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talcose and pyrite-bearing gouge. Kays and Bruemmer (1964) determined from a gravity study that the major faults are deep seated and contain injections of serpentinized peridotite. They suggest that the amount of peridotite is directly related to the magnitude and extent of the faulting.

Some of the mapped faults may have very little

structural importance, while others that are relatively important may have been overlooked. The thick vegetation and colluvium make detailed geologic mapping a frustrating endeavor. Filling in the gaps between good exposures of bed rock is largely a matter of geologic interpretation, and no two geologists are likely to develop identical pictures.

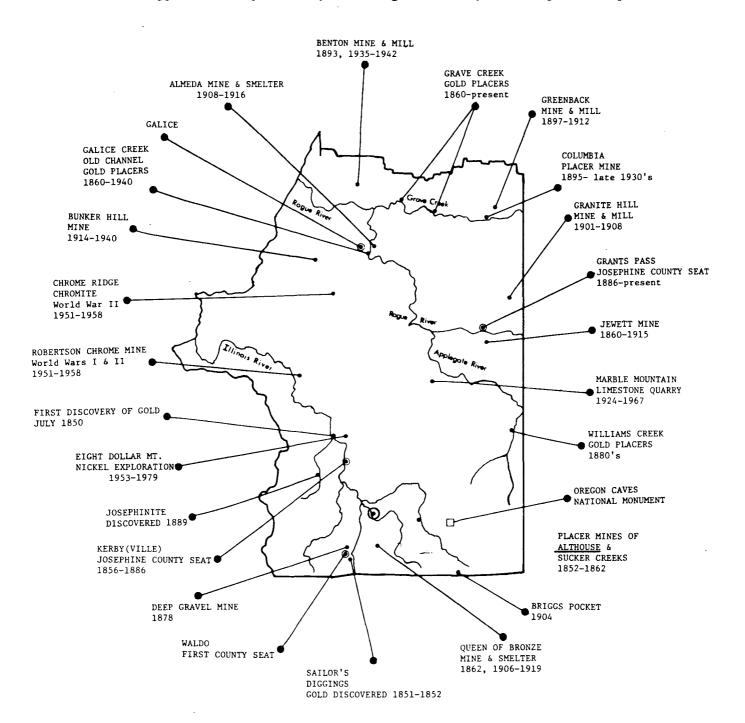
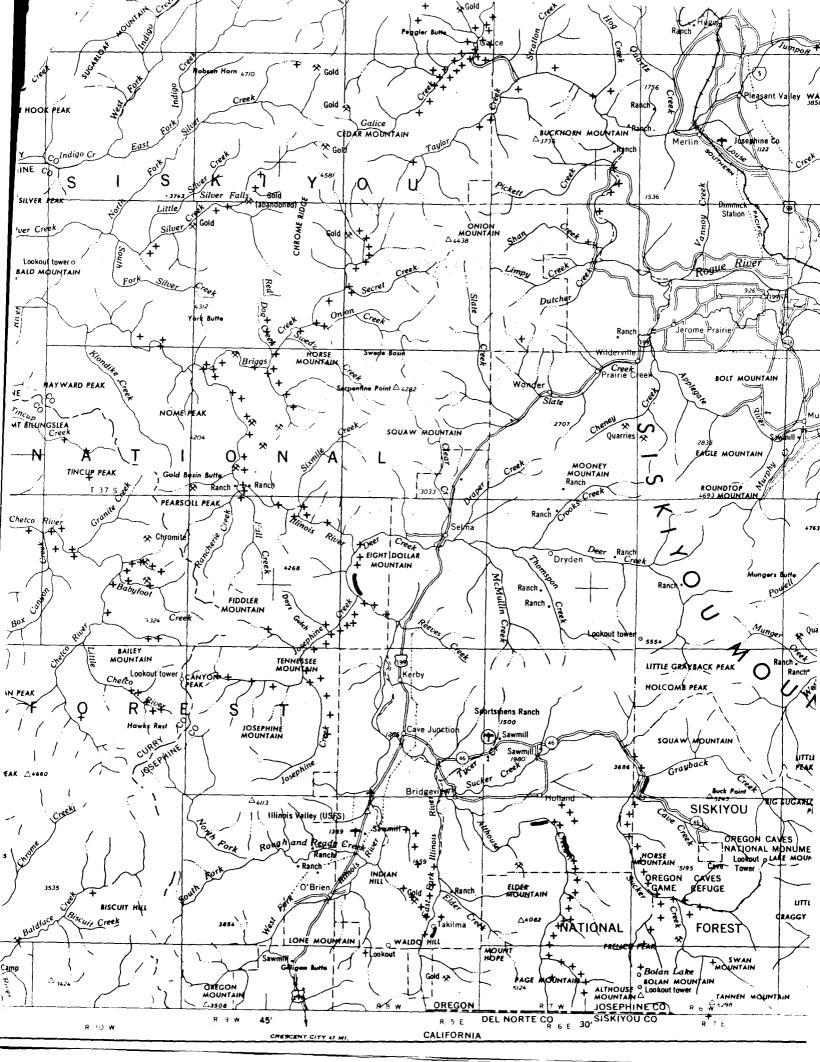


Figure 4. Some of the places and events important in Josephine County's mining history.



Geologic drafting by Ellen B. Bennett

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Parks sourced, the explored twent transaction rentersectable, forming dikes in or near per tite or serpentine)

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Metagabbroic comple

(Dark gray, medium-grained tered rock, forming small me in peridotite or elongate into sions adjacent to it)

Late Jurassic or early Cre

Intrusive rocks



Olivine gabbro

(Dark colored rock containing bluish feldspar, pyroxene, an olivine; coarse-grained facie cog, and fine-grained facies, separately, mapped in north of area)



Serpentine

(Completely serpentinized perite broken by shearing into so blocks or an aggregation of cu or bellied shiny translucent perform yellow through olive gree to black in color)



(Dark green rock made up lar of course crystals of orthorom pyroxene)



Peridotite

(Green medium-grained rock sisting of clivine with or with other majic minerals; weather rock buff to rust-colored. In places largely altered to serper tine but not crushed)



Dothan formation

(Massive indurated sandstone a thin layers of black or dark gra shale with a few conglomerate l of small chert pebbles. Some le of chert JC; also some interlay dense basalt, Jdb. in various sho of green or rusty red, in part u amygdaloidal or pillow structu or with flow breccia)



Galice formation

Galice formation (Dark gray to black fine-grain to dense, thinly layered rocks; erally with slaty cleavage, a fe medium-grained sandstone be up to 5 feet in thickness and stitin-layers of grit, Jgs. Also large thickness of andestic tho mainly porphyritic with brecand tuffs, Jgy; in places speciphases are separately mapped indicated by letter symbols: fe sitic and amyydaloidal phase, Jgf; agglomerate tuffs and thi Jgf; agglomerate tuffs and thi flows, Jgc)

UNCONFORMITY