

State of Oregon
Department of Public Safety Standards and Training

**Please keep this in the Training File at your home department,
please do not send to DPSST.**

NFPA Firefighter I
Task Book

**Designation as the Department Head or Training Officer DOES NOT waive the
requirement to be certified in the level being signed off or DPSST approved prior to
signing off on tasks.**

Task Book Assigned To:	
Name	DPSST Fire Service #
Department Name	
Confirm the completion and accuracy of this task book by signing below:	Date Initiated
Signature of Department Head or Training Officer	Date Completed

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Additional copies of this document may be downloaded from the DPSST web site:
<https://www.oregon.gov/dpsst/FirePrograms/FireForms/NFPAFireFighterITaskBook.pdf>

Task Book Qualification Record Books (Task Book) have been developed for various certification levels within the Oregon Department of Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) system. Each Task Book lists the job performance requirements (JPRs) for the specific certification level in a format that allows a candidate to be trained and evaluated during evaluation sessions. This Task Book contains one box per JPR and should not be signed by an evaluator until the trainee has completed the skill satisfactorily. Additional boxes may be added as determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Successful performance of all tasks, as observed and recorded by a qualified and approved evaluator may result in the candidate's eligibility for DPSST certification.

Before a job performance evaluation can be taken, all requisite knowledge and skills must be satisfied. In addition, all relative task book evaluations must be checked off by the evaluator. When all prescribed requirements have been met, an application for Certification can be forwarded to DPSST. All certificates are mailed to the Training Officer at his/her Fire Service Agency.

NOTE TO FIRE SERVICE AGENCIES: These JPRs serve as general guidelines. As such they are **NOT** intended to replace specific sequences of apparatus or equipment operation that may be outlined by manufacturer specifications. At all times, standard operating procedures of the Fire Service Agency in which the evaluation is being conducted will govern. Fire Service Agencies should have available for evaluators a copy of manufacturer specifications and the Fire Service Agencies standard operational guidelines.

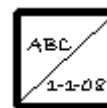
The JPRs covered in this Task Book meet or exceed all NFPA published standards for this certification level at the time of this publication. Mention of NFPA and its standards do not, and are not intended as adoption of, or reference to, NFPA standards. For more information on the complete job performance requirements and data, see the individual DPSST Task Book for that certification level.

HOW TO EVALUATE PERFORMANCE:

Each JPR has one corresponding box to the right in which to confirm a candidate's success. The evaluator must indicate successful passing by the candidate of each JPR by initialing and dating (see example).

Draw a diagonal line through the box on the right. The evaluator should place their initials on one half and indicate the current date on the other half. (See example)

(A) Requisite Knowledge. Procedures for reporting an emergency; departmental SOPs for taking and receiving alarms, radio codes, or procedures; and information needs of dispatch center.



NFPA Firefighter I Signature Page

This signature page is a tool for your agency to document completed tasks; completion of the entire Task Book is still required (if not utilizing Task Performance Evaluations). The signature page and documentation should be kept on file at your agency. Please **do not** submit the Task Book or signature page to Department of Public Safety Standards and Training.

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TASK BOOK QUALIFICATION RECORD

FOR THE CERTIFICATION LEVEL OF

NFPA FIREFIGHTER I

Prior to becoming certified in this position, the NFPA Firefighter I candidate must successfully complete the following Job Performance Requirements (JPR). The evaluator must initial and date the appropriate boxes to indicate successful completion of each. For each JPR there are requisite knowledge and skill requirements.

Designation as the Department Head or Training Officer DOES NOT waive the requirement to be certified in the level being signed off or DPSST approved prior to signing off on tasks.

Tasks must be signed off by an individual certified as a NFPA Fire Fighter I or have received prior written approval from DPSST to sign off on tasks.

***Indicates additional explanatory information in Annex A.**

6.1 General. For qualification as Firefighter I, the candidate shall meet the requirements in Chapters 4 and 6, and the requirements defined in Chapter 7 and Sections 9.2 and 9.6 of NFPA 470.

6.1.1 * General Knowledge Requirements. The organization of the fire department; the role of the Firefighter I in the organization; the mission of fire service; the fire department's standard operating procedures (SOPs) and rules and regulations as they apply to the Firefighter I; the value of fire and life safety initiatives in support of the fire department mission and to reduce firefighter line-of-duty injuries and fatalities; the role of other agencies as they relate to the fire department; the signs and symptoms of behavioral and emotional distress; aspects of the fire department's member assistance program; the importance of physical fitness and a healthy lifestyle to the performance of the duties of a firefighter; the critical aspects of NFPA 1500.

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6.1.2 General Skill Requirements. The ability to don personal protective clothing, doff personal protective clothing, perform field reduction of contaminants and prepare for reuse, hoist tools and equipment using ropes and the correct knot, and locate information in departmental documents and standard or code materials.

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6.2 Communications. This duty shall involve using communications equipment and technology in accordance with the policies and procedures of the AHJ and the JPRs in 6.2.1 through 6.2.3.

6.2.1 * Initiate the response to a reported emergency, given the report of an emergency, fire department SOPs, and communications equipment and technology, so that all necessary information is obtained, communications equipment and technology are operated correctly, and the information is relayed promptly and accurately to the dispatch center. (See Annex NFPA 1010 Annex A 5.2.1.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Procedures for reporting an emergency, departmental SOPs for taking and receiving alarms, and information needs of the dispatch center.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to operate fire department communications equipment and technology, relay information, and record information.

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6.2.2 Transmit and receive communications using fire department equipment and technology, given equipment and technology and operating procedures, so that the information is accurate, complete, clear, and relayed within the time established by the AHJ. (See Annex NFPA 1010 Annex A 5.2.1.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Departmental communications procedures and etiquette for routine traffic, emergency traffic, and emergency evacuation signals.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to operate communications equipment and technology and discriminate between routine and emergency traffic.

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6.2.3 Activate an emergency call for assistance, given vision-obscured conditions, PPE, and department SOPs, so that the firefighter can be located and rescued.

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Personnel accountability systems, emergency communication procedures, and emergency evacuation methods.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to initiate an emergency call for assistance in accordance with the AHJ's procedures and the ability to use other methods of emergency calls for assistance.

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6.3 Fireground Operations. This duty shall involve performing activities necessary to ensure life safety, fire control, and property conservation, according to the JPRs in 6.3.1 through 6.3.21.

6.3.1 * Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) during emergency operations, given SCBA and other PPE, so that the SCBA is correctly donned, the SCBA is correctly worn, controlled breathing techniques are used, emergency procedures are enacted if the SCBA fails, all low-air warnings are recognized, respiratory protection is not intentionally compromised, and hazardous areas are exited prior to air depletion. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.1)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Conditions that require respiratory protection, uses and limitations of SCBA, components of SCBA, donning procedures, breathing techniques, indications for and emergency procedures used with SCBA, and physical requirements of the SCBA wearer.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to control breathing, replace SCBA air cylinders, use SCBA to exit through restricted passages, initiate and complete emergency procedures in the event of SCBA failure or air depletion, and complete donning procedures.

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6.3.2 * Respond on apparatus to an emergency scene, given personal protective clothing and other necessary PPE, so that the apparatus is correctly mounted and dismounted, seat belts are used while the vehicle is in motion, and other PPE is correctly used. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.2.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Mounting and dismounting procedures for riding fire apparatus, hazards and ways to avoid hazards associated with riding apparatus, prohibited practices, and types of department PPE and the means for usage.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to use each piece of provided safety equipment.

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6.3.3 * Establish and operate in work areas at emergency scenes, given protective equipment, traffic and scene control devices, structure fire and roadway emergency scenes, traffic hazards and downed electrical wires, photovoltaic power systems, battery storage systems, an assignment, and SOPs, so that procedures are followed, protective equipment is worn, protected work areas are established as directed using traffic and scene control devices, and the firefighter performs assigned tasks only in established, protected work areas. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.3.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Potential hazards involved in operating on emergency scenes including vehicle traffic, utilities, and environmental conditions; proper procedures for dismounting apparatus in traffic; procedures for safe operation at emergency scenes; and the protective equipment available for members' safety on emergency scenes and work zone designations.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to use personal protective clothing, deploy traffic and scene control devices, dismount apparatus, and operate in the protected work areas as directed.

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6.3.4 * Force entry into a structure, given PPE, tools, and an assignment, so that the tools are used as designed, the barrier is removed, and the opening is in a safe condition and ready for entry. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.4.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Basic construction of typical doors, windows, and walls within the department's community or service area; operation of doors, windows, and locks; and the dangers associated with forcing entry through doors, windows, and walls.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to transport and operate hand and power tools and to force entry through doors, windows, and walls using assorted methods and tools.

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6.3.5 * Exit a hazardous area as a team, given vision-obscured conditions, so that a safe haven is found before exhausting the air supply, others are not endangered, and the team integrity is maintained. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.5.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Personnel accountability systems, communication procedures, emergency evacuation methods, what constitutes a safe haven, elements that create or indicate a hazard, and emergency procedures for loss of air supply.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to operate as a team member in vision-obscured conditions, locate and follow a guideline, conserve air supply, and evaluate areas for hazards and identify a safe haven.

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6.3.6 * Set up, mount, ascend, dismount, and descend ground ladders, given single and extension ladders, an assignment, and team members if needed, so that hazards are assessed, the ladder is stable, the angle is correct for climbing, extension ladders are extended to the necessary height with the fly locked, the top is placed against a reliable structural component, and the assignment is accomplished. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.6.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Parts of a ladder, hazards associated with setting up ladders, what constitutes a stable foundation for ladder placement, different angles for various tasks, climbing techniques, safety limits to the degree of angulation, and what constitutes a reliable structural component for top placement.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to carry ladders, raise ladders, extend ladders and lock flies, determine that a wall and roof will support the ladder, judge extension ladder height requirements, and place the ladder to avoid obvious hazards, mount, ascend, dismount, and descend the ladder.

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6.3.7 * Attack a passenger vehicle fire operating as a member of a team, given PPE, an attack line, and hand tools, so that hazards are avoided, leaking flammable liquids are identified and controlled, protection from flash fires is maintained, all vehicle compartments are overhauled, and the fire is extinguished. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.7.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Principles of fire streams as they relate to fighting automobile fires; precautions to be followed when advancing hose lines toward an automobile; observable results that a fire stream has been properly applied;

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identifying alternative fuels and the hazards associated with them; dangerous conditions created during an automobile fire; common types of accidents or injuries related to fighting automobile fires and how to avoid them; how to access locked passenger, trunk, and engine compartments; and methods for overhauling an automobile.

(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to identify automobile fuel type; assess and control fuel leaks; open, close, and adjust the flow and pattern on nozzles; apply water for maximum effectiveness while maintaining flash fire protection; advance 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) or larger diameter attack lines; and expose hidden fires by opening all automobile compartments.



6.3.8 * Extinguish fires in exterior Class A materials, given fires in stacked or piled materials, small unattached structures, and storage containers that can be fought from the exterior, attack lines, hand tools and master stream devices, and an assignment, so that exposures are protected, the spread of fire is stopped, collapse hazards are avoided, water application is effective, the fire is extinguished, and signs of the origin area(s) and arson are preserved. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.8.)



(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Types of attack lines and water streams appropriate for attacking stacked, piled materials and outdoor fires; dangers — such as collapse — associated with stacked and piled materials; various extinguishing agents and their effect on different material configurations; tools and methods to use in breaking up various types of materials; the difficulties related to complete extinguishment of stacked and piled materials; water application methods for exposure protection and fire extinguishment; dangers such as exposure to toxic or hazardous materials associated with storage building and container fires; obvious signs of origin and cause; and techniques for the preservation of fire cause evidence.



(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to recognize inherent hazards related to the material's configuration, operate handlines or master streams, break up material using hand tools and water streams, evaluate for complete extinguishment, operate hose lines and other water application devices, evaluate and modify water application for maximum penetration, search for and expose hidden fires, assess patterns for origin determination, and evaluate for complete extinguishment.



6.3.9 * Conduct a search and rescue in a structure operating as a member of a team, given an assignment, obscured vision conditions, personal protective equipment, a flashlight, forcible entry tools, hose lines, and ladders when necessary, so that ladders are correctly placed when used, all assigned areas are searched, all victims are located and removed, team integrity is maintained, and team members' safety — including respiratory protection — is not compromised. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.9.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Use of forcible entry tools during rescue operations, ladder operations for rescue, psychological effects of operating in obscured conditions and ways to manage them, methods to determine if an area is tenable, primary and secondary search techniques, team members' roles and goals, methods to use and indicators of finding victims, victim removal methods (including various carries), and considerations related to respiratory protection.

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(B) * Requisite Skills.

The ability to use SCBA to exit through restricted passages, set up and use different types of ladders for various types of rescue operations, rescue a firefighter with functioning respiratory protection, rescue a firefighter whose respiratory protection is not functioning, rescue a person who has no respiratory protection, and assess areas to determine tenability. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.9(B).)

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6.3.10 * Attack an interior structure fire operating as a member of a team, given an attack line, ladders when needed, personal protective equipment, tools, and an assignment, so that team integrity is maintained, the attack line is deployed for advancement, ladders are correctly placed when used, access is gained into the fire area, effective water application practices are used, the fire is approached correctly, attack techniques facilitate suppression given the level of the fire, hidden fires are located and controlled, the correct body posture is maintained, hazards are recognized and managed, and the fire is brought under control. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.10.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Principles of fire streams; types, design, operation, nozzle pressure effects, and flow capabilities of nozzles; precautions to be followed when advancing hose lines to a

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fire; observable results that a fire stream has been properly applied; dangerous building conditions created by fire; principles of exposure protection; potential long-term consequences of exposure to products of combustion; physical states of matter in which fuels are found; common types of accidents or injuries and their causes; and the application of each size and type of attack line, the role of the backup team in fire attack situations, attack and control techniques for grade level and above and below grade levels, and exposing hidden fires.

(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to prevent a water hammer when shutting down nozzles; open, close, and adjust nozzle flow and patterns; apply water using direct, indirect, and combination attacks; advance charged and uncharged 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) diameter or larger hose lines up ladders and up and down interior and exterior stairways; extend hose lines; replace burst hose sections; operate charged hose lines of 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) diameter or larger while secured to a ground ladder; couple and uncouple various handline connections; carry hose; attack fires at grade level and above and below grade levels; and locate and suppress interior wall and subfloor fires.



6.3.11 Perform horizontal ventilation on a structure operating as part of a team, given an assignment, PPE, ventilation tools, equipment, and ladders, so that the ventilation openings are free of obstructions, tools are used as designed, ladders are correctly placed, ventilation devices are correctly placed, and the structure is cleared of smoke.



(A) Requisite Knowledge.

The principles, advantages, limitations, and effects of horizontal, mechanical, and hydraulic ventilation; safety considerations when venting a structure; fire behavior in a structure; the products of combustion found in a structure fire; the signs, causes, effects, and prevention of backdrafts; and the relationship of oxygen concentration to life safety and fire growth.



(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to transport and operate ventilation tools and equipment and ladders, and to use safe procedures for breaking window and door glass and removing obstructions.



6.3.12 Perform vertical ventilation on a structure as part of a team, given an assignment, PPE, ground and roof ladders, and tools, so that ladders are positioned for ventilation, a specified opening is created, all ventilation barriers are



removed, structural integrity is not compromised, products of combustion are released from the structure, and the team retreats from the area when ventilation is accomplished.

(A) Requisite Knowledge.

The methods of heat transfer; the principles of thermal layering within a structure on fire; the techniques and safety precautions for venting flat roofs, pitched roofs, and basements; basic indicators of potential collapse or roof failure; the effects of construction type and elapsed time under fire conditions on structural integrity; and the advantages and disadvantages of vertical and trench/strip ventilation.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to transport and operate ventilation tools and equipment; hoist ventilation tools to a roof; cut roofing and flooring materials to vent flat roofs, pitched roofs, and basements; sound a roof for integrity; clear an opening with hand tools; select, carry, deploy, and secure ground ladders for ventilation activities; deploy roof ladders on pitched roofs while secured to a ground ladder; and carry ventilation-related tools and equipment while ascending and descending ladders.

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6.3.13 Overhaul a fire scene, given PPE, an attack line, hand tools, a flashlight, and an assignment, so that structural integrity is not compromised, all hidden fires are discovered, fire cause evidence is preserved, and the fire is extinguished.

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Types of fire attack lines and water application devices most effective for overhaul, water application methods for extinguishment that limit water damage, types of tools and methods used to expose hidden fire, dangers associated with overhaul, obvious signs of area of origin or signs of arson, and reasons for protection of fire scene.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to deploy and operate an attack line; remove flooring, ceiling, and wall components to expose void spaces without compromising structural integrity; apply water for maximum effectiveness; expose and extinguish hidden fires in walls, ceilings, and subfloor spaces; recognize and preserve obvious signs of area of origin and arson; and evaluate for complete extinguishment.

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6.3.14 Conserve property as a member of a team, given salvage tools and equipment and an assignment, so that the building and its contents are protected from further damage.

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

The purpose of property conservation and its value to the public, methods used to protect property, types of and uses for salvage covers, operations at properties protected with automatic sprinklers, how to stop the flow of water from an automatic sprinkler head, identification of the main control valve on an automatic sprinkler system, forcible entry issues related to salvage, and procedures for protecting possible areas of origin and potential evidence.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to cluster furniture; deploy covering materials; roll and fold salvage covers for reuse; construct water chutes and catchalls; remove water; cover building openings, including doors, windows, floor openings, and roof openings; separate, remove, and relocate charred material to a safe location while protecting the area of origin for cause determination; stop the flow of water from a sprinkler with sprinkler wedges or stoppers; and operate a main control valve on an automatic sprinkler system.

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6.3.15 * Connect a pumper to a water supply as a member of a team, given supply or intake hose, hose tools, and a fire hydrant or static water source, so that connections are tight and water flow is unobstructed. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.15.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Loading and off-loading procedures for mobile water supply apparatus; fire hydrant operation; and suitable static water supply sources, procedures, and protocol for connecting to various water sources.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to hand lay a supply hose, connect and place hard suction hose for drafting operations, deploy portable water tanks as well as the equipment necessary to transfer water between and draft from them, make hydrant-to-pumper hose connections for forward and reverse lays, connect supply hose to a hydrant, and fully open and close the hydrant.

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6.3.16 * Extinguish incipient Class A, Class B, and Class C fires, given a selection of portable fire extinguishers, so that the correct extinguisher is chosen, the fire is completely extinguished, and correct extinguisher-handling techniques are followed. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.16.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

The classifications of fire; the types of, rating systems for, and risks associated with each class of fire; and the operating methods of and limitations of portable extinguishers.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to operate portable fire extinguishers, approach fire with portable fire extinguishers, select an appropriate extinguisher based on the size and type of fire, and safely carry portable fire extinguishers.

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6.3.17 Operate emergency scene lighting, given fire service lighting equipment, power supply, and an assignment, so that emergency scene lighting equipment is operated within the manufacturer's listed safety precautions.

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Safety principles and practices, power supply capacity and limitations, and light deployment methods.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to operate department power supply and lighting equipment, deploy cords and connectors, reset ground-fault interrupter (GFI) devices, and locate lights for best effect.

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6.3.18 Turn off building utilities, given tools and an assignment, so that the assignment is safely completed.

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Properties, principles, and safety concerns for electrical, gas, and water systems; utility disconnect methods and associated dangers; and use of required safety equipment.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to identify utility control devices, operate control valves or switches, and assess for related hazards.

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6.3.19 * Combat a ground cover fire operating as a member of a team, given protective clothing, SCBA (if needed), hose lines, extinguishers or hand tools, and an assignment, so that threats to property are reported, threats to personal safety are recognized, retreat is quickly accomplished when

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warranted, and the assignment is completed. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.3.19.)

(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Types of ground cover fires, parts of ground cover fires, methods to contain or suppress, and safety principles and practices.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to determine exposure threats based on fire spread potential, protect exposures, construct a fire line or extinguish with hand tools, maintain integrity of established fire lines, and suppress ground cover fires using water.

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6.3.20 Tie a knot appropriate for hoisting tools, given PPE, tools, ropes, and an assignment, so that the knots used are appropriate for hoisting tools securely and as directed.

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Knot types and usage; the difference between life safety and utility rope; reasons for placing rope out of service; the types of knots to use for given tools, ropes, or situations; hoisting methods for tools and equipment; and using rope to support response activities.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to hoist tools using specific knots based on the type of tool.

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6.3.21 Air Monitoring.

Operate an air-monitoring instrument, given an air monitor and an assignment or task, so that the device is operated and the firefighter recognizes the high- or low-level alarms of the air monitor and takes action to mitigate the hazard.

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Knowledge of the various uses for an air monitor, the basic operation of an air monitor, and recognition and emergency actions to be taken upon the activation of the high- or low-level alarms of the air monitor.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to operate the air monitor, recognize the alarms, and react to the alarms of the air monitor.

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6.4 Rescue Operations. This duty shall involve no requirements for Firefighter I.

6.5 Preparedness and Maintenance. This duty shall involve performing activities that reduce the loss of life and property due to fire through response readiness, according to the JPRs in 6.5.1 and 6.5.2.

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6.5.1 * Clean and check ladders, ventilation equipment, SCBA, ropes, salvage equipment, and hand tools, given cleaning tools, cleaning supplies, and an assignment, so that equipment is clean and maintained according to manufacturer's or departmental guidelines, maintenance is recorded, and equipment is placed in a ready state or reported otherwise. (See NFPA 1010 Annex A.6.5.1.)

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Types of cleaning methods for various tools and equipment, correct use of cleaning solvents, and manufacturer's or departmental guidelines for cleaning equipment and tools.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to select correct tools for various parts and pieces of equipment, follow guidelines, and complete recording and reporting procedures.

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6.5.2 Clean, inspect, and return fire hose to service, given washing equipment, water, detergent, tools, and replacement gaskets, so that damage is noted and corrected, the hose is clean, and the equipment is placed in a ready state for service.

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(A) Requisite Knowledge.

Departmental procedures for noting a defective hose and removing it from service, cleaning methods, and hose rolls and loads.

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(B) Requisite Skills.

The ability to clean different types of hose; operate hose washing and drying equipment; mark defective hose; and replace coupling gaskets, roll hose, and reload hose.

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