

#### Project Goals:

- 1. Help the City improve the vitality of its Downtown through good urban design
- 2. Improve multi-modal transportation access to the Downtown core and Western Oregon University
- 3. Examine parking management strategies
- 4. Address the barrier Highway 99 currently creates between Monmouth's Downtown and other parts of the city.





### General Urban Design Considerations

A solid building wall defines the street and creates interest for pedestrians













## General Urban Design Considerations

### Buildings built to the edge of the sidewalk







### General Urban Design Considerations

Parking located behind (or to the side of) buildings









## Ground Floor Building Design

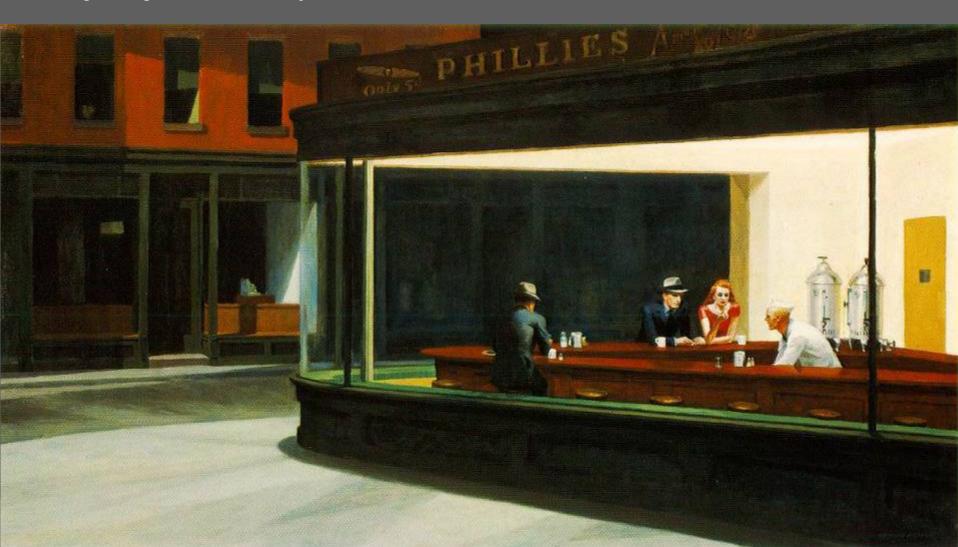
High degree of visibility (fenestration)



Portland, OR

## Ground Floor Building Design

High degree of visibility (fenestration)



## Ground Floor Building Design

Inviting building entries



Portland, OR

## Ground Floor Building Design

Pedestrian - oriented ground floors



Portland, OR

## Ground Floor Building Design

#### **Quality building Materials**



Portland, OR Sand Point, ID Portland, OR

#### The Sidewalk and the Street



Pedestrian zone

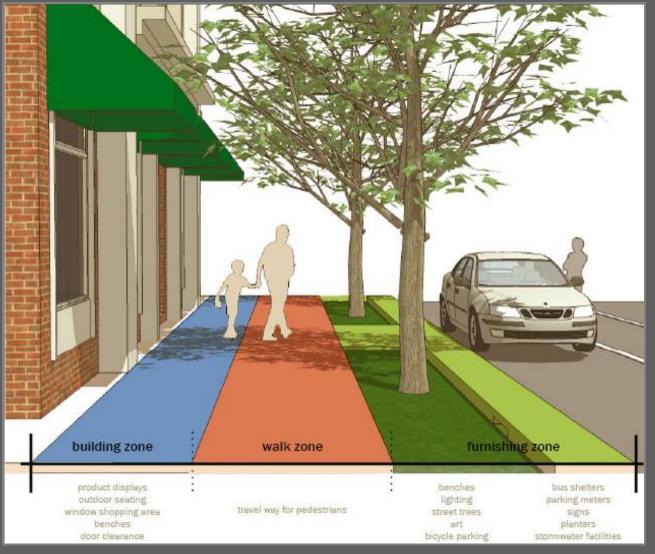
Parking zone

Travel zone

Parking zone

Pedestrian zone

### The Sidewalk and the Street: Zones of the Sidewalk





### Pedestrian Zone Elements







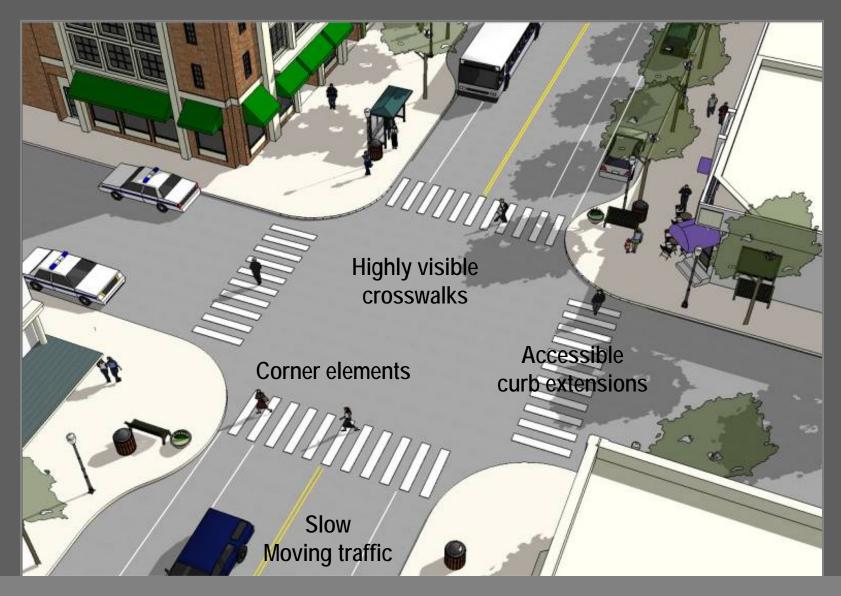


### Pedestrian Zone Elements





## Other Pedestrian Elements: Crossings



# Other Pedestrian Elements: Crossings



### Other Intersection Elements







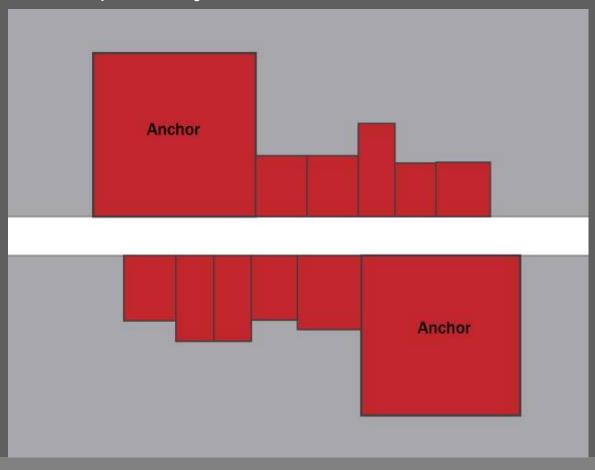
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2. Developing Downtown's Retail Presence...

### General Retail and Urban Design Considerations

1. Strong anchors (preferably at the ends of the downtown core)





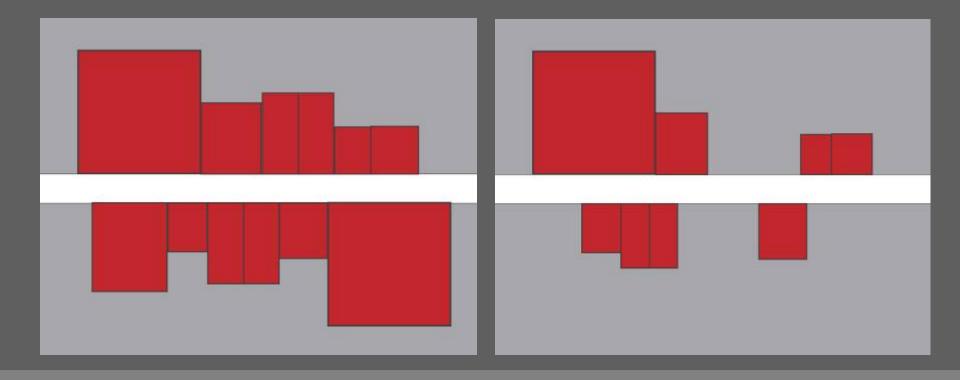






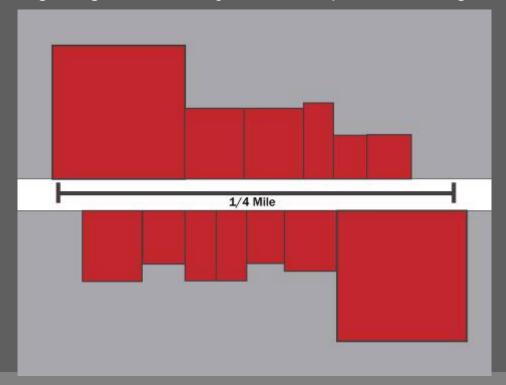
#### General Retail and Urban Design Considerations

- 1. Strong anchors (preferably at the ends)
- 2. Uninterrupted retail on both sides of the street



#### General Retail and Urban Design Considerations

- Strong anchors (preferably at the ends)
- 2. Uninterrupted retail on both sides of the street
- 3. ¼ mile walking length (and may be vital up to ½ mile given sufficient density)



#### 2. DEVELOPING DOWNTOWN'S RETAIL PRESENCE

### General Retail and Urban Design Considerations

- 1. Strong anchors (preferably at the ends)
- 2. Uninterrupted retail on both sides of the street
- 3. 1/4 mile walking length
- 4. "Critical mass"

Focus on key corners to build momentum





 Actively pursue potential businesses that would improve Downtown's retail mix



Restaurants



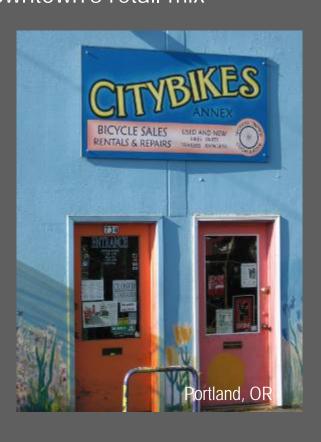
- Restaurants
- Beer and / or wine bars



- Restaurants
- Beer and / or wine bars
- Small / independent movie theaters



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- Small movie theaters
- Bookstores



- Restaurants
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- Bookstores
- Other retailers targeting college population



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- Small hotels, bed and breakfasts, and inns



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- Small hotels , bed and breakfasts, and inns
- Art galleries and arts-oriented commercial space

#### 2. DEVELOPING DOWNTOWN'S RETAIL PRESENCE

#### Focusing on a Development Strategy



- Restaurants
- Beer and / or wine bars
- Small movie theaters
- Bookstores
- Other retailers targeting college population
- Small hotels , bed and breakfasts, and inns
- Art galleries and arts-oriented commercial space
- Farmers' markets



# Beyond Retail: The Importance of HOUSING

- Density = Rooftops to support retail
- "Eyes on the street" for public safety
- Housing diversity benefits



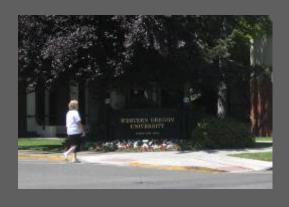
### How to Get There?

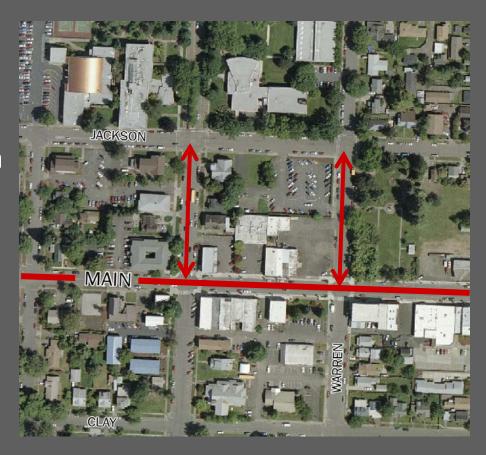
Approach owners of underutilized properties (especially at key corners)

### How to Get There?

# Maximize relationship with the University as a partner

 Develop a continuous physical presence between Main Street and the University (along Warren and Monmouth)





### How to Get There?

# Involve the University in Downtown's development

- Locate the University Bookstore (or other University-related uses) on Main Street
- Recruit faculty members to house / conduct businesses on Main Street



### How to Get There?

Be cautious about over-zoning for retail / commercial at the outer periphery

### How to Get There?

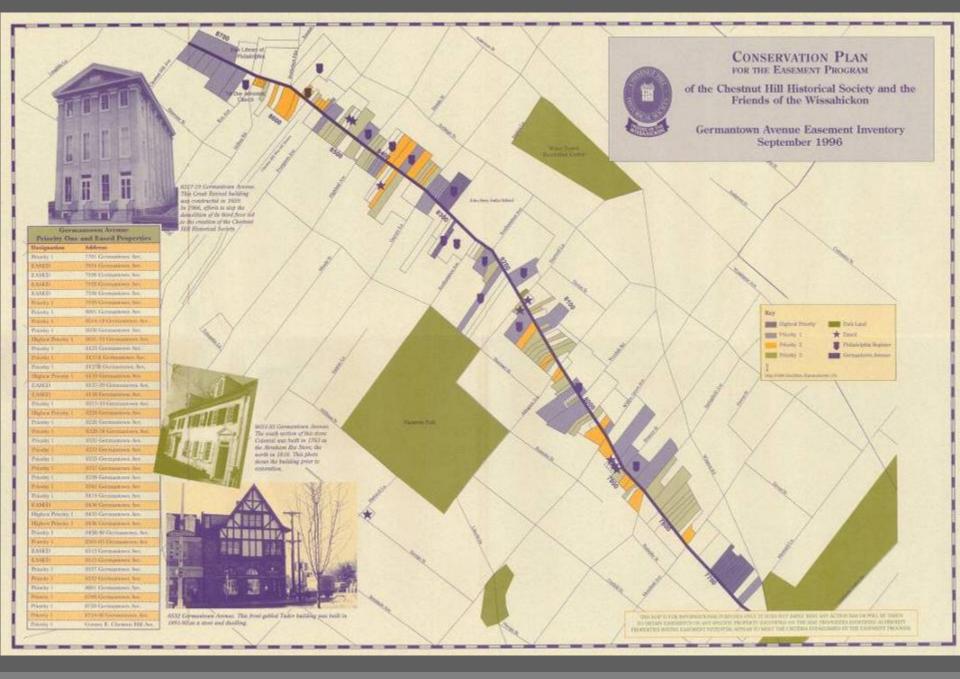
### Funding redevelopment

 The City may consider offering a temporary subsidy for new businesses within the URA (to help them get established)

### How to Get There?

#### Other tools:

- Development Opportunity Strategies
- Establish a Downtown Business Association or Management Group involving the University



#### How to Get There?

Other tools...

Investigate Development Opportunity Strategies such as:

- Establishing a Downtown Management Group, involving the University
- Assisting with historic designations (redevelopments may be eligible for Historic Tax Credits)
- Establishing a (non-profit) Community Development Corporation between the City, businesses, and the University
- Pursuing cooperative business models, food co-operatives, bookstores,
  galleries (cooperatives can reduce the cost of operating / running a business)
- Utilizing Federal Community Development Block Grants (issued through Polk County)
- Accessing state infrastructure grants
- Acquiring EPA grants for green infrastructure, including Green Street design.



### Linking East and West

- Create a "Gateway" at 99 and Main to announce the Downtown
- Need a prominent building (2-3 stories) to create an inviting sense of arrival









# Linking East and West

Continue street improvements along Main between Downtown and 99





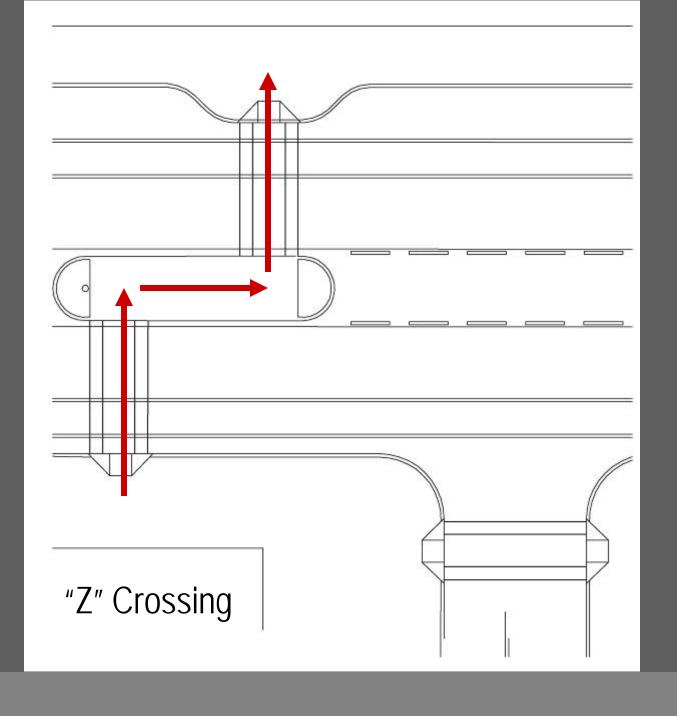


# Linking East and West

 Work with ODOT to identify additional crossing opportunities across 99 (pedestrian, bike, and car)







# 4. Circulation and Congestion...



# Traffic is good for business

- Need a certain number of cars per day on a street to support a retail node
- Traffic (and some degree of congestion) is good for business



## The Effect of One-Way Streets on Retail Viability

- Commercial districts generally benefit from two-way streets which maximize circulation and visibility
- One-way streets may result in speeding (especially if parking spaces are not full)
- Need to determine what exactly the problem is to be addressed before implementing a one-way plan, especially since the only reason is to fix a parking problem
- Need to evaluate in context of the Transportation Systems Plan (TSP) update



### Multi-Modal Transportation...Bicycles

- Standard for bike lanes typically 3,000 cars per day and 25 mph travel speeds.
- May look at producing an official bike routes map, and tying this into the City's Destinations Map
- Look at providing bike parking downtown (could be sponsored by and help identify local businesses)

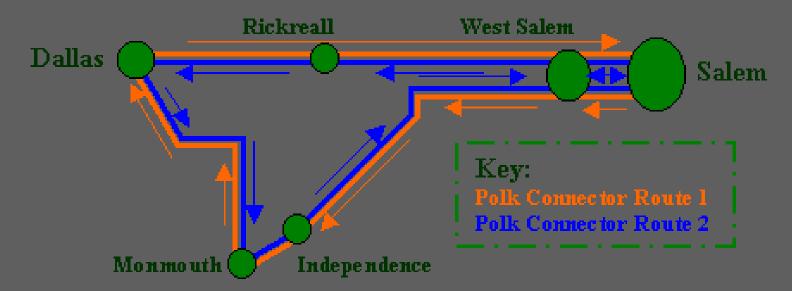




### Multi-Modal Transportation...Transit

#### CARTS

- Transit service between Marion, Polk, and Yamhill Counties for senior citizens, disabled, and economically disadvantaged citizens
- Stops at WOU Campbell Hall, and Main Street
- Service Monday through Friday, six times / day



# Multi-Modal Transportation...Transit

Transit stop amenities



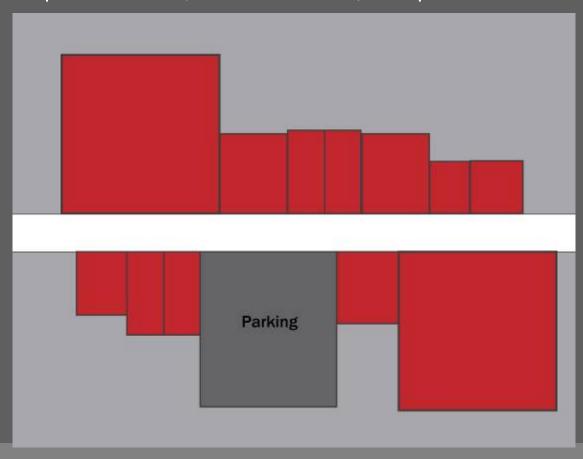








Convenient, quick access (at the front door) vs. "park once and walk"



- The problem: long-term parkers often take up short-term spaces
- These long term parkers are often employees of neighboring businesses



- The solution: Provide both long-term and short-term facilities to provide for both employees and customers
  - On-street, "front door" parking
  - Centrally-located (City-operated?) off-street facility



## Possible **Long-term** parking strategies:

- Existing campus lot presents an opportunity
- Investigate whether campus lots may be used by the City during evenings, and weekends
- Other shared parking strategies





## Possible **Short-term** parking strategies:

- Timed parking in front of businesses to ensure short-term customer parking
  - The need for enforcement (this is crucial)
  - Enforcement may be funded through an Economic Improvement District





### On-Street Parking Configurations

### Diagonal vs. Parallel:

- Diagonal requires more room (17 feet from the curb), but yields more spaces
- Diagonal parking may not be ideal where headlights may shine into businesses (better situated on side streets)
- Diagonal parking can be dangerous for bicycles





# Recommended First Step:

- Need to assess the current parking situation...
  - Do we have a parking problem?
  - If so, what kind of problem?

