



J. Dorsey

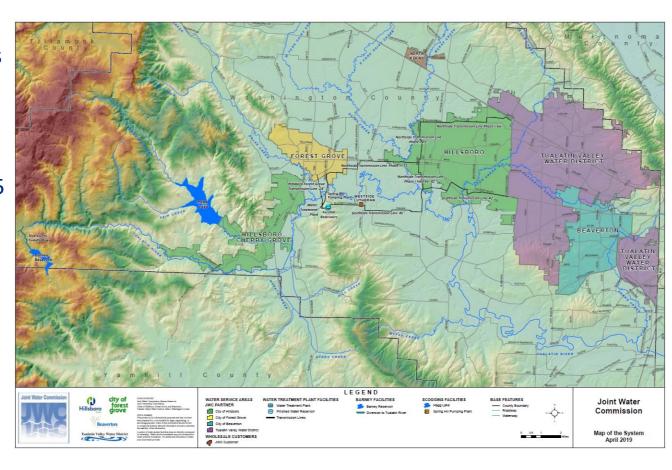
Willamette Basin CyanoHABs Workshop | April 28, 2021





#### The Joint Water Commission

- The Joint Water Commission (JWC) is a partnership agency between the cities of Beaverton, Forest Grove, Hillsboro and the Tualatin Valley Water District.
- Serves approx.
  400,000 customers
  in Washington
  County
- Currently has a peak capacity of 85 million gallons of water per day (MGD)
- Treats water from the Tualatin River, Scoggins Reservoir and Barney Reservoir







# The JWC Algal Response and Communications Plan

#### First developed in 2016

- Known blooms in the watershed
- A bloom in Wapato Lake Lake is pumped to the Tualatin upstream of the WTP
- Wanted to monitor for toxin and taste and odor before regulations
- Utilized federal EPA recommendations based on cell counts of toxic/non-toxic species
- Includes guidance for sampling for the watershed and treatment plant



#### Major updates in 2019 based on OHA's Cyanotoxins in Drinking Water Rule

- Included sampling for toxins in the watershed in addition to speciation
- Including a tandem Communication Plan from Lessons Learned from Salem
- Added guidance for distribution system monitoring

# Algal Response Plan

- Segmented by location type
  - Reservoirs
  - Streams
  - Water Treatment Plant
  - Distribution Systems
- Step-wise and includes triggers for moving up or down levels
  - Follow the most escalated level for each trigger
  - To reduce a level, the associated trigger must not be present for two consecutive sampling sessions
- Investigative reservoir and stream sampling follow OHA guidelines for cell counts of potentially toxic species and toxin levels
- Regulatory sampling at the WTP is as stringent or more than OHA regulations







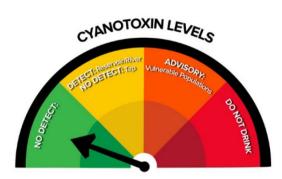


#### Communications Plan

- Outlines the JWC staff's responsibilities for providing information to staff/partners, regulators, elected officials and public
- Guiding Principals
  - Open Two-Way Communication
  - Collaborative
  - Proactive
  - Strong and Consistent Messages
  - Timely and Truthful



- JWC Partners and Internal Employees of JWC member agencies
- o JWC Commissioners and other Governing Boards of JWC member agencies
- Wholesale and Retail Customers of JWC and its member agencies
- OHA, WaCo, and News Media
- Lists Potential Actions based on Algal Response Plan level Scenarios







# 2019 Bloom at Hagg Lake

#### February 28th: HAB Level 1 Triggered

Aphanizomenon flos-aquae (AFA) found below JWC Reservoir

### April 2<sup>nd</sup>: Staff observe bloom at dam during unrelated sampling.

Lab coordinator identifies species at JWC and confirmation speciation sample sent to lab

#### April 3rd: Microcystins 0.15 ng/mL at the Boom and 0.43 ng/mL at Elks Rec Area

Water Quality Program Coordinator determines a Reservoir HAB Level 3 - OHA contacted AFA in Hagg Lake, Scoggins Creek, not detected at intake

#### April 8-10th & April 17th

Voluntary Raw Water sample analyzed by DEQ (April 8<sup>th</sup>)

AFA in Hagg Lake, not detected at intake

No detections of toxins

# April 22<sup>nd</sup> – 25<sup>th</sup>: Toxins detected 0.15 ng/mL in Scoggins Creek and 0.20 ng/mL at Eagle Point Rec Area

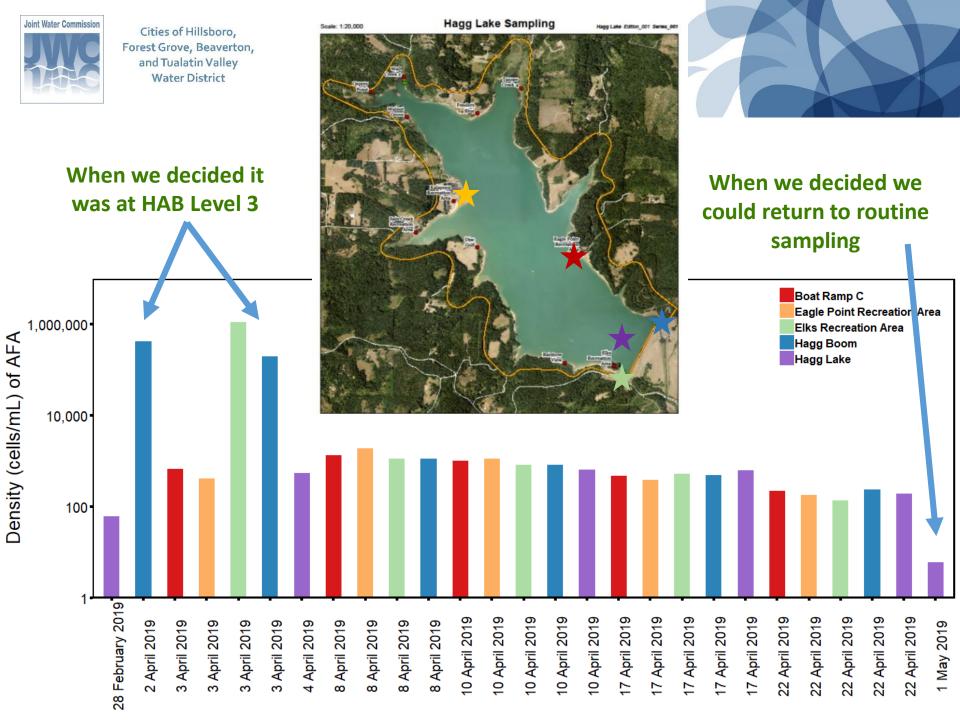
Decreased AFA in Hagg Lake and Scoggins Creek, not detected at intake

#### May 1st

AFA in Scoggins Creek (LOW levels) not detected in lake OR intake

#### May 6th: Return to routine monitoring (HAB Level 2)

AFA in Hagg Lake, Scoggins Creek, not detected at intake (LOW Levels)







# 2019 Bloom at Hagg Lake - Communication

- Did NOT occur during "regulatory" season, but followed our plans
- Contact with Partners & Internal Updates to Water Dept. and Communications Staff
  - Initiated 4/3
  - Continued as results were received
  - Final notification sent 5/10 to close out event

#### Made Record of contact with:

- OHA (Drinking Water and Recreational Advisory Staff)
- Washington County Parks
- DEQ Lab
- CWS
- TVID (Dam Operator)
- Hillsboro City Manager and Fire
- USGS



# **Key Takeaways**

- Establish clear and meaningful triggers for moving up and down through the sampling plan
- 2. Early and consistent internal communication is important for keeping the message clear if/when it reaches external audiences
- 3. Be prepared but be flexible as needed (i.e. sampling locations, labs, etc.)



