

Grant Terms and Conditions (Additions and Deletions) Addendum

Effective June 24, 2025

Grant Term Additions

The following terms and conditions are incorporated (as applicable) into the grant or cooperative agreement.

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Conflict of Interest

Recipients and subrecipients of federal assistance must have a written policy in place on conflicts of interest, including organizational conflicts of interest. The policy must include the process the recipient or subrecipient will take to identify, avoid, remove, and remedy conflicts of interest.

Federal assistance recipients must disclose in writing any real or potential conflict of interest to DOL. The disclosure must notify the Grant Officer through written letter or email and contain the appropriate grant number.

A conflict of interest occurs when an entity or individual's objectivity becomes impaired because there is a conflict between personal or self-serving interests and professional duties or responsibilities. Such a conflict occurs when an organization or individual has a vested interest, such as financial, status, knowledge, relationships, or reputation, which puts into question whether their actions, judgment, or decision-making can be unbiased. A conflict of interest can also arise when actions are taken or may appear to be taken by any entity involved in more than one role, such that the performance of that entity in one role affects its interest in its other role, thereby making it difficult for the entity to perform a grant process objectively and impartially.

A potential conflict of interest occurs when it is reasonably foreseeable that an entity or individual's objectivity could become impaired in the future due to a conflict between personal or self-serving interests and professional duties or responsibilities.

An organizational conflict of interest occurs when, because of relationships with a parent company, affiliate, or subsidiary organization, the recipient or subrecipient is unable or

appears to be unable to be impartial in conducting a grant action involving a related organization. Such conflicts may be actual or potential.

DOL requires that recipients of Federal funds use them in the best interest of the award program and therefore grant decisions must be free of undisclosed conflicts of interest including those that are real or potential conflicts, whether individual or organizational. When there are disclosed conflicts of interest in grant decisions, the recipient must notify DOL and take remedial action to resolve or mitigate the conflict.

The signatory authority or authorized official identified on the SF-424 application further certifies through their signature on the SF-424 application that any potential conflict of interest has been identified to the appropriate Grant Officer.

Termination

Per 2 CFR 200.340, the Federal award may be terminated in part, or its entirety as follows:

1. By DOL, if the recipient fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the award;
2. By DOL with the consent of the recipient, in which case the two parties must agree upon the termination conditions, including the effective date and, in the case of partial termination, the portion to be terminated;
3. By the recipient upon sending to the Grant Officer written notification setting forth the reasons for such termination, the effective date, and, in the case of partial termination, the portion to be terminated. However, if DOL determines in the case of partial termination that the reduced or modified portion of the award will not accomplish the purposes for which the award was made, DOL may terminate the award in its entirety; or
4. By DOL, to the greatest extent authorized by law, if the award no longer effectuates the program goals or agency priorities;

When an award is terminated in part or its entirety, the recipient remains responsible for compliance with the closeout and post-closeout requirements in 2 CFR 200.344 and 200.345.

Integrity and Performance Matters – Reporting Data to DOL [Applicable only to Unemployment Compensation (UC) Programs]

Specific to recipients of grants related to UC program(s), the state UI agency will disclose confidential UC information to the Department of Labor (DOL), including the Office of Inspector General (DOL-OIG), for UC program purposes. As discussed in Unemployment Insurance Program Letter (UIPL) No. 04-17, Change 1, and incorporating any subsequent amendments, state UI agencies must refer allegations that they reasonably believe constitute UC fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, or misconduct to the DOL-OIG. The state UI agency is also expected to comply with all DOL requests for confidential UC information to DOL for purposes of investigating fraud and performing audits for the UC program throughout the life of the grant.

Civil Rights Act of 1964 - Title VI, Prohibition Against National Origin Discrimination Affecting Limited English Proficient Persons

Pursuant to Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, award recipients must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to programs in accordance with DOL's Policy Guidance on the Prohibition of National Origin Discrimination as it Affects Persons with Limited English Proficiency, 68 FR 32289 (May 29, 2003), available at <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2003-05-29/html/03-13125.htm>; see also Appendix to 29 CFR 38.9 -Guidance to Recipients, available at <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-29/subtitle-A/part-38/subpart-A/section38.9>. Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. Award recipients are encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons served or encountered both in developing budgets and in conducting programs and activities. For assistance and information regarding your LEP obligations, go to LEP.gov.

Grant Term Deletions

The following terms and conditions are deleted (as applicable) from the grant or cooperative agreement.

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Executive Order 13166 – Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency

As clarified by EO 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, dated August 11, 2000, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, award recipients must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to programs in accordance with DOL's Policy Guidance on the Prohibition of National Origin Discrimination as it Affects Persons with Limited English Proficiency, 68 FR 32289 (May 29, 2003). Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. Award recipients are encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons served or encountered both in developing budgets and in conducting programs and activities. For assistance and information regarding your LEP obligations, go to LEP.gov.

Promoting Equitable Delivery of Government Benefits and Equal Opportunity

The Department of Labor (Labor) seeks to affirmatively advance equity, civil rights and equal opportunity in the policies, programs, and services it provides. Therefore, consistent with Executive Order 13985, Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government, grant award and cooperative agreement recipients must execute the terms and conditions of their award in a manner that advances equity for all, including people of color and others who have been historically underserved, marginalized, and adversely affected by persistent poverty and inequality. This extends to all award activities including, but not limited to, service delivery, selection of subrecipients and contractors, and procurement of goods and services. Government programs are designed to serve all eligible individuals. As an expectation, Labor's award recipients should make the goods and services they provide widely available with the goal of effectively serving a diverse population of eligible individuals; fairly, justly, and impartially in administering the grant award. Award recipients are encouraged to engage in contracting and subcontracting for goods and services related to performing the terms and conditions of their grants in such a way to achieve equity. The term "equity" means the consistent and systematic fair, just, and impartial treatment of all individuals, including individuals who belong to underserved communities that have been denied such treatment, such as Black, Latino, and Indigenous and Native American persons, Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders and other persons of color; members of religious minorities; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer (LGBTQ+) persons; persons with disabilities; persons who live in rural areas; and persons otherwise adversely affected by persistent poverty or inequality. The term "underserved communities" refers to populations sharing a particular characteristic, as well as geographic communities, that have been systematically denied a full opportunity to participate in aspects of economic, social, and civic life, as exemplified by the list in the preceding definition of "equity."