State Department of Geology and Mineral Industries

702 Woodlark Building Portland, Oregon

WILD DAKE (iron)
see also Carpathia Mining Company

Lower Applegate area

Owner: A. E. Hepburn, P.O. Box 453, Grants Pass, Oregon

Location: SE4 NE4 sec. 17, T. 38S., R. 5W.

History: Winchell (14:235) reported as follows:

The Carpathia Mining Company controls claims on the upper part of Powell creek which contain some low grade iron ore. The northeast corner of the Carpathia group is at a small reservoir on the creek at an elevation of 2000 feet as measured by barometer. The east end line runs S. 15° W.; the ore outcrops about a quarter mile from the northeast corner near the east center at an elevation of about 2500 feet. For the most part the outcrop is a ferruginous quartzite; in places this varies to a low grade iron ore. There has been no development work whatever done, and it is impossible to state what would result from such work, though the conditions warrant a limited amount of development. A sample of the iron-bearing quartzite from this locality gave the following results on analysis:

Composition of Ferruginous Quartzite From Powell Creek (S. W. French, analyst.)

Silica, SiO ₂	77 . 74
Ferric iron, Fe203	
Ferrous iron, Fe0	0.96
Other oxides	

100.00

By elimination of silica this rock may grade into iron ore. A gradation to low grade iron ore is known to occur at this locality; higher grade ore may exist here."

References: Winchell 14:235 (quoted)

XXXXXXXXXX Grants Pass, Oregon

November 21, 1942

THE WILD DEER IRON DEPOSIT, JOSEPHINE CO., OREGON

This report is based on an insepction trip to the Wild Deer iron deposit. The investigation was made by Stanley E. Good and Preston E. Bots in the company of Mr. A.E. Hepburn, owner.

DEPOSIT: Wild Deer iron deposit

LOCATION: SET NET Sec. 17, T 38 S, R 5 W, WM., Grants Pass quadrangle. The deposit is located t at an elevation of from approximately 2000 to 2800 feet in a small ravine on the north side of Powell Creek.

Accessibility: 20 miles from Grants Pass via Provolt over macadembound highway and good graveled roads. The last 2.0 miles is a fair mountain road.

Owner: Mr. A. E. Hepburn, P .O. Box 455, Grants Pass, Oregon.

Discovered: by a Mr. Hudson of Grants Pass in 1937 or 1958.

Development: There has been a small amount of development. The work has consisted chiefly of blasting the weathered surface rock to expose fresh rock. One 25'xl2'x4' trench has been cut across the ore zone at the upper end of the deposit. The deposit has been grab-sampled by Mr. Hepburn and By Kaiser Co. geologists.

Character of ore: The ore occurs as fine-grained, steel gray hematite in bands from 1/8 of an inch to 1 inch wide alternating rythically with equally thick bands of dark gray to black, very fine-grained quartaite. In many places the rock is a brescia with quartaite filling fractures in the hematite. In some specimens the hematite bands show well developed gash fractures which are filled with dark gray to black quarta like that of the fine-grained quartaite. Rhodonite veniets out the over in place.

Geology:- The ore zone as exposed is approximately 700 feet long

and about 20-30 feet wide on the average.

The quartrite bearing the hematite is a bed of irrregular thickness striking NSOW and dipping steeply to the east(70° or more). In places the bedding is vertical. At the lower end of the decosit the quartrite dips at a lower angle(20-50 degrees) to the east. The quartrite bed is bounded on the east and west by Triassic metavoleanic rocks. In places a small amount of serpentine is found along the east contact. The contacts are faults along which the metavoleanics and serpentine are strongly sheared. In the small trench the shear zones are seen to dip steeply to the east.

XXXXXXXXXXX

The ore generally occupies but a portion of the quartzite bed which may be as much as twice the thickness of the hematite rich zone. The bed pinches and swells along its strike. At the lower end the ore zone is 30 to 40 feet wide. Uphill from there the hematite-bearing rock pinches out and what appears to be barren quartzite continues for 200 to 300 feet. Following this barren zone is a second lenticular body of ore 150 feet long and a maximum of 60 feet wide. The quartzite bed can be followed for at least 1000 feet beyond the last showing of iron formation but it seems to be practically barren of hematite.

Origin: The distinct bedding observed in the ore is a strong indication of the sedimentary origin of the iron formation. Rythmically bedded chert with ferruginous shale partings was deposited during an interval of quiescence in the volcanic history of the region. Diastrophism immaining accompanied by relative movement between the volcanic and sed centary rocks resulted in shearing of the less competent greenstone and brecciation of the brittle chert. More or less simultaneous metamorphism resulted in recrystallization of the chert to quartzite and the ferruginous layers to hematite. The recrystallizating quartz, seeking positions of lower pressure, filled the fractures in the hematite.

Analysis: An average sample(100 lbs) of the ore which Mr. Hepburn had analysed gave the following results:

> Fe 35.75 SiOg 25.6 Mn 12,87 CaO 5.0 P 0.63 S 0.6 Ti 0.0

ARREST AND A STREET

Reserves: The deposit needs further development before an accurate estimate of the reserve can be made. A possible 175,000 tons of ore is indicated as ming the ore some to be 700 feet long, an average of 25 feet wide and having a mineable depth of 100 feet.

Remarks: Mr. Hepburn claims that geologists for the Henry J. Raiser Co., Mr. John Tillia, chief geologist, and Mr. Severer, assistant geologist, visited the property, were favorably impressed, and took 5 samples. Hepburn also claims that Columbia steel is interested.

Mr. Hepburn is a member of the AIME, seems to be honest but rather too optimistic as to the size and value of the property. His feelings about the interest of the Kaiser Co. in the deposit is probably prejudiced.

Respectfully submitted 11-21-62

Preston E. Hotz

RECORD IDENTIFICATION

RECORD NO..... M061537

COUNTRY/ORGANIZATION. USGS

MAP CODE NO. DF REC..

REPORTER

NAME JOHNSON, MAUREEN G.

UPDATED..... 81 04

BY (BROOKS, HOWARD C.)

NAME AND LOCATION

DEPOSIT NAME WILD DEER PROSPECT

SYNONYM NAME CARPATHIA

MINING DISTRICT/AREA/SUBDIST. LOWER APPLEGATE

COUNTRY CODE..... US

COUNTRY NAME: UNITED STATES

STATE CODE..... DR

STATE NAME: OREGON

COUNTY JOSEPHINE

DRAINAGE AREA.......... 17100309 PACIFIC NORTHWEST

PHYSIOGRAPHIC PROV. 13 KLAMATH MOUNTAINS

LAND CLASSIFICATION 49

QUAD SCALE QUAD NO DR NAME

1: 62500 GRANTS PASS

LATITUDE LONGITUDE 42-16-12N 123-18-59W

UTM NORTHING UTM EASTING UTM ZONE NO 4679600.0 473900.0 +10

TWP..... 38S RANGE.... 05W SECTION.. 17 MERIDIAN. W.M.

 DRE MATERIALS (MINERALS, ROCKS, ETC.):
MANGANESE DXIDES, RHODONITE, MAGNETITE, HEMATITE

COMMODITY COMMENTS: MANGANIFERDUS IRON DEPOSIT

ANALYTICAL DATA (GENERAL)
24 TON SAMPLE AVERAGED 5.54 % MN; 21.5 % FE; 52.4 % SID2; 0.58 % P

STATUS OF EXPLOR. OR DEV. 2

DESCRIPTION OF DEPOSIT

DEPOSIT TYPES: CHEMICAL SEDIMENT

FORM/SHAPE OF DEPOSIT: BANDED

SIZE/DIRECTIONAL DATA

SIZE OF DEPOSIT..... SMALL
MAX LENGTH...... 200FT.
MAX NIDTH...... 60FT.
MAX THICKNESS..... 15FT.
STRIKE OF DREBODY.... N20-40E
DIP OF DREBODY..... 40-70E
COMMENTS(DESCRIPTION OF DEPOSIT):
2 SHOOTS - LARGEST DIMENSIONS GIVEN

DESCRIPTION OF WORKINGS

COMMENTS (DESCRIP. OF NORKINGS): PITS, TRENCHES

PRODUCTION
NO PRODUCTION

ANNUAL PRODUCTION (DRE,COMMOD.,CONC., DVERBURD.)
23 DRE, SML SAMPLES

20-25 FE, 4-6 MN

PITENTIAL RESDURCES (EXCLUSIVE OF RESERVES)

SDURCE OF INFORMATION (POT RESOURCES).. TESTS BY USBM 1955 INDICATED DEPOSIT IS A DESIRABLE ADDITION IN THE MANUFACTURE OF FOUNDRY PIG IRON FROM LOW MANGANESE ORES

GEDLOGY AND MINERALOGY

CUMULATIVE PRODUCTION (UNITS IN 1000'S)

ITEM2: ITEM1: ITEM3: AMT1: AMT2: AMT3: UNIT1: UNIT2: UNIT3: YEAR3: YEAR1: YEAR2: ITEM6: ITEM5: ITEM4: AMT4: AMT5: AMT6: UNIT5: YEAR5: UNIT6: UNIT4: YEAR4: YEAR6:

GENERAL COMMENTS:

REFERENCES:

APPLING, R.N., 1958, MANGANESE DEPOSITS OF SOUTHWESTERN OREGON: USBM REPT. INV. 5369, P. 30

OREGON METAL MINES HANDBOOK, 1942, ODGMI BULL, 14-C, VOL. 2, SEC. 1, P.210

RAMP, L. AND PETERSON, N.V., 1979, GEOLOGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES OF JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON; ODGMI BULL. 100, 45P

SITE NAME: WILD DEER PROSPECT COUNTY: JOSEPHINE

SYNONYMS: CARPATHIA OWNER:

LOCATION:

MINING DIS:LOWER APPLEGATE

BLM FS DIS:

QUAD1: GRANTS PASS QUAD2: GRANTS PASS

RIVER BASIN:17

PHYSIOG: 13 KLAMATH MOUNTAINS

SCALE: 62500

SCALE: 100000 TOWNSHIP:038S RANGE: 005W

SECTION:17 SECT FRACT:

USGS NUM: M061537

DOGAMI MLR: REPORTER: JOHNSON, MAUREEN G.

AFFILIATION: USGS

REP DATE:

UPDATE BY: FERNS, MARK L.

AFFILIATION: ODGMI UP DATE: 81 04

LAT: 42-16-12N

LONG: 123-18-59W UTM N:4679600 UTM E: 473900 UTM Z:+10

ALTITUDE:

YR DISC:

STATUS: 2

PRODUCTION SIZE:

COMMODITIES PRESENT:MN FE

YR 1ST PRO:

PRODUCTION: NO

YR LASTPRO:

COMMODITIES PRODUCED: MN

ORE_MAT: MANGANESE OXIDES, RHODONITE, MAGNETITE, HEMATITE GANGUE: HEMATITE, MAGNETITE

DEPOS TYP: CHEMICAL SEDIMENT