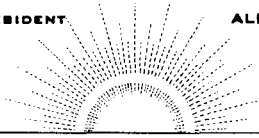


Meeting with Grover in Grants Pass
Apr. 14, 1948. Nothing has been done
at the property since 1941- or 1942.

M. K. Hanna Co. looked at it but that
it not large enough for them. Some
men from Chelan Copper looked it over
but apparently for themselves, not for
Howe Sand. Grover might be willing
to open lower tunnel for inspection.
There may be a body of copper ore
below the passaw, no present
knowledge regarding depth of
passaw.

Mineral workings are on hillside
above fork of Illinois river, not
over $\frac{3}{4}$ mile. Plenty of water in
fork. Present road within one
mile from workings.

**Sunshine Mining Company**

115 NORTH SECOND STREET

Yakima, Washington

Three Claims, unpatented, on other side of hill. These can be patented at any time.

Land is almost on Calif line
Ground covered with snow at this time, unable to see anything.

SLASH SHINE MINING COMPANY

Memorandum for: S.H.C.

Date June 16/17

Dear Ed,

Just a note the material on Mammoth claims was here upon my return the 13th. Can't tell when I will be able to see this property, any chance that you will have a look now? Holly included an apartment and I am taking it Kipper's old office address is 611 Peyton. Holly made a note of it the hope to be moved before July 1st. Had a very nice letter from John Fox wanted me to be certain to give you his very best regards. Had a nice visit with Mrs. and Mr. Hargis sounds like I will be plenty busy looking through the time. Hope me a love here if you find

Truately
Bob

1. NAME OF PROPERTY Mammoth or - Albright mine
 2. LOCATION Road runs off of Liway Grants Pass ELEVATION Approx 2100ft
to Crescent City at Elk Creek about 40 miles from Grants Pass
 3. IN FOREST RESERVE? Deeded property
 4. NAME AND DISTANCE OF NEAREST RAILROAD STATION Grants Pass Ore
 5. DISTANCE FROM HIGHWAY about 2 mi CHARACTER OF MINE ROAD can drive to within a mile
 6. DESCRIPTION OF HOLDINGS 242 acres
 7. NUMBER OF CLAIMS _____ NUMBER PATENTED _____ ACREAGE HELD owned 242
 8. DESCRIBE WATER SUPPLY: (A) NAME OF STREAM West fork of Illinois River flows on one 40A
(B) HOW FAR FROM CLAIMS? _____
(C) APPROXIMATE AVERAGE FLOW Plenty for any purpose
(D) POWER POSSIBILITIES _____
(E) AVERAGE SNOWFALL _____ WINTER TEMP. 15 about to 50 above
 9. WHAT POWER AVAILABLE? _____ NEAREST ELECTRIC POWER _____
 10. AMOUNT AND KIND OF TIMBER 30000 to 50000 ft mostly fir
 11. NEAREST SOURCE FOR SUPPLIES 2 mi
 12. WHAT IS PREVAILING ROCK FORMATION? Gossan rather soft
 13. WHAT OTHER ROCKS ARE PRESENT? 7
 14. IS THERE EVIDENCE OF FAULTING? _____
 15. IS THE COUNTRY RUGGED OR FLAT? Rough rolling
 16. TYPE OF DEPOSIT _____
- DESCRIPTION OF DEPOSIT: _____
- (A) EXPOSURE ON STRIKE _____
 - (B) DIRECTION OF STRIKE _____
 - (C) DIP, ANGLE AND DIRECTION _____
 - (D) AVERAGE WIDTH _____
17. WHAT METALS, IN THE ORDER OF THEIR IMPORTANCE? _____
 18. REPRESENTATIVE ASSAYS _____
 19. DEVELOPMENT WORK (NATURE, AMOUNT AND DEPTH) Several tunnels - some
curved slightly at entrance - one 600ft tunnel
 20. ORE RESERVES, IF ANY, ESTIMATE TONNAGE _____

21. PRODUCTION IF ANY, GIVE DETAILS *A small amount of Cyanide perhaps 300 tons*

22. OPERATING COSTS *—*

23. DESCRIBE BUILDINGS AND CAMP EQUIPMENT *This property is fairly easy to get on - and look over. We have never done anything*

24. DESCRIBE MINING EQUIPMENT *on in ourselves - All expenses so far here show a rather large loss.*

25. IF MILL ON PROPERTY GIVE FLOW SHEET *I think Mr. Goussier has seen all of the state reports*

26. NAMES AND BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF NEARBY PROPERTIES *We have two copies of them*

27. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION *—*

28. TITLE FOR HOLDINGS IN WHOSE NAME? *W. G. Hoover - Clarence H. Hark*

29. ANY MORTGAGES, DEBTS, LIENS OR OTHER ENCUMBRANCES? (GIVE DETAILS) *none*

30. HOW MUCH MONEY SPENT TO DATE? *—*

31. IF INCORPORATED: (A) IN WHAT STATE? _____ DATE _____
(B) CAPITALIZATION (NUMBER OF SHARES) _____
(C) PAR VALUE _____ SELLING PRICE _____
(D) ASSESSABLE? _____ IN WHAT MANNER? _____
(E) AMOUNT OF STOCK IN TREASURY NOW _____
(F) NUMBER OF DIRECTORS _____
(G) NAMES OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS _____

We would no doubt arrange to take you over the property if we knew when you would want to look it over.

32. IF NOT INCORPORATED GIVE NAMES OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES *—*

33. NATURE OF PROPOSED DEAL (GIVE DETAILS) *—*

34. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PARTY SUBMITTING ABOVE INFORMATION *W. G. Hoover*
DATE *649 204 Scouts Road*

35. REFERENCES (REPORTS, BULLETINS, ETC.) *State of Oregon Mining Dept*

36. REMARKS (ATTACH SKETCHES, MAPS, ASSAY CERTIFICATES, ETC.) *3 claims unpatented*
admission on each

ALBRIGHT MINE (copper, gold)

Waldo area

Owners: G. H. Grover, Clarence Hunt, and E. M. Albright, all of Grants Pass, Oregon.

Location: SE $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, T. 41 s., R. 9 W., 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the Redwood Highway and 45 miles from Grants Pass. The property lies on the ridge between the west fork of the Illinois River and Blue Creek.

Area: 260 acres of patented ground.

History: Old names are: Mammoth mine: Turner mine: Turner and Albright mine.

The original discoverer is unknown. Albright has worked on the property intermittently since 1900, together with his partner, Mr. Turner. They also worked unpatented claims just to the west of this patented ground. The property has been sold on bond and lease several times. The present owners leased to Gilbert Stewart and others of Medford, Oregon, in 1940. The leasees made a deal with Hughes and Franchani, local cyanidiers, to help them treat the ore. Three shipments were made. It is reported that the first shipment, cyanided from 100 tons of gossan netted \$497 from ore that was supposed to assay \$11. No data on the amount of the other two shipments. The leasees later turned over their lease to the Standard Cyanide and Chemical Company who built a road to the property and opened the gossan with power shovels. They planned to install a cyanide plant but the operation was closed by virtue of the federal order which removed all priorities from gold mines. At present the property is idle although several outfits are examining it with the idea of reviving the copper production.

General: Elevation is 2200 feet. Plenty of timber. There is a good Mill site on the west fork of the Illinois River 1200 feet below the mine. Water power could be developed. The road constructed late in 1941 suffered considerable erosion during the winter but a slight amount of work would put it in shape. Snow might hamper operation for about two months of the year.

It

Development: is reported that there are some 14 tunnels on this prop-

erty and the unpatented claims to the east. The development and geology are reported by Shenon as follows:

Geology: "The Turner or Albright Mine is just north of the California line, 45 miles southwest of Grants Pass, and 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles by trail from the Redwood Highway. Between the highway and the mine the trail gains 1,200 feet in altitude. Waters Creek, the nearest railroad point, is 35 miles to the northeast. (This station was on the old C. & O. C. railroad which does not function as a public carrier south of

Grants Pass. The roadbed is of use no farther south than Wilderville; - it is used by the Pacific Portland Cement Co. to haul lime rock from Marble Mountain to Grants Pass.) The property was located about 35 years ago and now belongs to Edward Turner and James Albright. It includes, according to Mr. Turner, three claims in sec. 15 and 260 acres of patented ground in sec. 16, T. 41 S., R. 8 W. Nine tunnels with numerous crosscuts have been driven which, in all, have a total length of over 2,000 feet. No production has been reported."

" Two large bodies of porous iron-stained rock of 'gossan', enclosed in finegrained greenstone, crop out at the Turner Mine. One is about 80 feet wide and can be traced on the surface for 900 feet. The other averages about 20 feet in width and is well defined on the surface for over 200 feet. Both gossans crop out prominently, but the narrower one is much more conspicuous because of the fact that it rises 20 to 50 feet above its surroundings. The larger gossan is partly prospected by tunnels 5 and 6. Both tunnels are near the surface and run through soft brown oxidized material and iron-stained greenstone. Some pyrite occurs near the face of tunnel 5, but the oxidation is elsewhere nearly complete. The smaller gossan is composed of porous brown, highly silicified material, which in places contains cores of unoxidized pyrite. In other places practically all of the iron has been removed, and there remains a cavernous white residuum composed principally of silica ribs. However, because of the abundant silica, a prominent outcrop has been maintained in spite of the thorough leaching. Beautiful specimens of the type of gossan described by Locke as 'picture rock' tunnel. Sulphides are exposed in several tunnels beneath the smaller gossan. Of these, pyrite is by far the most abundant, although considerable chalcopryrite is associated with it in tunnels 2 and 3. In spite of the fact that the development work has thus far shown a high proportion of pyrite in the sulphide ore, the presence of considerable chalcopryrite with the pyrite at the face of the tunnel 3, and below in tunnel 2, seems to justify more exploration on these levels. Because silicification makes the rock hard to mine by hand methods, work was stopped in the tunnels in the two places appearing most favorable for prospecting. An extension of tunnel 3 another 200 or 300 feet would add a great deal of information as to the probable worth of the property".

Reference: Shenon 33:192 (quoted from Usgs Bull. 845-B)
Informant: G. H. Grover, June 3rd, 1942.

Report on the Mammoth Mine,
by R. A. LeRoy, M.E.

Location:

The mine is situated in the south west corner of Josephine county, Oregon, Range 9 West; Township 41 South Sections 10, 15 and 16. This property is shown on the Siskiyou Forest Map as the Albright and Webb property, and consists of eleven claims. The south end of the property borders on the California line. It is about 1-3/4 miles from the Redwood Highway and 48 miles from Grant's Pass, Oregon.

Formation:

The surface is covered by large bunches of gossan, some of it 200 feet wide. This is supposed to attain a depth of about 60 feet. General samples all over show it to run \$7.00 and over. The east wall is serpentine, the west diorite.

Workings:

The upper tunnel, N. one, is run in about 85 feet and intersects with the vein, which is about 50 feet in width and of sulphide ore. This tunnel attains a depth of about 60 feet from the surface. the assays show that ore here runs \$2.80 per ton in gold, 3% copper.

Tunnel No. 2 runs in 270 feet to reach the vein and is 50 feet vertically below tunnel No. 1. Assays show \$4.20 in gold, 2.5% copper.

Tunnel No. 3 runs in 232 feet, and is 70 feet vertically lower than tunnel No. 2. Assays show \$18.00 in gold, 2% copper. (all gold prices old standard- \$20.67-per ounce.)

There are no buildings of note on the property. The water and timber supply is ample. The new tunnel driven 400 feet will attain a depth 400 feet lower than the old workings.

Price:

Full price of property is \$100,000 with terms to be arranged. Time will be given the purchasers of the mine to do necessary development work before any payment need be made. All dealings will be done with the owners direct.

October 30, 1934.

R.A.LeRoy. M.E.

Description of the Mammoth Mine, in Curry County, Oregon

The property consists of three unpatented mining claims on the west fork of Mule Creek, about $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile up the creek from the main road. The vein is a true fissure running about 40 degrees East of North, and can be traced two or three miles at least.

The mine is situated on the east side of the mineral belt which is greenstone, and lying right in the bite of a large crescent or semicircle near the top of the ridge and is about 1000 feet in elevation above the creek where the millsite is, at about a 38 degree pitch in a straight line. There is a large sulphide vein, in fact the last one in the belt, lying just above the mine and showing several quartz feeders running from one to the other and is in general a network of veins and feeders. The vein dips slightly to the mountain near the surface.

There are around four hundred feet of underground work and the main pay shoot is around four hundred feet in length. I know of only two assays on the large sulphide vein, one went about \$5 and the other \$12. There is plenty of timber on the ground for stulls and climatic conditions are ideal for year round mining. Enclosed, you will find a copy of assays taken to determine values for about 250 feet in length.

/s/

Chas. M. Tucker.

P.S. It is about 65 miles from Grants Pass to Mule Creek, then about $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles up Mule Creek on a good trail to the property.

P.S. of later date 1946 I discovered this summer that the larger sulphide vein above is another true fissure vein running identical as the lower vein as near as I can tell and there is a pay shoot on it right above the lower pay shoot lying right in the bite of a large semicircle

Chas M Tucker

See Page 75, Bull 14-C Vol 1
Oregon Metal Mines Hand Book
See map in pocket

MAMMOTH MINE

Owner: - C. M. Tucker
Marial, Oregon
Location: T. 33 S R. 10W, Sec. 3
Curry County, Mule Creek District.

Six Samples by W. H. Corwin

	<u>Width</u>	<u>Value</u>
1.	36 in.	\$ 8.75
2.	24 in.	26.60
3.	24 in.	105.35
4.	36 in.	3.50
5.	18 in.	43.40
6.	18 in.	145.70
	Average--	\$ 55.88

Eleven Samples by John Price

	<u>Width</u>	<u>Value</u>
1.	16 in.	\$ 8.75
2.	30 in.	11.98
3.	34 in.	26.20
4.	18 in.	110.80
5.	3 ft.	3.80
6.	10 ft.	4.80
7.	3 ft.	9.80
8.	12 in.	74.68
9.	20 in.	141.70
10.	18 in.	100.10
11.	18 in.	42.80
	Average--	\$48.67

Seven Samples by S. Friedrich

	<u>Width</u>	<u>Value</u>
1.	36in.	\$ 17.50
2.	20in.	101.50
3.	20in.	11.90
4.	14in.	168.00
5.	18in.	185.50
6.	30in.	45.50
7.	16in.	18.20
	Average	\$78.34

Seven Samples by C. F. Homack

	<u>Width</u>	<u>Value</u>
1.		114.43 \$149.43
2.		63.00
3.		56.00
4.		117.95
5.		38.50
6.		13.30
7.		92.40
	Average--	\$75.80

Seven Samples --Mr. Gilbert M. E. \$40.00

Five Samples--Mr. Gibsen Av. 49.70

General Average of 43 samples
as above 55.30

Mammoth Mine

C. M. Tucker

ALL QUOTATIONS ON ORES AND METALS NOT UNDER CONTRACT SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

TACOMA SMELTER

AMERICAN SMELTING & REFINING CO.

TACOMA, WASH.

R. F. McELVENNY,
CONSULTING METALLURGISTE. A. WHITE,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT

August 23, 1927

Mr. L. A. Levensaler,
1108 Hoge Building,
Seattle, Washington.

Dear Sir:-

Following are the results on samples sent here
by Andrew Johnson of Waldo, Oregon, for your attention:-

	<u>Au</u>	<u>Ag</u>	<u>Cu</u>
#2 Upper Tunnel Mammoth	0.01	0.15	3.2
#1 Lower " "	0	0.04	2.8
#3 Sunrise General Sample	0.01	0.23	10.8
#4 Gossan	0.04	0.16	0.5

Yours very truly,



EAW:GS