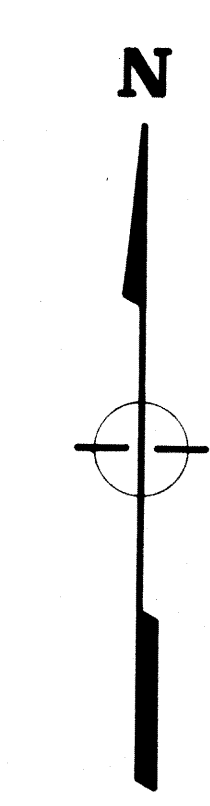
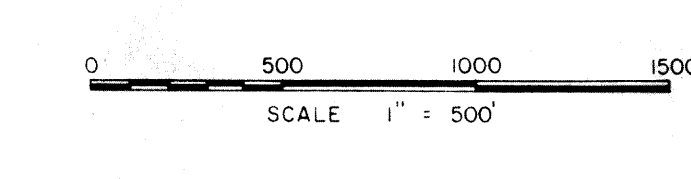


- LEGEND**
- Quaternary alluvium
 - Deer Butte andesite, mainly buff colored tuffaceous andesite and siltstone with lenses of black chert pebbles and concretions (T1c). Chalky white limestone beds a few inches to several feet in thickness occur lower in the section (T1d).
 - Hot Springs Basalt (T1a) and interstratified andesite (T1b). Dark greenish-black olivine basalt flows, lower contacts characterized by classic zones of bent soils and gneiss features. Normal magnetic polarity. Flows are poorly flat and granular soils. Interbedded tuffaceous sediments (T1a) contain woody stems, basalt clasts and rarely, black chert pebbles.
 - Grand Mountain Formation. Interbedded arkose, quartzite conglomerate, and tuffaceous siltstone, granite, quartzite, and chertite. Common near the top of the sequence. Arkose units especially show cross-bedding and are overlain by a characteristic pinkish orange.
 - Horn Basin Tuff. Homolined white to pale yellow lithic tuff containing porous lapilli and angular fragments of flintbedded chertite. Duge cross-bedding and some evidence of reworking by water is common lower in the section with a thick upper buff brucite horizon containing slabs of chertite up to several feet in diameter.
 - Owyhee and Blackjack Basalts (undifferentiated). Flow on flow basalt, basaltic andesite, and andesite. Contact with underlying units may be marked by dark red soils developed on non-welded scoria and lithic tuff.
- Fault dashed where inferred
 Strike and dip of features
 Shear zone
 Strike and dip of bedding
 Slump
 Breccia zone



Atlas Precious Metals, Inc.
DEER BUTTE
T 21 S, R 45 E MALHEUR CO., OREGON
GEOLOGY
 DATE: _____
 DRAWN BY: _____
 DRAFTED BY: _____