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(The "Mining Journal" July 30, 1945)

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Taken from Modern Prospector, September, 1948, page 3.

State Department of Geology and Mineral Industries

1069 State Office Building

Gold Nell Portland 1, Oregon USOn

INVESTIGATION OF MINERALIZATION IN Secs. 7 & 8, T. 33 S., R. 4 W., NORTHEAST OF KING MOUNTAIN, DOUBLAS & JACKSON COUNTIES, OREGON

Introduction:

This investigation was made at the request of the State of Oregon.

Forestry Department to determine the extent and amount of mineralisation adjacent to the King Mountain Truck Trail, especially in the SWt of sec. 8, T. 33 S., R. 4 W.

The area was visited on April 25 and a reconnaissance along the existing (King Mt. Truck Trail) road was made. The land adjacent to the road in sec. 8 has been logged and soil and brush cover the bedrock in most places. More detailed investigations were made of the Little Arctic Mine in the SWL of sec. 8, and of 2 mining claims in the SEL of sec. 7, T. 33 S., R. 4 W.

Ownership:

The south half of sec. 8 in which the Little Arctic Mine is located is reported to be owned solely by Mr. Chauncey Florey and/or his wife of Medford, Oregon. The mine which is in the SE_{\pm}^{1} , SW_{\pm}^{1} sec. 8 is presently under lease to Nelson Florey of Medford, Oregon.

The mining claims in the SEL SEL sec. 7 are the Flying Squirrel and the Little Arctic Claim and are at the present time claimed by: (1) Mr. Bert McTimmonds of Grants Pass, who originally located the claims in 1936; (2) Mr. Chauncey Florey of Medford who obtained an interest in the claims about 1940; and (3) Mr. W. F. Kernin of Roseburg who relocated the claims in 1959. A check of the records at the Douglas County Court House shows that annual assessment work affidavits have been filed separately by the

3 parties for 1960 and 1961.

Location:

The Little Arctic Mine is in the extreme NW corner of Jackson County in the SEL SWL of sec. 8.

The mining claims, Flying Squirrel and Little Arctic Claim, are in the extreme southeast corner of Douglas County in the SEt SEt sec. 7, T. 33 S., R. 4 W. This area is accessible from the King Mt. Truck Trail which follows the ridge between Grave Creek and Upper Cow Creek drainage (see enclosed sketch map for location of mine and claims).

History:

1

The Flying Squirrel and Little Arctic claims were staked in 1936 by Bert McTimmonds and Roy H. Edwards. At about the same time they discovered gold at the Little Arctic Mine and found that the S¹/₂ of sec. 8 was patented as timber claims. The S¹/₂ of sec. 8 was purchased by McTimmonds from Jackson County sometime in 1937 or 1938(?). About 1940 Chauncey Florey obtained a part interest in the Little Arctic Mine and in the 2 mining claims in sec. 7. McTimmonds operated the mine during the late 1930's and early 1940's and has reported a production of \$5,000 to \$6,000 ere in gold. No records of production were kept. Numerous high grade/specimens were sold.

In 1948 the Little Arctic Mine was leased and operated by the Cuddy Mountain Mining Co., Spokane, Washington.

In 1950 the mine was under lease to Byron Harmon of Roseburg who reports that the total production (all operators) from the Little Arctic Mine has been closer to \$10,000.

In 1952 the King Mt. Mines Oregon, Ltd., was leasing the mine and after a long idle period it is presently (1962) being leased by Nelson

Plorey of Medford who is operating in a small way on surface expenures.

Development work:

Little Arctic Mine: At the time of the inspection all of the workings except a small glory hole shaft were inaccessible. Mr. Nelson Florey was at the property and showed us the old workings. The mine was originally opened by a vertical shaft about 70 feet deep and later a west-trending tunnel about 300 feet long was projected to connect to the bottom of the shaft. There are numerous small overhead and underhand stopes and crosscuts from this main tunnel. A glory hole just north of the main shaft follows an irregular east-west sheared taley some that dips steeply to the south toward the main shaft. Mr. Florey is planning to rehabilitate the old workings through the main shaft. No mine maps are available but the old workings are spotted on the enclosed sketch map.

Flying Squirrel and Little Arctic Claims:

The only development noted on the Little Arctic Claim is a shallow open cut that exposes a narrow (12") east-trending shear filled with talcy serpentine.

To the northeast and up the hill on the Flying Squirrel claim there are 4 bulldozer cuts that all trend about E-W, and a caved tunnel that trends 5.50° E. The tunnel is reported to extend for at least 100 feet to the east. The remains of a small mill were found down the hill on the west edge of the claim.

Geology:

General: Regionally the area is underlain by a northwest-trending belt of serpentine and metavolcanic rocks. Diller (1924) mapped a north-east-trending contact between serpentine on the northwest and greenstone on the southeast through secs. 8 and 18. This contact is roughly parallel

to the ridge and the existing road. A closer look in the immediate area shows that serpentine and greenstone are irregularly and complexly mixed. The greenstone occurs as large blocks, lenses, and masses, like islands in the sheared serpentine. Serpentine appears to be more abundant to the northwest and greenstone predominates to the southeast.

Metayolcanic rooks: The metavolcanic rocks are extremely heterogeneous. They vary from light to dark, fine-grained to coarse-grained and show various gradations of alteration. They are generally highly fractured, permeated with veinlets of quarts and complexly intruded by the serpentine. The metavolcanics are broadly classified as greenstones owing to the dull green color given to them by the minerals chlorite, hornblende, and epidote, which are common in the altered metavolcanics. In some outcrops recrystallisation of the greenstone results in a texture similar to disrite. In other outcrops light gray fine-grained varieties are mainly silica and resemble quartsite or chert.

Serpentine: The serpentine belt that trends northeast across this area is rather broad and can be traced from Sexton Mountain on the southwest to Cedar Springs Mountain on the northeast. Near King Mountain the serpentine is extremely sheared and broken and locally highly altered to tale. One small mass of hard blocky serpentine was noted near the Little Arctic Mine workings. Alteration to serpentine is almost complete and only occasional minerals of the original ultrabasis rocks are present. Further hydrothermal alteration to tale is common and the gold and copper mineralisation appears to be closely related to this alteration.

Mineralisation:

Both gold and copper mineralisation are present. Gold is the most important and occurs entirely within serpentine in the Little Arctic Mine.

Extremely thin coatings of gold are found on fracture surfaces and in talcy shear zones. Occasional thicker flat pieces of gold were reported. Most of the production is reported to have come from a lens of hard dark green serpentine that contained veinlets of gold up to 2" thick. Calcite is sometimes present with the mineralization and arsenopyrite containing gold is reported from below the zone of exidation.

Similar gold mineralisation is found at the Oro Grande Mine about 5 miles to the southwest and at the Warner Mine about 2 miles to the northeast.

The trend of the mineralized shears appears to be almost East-West. A strong N. 80° E. shear about 8' wide can be seen below the tunnel alongside of the mill building at the Little Arctic Mine. Subsidiary north-trending sheared sones filled with talc and clay are also reported from the underground workings.

In the bulldozer cuts at the section line between sec. 7 and 8 on the Flying Squirrel claim, irregular east-west shears contain occasional to abundant copper minerals (chalcopyrite, malachite, asurite). These occur as small lens shaped masses surrounded by iron-stained talc. Ne mineralization was seen adjacent to road crossing the SWE of sec. 8, however, most of the land is covered with overburden and vegetation that masks any mineralized structures that may be present.

Samples were taken from somes of mineralisation at the Little Arctic Mine, Flying Squirrel claim and Little Arctic Claim. These have been submitted to Portland for assay.

Visited: April 25, 1962.

Report by: N. Peterson, L. Ramp, April 27, 1962.

Informants: Byron Harmon, Bert W. McTimmonds, Nelson Florey.

References: Diller, J. S.; Kay, G. F., 1924, Riddle Folio Oregon: U. S. Geol. Survey Geol. Atlas, Folio Z18, 8 p.

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STATE DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY AND MINERAL INDUSTRIES PROJECT SAMPLE RECORD

SAMPLES SUB	MITTED BY: Lon Room	p (DOGANT)	ADDR	ESS.P.O. Bo	x 417,Graz	ta Pass, Ore	DATE: 4/26/62	
Sample No.	Mine or Prospect	Туре	District	<u>s</u> .	Ţ.	<u>R</u> .	Assay For	
(1) NG - 57 (2) NG - 58 (3) NG - 59	Little Archie Mine Little Archie Mine Flying Squirrel Claim		Gold Hill H H Riddle	8 7	33 S 33 S	4 W	Am, Ag Am, Ag Am, Ag, Cu	
(4) NG - 60 (5) NG - 61	Little Aretic Mine Plying Squirrel Claim	12" channel grab	Riddle	7 7	33 S 33 S	4 W	Au, ig Au, bg	

Descriptions:

- (1) Sample out across 8' tale & serpentine gouge from 8' shear some below mill at Little Arctic Mine -- trend N 80° E.
- (2) Dirt from mear surface at upper shaft of Little Arctic Mine.
- (3) Sample from copper prespect in sec. 7, T. 33 S., R. 4 W. -- taloy serpentine with secondary copper stain & iron exides.
- (4) 12" out across sheared tale and serpentine from discovery out of Little Arctic claim in 5%; sec. 7, T. 33 S., R. 4 W.
- (5) Asserted chips of iron-stained tale & serpentine from prospect cut on Flying Squirrel claim in SE sec. 7, T. 33 S., R. & W.

Results:		GOLD (Au)	SILVER (Ag)	COPPER (Cu)	NICKEL (Ni)	
P-27413	(WG-57)	Nil	Nil			
P-27414	(WG-58) (0.28 os.	Nil			
P-27415	(WG-59)	Trace	Nil	1.40%	Trace	
P-27416	(WG-60)	Trace	Nil			
P-27417	(WG-61)	Trace	Nil	w ==	*** ***	5 -10-62

Ryce Wilson, Star Loute, Dlendale, Oregon last promise work the Claims known as the Operated in 1948 - by Cuddy Mountain m. Texan group. Operated in 1948 - by Cuddy Mountain Mining Co. Spokane Washington -Also leased by Ring Mondain Thines; Elsegon Std. in 1952. The workings of the Sittle are reported to be a 45 fort Shaft our short tunnels - possibly totaling several hundred feet - no report or mine mayor are available. Borney Harmon, Roy Rannels, have investigated the property and possible some information could be obtained from them. Inoluction by McTimmonds is reported to be \$5000 to Thom (all to Chauncey Florey in Medfort to obtain permission to go on property was granted to De was very specific about not wanting the State to cross his property with a buried cable. When asked if he was the sole owner he said he was the only owner that he Senew of and said he had gurchised the groperty about Do years ago. Indicated that he has instructed his attorney Dene Brown to handle this with the State of Oregona The ownership of the 5'z of see. 8 appears to be a fangled webMe Timmonds that nothing in writing or on Japen to show
his share of the ownership and yet he is reported a
the owner as late as 1950 and he claims to have a 13 ownership now.

April 23, 1962 3:00 P.M to 5:30 P.M.

But Milimmonds prospecting near the head of Stawcout Creek discovered gold bearing serpentine on The Little Arter and Flying Squirrel Chaims in the 38'14 sec. 7, T. 335. R. tw. in 1936. These 2 claims are in Douglas County, these are also known as the Texan claims as they were leased to a group of operators from Texas. The MeTimmondo also discovered gold bearing serpentine in the 3w 44 psec. 8. T. 37 S. Rifw. The south 1/2 of ser. 8 was in 1936 County land, being 2 timber claims that has apparently reverted to the county for tages metimmends reports that he contracted with Indoe Day to lucy the 5th of see. 8 paying \$25 /00 cown and other money from time to line Mr. Roy Edwards who was then a Fresty lookow on Ling mt. obtained a working interest from meTimmonds

this was a verbal agreement to the effect that for work performed he should receive 1/2 the profit. Mr MeT reports that Edwards frequently became drunk and opent all his money in the form of Rogne Rives and one of these sprees he sold his winterest to a mr. Petticore (200 of Rogne Rives. Mr. Petticore subsequent sold his where to Mr. Chauncey Florey of Medfork in 1944 (2) a m. Neff also secured a 12 interest and ent eventically this share went to Nelson Florery. In Florey also purchased at interest in the Texan Drong Chains.

Timber sold from the 5/2 of see 8 - #24,000

Fast year the Texan Gronz Claims were relocated ley man. Hw Lagralor () and Hagbery - this could be checked at the Donglas Counts Donn't House.