# LAND USE BOARD OF APPEALS

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                    BEFORE THE LAND USE BOARD OF APPEARS 2 42 PM '87
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                           OF THE STATE OF OREGON
 3
     ALVIN URQUHART,
                                              LUBA No. 87-040
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               Petitioner,
                                               FINAL OPINION
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         vs.
                                                 AND ORDER
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     CITY OF EUGENE,
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              Respondent.
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         Appeal from the City of Eugene.
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         Alvin Urquhart, Eugene, filed a petition for review.
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    Timothy Sercombe, Eugene, filed a response brief on behalf of Respondent City of Eugene.
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         BAGG, Referee; DuBAY, Chief Referee; HOLSTUN, Referee;
     participated in the decision.
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         AFFIRMED
                                       09/14/87
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         You are entitled to judicial review of this Order.
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    Judicial review is governed by the provisions of ORS 197.850.
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- Opinion by Bagg.
- 2 NATURE OF THE DECISION
- Petitioner appeals adoption of the City of Eugene Ordinance
- 4 No. 19470 entitled "An Ordinance Establishing a Riverfront Park
- 5 Development District." The ordinance creates a zoning district
- 6 applicable to a particular geographic area in the City of
- <sup>7</sup> Eugene. Among other provisions, it lists permitted uses and
- 8 establishes development standards.
- 9 FACTS
- The area subject to control by the Riverfront Park Special
- Development District (SD) established by the new ordinance is
- regulated by a refinement plan. The refinement plan, the
- 13 Riverfront Park Study (RPS) is a subplan of the
- 14 Eugene-Springfield Metropolitan Area General Plan or "Metro
- 15 Plan." The specific property subject to this ordinance,
- approximately 147.5 acres, is currently zoned public land,
- 17 community commercial, heavy industrial and medium industrial.
- 18 A portion of the area is within the Willamette Greenway
- boundary.
- The ordinance is intended to apply initially to a 71 acre
- 21 tract owned by the State Board of Higher Education. The tract
- 22 is near the University of Oregon campus. The ordinance makes
- 23 possible development of a university research park.
- Petitioner appealed the plan designation of
- University/Research to a portion of the property controlled by
- 26 the ordinance in <u>Urquhart v. LCOG and City of Eugene</u>, 14 Or

- 1 LUBA 335 (1986) reversed on other grounds, 80 Or App 176, 712
- 2 P2d 870 (1986). Petitioner claimed, in part, the plan
- 3 designation violated Goal 15, the Greenway Goal. Petitioner's
- 4 allegations about Goal 15 were ultimately not sustained.

### 5 FIRST ASSIGNMENT OF ERROR

"The use section of the Special Distict [sic] Zoning ordinance violates the Willamette Greenway legislation, Statewide Planning Goal 15, Policy 9 of the Eugene-Springfield Metropolitan Area General Plan (including the Greenway submission of the City of Eugene), and Eugene Zoning Code 9.260 because it allows land uses other than those permitted by the above laws and regulations."

As we understand petitioner's complaint, the proposed ordinance does not support the intent and purposes of the Willamette Greenway legislation (ORS 390.310-368), Goal 15, the city's Greenway Plan and the Eugene Zoning Code. Specifically, petitioner alleges the ordinance does not comply with these regulations because the zoning allowed under the ordinance permits uses other than open space. Petitioner claims that other than certain preexisting uses, open space use is the only use permitted by Goal 15 within the Greenway. Petitioner states the only lands which comply with Goal 15 and city regulations requiring comformity with Goal 15 are those zoned for public recreation or institutional use. That is, because the new ordinance permits other uses, it violates the goal and implementing measures.

Respondent makes two arguments. First, respondent insists that the issue of uses within the Greenway has been decided by

- this Board in Urquhart, supra. Petitioner contended, in the
- earlier appeal, that the plan permitted intensification of 2
- inappropriate uses within the Greenway. LUBA concluded that no 3
- particular land use is precluded from location within the 4
- Greenway. We said 5
- "Neither Statewide Goal 15, the agency interpretive rules concerning this goal, nor the acknowledged Metro
- Plan express the idea that development consistent with 7 the purposes set forth in ORS Chapter 390 is
- prohibited. To the contrary, the acknowledged Metro Plan includes policies that sanction new development
- along the Willamette River, including industrial development. Of course, new development must be
- compatible with, or enhance, the natural, scenic and 10 environmental qualities of the river." (14 Or LUBA at 342). 11
- Because the issue of compliance with Goal 15 has already 12
- been decided, petitioner's argument must fail, according to 13
- respondent. 14
- Respondent's second argument is that the ordinance simply 15
- implements Goal 15 and the city's comprehensive plan. The 16
- ordinance is a new land use regulation under ORS 17
- 197.015(11)(13), and LUBA's responsibility is to affirm 18
- challenges to a new land use regulation if we find that it is 19
- in compliance with the comprehensive plan goals and is 20
- consistent with specific related land use policies found in the 21
- acknowledged comprehensive plan. See ORS 197.835(4). 22
- According to the city, such conformity exists here. 23
- Specifically, the new ordinance implements the Metro plan 24
- category of "University/Research." It also, according to 25
- respondent, implements portions of the Riverfront Park Study 26

- 1 mandating setbacks from the river and the mill race providing
- 2 for public access to the river. The city says the ordinance
- 3 codifies these policies. See Policies 2, 5 and 6 at III-D-4 in
- 4 the Metro Plan providing:
- "2. Land use regulations and acquisition programs along river corridors and waterways shall take into account all the concerns and needs of the community, including recreation, resource, and wildlife protection; enhancement of river corridor and waterway environments; potential for supporting nonautomoible transportation; opportunities for residential development; and other compatible uses.

\* \* \*

- "5. New development that locates along river corridors and waterways shall be limited to uses that are compatible with the natural, scenic, and environmental qualities of those water features.
- "6. New industrial development that locates along the Willamette and McKenzie Rivers shall enhance natural, scenic, and environmental qualities."
  - See also Policy 5 in the Eugene RPS providing:
- "5. Development standards within the SD, Special Development District, applied to the Riverfront Park, shall be designated to:
  - "a) Provide for intensity of development while recognizing the environmental and open-space attributes and requirements of the area.
  - "b) Recognize that proximity to alternate transportation facilities may provide opportunities to reduce parking requirements for certain industrial uses.
  - "c) Provide for signing standards consistent with the purpose of the district.
  - "d) Allow for a mixture of uses in the SC, Special Development District.
- 26 "e) Ensure that development in the Riverfront

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Park is primarily related to University activities and programs."

We agree with respondent that the issues raised in 3 petitioner's first assignment of error regarding compliance with Statewide Planning Goal 15 and other implementing criteria have been litigated and decided against petitioner. consequence, petitioner is barred from raising them here. The plan designation of University/Research established in the Metro Plan and applied in this ordinance was tested against 9 Goal 15 in our previous case. Indeed, the new plan designation 10 of University/Research was applied to the same 71 acres owned 11 by the University of Oregon that petitioner believes should be 12 left in open space. In that case, we found the application of 13 the new plan designation did not violate the goal and ORS 14 390.314.

We conclude that Petitioner Urquhart has fully litigated
the question of whether the University/Research plan
designation complies with Statewide Planning Goal 15 and the
Metro Plan. As these issues have been decided against
petitioner, we believe these issues are settled in this review
proceeding. See Jones v. Flannigan, 270 Or 121, 455 P2d 609
(1974) and State v. Bradley, 51 Or App 569, 626 P2d 403 (1981).

In the Court of Appeals, petitioner raised compliance with the Eugene Code, Section 9.260. The ordinance section permits the city to apply conditions "deemed necessary to carry out the purpose and intent of the Willamette Greenway and to insure

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- that any intensification, change of use, or developments within
- the Greenway boundary as fully approved are compatible with the 2
- Greenway." 3
- In his petition for review appealing our order in Urquhart, 4
- supra, petitioner claimed that we erred in finding that the 5
- Eugene Code Provision permitted intensification or change in
- use in the Riverfront Park amendment area. The Court of 7
- Appeals, referring to this claim, stated that the issue did not R
- require discussion. Urquhart v. Lane Council of Governments, 9
- 80 Or App supra at 182. 10
- Our order in Urquhart, supra, did not discuss the Eugene 11
- We are reluctant, then, to hold that petitioner is 12
- precluded from raising this issue in the present review 13
- proceeding. However, we find in any event that Code Section 14
- 9.2.60 provides no relief for petitioner. The code only gives 15
- the city permission to attach conditions to development as 16
- needed to insure compliance with Greenway controls. This code 17
- section neither requires nor limits particular land use. 18
- If petitioner's complaint under this assignment of error is 19
- not barred by our review in Urquhart, supra, we are cited to 20
- nothing in the city's acknowledged planning documents, 21
- comprehensive plan policies and implementing documents 22
- suggesting that the uses permitted by the new ordinance and the 23
- controls imposed are contrary to the goal in the Eugene plan. 24
- We recognize that petitioner's complaint is that the uses 25
- allowed in the new ordinance are inconsistent with those 26

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required by applicable regulation. However, the provisions
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- 2 cited by petitioner do not limit the uses which may be
- 3 established in the Greenway. Rather, the provisions cited
- 4 simply impose restrictions on the intensity and kind of
- 5 development. Petitioner does not appear to challenge the
- 6 controls in the new ordinance, only the fact that uses other
- 7 than open space uses are allowed. Because nothing in the
- 8 material to which we have been cited prohibits uses other than
- 9 open space uses in the Greenway, petitioner's challenge must
- 10 fail. 3
- Specifically, the Metro Plan category of University/Research
- is intended to "accommodate light industrial, research and
- development, and office uses related to activities, research
- 14 and programs of the University of Oregon." Metro Plan
- 15 II-E-11. Also, certain limited retail, service uses and
- 16 multiple family dwellings are allowed. These uses are
- 17 reflected in the challenged ordinance.
- The Willamette Greenway Policy 9 element in the Metro Plan
- provides:
- "The specific use management considerations and requirements of statewide Goal 15, 'Willamette River
- Greenway, 'shall be applied, where they are not
- specifically addressed in policy or land use designations elsewhere in this Plan, in local
- refinement plans and local implementing ordinances."
- The Riverfront Park Study, we discussed in our opinion in
- Urquhart, supra, implements this provision and is the local
- refinement plan applying Goal 15 to the Riverfront Park section

- of the Greenway. Policies in the Riverfront Park Study address
- 2 management and access to the Greenway. The challenged
- 3 ordinance establishes setbacks, public access, management plans
- 4 and development constraints for the area. The new ordinance,
- 5 then, directly implements certain Eugene plan provisions. We
- 6 find, therefore, that ORS 197.835(4) applies and we are
- 7 required to affirm this decision because it implements land use
- 8 policies found in the acknowledged comprehensive plan.
- 9 We reiterate, however, that petitioner's charge is, in the
- 10 main, that the new ordinance permits uses not allowed by the
- goal. In Urquhart, supra, we rejected this claim. We reject
- the claim again here. We find nothing in the goal, the Metro
- 13 Plan, the Riverfront Park Study or the Eugene Code to limit the
- uses to open space as asserted by petitioner.
- The first assignment of error is denied.

#### 16 SECOND ASSIGNMENT OF ERROR

- "The review section of the Special District Zoning
- ordinance violates the Statewide Planning Goal 15
- because it permits "balancing" of non-conforming uses with conforming uses within the Willamette Greenway
- through a process of conditional use permits rather
- than a process of Goal 2 Exceptions. (Written
- testimony submitted by A.W. Urquhart for Final Hearing on Periodic Review of Eugene-Springfield Metropolitan
- Area General Plan, March 17, 1987.)"
- Petitioner complains about the following section of the new
- ordinance:
- "As used in this section, the words 'greatest possible
- degree' are drawn from Statewide Planning Goal 15
- (F.3.b.) and are intended to require a balancing of factors so that each of the identified Greenway
- criteria is protected to the greatest extent possible

without precluding the requested use. Goal 15 ı (C.3.j.) provides that 'lands committed to urban uses within the Greenway shall be permitted to continue as 2 urban uses.'" Ordinance 19470, Section 7.2. 3 Petitioner argues that the uses permitted by Goal 15 are already balanced. Petitioner explains: 5 "'Balancing' usually refers to conflicts in permissible uses among the various Statewide Planning 6 Goals, not to the degree of compliance within one goal. For example, the use of this area as a natural area, a playing field, or even an intensively developed urban plaza is not a question. All of these 8 uses fit within the allowable uses within Goal 15 and thus no 'balancing' is required. However, if a Goal 9 and a Goal 15 use come into conflict, 'balancing' would be required. But in the area under question, 10 all permitted uses are Goal 15 uses. Therefore no 'balancing' of uses is required." 11 Petitioner concludes that because the ordinance allows uses 12 not permitted by Goal 15 through a process of "balancing," 13 non-permitted uses may thereby be established in the Greenway. 14 Establishment of such uses by any means, as we understand the 15 argument, is prohibited. 16 The new ordinance requires conformity with particular 17 criteria for any development within the Riverfront Park area 18 and certain additional criteria for development within the 19 Greenway. The following policies are applicable to development 20 within the Greenway: 21 "c. To the greatest possible degree, the 22 intensification, change of use, or development will provide the maximum possible landscaped 23 area, open space, or vegetation between the activity and the river. 24 25 To the greatest possible degree, necessary and e.

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               adequate public access will be provided to and
               along the river by appropriate legal means."
               Ordinance 19470, Section 7.2(c)(e).
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         The plan definition of "greatest possible degree" simply
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     provides that open space and public access will be required up
     to the point where further provision of such amenities would
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     prevent development of an otherwise allowable use, according to
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     the city.
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         We do not find the challenged ordinance offensive to the
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     city's Goal 15. We are cited to nothing in the goal or in case
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     law to suggest that "greatest possible degree" means something
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     more restrictive than the definition adopted by the city.
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     city's interpretation of the "greatest possible degree"
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     language appearing in Goal 5 is reasonable. Because it is
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     reasonable, we are not entitled to overturn it. Alluis v.
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     Marion County, 64 Or App 478, 668 P2d 1242 (1983). Further, we
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     stated in <u>Urquhart v. City of Eugene</u>, <u>supra</u>, that Goal 15 <u>does</u>
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    not prohibit uses other than open space. Petitioner's claim
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     that the new ordinance violates the goal by interpreting it to
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    allow a balancing of competing interests lacks a legal basis in
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    the goal.
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        The second assignment of error is denied.
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         The decision of the City of Eugene is sustained.
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#### FOOTNOTES

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3	Petitioner notes that part of the area is currently zoned heavy industrial and states that this zoning may be "overlooked
4	only if the LCDC-acknowledged Greenway Plan of the City of Eugene replaced it."
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6	Petitioner argues that certain staff notes show that the
7 .	new ordinance is not consistent with city's adopted Greenway  Program. We do not find staff notes to be (1) part of the
8	record or (2) particularly relevant to the issue of compliance with applicable criteria. It is the city's order which
9	provides the basis for our finding of conformity, or lack of it, with applicable criteria.
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11	We note in addition regression to the state of the state
12	We note, in addition, respondent argues that petitioner's challenge is premature. That is, petitioner limits his claim to application of the new zoning district to some 26 acre
13	application. Petitioner does not argue the zoning district may
14	not be applied to any property. Respondent argues that
15 16	"Only if the zoning district could not be applied to any property (and petitioner makes no such claim) is adoption of the zoning district legally suspect."
17	Because petitioner claims the ordinance allows uses not
18	consistent with Goal 15 and the city's plan on some property, it is within our power to review the ordinance for conformity with applicable criteria.
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## CERTIFICATE OF MAILING 1 I hereby certify that I served the foregoing Final Opinion 2 and Order for LUBA No. 87-040, on September 14, 1987, by mailing to said parties or their attorney a true copy thereof 3 contained in a sealed envelope with postage prepaid addressed to said parties or their attorney as follows: 5 Alvin Urquhart 1820 Olive Street 6 Eugene, OR 97401 7 Timothy Sercombe Harrang, Long, Watkinson, 8 & Arnold, P.C. 101 East Broadway 9 Eugene, OR 97401 10 Dated this 14th day of September, 1987. 11 12 13 Management Assistant 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26