no construction, installation, or modification involving disposal systems, treatment works, sewerage systems, or common sewers may be commenced until the plans and specifications are submitted to and approved by the Department. The permittee must give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alternations or additions to the permitted facility.

2. **Anticipated Noncompliance**
The permittee must give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

3. **Transfers**
This permit may be transferred to a new permittee provided the transferee acquires a property interest in the permitted activity and agrees in writing to fully comply with all the terms and conditions of the permit and the rules of the Commission. No permit may be transferred to a third party without prior written approval from the Department. The Department may require modification, revocation, and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under 40 CFR Section 122.61. The permittee must notify the Department when a transfer of property interest takes place.

4. **Compliance Schedule**
Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit must be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. Any reports of noncompliance must include the cause of noncompliance, any remedial actions taken, and the probability of meeting the next scheduled requirements.

5. **Twenty-Four Hour Reporting**
The permittee must report any noncompliance that may endanger health or the environment. Any information must be provided orally (by telephone) to DEQ or to the Oregon Emergency Response System (1-800-452-0311) as specified below within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances.

a. **Overflows.**

   (1) Oral Reporting within 24 hours.
i. For overflows other than basement backups, the following information must be reported to the Oregon Emergency Response System (OERS) at 1-800-452-0311. For basement backups, this information should be reported directly to DEQ.
   a) The location of the overflow;
   b) The receiving water (if there is one);
   c) An estimate of the volume of the overflow;
   d) A description of the sewer system component from which the release occurred (e.g., manhole, constructed overflow pipe, crack in pipe); and
   e) The estimated date and time when the overflow began and stopped or will be stopped.

ii. The following information must be reported to the Department’s Regional office within 24 hours, or during normal business hours, whichever is first:
   a) The OERS incident number (if applicable) along with a brief description of the event.

(2) Written reporting within 5 days.
   i. The following information must be provided in writing to the Department’s Regional office within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the overflow:
      a) The OERS incident number (if applicable);
      b) The cause or suspected cause of the overflow;
      c) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the overflow and a schedule of major milestones for those steps;
      d) Steps taken or planned to mitigate the impact(s) of the overflow and a schedule of major milestones for those steps; and
      e) (for storm-related overflows) The rainfall intensity (inches/hour) and duration of the storm associated with the overflow.

The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

b. Other instances of noncompliance.
   (1) The following instances of noncompliance must be reported:
      i. Any unanticipated bypass that exceeds any effluent limitation in this permit;
      ii. Any upset that exceeds any effluent limitation in this permit;
      iii. Violation of maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in this permit; and
      iv. Any noncompliance that may endanger human health or the environment.

   (2) During normal business hours, the Department’s Regional office must be called. Outside of normal business hours, the Department must be contacted at 1-800-452-0311 (Oregon Emergency Response System).

   (3) A written submission must be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission must contain:
      i. A description of the noncompliance and its cause;
      ii. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times;
      iii. The estimated time noncompliance is expected to continue if it has not been corrected;
      iv. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance; and
v. Public notification steps taken, pursuant to General Condition B.7

(4) The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

6. Other Noncompliance
   The permittee must report all instances of noncompliance not reported under General Condition D.4 or D.5, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports must contain:
   a. A description of the noncompliance and its cause;
   b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times;
   c. The estimated time noncompliance is expected to continue if it has not been corrected; and
   d. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.

7. Duty to Provide Information
   The permittee must furnish to the Department within a reasonable time any information that the Department may request to determine compliance with the permit or to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit. The permittee must also furnish to the Department, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

Other Information: When the permittee becomes aware that it has failed to submit any relevant facts or has submitted incorrect information in a permit application or any report to the Department, it must promptly submit such facts or information.

8. Signatory Requirements
   All applications, reports or information submitted to the Department must be signed and certified in accordance with 40 CFR Section 122.22.

9. Falsification of Information
   Under ORS 468.953, any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance, is subject to a Class C felony punishable by a fine not to exceed $100,000 per violation and up to 5 years in prison. Additionally, according to 40 CFR 122.41(k)(2), any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a federal civil penalty not to exceed $10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months per violation, or by both.

10. Changes to Indirect Dischargers
    The permittee must provide adequate notice to the Department of the following:
    a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to section 301 or 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants and;
    b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
c. For the purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on (i) the quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW, and (ii) any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

SECTION E. DEFINITIONS

1. **BOD** means five-day biochemical oxygen demand.
2. **CBOD** means five day carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand
3. **TSS** means total suspended solids.
4. "**Bacteria**" includes but is not limited to fecal coliform bacteria, total coliform bacteria, and E. coli bacteria.
5. **FC** means fecal coliform bacteria.
6. **Total residual chlorine** means combined chlorine forms plus free residual chlorine
7. **Technology based permit effluent limitations** means technology-based treatment requirements as defined in 40 CFR Section 125.3, and concentration and mass load effluent limitations that are based on minimum design criteria specified in OAR Chapter 340, Division 41.
8. **mg/l** means milligrams per liter.
9. **kg** means kilograms.
10. **m³/d** means cubic meters per day.
11. **MGD** means million gallons per day.
12. 24-hour **Composite sample** means a sample formed by collecting and mixing discrete samples taken periodically and based on time or flow. The sample must be collected and stored in accordance with 40 CFR part 136.
13. **Grab sample** means an individual discrete sample collected over a period of time not to exceed 15 minutes.
14. **Quarter** means January through March, April through June, July through September, or October through December.
15. **Month** means calendar month.
16. **Week** means a calendar week of Sunday through Saturday.
17. **POTW** means a publicly owned treatment works