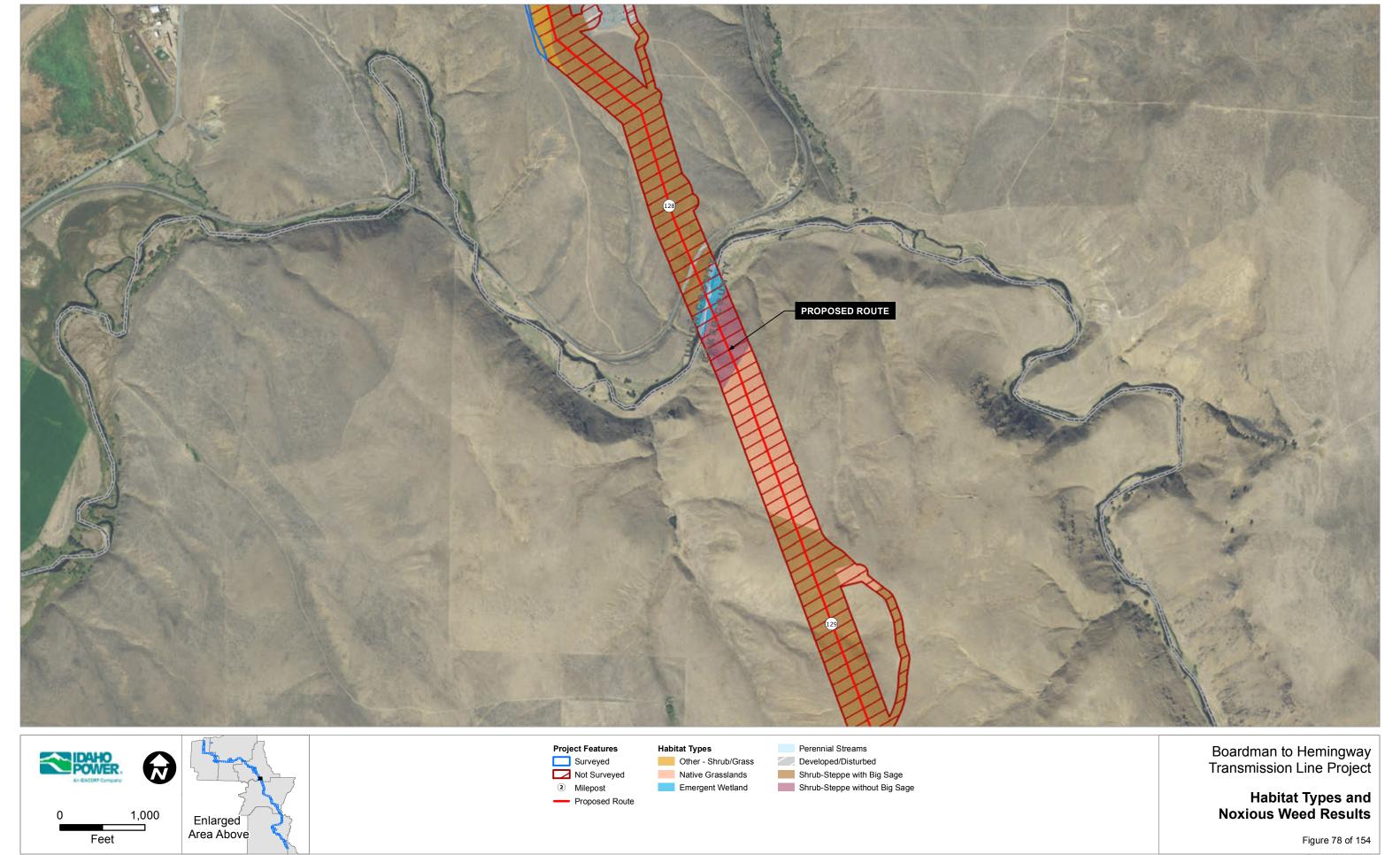


Feet

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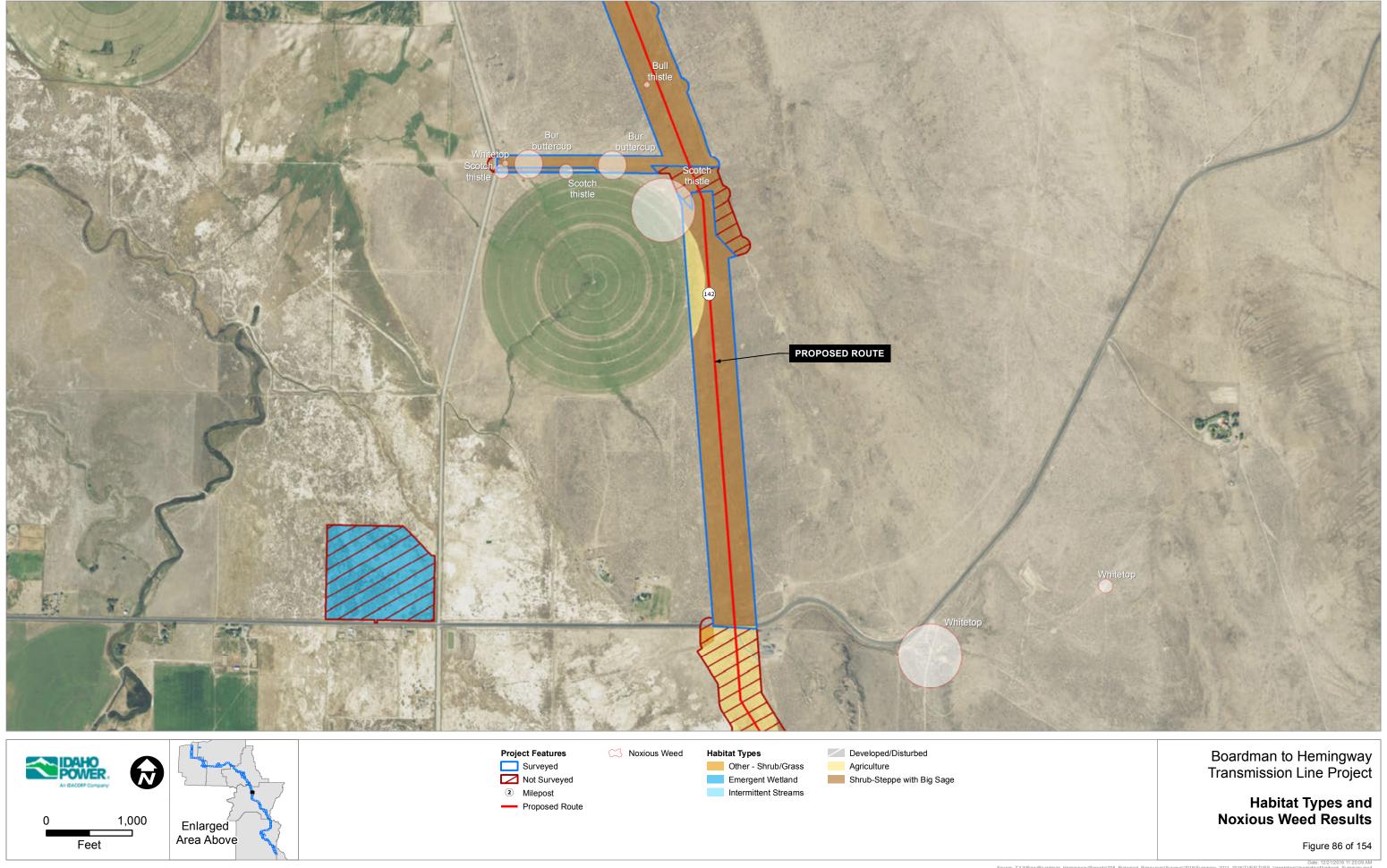




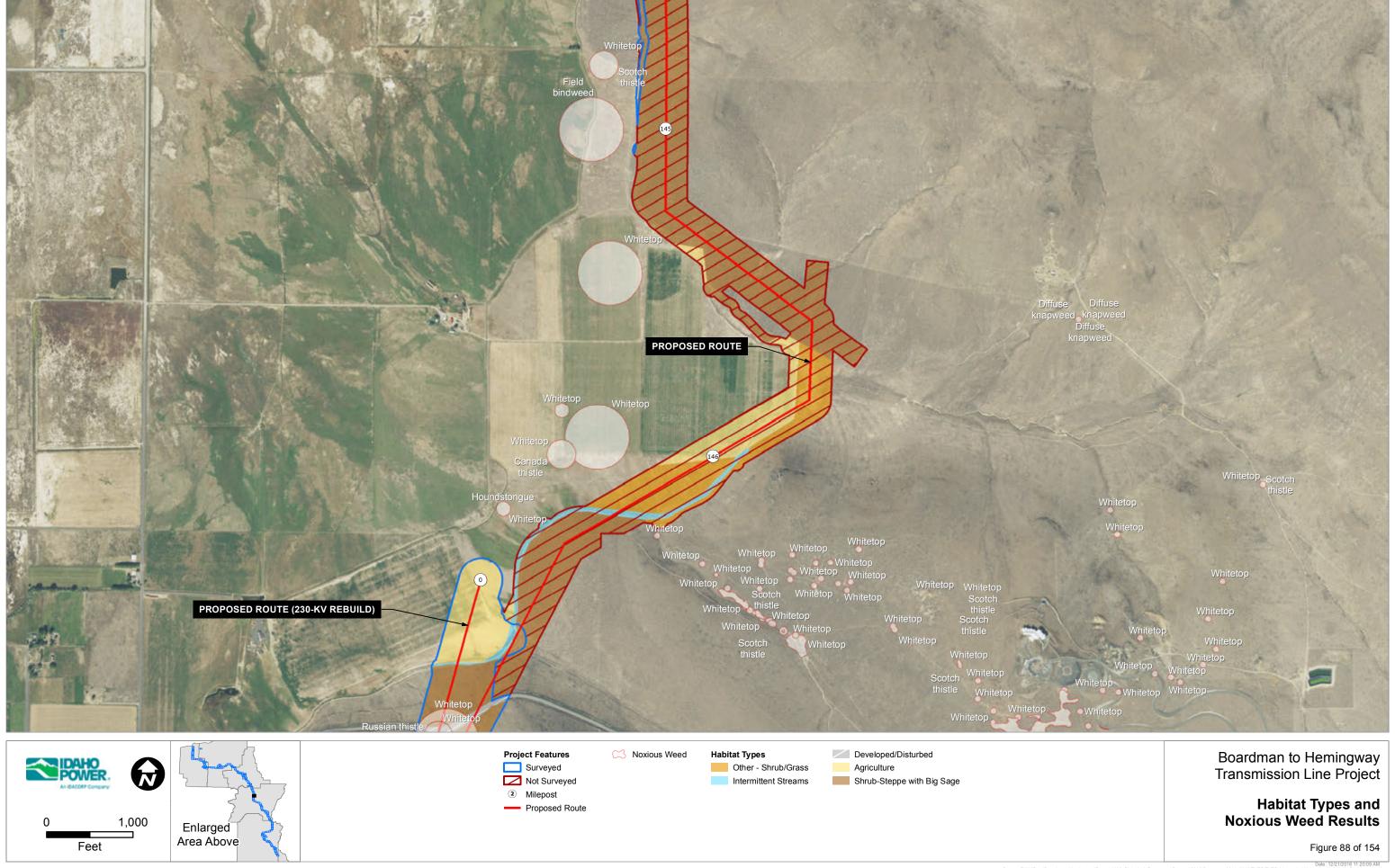


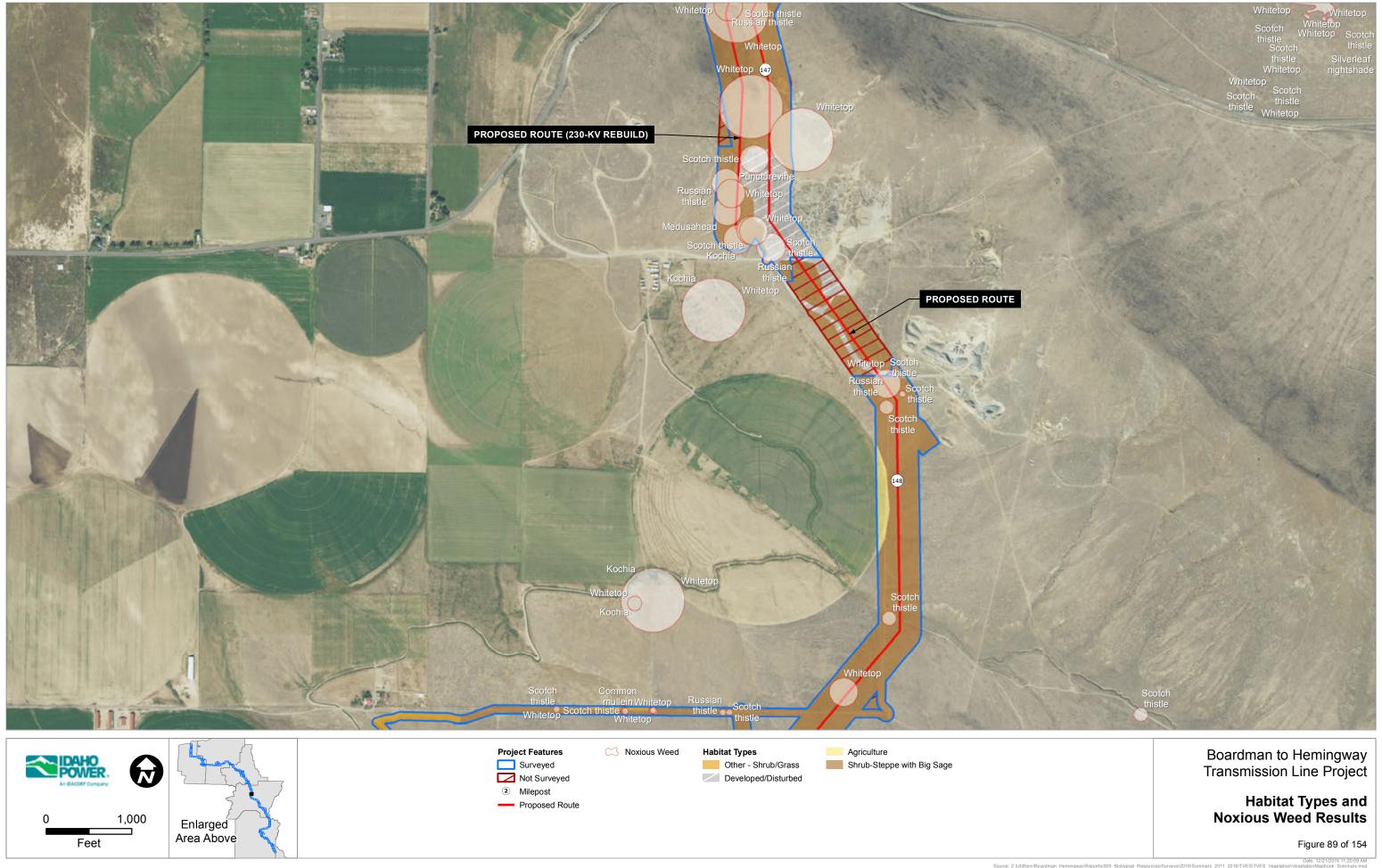






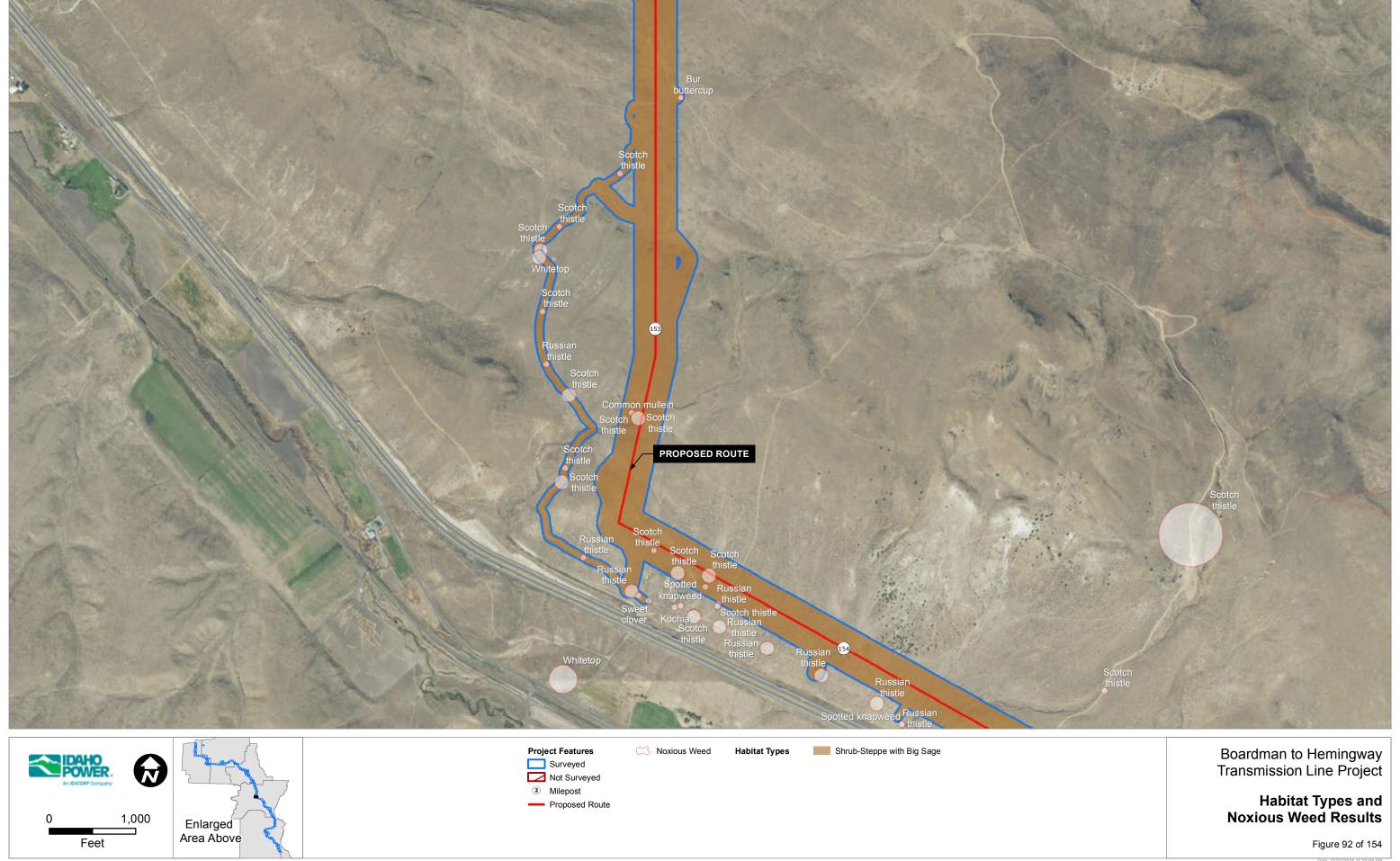


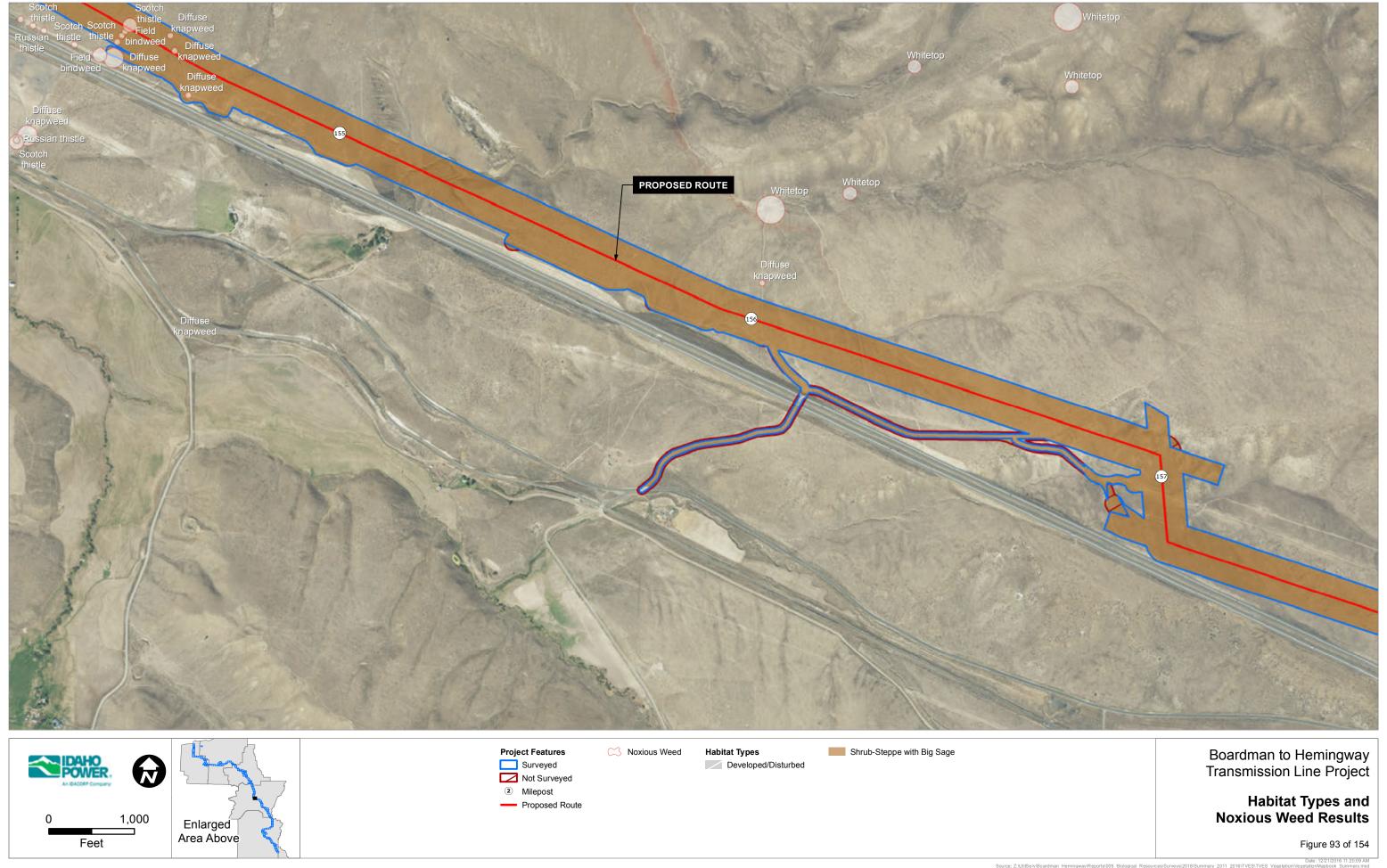






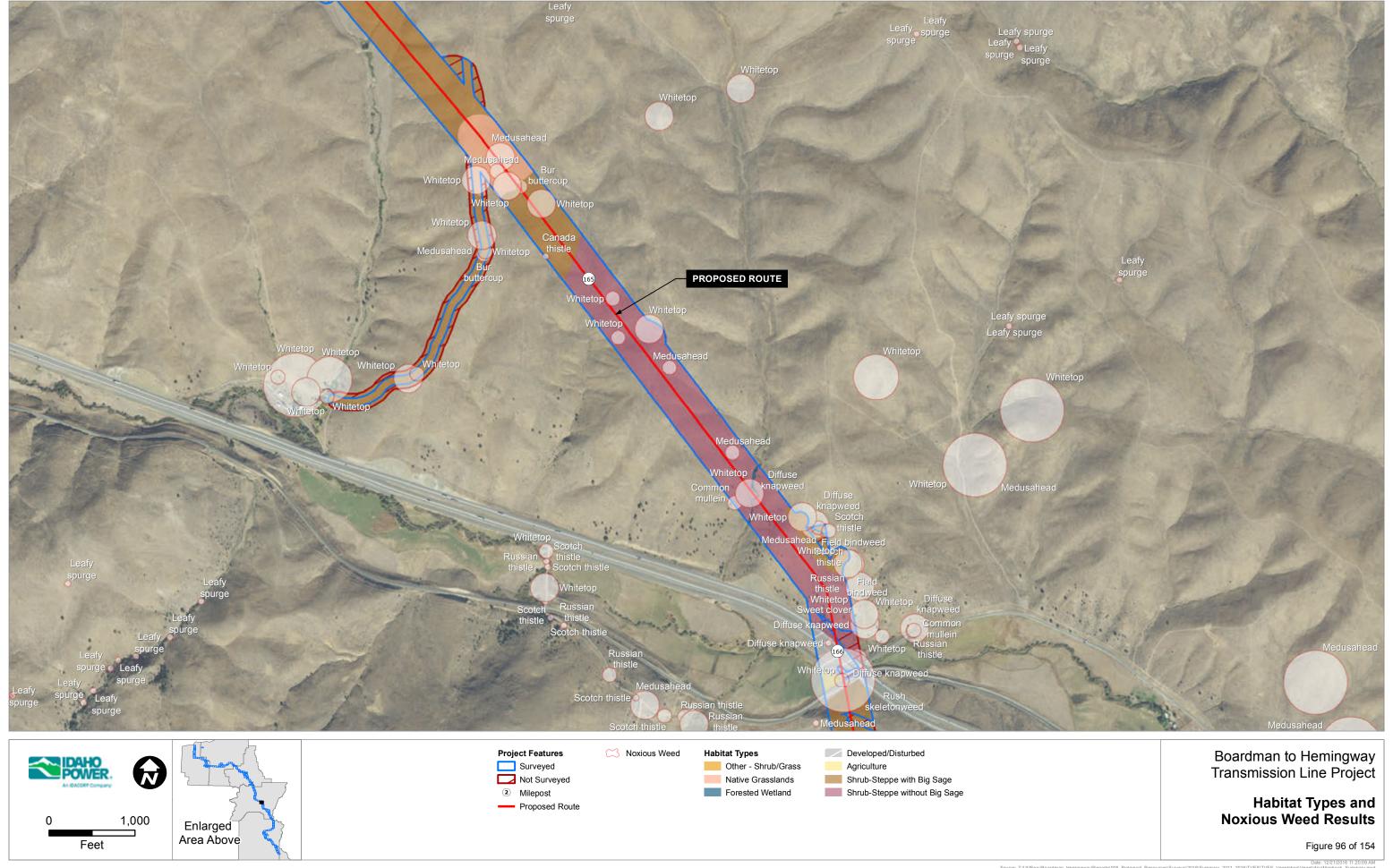


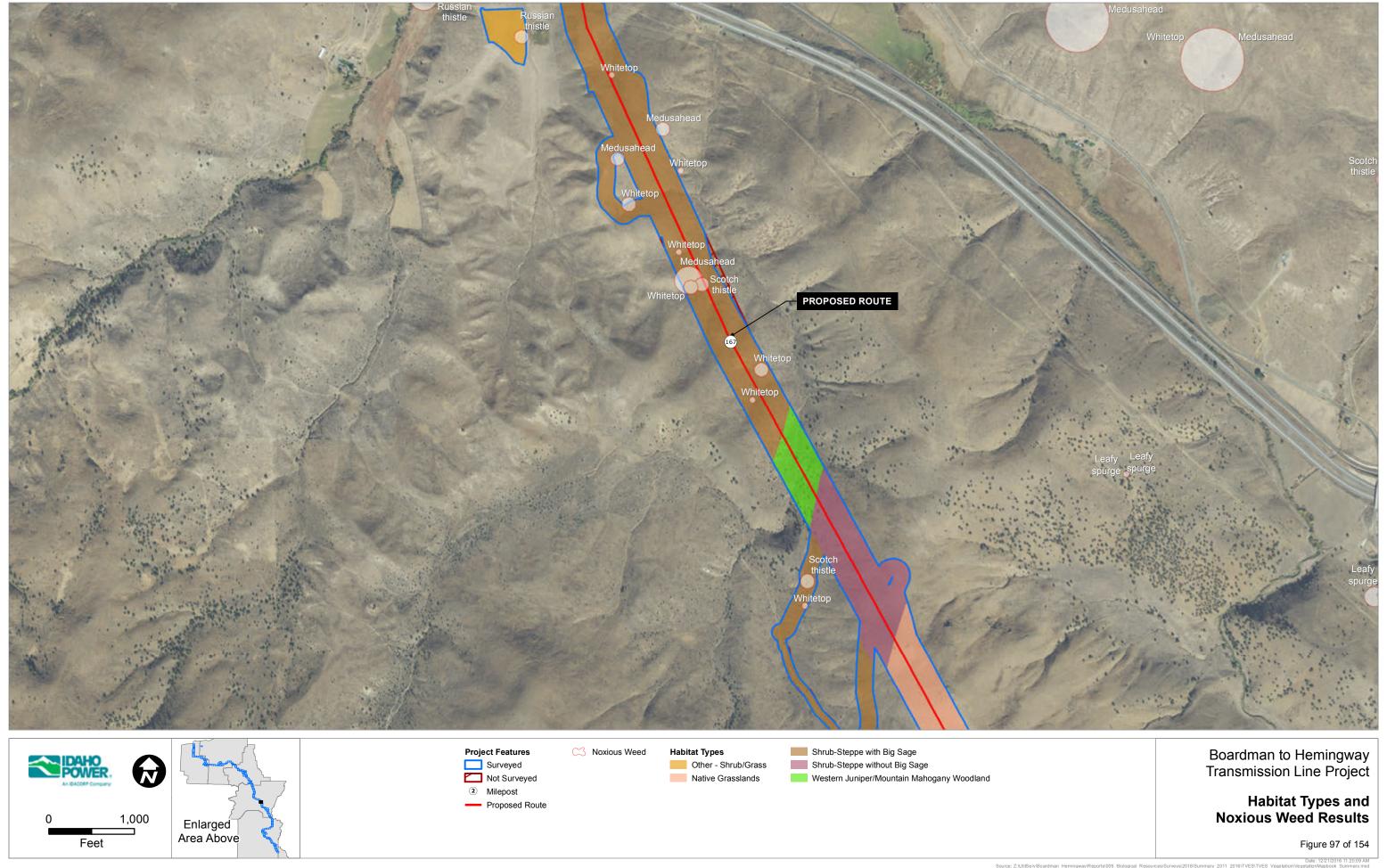


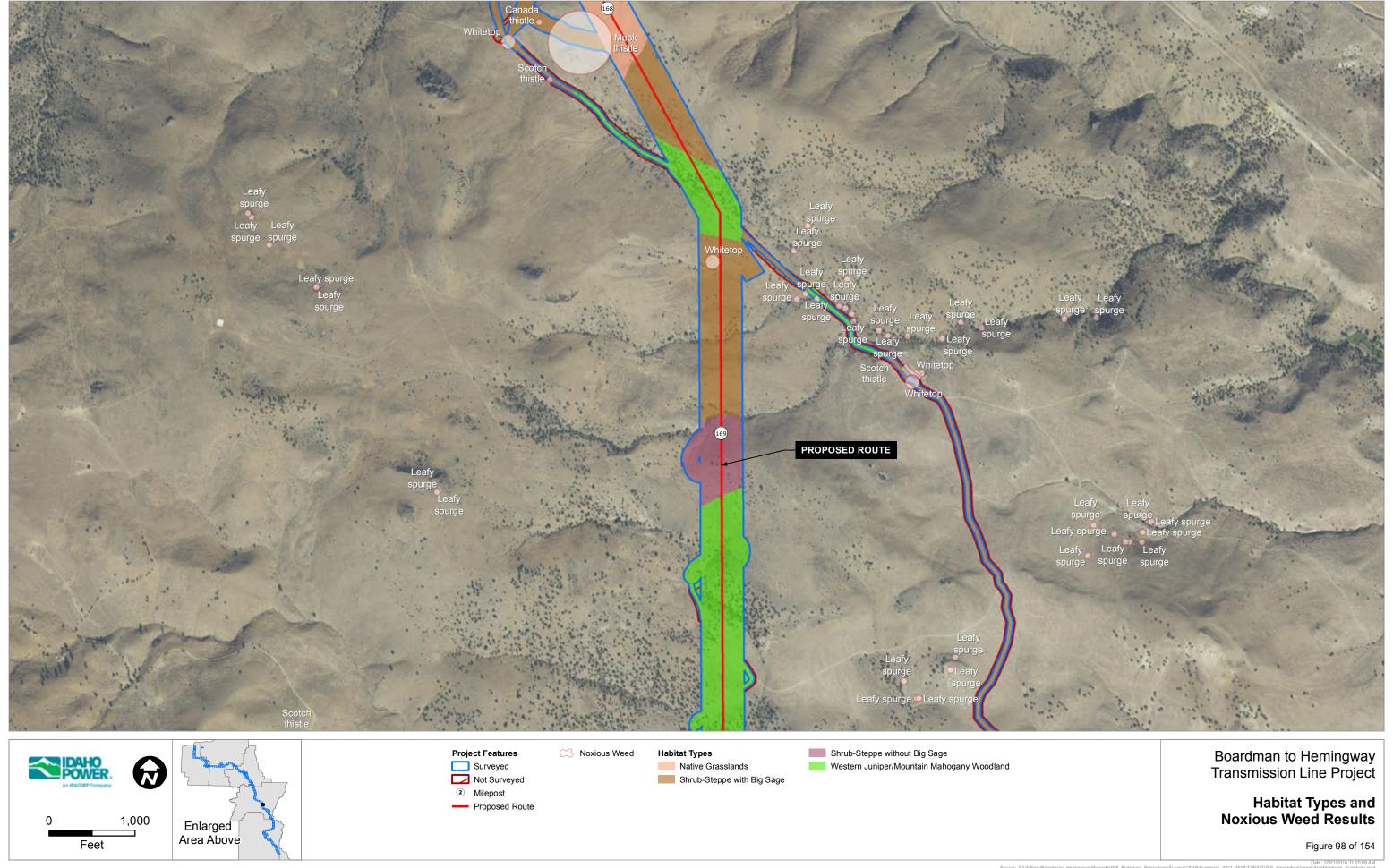


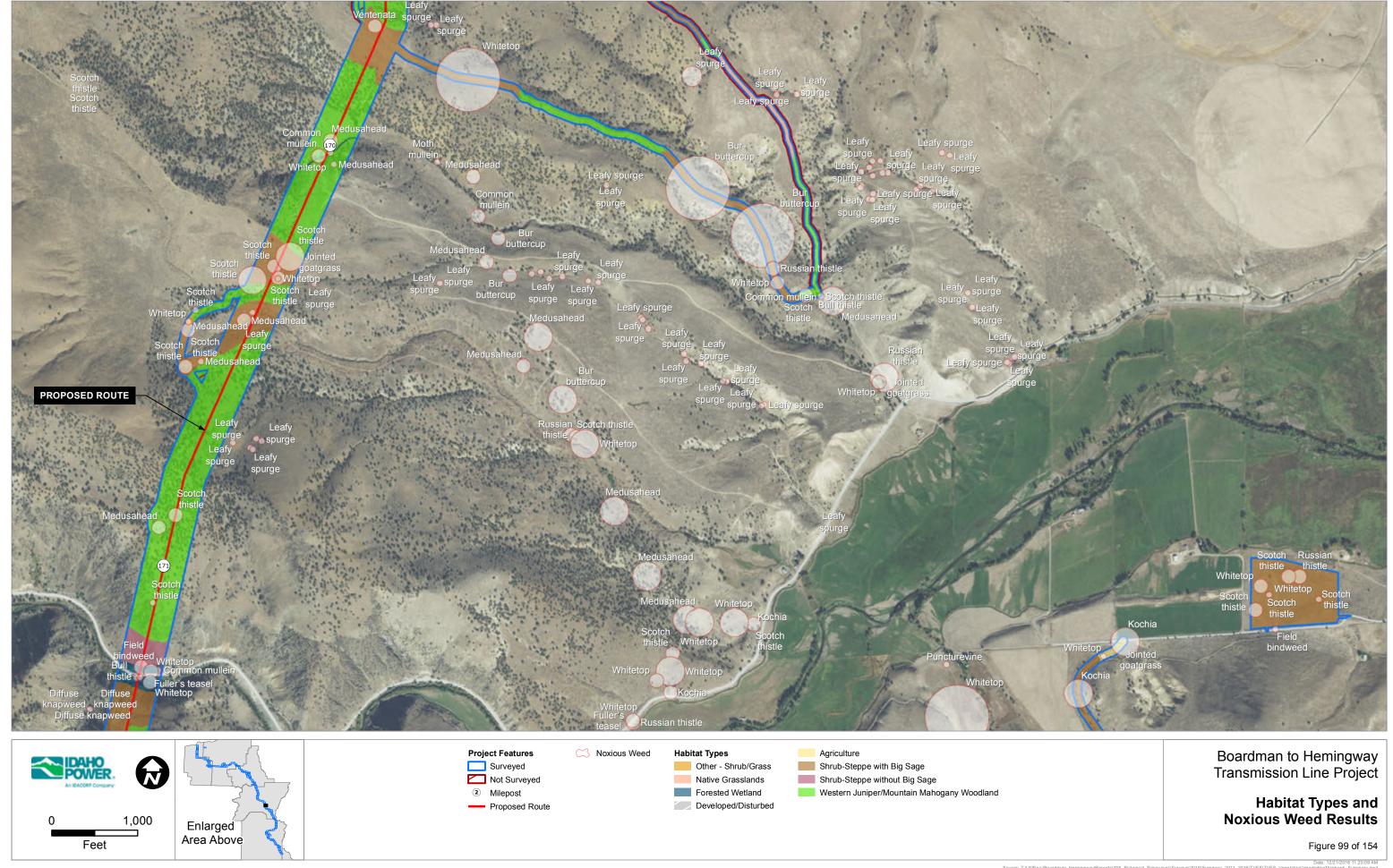


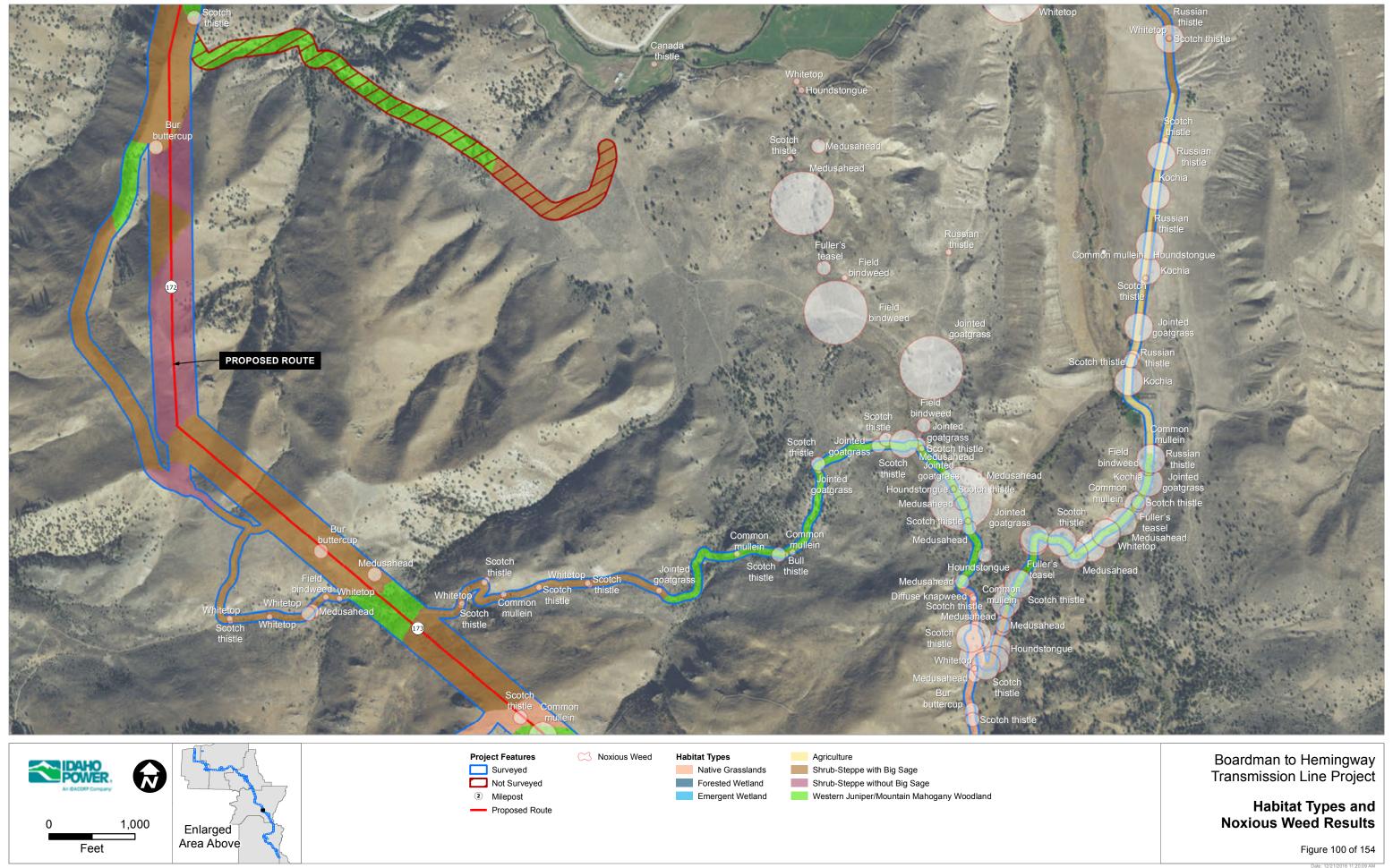




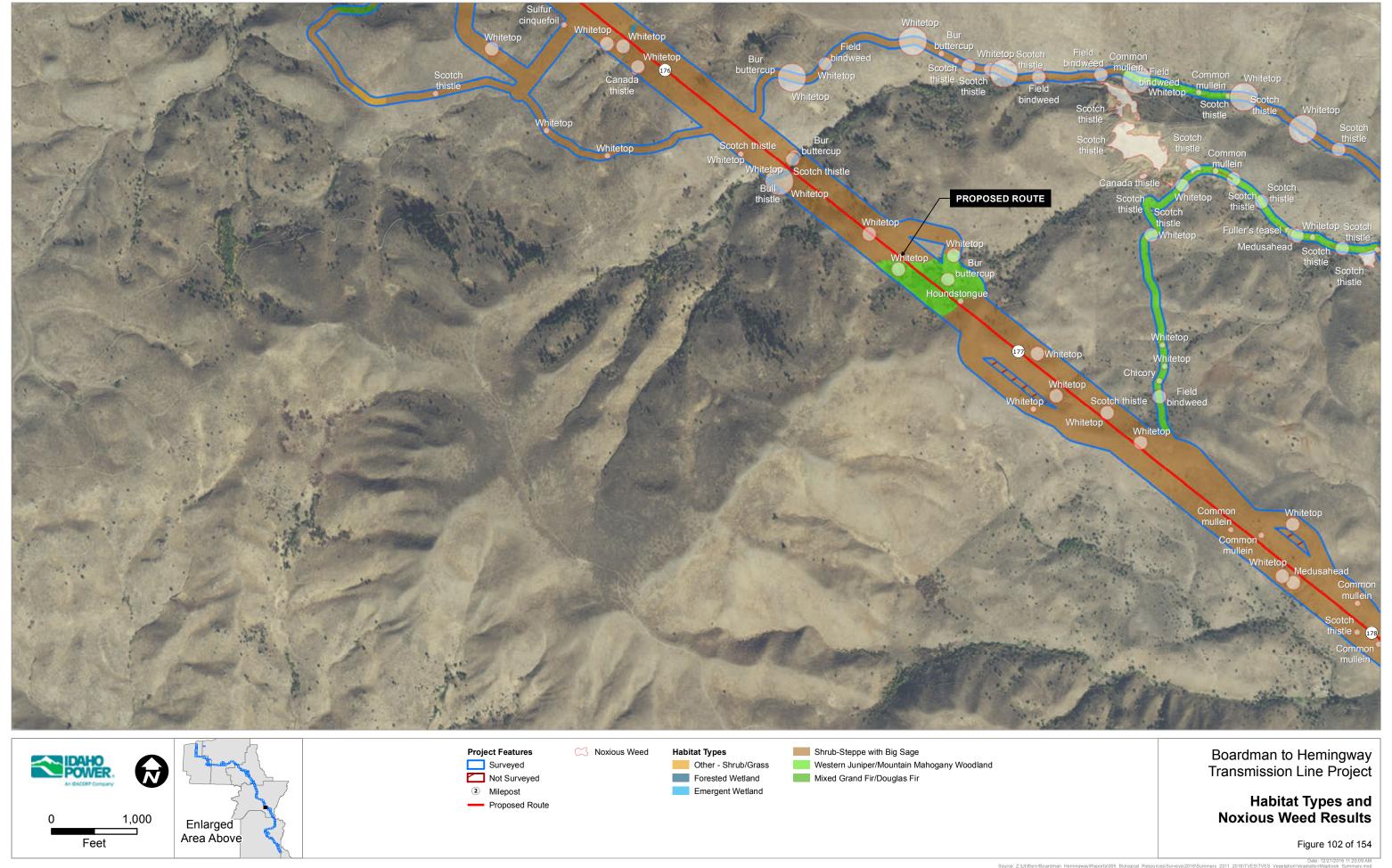




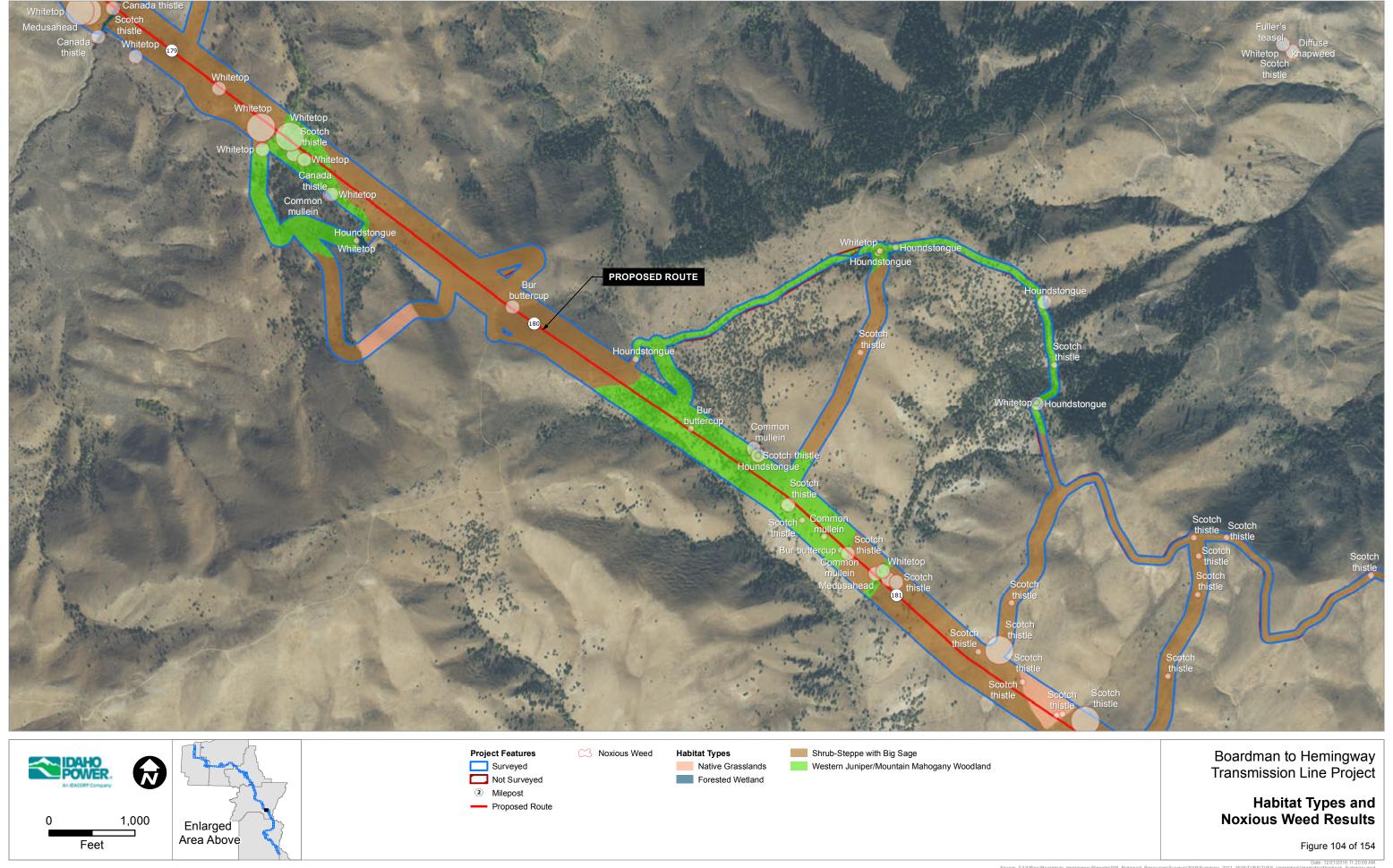




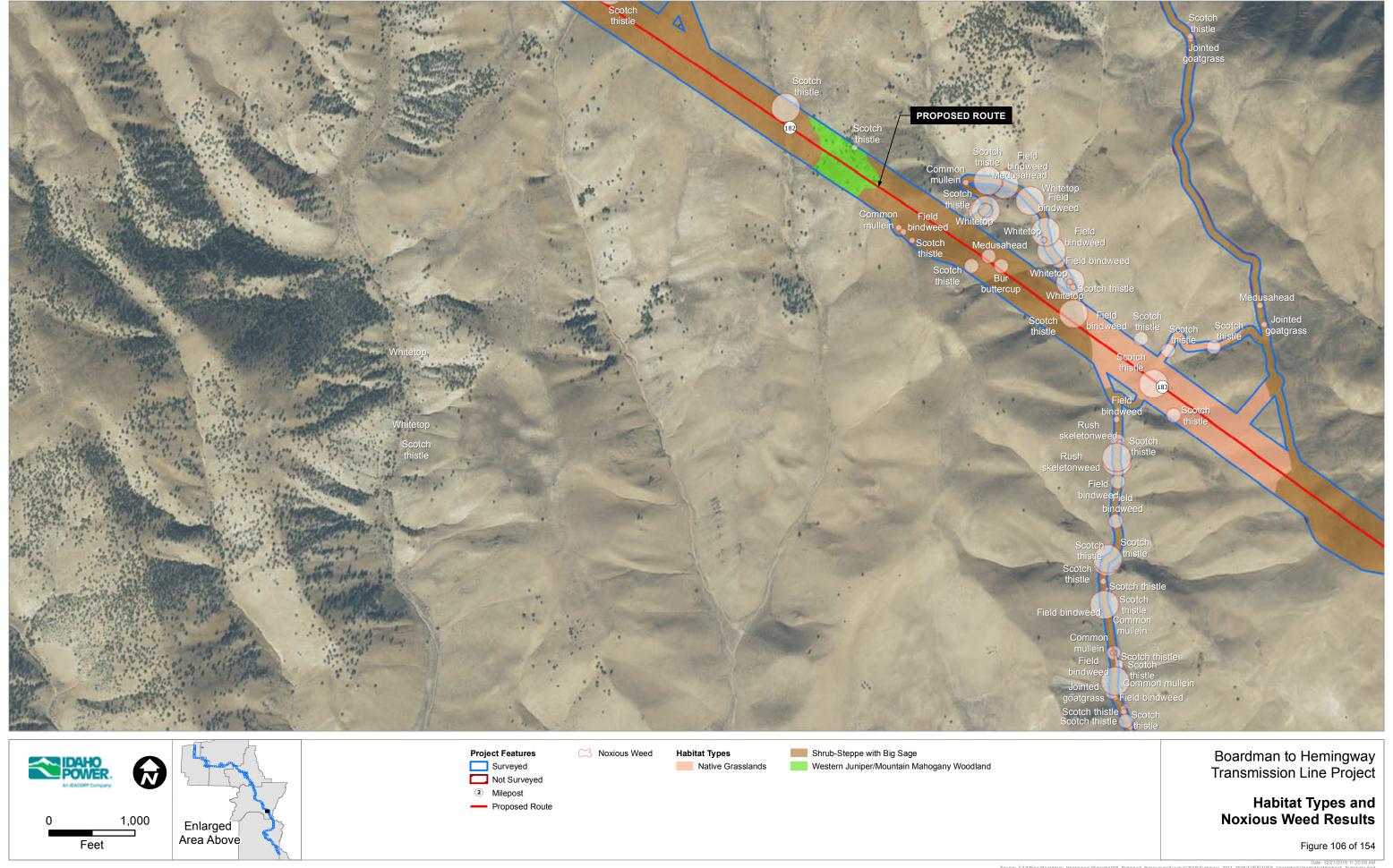




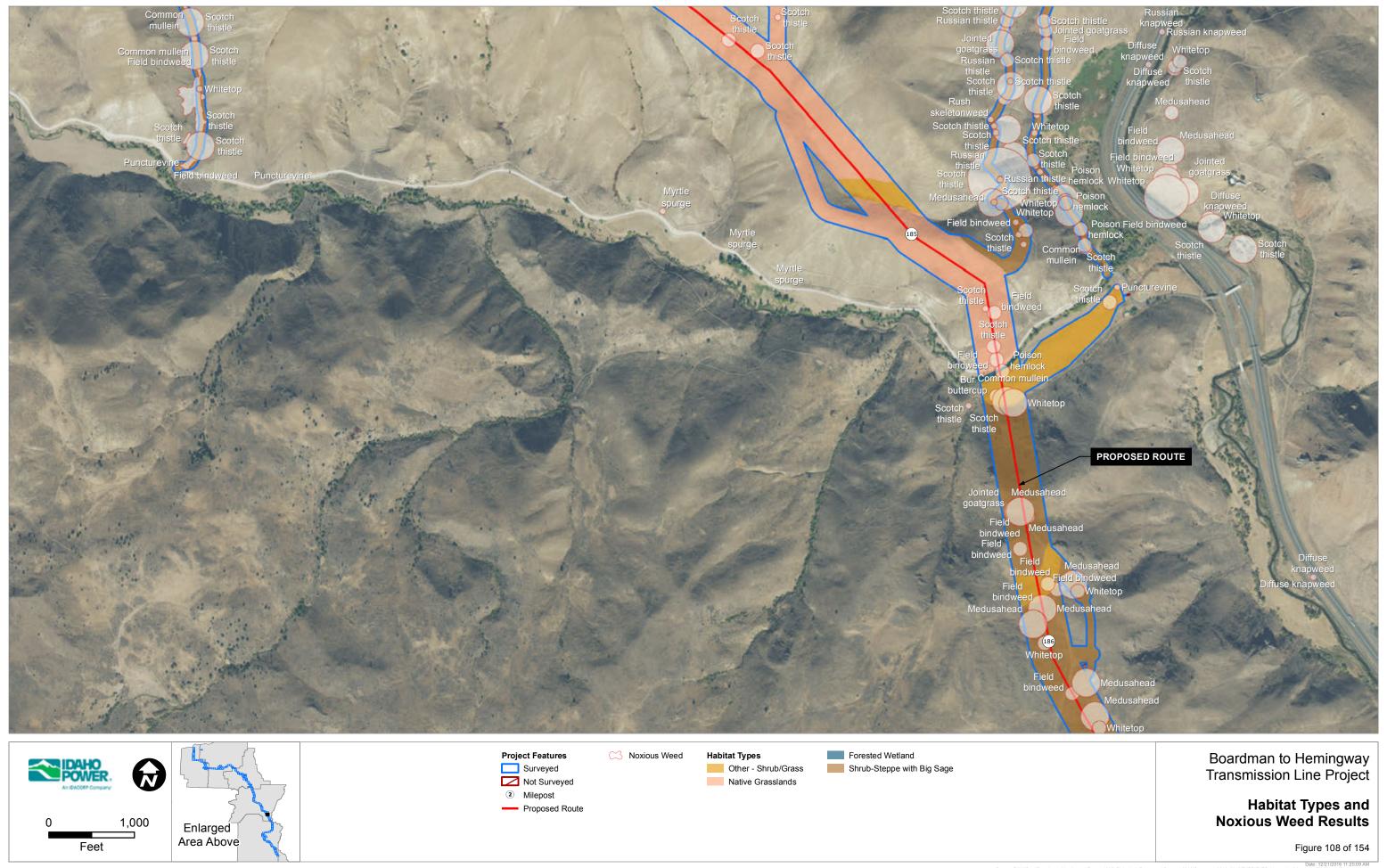


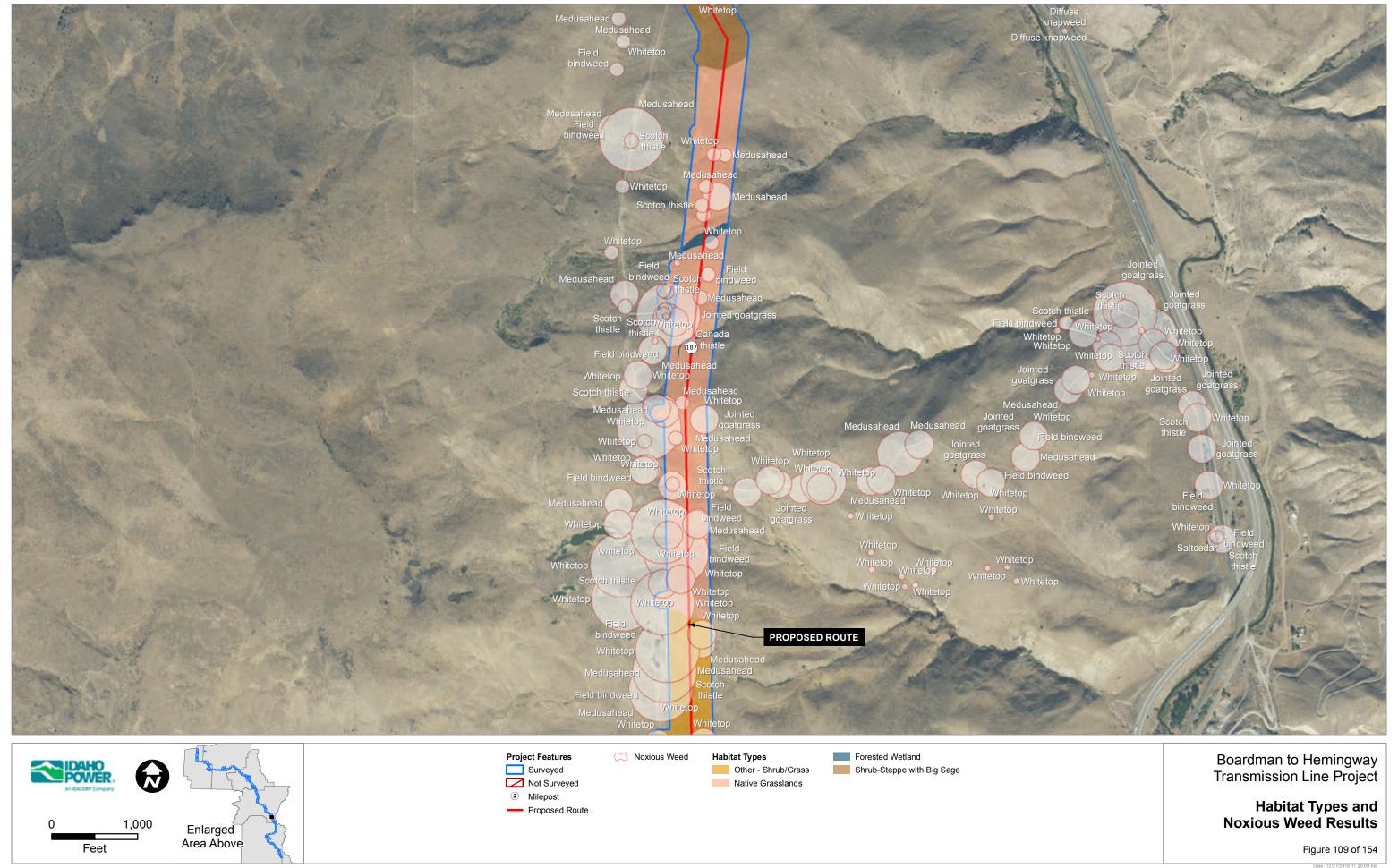










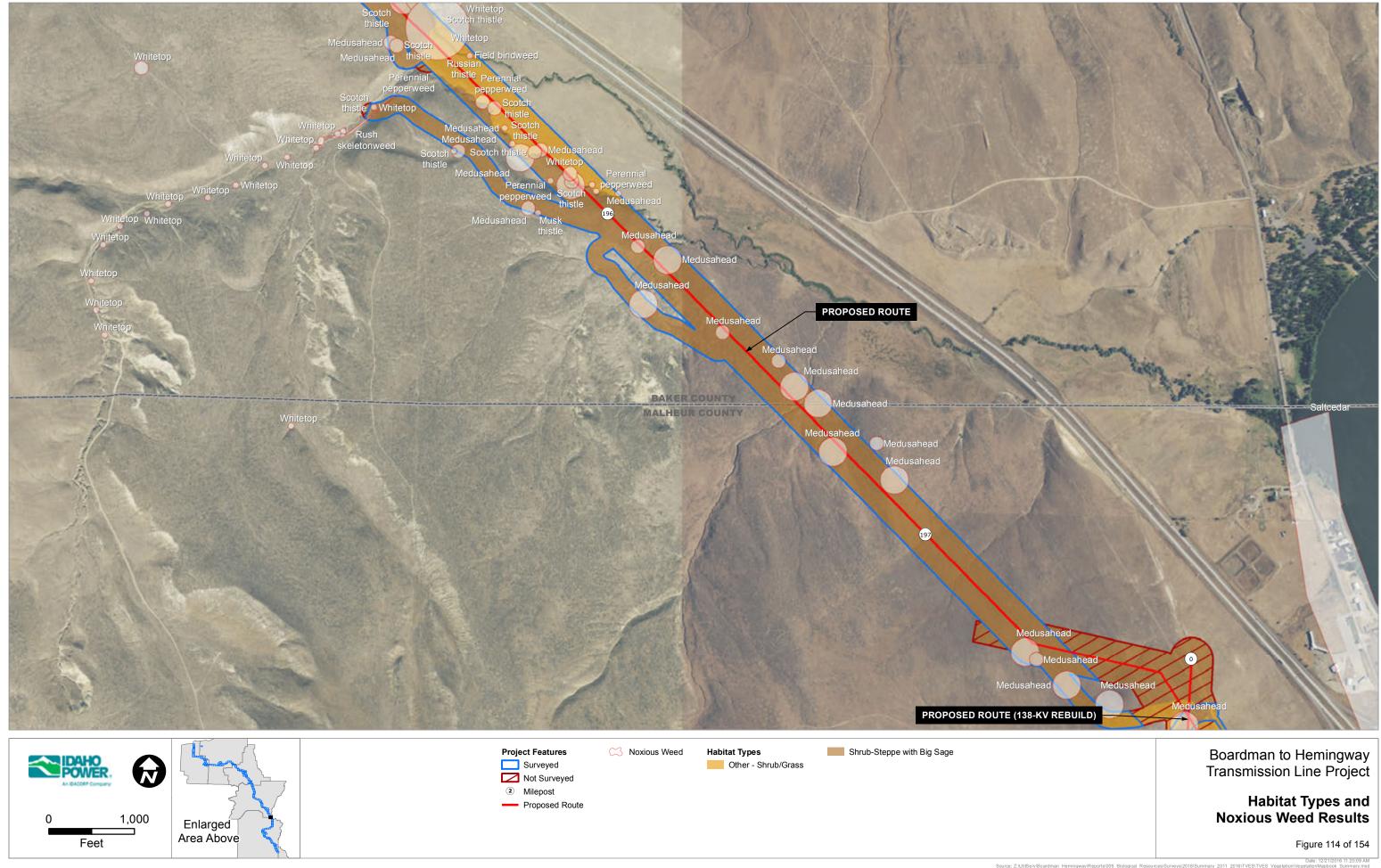


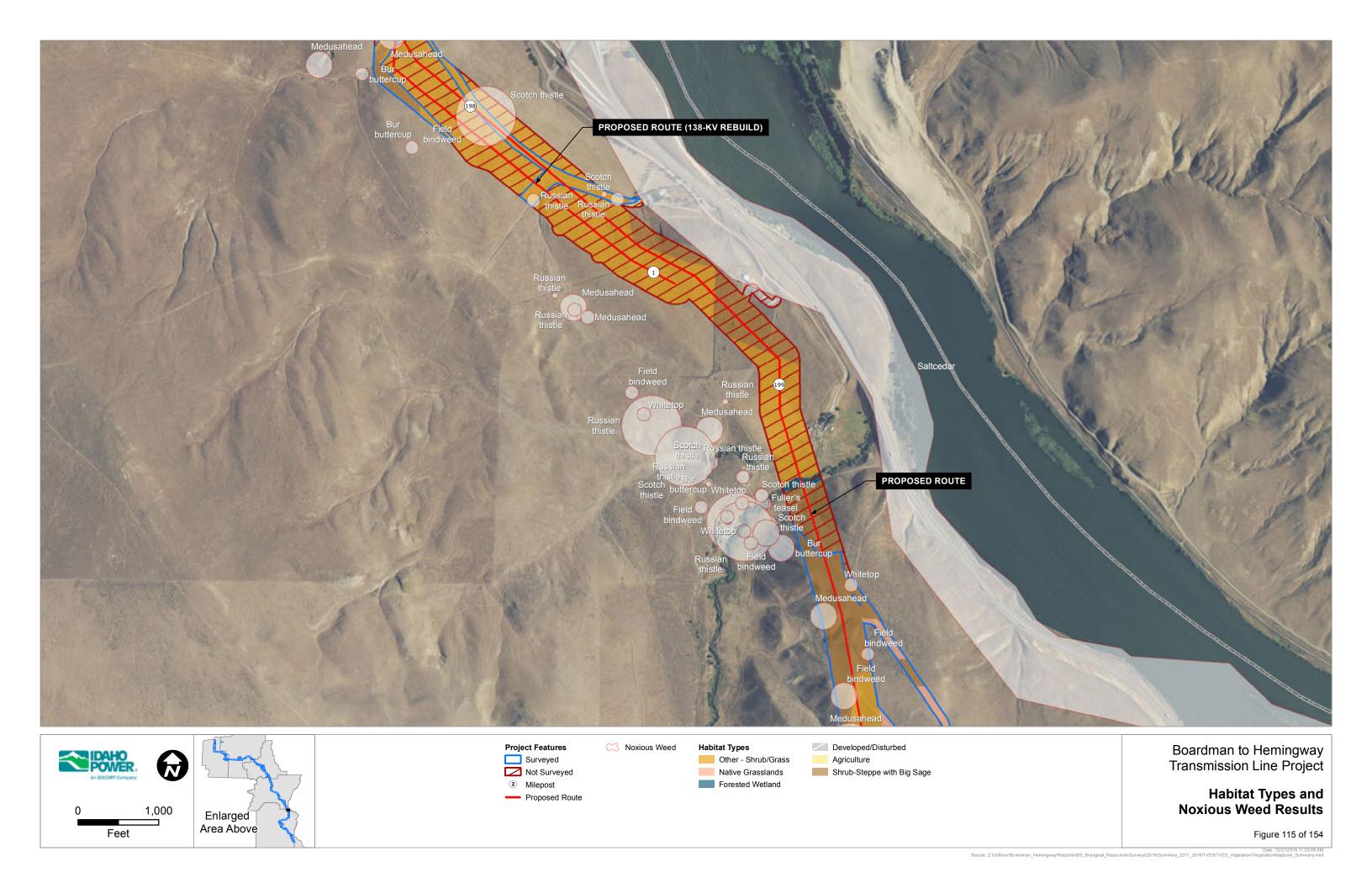






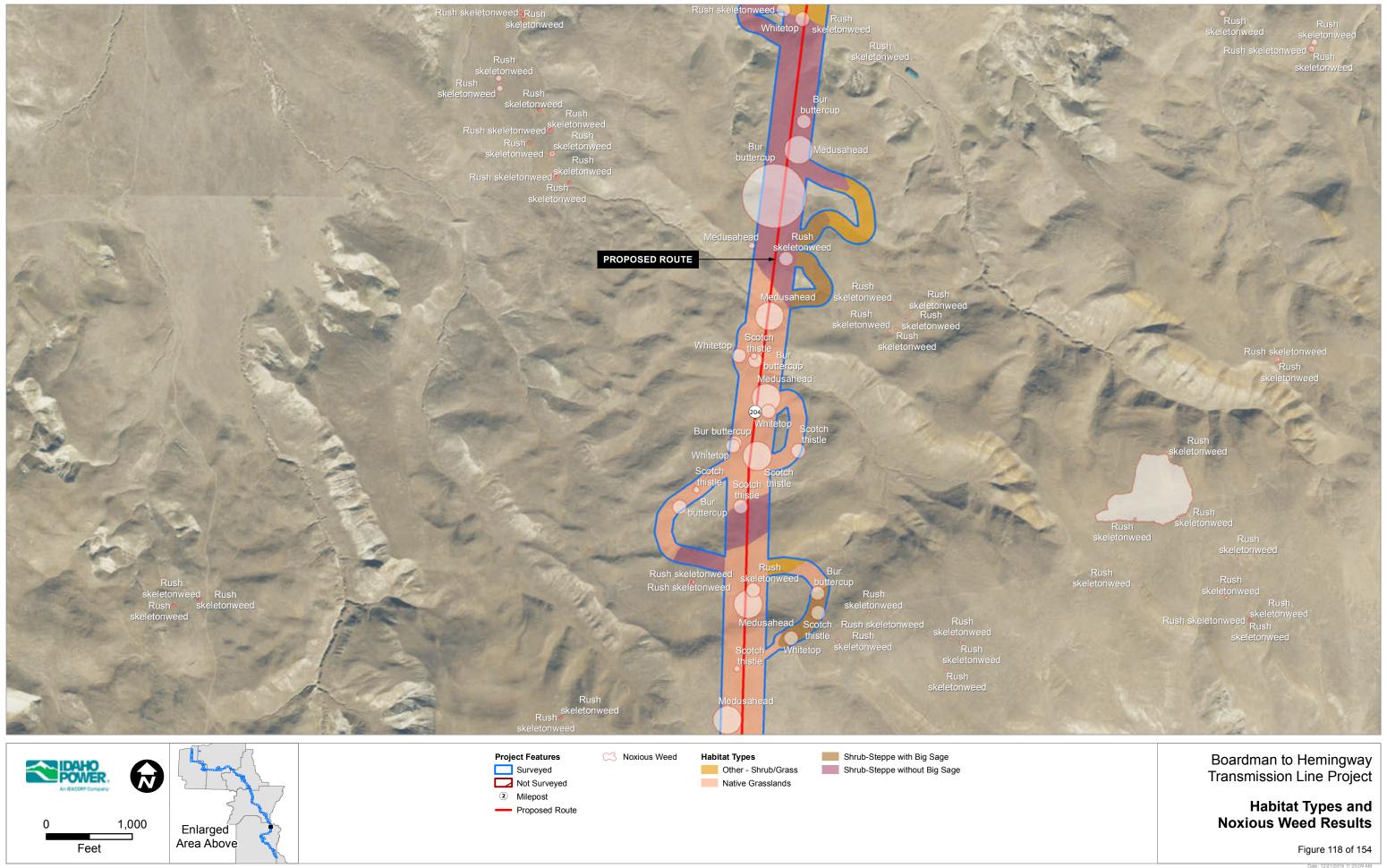


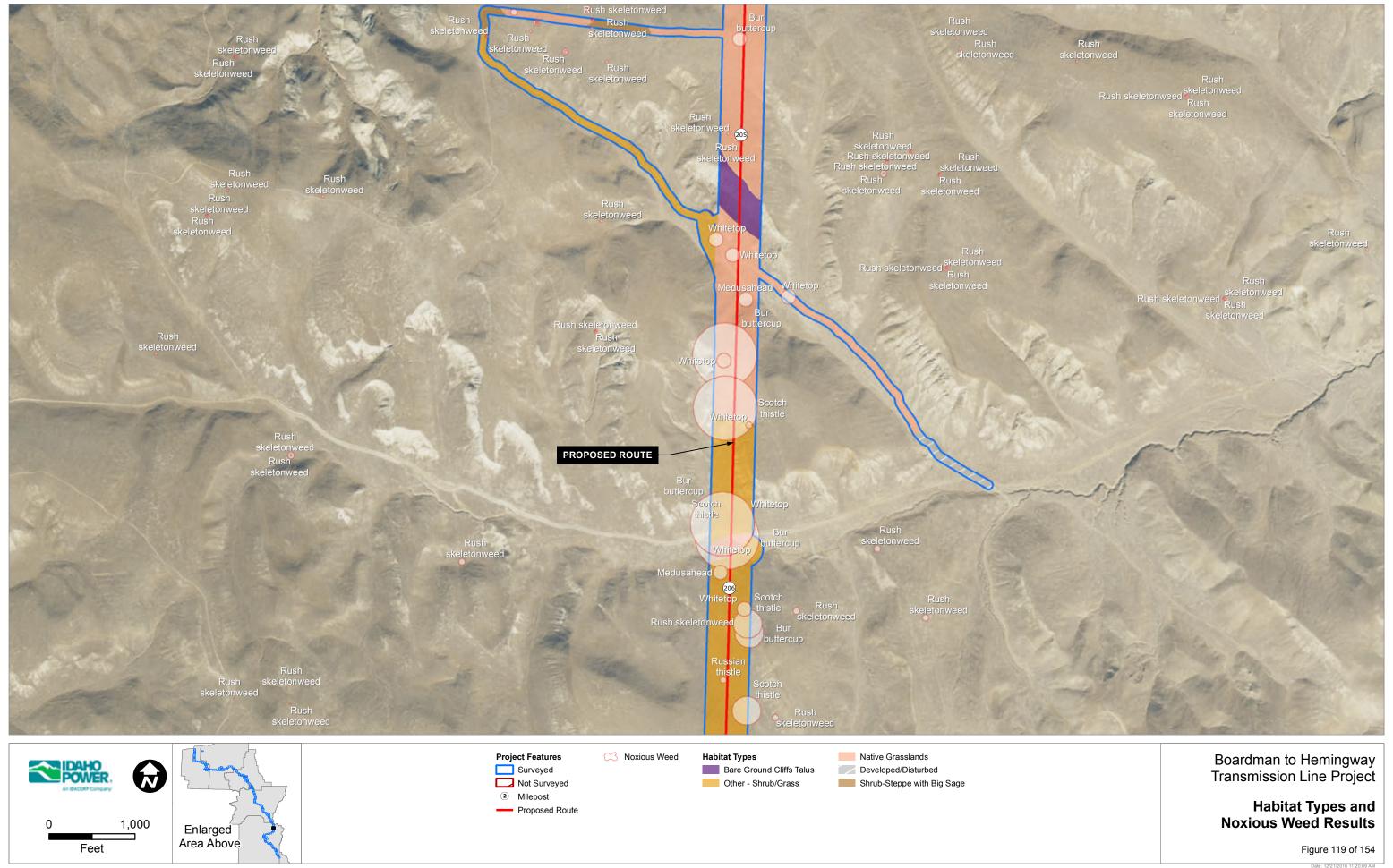


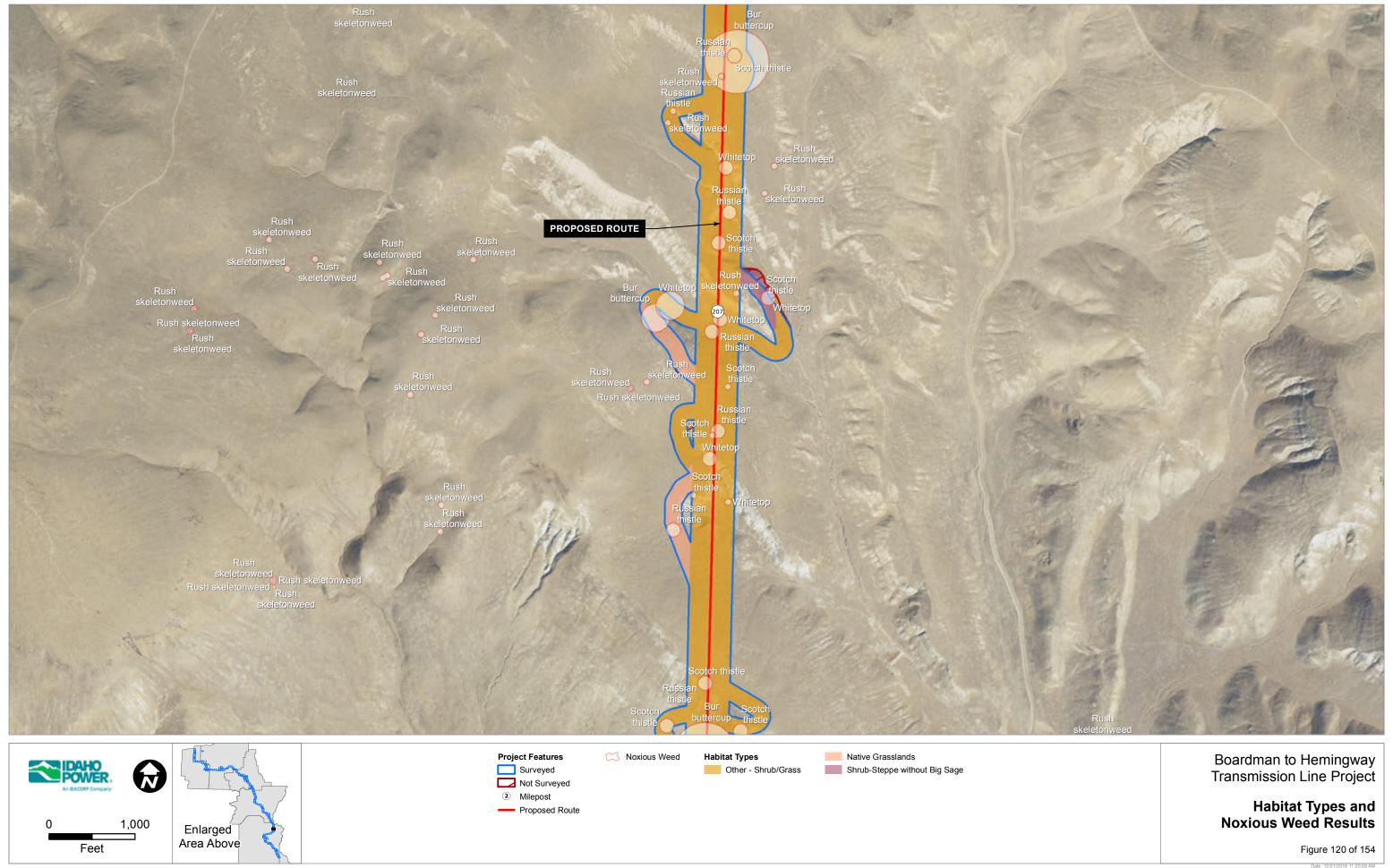


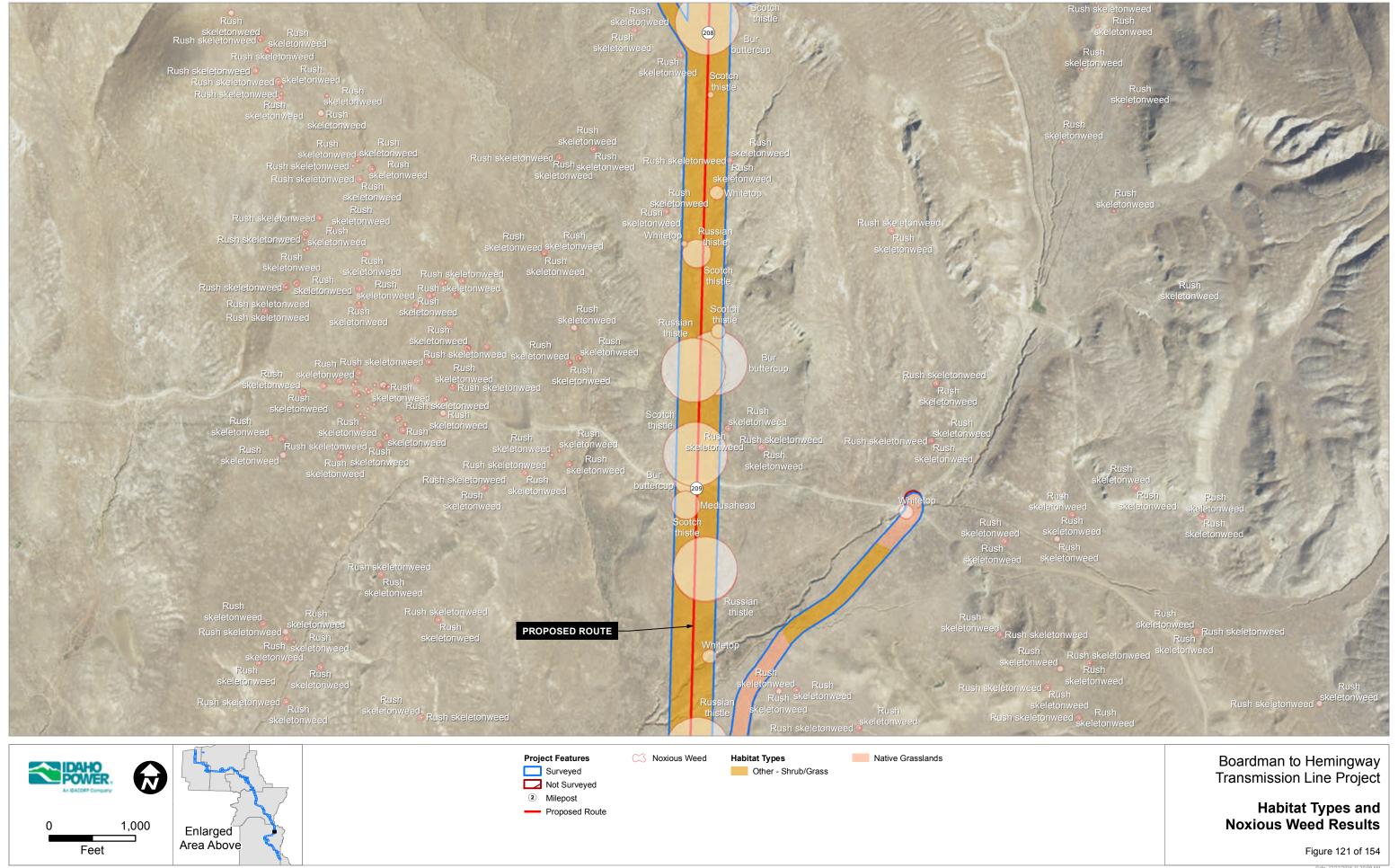


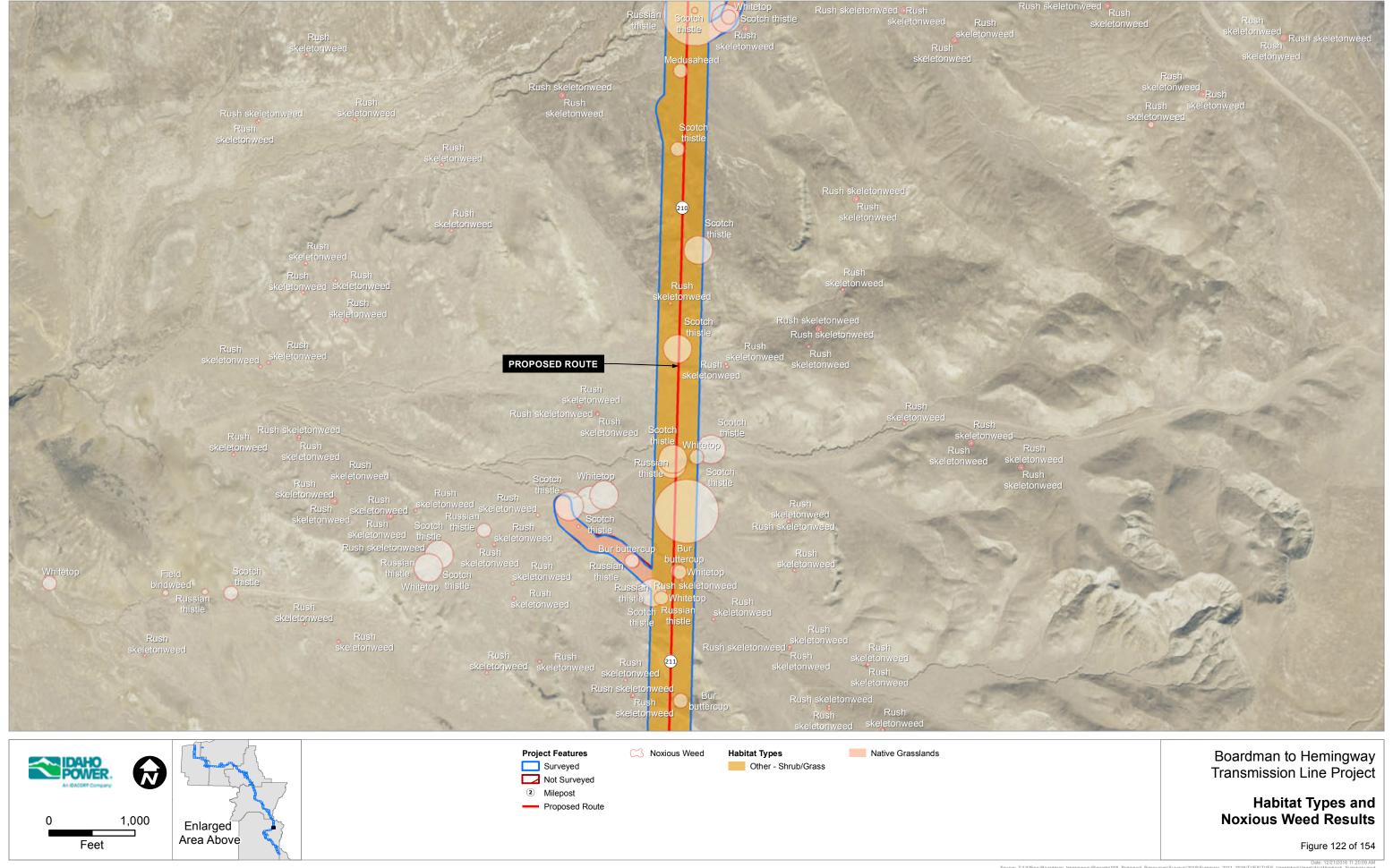




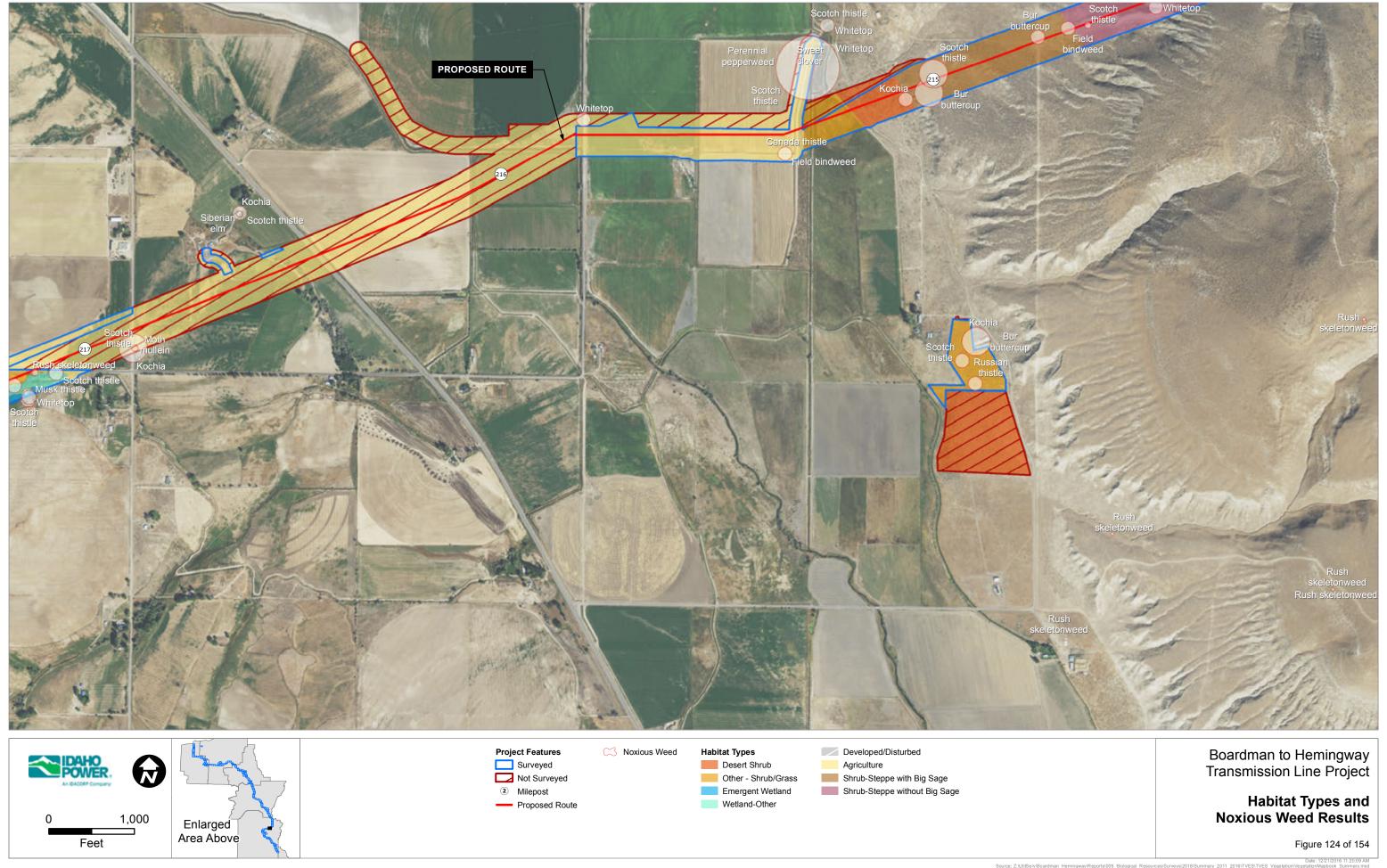


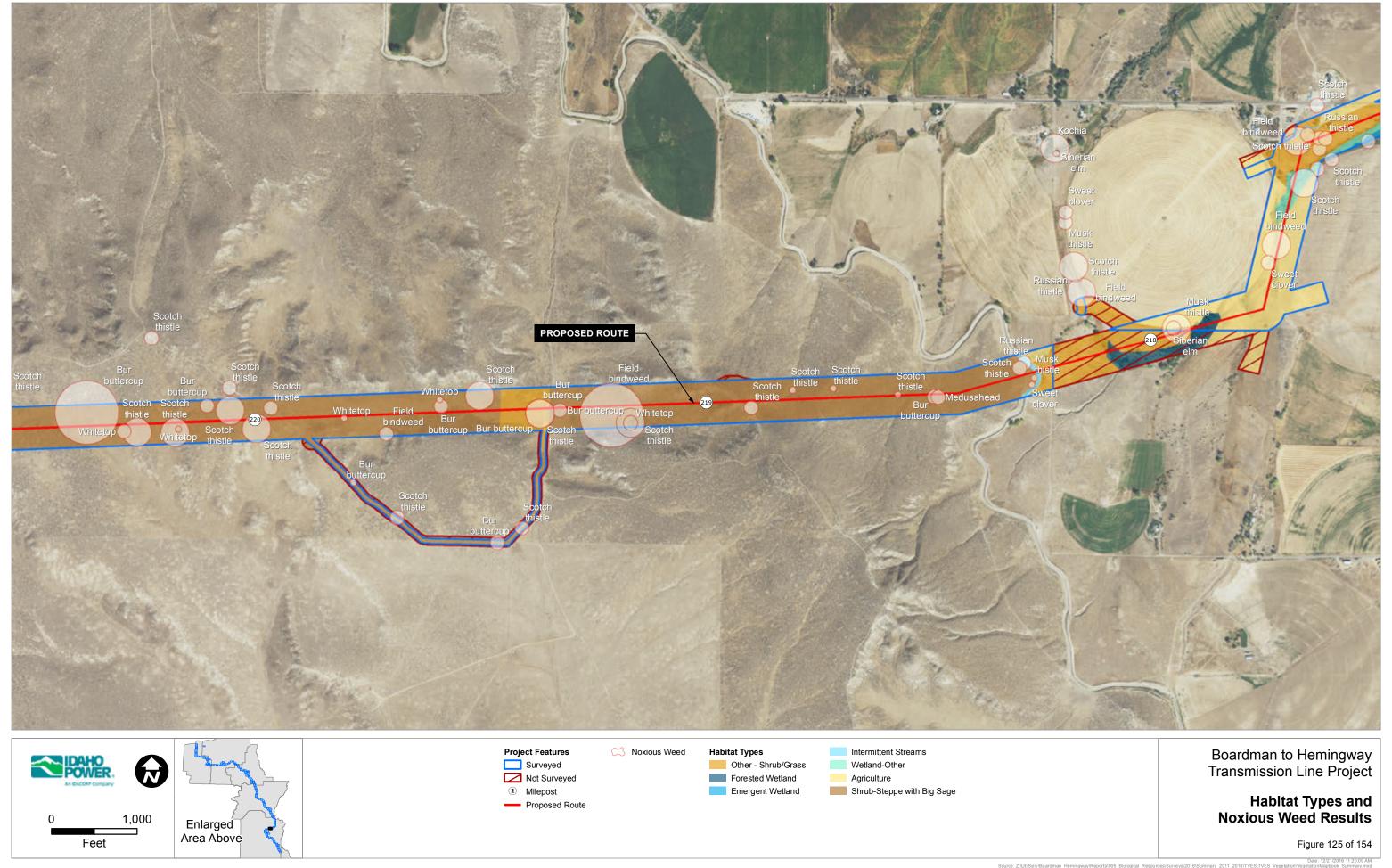




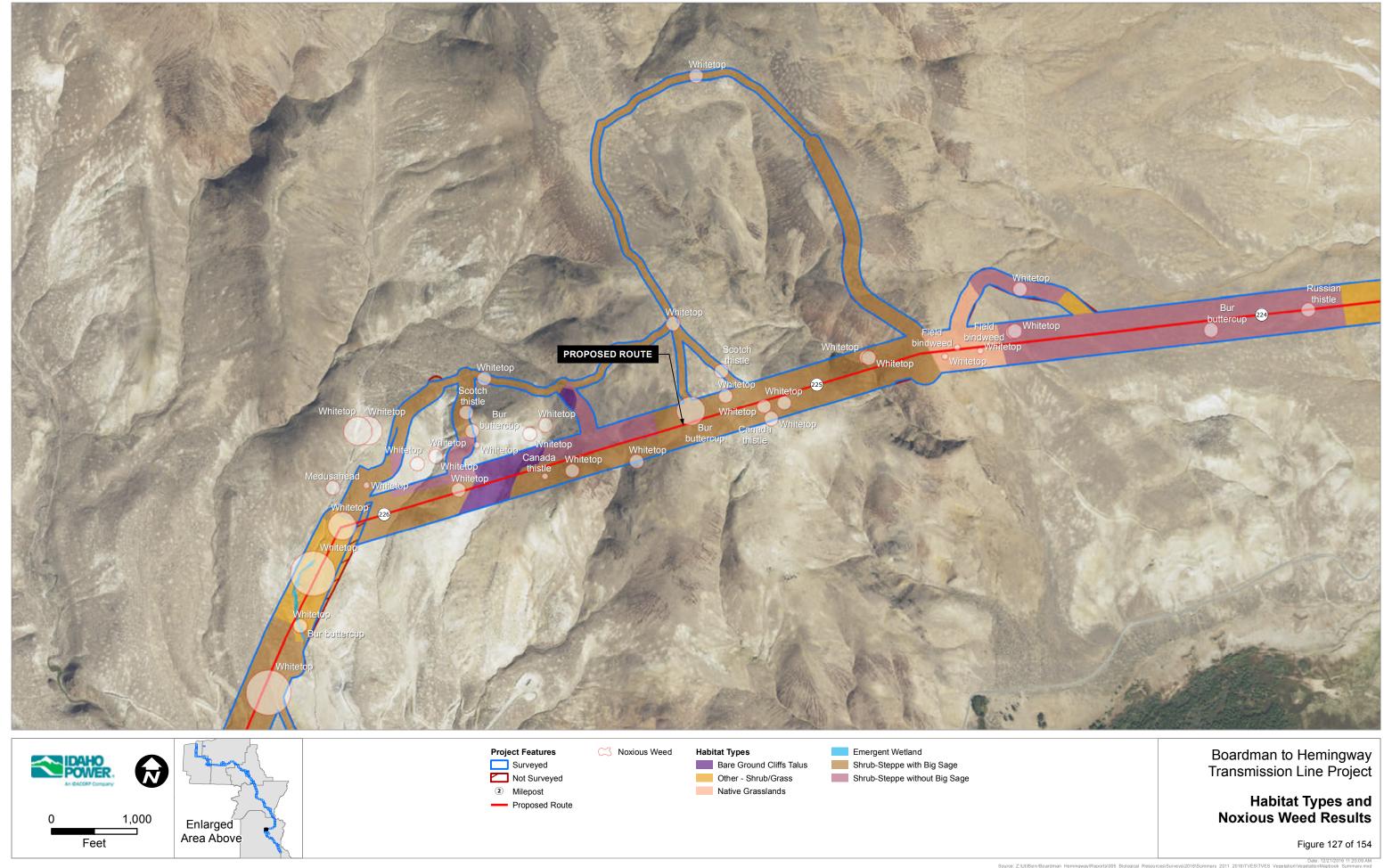






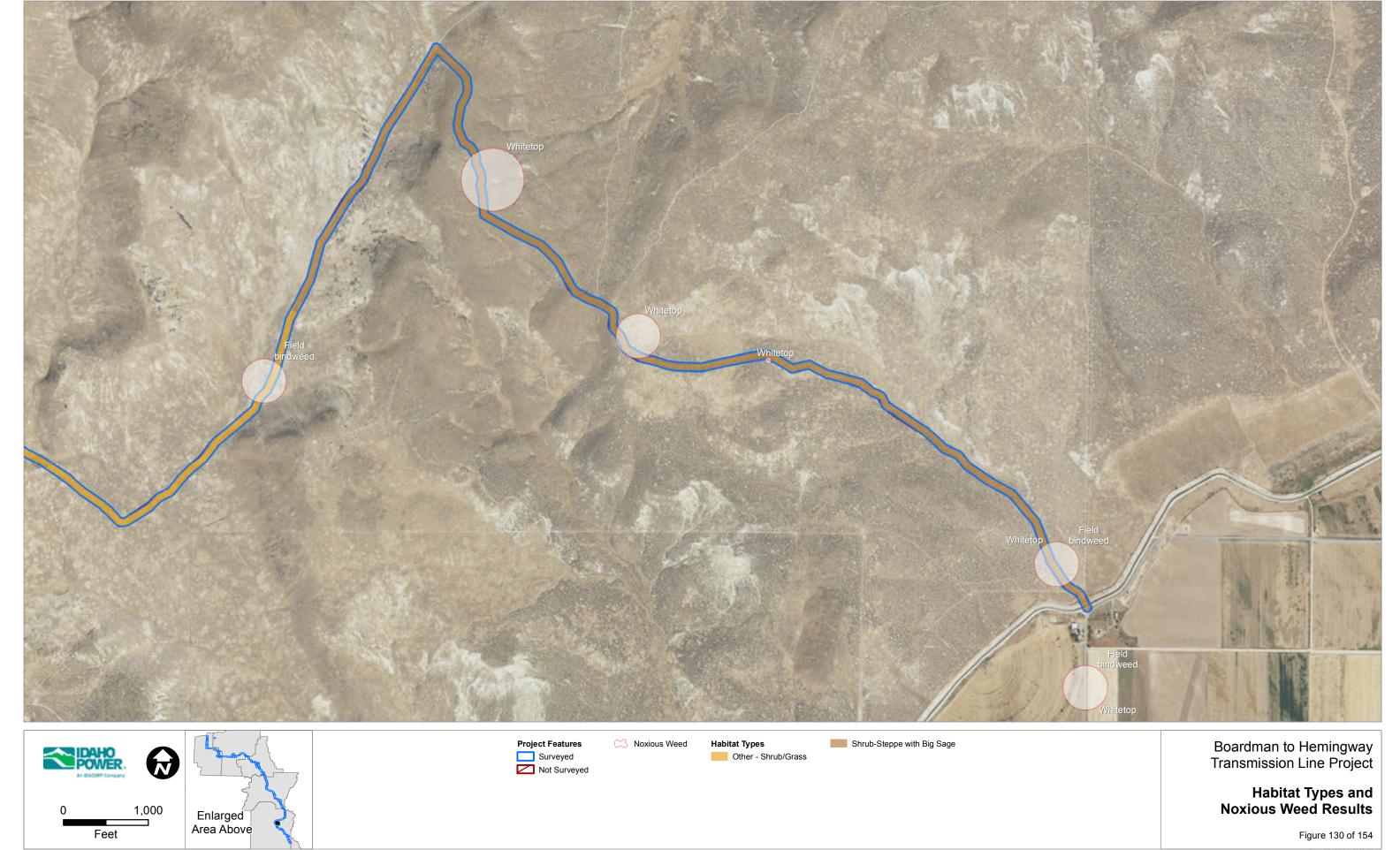




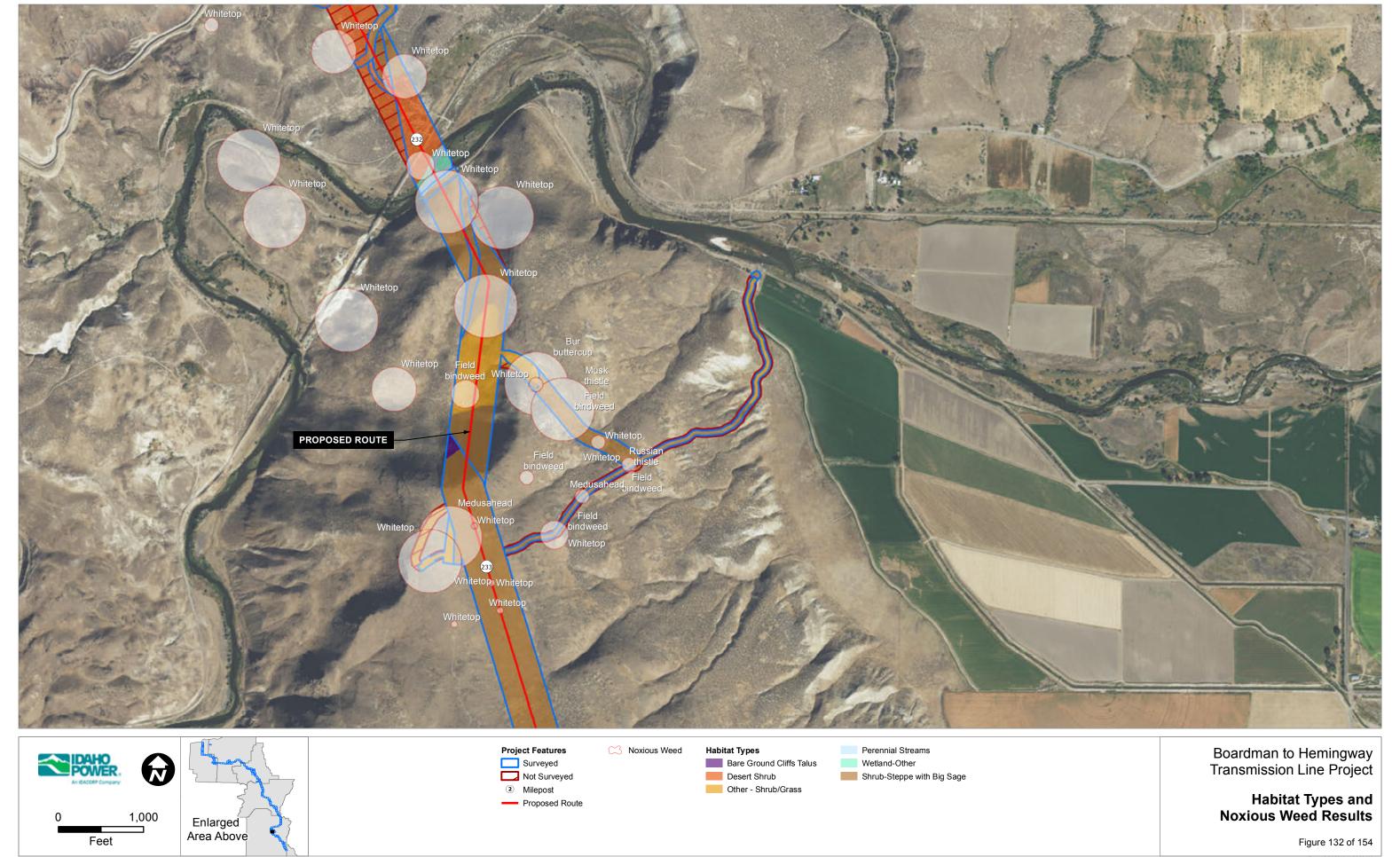


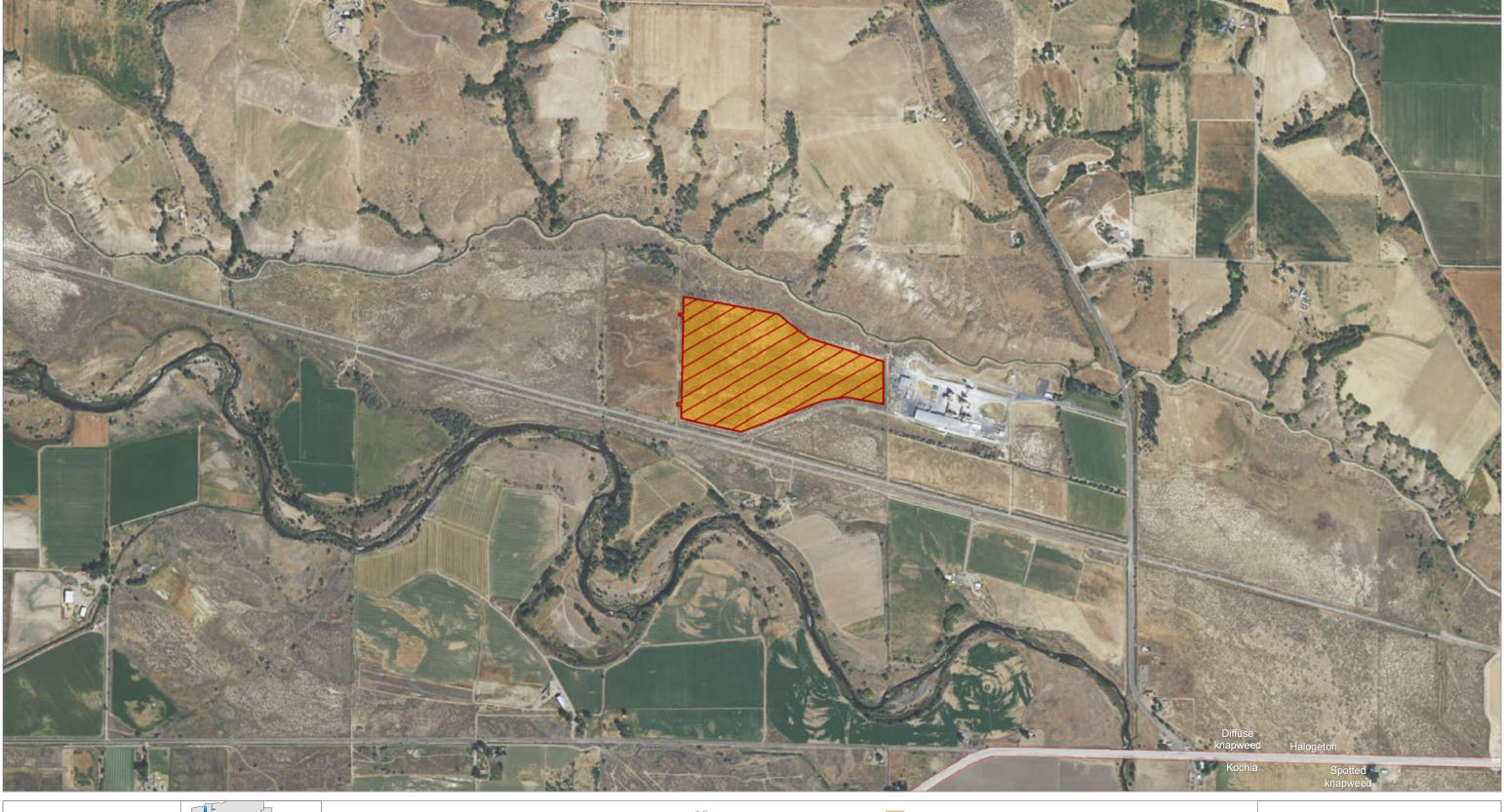














Project Features

Not Surveyed

Noxious Weed

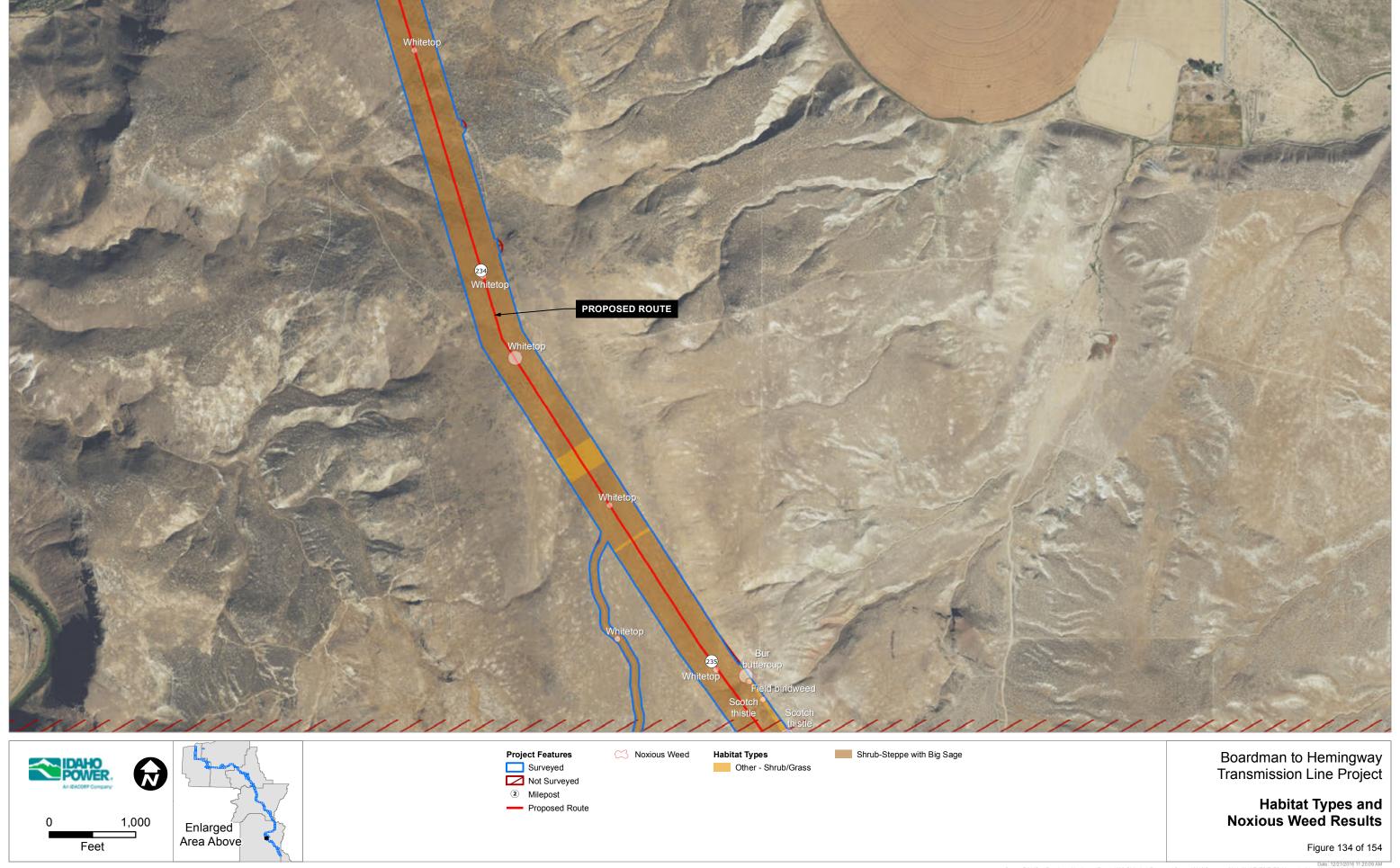
Habitat Type

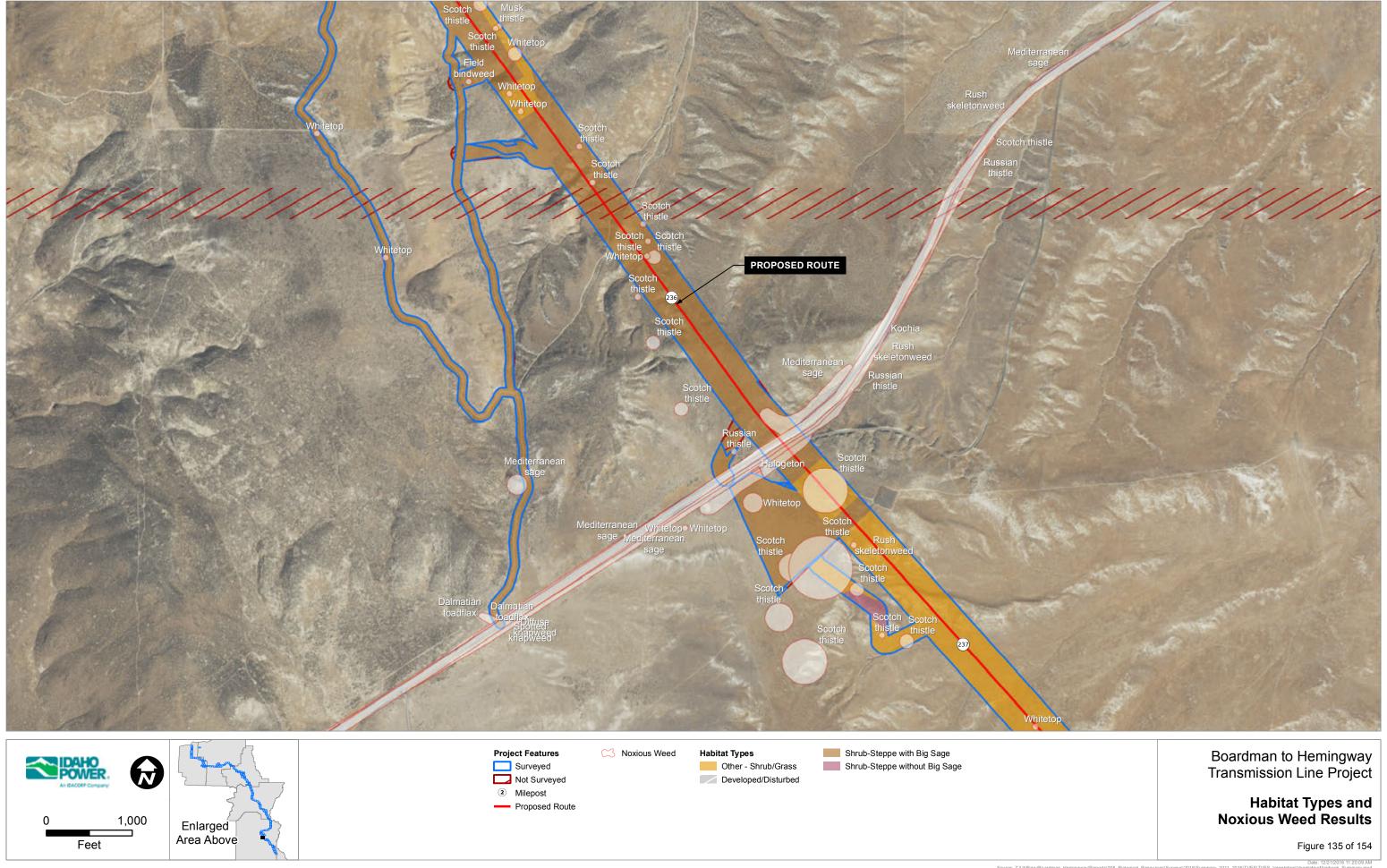
Other - Shrub/Grass

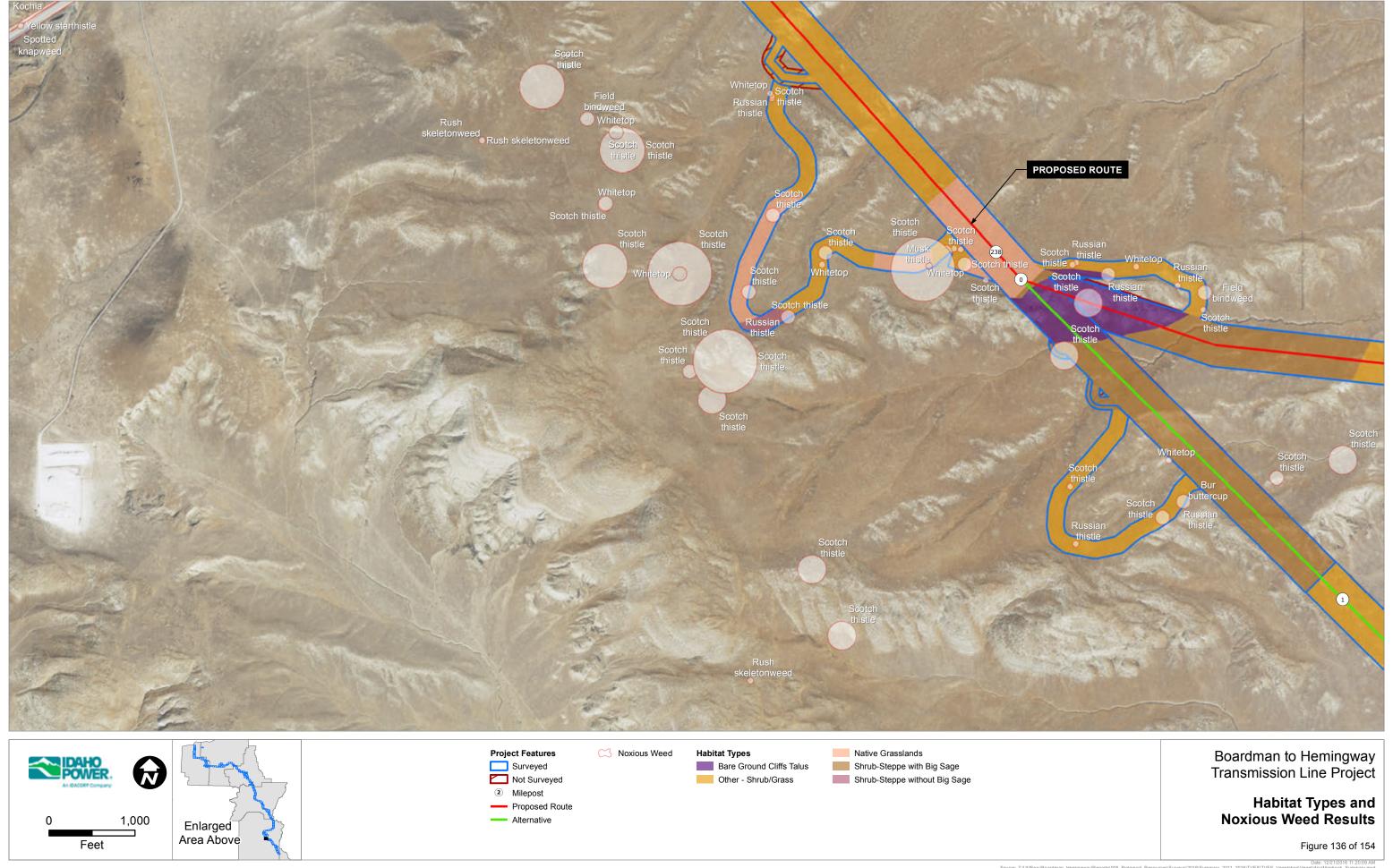
Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line Project

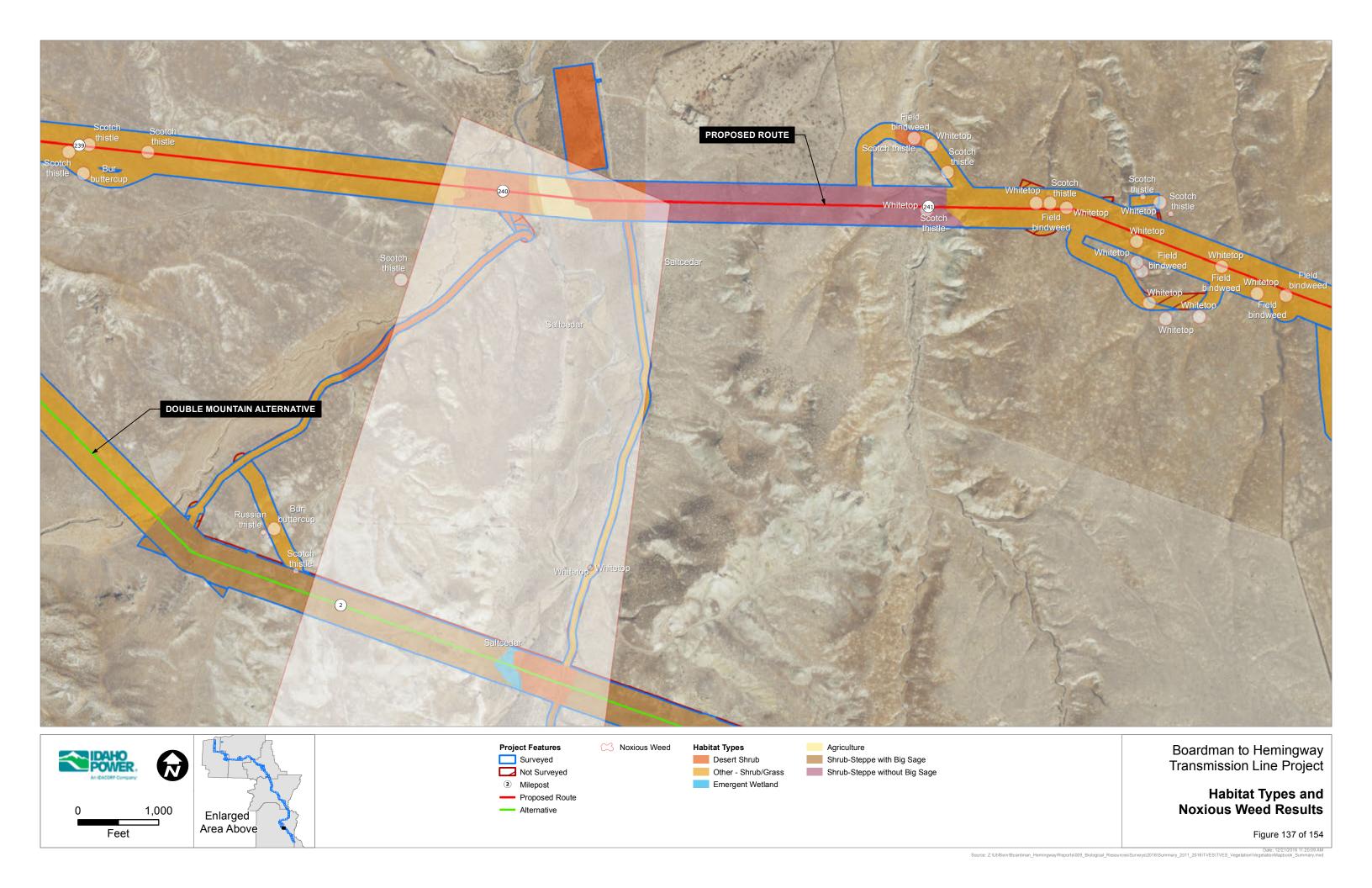
Habitat Types and Noxious Weed Results

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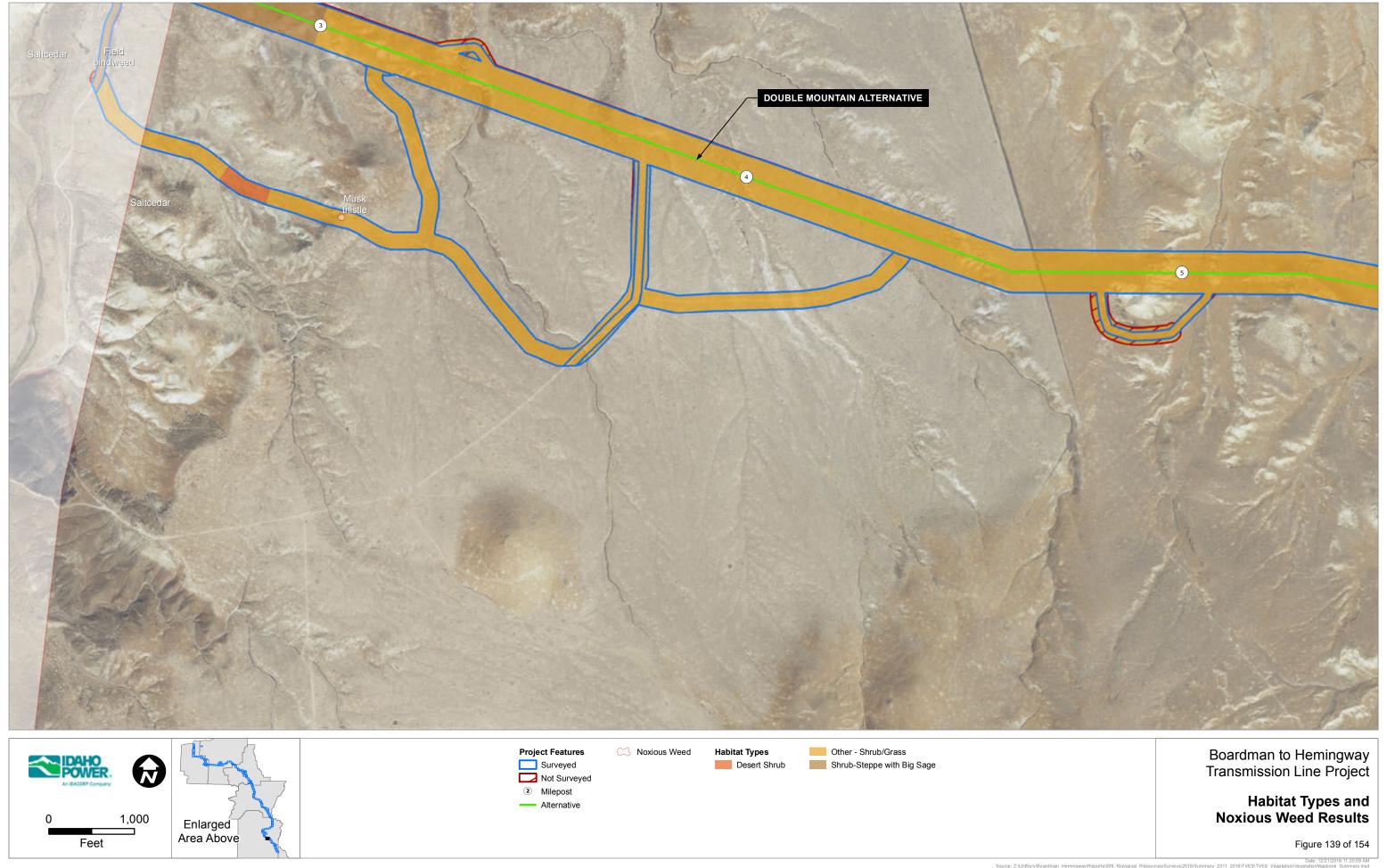


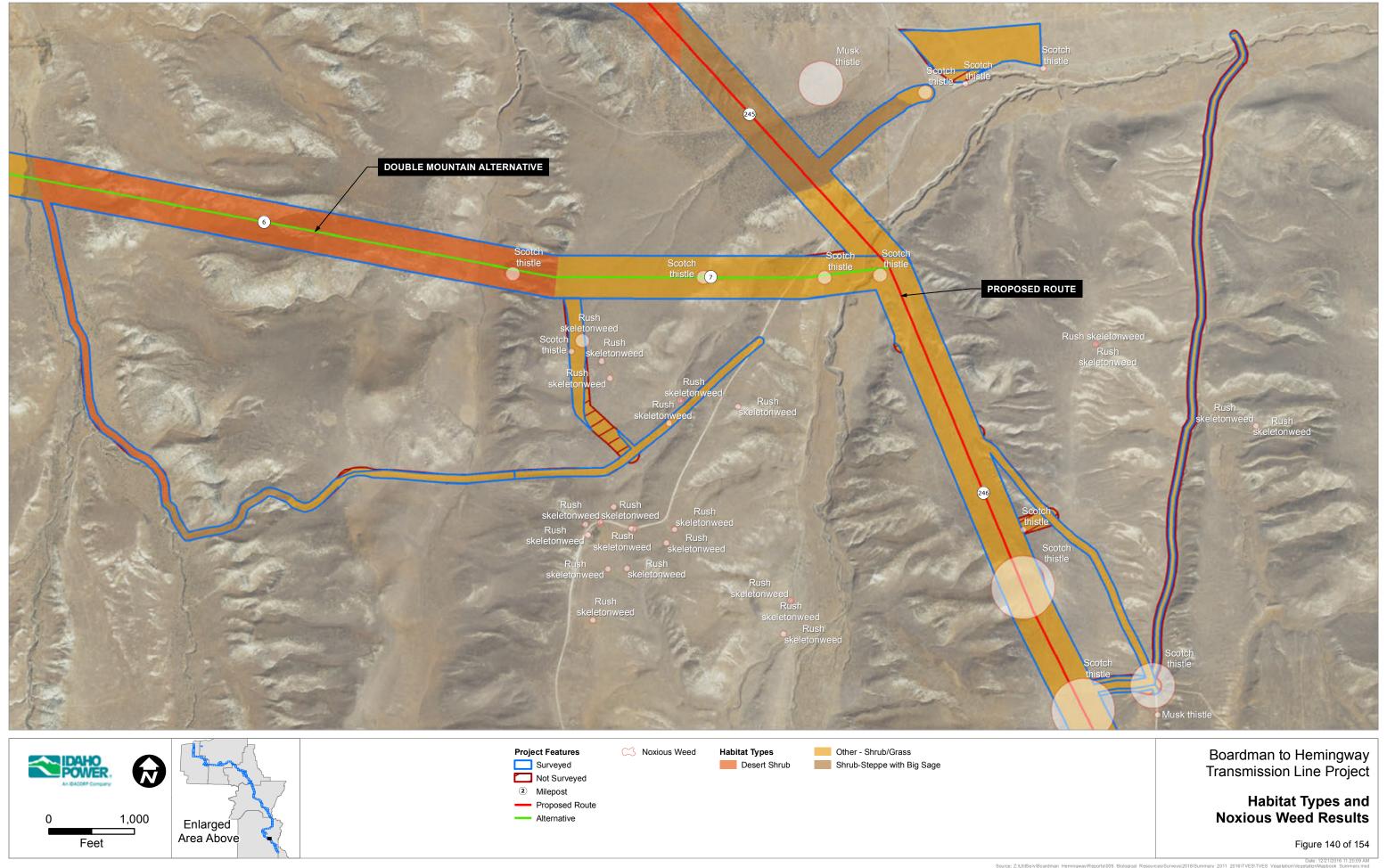


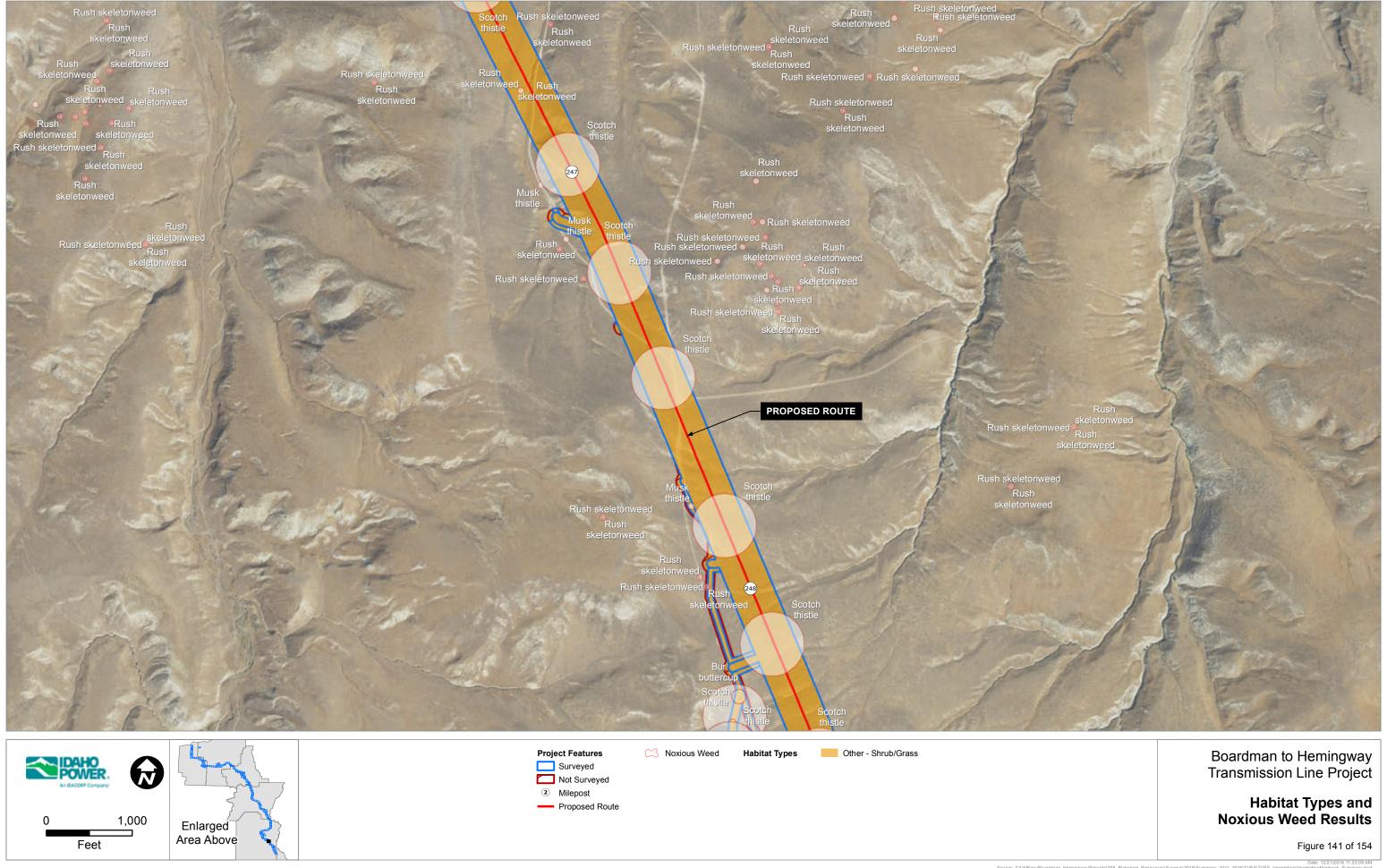






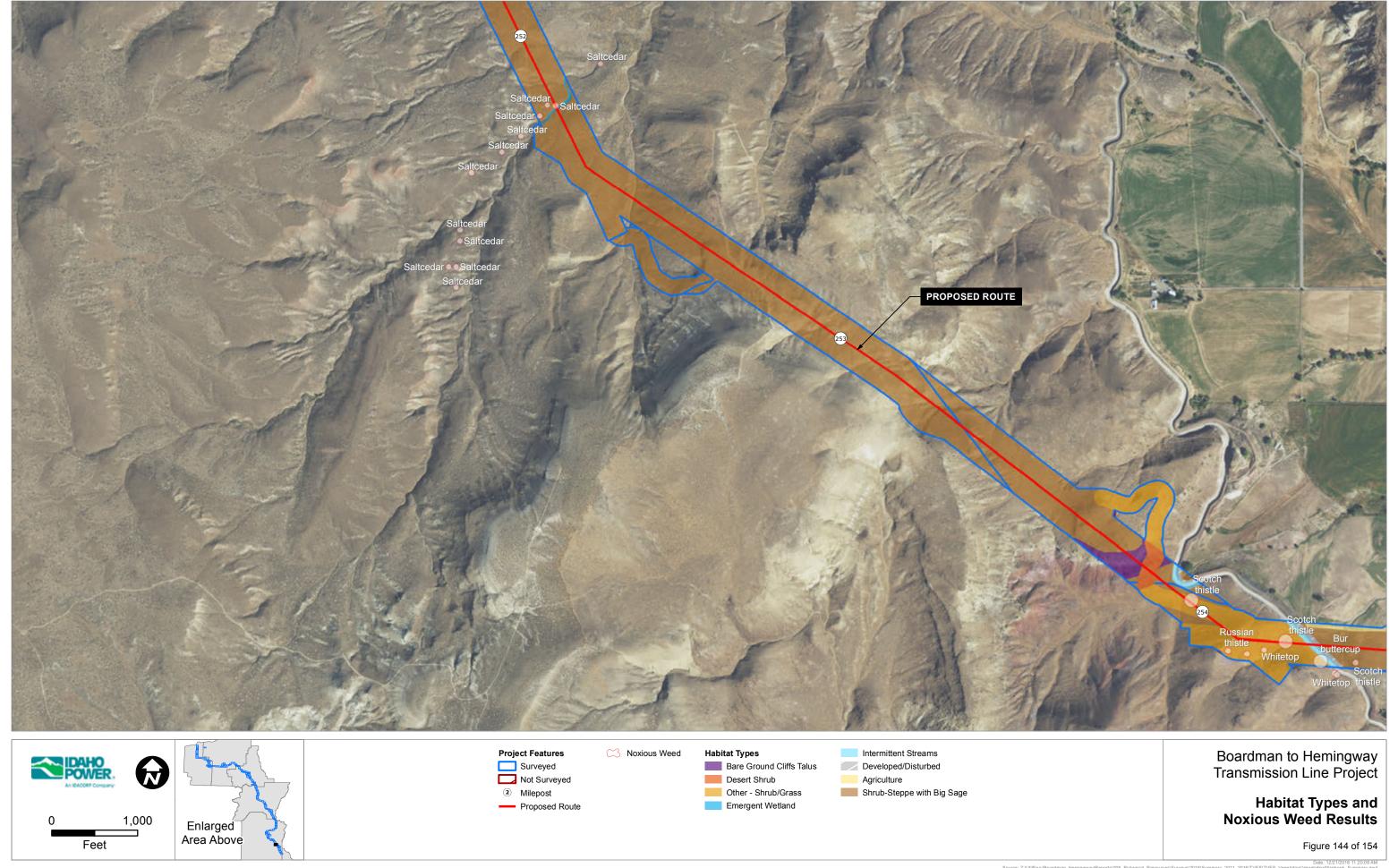


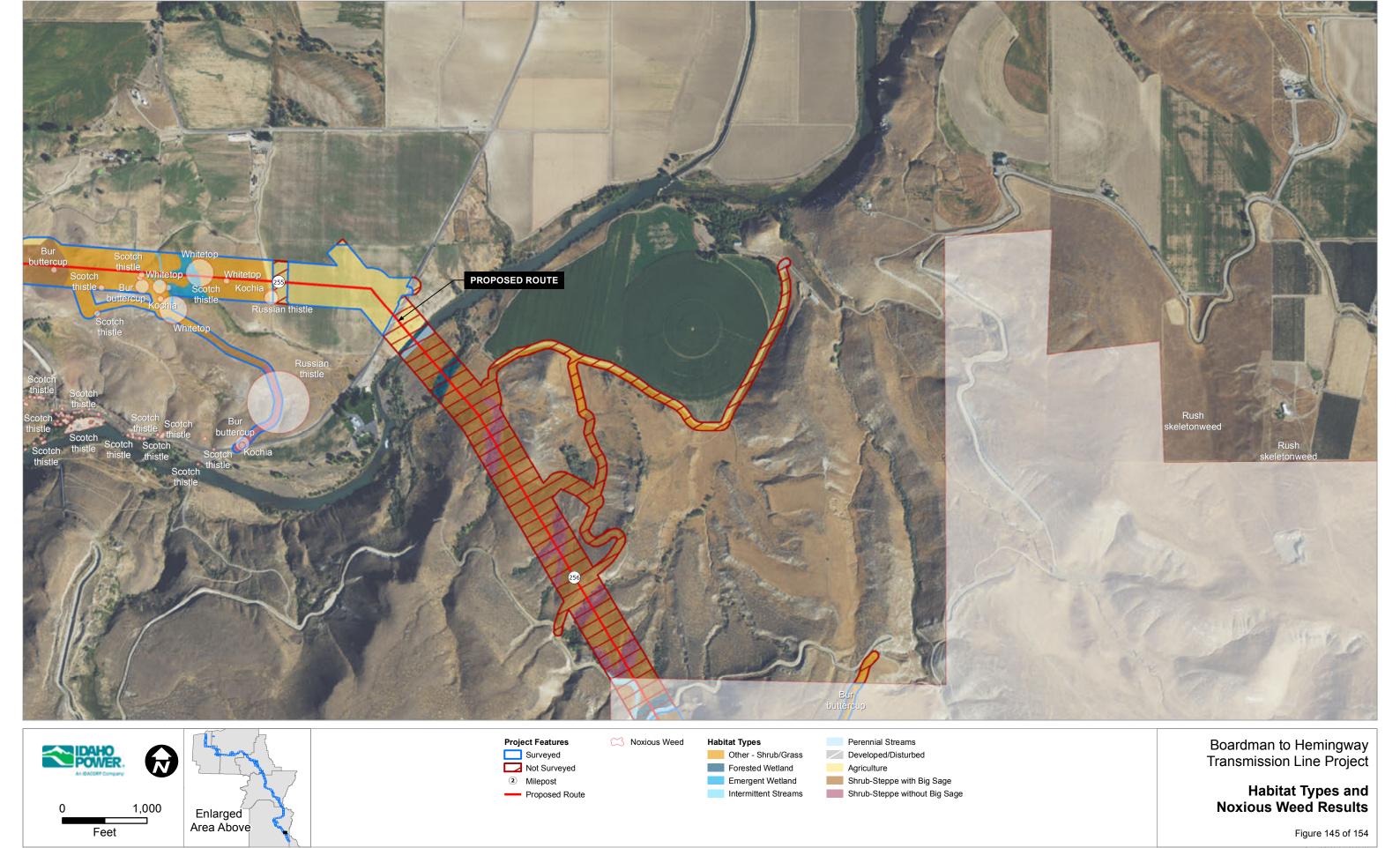






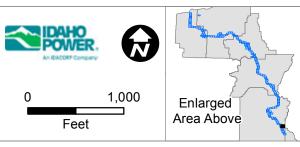












Project Features

Not Surveyed

Noxious Weed

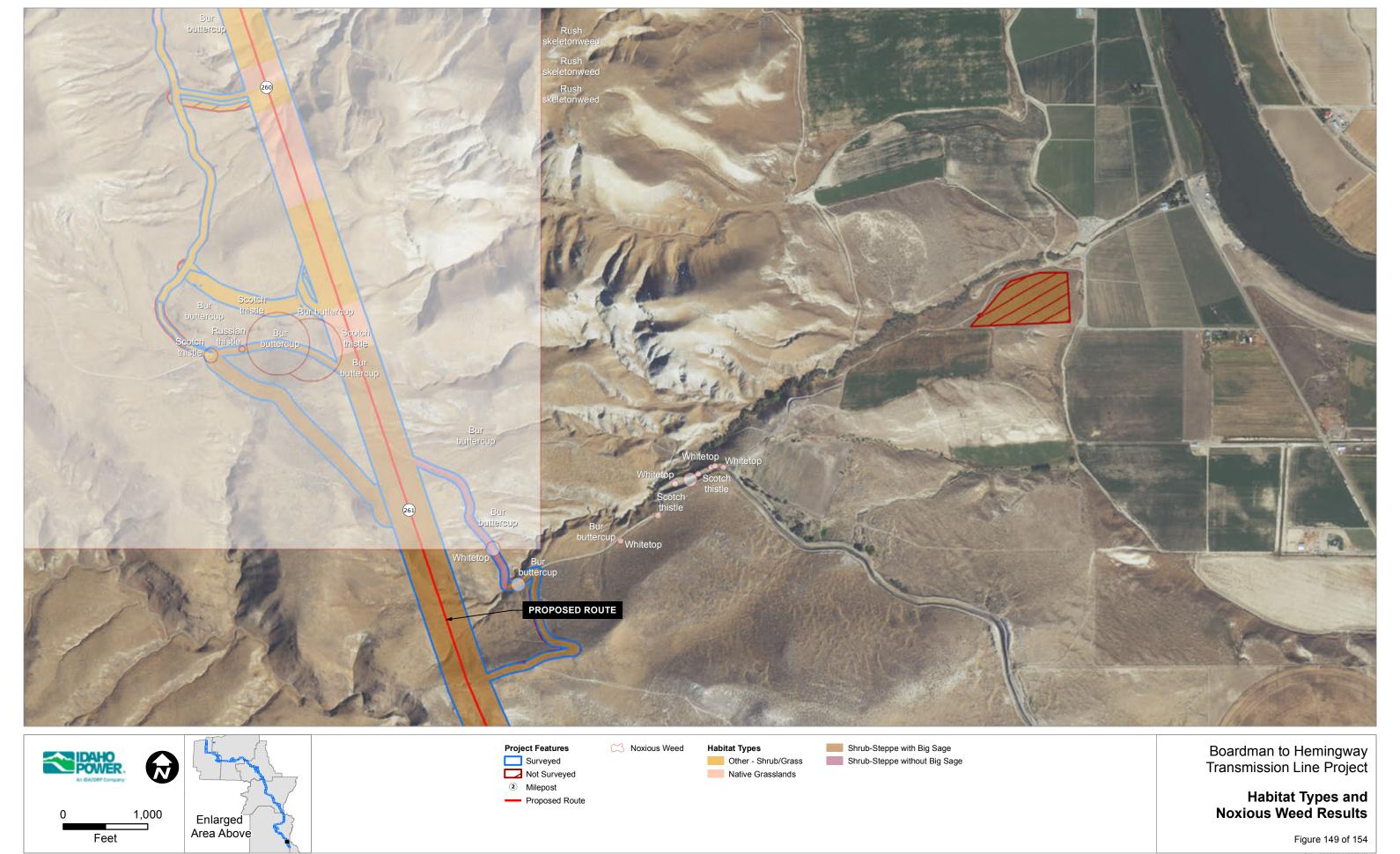
**Habitat Types** 

Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line Project

Habitat Types and Noxious Weed Results

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Appendix 3-A. Spe	ecial Status Plant Sp	ecies Co	nsidered to	r Surveys	1	ī	1	T	1	I	T
Common Name	Scientific Name	ODA Status <sup>1</sup>	BLM ORStatus <sup>2</sup>	BLM Idaho Status <sup>3</sup>	USFS Status <sup>4</sup>	USFWS Status⁵	Survey Period	Habitat	Survey Year	Results	Notes
Arrow-leaf thelypody	Thelypodium eucosmum	ST	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA		Arrow-leaf thelypody occurs in shaded areas under junipers on dry slopes and in dry to moist areas in stream beds and along seeps and streams. It is found within junipersagebrush plant communities at elevations ranging from 1,640-5,500 feet.	2013	No observation	
Biennial stanleya	Stanleya confertiflora	SC	OR Sensitive	ID Type 2	OR Sensitive	NA	April-June	Sagebrush-steppe in open sparsely vegetated sites from 2,400 to 5,000 feet.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	Observed 2011, 2012	
Bigelow's four- o'clock	Mirabilis laevis var. retorsa	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	March- early July	Open gravelly loam, sandy clay alluvium, talus, canyon walls, among boulders.	2011, 2012	No observation	No current status, surveys not required.
Biscuitroot	Lomatium roseanum	NA	OR Strategic	NA	NA	NA	April-May	Open, dry, basalt talus and scree overlying clay soils on gentle slopes; also occurs directly on black adobe soil. Usually found within low sagebrush vegetation. Associated species include low sagebrush, Sandberg bluegrass ( <i>Poa secunda</i> ), squirreltail ( <i>Elymus elymoides</i> ), prickly sandwort ( <i>Arenaria aculeata</i> ), phlox ( <i>Phlox</i> ), and desert yellow fleabane ( <i>Erigeron linearis</i> ); 5,750-6,150 feet.	2012, 2013	No observation	
Broad fleabane	Erigeron latus	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA		contrast sharply with the denser vegetation of the surrounding low sagebrush ( <i>Artemisia arbuscula</i> ), big sagebrush ( <i>A. tridentata</i> ), or western juniper ( <i>Juniperus occidentalis</i> ) communities. Elevations range from 4,700 to 5,800 feet.	2013	No observation	
Bryophyte (moss)	Aloina bifrons	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	Anytime	clusters over rock, soil, sand or silt loams of moderately low pH in arid shrub-steppe and grassland habitats below 4,000 feet (USFS/BLM 2009). Often with bluebunch wheatgrass and Sandberg's bluegrass with various amounts of Wyoming big	2016	No observation	OR BLM status changed from strategic (2011 list) to sensitive (2015 list).
Calcareous buckwheat	Eriogonum ochrocephalum var. calcareum	NA	NA	ID Type 3	NA	NA	May-July	Rolling sparsely vegetated clay hills, sometimes with four-wing saltbush and spiny hop-sage.	2011, 2012, 2016	Observed 2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	
Columbian carpet moss	Bryoerythrophyllum columbianum	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	Anytime	A component of well-developed biological soil crusts, either scattered on soil or in clusters over rock, soil, sand or silt loams of moderately low pH in arid shrub-steppe and grassland habitats below 4,000 feet. Often with bluebunch wheatgrass and Sandberg's bluegrass with various amounts of Wyoming big sagebrush.	2016	No observation	
Cronquist's stickseed	Hackelia cronquistii	ST	OR Sensitive	ID Type 3	NA	NA	May	Shrub-steppe communities typically dominated by sagebrush. It occurs on sandy north-facing hillsides with slight to extreme slope, sometimes on moist slopes in ravines, at elevations ranging from 2,000-3,640 feet.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	Observed 2012, 2013, 2016	
Cusick's pincushion	Chaenactis cusickii	NA	NA	ID Type 2	NA	NA	May-June	Open places on volcanic ash soils, especially the Succor Creek Formation, in saltbrush, and Wyoming big sagebrush zone, 2,400- 4,200 feet elevation.	2011, 2012, 2016	Observed 2012 and 2016	
Cusick's lupine	Lupinus lepidus var. cusickii	SE	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	June	Unique habitat, found within dry, open land extending from barren upper slopes to rather dense stand of sagebrush on lower slopes. Substrate mainly consists of eroding slopes of whitish volcanic ash. Along Burnt River.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Davis' fleabane	Erigeron davisii	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	May-July	Open barren slopes and flats, 4,250-8,200 feet elevation, often with sagebrush, juniper, or salt desert shrubs.	2013	No observation	
Davis' pepperweed	Lepidium davisii	ST	OR Sensitive	ID Type 3	NA	NA	May-July	This species is restricted to a few clay-soiled playas at 3,100-5,600 feet, within sagebrush dominated steppe. These playas are frequently inundated in the early season by standing water, with soils drying to a concrete-like substrate by early summer. As soils dehydrate, shrinkage causes the formation of cracks, creating a relatively hospitable micro-environment in which seedlings germinate.	2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Desert biscuitroot	Lomatium foeniculaceum ssp. fimbriatum	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	April- August	Dry, open slopes from valleys and plains.	2013	No observation	
Desert pincushion	Chaenactis stevioides	NA	NA	ID Type 4	NA	NA	April-July or Feb-June	Open, usually sandy sites in salt desert shrub, primarily, Wyoming big sagebrush, horsebrush, four-wing saltbrush and Indian ricegrass ( <i>Achnatherum hymenoides</i> ) communities, to 3,900 feet.	2011, 2012, 2016	No observation	
Dimeresia	Dimeresia howellii	NA	NA	ID Type 3	NA	NA	May- August	High desert foothills and drier parts of the mountains on dry rocky, cinder or gravelly soils, 3,600-9,500 feet elevation.	2011, 2012, 2016	No observation	

Common Name	Scientific Name	ODA Status <sup>1</sup>	BLM ORStatus <sup>2</sup>	BLM Idaho Status <sup>3</sup>	USFS Status <sup>4</sup>	USFWS Status⁵	Survey Period	Habitat	Survey Year	Results	Notes
Douglas' clover	Trifolium douglasii	NA	OR Sensitive	ID Type 2	OR Sensitive	NA	June-July	Moist to wet meadows and forested wetlands, and stream banks.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	Observed 2012	
Dwarf suncup	Camissonia pygmaea (Eremothera pygmaea)	SC	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	May-June	Rocky slopes, sandy banks, and dry, gravelly washes 500-1,850 feet.	2013	No observation	
False naked buckwheat	Eriogonum novonudum	NA	NA	ID Type 3	NA	NA	May- September	Sandy-clay, volcanic ash slopes and washes in saltbush and sagebrush communities, and in juniper woodlands.	2016	No observation	
Golden buckwheat	Eriogonum chrysops	ST	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	-	Occurs on barren slopes and outcrops in shallow, gravelly basaltic or rhyolitic soils in open desert shrub communities between 3,900-4,600 feet.	2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
•	Cymopterus acaulis var. greeleyorum	NA	OR Sensitive	ID Type 3	NA	NA	Flower March- April, Fruiting into June	Sandy soil and brown and white volcanic ash in Wyoming big sagebrush desert shrub and Indian ricegrass zones.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	Observed 2011	
Grimy mousetail	Ivesia rhypara var. rhypara	SE	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	Blooms May-June, disperses seed July- August	Dry and relatively barren with no canopy cover on either light colored ash-tuff or on outcrops of volcanic ash deposited with riverbed gravels with squirreltail, common woolly sunflower ( <i>Eriophyllum lanatum</i> ), dwarf skullcap ( <i>Scutellaria nana</i> ), and ballhead ipomopsis ( <i>Ipomopsis</i> ( <i>Gilia</i> ) congesta).	2016	No observation	
Hairy wild Cabbage	Caulanthus pilosus	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	May-June	Desert flats and mountains.	2016	No observation	
Hot-rock penstemon	Penstemon deustus var. variabilis	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	May-July	with bluebunch wheatgrass, Idaho fescue, arrowleaf buckwheat ( <i>Eriogonum compositum</i> ), woolly sunflower, milkvetch species ( <i>Astragalus</i> spp.), common tarweed	2016	No observation	OR BLM status changed from strategic (2011 list) to sensitive (2015 list).
	Thelypodium howellii ssp. spectabilis	SE	NA	NA	OR Strategic	FT	June-July	for the strange of str	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Janish's penstemon	Penstemon janishiae	NA	NA	ID Type 3	NA	NA	Late May- June	Clay soils derived from volcanic ash or lake bed sediment in sagebrush communities, 2,600-4,200 feet.	2011, 2012, 2016	Observed 2012	
King's snapdragon	Sairocarpus kingii (Antirrhinum kingii)	NA	OR Sensitive	ID Type 3	OR Sensitive	NA	May-June	Deserts, gravelly slopes, talus, and wash banks, sometimes in sandy soils in shadscale, blackbrush ( <i>Coleogyne ramosissima</i> ), and sagebrush, 3,200-6,500 feet elevation.	2012, 2016	No observation	
Knotsheath sedge	Carex retrorsa	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	June- August	Swamps, wet thickets, often along streams, marshes, sedge meadows, shores of streams, ponds, and lakes; 0–6,200 feet.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Lawrence's milkvetch	Astragalus collinus var. laurentii	ST	OR Strategic	NA	OR Strategic	NA	Late May- August	Occupies sandy or rocky soils overlying basalt on dry slopes, mostly at elevations ranging from 2,000-3,400 feet, although the species has been reported at elevations as low as 400 feet.	2011, 2013, 2014, 2016	Observed 2011 and 2016	
Least phacelia	Phacelia minutissima	SC	OR Sensitive	ID Type 2	OR Sensitive	NA	June-July	Moist understory of California hellebore ( <i>Veratrum californicum</i> ), aspen, and tall forb communities in meadows especially snow bank areas from 5,900 to 6,900.	2012, 2016	No observation	
Liverwort	Lophozia gillmanii	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	Anytime	Peaty cliff ledges in boreal-alpine habitats.	2012	No observation	
Macfarlane's four- o'clock	Mirabilis macfarlanei	SE	NA	ID Type 1	NA	FT		Canyon grasslands on gravelly to loamy and sandy substrates. It prefers steep, sunny slopes ranging from 1,000-3,000 feet in elevation.	NA	NA	Not included since no surveys were completed within the known range of this species.
Malheur cryptantha	Cryptantha propria	NA	NA	ID Type 4	NA	NA	April-May	Bare soil of ash and clay on open hillsides in the sagebrush zone, 3,000-4,000 feet elevation.	2012, 2016	Observed 2012 and 2016	<u> </u>
Malheur Valley fiddleneck	Amsinckia carinata	ST	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	Late April- June	Malheur Valley fiddleneck grows on upper slopes of tufaceous hills, mostly on southern exposures, in soil covered with several decimeters of cobble, heavy gravel and/or rock fragments. Found in the Harper Valley area.	2013, 2016	No observation	

Common Name	Scientific Name	ODA Status <sup>1</sup>	BLM ORStatus <sup>2</sup>	BLM Idaho Status <sup>3</sup>	USFS Status <sup>4</sup>	USFWS Status⁵	Survey Period	Habitat	Survey Year	Results	Notes
Mountain grape-fern	Botrychium montanum	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	July- August	Usually in deep litter of springy, mature western red cedar forests, but also in riparian thickets, mesic meadows, and grassy trail edges.	2012	No observation	
Mulford's milkvetch	Astragalus mulfordiae	SE	OR Sensitive	ID Type 2	NA	NA	May-June	Sandy substrates including old river deposits, sandy areas near rivers, sandy bluffs, and dune-like talus in foothills at approximately 2,200-2,790 feet in elevation. It is found mainly in shrub-steppe and desert shrub communities.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	Observed 2016	
Multiflowered phlox	Phlox multiflora	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	June-Aug	Open or wooded, often rocky places, from the higher foothills to above timberline in the mountains.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Northern wormwood	Artemisia campestris var. wormskioldii	SE	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	Mid-April- mid-June	This species is restricted to basalt, compacted cobble, and sand on the banks of the Columbia River. The surrounding countryside is arid, supporting shrub-steppe vegetation. Associated species include Atkinson's stickseed ( <i>Coreopsis tinctoria</i> var. atkinsoniana), turpentine wavewing ( <i>Cymopterus terebinthinus</i> ), arrowleaf buckwheat ( <i>Eriogonum compositum</i> ), bigleaf lupin ( <i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i> ), silverleaf phacelia ( <i>Phacelia hastata</i> ), and narrowleaf willow ( <i>Salix exigua</i> ). Cheatgrass (Bromus tectorum) and diffuse knapweed ( <i>Centaurea diffusa</i> ) also occur in some sites.	NA	NA	Not included since no surveys were completed within the known range of this species.
Oregon Semaphore grass	Pleuropogon oregonus	ST	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	June-July	Obligate wetland species occurring in wet meadows and marshlands in areas of sluggish moving water at elevations ranging from about 3,300-5,600 feet.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Owyhee clover	Trifolium owyheense	SE	OR Sensitive	ID Type 2	NA	NA	May-June	Inhabits bleak slopes composed of loose diatomaceous talus or volcanic ash. Surrounding plant communities are dominated by sagebrush and juniper, with the few direct associates being annuals: Cusick's monkeyflower ( <i>Mimulus cusickii</i> ), Ertter's ragwort ( <i>Senecio ertterae</i> ), blazingstar species ( <i>Mentzelia</i> spp.).	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Owyhee River stickseed	Hackelia ophiobia	NA	OR Sensitive	ID Type 3	NA	NA	May-June	Talus and crock crevices on shady north face canyons, associated with Packard's milkvetch ( <i>Astragalus cusickii</i> var. <i>packardiae</i> ), Great Basin wildrye ( <i>Leymus cinereus</i> ), and Louisiana sage ( <i>Artemisia ludoviciana</i> ).	2013	No observation	
Packard's wormwood	Artemisia packardiae	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	June- August	Talus and crevices of shaded, steep to vertical volcanic cliffs in canyons in the sagebrush steppe, juniper, and lower mountain sagebrush zones.	2011, 2012	No observation	No current status, surveys not required.
Packard's desert parsley	Lomatium packardiae	NA	OR Strategic	ID Type 2	OR Strategic	NA	April-June	Volcanic ash and rhyolite and rocky clay soils in the sagebrush zone, from 2,900-4,300 feet elevation.	2012	No observation	
Packard's mentzelia	Mentzelia packardiae	ST	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	Mid-May- mid-July	Base of talus slopes along canyon walls in rocky, volcanic ash substrates. The species is found at elevations from 2,700-5,250 feet.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Playa buckwheat	Eriogonum salicornioides	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	May-July	Clayey flats and slopes, saltbush ( <i>Atriplex</i> spp.), greasewood ( <i>Sarcobatus vermiculatus</i> ), and sagebrush communities; juniper woodlands between 2,300 to 4,300 feet.	2016	Observed 2016	
Playa phacelia	Phacelia inundata	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	May- August	Alkaline flats, dry lake margins. Elevation 4,800-6,400 feet.	2013	No observation	
Red-fruited Lomatium	Lomatium erythrocarpum	SE	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	June-July	Dry, gravely, or talus-covered south-facing slopes at 7,600 feet and above. It is found in the transition from shrub-steppe with curl-leaf mountain mahogany ( <i>Cercocarpus ledifolius</i> ) and big sagebrush and subalpine woodlands with ( <i>Pinus albicaulis</i> ) whitebark pine and Engelmann spruce ( <i>Picea engelmannii</i> ).	2011, 2012, 2016	No observation	
Rigid threadbush	Nemacladus rigidus	NA	NA	ID Type 4	NA	NA	May-June (July)	Sandy or cindery soils in the desert shrub zone, 2,600-3,900 feet	2012, 2016	No observation	
Rough goldenweed	Pyrrocoma scaberula	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	July to August, identifiable through mid- September	Palouse grassland and transition zones between prairie and ponderosa pine (Pinus ponderosa), including meadows dominated by bunchgrasses with patches of deciduous shrubs. Usually on north-facing slopes with deep, productive silit loams. Elevations 1,900 to 4,100 feet, but generally below 3,600 feet. Associated specis include rose ( <i>Rosa</i> spp.), snowberry ( <i>Symphoricarpos</i> albus), Idaho fescue ( <i>Festuca idahoensis</i> ), bluebunch wheatgrass ( <i>Pseudoroegneria spicata</i> ), and balsamroot ( <i>Balsamorhiza sagittata</i> ).	2012	No observation	According to Mark Darrach, Threatened & Endangered Plant Species Program Manager for the Umatilla National Forest, co-author of An investigation of morphological evidence supports the resurrection of Pyrrocoma scaberula (Björk, C R., and M. Darrach. 2009. Journal of the Botanica Research Institute of Texas 3:231–238.), the
Salt heliotrope	Heliotropium curassavicum	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	May-Oct	Saline places in the valleys and lowlands, often in the beds of dried ponds.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2016	No observation	

Appendix 3-A. Spe	ecial Status Plant Sp	ecies Co	nsidered to	r Surveys	1		ı		ı	1	
Common Name	Scientific Name	ODA Status <sup>1</sup>	BLM ORStatus <sup>2</sup>	BLM Idaho Status <sup>3</sup>	USFS Status⁴	USFWS Status <sup>5</sup>	Survey Period	Habitat	Survey Year	Results	Notes
Simpson's hedgehog cactus	Pediocactus simpsonii	NA	NA	ID Type 4	NA	NA	Anytime. Flowers May-July	Rocky or sandy benches and canyon rims in low sagebrush ( <i>Artemisia arbuscula</i> ), bud sage ( <i>Picrothamnus desertorum</i> ), and Sandberg bluegrass communities; often with scabland fleabane ( <i>Erigeron bloomeri</i> ), from 2,900-5,900 feet.	2011, 2012, 2016	No observation	
Slender sedge	Carex lasiocarpa var. americana	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	June-July	Fens, bogs, lake shores, and wet meadows from 3,900 to 5,500 feet. Sometimes forming floating mats in deep, organic, acidic soils with low to moderate nutrient levels	2016	No observation	
Slickspot peppergrass	Lepidium papilliferum	NA	NA	ID Type 1	NA	FT	May-June	Bare slickspot soils within Wyoming sagbrush habitat. Only known in Idaho.	2011, 2012	No observation	
Smooth mentzelia	Mentzelia mollis	SE	OR Sensitive	ID Type 2	NA	NA	May-mid- June	formation, with extremely high levels of potassium. It occurs at elevations from 2,500-	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	Observed 2012	
Snake River goldenweed	Pyrrocoma radiata	SE	OR Sensitive	ID Type 3	NA	NA	June-July	finfabits try, rocky, open son with intie other perennial vegetation. It typically occurs on south- to west-facing hillsides with gentle to steep slopes at elevations ranging from 2,000-6,000 feet. It is found in slightly to very calcareous soils often overlaying a shale formation, usually in grazing-modified sagebrush/grassland communities. Lower slopes of Spake Biver Capyon.	2011, 2012, 2013	Observed 2012, 2013	
Snake River milkvetch	Astragalus purshii var. ophinogenes	NA	NA	ID Type 4	NA	NA	Late April- June	Often on barren sites with big sagebrush, Indian ricegrass, needle-and-thread grass and four-wing satlbush.  Growing in loosely aggregated, frequently moving sand and gravelly sand deposits on bluffs, talus, dunes and volcanic ash beds, from 2,300-3,500 feet elevation.	2012	No observation	
Spalding's catchfly	Silene spaldingii	SE	NA	ID Type 1	NA	FT	July- August	Open, moist bunchgrass grassland communities or sagebrush-steppe communities, and occasionally within open pine forests. It is usually found in deep, rich loess soils in swales or on north facing slopes where soil moisture is higher. Occupied sites range from 1,200-5,300 feet in elevation. It is only known in Wallowa County in Oregon.	NA	NA	Not included since no surveys were completed within the known range of this species.
Sterile milkvetch	Astragalus cusickii var. sterilis	ST	OR Sensitive	ID Type 3	NA	NA	Late May- June	Dry, barren ashy areas on gravelly and sandy clay bluffs and knolls at elevations ranging from 2,700-4,800 feet. Although the immediate habitat is nearly devoid of other vegetation, sterile milkvetch occurs locally within sagebrush scrub communities, particularly along the Owyhee River.	2011, 2012, 2013, 2016	No observation	
Stiff milkvetch	Astragalus conjunctus var. conjunctus	NA	NA	ID Type 4	NA	NA	Mid-April- June	Rocky hilltops, hillsides and canyon benches of sagebrush scabland and steppe-desert communities up to the lower edge of the pine forest on volcanic, especially basalt, substrates from 3,600-5,400 feet.	2012, 2016	No observation	
Thickstem wild cabbage	Caulanthus crassicaulis var. glaber	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	NA	NA	May-July	It inhabits low dry hillsides with mountain mahogany ( <i>Cercocarpus</i> ), sagebrush ( <i>Artemisia</i> ), and Pinyon-Juniper on sandy, clay soils from 4,800-6,700 ft.	2013	No observation	
Turtleback	Psathyrotes annua	NA	NA	ID Type 3	NA	NA	June- August	Salt desert shrub communities, usually on sandy, well drained soils, 2,400-3,900 feet.	2012	No observation	
Western moonwort	Botrychium hesperium	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	OR Sensitive	NA	May- August	Sagebrush shrubland, moist and dry meadows, forest edges; in dry gravelly, or sandy loams. It may remain dormant during droughtly years. Associated with lodgepole pine ( <i>Pinus contorta</i> ), Engelmann spruce ( <i>Picea engelmannii</i> ), strawberry ( <i>Fragaria virginiana</i> ), and other grapeferns ( <i>Botrychium</i> spp.). Known from 2,500-6,300 feet.	2012	No observation	
White false tickhead	Eatonella nivea	NA	NA	ID Type 4	NA	NA	Early April- June	Dry desert areas in sandy or volcanic soils, often with sagebrush, 2,500-6,200 feet elevation.	2012	No observation	
White-margined wax plant	Glyptopleura marginata	NA	NA	ID Type 4	NA	NA		Dry sandy-gravelly or loose ash soils in shadscale ( <i>Atriplex confertifolia</i> ), greasewood, rabbitbrush, spiny hopsage ( <i>Grayia spinosa</i> ), winterfat ( <i>Krascheninnikovia lanata</i> ), and sagebrush communities, 2,600-3,900 feet elevation.	2011, 2012, 2016	No observation	
Yellow scorpionweed	Phacelia lutea var. calva	NA	NA	ID Type 3	NA	NA	May-July	Volcanic ash soils in Wyoming big sagebrush or salt desert shrub zones, from 2,900 to 5,200 feet elevation.	2011, 2012, 2016	No observation	

ODA (Oregon Department of Agriculture). 2016. Oregon Threatened, Endangered, and Candidate Plants. Accessed March 9, 2016 from: http://www.oregon.gov/ODA/programs/PlantConservation/Pages/AboutPlants.aspx

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>BLM. 2015. Final OR/WA State Director Special Status Species List, July 13, 2015. Accessed from http://www.fs.fed.us/r6/sfpnw/issssp/agency-policy/

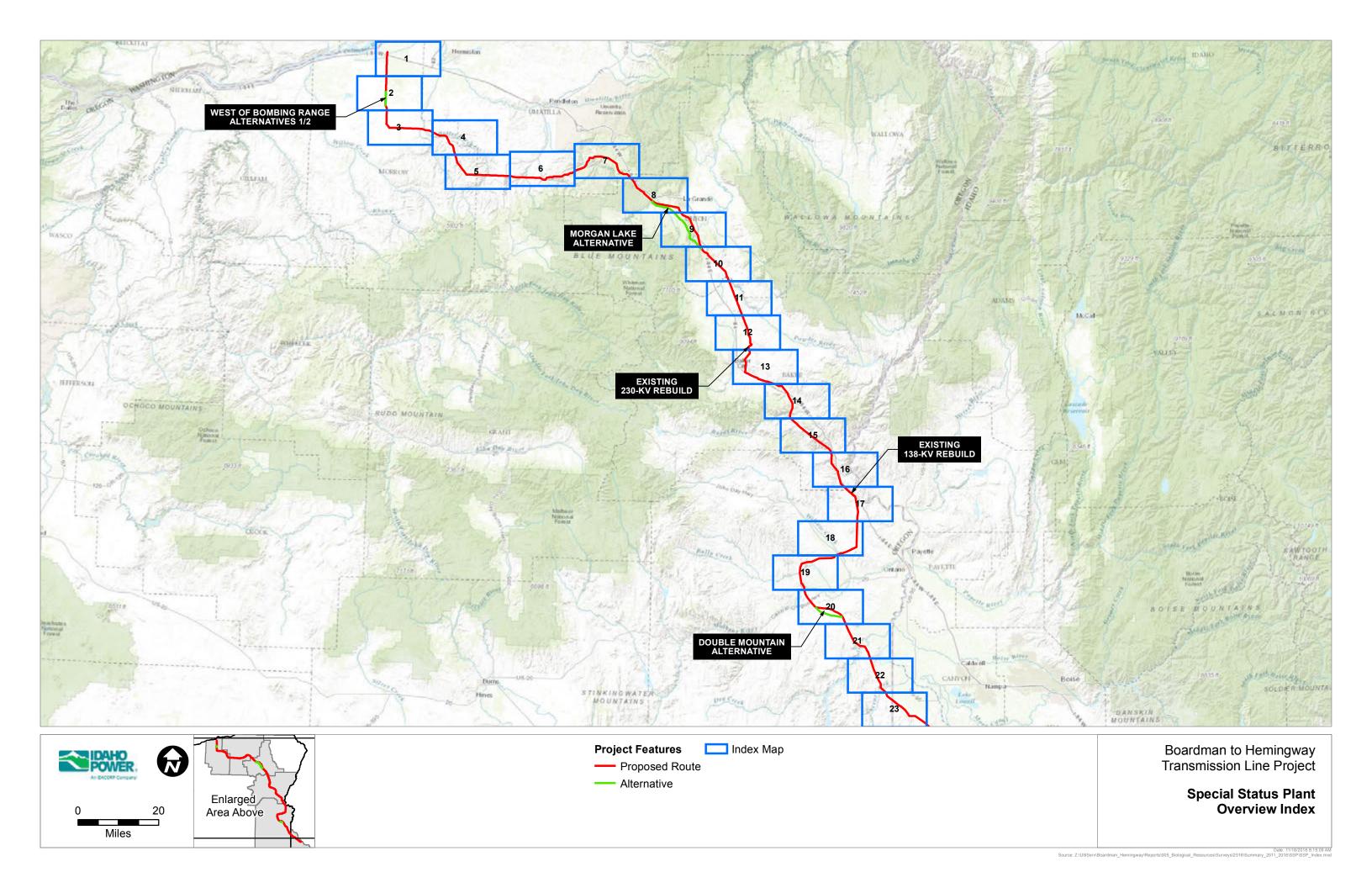
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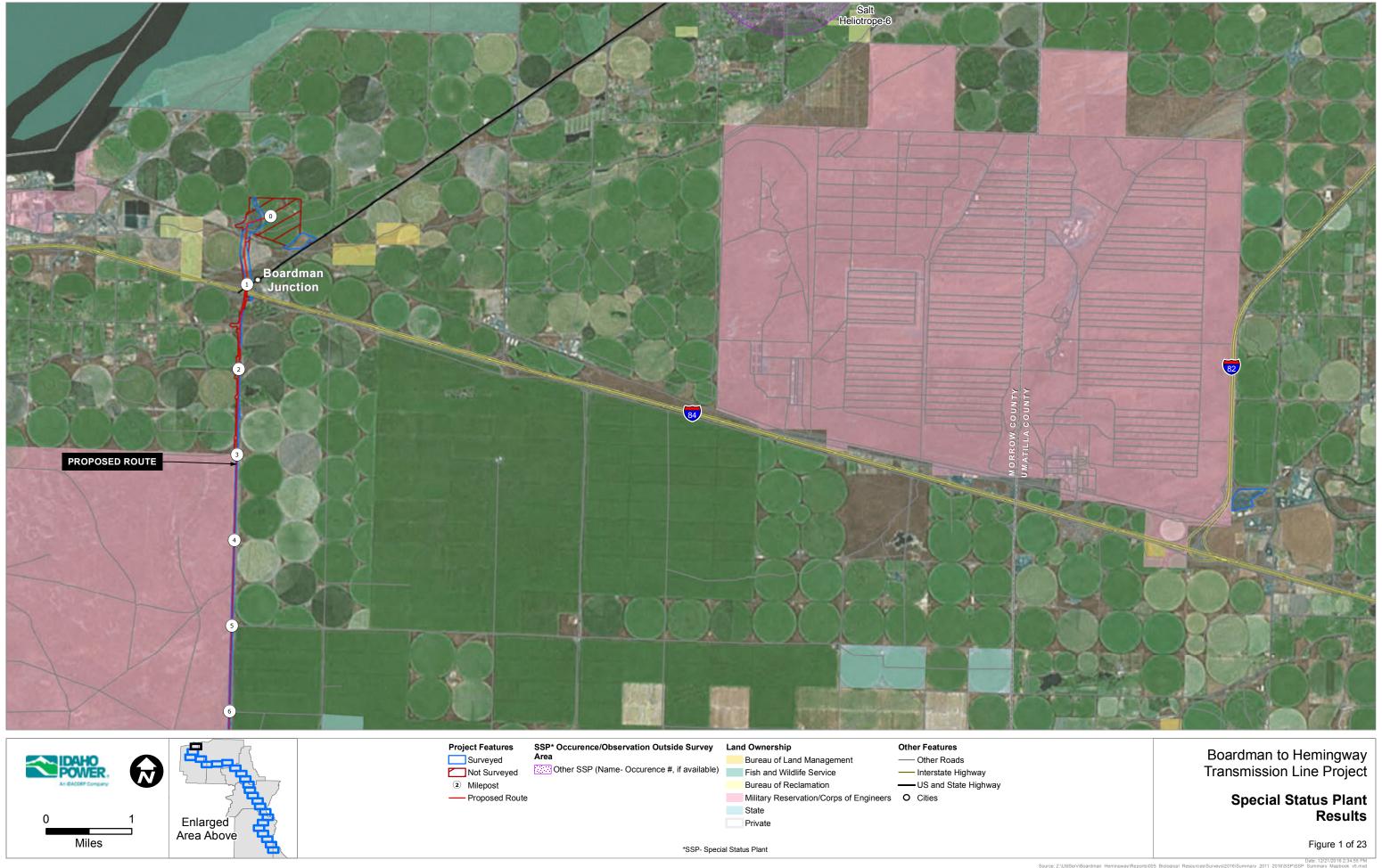
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> USFS (United States Forest Service). 2015. Final Region 6 Regional Forester Special Status Species List, July 13, 2015.

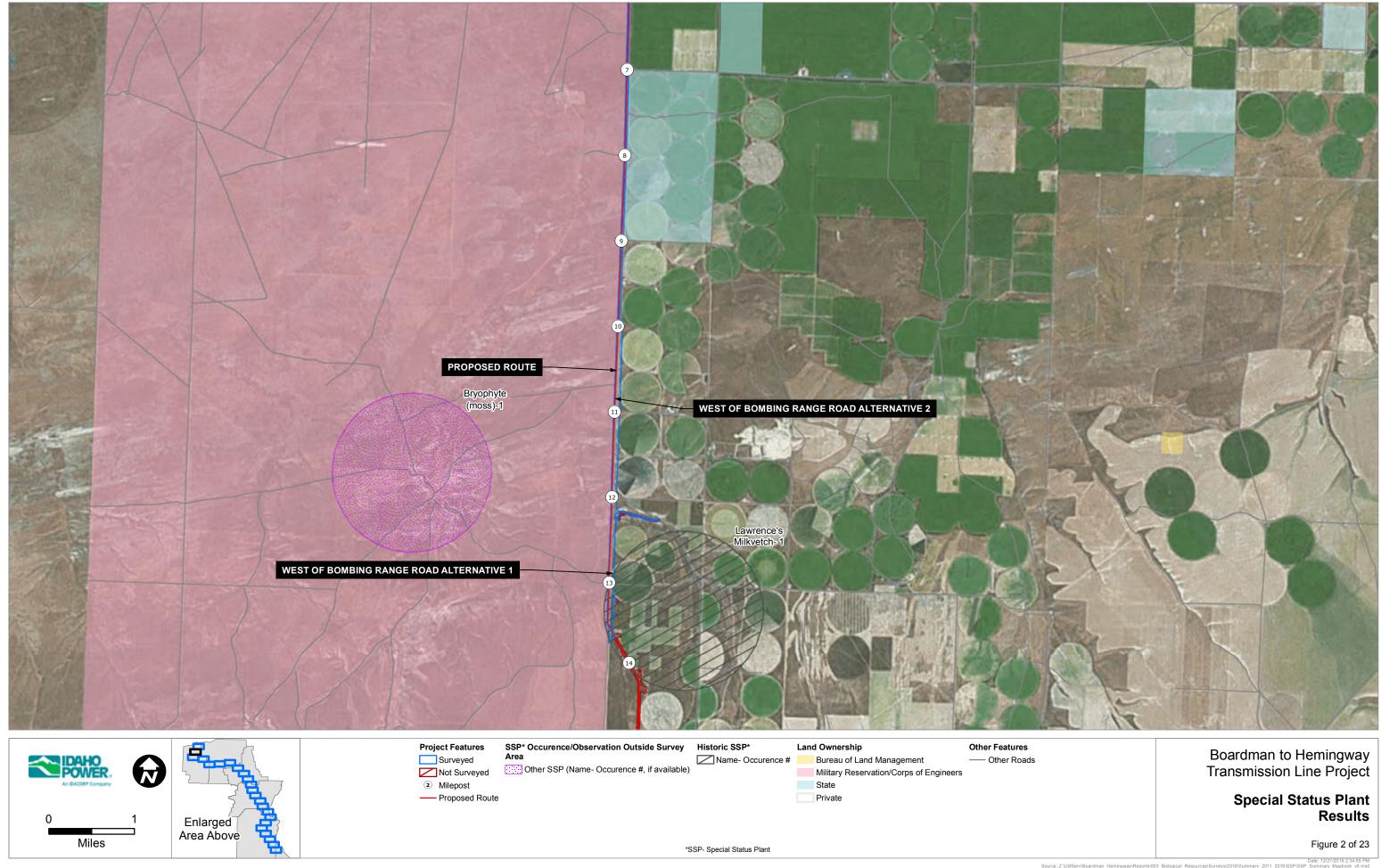
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> USFWS (United States Fish and Wildlife Service). 2016. Listed Plants. Accessed November 14, 2016 from http://ecos.fws.gov/ecp0/reports/ad-hoc-species-

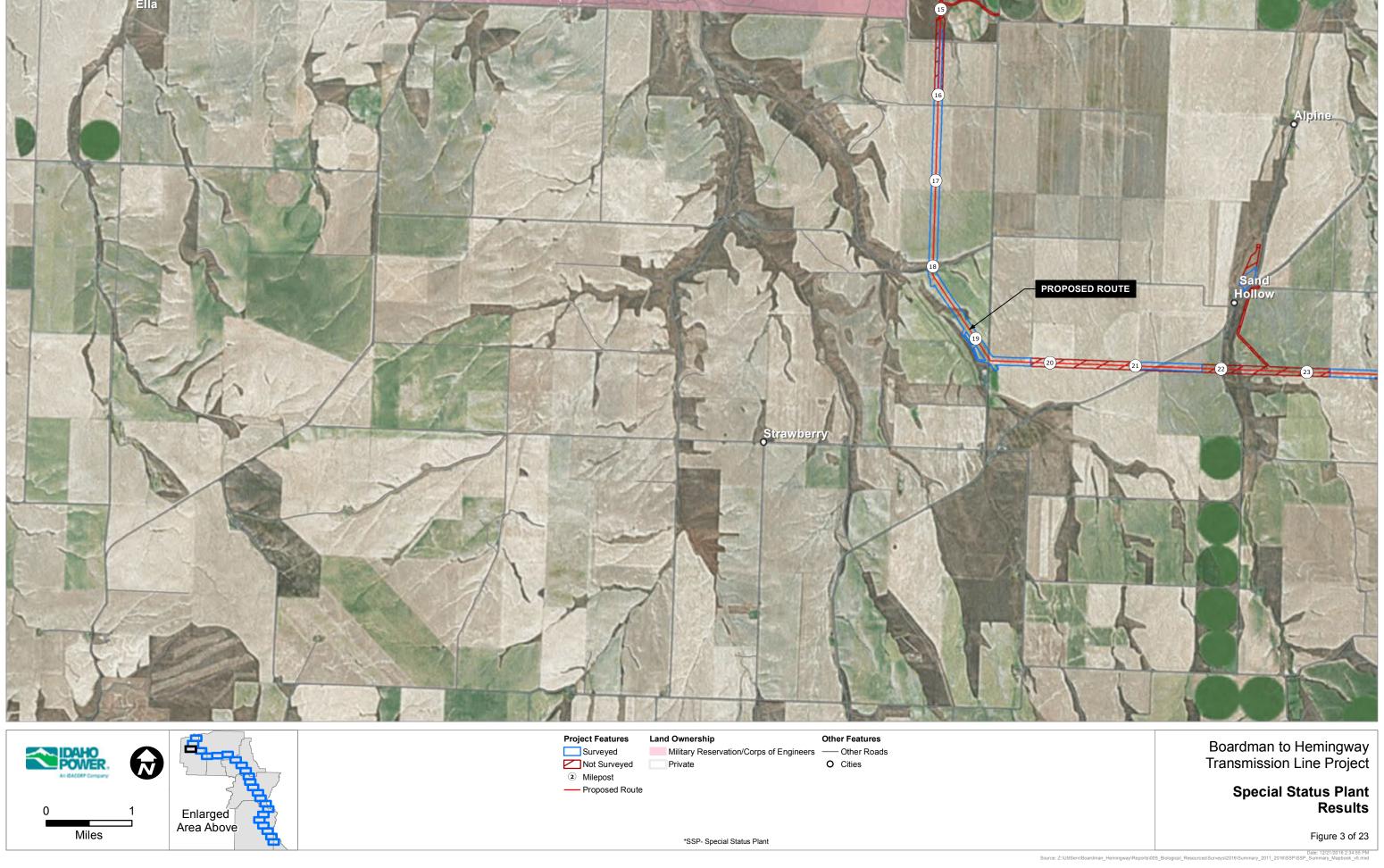
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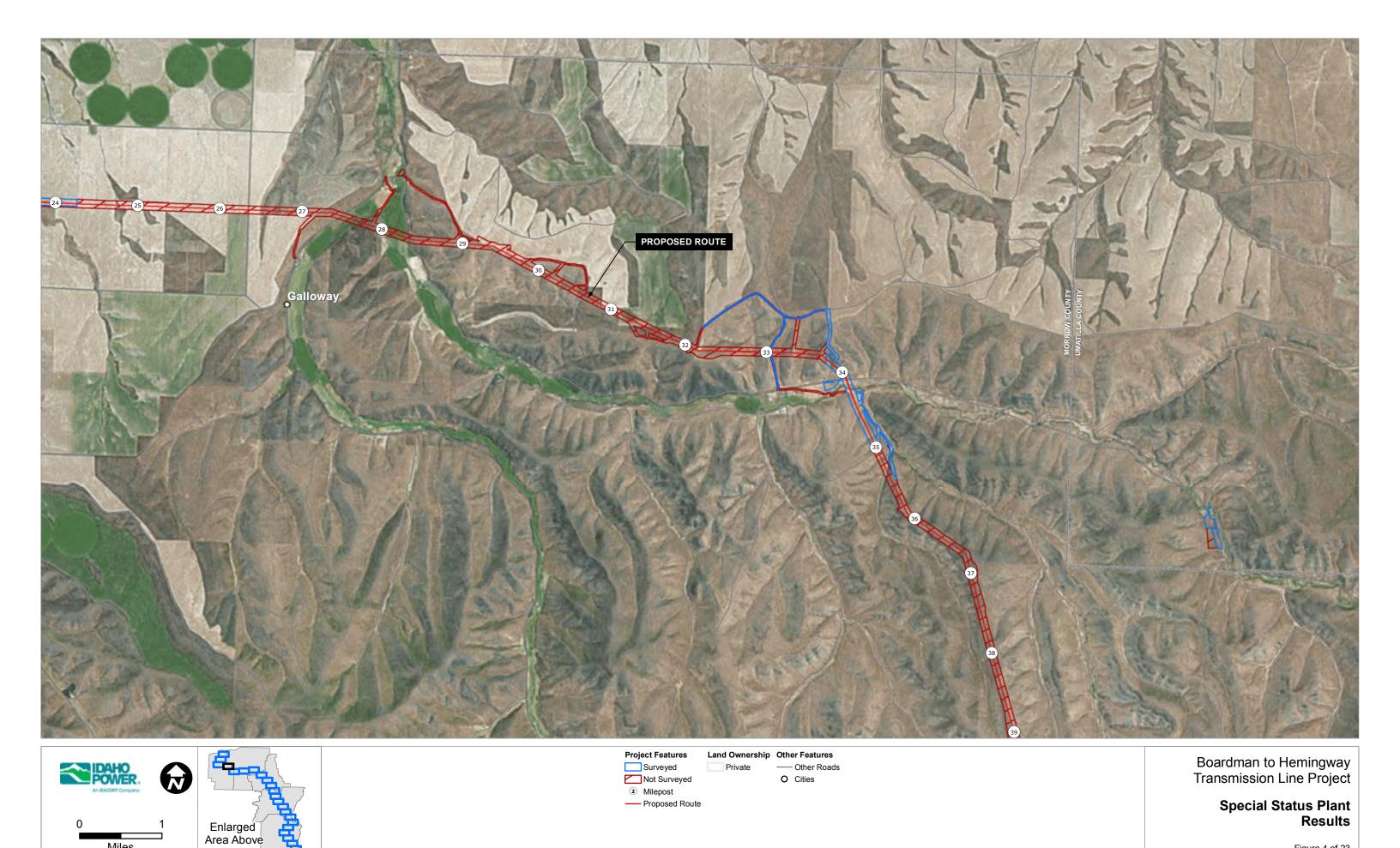
Appendix 3-B Special Status Plant Results Mapbook









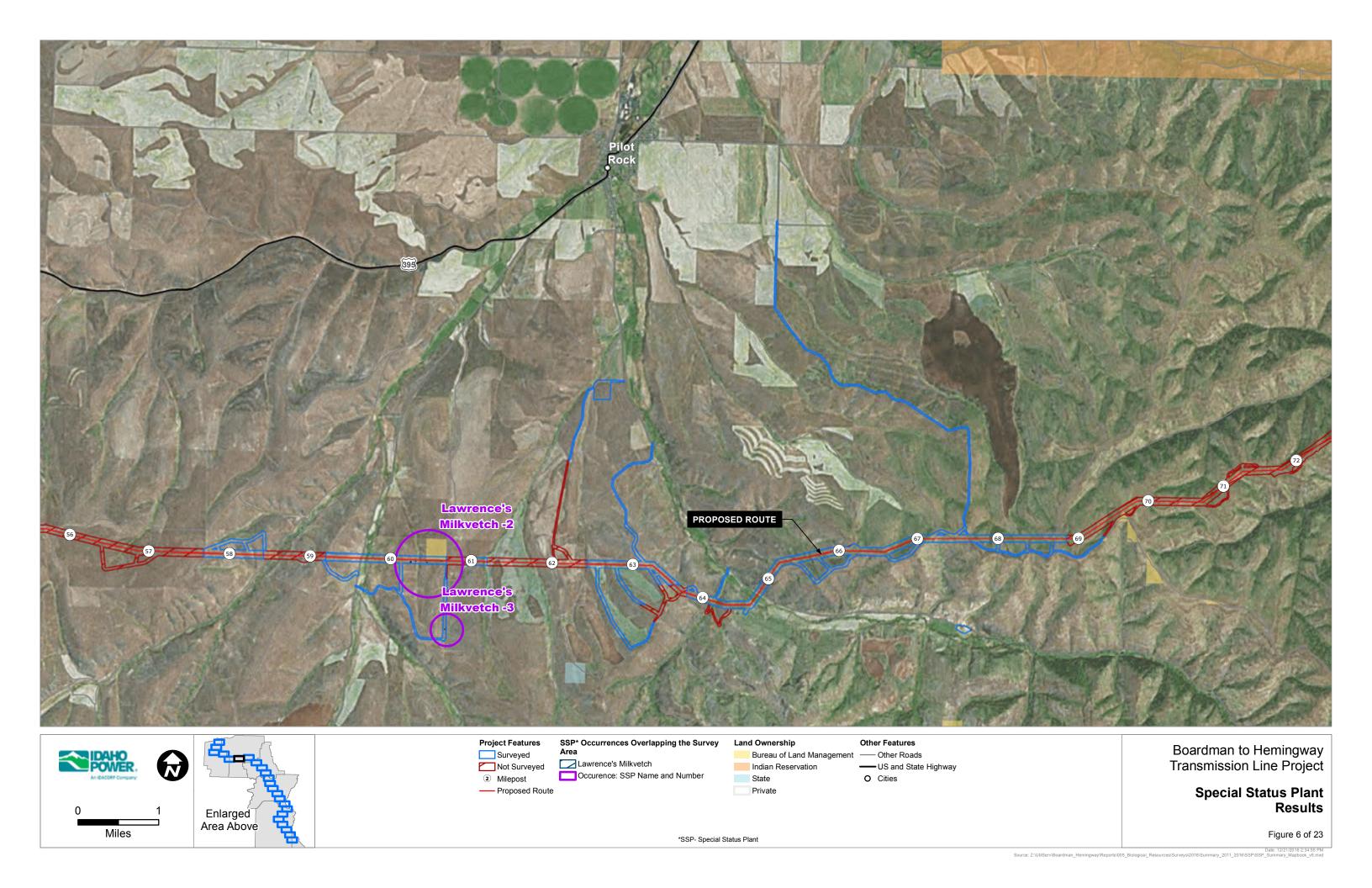


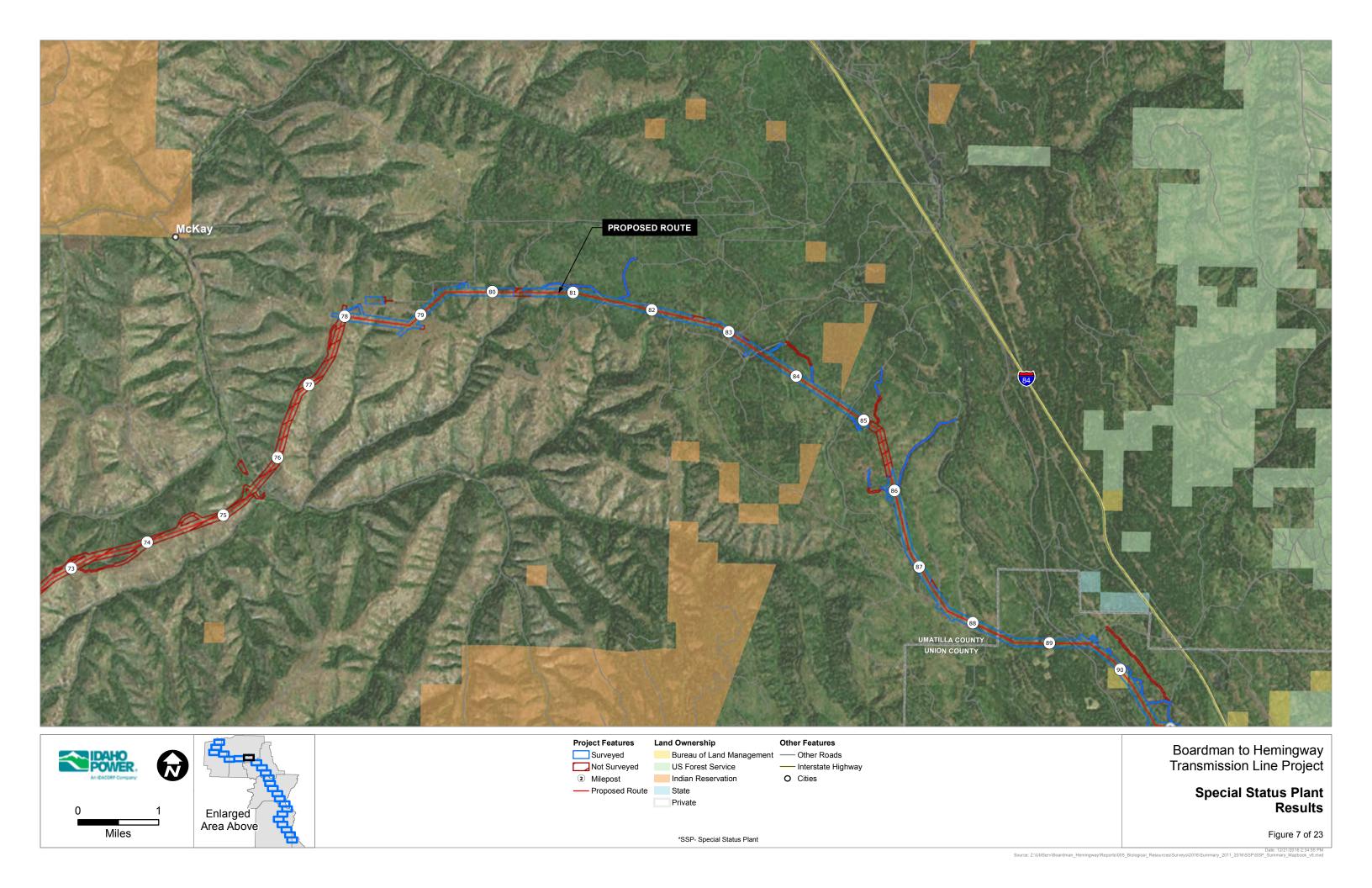
\*SSP- Special Status Plant

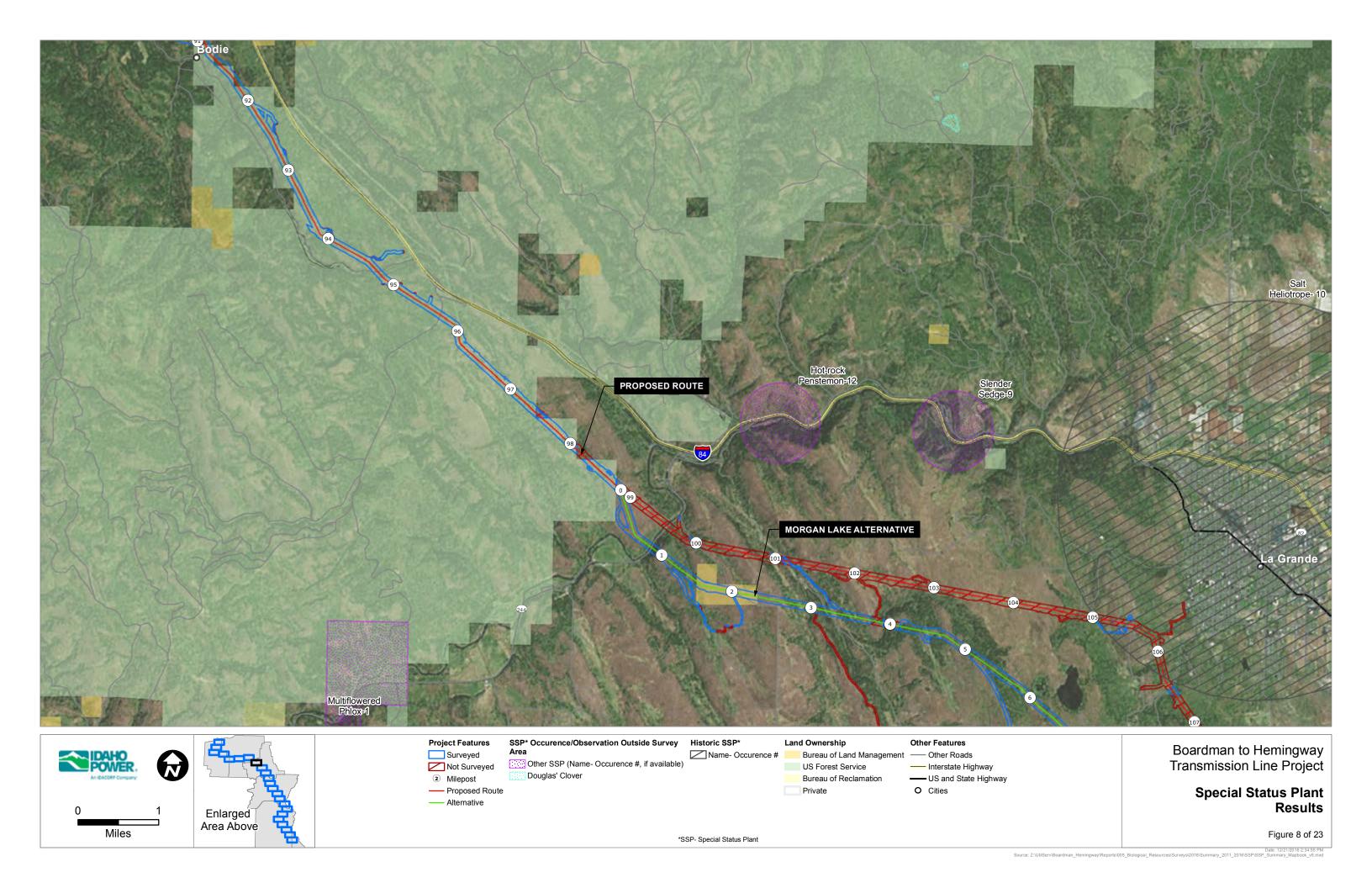
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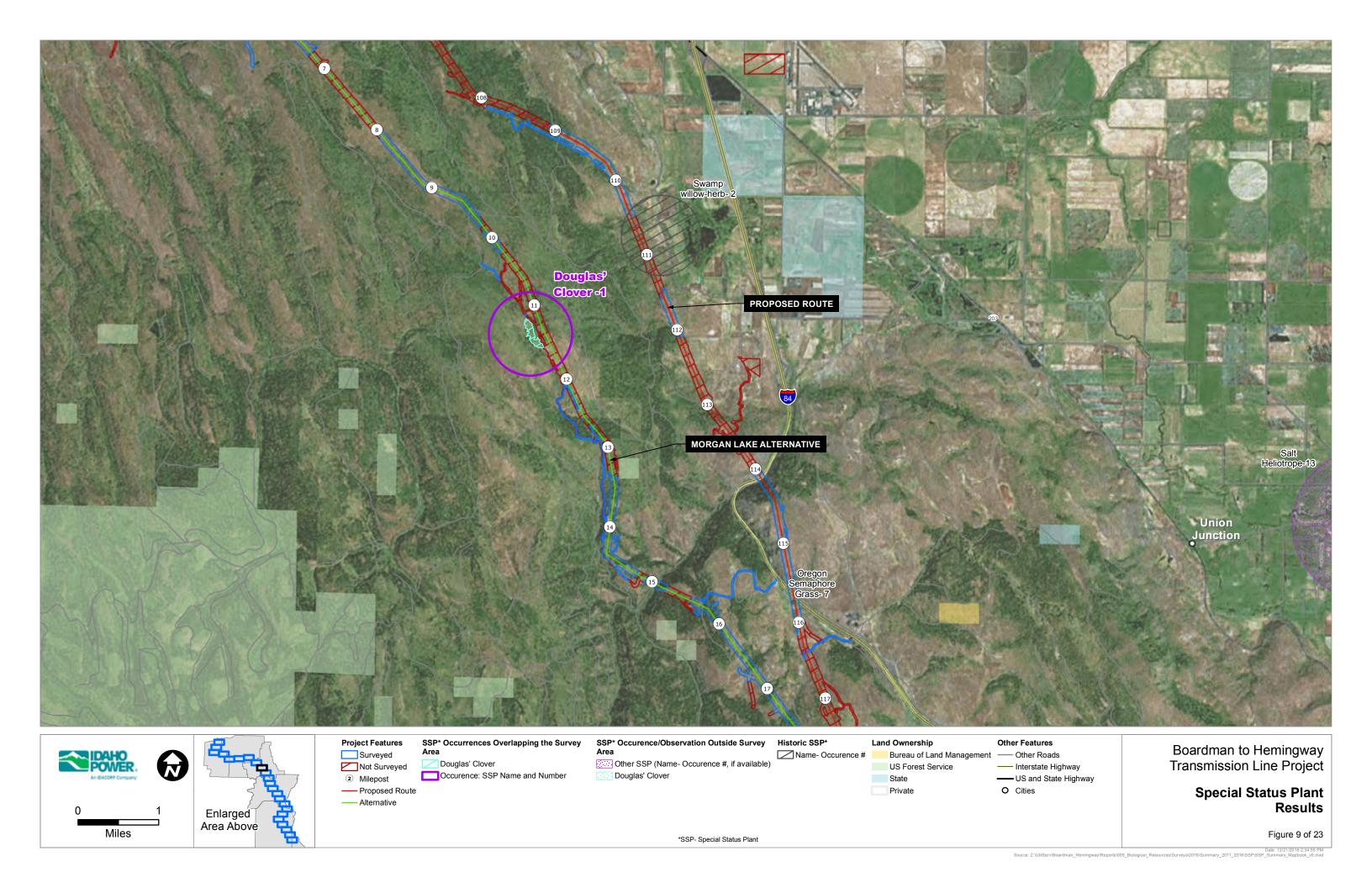
Figure 4 of 23

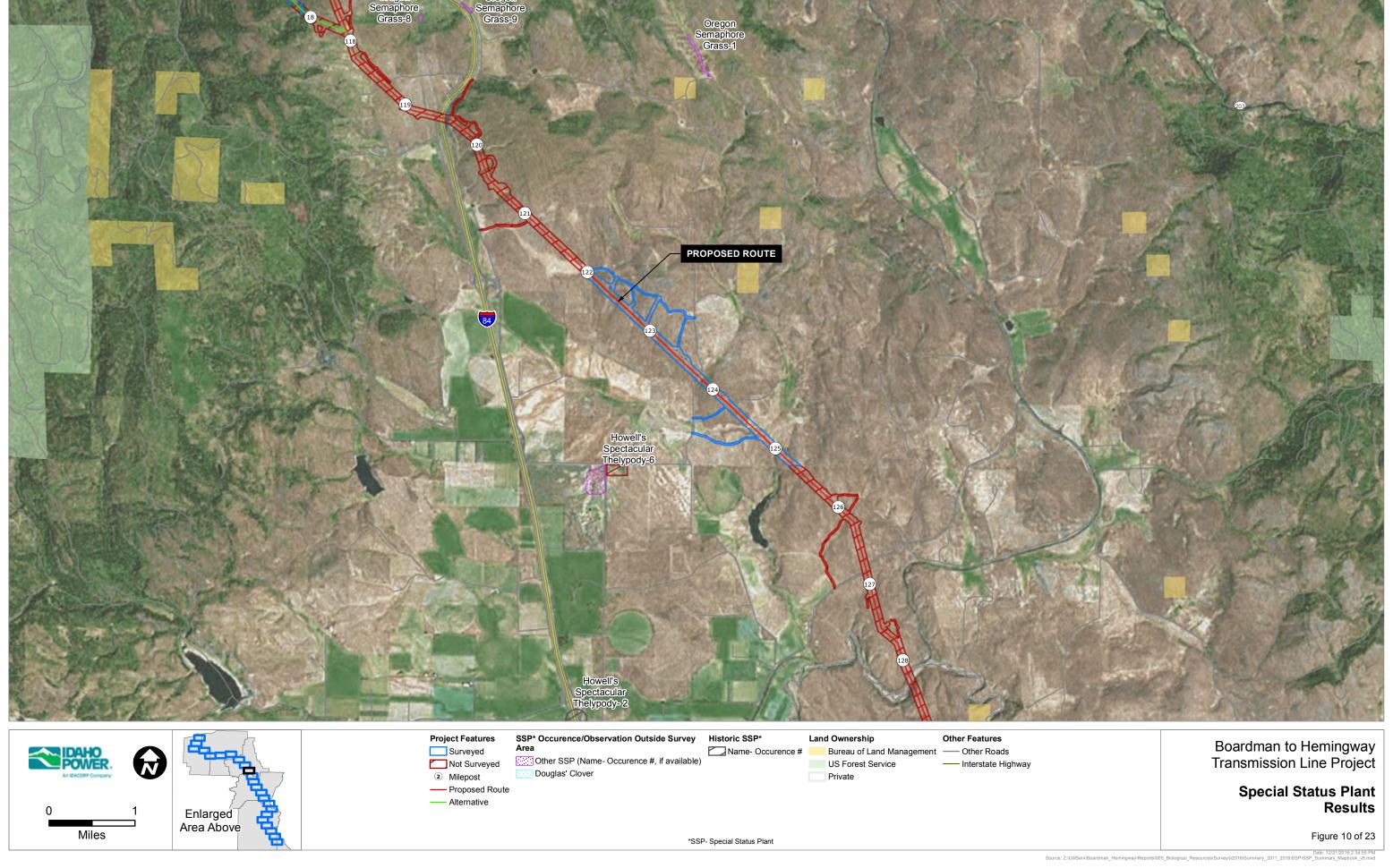


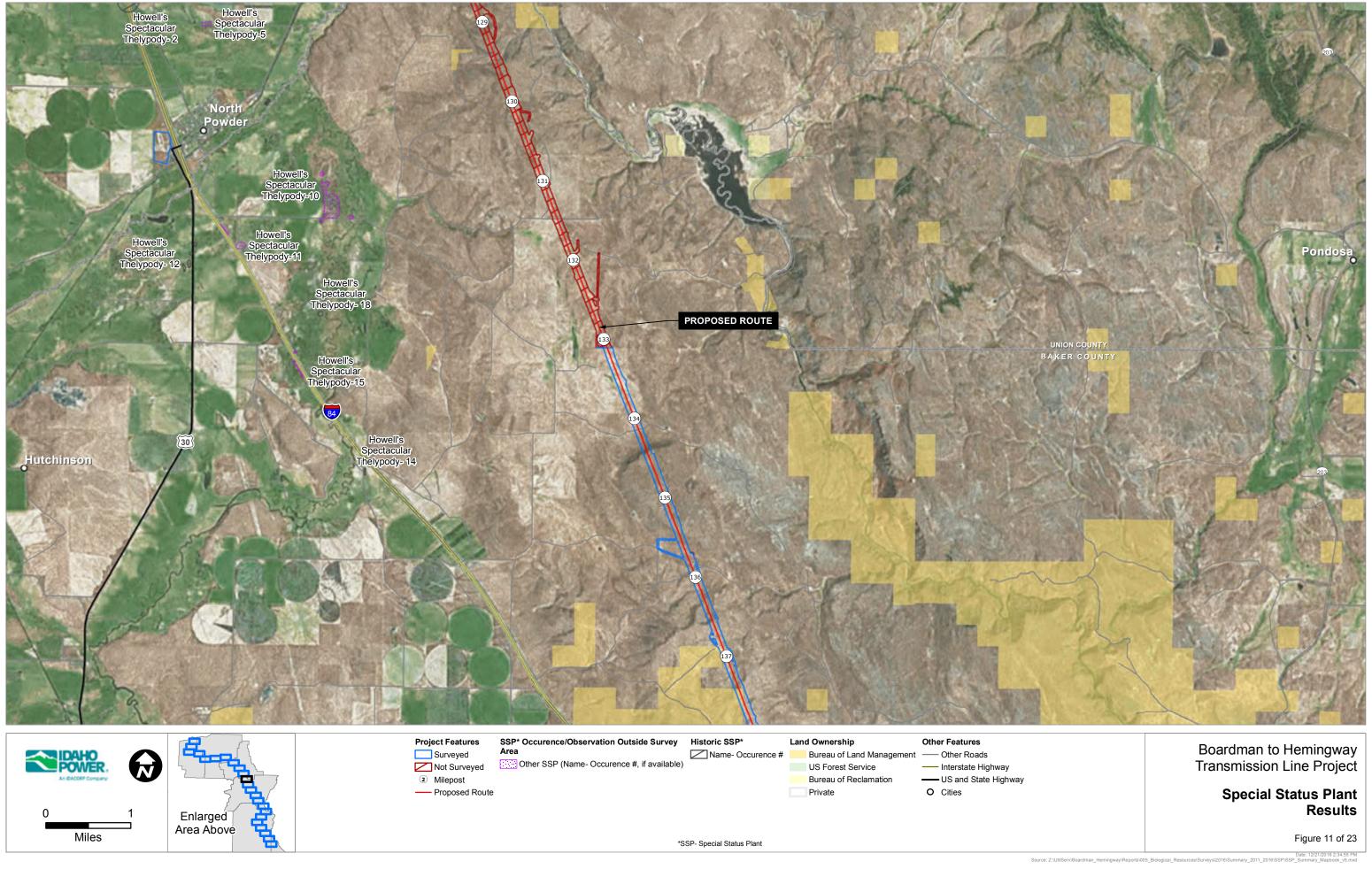


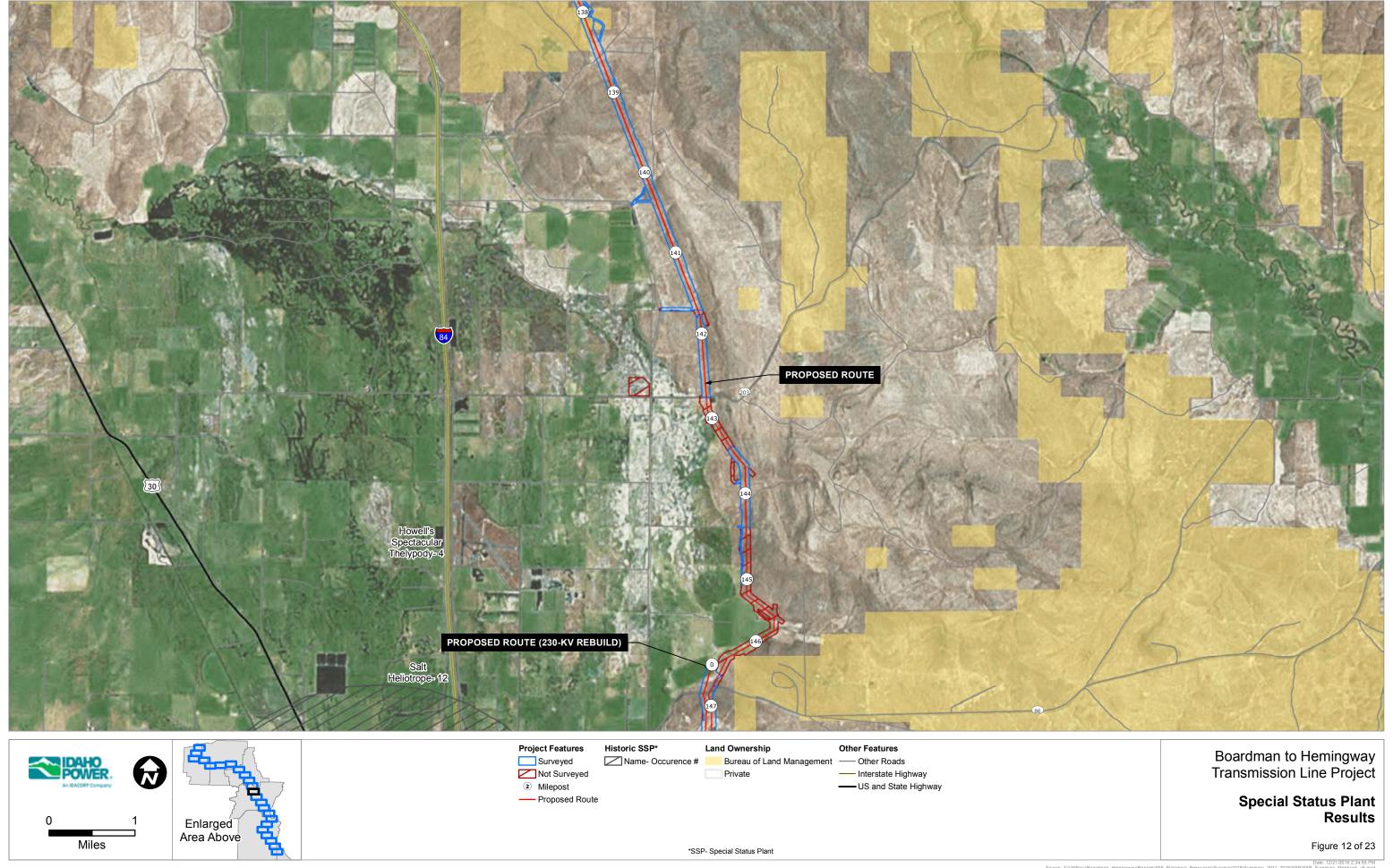


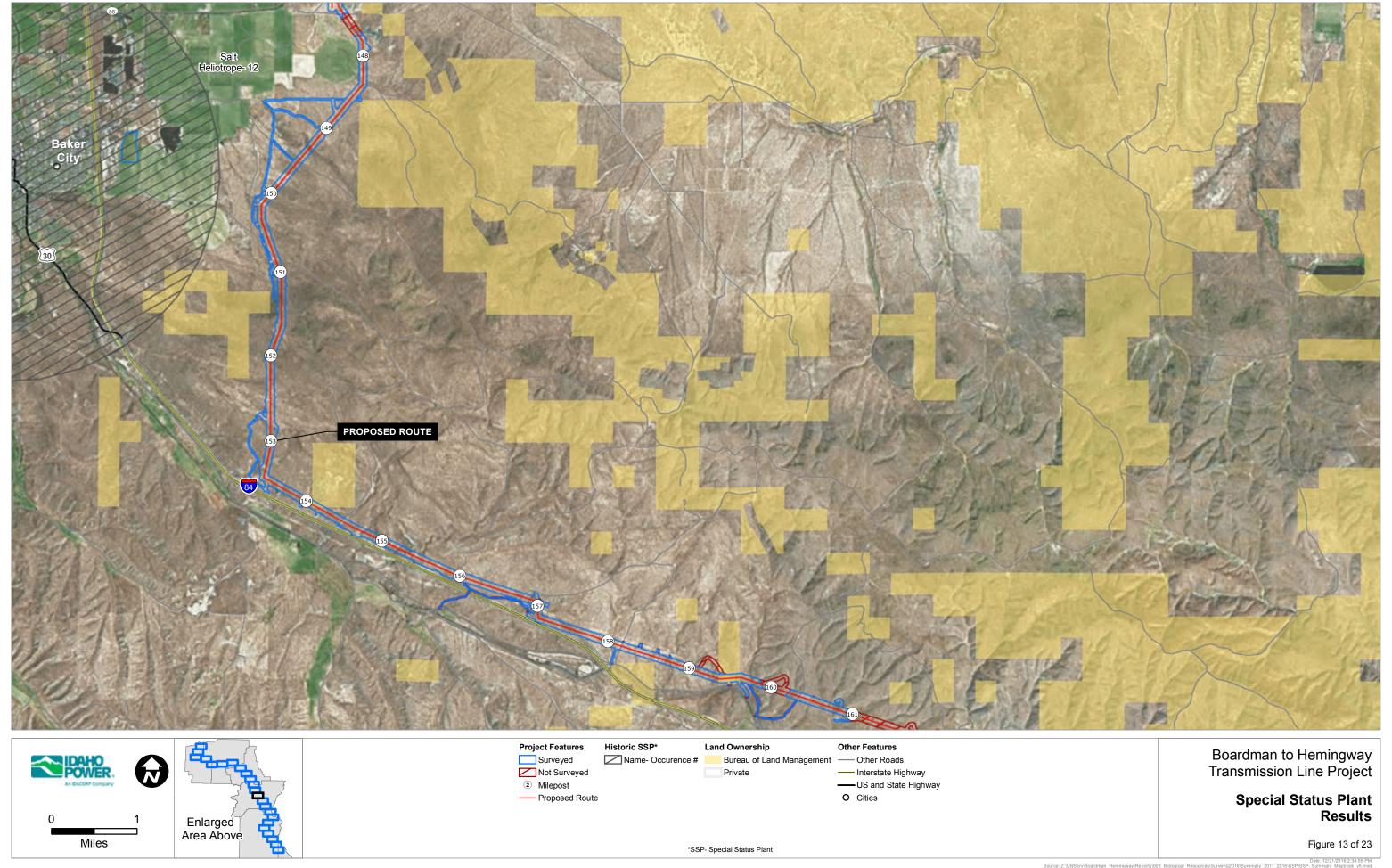


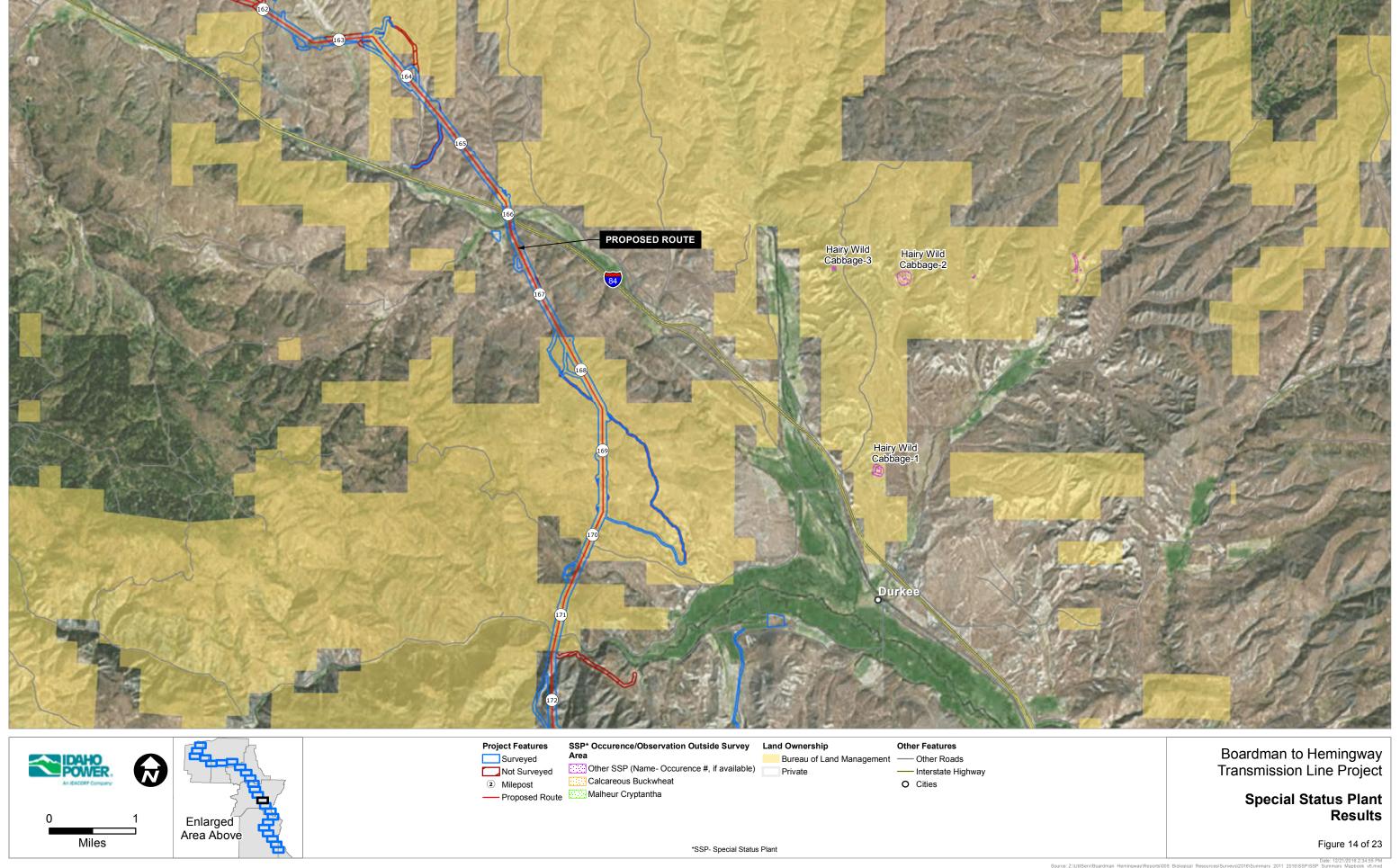


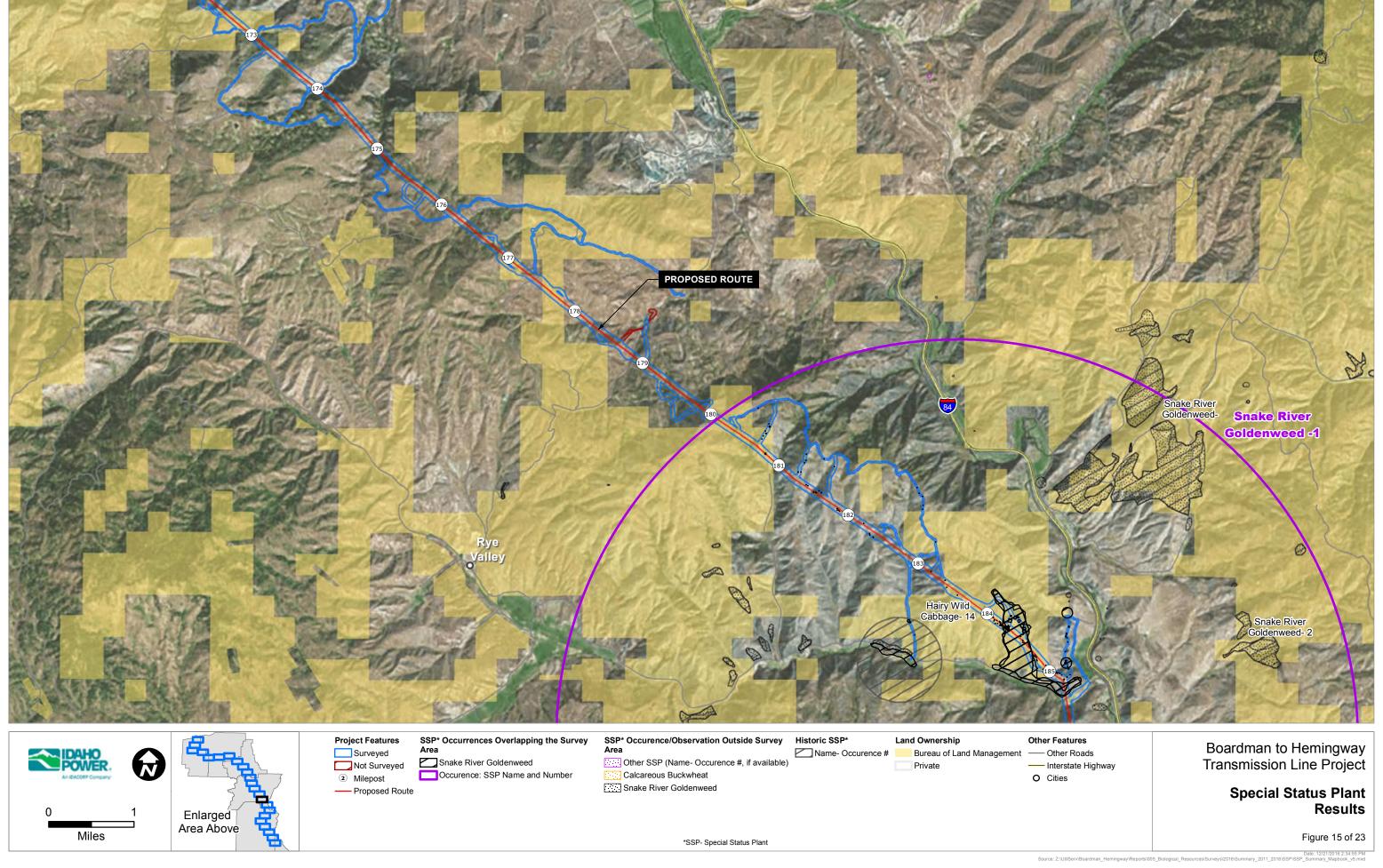


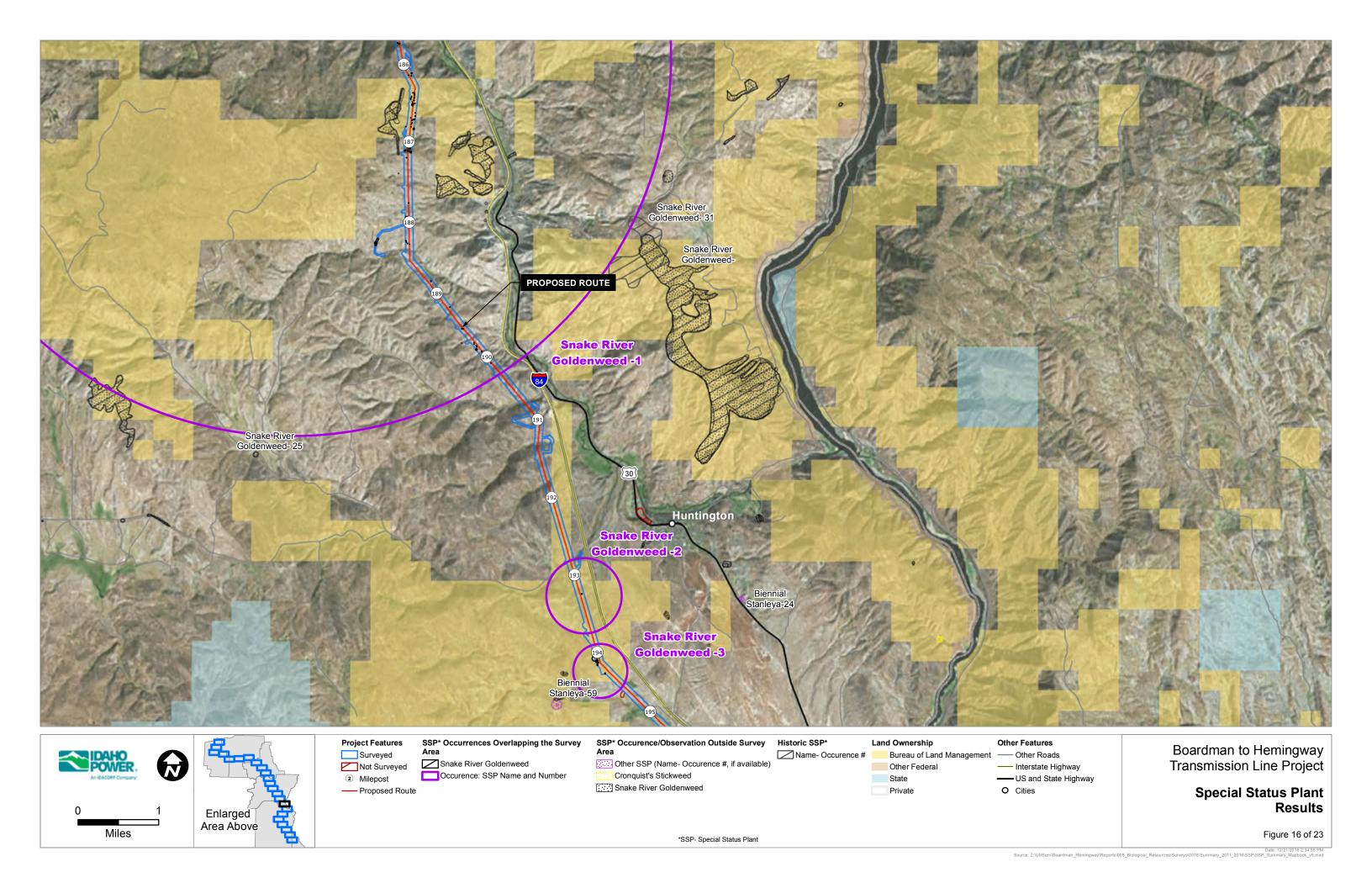


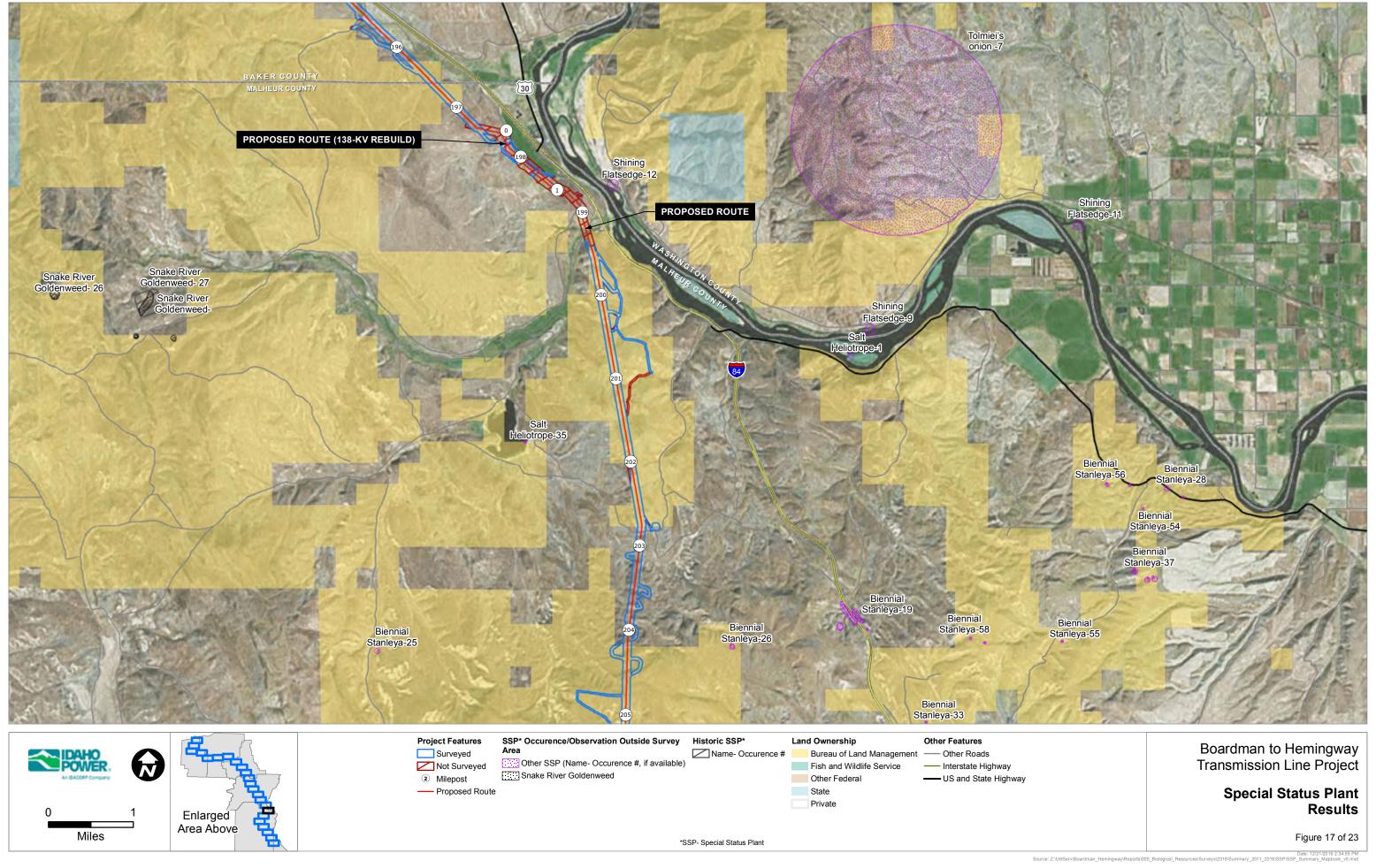


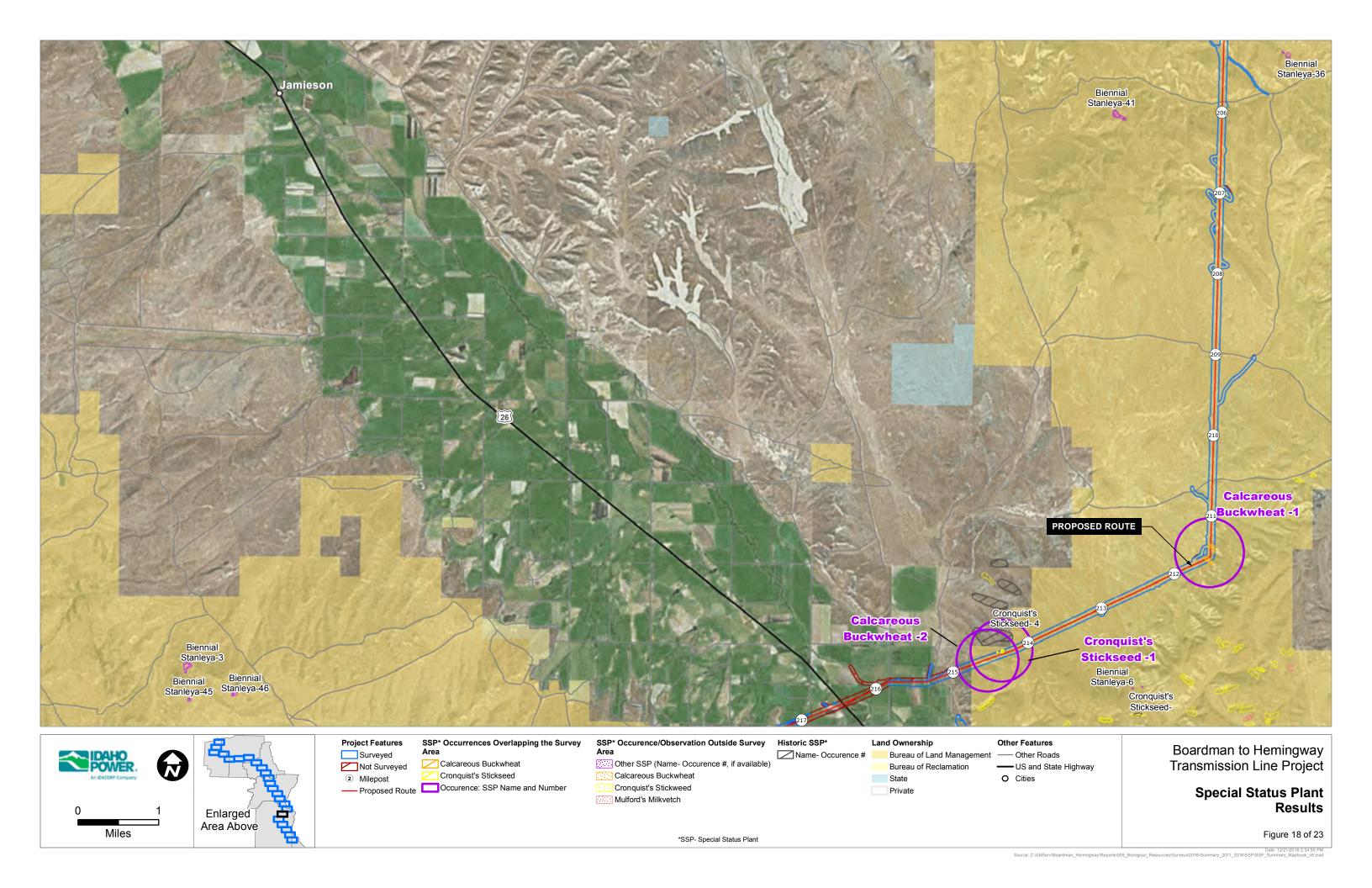


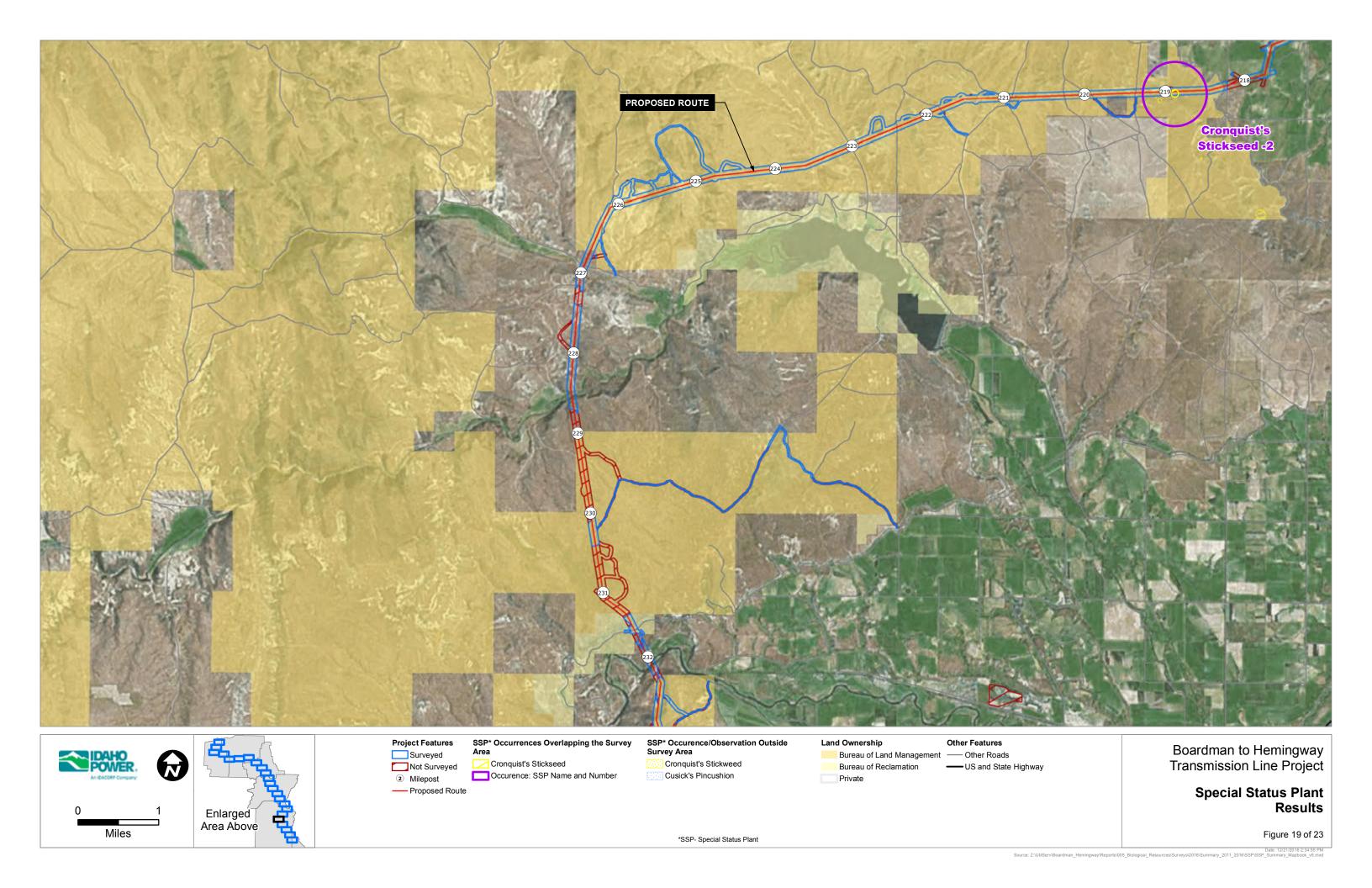


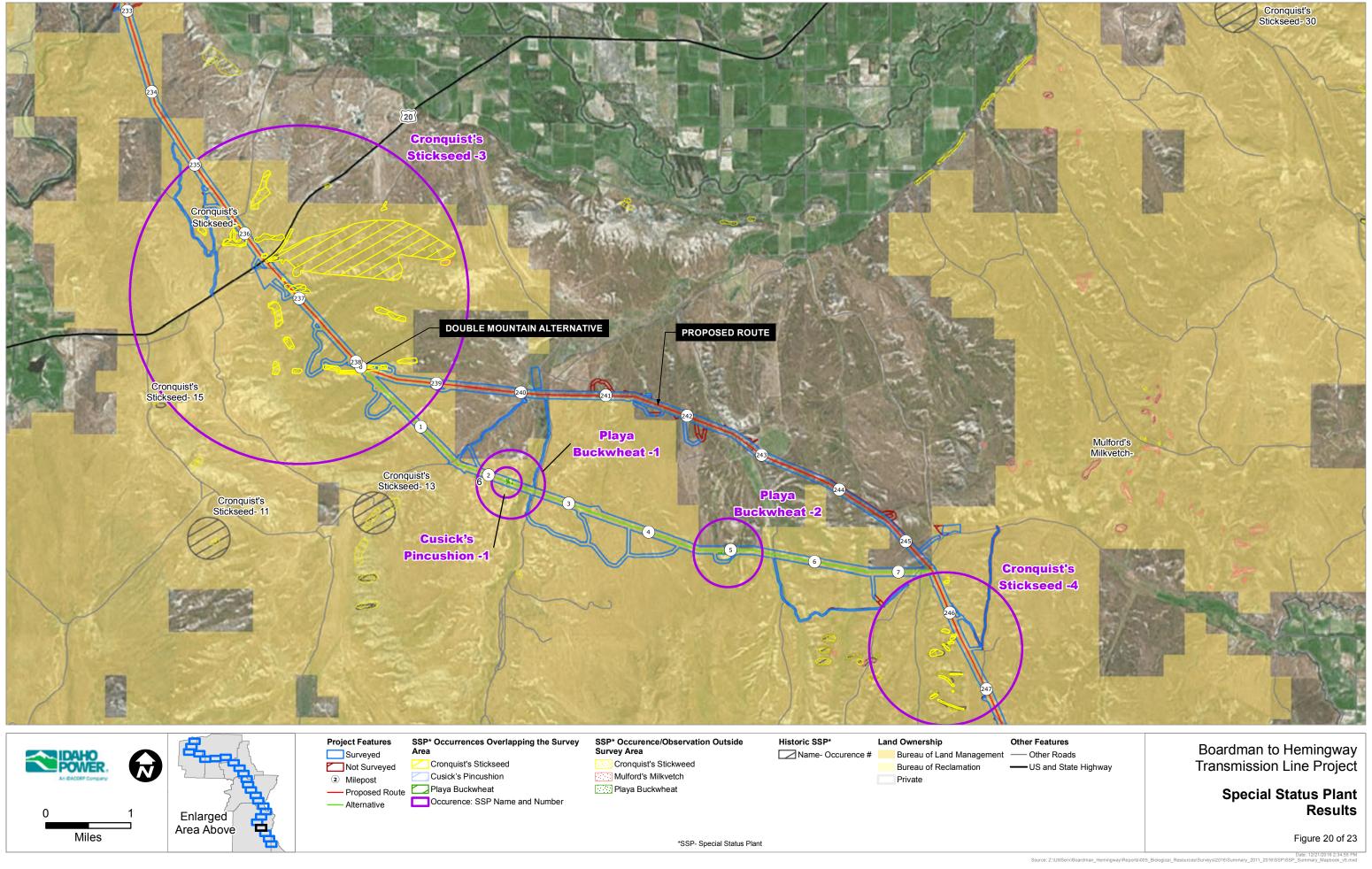


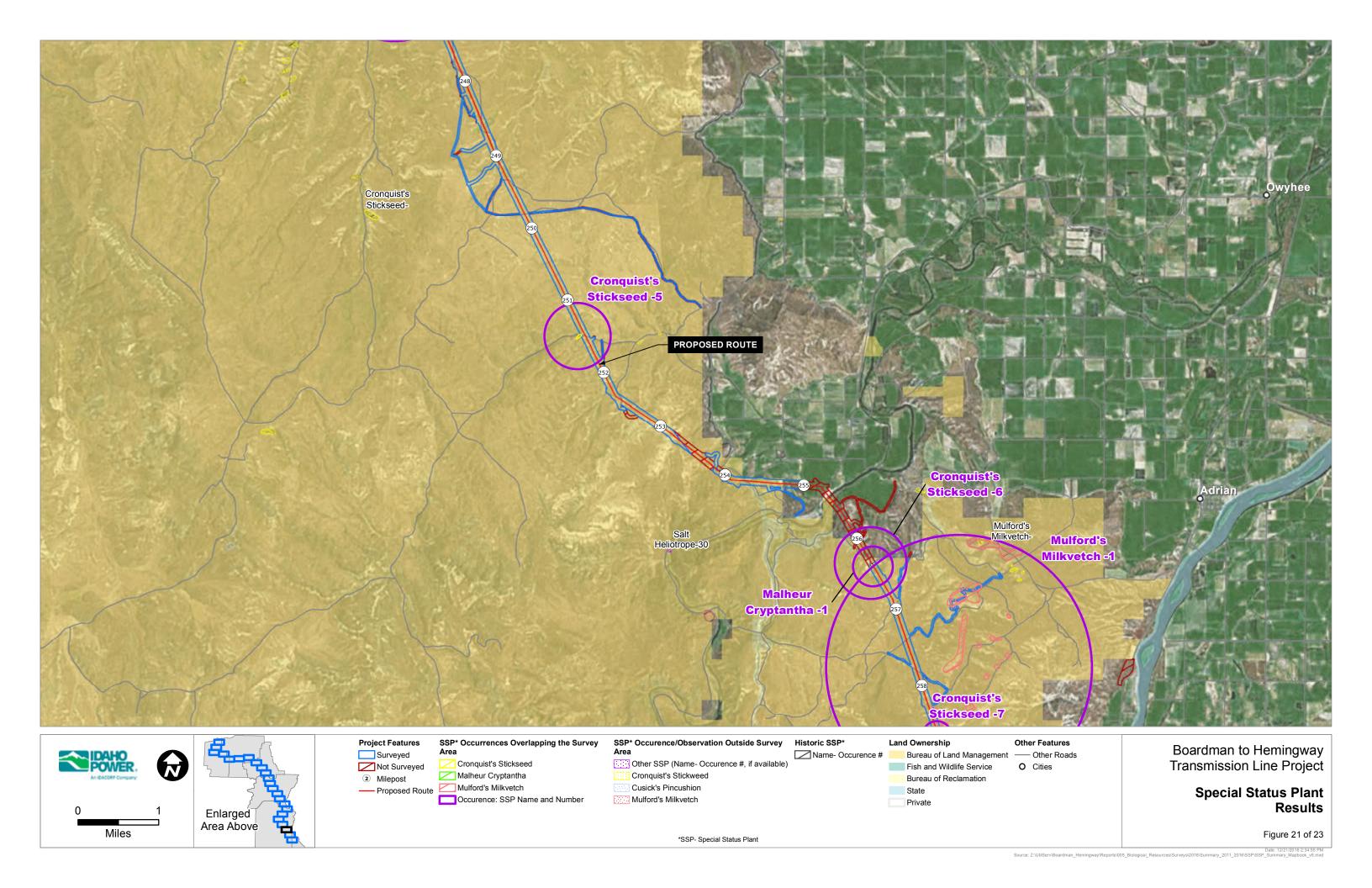


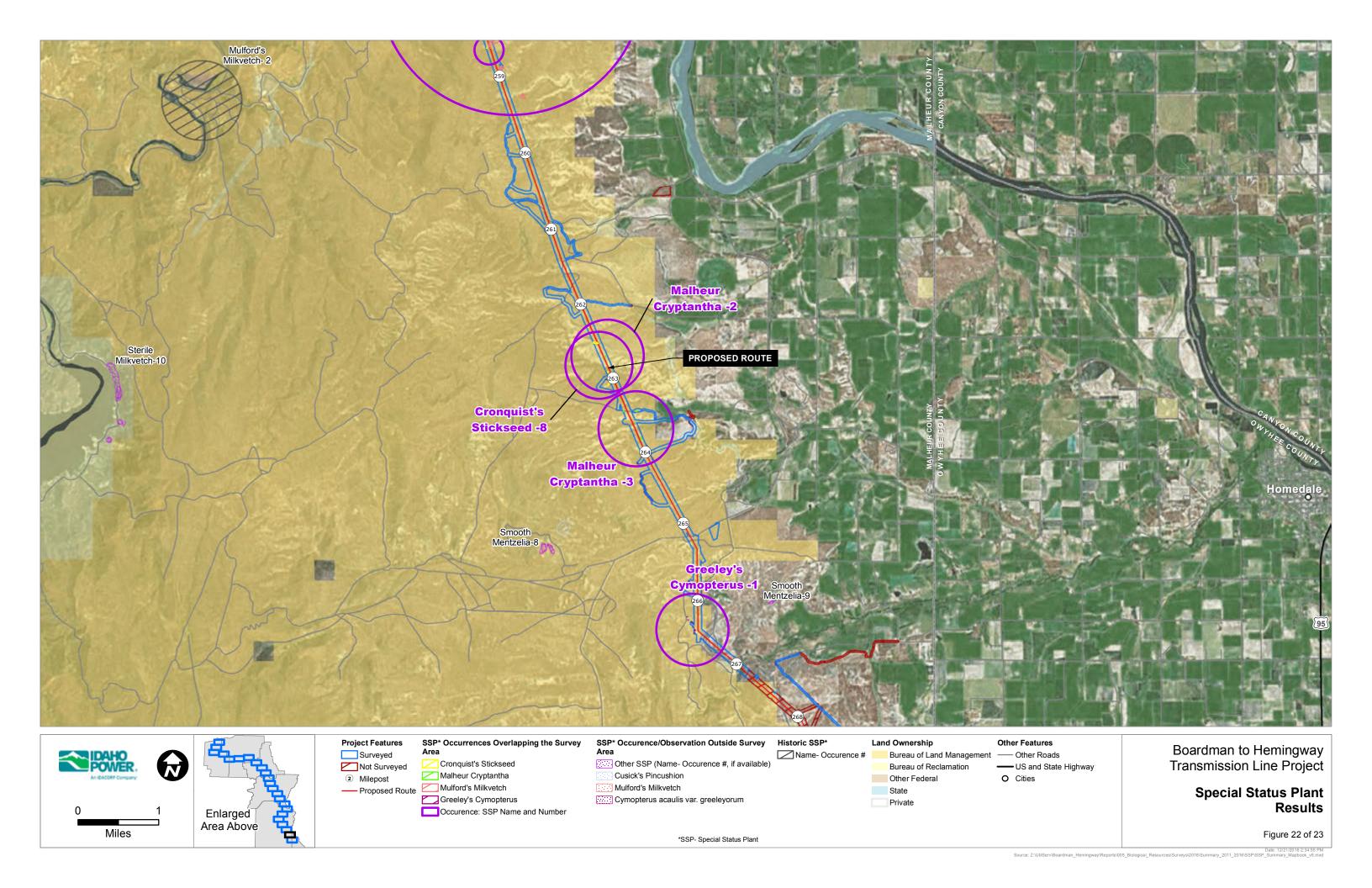


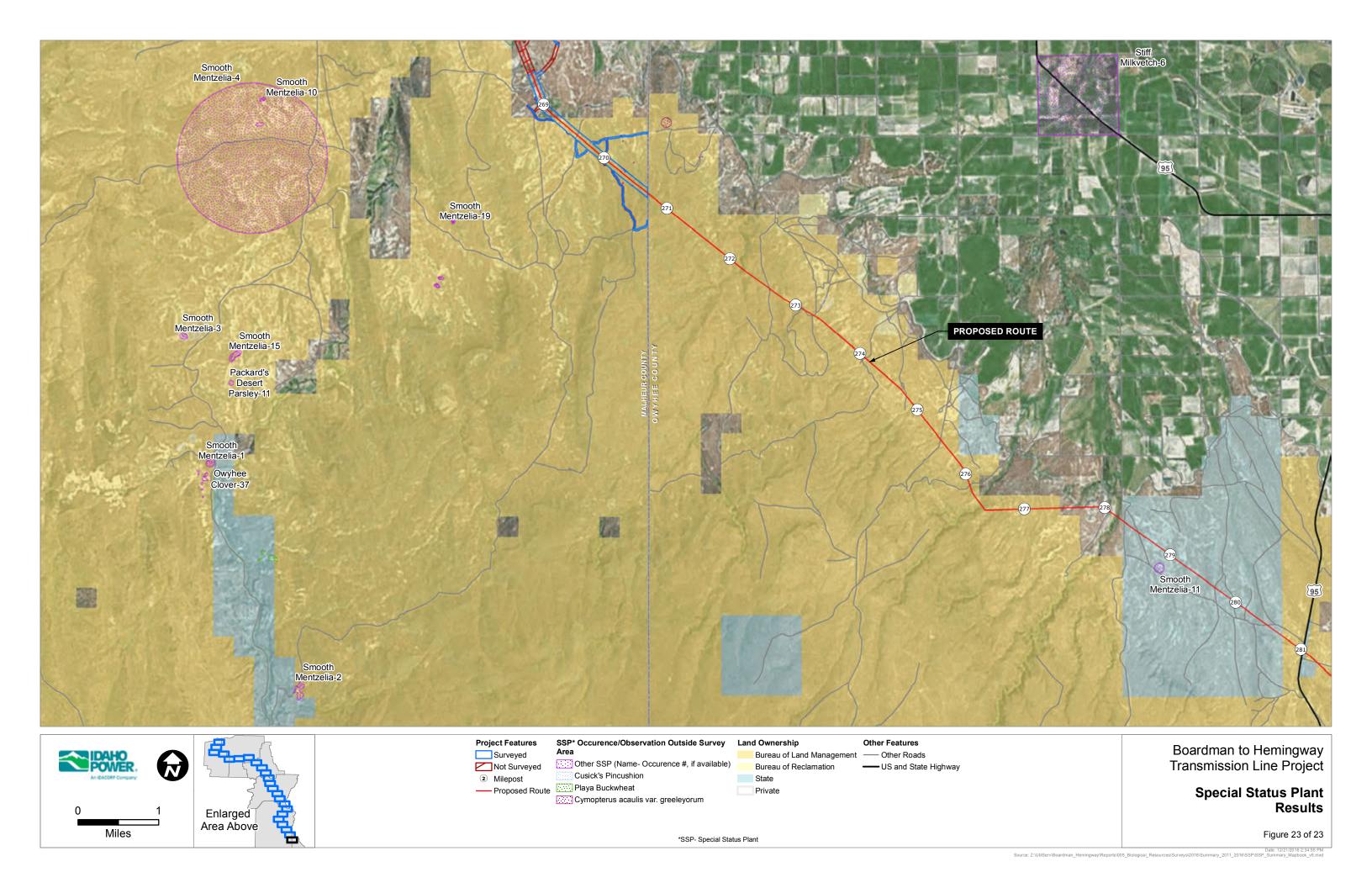




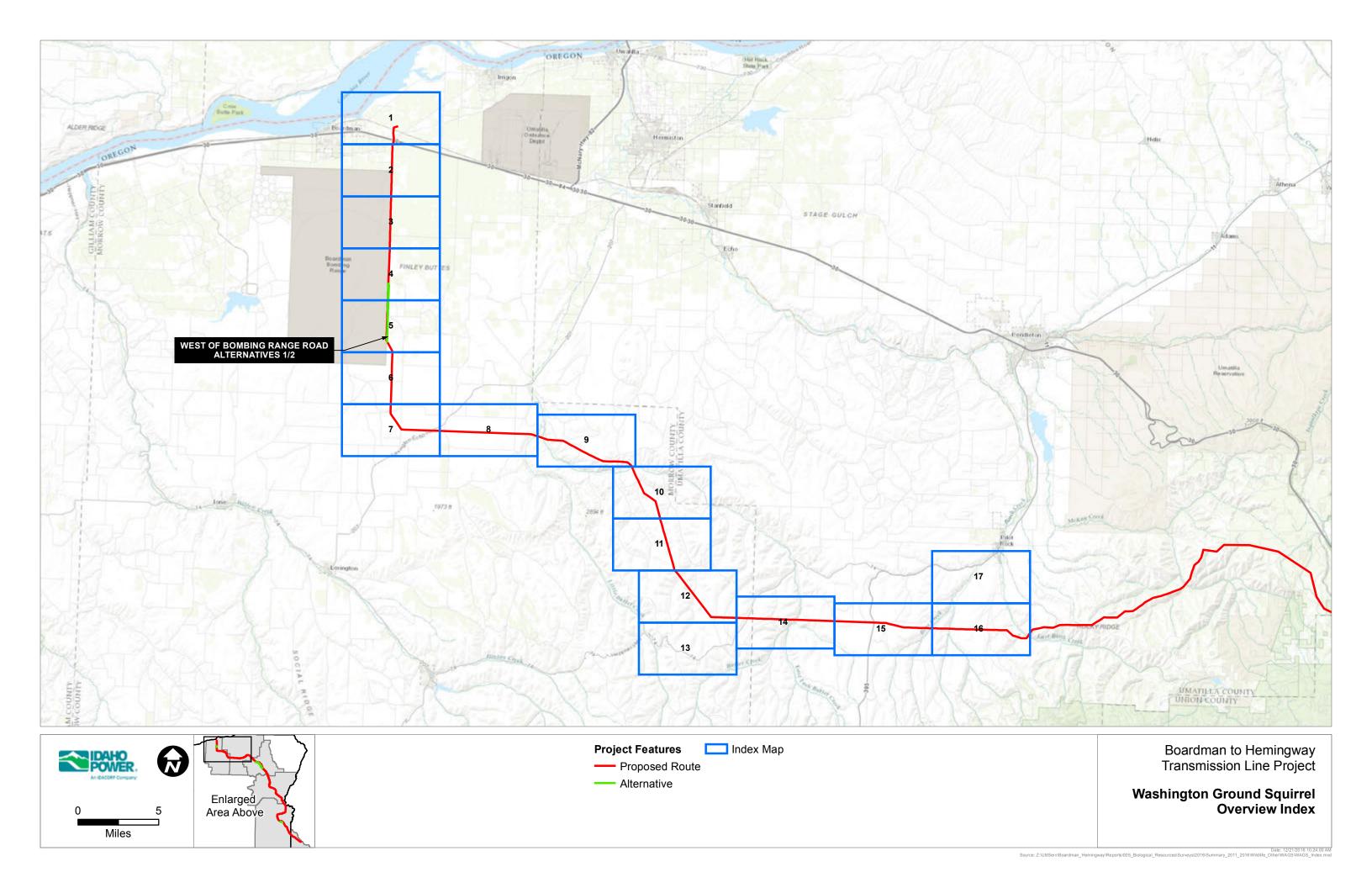








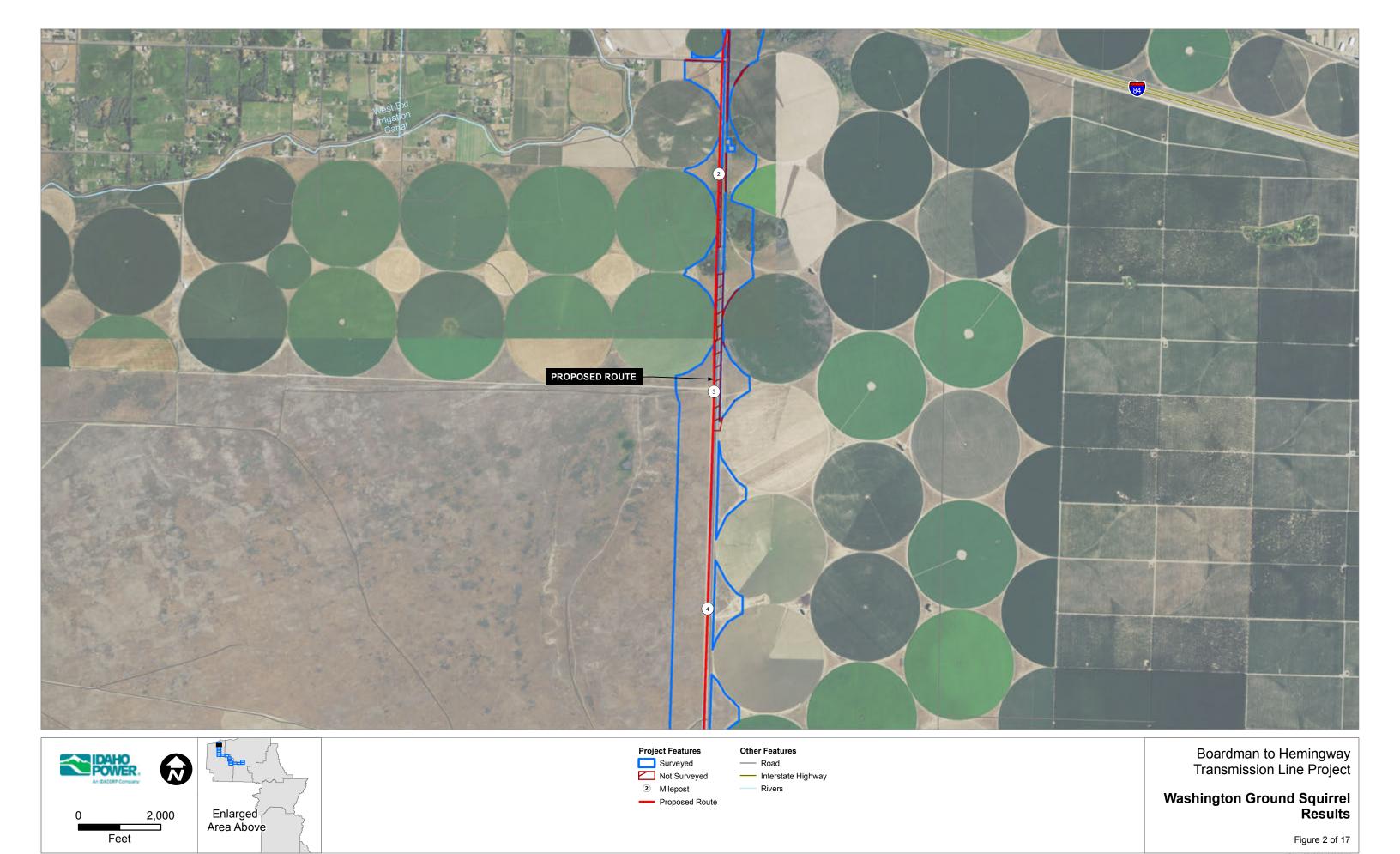
Appendix 4
Washington Ground Squirrel Results Mapbook

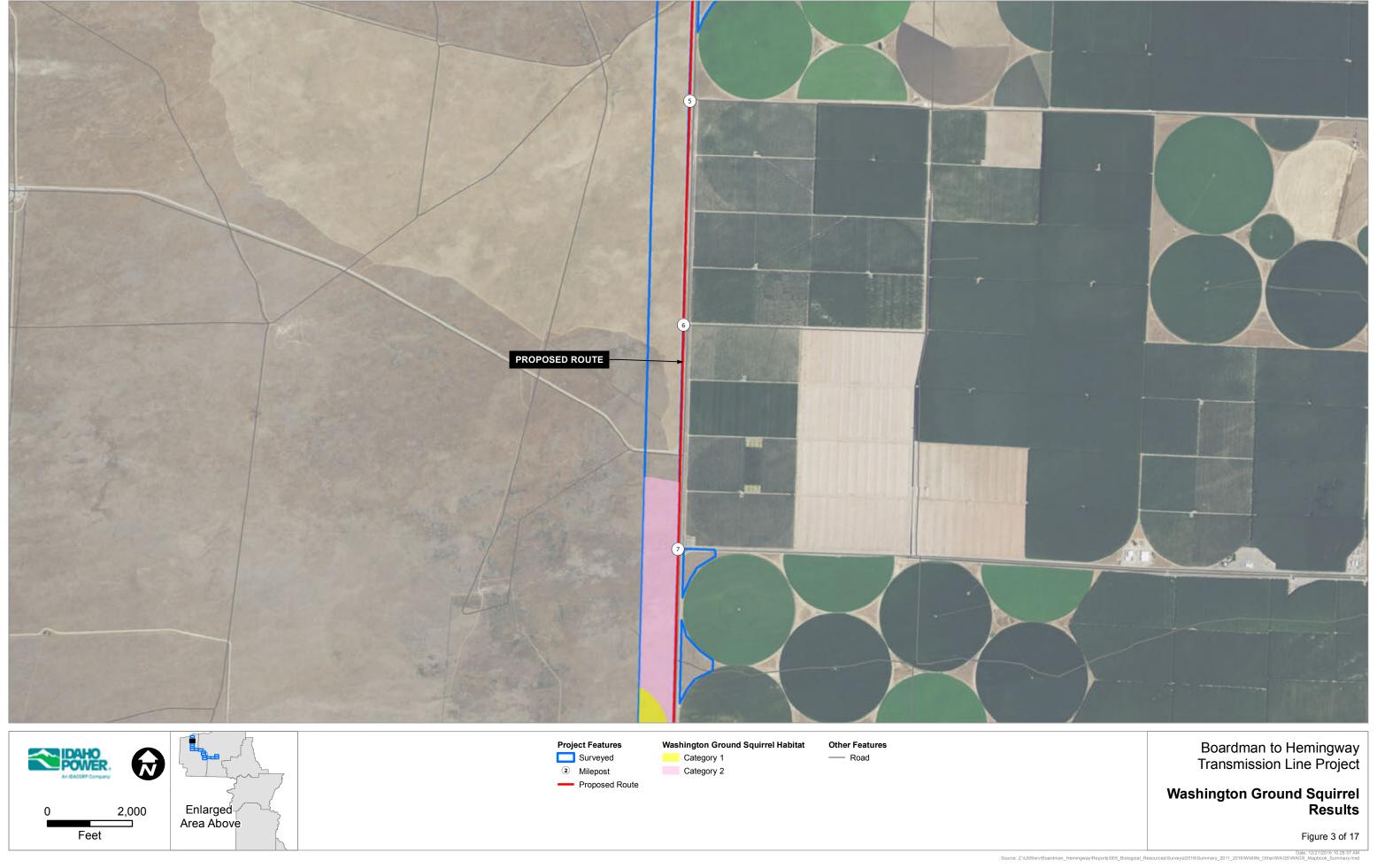


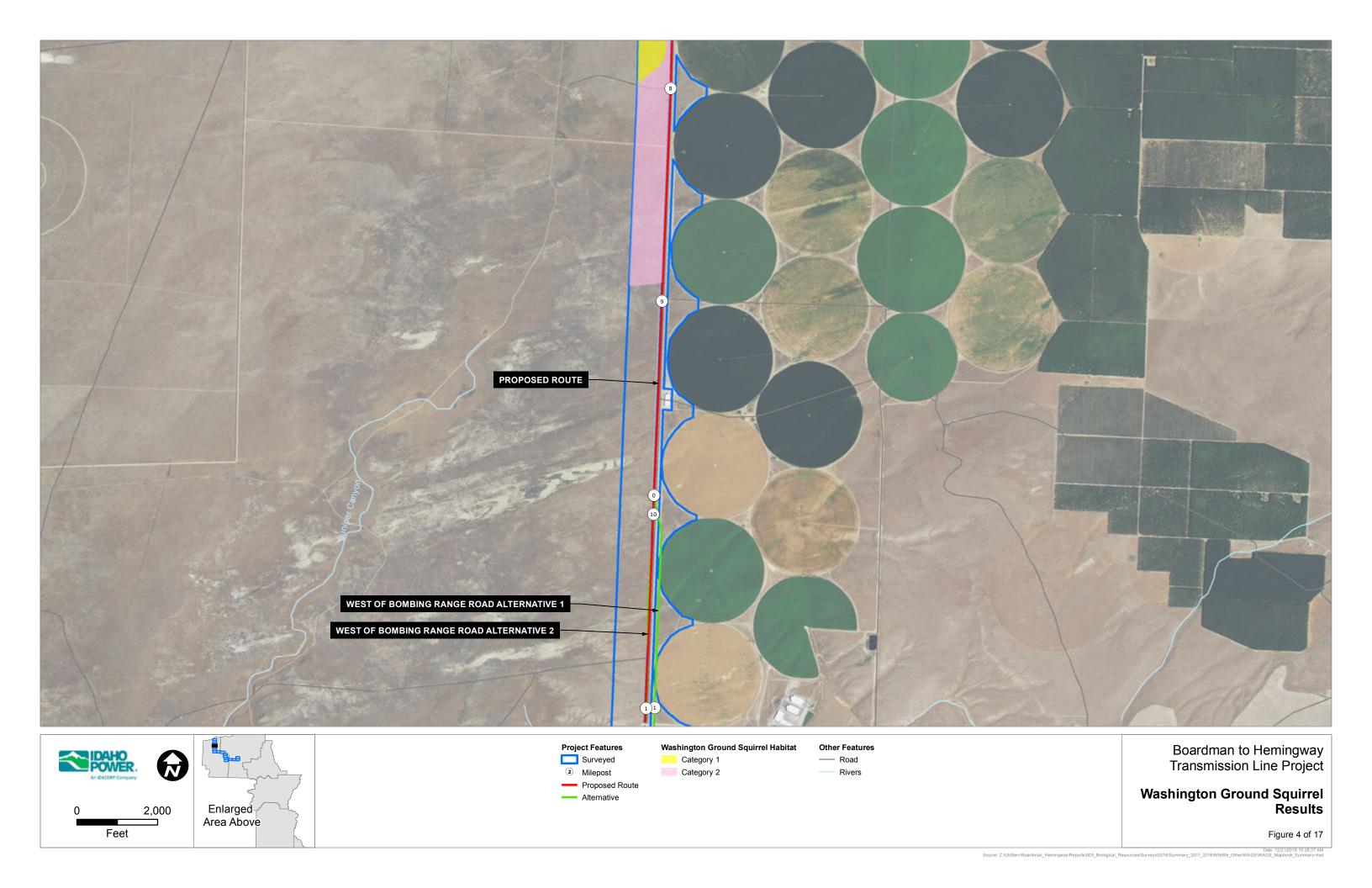


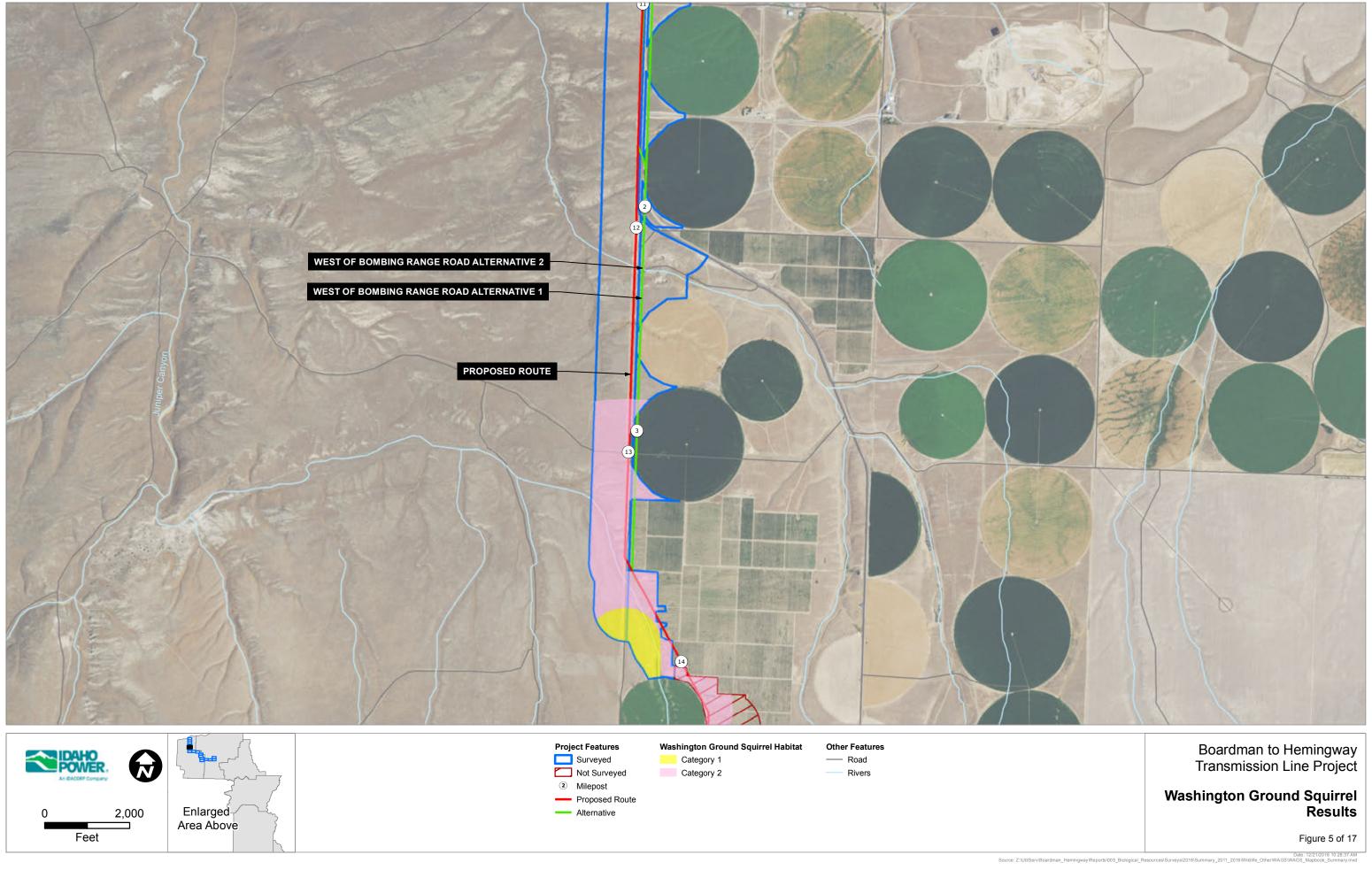
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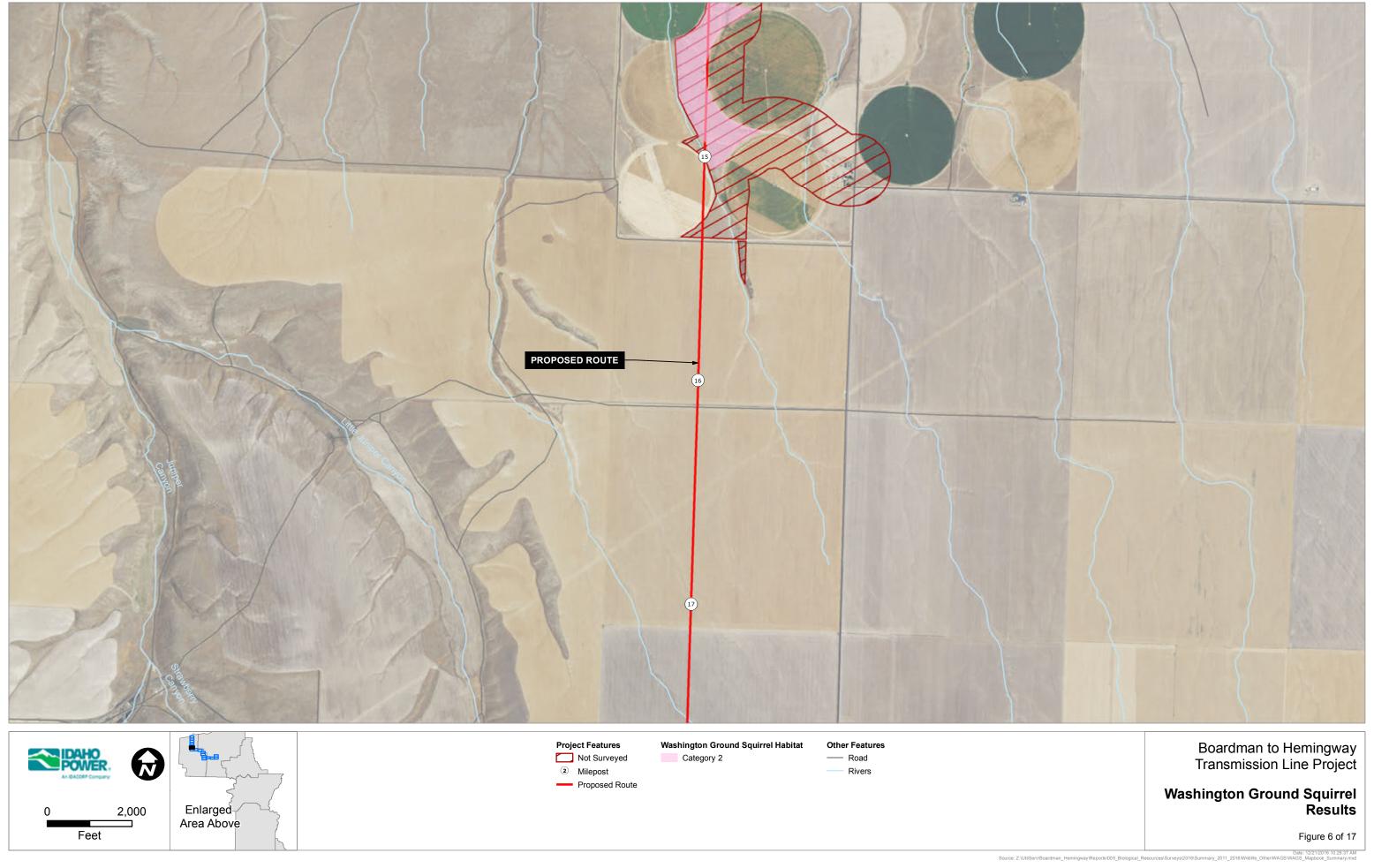
Figure 1 of 17





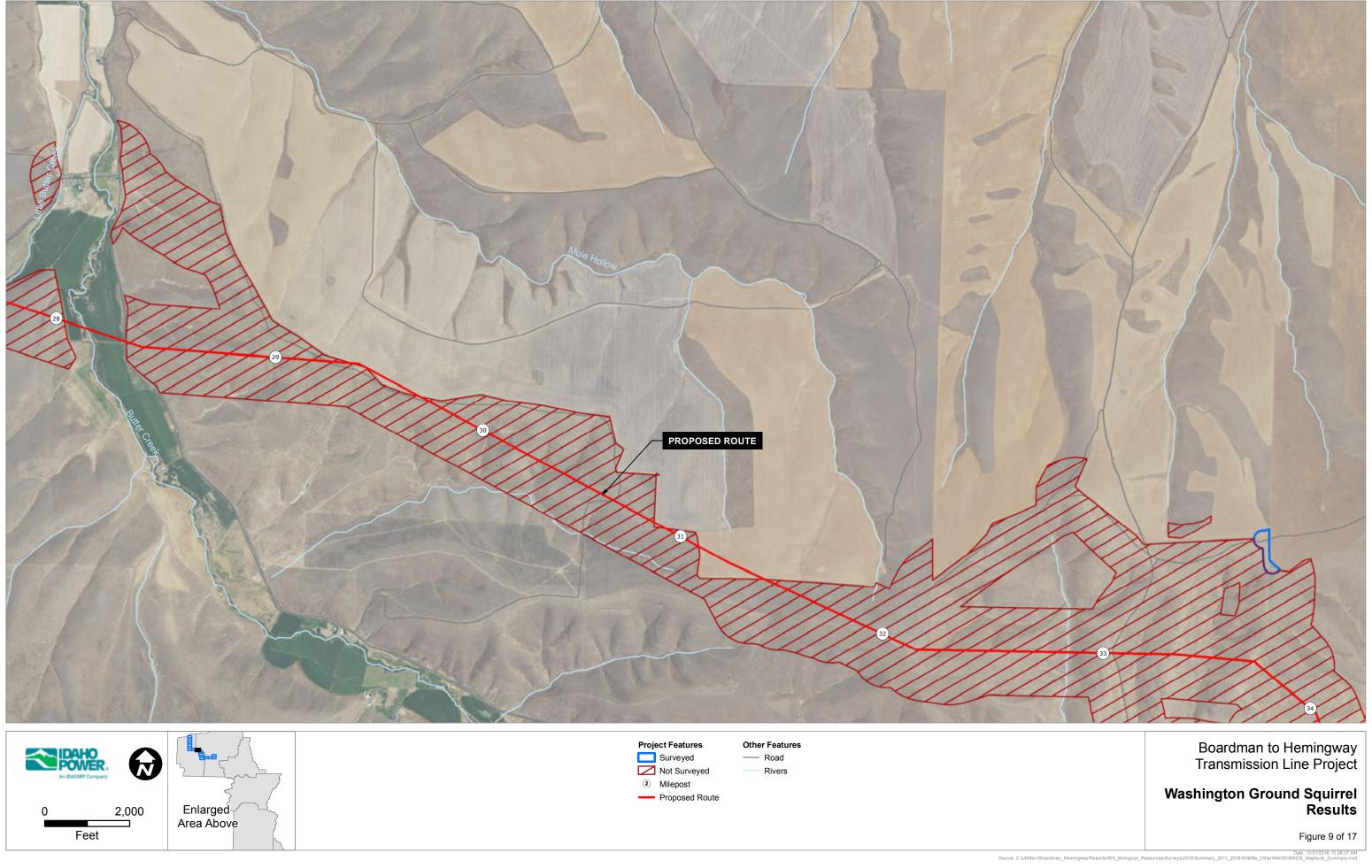


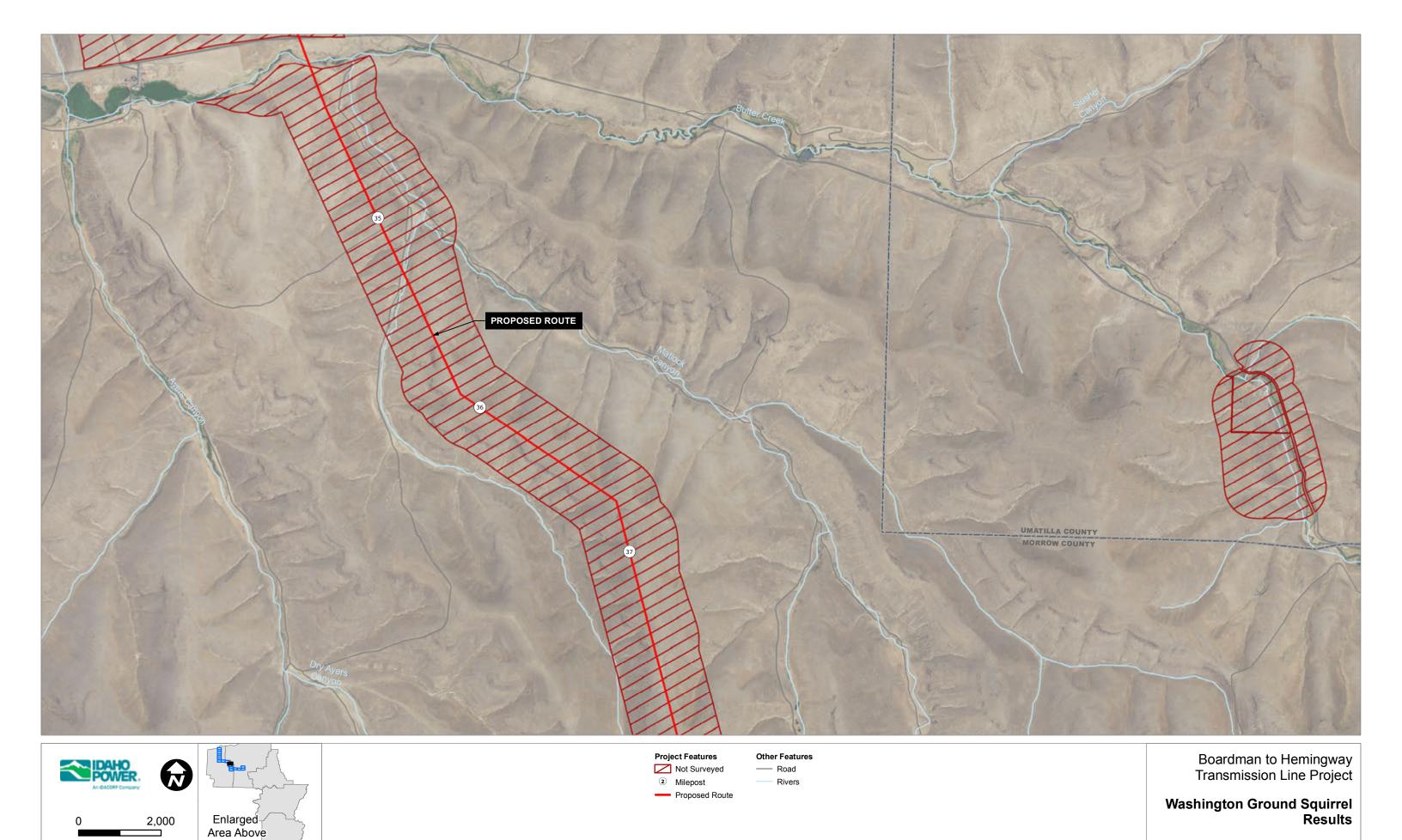












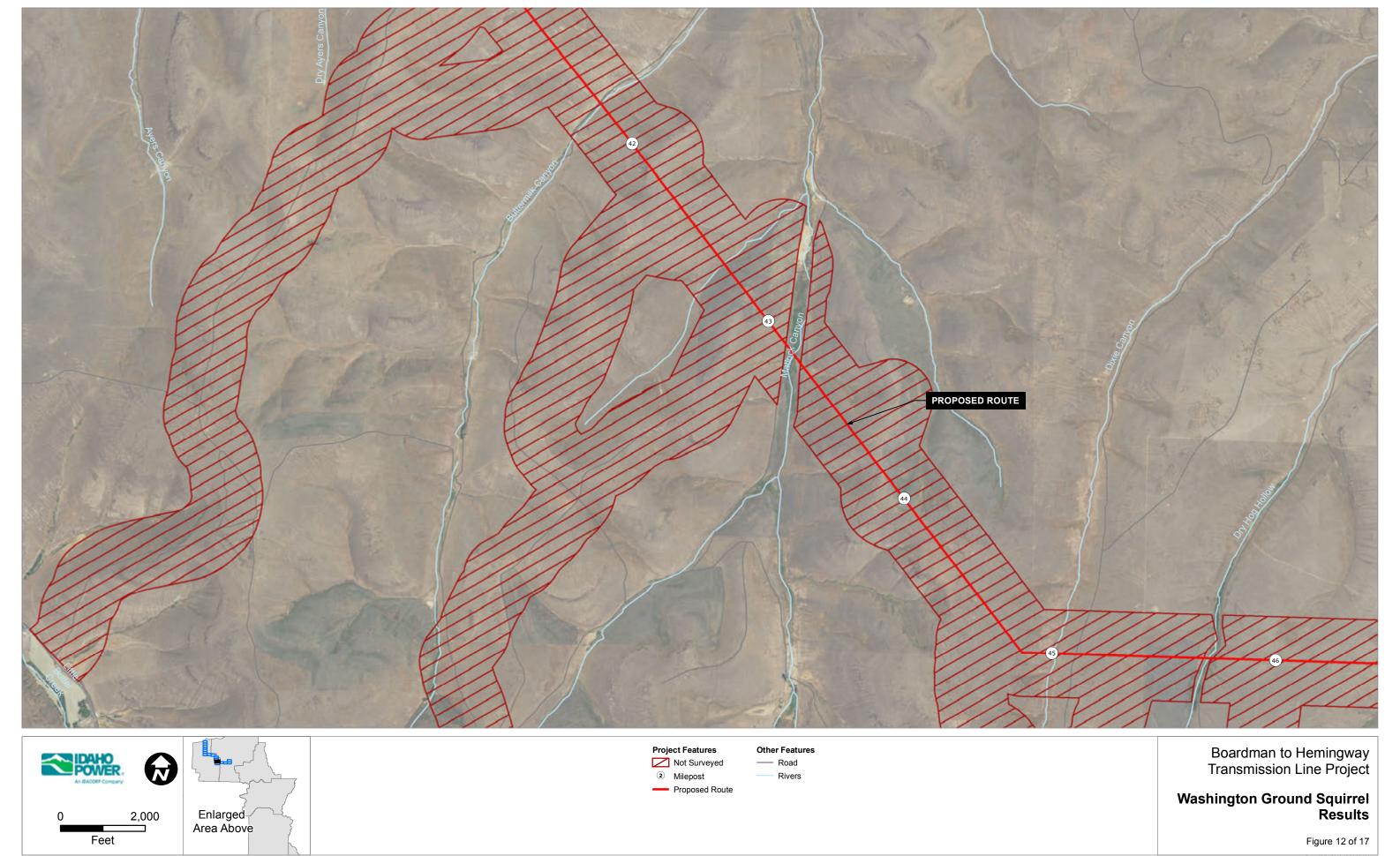
Feet

Figure 10 of 17



Feet

Figure 11 of 17







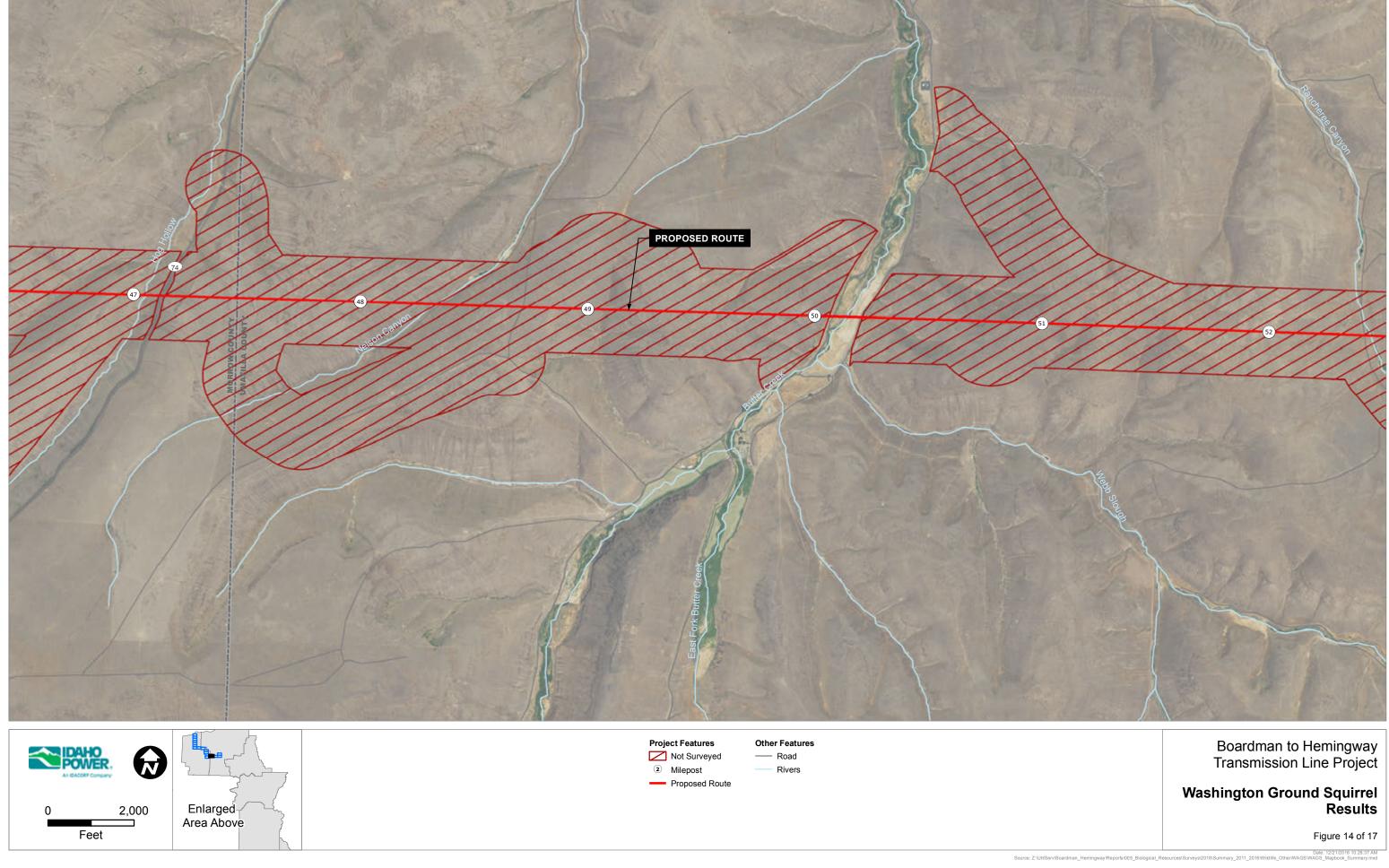
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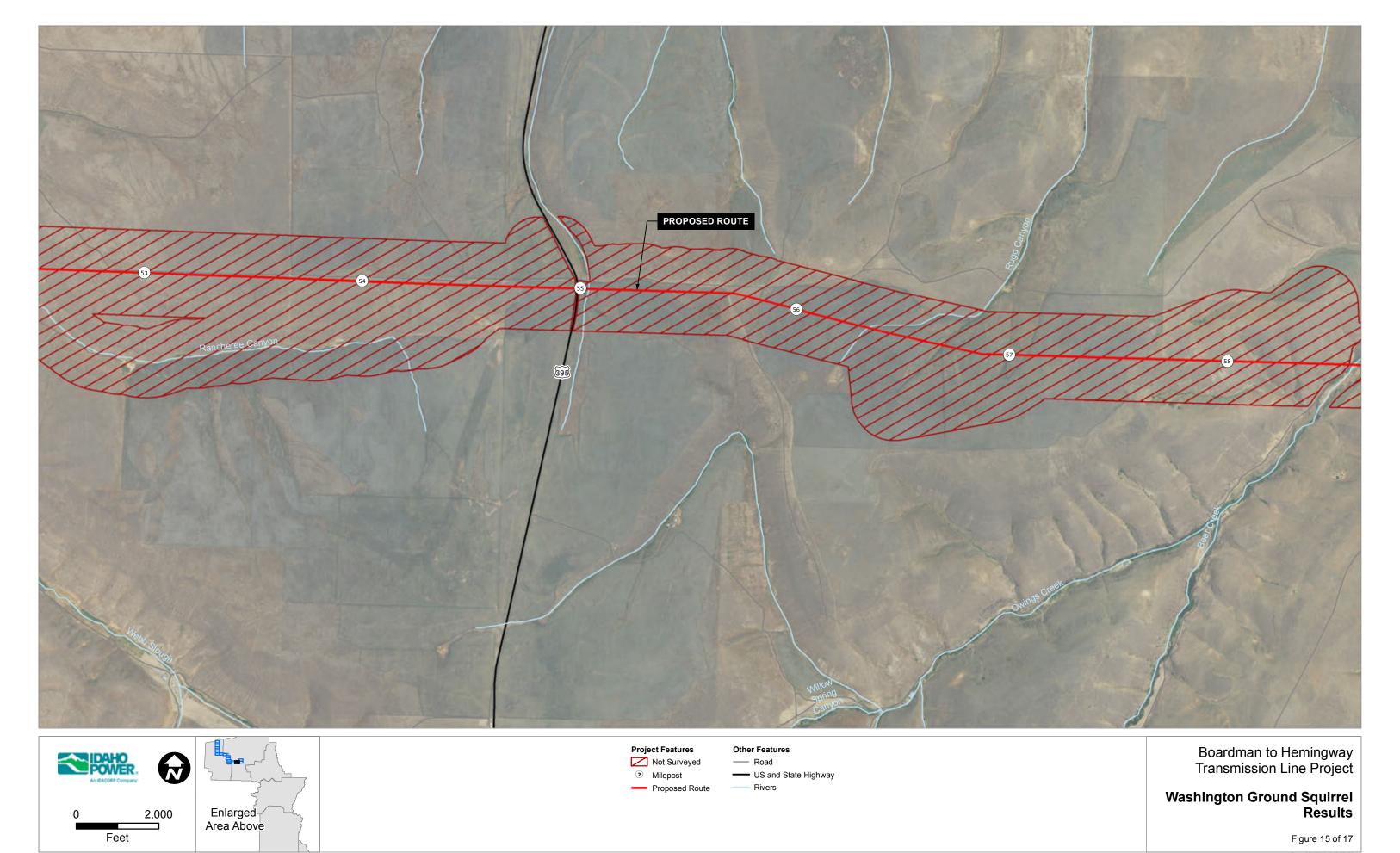
Not Surveyed

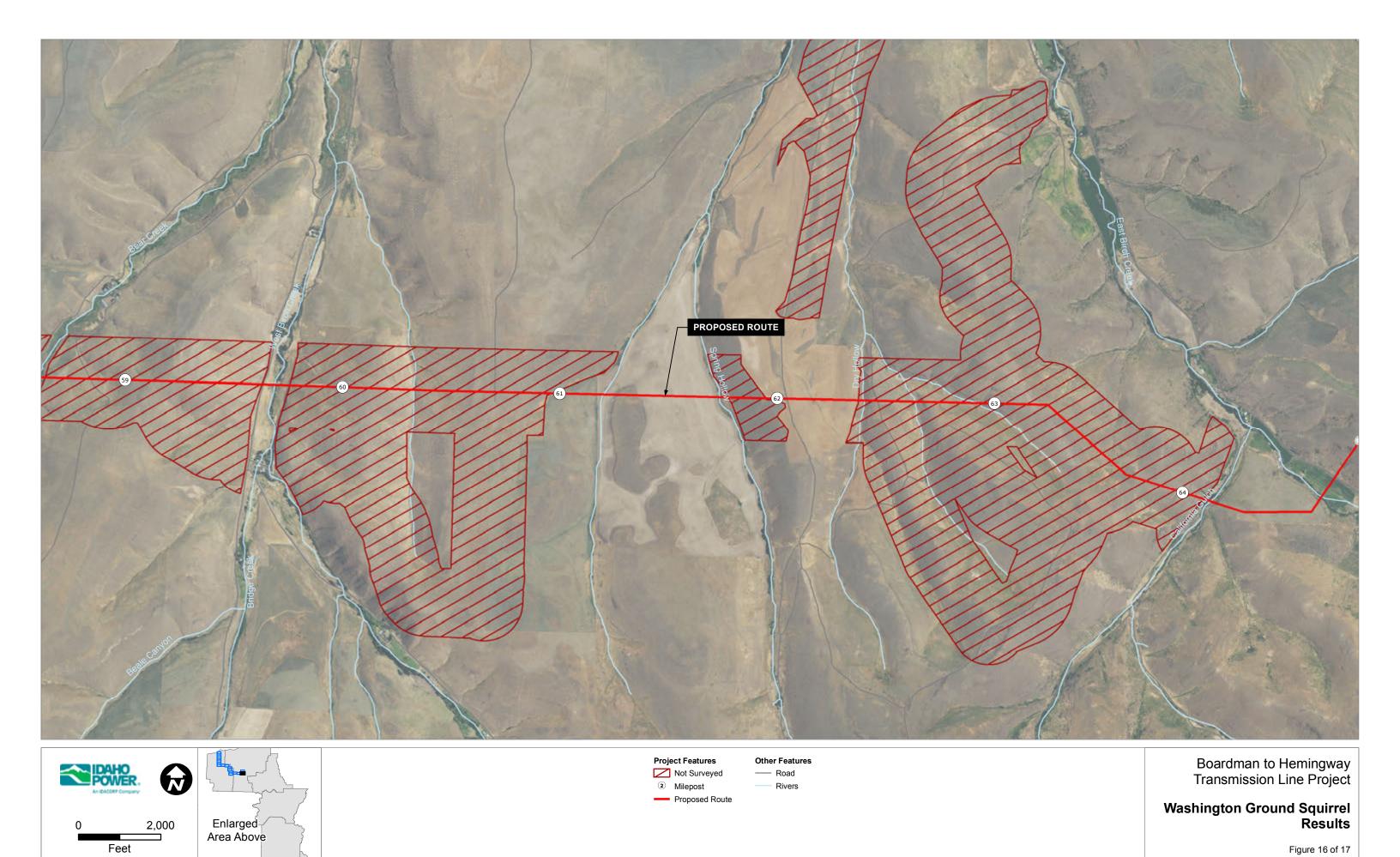
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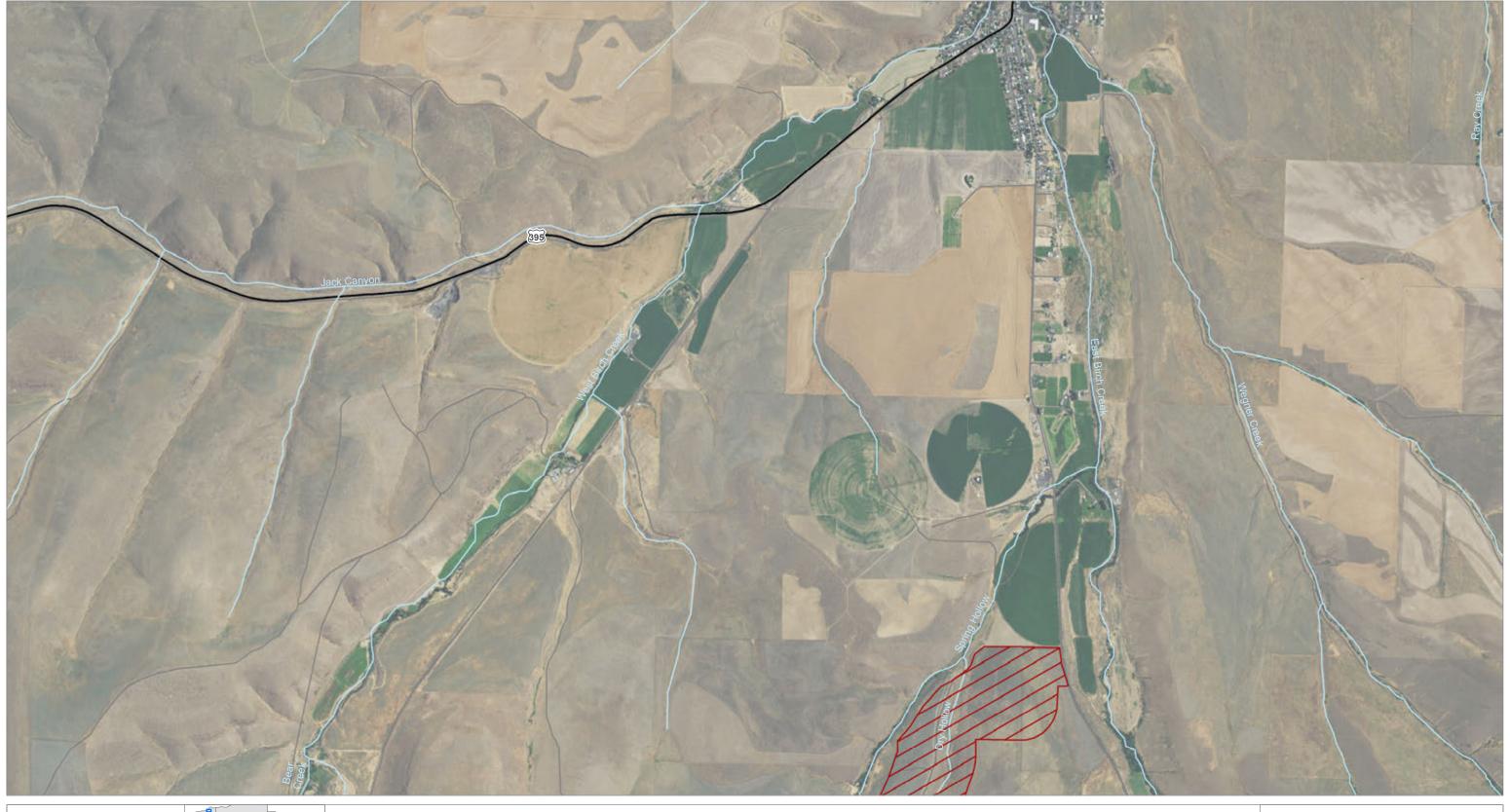
Washington Ground Squirrel Results

Figure 13 of 17











Project Features

Not Surveyed

Other Features

--- Road

--- US and State Highway

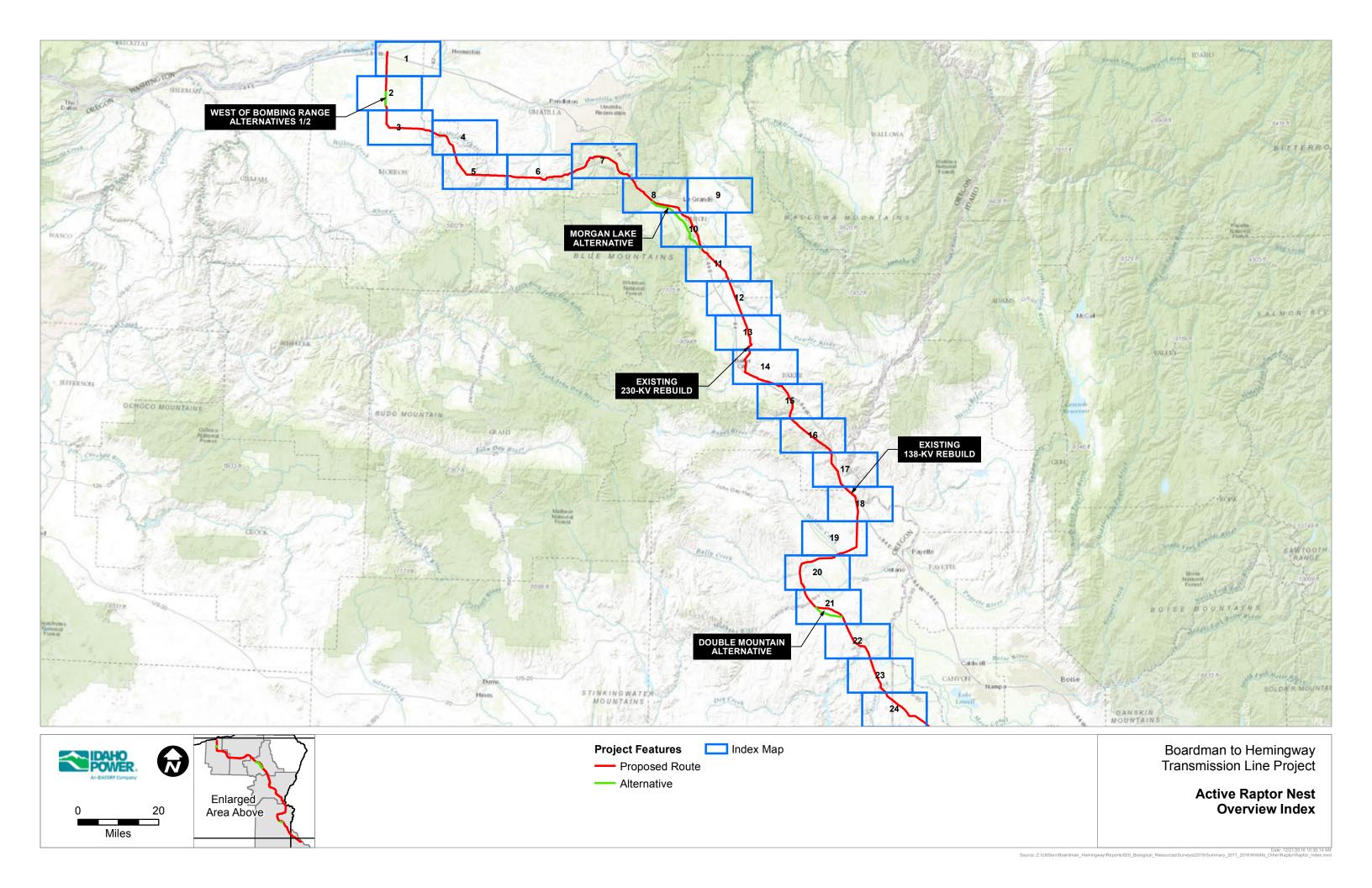
---- Rivers

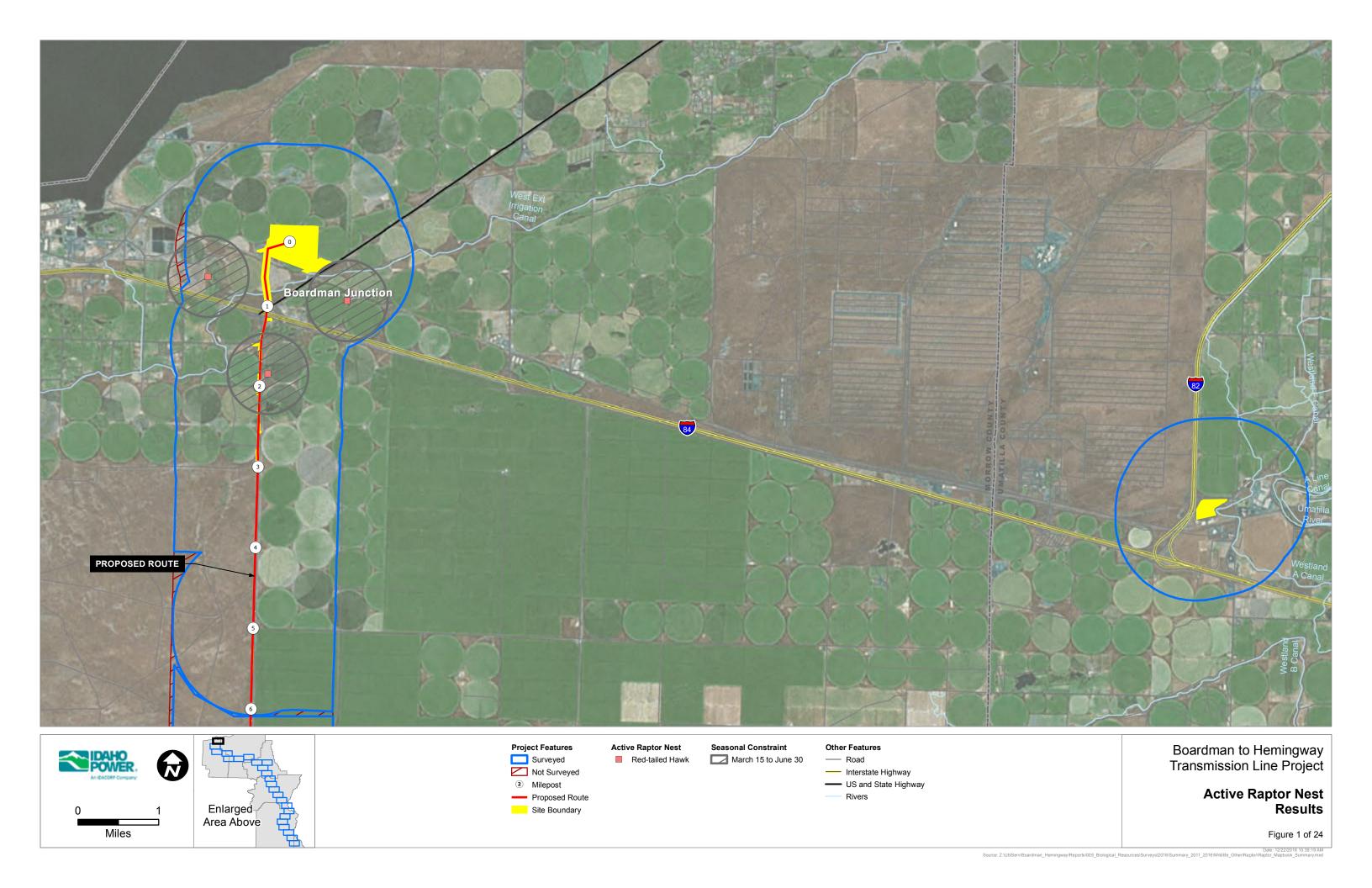
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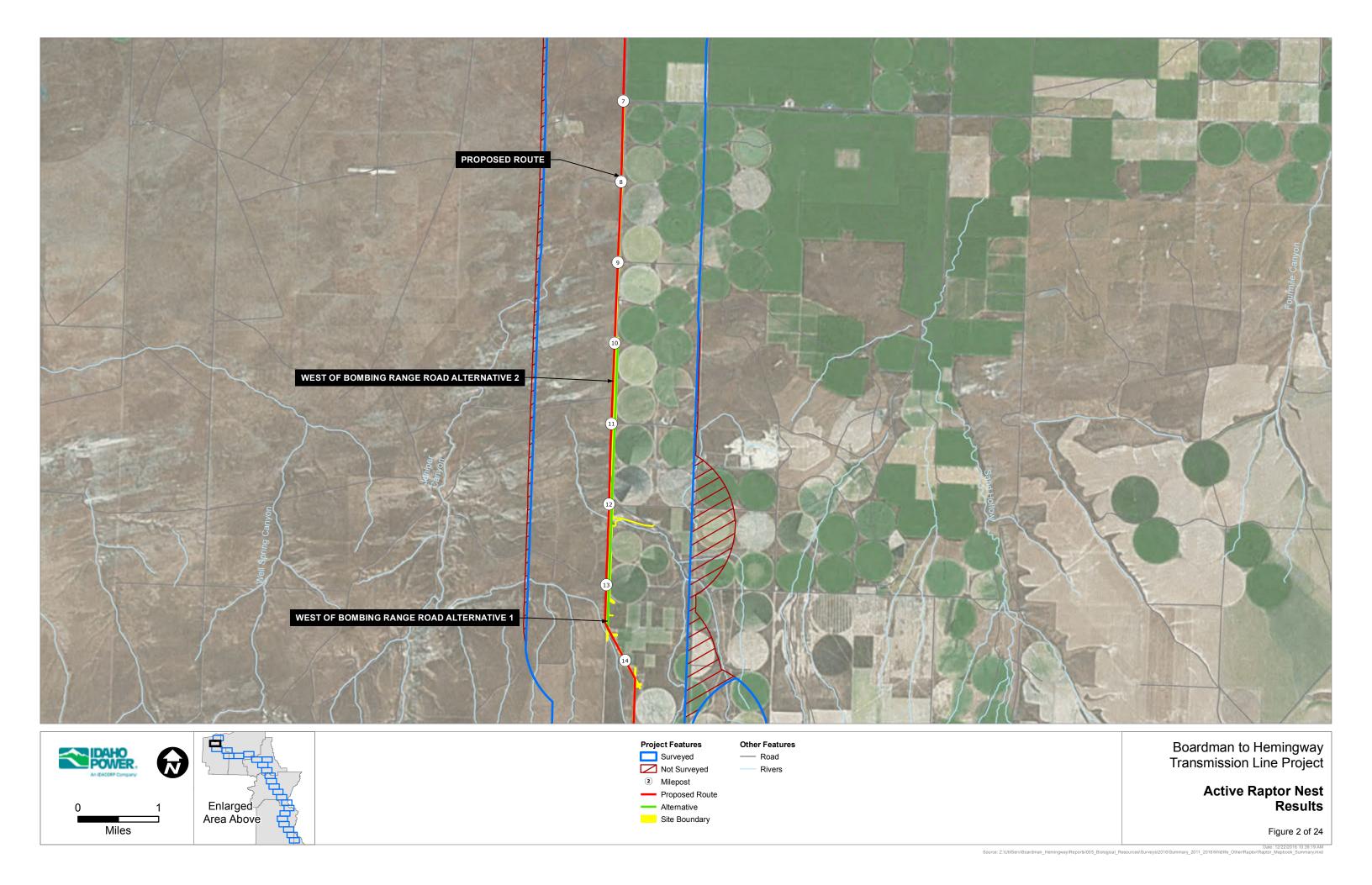
Washington Ground Squirrel Results

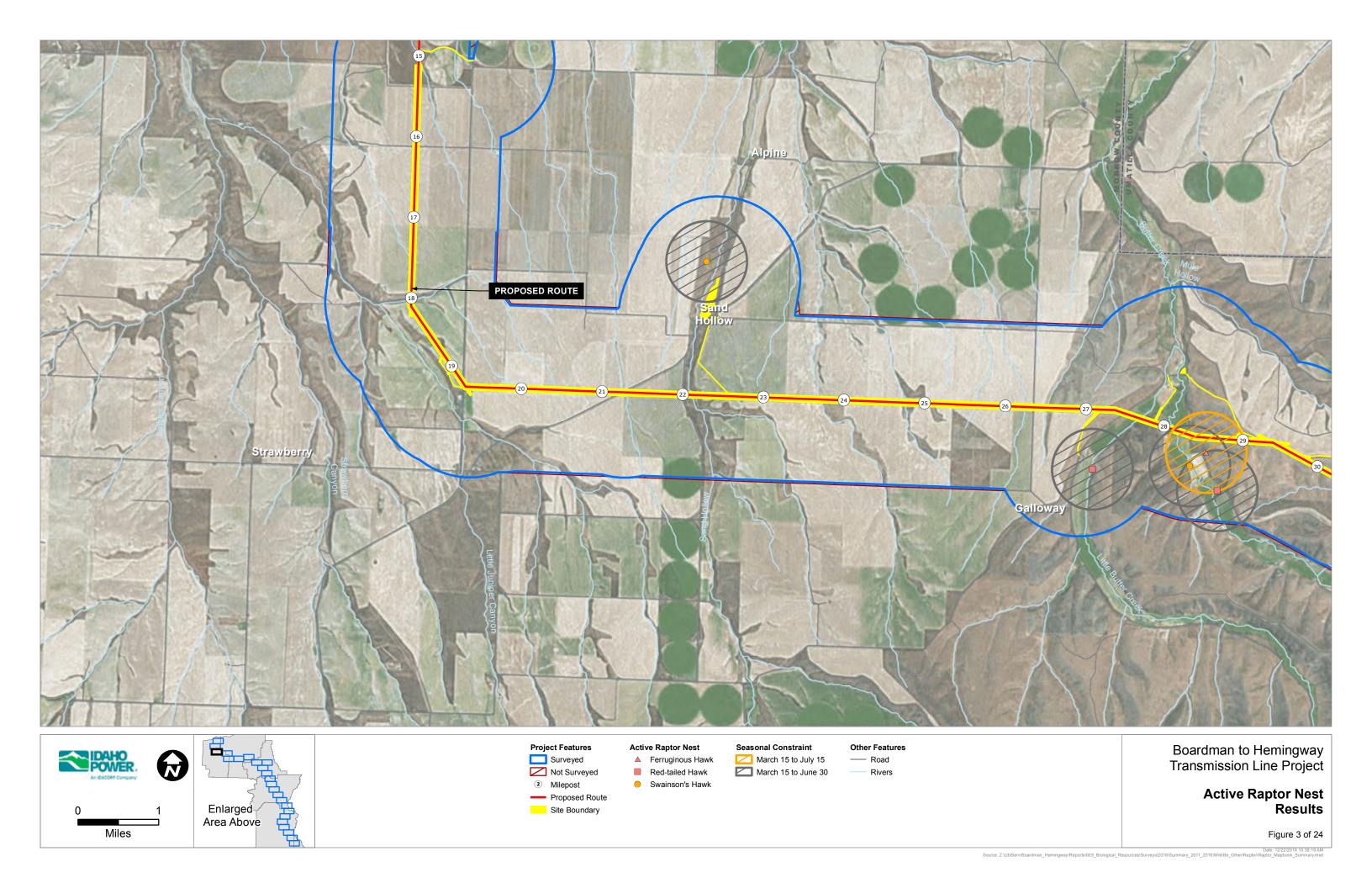
Figure 17 of 17

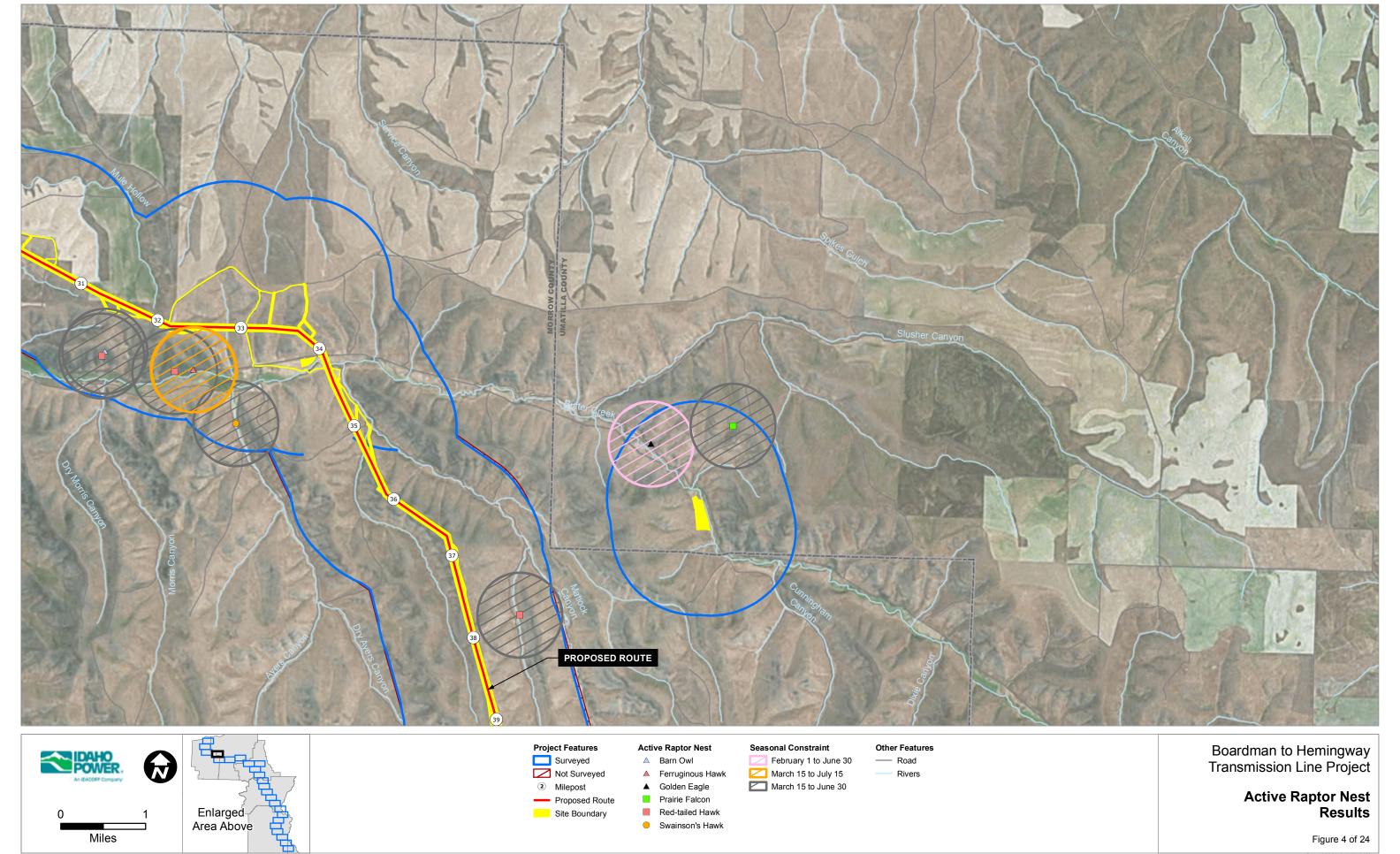
Appendix 5
Raptor Nest Results Mapbook

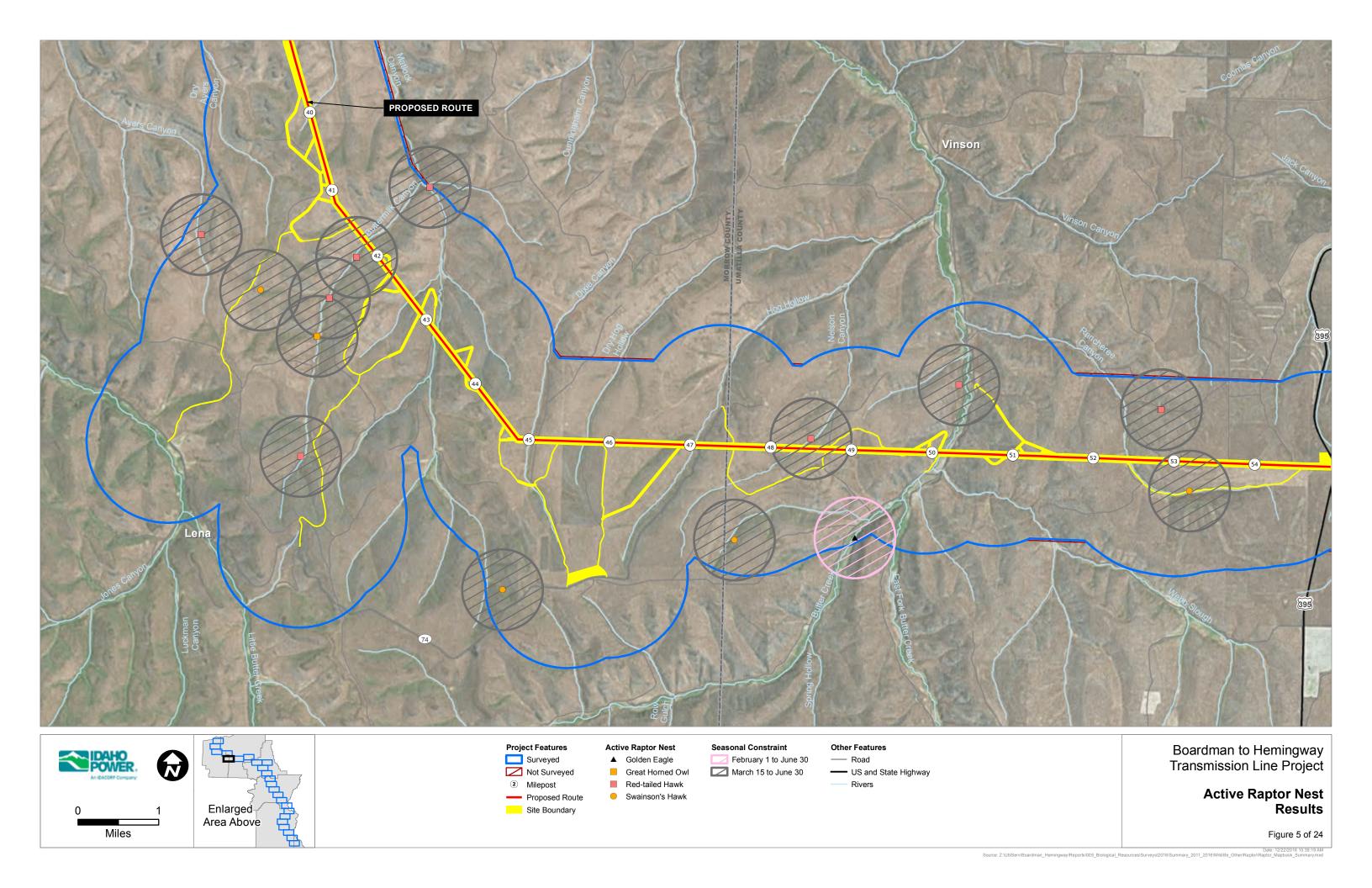


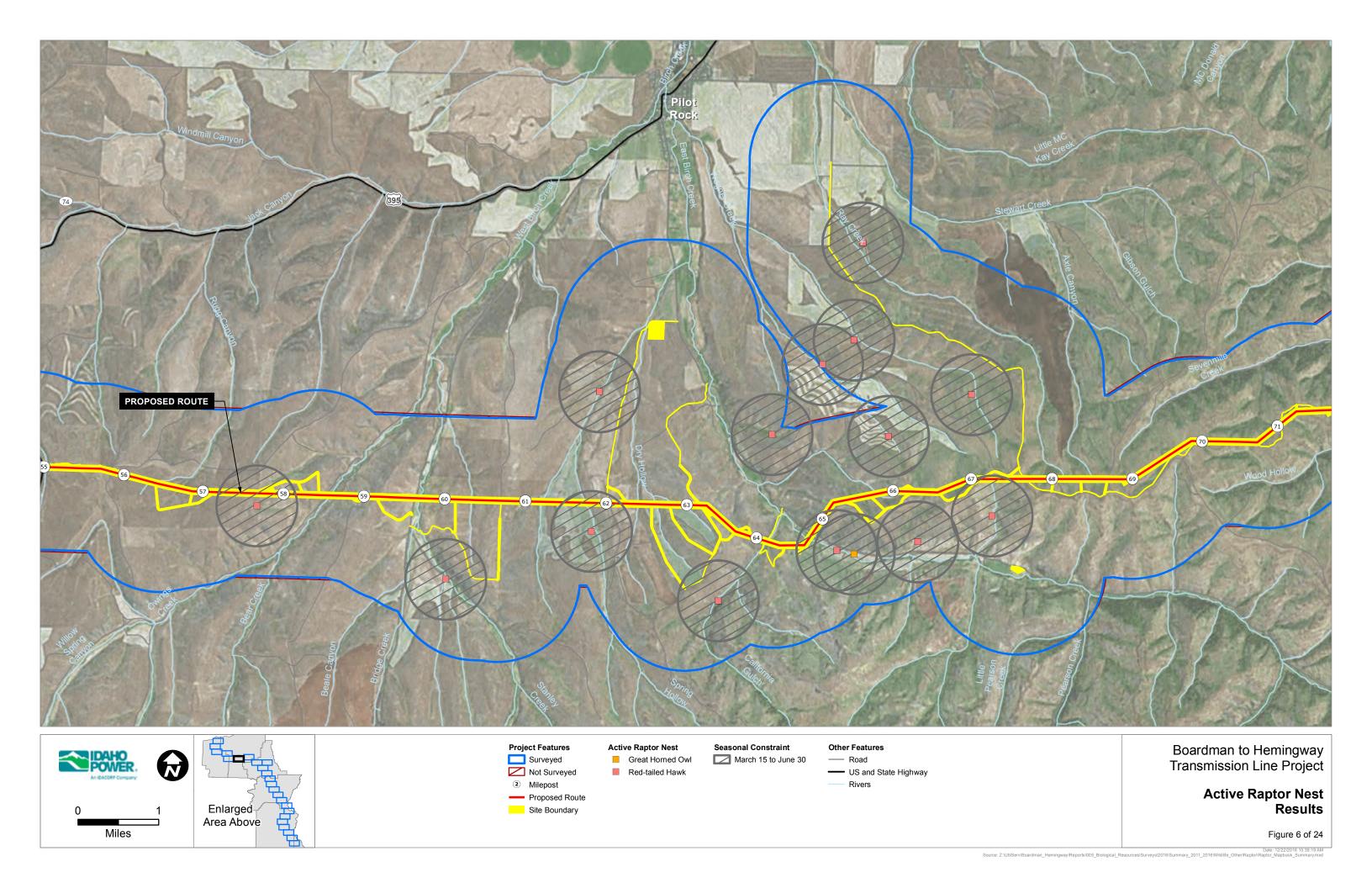


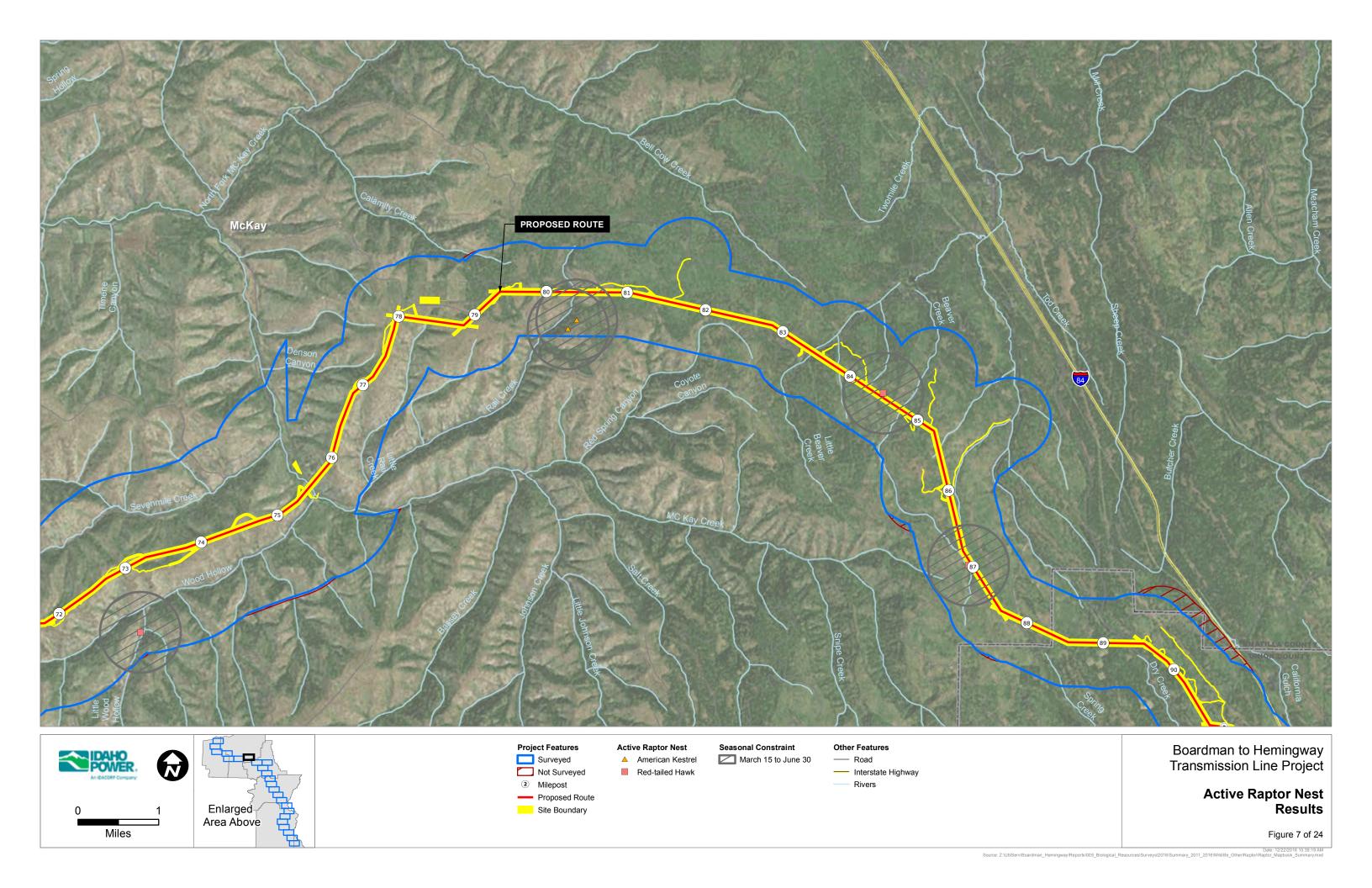


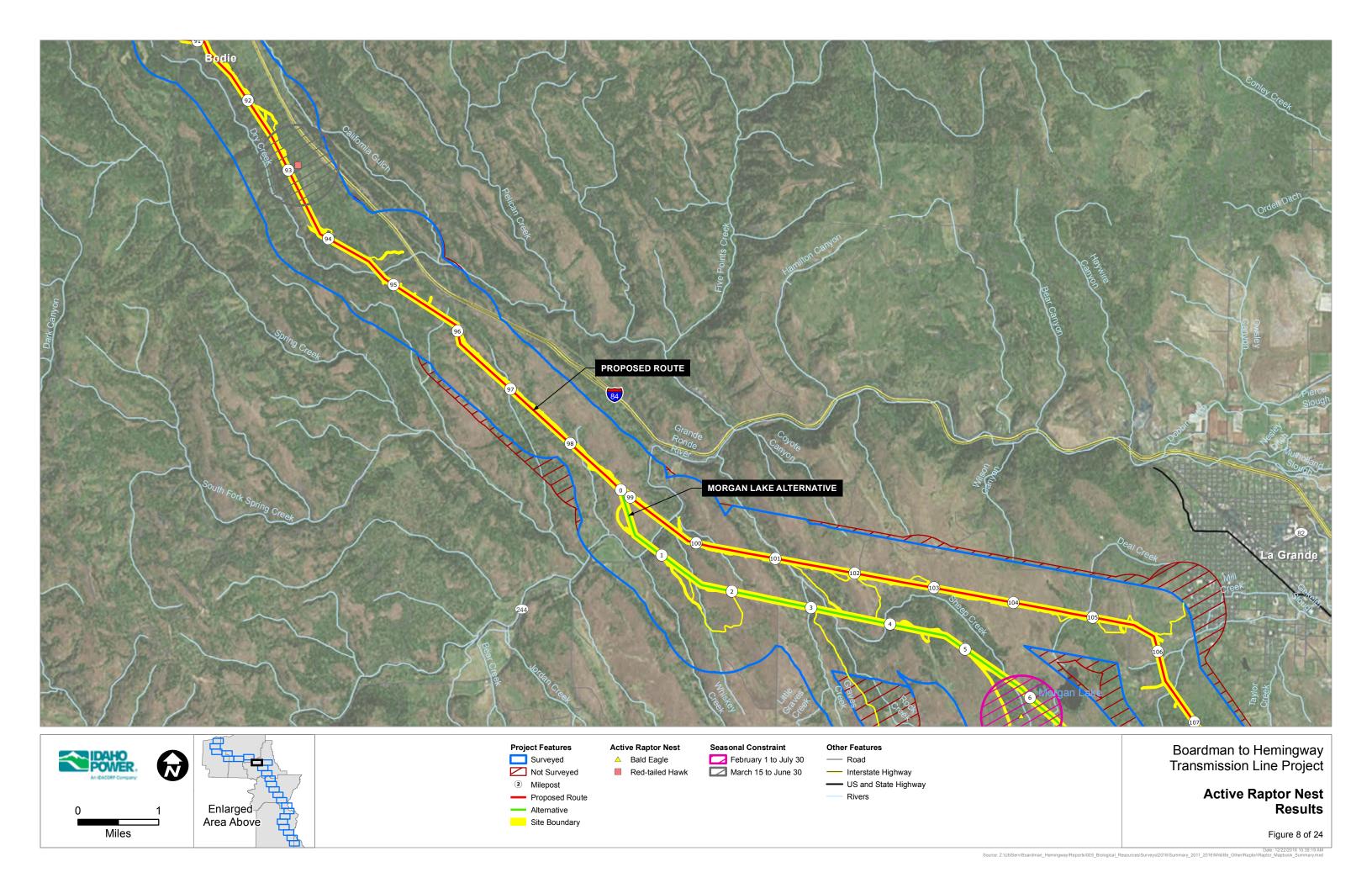


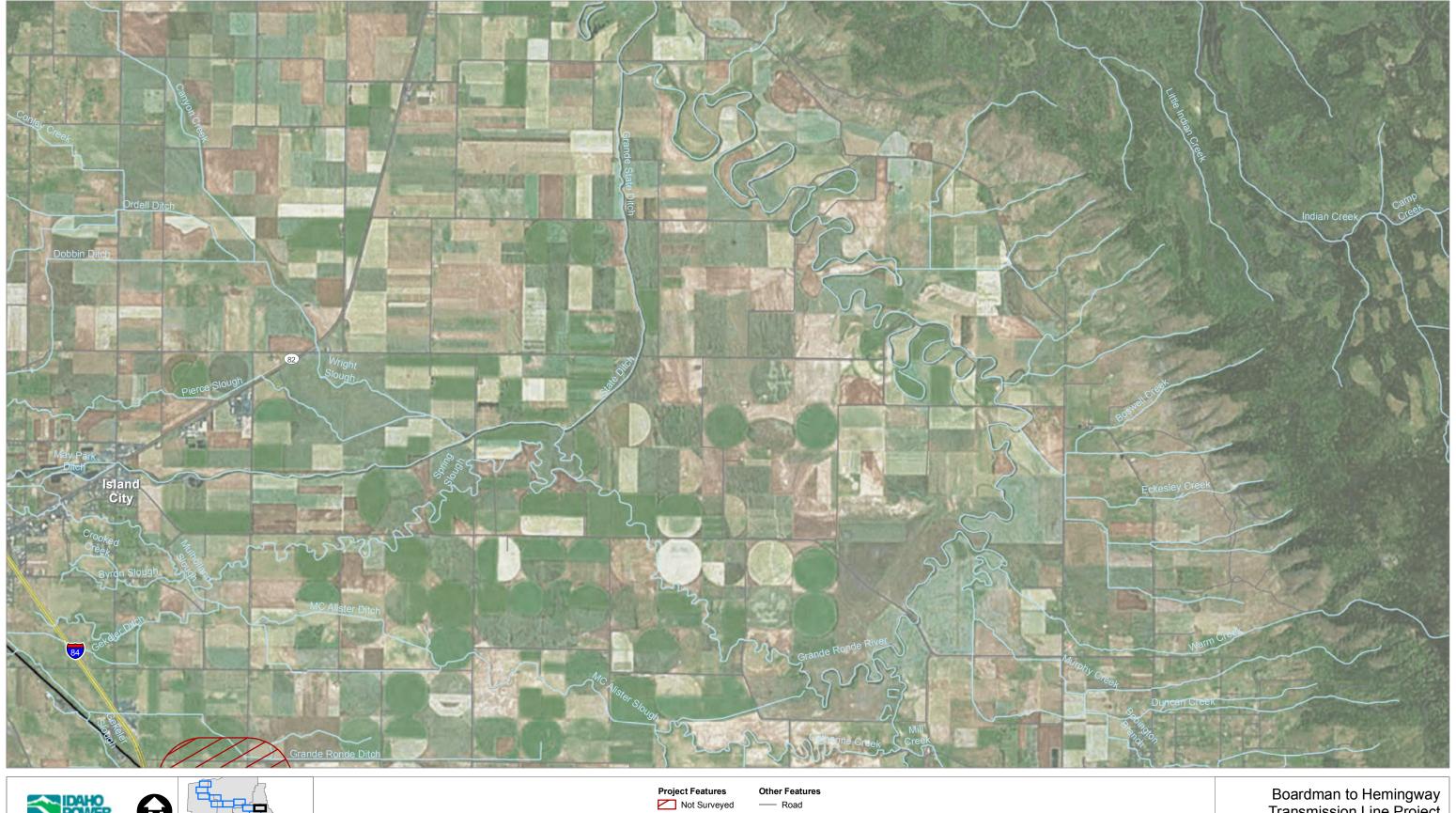


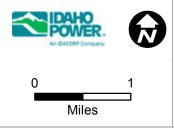














--- Road

Interstate Highway

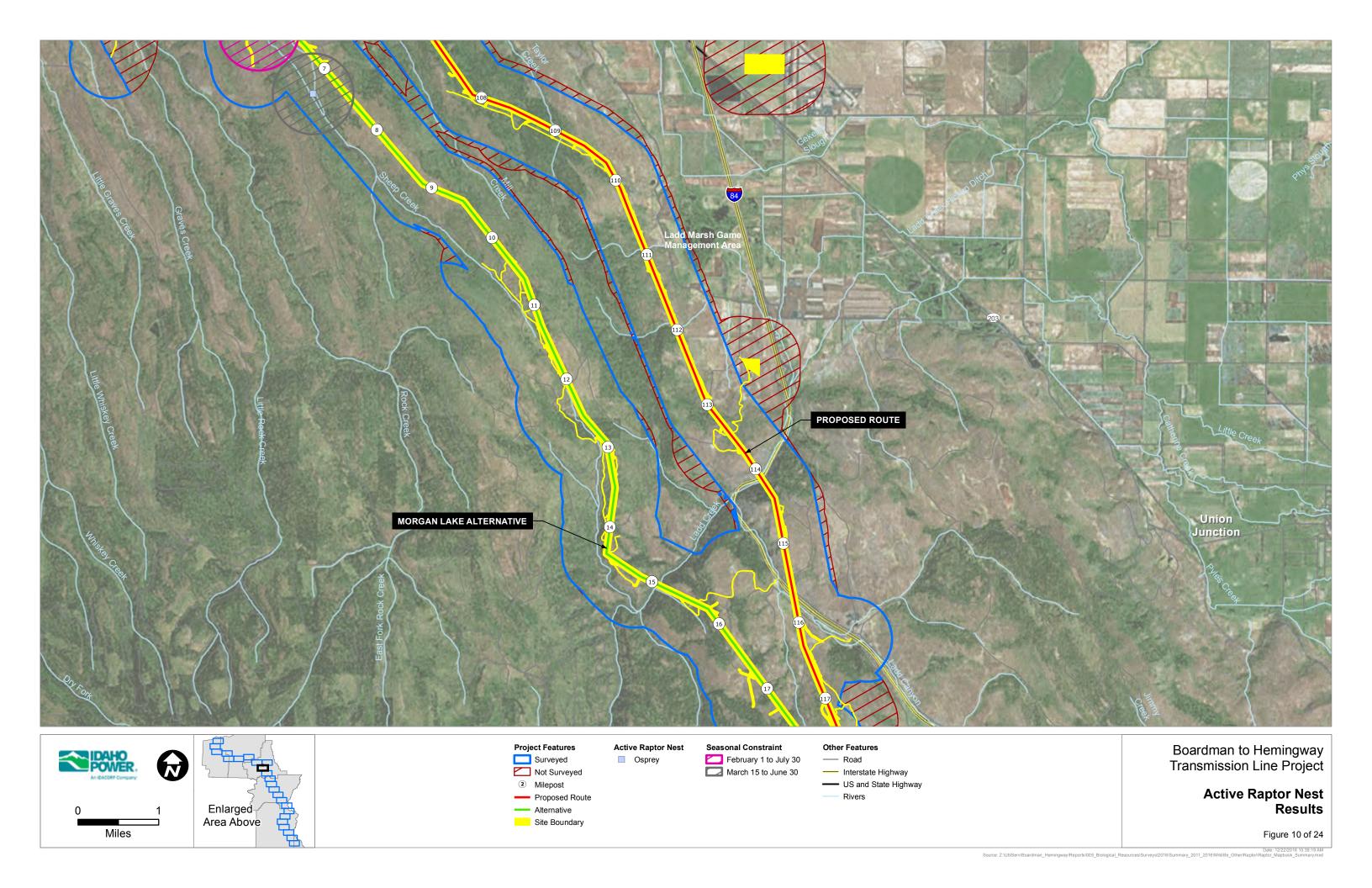
US and State Highway

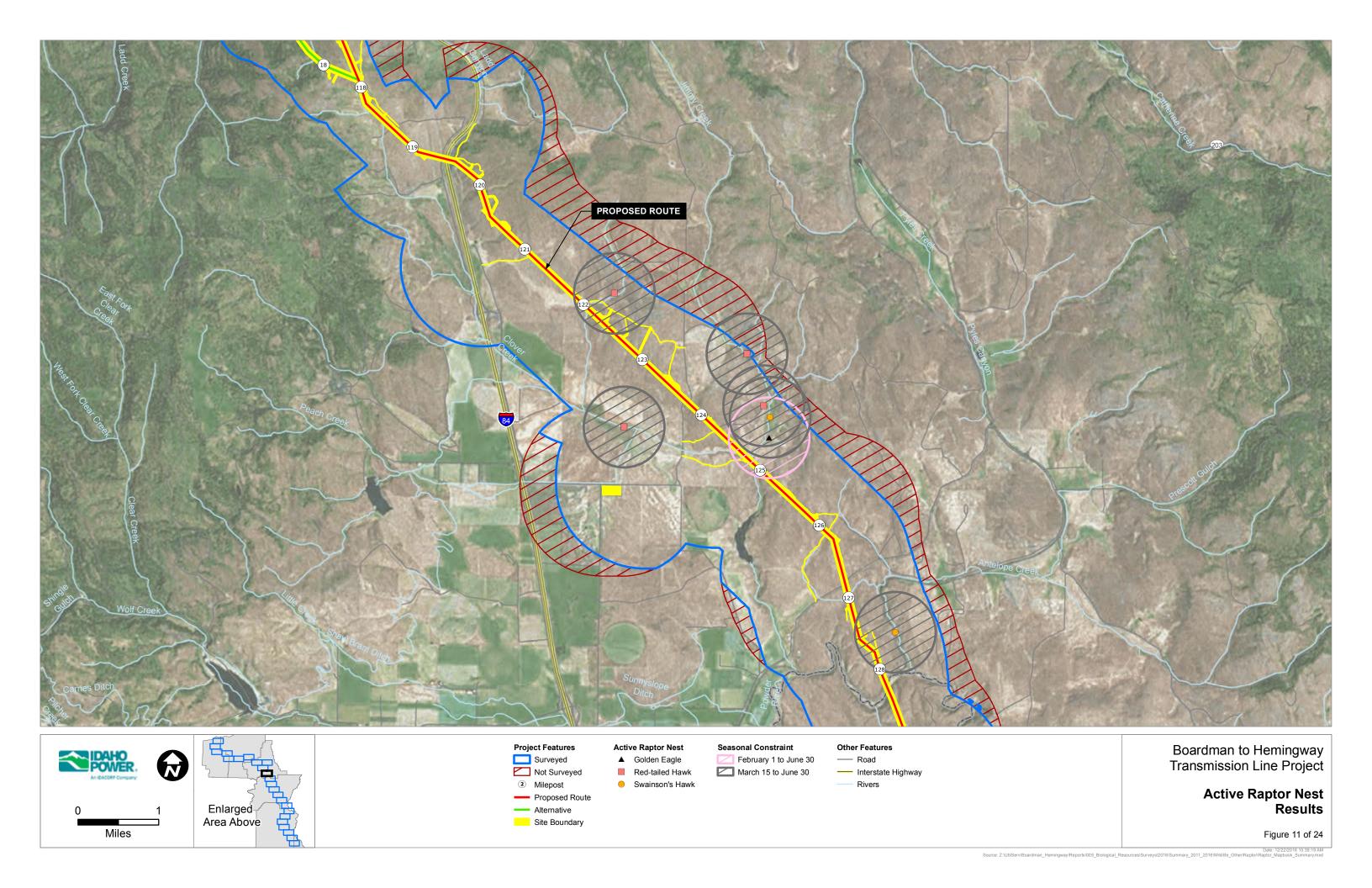
Rivers

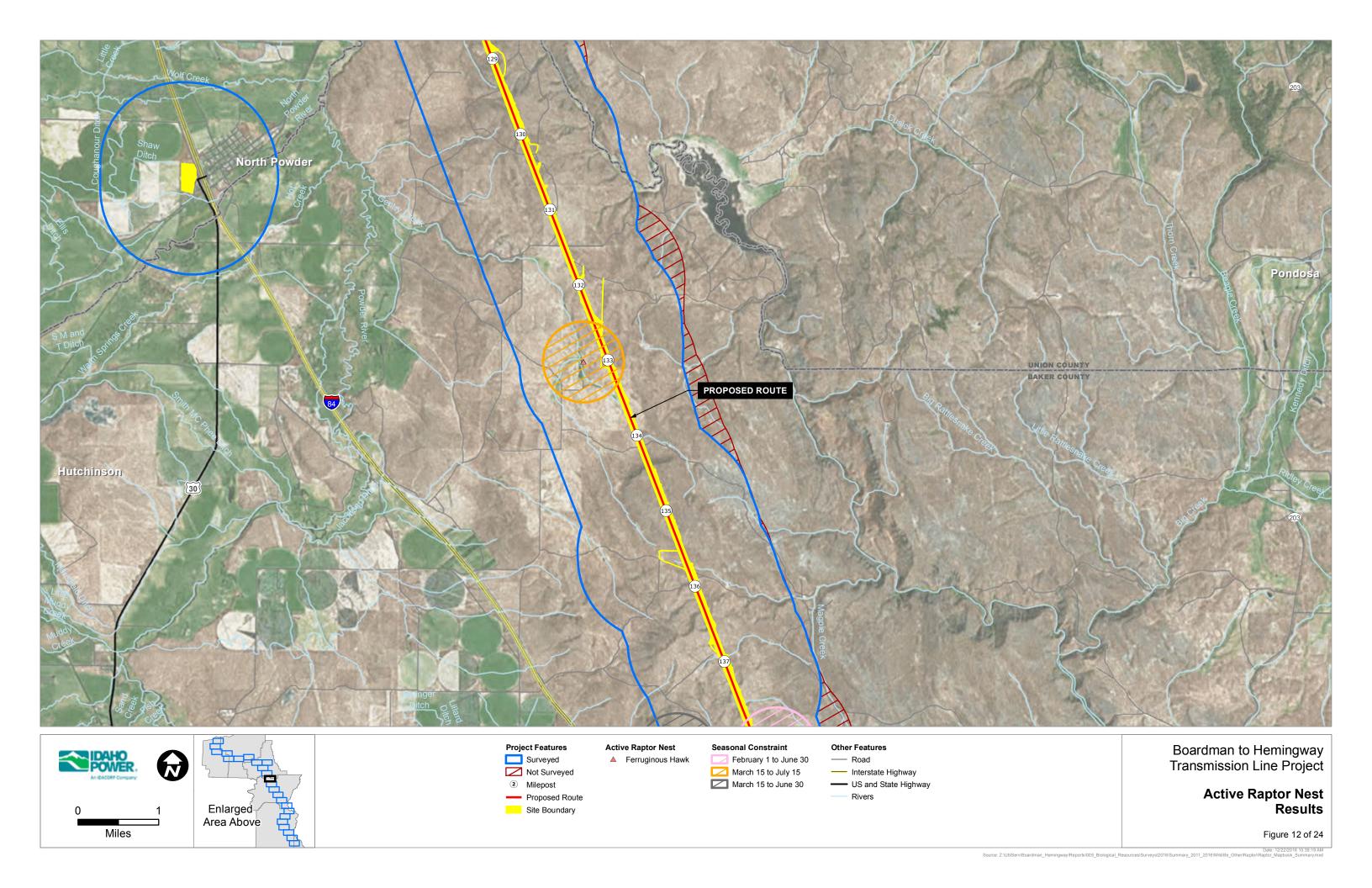
Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line Project

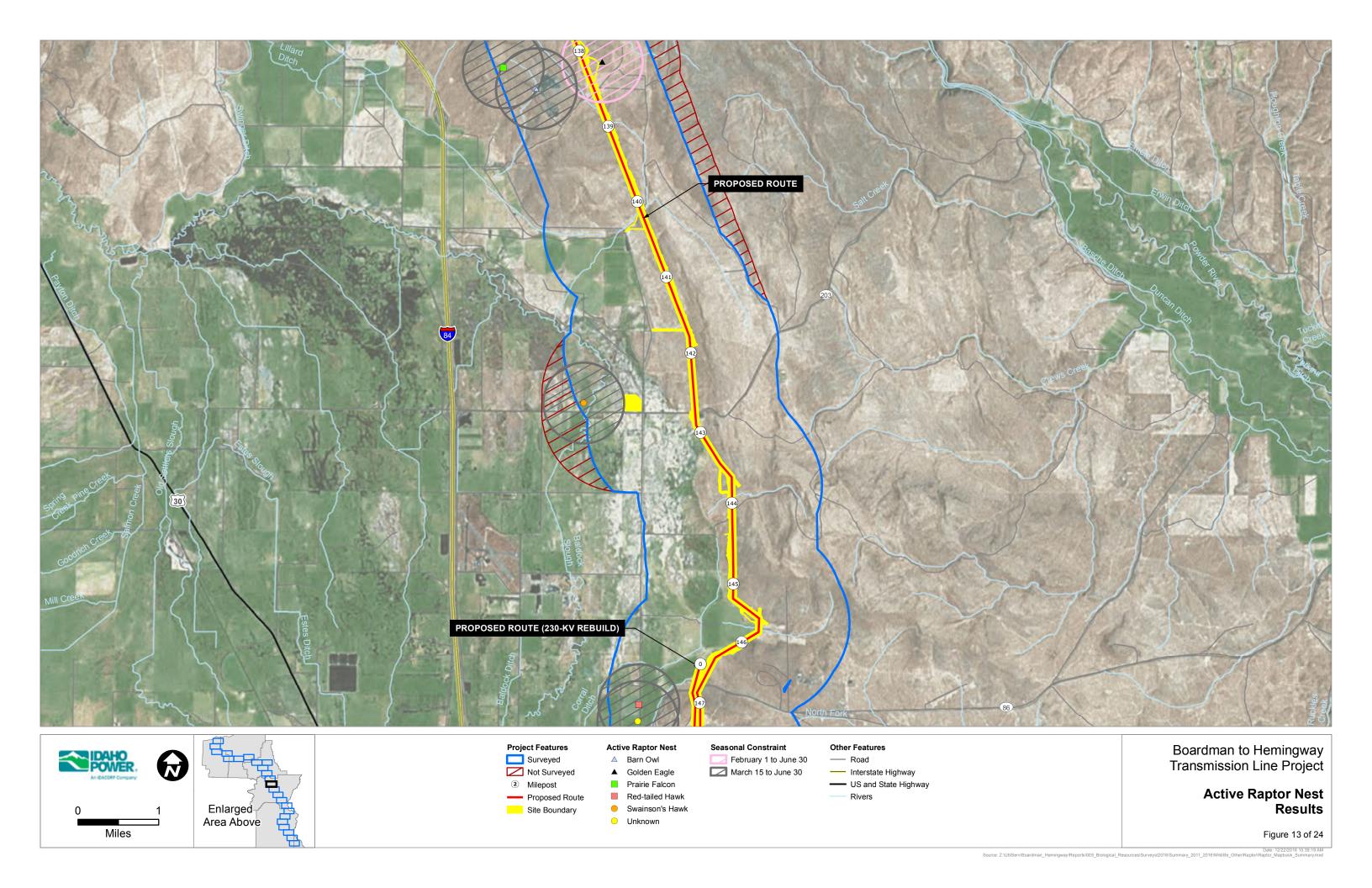
Active Raptor Nest Results

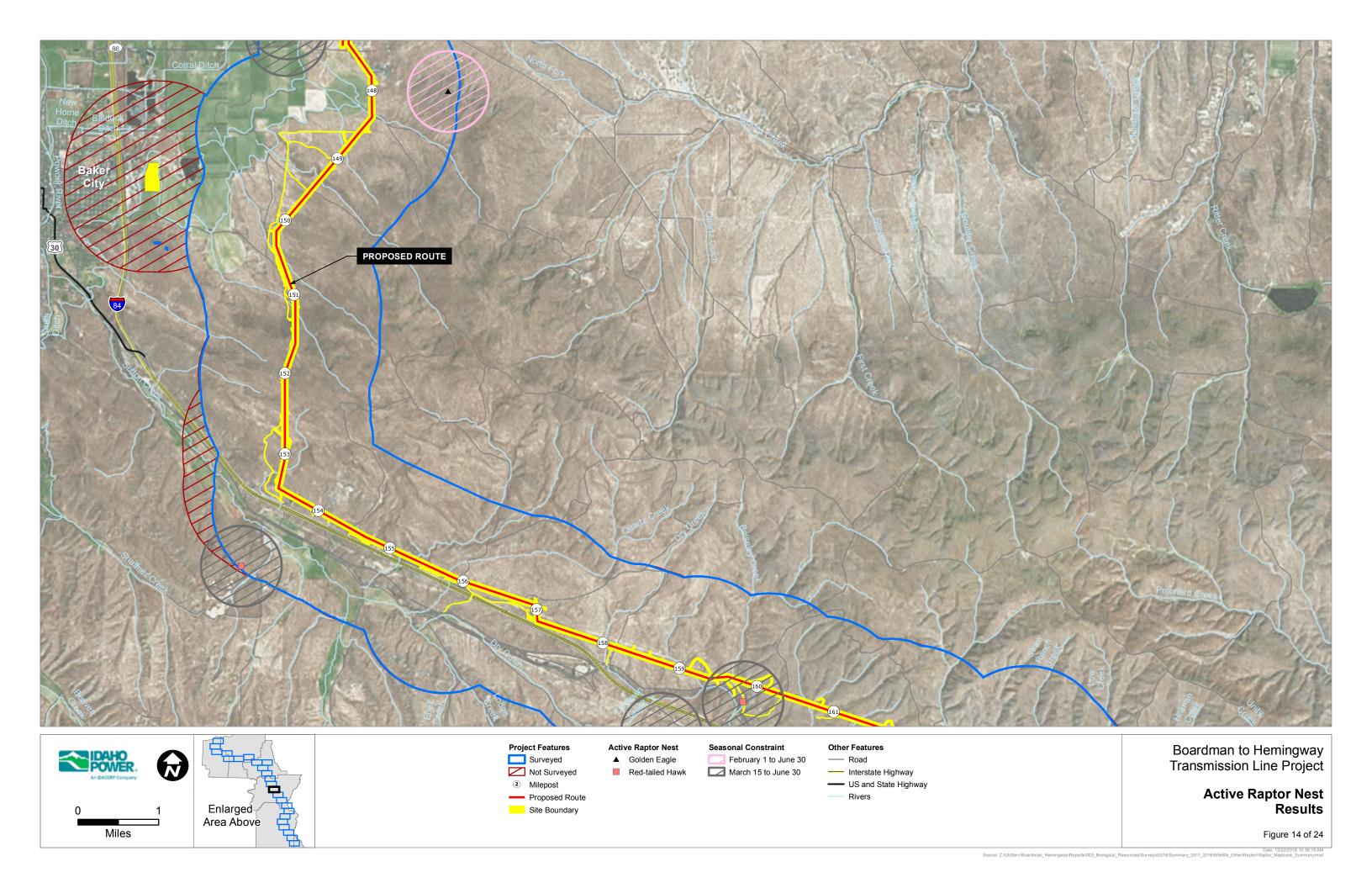
Figure 9 of 24

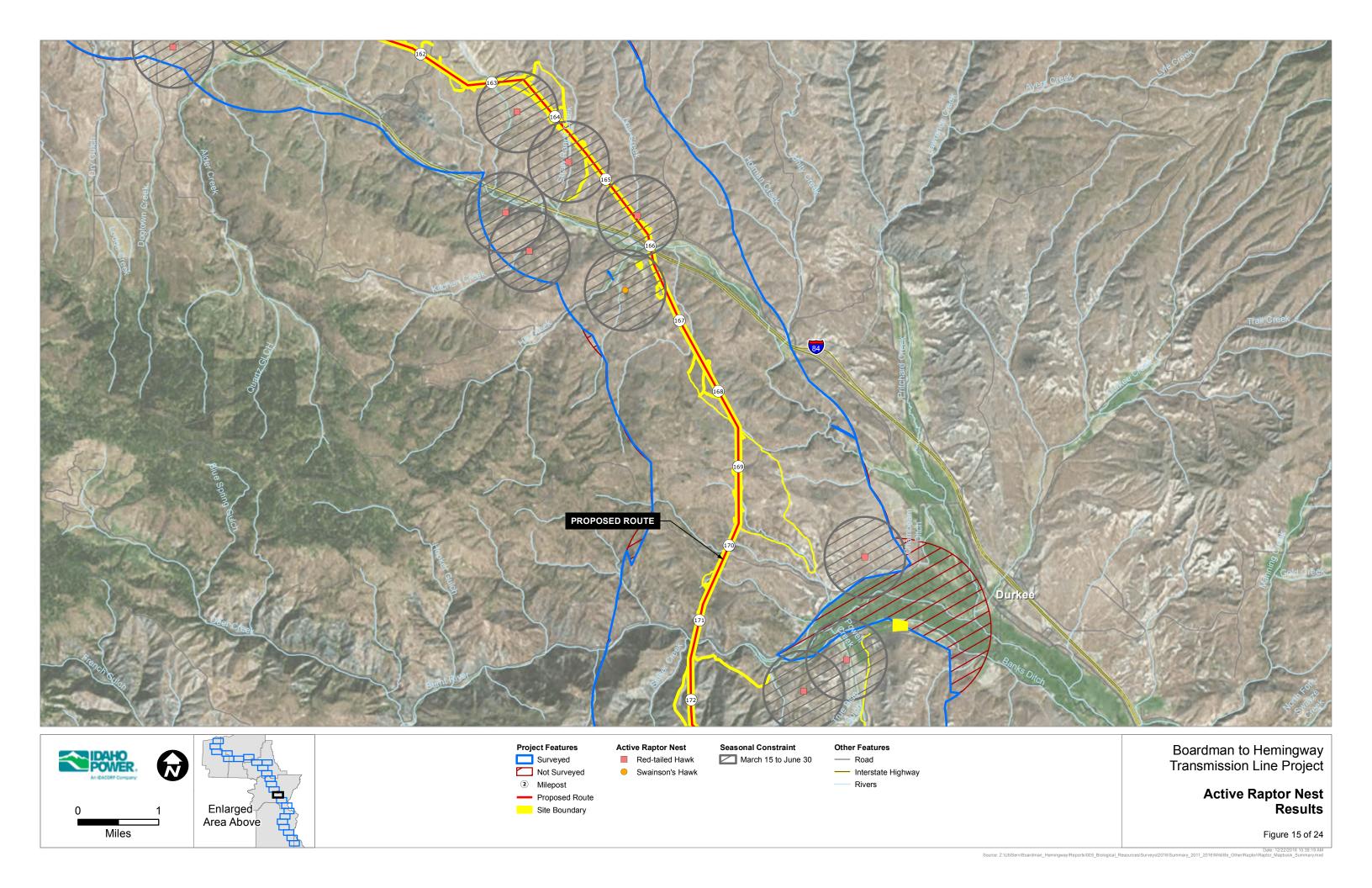


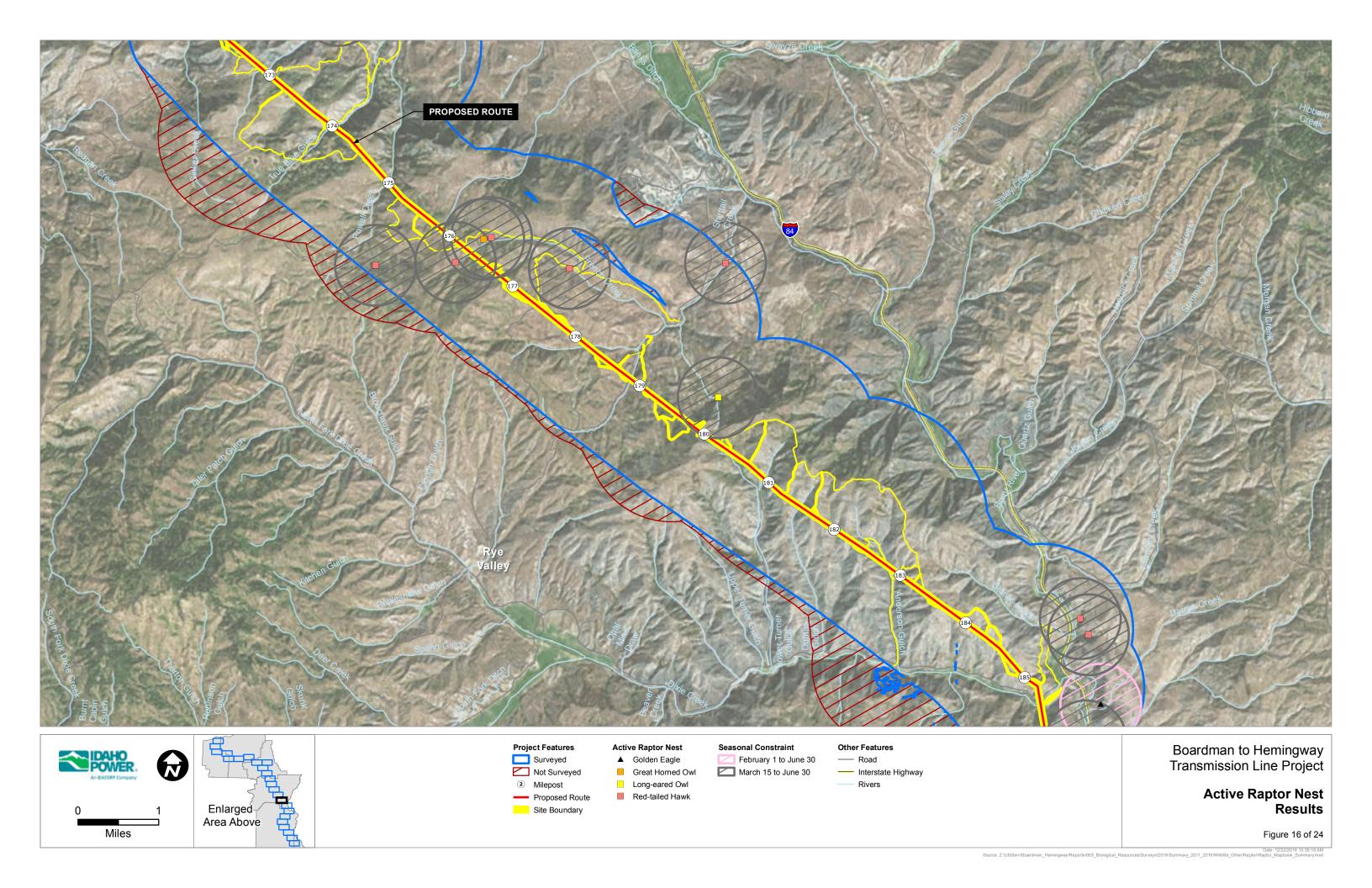


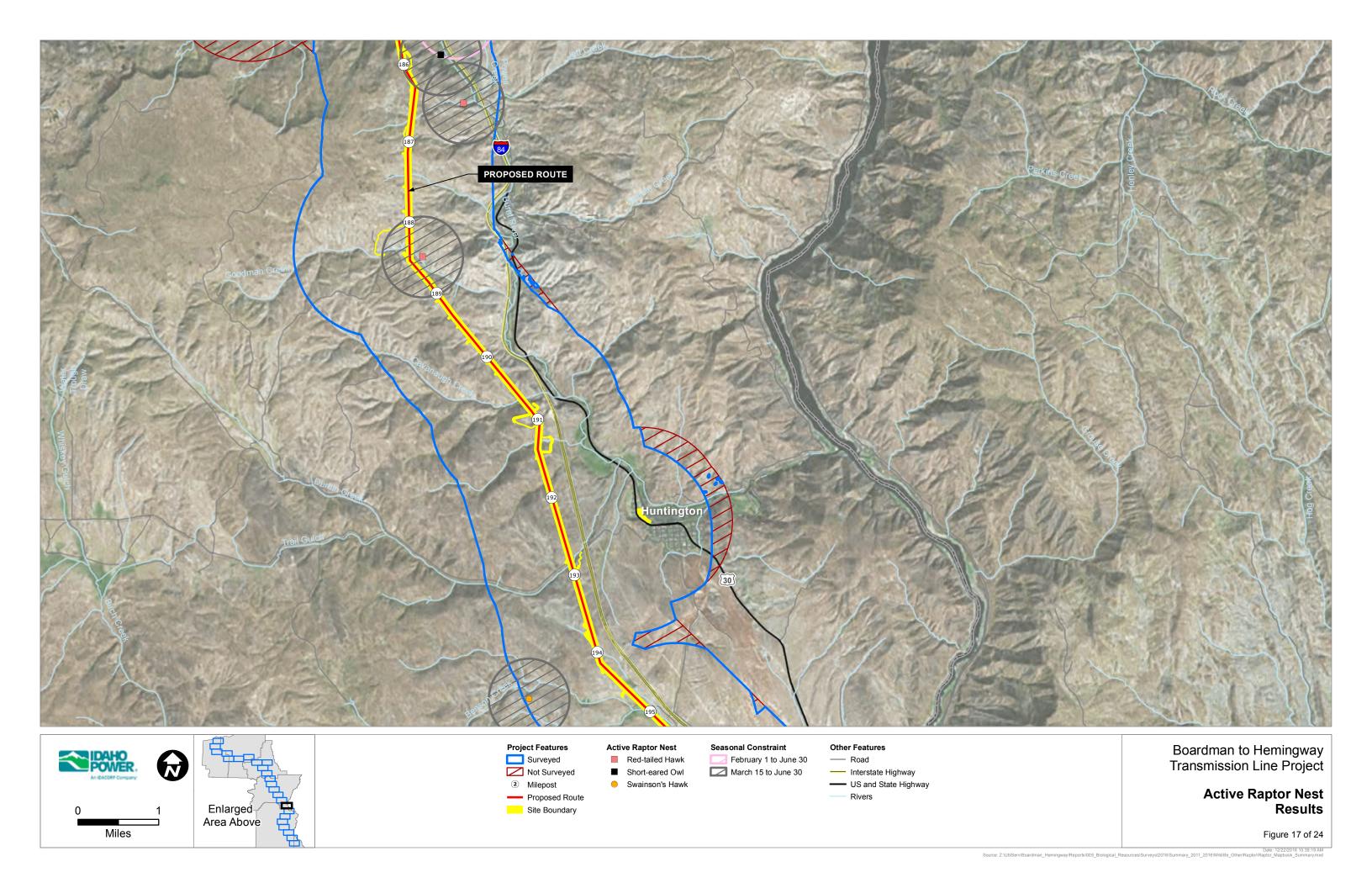


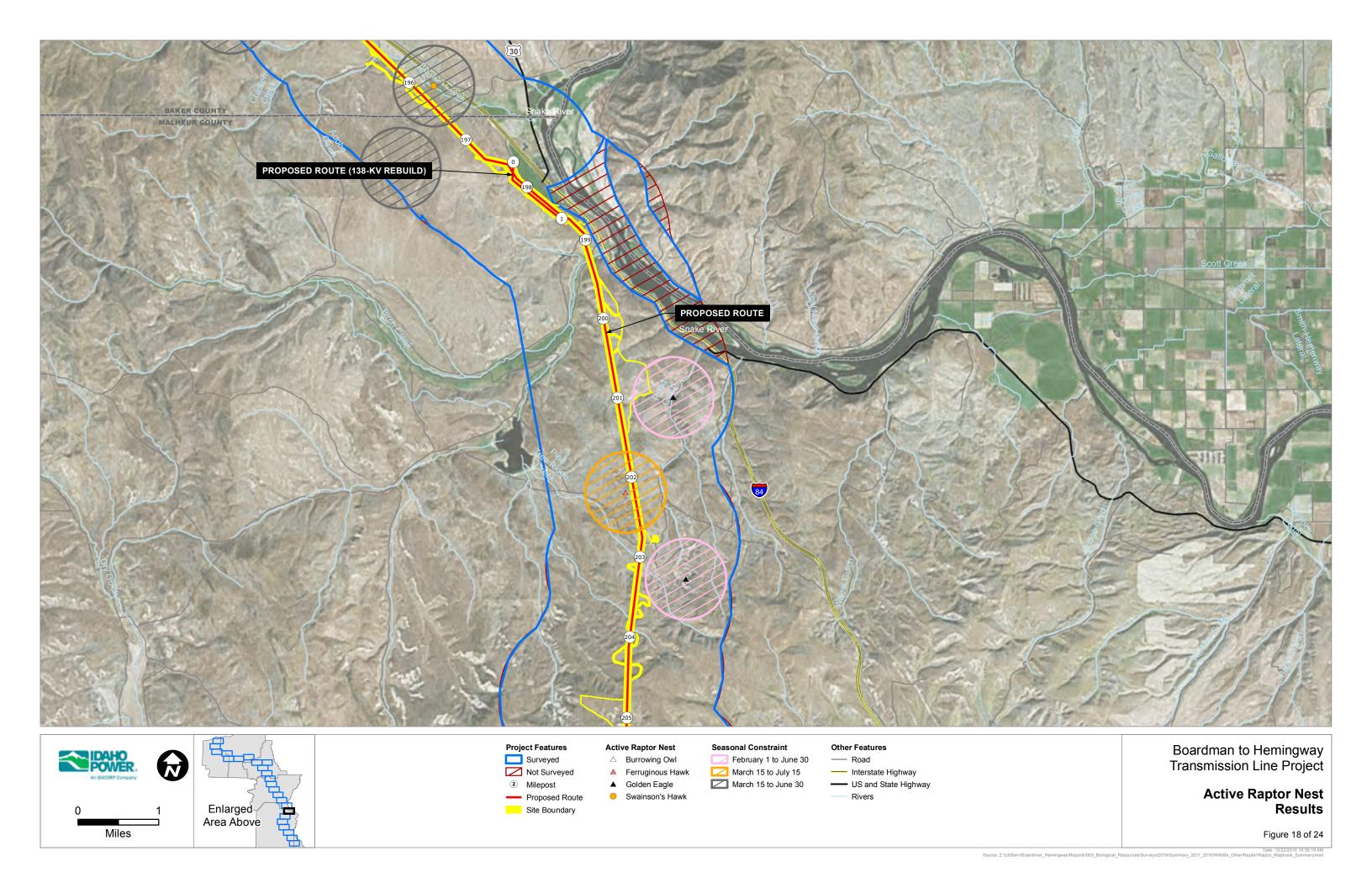


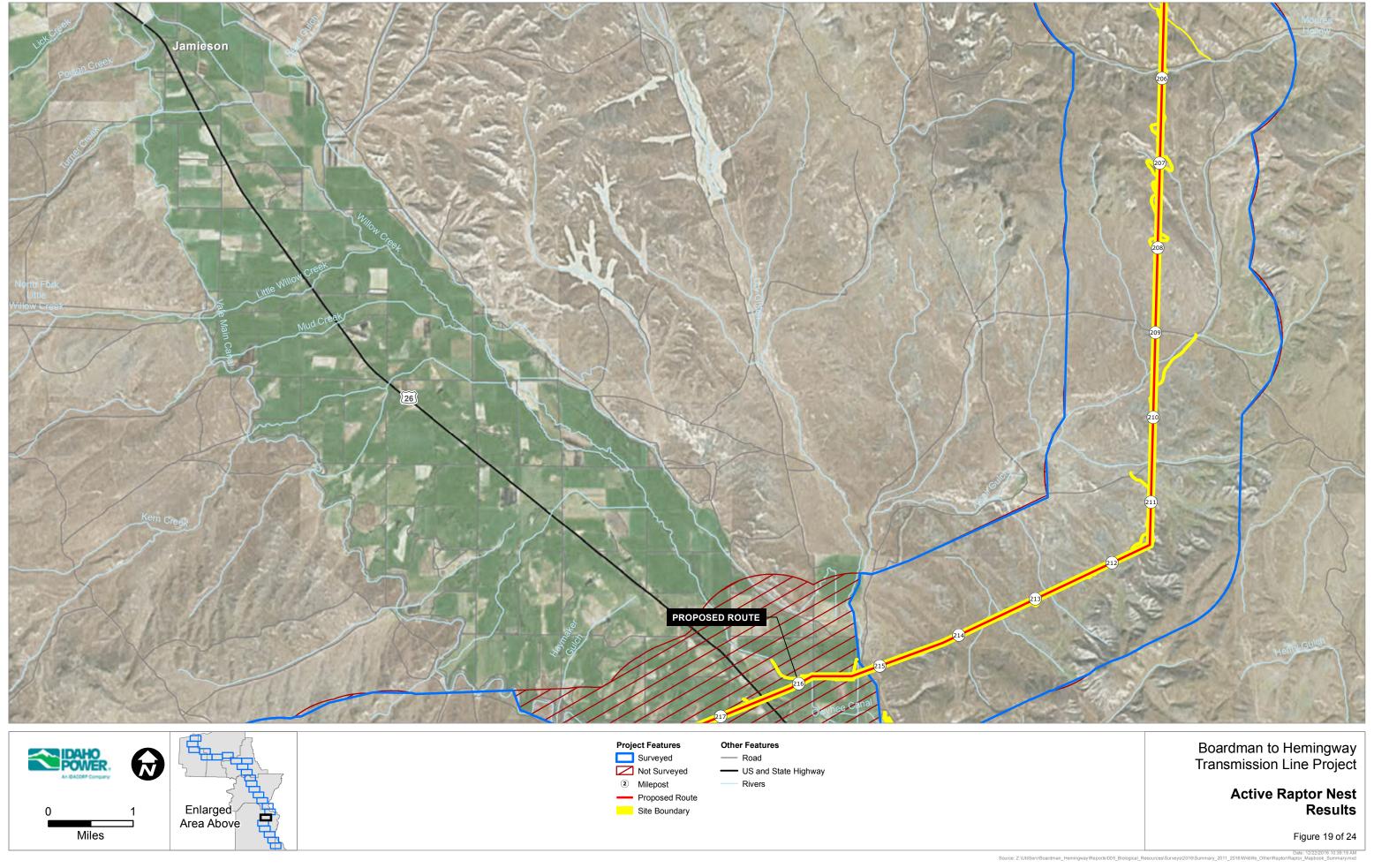


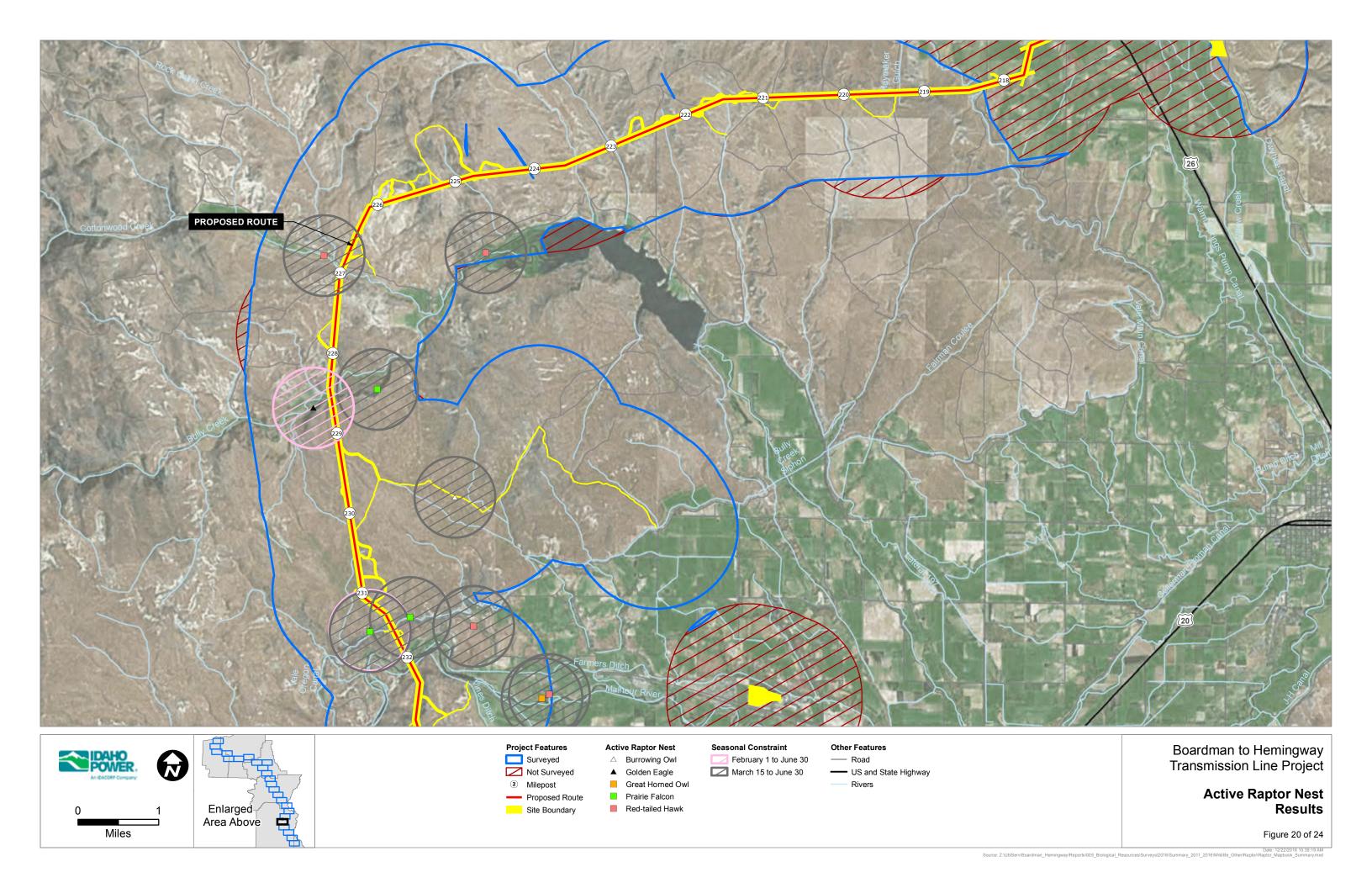


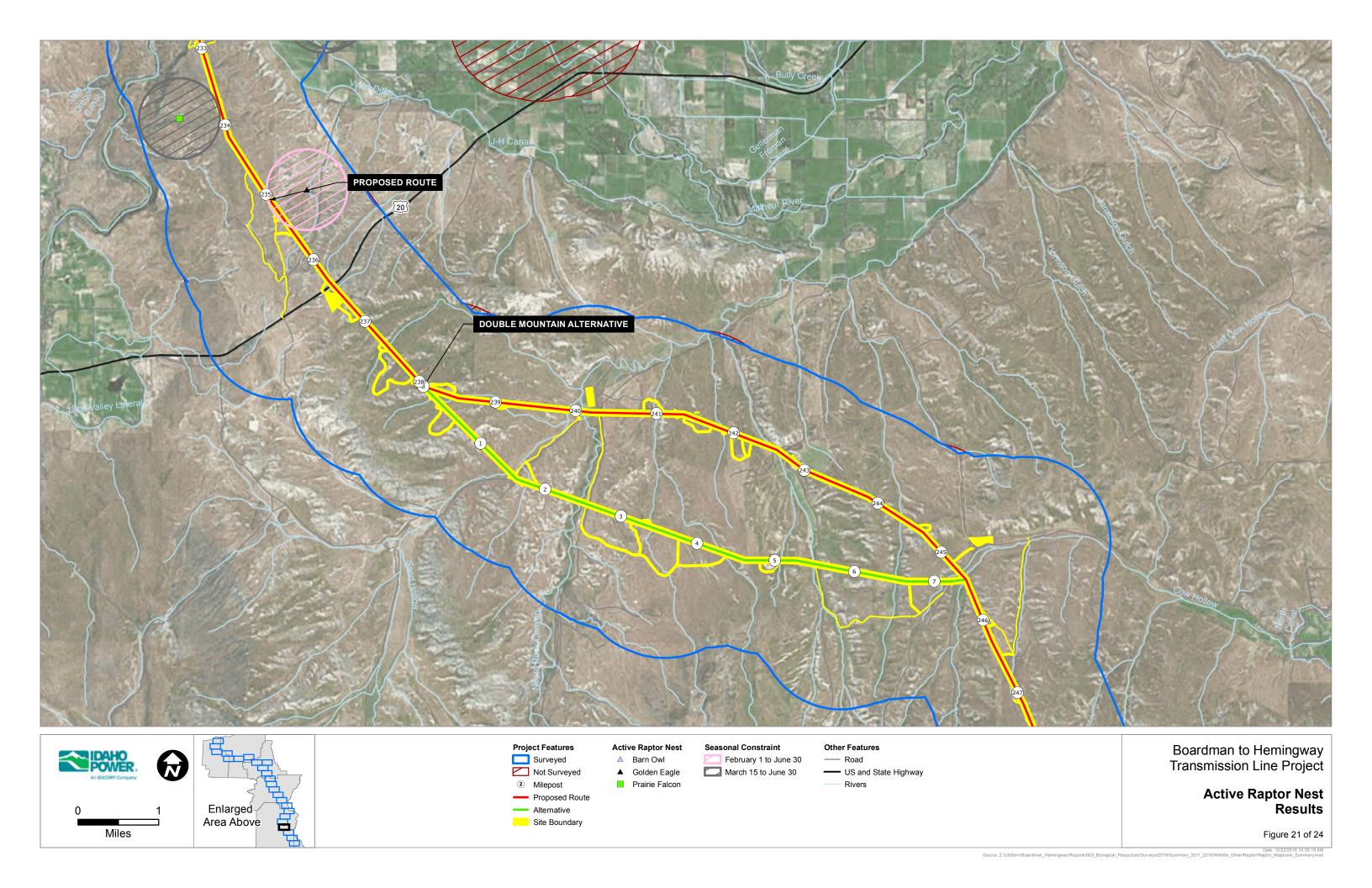


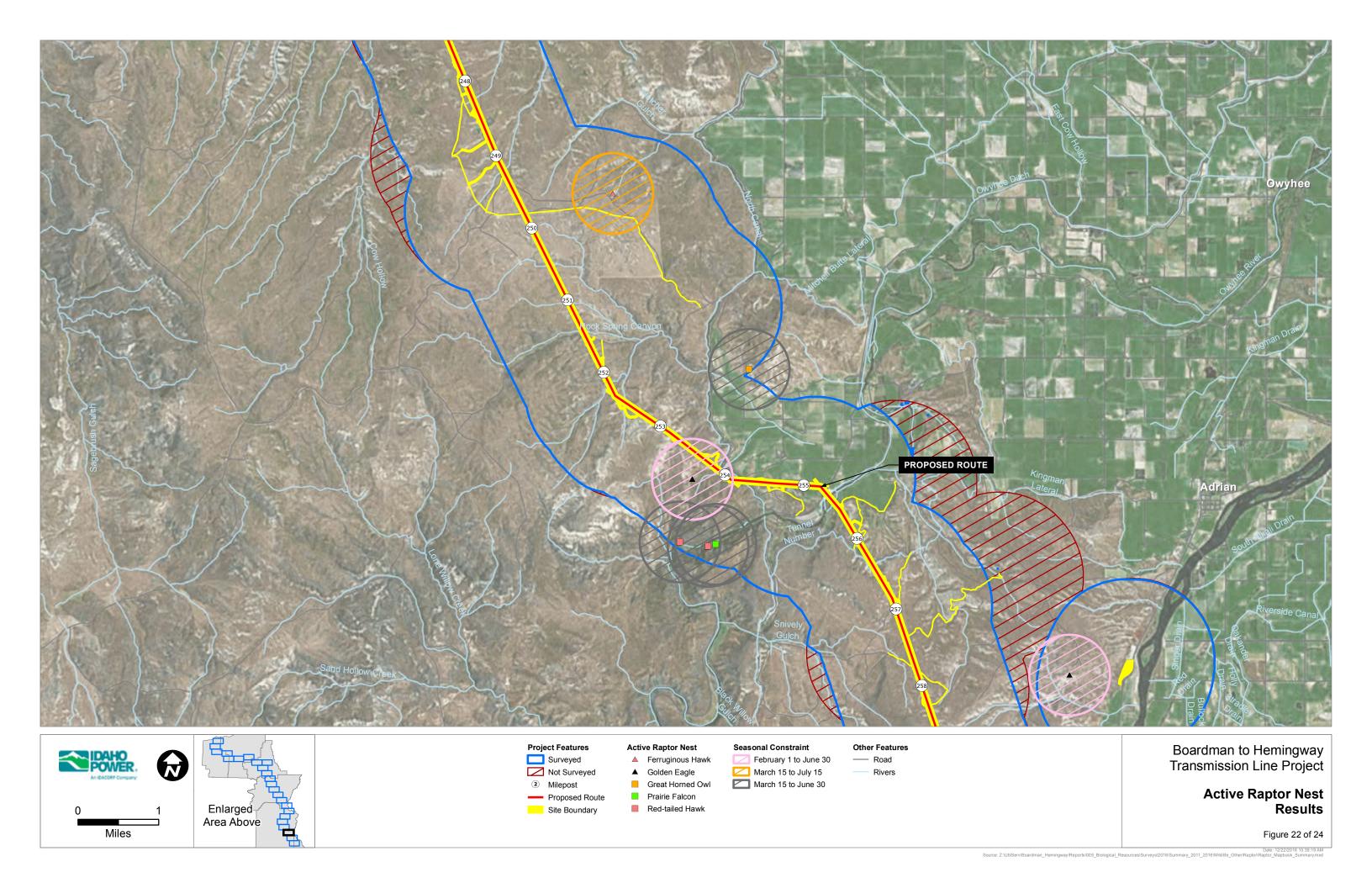


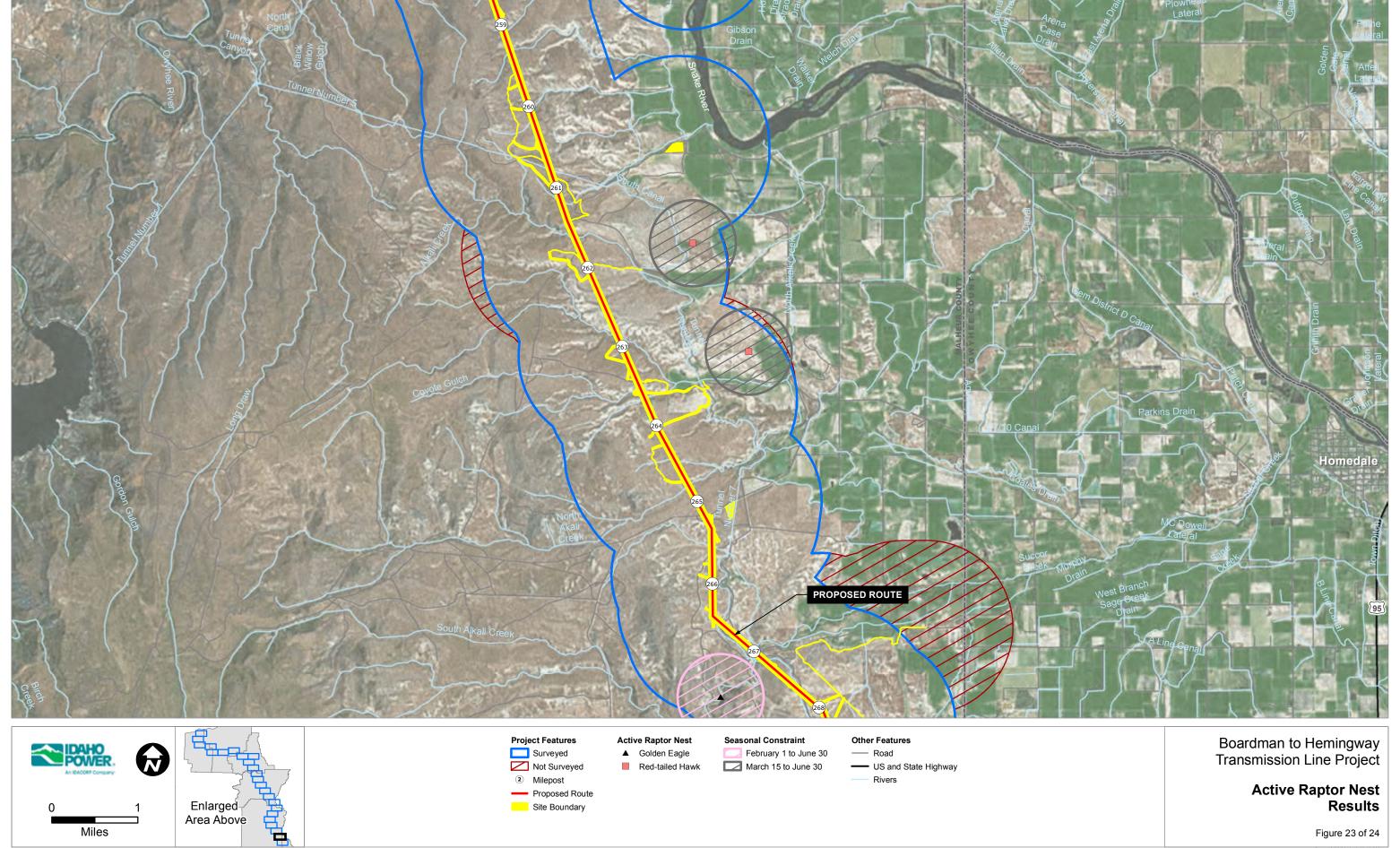


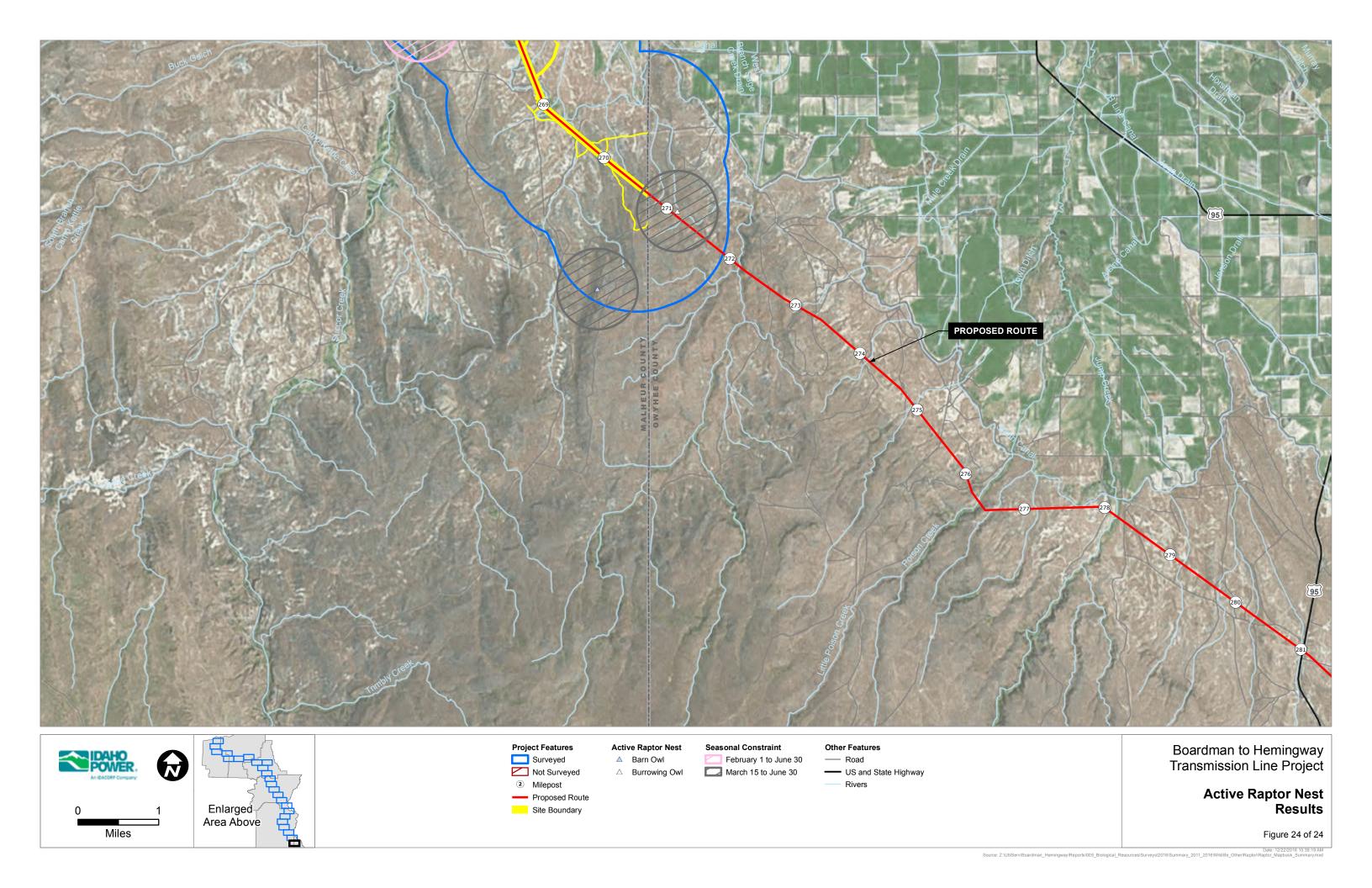






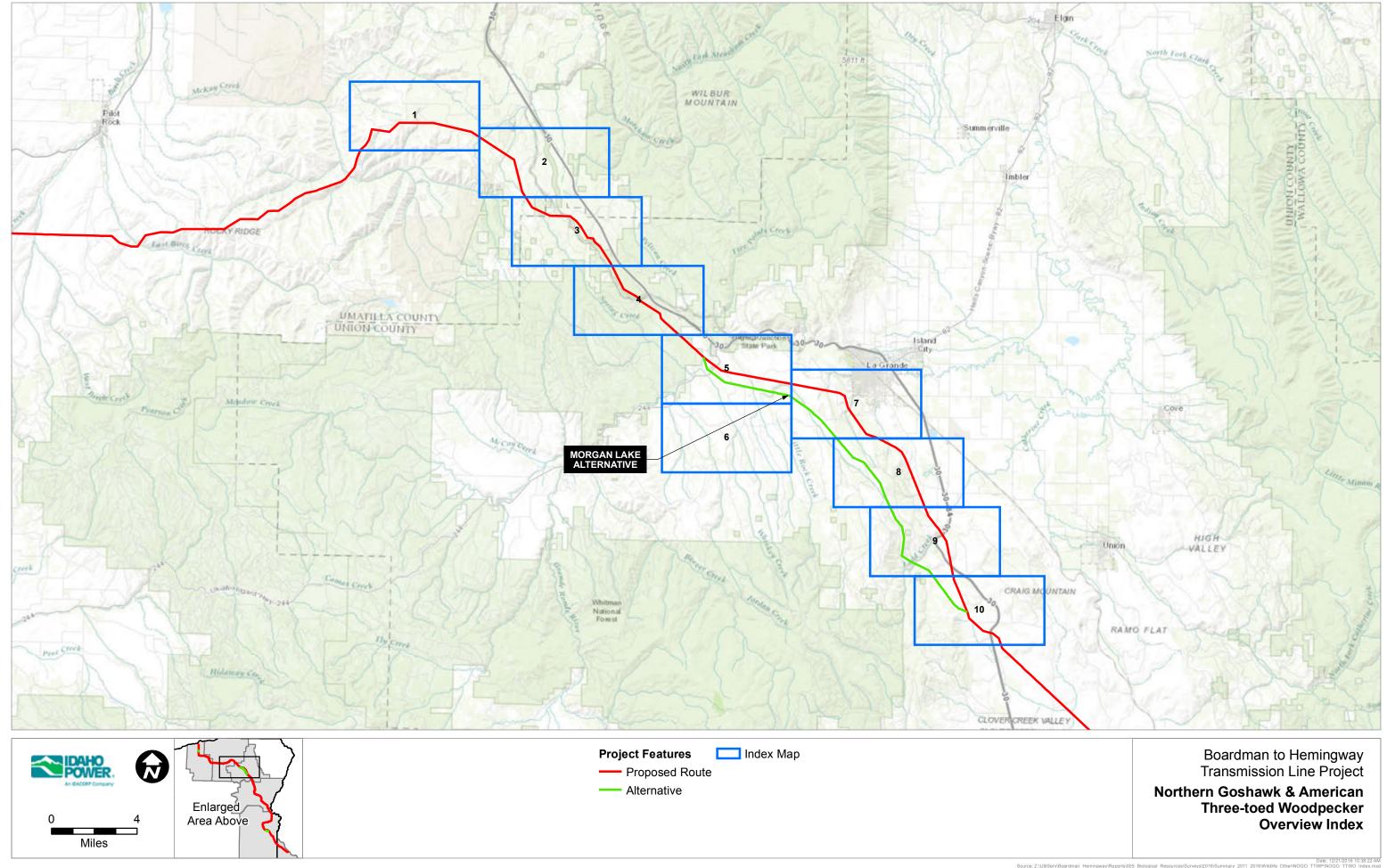


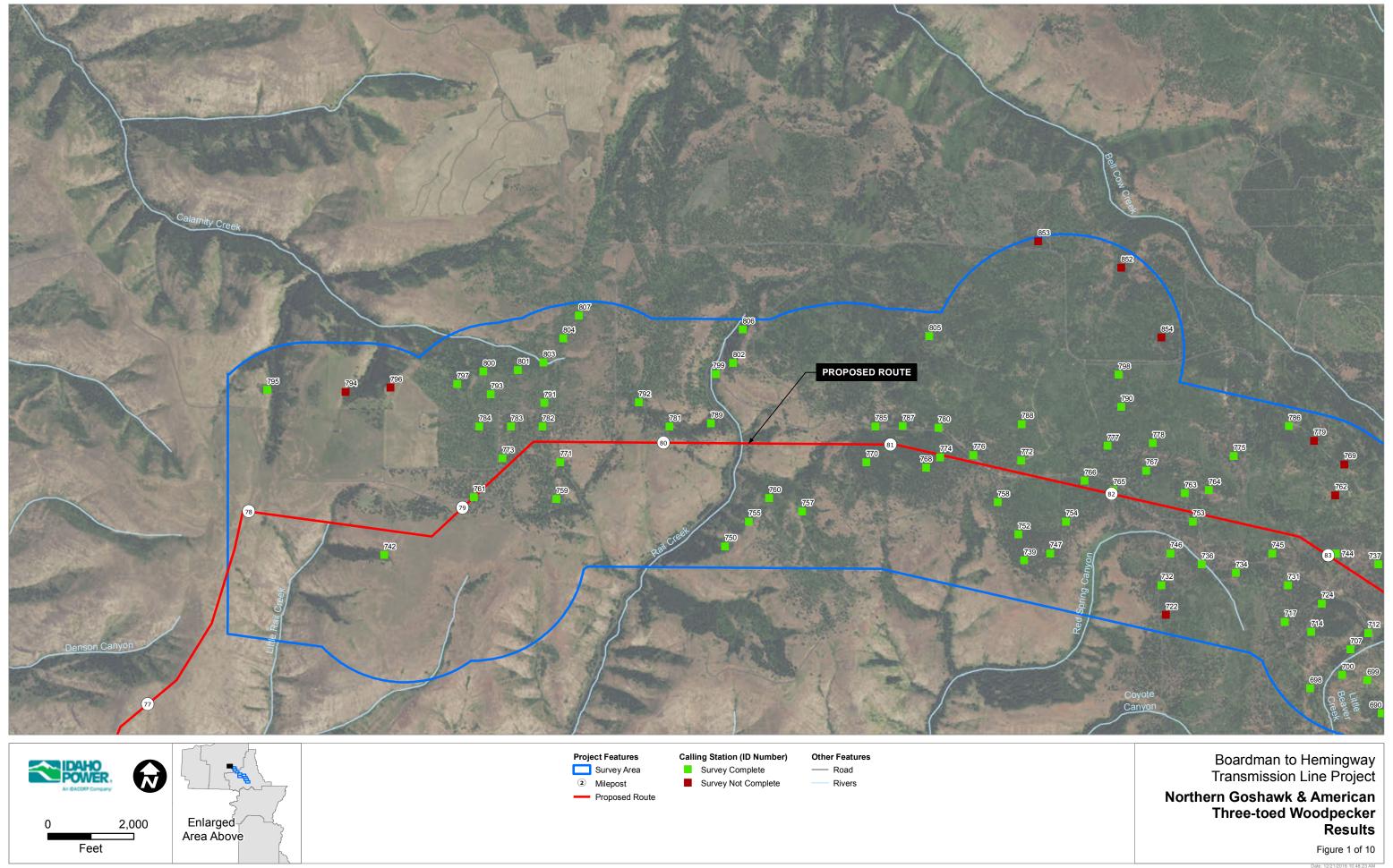


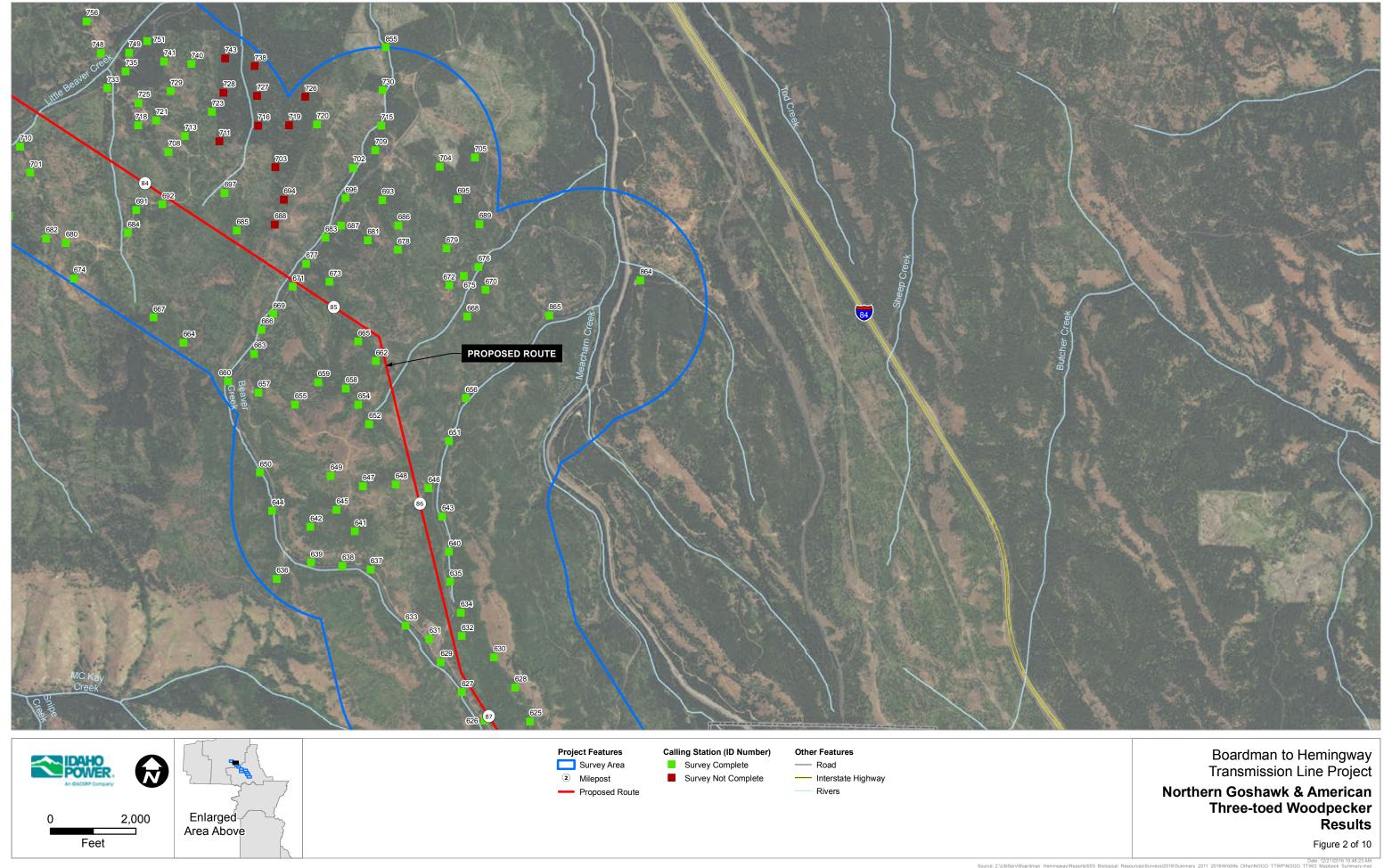


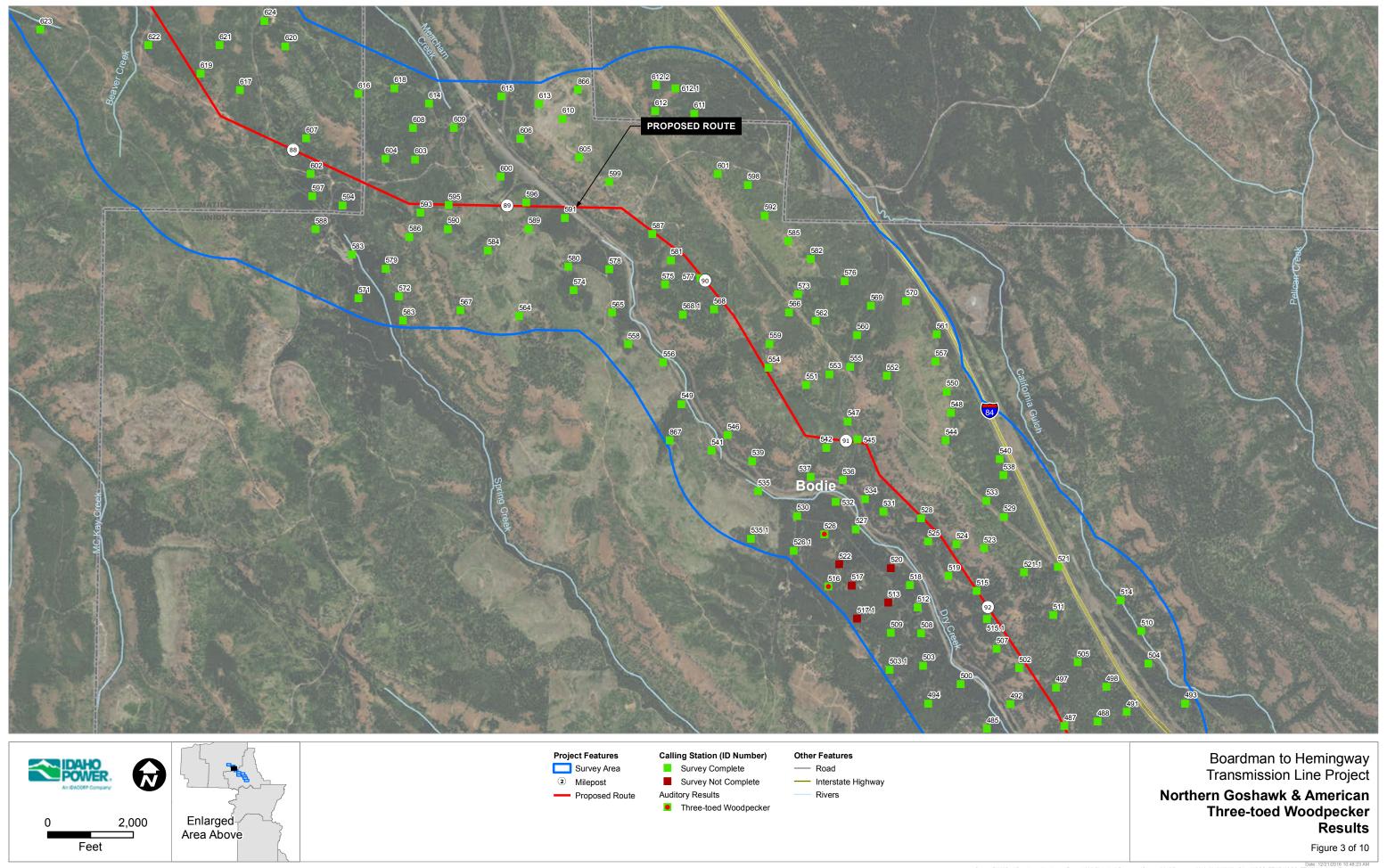
Appendix 6

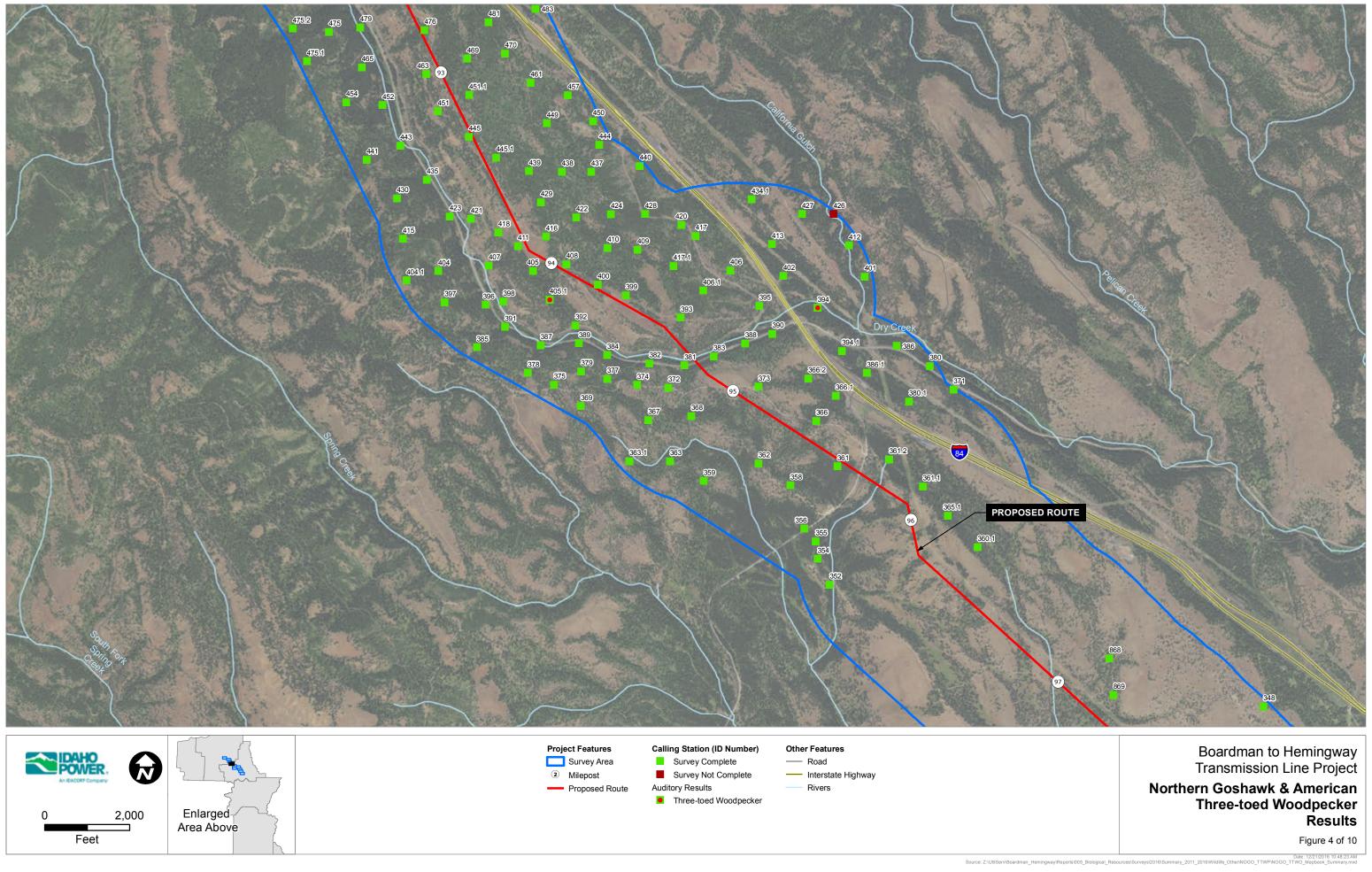
Northern Goshawk and
American Three-Toed Woodpecker Results Mapbook

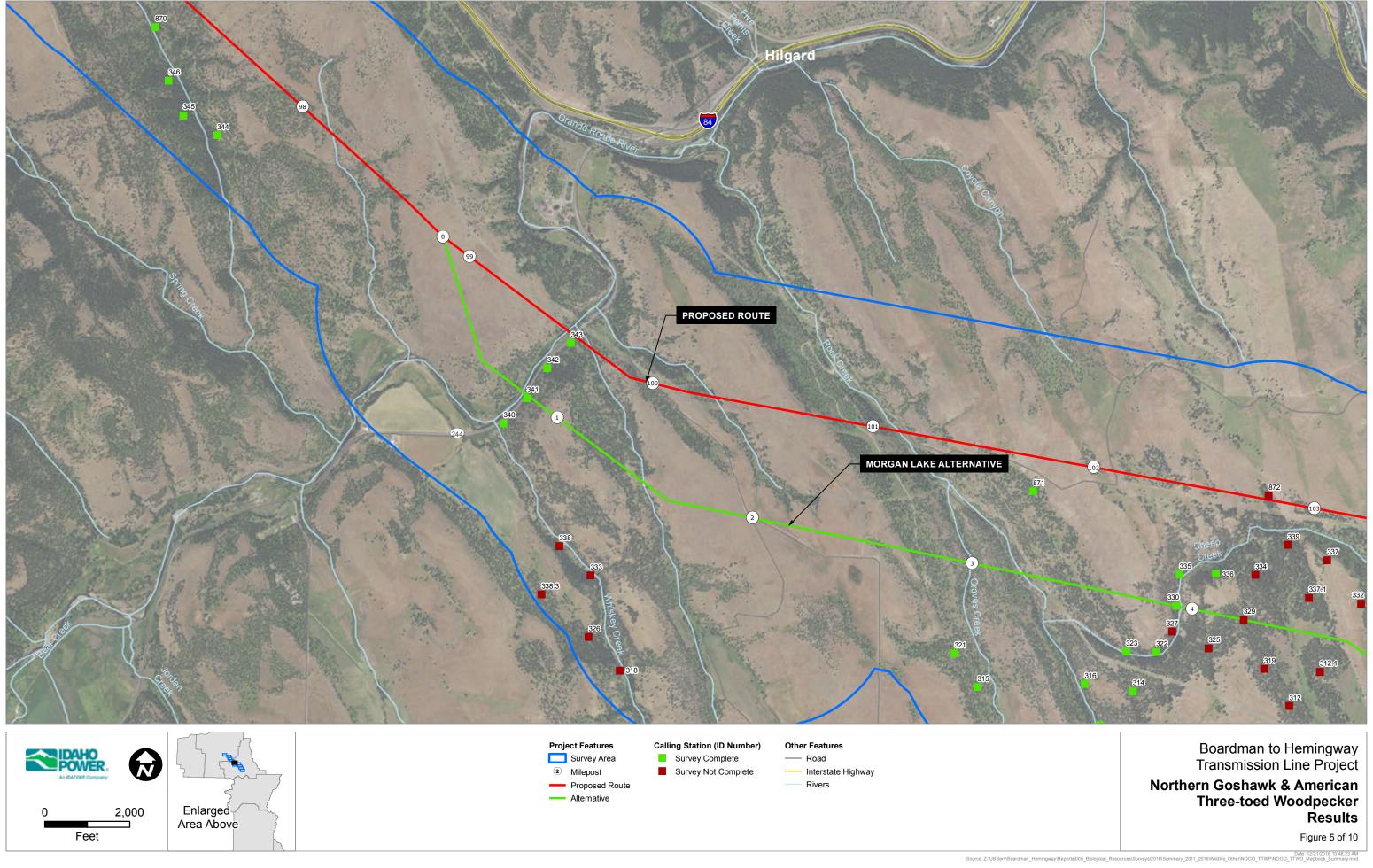


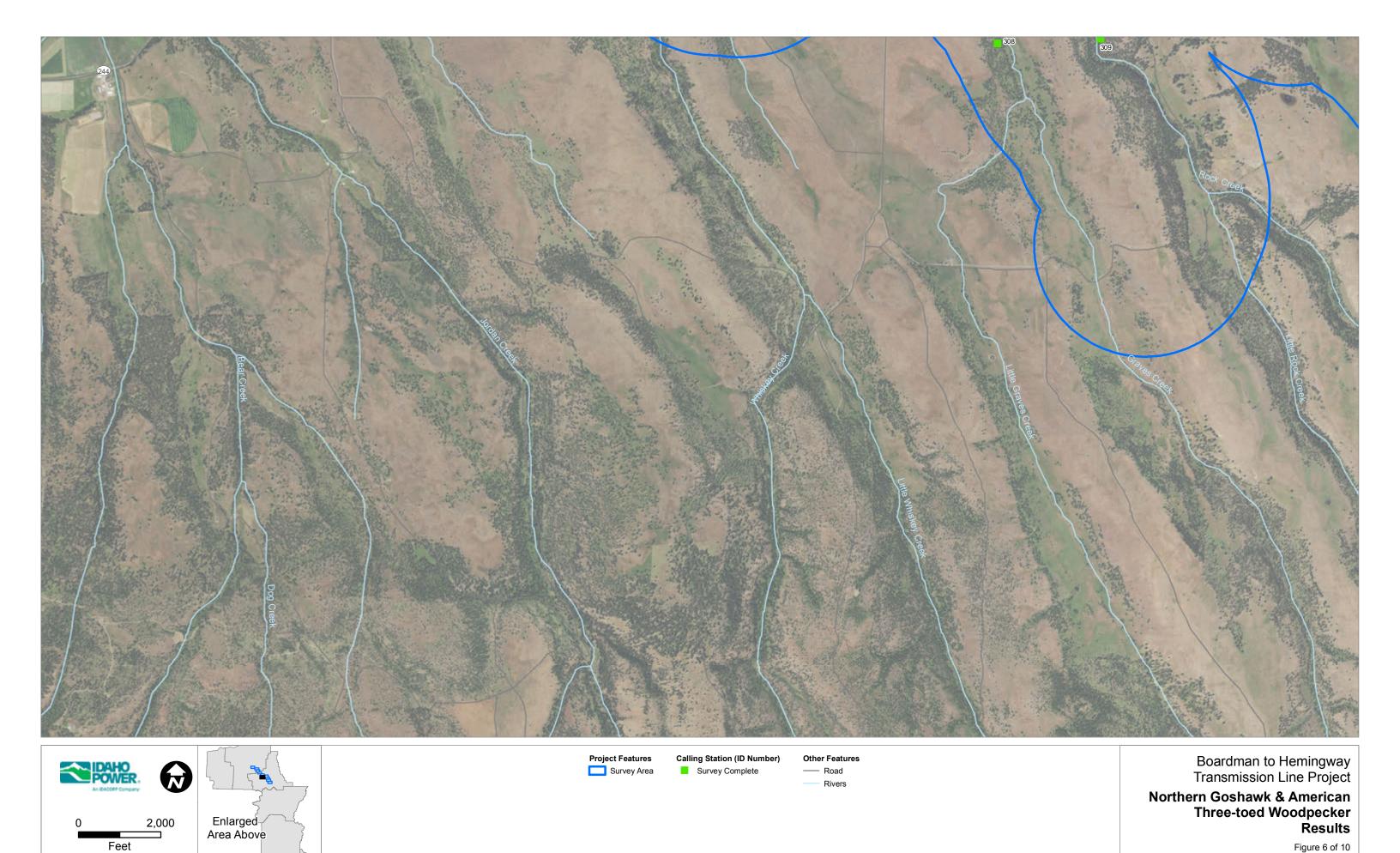


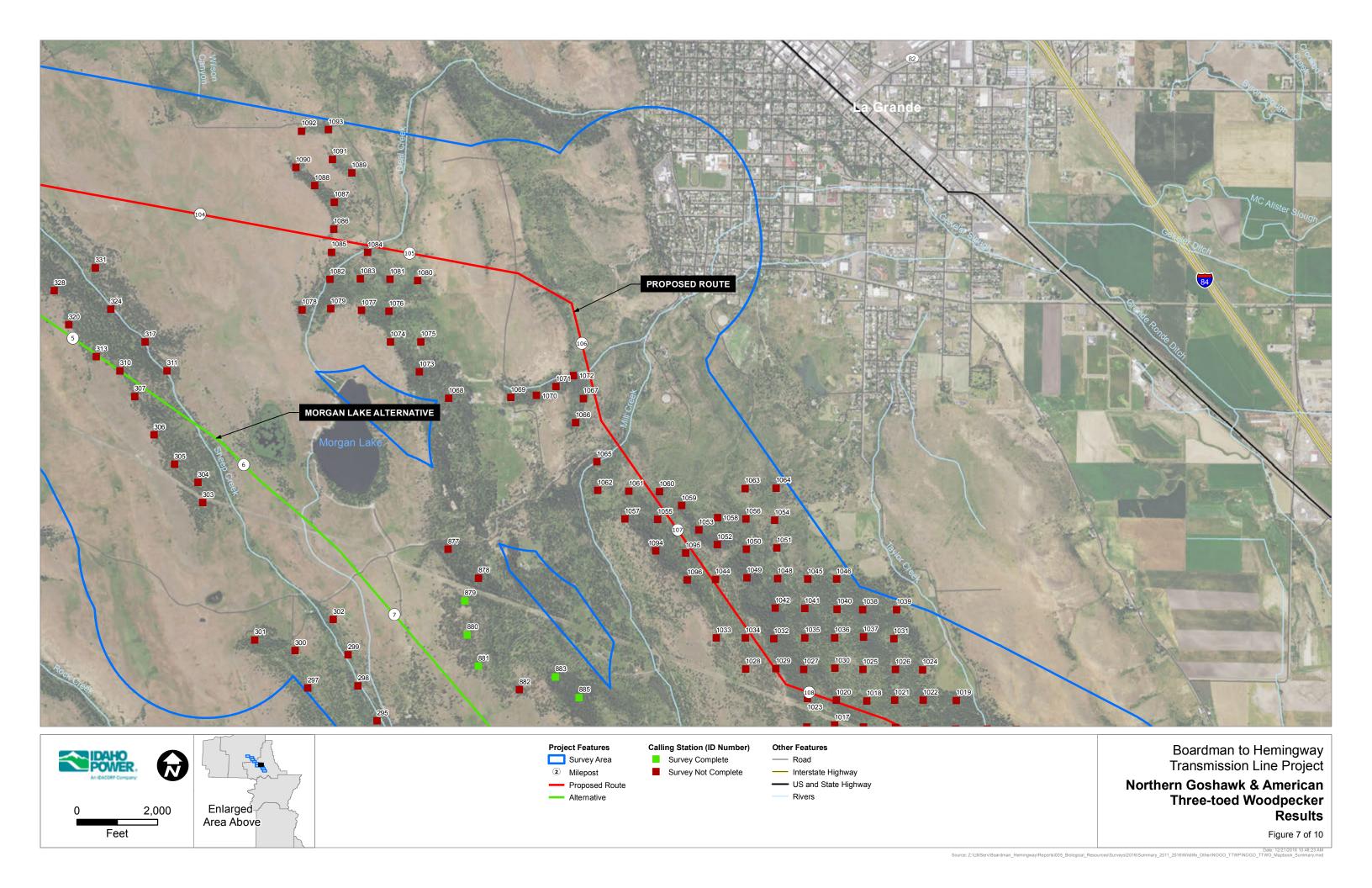


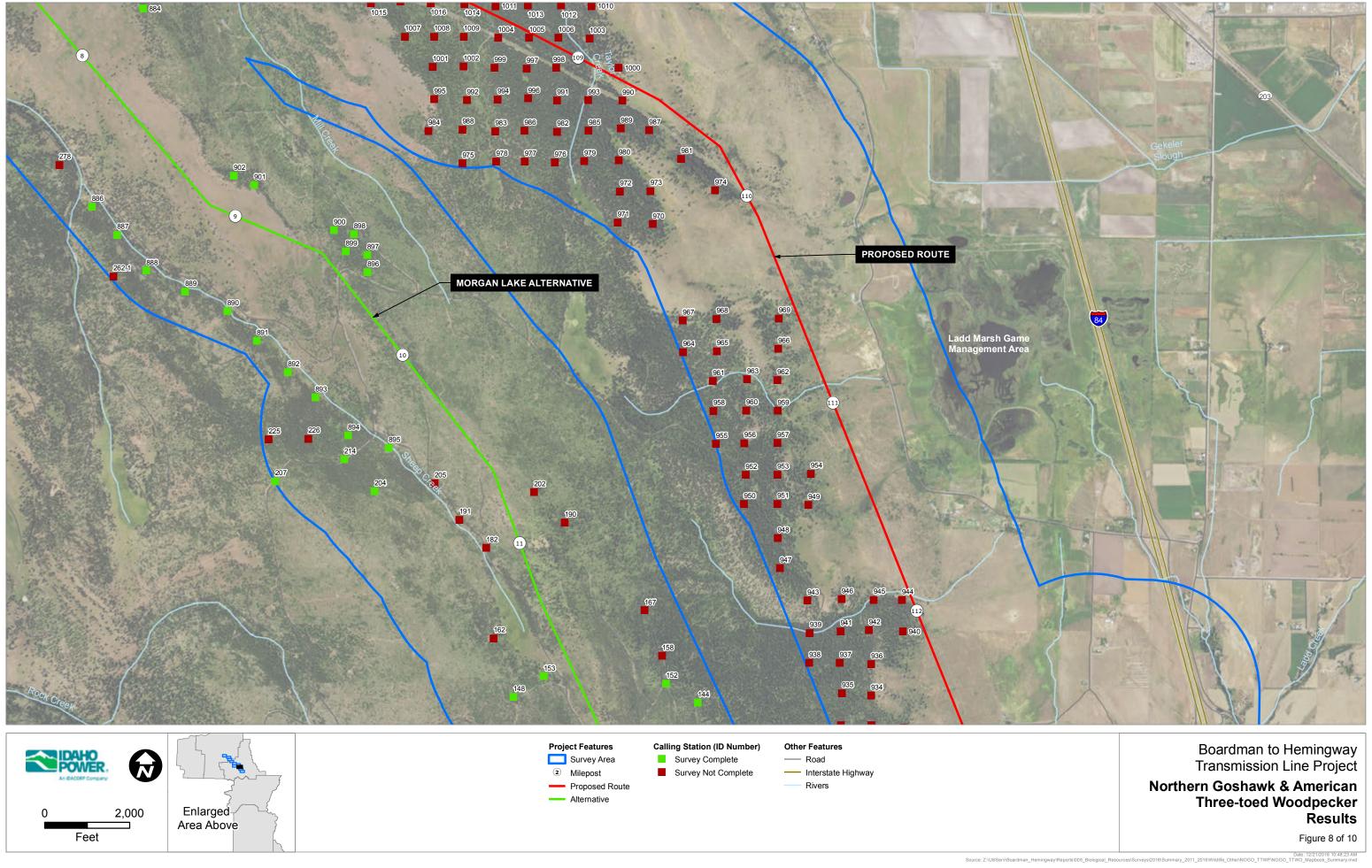


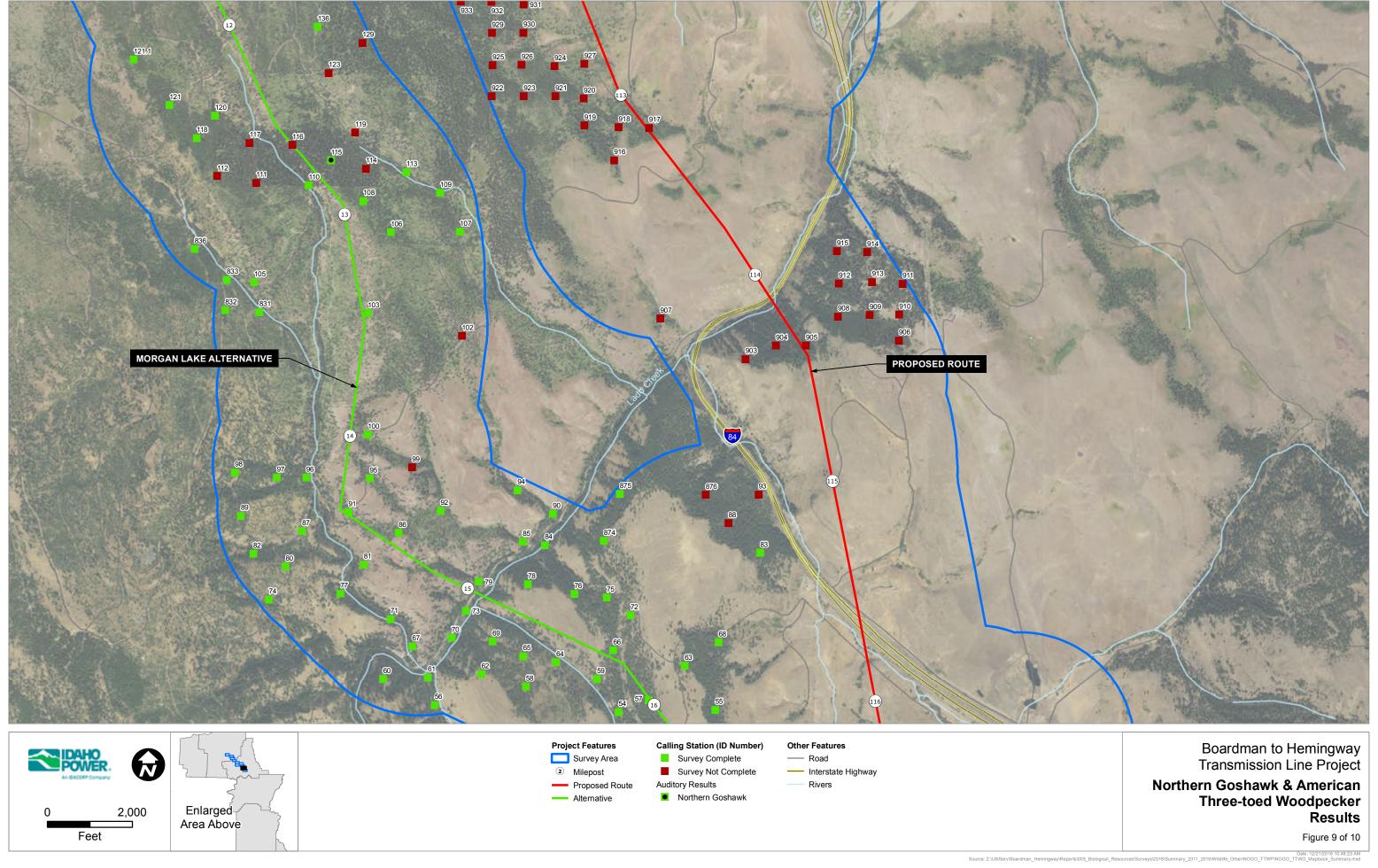


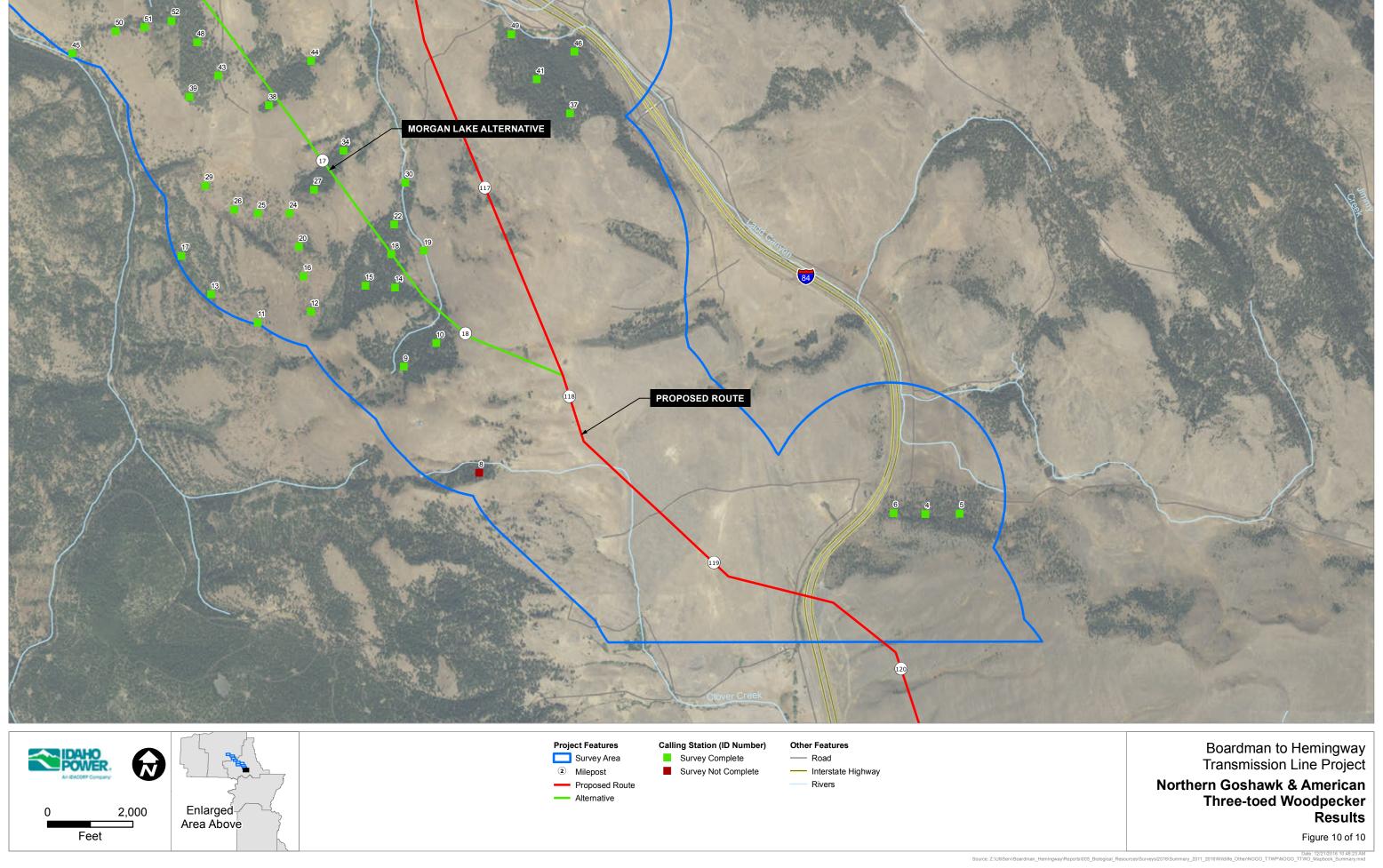






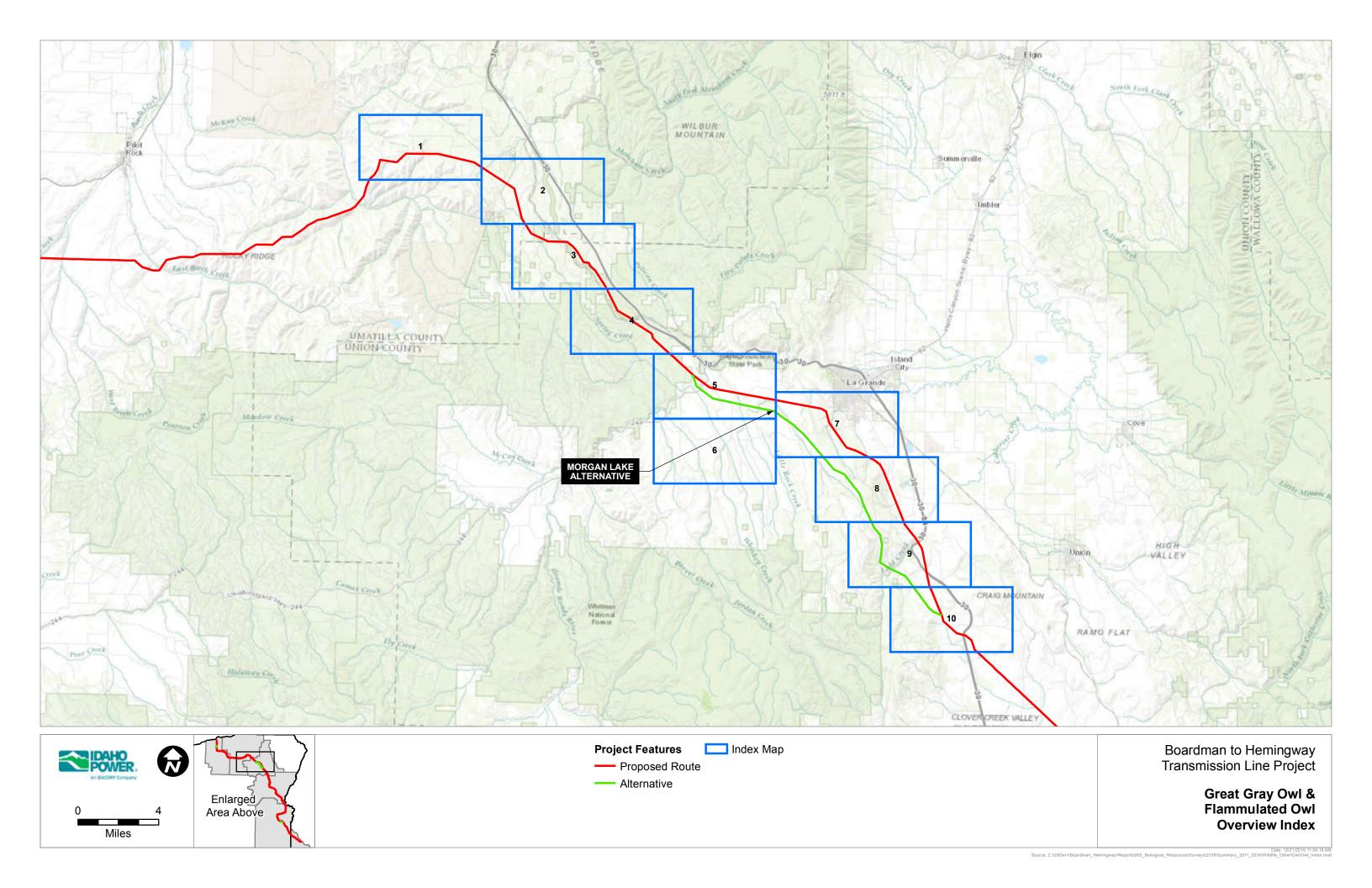


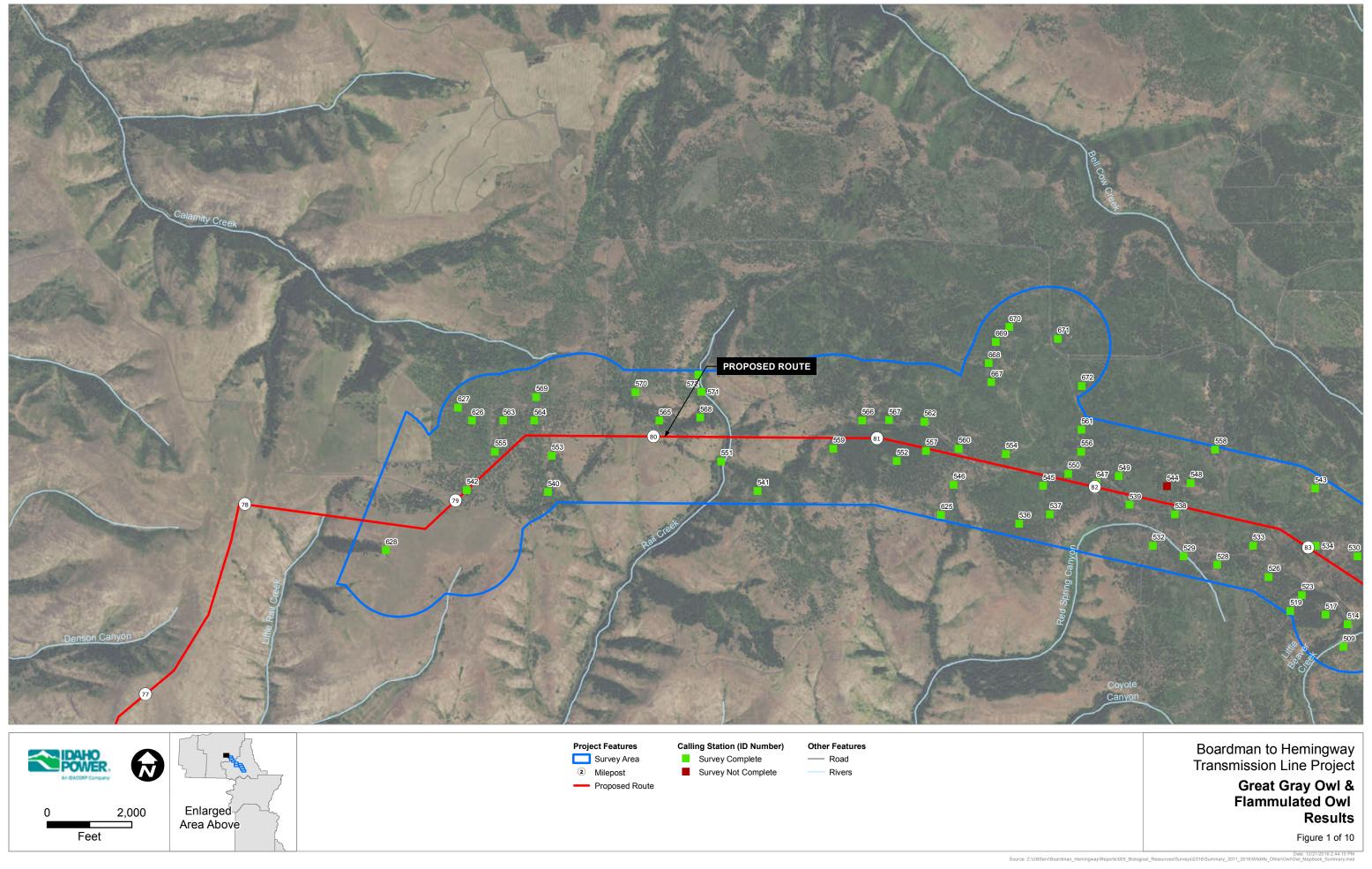


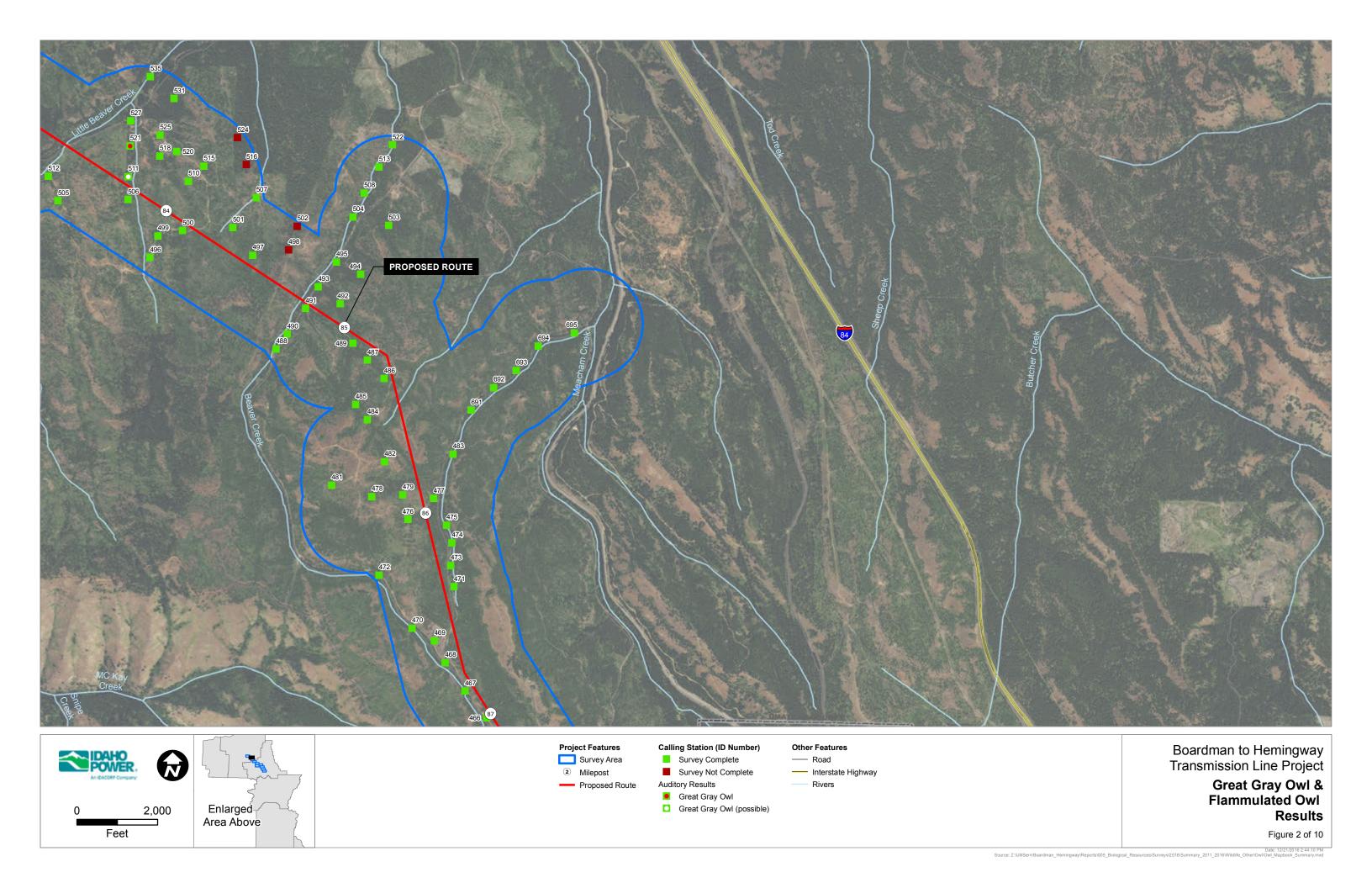


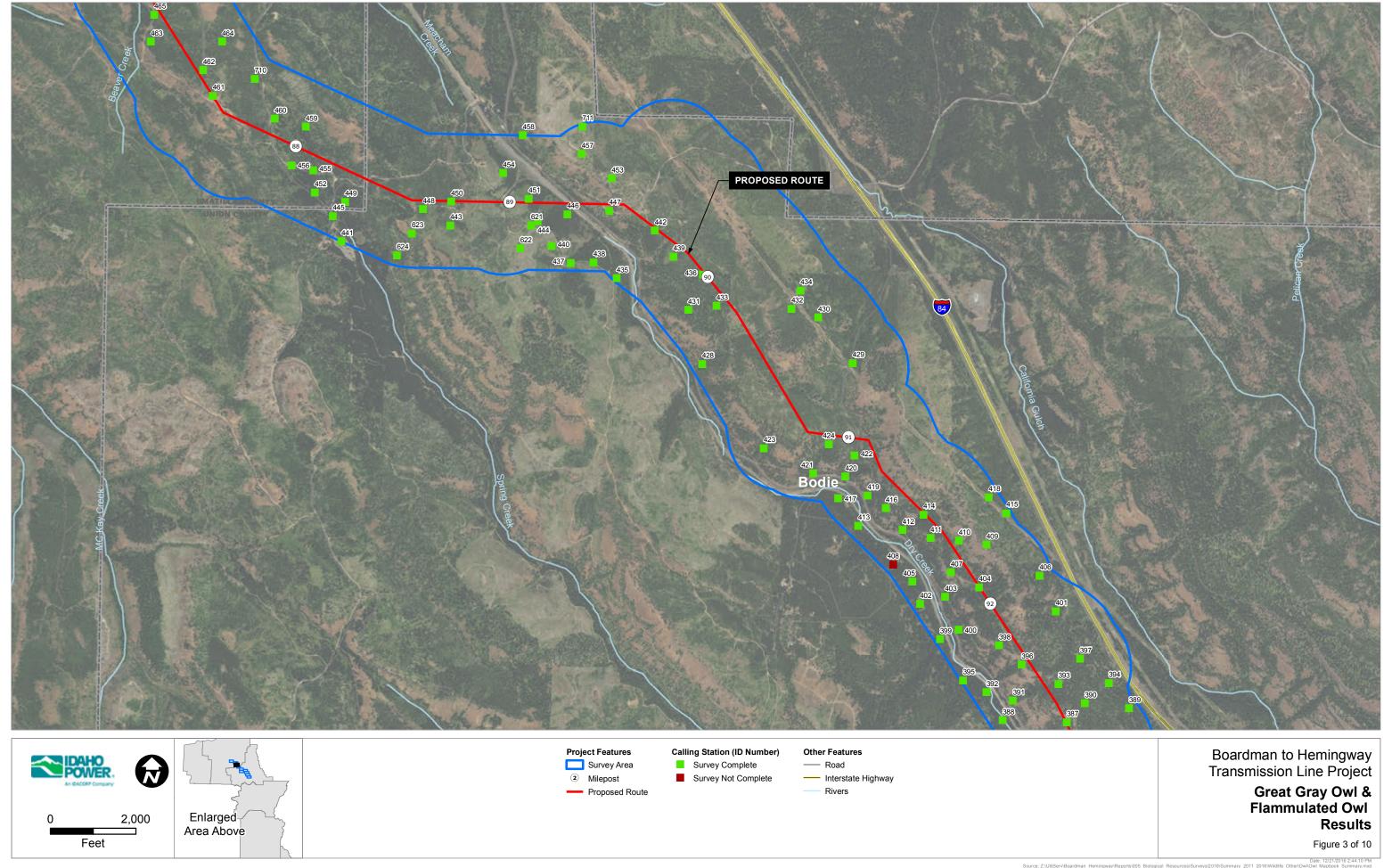
Appendix 7

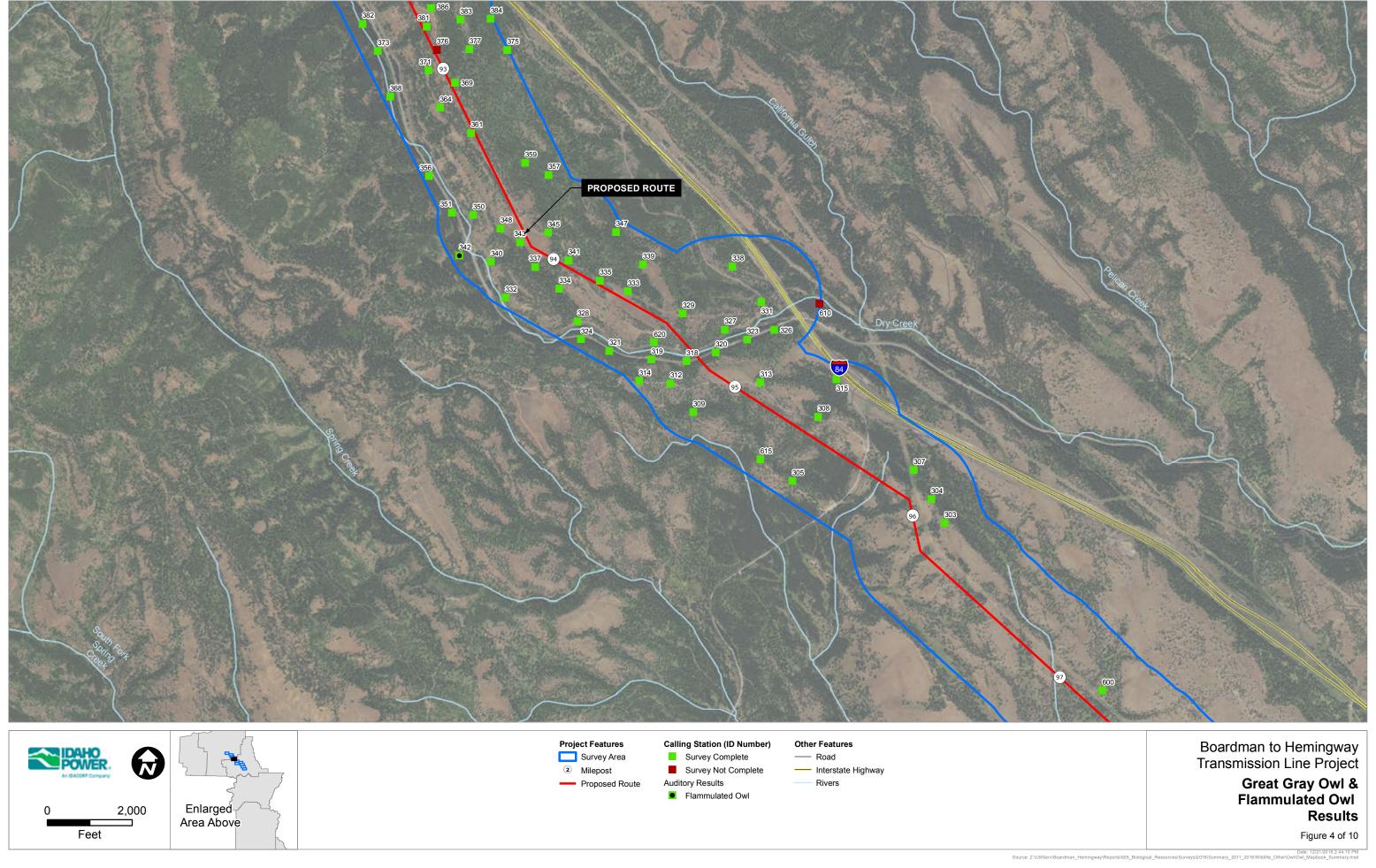
Great Gray Owl and
Flammulated Owl Results Mapbook

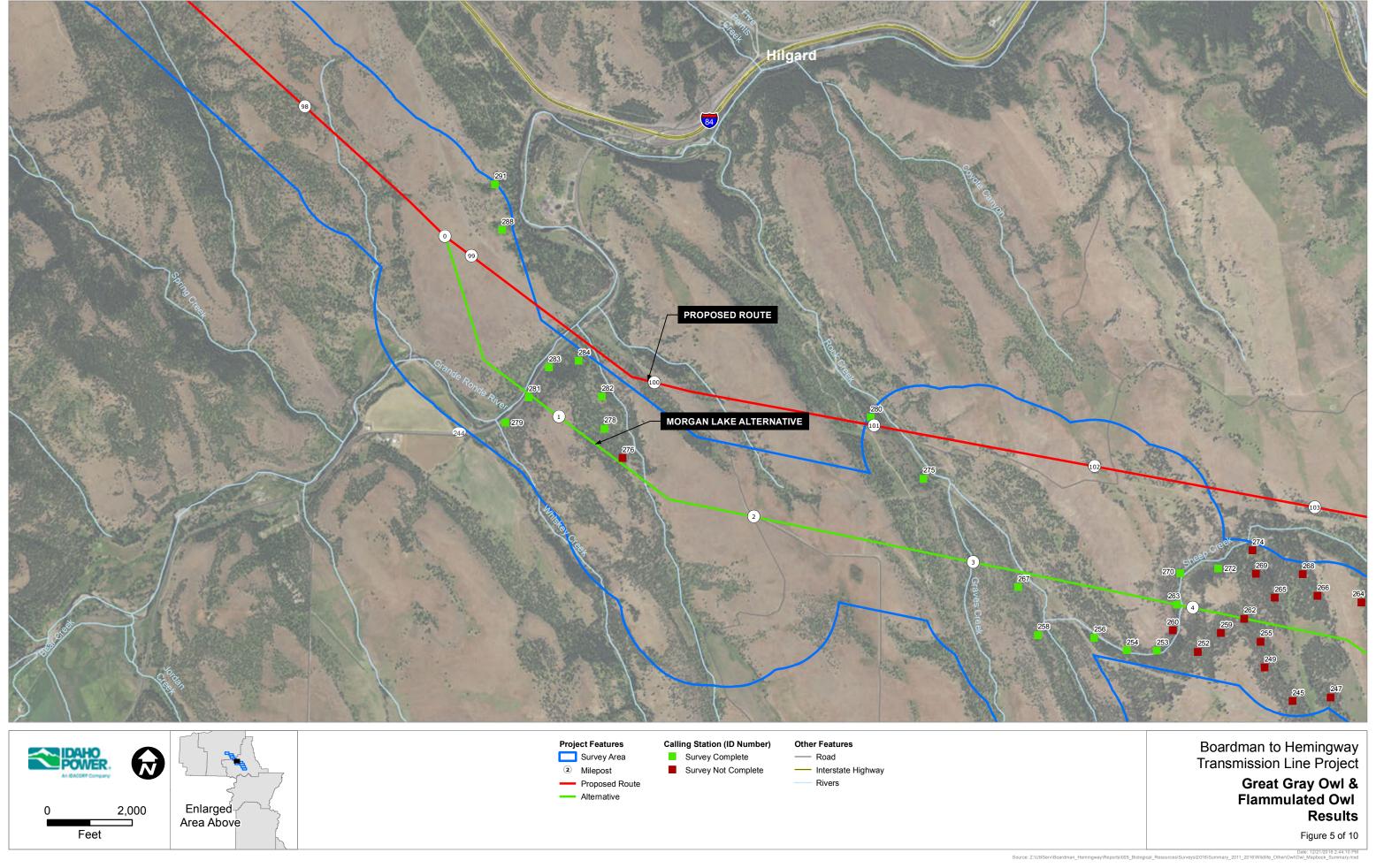


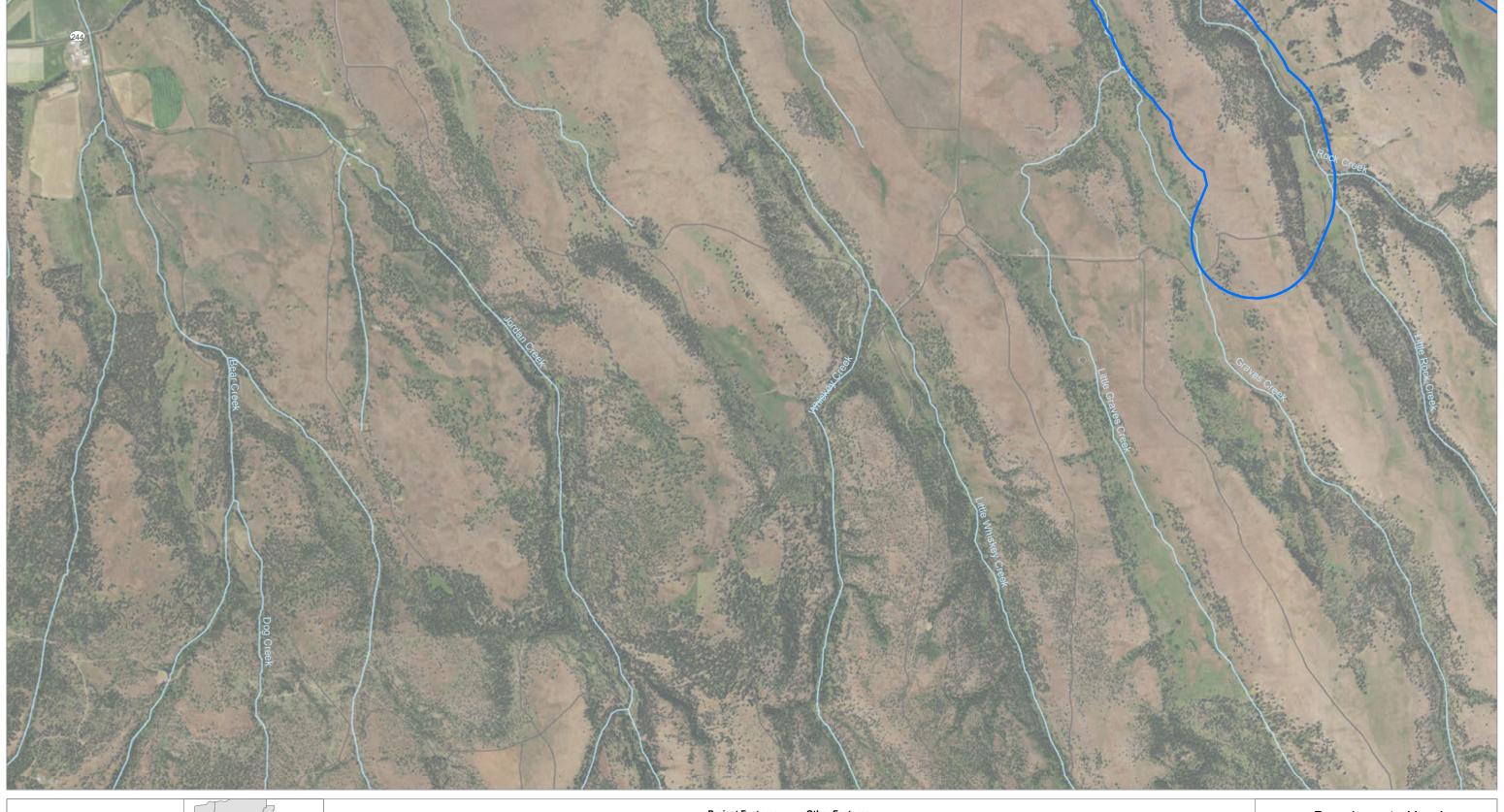


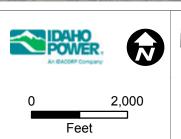
















Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line Project

Great Gray Owl & Flammulated Owl Results

Figure 6 of 10

