LAND USE BOARD OF APPEALS

1	BEFORE THE LAND USE BOARD OF APPENDES 3 13 PM '80			
2	OF THE STATE OF OREGON			
3	ROGER DENHAM and ROGER)			
4	PADDOCK,)			
5	Petitioner,) LUBA: 80-013			
6	vs.) FINAL OPINION AND ORDER			
7	CLACKAMAS COUNTY,			
8	Respondent.)			
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11	Appeal from Clackamas County			
12 13	Bernard B. Brink, Hillsboro, filed the petition for review and argued the cause for Petitioners. With him on the brief were Brink, Moore, Brink & Peterson.			
14 15	Scott H. Parker, County Counsel, and Beth Blount Assistant County Counsel, Clackamas County, filed the petition and argued the cause for Respondent.			
16 17	Cox, Referee; Reynolds, Chief Referee; Bagg, Referee; participated in the decision.			
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19	Affirmed. June 2, 1980			
20	You are entitled to judicial review of this Order.			
21	Judicial review is governed by the provisions of Oregon Laws			
22	1979, ch 772, sec 6(a).			
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Cox Referee. 1 NATURE OF PROCEEDING 2 Petitioners challenge the land use action of Clackamas 3 County Board of Commissioners denying their request for a minor partitioning. Respondent Clackamas County entered its decision on December 21, 1980. STANDING Respondents concede petitioners standing. 8 ISSUES WHICH PETITIONERS SEEK TO HAVE REVIEWED 9 Petitioners set forth as assignments of error the 10 following: 11 Petitioners complied with the zoning requirements on this parcel. 12 "2. The commissioners' order is not supported by 13 adequate facts and conclusions of law; and, there are not facts in the record from which the commissioners 14 could determine that sixty feet of road frontage requires a lot width being the entire length of the 15 lots of sixty feet. 16 "3. The commissioners, in essence, amended the zoning ordinance, under the guise of interpreting the 17 ordinance, by interpreting unambiguous language." 18 FACTS 19 Petitioners desire a minor partition of a 1.11 acre parcel 20 into two parcels, one containing .67 acres and the other.44 21 acres. The 1.11 acre parcel presently fronts on Central Avenue 22 and has a total frontage of approximately 127.40 feet. 23 1.11 acre parcel has a lot depth running west from its frontage 24 on Central Avenue of 306.39 feet. Petitioners proposed 25 partition would create two lots. The lot which is the subject 26 Page l.

- 1 of this appeal would be connected to Central Avenue by a
- 2 driveway 170.75 feet in length and 20 feet in width along the
- 3 northern most boundary of the 1.11 acre parcel. At
- 4 approximately 10 feet from Central Avenue this driveway would
- 5 widen to 60 feet cutting a diagonal or flair across the other
- 6 lot being created by the partitioning. The Clackamas county
- 7 zoning ordinance requires a minimum of 60 feet of road frontage
- 8 per lot in an R-10 zone. The ordinance however does not
- 9 specifically state the minimum width required for a lot in an
- 10 R-10 zone. As a consequence the Petitioners argue that the
- 'flair' scheme meets the criteria for the subject lot under the
- 12 ordinance because the "flair" or "foot" creates the required
- 13 sixty foot frontage on Central Avenue. A schematic of the
- 14 proposed creation is attached as Appendix A to this decision
- 15 and by this reference made a part hereof.

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- In this case the Respondent was faced with the issue of
- 17 whether the proposed configuration meets the requirement of its
- zoning ordinance. 1 The Clackamas County Board of
- 19 Commissioners by a two-to-one vote ruled that the proposed
- 20 partitioning did not meet the requirements of a lot in an R-10
- 21 zone when viewed in relation to the zoning ordinance as a
- 22 whole. The Commission interpreted the ordinance to require a
- 23 minimum lot width of 60 feet the entire depth of the lot.
- 24 Respondent invited Petitioners to apply for a variance so that
- they might achieve the proposed lot configuration. Petitioners
- 26 chose not to do so and instead appealed Respondents'decision to

this Board.

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DECISION ON MERITS

Petitioners request this Board to declare that they have 3 met the standards set forth in the Clackamas County zoning 4 ordinance for a lot in an R-10 zone 2 and thereby should be 5 allowed to partition the property as proposed. Respondent, on 6 the other hand, argues that Petitioner's literal interpretation 7 of the standards frustrates the county's zoning ordinance as a 8 whole and leads to an absurd result. Respondent reasons that in light of Petitioners proposed interpretation an ambiguity 10 exists and Respondents interpretation of the ordinance 11 controls. We agree with Respondent. 12 Petitioners entire argument relys on an interpretation of 1.3 but one element of the Respondents zoning ordinance, i.e., 14 street frontage. Petitioners position fails to take into 1.5 consideration how the lot configuration they propose allows for 16 anything but a convoluted application of other R-10 zone 17 requirements such as front, rear and side yard setbacks. (See 18 footnote 2.) Petitioners proposal gives rise to questions such 19 as is the "flair" strip used to meet the street frontage also 20 to be considered the front lot line? If it is, from where is 21 the front yard set back measured? If not, which lot boundary 22 is to be considered in determining the front yard, the rear 23 yard, the side yard, etc.? A review of Clackamas county's 24 zoning ordinance indicates that when viewed as a whole the 25 ordinance does not easily accommodate Petitioner's proposal. 26

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- Specifically, considering the definitions of front lot line and 1
- rear lot line as set forth in section III.2 of Clackamas County 2
- Zoning Ordinance, Petitioner's proposed dimensional scheme is 3
- difficult to analyze. Section III.2 defines lot lines
- pertinent to the questions raised above regarding setbacks as
- follows:

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"LOT LINE, FRONT. Any boundary line separating the lot from a public street or road. In the case of a 8 flag lot, the front lot line (for the purpose of

determining setbacks) shall be within the boundaries of the lot by a distance equal to the width of the

narrow strip providing access to the lot. Such

distance shall be measured from, and the front lot line shall be parallel to, the lot line extending from

the road to the lot line opposite and most distant

from the road (see illustration below for flag shaped Where a lot has no frontage on a public,

county or state road, the front lot line is the line of the easement or private road serving the lot which

is nearest to the residence. (Adopted May 21, 1979) 14

"LOT LINE, REAR. Any boundary line opposite and most 15

distant from the front lot line, and not intersecting a front lot line. In the case of a corner lot, the

rear lot line shall be any one of the boundary lines

opposite the most distant from the front lot lines.

Any other such opposite and most distant boundary line shall be a side lot line (see illustration below for

corner lot). (Adopted May 21, 1979)

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"LOT LINE, SIDE. rear lot line." Any boundary line not a front or

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Petitioner's proposal in effect is based on an assertion 21

that if the R-10 zone doesn't specifically state a lot width 22

requirement, none can be imposed regardless of whether other 23

portions of the controlling ordinance would have to be ignored 24

or manipulated as a result. As was just pointed out 25

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- 1 Petitioner's proposal would require manipulation of lot line
- 2 front, rear and side definitions, as well as setback
- 3 requirements. A more accurate characterization of petitioners'
- 4 proposal is that of a flag lot. Such a characterization does
- 5 not require measurement and definitional gymnastics. 3
- 6 As a result of the foregoing discussion it is the
- 7 conclusion of this Board that an ambiguity or aperture exists
- 8 in the width standard required for a lot in an R-10 zone in
- 9 Clackamas County's Zoning Ordinance. When such an aperture
- 10 occurs it is the responsibility of the Respondent herein to
- 11 interpret the intent of the legislation and to fill in
- 12 statutory interstices. Fifth Avenue Corporation vs. Washington
- 13 County, 288 Or 591, 599, 581 P2d 50 (1978); Bienz v. City of
- 14 Dayton, 29 Or App 761, 778, 556 P2d 904 (1977). Where, as
- 15 here, an ambiguity in an ordinance exists we will defer to the
- 16 local jurisdiction's resolution of that ambiguity where the
- 17 resolution is based on a construction not contrary to the
- expressed terms of the ordinance. Bienz v. City of Dayton,
- 19 supra. Morse v. Division of State Lands, 34 Or App 853,
- 20 856-7,581 P2d 520 (1979), aff. 285 Or 197 590 P2d 709 (1979).
- 21 We find that Respondent's resolution is consistant with the
- terms of the ordinance. Based on the foregoing, Petitioner's
- 23 first allegation of error is denied.
- 24 Second Allegation of Error
- 25 Petitioners allege:

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"The commissioners' order is not supported by 1 adequate facts and conclusions of law; and there are not facts in the record from which the 2 commissioners could determine that sixty feet of road frontage requires a lot width being the 3 entire length of the lots of sixty feet." We find that Respondents main duty in this situation was to 5 6 clarify an ambiguity and fill in a statutory interstice. As such 7 it is not a question of fact upon which their decision is based 8 but rather one of law. Therefore, we find that Respondent's 9 findings, conclusions and order, while not artfully drafted, are 10 sufficient. Therefore Petitioner's second allegation of error is 11 denied. Third Allegation of Error 12 Petitioners allege "the commissioners amended the ordinance 13 under the guise of interpreting the ordinance by distorting 14 unambiguous language." 1.5 In light of our decision regarding Petitioner's first 16 17 allegation of error wherein we find that as applied to Petitioner's proposed lot configuration the language of the 18 19 Clackamas County zoning ordinance is ambiguous, Petitioner's 20 third allegation of error is denied. 21 Affirmed. 22 23 24 25 26

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1			FOOTNOTES	
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3	1.		iew of the record indicates that Petitioners herein are he first to propose this scheme of a 'flair' in order to	
4		meet	the technical requirements of Respondent's zoning ance without the necessity to go through the variance	
5		proced	dure. The earlier decisions approving such a division apparently were not appealed to the Clackamas County	
6		Board of Commissioners. Respondent was not, therefore to this proceeding, required to interpret the meaning		
7		ordina	ance governing frontage and lot width in an R-10 zone.	
8	2.	Clackamas County ordinance setting forth the dimensional standards for lots in an R-10 zone includes at section 4.26 the following standards pertinent to this appeal:		
			Minimum lot size: 10,000 square feet for all	
10 11		"A	principal and transitional uses unless otherwise specified below.	
12			"l. Medical and/or dental clinics, and professional type offices: 15,000 square feet.	
13		11 🗅	Minimum street frontage: Sixty (60) feet;	
14			however no street frontage is required when the lot fronts on an approved, platted private	
15			road. (Order 13073)	
16		"C	Minimum lot depth: Ninety-five (95) feet.	
17		"D	Minimum front yard setback: Twenty-five (25) feet, structures on corner or through lots shall	
18			observe the minimum front yard setback on both streets. No structure shall be erected closer	
19			than fifty (50) feet from the centerline of any public, county, or state road.	
20		"E	Minimum rear yard setback: Twenty-five (25)	
21			feet.	
22		"F	Minimum side yard setback: Seven (7) feet.	
23		"G	Maximum building height: 35 feet.	

"H... Maximum lot coverage: Twenty-five (25) percent for all dwelling units, thirty (30) percent for all buildings. 11 * * * * 11 26

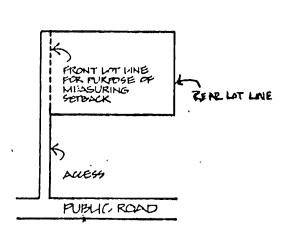
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3. After review of Respondent's zoning ordinance and comparison of the lot line definitions to Petitioners proposal this Board concludes that the nature of Petitioners request is more akin to the establishment of a flag lot requiring a variance than it is to meeting the letter and intent of an R-10 lot. This Board, when reviewing matters before it, looks at the nature of the action not the label given it by the parties. Auckland v. Bd. of Comm. Mult. Co., 21 Or App 596, 536 P2d 444 (1975). Petitioner's labeling of this action as merely a minor partitioning request and nothing more does not accurately reflect that which is sought to be accomplished here.

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FLAG SHAPED LOT

