LEGEND

- Unbolded text in each section of rule section is not being modified.
- Text in bold represents additions or new language in the rule.
- Text in red strikethrough is being removed.

Proposed Changes to 471-010-0105 - Customer Information and Disclosure: General Disclosures

- (1) The department is authorized to disclose confidential information or records to non-governmental entities if the non-governmental entity enters into a written disclosure agreement with the department that:
 - (a) Requires the non-governmental entity to obtain a written release from the individual or business to whom the information pertains, containing the following:
 - (A) A statement specifically identifying the information that is to be disclosed;
 - (B) Notice that state government files will be accessed to obtain the information;
 - (C) A statement identifying the specific purposes for which the information is sought, which must be limited to providing a service or benefit to the individual or business signing the release or carrying out administration or evaluation of a public program;
 - (D) A statement that information obtained under the release will only be used for that purpose or purposes; and
 - (E) A statement identifying all the parties who may receive the information;
 - (b) Requires the non-governmental entity to safeguard the information once in the hands of the non-governmental entity; and
 - (c) Requires the non-governmental entity to pay all costs associated with the disclosure.

- (2) Unless otherwise authorized by these rules, the department is authorized to disclose confidential information or records to a customer or business only under the following provisions:
 - (a) The Oregon Employment Department staff is sure that the information was provided by the customer or business, or was previously provided to the customer or business; or
 - (b) For Oregon Employment Department wage records, the wage records are identified under the name, social security number or account number of the customer.
- (3) The department is authorized to disclose confidential information or records to a third party or agent based on the informed consent of a customer or business if:
 - (a) The department receives a written release signed and dated by the customer or business that specifically states the information that may be disclosed and contains the information required by subsection (1)(a)(A)–(E) of this rule;
 - (b) The written release is witnessed or verified by a department staff person, or notarized; and
 - (c) The third party or agent presenting the request is the same party authorized to receive the information.
 - (d) The department will disclose only information that may be provided directly to the customer or business consenting to the disclosure.
- (4) The department is authorized to disclose confidential information or records regarding a customer or business to the attorney for a customer or business pursuant to an informed consent from the customer or business that contains the information required in subsection (2) of this rule.
 - (a) If the attorney has been retained for purposes related to ORS Chapter 657 and the attorney asserts that he or she represents the customer or business, a written release that complies with subsection (21) of this rule is not required.

- (b) If the attorney has been retained for purposes not related to ORS Chapter 657 and the attorney asserts that he or she represents the customer or business, a written release that complies with subsection 1(a)(A)-(E) of this rule is required. The written release must be witnessed or verified by a department staff person or notarized.
- (**bc**) The department will disclose only information that may be provided directly to the customer or business consenting to the disclosure.
- (5) The department is authorized to disclose confidential information or records to a legislator or other elected official, or his or her staff, pursuant to an informed consent from a customer or business.
 - (a) A written release that complies with subsection (2) of this rule is not required if the department receives a copy of the letter written by the customer or business to the legislator or other elected official requesting the assistance of the elected official.
 - (b) If no letter is available, Oregon Employment Department staff will provide customer or business information only after receiving reasonable evidence from the legislator or other elected official, or his or her staff, that the customer or business authorized the disclosure.
 - (c) The department will disclose only information that may be provided directly to the customer or business consenting to the disclosure.
- (6) Department staff must comply with Oregon child abuse reporting laws under ORS Chapter 419B.010, elderly abuse reporting laws under Chapter 124.060, and patient abuse reporting laws under 677.190.
- (7) Drug or alcohol abuse information or records received from federally funded treatment programs, facilities or activities may not be used or redisclosed by the department without the written consent of the patient or a court order and subpoena that comply with the requirements in 42 USC § 290dd-2 and 42 CFR Part 2.

Proposed Changes to 471-030-0050 – Benefit Payments

(1) Benefits shall be paid by such method as the Director may approve.

- (2) The Employment Department's primary payment method to any individual approved to receive unemployment insurance benefits is electronic funds transfer. "Electronic funds transfer" has the same meaning as provided in ORS 293.525.
- (3) Individuals who do not apply for direct deposit will be paid by a stored value card, including but not limited to ReliaCard Visa.

Proposed Changes to 471-030-0036 - Eligibility Factors

- (1) In considering suitable work factors under ORS 657.190 and for purposes of determining eligibility under 657.155(1)(c), the Director may require an individual to actively seek the type of work the individual is most capable of performing due to prior job experience and training. If they are unable to secure their customary type of work, or that type of work is not available during the days and hours for which the individual is available, the Director may require them to seek work of another type for which they are capable of performing by virtue of experience and training. except that:
 - (a) If an individual is unable to secure the individual's customary type of work after contacting the potential employers in their labor market or if the individual is unable to meet the requirements of section (3) of this rule, the Director may require the individual to seek less desirable but similar work or work of another type which the individual is capable of performing by virtue of experience and training.
 - (b) If the type of work an individual is most capable of performing does not exist in the labor market where the individual is claiming benefits, the Director may require the individual to seek any work that exists in the labor market for which the individual is suited by virtue of experience and training.
 - (c) After the individual has contacted the potential employers in the labor market where benefits are being claimed and is still unable to obtain work as described in (1)(a) and (b) of this section, the Director may require the individual to further expand work-seeking activities.

- (2) For the purposes of ORS 657.155(1)(c), an individual shall be considered able to work in a particular week **unless they:** only if physically and mentally capable of performing the work the individual is actually is seeking during all of the week except:
 - (a) Are not physically or mentally capable of performing the work the individual is seeking for more than half of the week because of illness, injury, or disability; or
 - (b) Have an opportunity to perform suitable work during the days and hours for which they are normally available for work and are unable to accept or report for such work because of illness, injury, or disability.
 - (a) An occasional and temporary disability for less than half of the week shall not result in a finding that the individual is unable to work for that week; and
 - (b) An individual with a permanent or long-term "physical or mental impairment" (as defined at 29 CFR 1630.2(h)) which prevents the individual from working full time or during particular shifts shall not be deemed unable to work solely on that basis so long as the individual remains available for some work.
- (3) For the purposes of ORS 657.155(1)(c), an individual shall be considered available for work **unless they** if, at a minimum, the individual is:
 - (a) Have an opportunity to perform suitable work during the days and hours of the week they are normally available to work and fail to accept or report for such work; or
 - (b) Are absent from their normal labor market area for reasons unrelated to work search for more than half of the week unless:
 - (A) They are accessible to work in the area visited, and
 - (B) Their reason for travel does not prevent them from being willing and capable of working in the area visited; or
 - (c) Are not legally authorized to work more than half of the week; or
 - (a) Willing to work full time, part time, and accept temporary work opportunities, during all of the usual hours and days of the week customary for

the work being sought, unless such part time or temporary opportunities would substantially interfere with return to the individual's regular employment; and

- (b) Capable of accepting and reporting for any suitable work opportunities within the labor market in which work is being sought, including temporary and part time opportunities; and
- (c) Not imposing conditions which substantially reduce the individual's opportunities to return to work at the earliest possible time; and
- (d) Physically present in the normal labor market area as defined by section (6) of this rule, every day of the week, unless:
 - (A) The individual is actively seeking work outside his or her normal labor market area; or
 - (B) The individual is infrequently absent from the normal labor market area for reasons unrelated to work search, for less than half of the week, and no opportunity to work or referral to work was missed by such absence.
- (e) However, an individual with a permanent or long-term physical or mental impairment (as defined at 29 CFR 1630.2(h)) which prevents the individual from working full time or during particular shifts shall not be deemed unavailable for work solely on that basis so long as the individual remains available for some work.
- (f) For the purposes of ORS 657.155(1)(c), an individual is not available for work in any week claimed if:
 - (A) The individual has an opportunity to perform suitable work during the week and fails to accept or report for such work.
 - (B) During the week, the individual is incarcerated during any days or hours customary for the type of work the individual is seeking.
 - (i) "Incarcerated" means in custody at a city, county, state, or federal law enforcement or correctional facility to include any "arrest" as defined in ORS 133.005 or a similar law in another state or jurisdiction.

- (ii) When an individual is in an alternative sentencing facility operated pursuant to a community corrections plan that individual will not be considered unavailable for work solely because of their non-traditional custody. Alternative sentencing is defined by the jurisdiction responsible for supervision of the suspect or offender.
- (iii) "Incarcerated" does not include a "stop" as authorized under ORS 131.605 to 131.625.
- (iv) "Incarcerated" does not mean being involved in questioning by peace officers as part of an investigation where the individual is free to leave and not charged with a crime.
- (g) An individual will be considered not available for work if the individual fails or refuses to seek the type of work required by the Director pursuant to section (1) of this rule.
- (h) Providing the individual is otherwise eligible for benefits pursuant to OAR 471-030-0036(3)(a) through (g), a person who has been found to be qualified for benefits under the provisions of ORS 657.176(2)(f) or (g) or 657.176(9)(b)(A) shall be considered available for work only during weeks in which the individual is enrolled in and participating in a recognized drug or alcohol treatment program if such participation was a condition in the determination to allow benefits. This provision does not apply if the individual has satisfactorily completed the course of treatment in accordance with the terms and conditions of the recognized treatment program.
 - (A) An individual is participating when engaged in a course of treatment through a recognized drug or alcohol rehabilitation program;
 - (B) A recognized drug or alcohol rehabilitation program is a program authorized and licensed under the provisions of OAR chapter 415.
- (d) Reside or spend more than half of the week:
 - (A) In Canada and are not authorized to work in Canada;
 - (B) In a country not included in the Compact of Free Association with the United States of America; or

- (C) Outside of the United States, District of Columbia or any territory or political division that is directly overseen by the United States federal government; except,
 - (i) They are the spouse or domestic partner of an individual stationed at a military base or embassy located outside the United States;
 - (ii) Job opportunities exist on the military base or embassy for family members of those stationed there; and
 - (iii) They live within a reasonable commuting distance to job opportunities at the military base or embassy.

(i) An individual is not available for work in any week claimed under ORS 657.155 if the individual resides or spends the major portion of the week:

- (A) In Canada unless the individual is authorized to work in Canada;
- (B) In a country not included in the Compact of Free Association with the United States of America; or
- (C) outside of the United States, District of Columbia or any territory or political division that is directly overseen by the United States federal government; except,
 - i.—If the individual is the spouse or domestic partner of an individual stationed at a military base or embassy located outside the United States;
 - ii.—Job opportunities exist on the military base or embassy for family members of those stationed there;
 - iii.—The individual lives within a reasonable commuting distance to job opportunities at the military base or embassy; and
 - iv. The individual is willing to accept the conditions and terms of the available employment provided they are not inconsistent with ORS 657.195.
- (4) For the purposes of sections (2) and (3) of this rule, an individual with a permanent or long-term physical or mental impairment (as defined at 29 CFR

1630.2(h)) that prevents them from working for more than half of the week shall not be deemed unable to work or unavailable for work solely on that basis, so long as they remain able to perform, and available for, some work.

- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of OAR 471-030-0036(3), an individual with a circumstance which restricts their availability such as, but not limited to, lack of childcare, caring for an immediate family member or another person in their household, lack of transportation, or attendance in school or training to improve their job skills or long-term employment opportunities, will not be deemed unavailable for work if:
 - (a) The work the individual is seeking or is otherwise willing to seek is customarily performed during other days and hours in the individual's normal labor market area as defined by OAR 471-030-0036(6); and
 - (b) The individual is willing and capable of working full time during other days and hours for which they could reasonably expect employers to schedule them.
- (5) This section addresses the requirements for actively seeking work, as required under For the purposes of ORS 657.155(1)(c), an individual shall be considered actively seeking work when:
 - (a) Unless the individual is temporarily unemployed, as described in section (b), or a member of a dispatching union, as described in section (c), a federal employee as described in section (d), or otherwise directed by the director or an authorized representative of the Employment Department, they must conduct at least five work-seeking activities per week. Two of the five work-seeking activities must be a direct contact with an employer who might hire the individual. They make at least two direct contacts per week with employers who hire people with the individual's skills, training, or experience. "Direct contact" means making contact either in person, by phone, mail, or electronically to inquire about potential work or applying for job openings in the manner required by the hiring employer; or

(A) Work seeking activities include but are not limited to registering for job placement services with the Employment Department,

attending job placement meetings sponsored by the Employment Department, participating in a job club or networking group dedicated to job placement, updating a resume, reviewing the newspaper or job placement web sites without responding to a posted job opening, and making direct contact with an employer.

- (B) Direct contact with an employer means making contact with an employer in person, by phone, mail, or electronically to inquire about a job opening or applying for job openings in the manner required by the hiring employer.
- (b) They are employer attached and: For an individual who is temporarily unemployed:
 - (A) They are considered to be actively seeking work when they remain in contact with their regular employer and are capable of accepting and reporting for any suitable work with that employer;
 - (B) There is a reasonable expectation that they will be returning to work for their regular employer. The work the individual is returning to must be full time or pay an amount that equals or exceeds their weekly benefit amount;
 - (C) The department will not consider the individual to be temporarily unemployed if they were separated from their employer for reasons other than a lack of work, the work the individual is returning to is not with their most recent employer, or the length the individual is unemployed is longer than the period described in subsection (D) of this section; and
 - (D) The department will consider that the period for which an individual is temporarily unemployed:
 - (i) Begins the last date the individual performed services for the employer. In the case of an individual still working for the employer, it is the last date worked during the week in which the individual had earnings less than their weekly benefit amount; and
 - (ii) Cannot be greater than four weeks between the week the individual became temporarily unemployed and the week the

individual returns to work as described in subsection (B) of this section.

- (A) Were not separated from their employer;
- (B) There is an expectation they will return to work for that employer;
- (C) They remain in contact with that employer; and
- (D) They are capable of accepting and reporting for suitable work with that employer; or
- (c) For an individual who is a member in good standing of a union that does not allow members to seek non-union work, such individual is actively seeking work by remaining in contact with that union and being capable of accepting and reporting for work when dispatched by that union if the union dispatches its members for work. If the union does not allow its members to accept non-union work but does not dispatch their members to available work, the individual must meet the requirements of subsection (a) of this section. They are a member in good standing of a union that dispatches their members for work and:
 - (A) The union does not allow members to seek non-union work;
 - (B) They remain in contact with that union; and
 - (C) Are capable of accepting and reporting for work when dispatched by that union; or
- (d) For an individual who is a federal employee temporarily unemployed due to a government shutdown and expects to resume work with their regular employer once the shutdown ends, they are considered to be actively seeking work when they remain in contact with their regular employer and are capable of accepting and reporting for any suitable work with that employer.
 - (d) They are unemployed, as of January 1, 2026, due to a labor dispute as described under ORS 657.200 and:
 - (A) They were not separated from their employer;
 - (B) There is an expectation that they will return to work for their employer when the labor dispute ends;

- (C) They are capable of accepting and reporting for suitable work with that employer;
- (D) They remain in contact with that employer, unless contact is prohibited by the union; and
- (E) They remain in contact with the union; or
- (e) For an individual who is filing a continued claim for the first week of an initial or additional claim:
 - (A) If the individual worked less than full time and remuneration paid or payable to the individual for services performed during the week is less than the individual's weekly benefit amount, each day the individual worked for the employer shall be considered a direct employer contact.
 - (B) An individual does not meet the requirements of this subsection if the individual performed no work for an employer during the first week of an initial or additional claim; therefore the individual must seek work consistent with subsection (a) of this section.
- (f) In determining whether to modify the requirements in this section for an individual the Employment Department may consider among other factors, length of unemployment, economic conditions in the individual's labor market and prospective job openings, weather conditions affecting occupations or industries, seasonal aspects of the individual's regular occupation, expected date of return to work in regular occupation, seniority status of individual, registration with a union hiring hall and normal practices for obtaining the type of work which the individual is seeking pursuant to section (1) of this rule. The department shall provide a written copy of the work search requirements to the individual if the individual's work search requirements are modified. They perform a work search as directed by employees of the department. The **Employment Department shall provide to the individual, in writing, the** requirements when the modified work search does not meet the requirements of subsection (a) – (d) of this section. In determining whether to modify the requirements of this section, the department may consider factors such as, but not limited to:
 - (A) Length of unemployment;

- (B) Economic conditions in their labor market; and
- (C) Prospective job openings.
- (6)(a) An individual's normal labor market shall be the geographic area surrounding the individual's permanent residence within which employees in similar circumstances are generally willing to commute to seek and accept the same type of work at a comparable wage. The geographic area shall be defined by employees of the Employment Department, based on criteria set forth in this section;
- (b) When an individual seeks work through a union hiring hall, the individual's normal labor market area for the work sought is the normal referral jurisdiction of the union, as indicated by the applicable contract. For the purposes of ORS 657.155, employees of the Employment Department define an individual's normal labor market. Factors generally used in defining the labor market include the:
 - (a) Geographic area surrounding their permanent residence within which most employees in similar circumstances seek and accept the same type of work at a comparable wage; or
 - (b) Referral jurisdiction of the union, as indicated by the applicable contract when an individual seeks work through a union hiring hall.
- (7) Nothing in this rule shall prohibit an individual who is a citizen, permanent legal resident, or otherwise legally authorized to work in the United States from also seeking work in other labor markets including areas in any state or country remote work, if such work opportunities typically exist in the occupation for which they are seeking work.