1	<b>0BEFORE THE LAND USE BOARD OF APPEALS</b>
2	OF THE STATE OF OREGON
3	OF THE STATE OF OREGOIN
4	<b>RESIDENTS OF ROSEMONT and</b>
5	DAVID T. ADAMS,
6	Petitioners,
7	
8	and
9	
10	WEST LINN-WILSONVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT 3JT
11	and CITY OF TUALATIN,
12	Intervenors-Petitioner,
13	
14	VS.
15 16	METRO
10 17	METRO, Basmondent
17	Respondent,
19	and
20	und
21	ROSEMONT PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOC., OLIVE
22	KUHL, JUDY EISELIUS, LARRY PETERSEN and
23	HOMEBUILDERS ASSOCIATION OF
24	METROPOLITAN PORTLAND,
25	Intervenors-Respondent.
26	
27	LUBA No. 99-009
28	
29	CITY OF LAKE OSWEGO, CITY OF WEST LINN and
30	LAKE OSWEGO SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7J,
31 32	Petitioners,
32 33	and
33 34	dilu
35	WEST LINN-WILSONVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT 3JT,
36	CITY OF TUALATIN and CLACKAMAS COUNTY,
37	Intervenors-Petitioner,
38	
39	vs.
40	
41	METRO,
42	Respondent,
43	
44	and
45	

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ROSEMONT PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOC., OLIVE			
KUHL, JUDY EISELIUS, LARRY PETERSEN and			
HOMEBUILDERS ASSOCIATION OF			
METROPOLITAN PORTLAND,			
Intervenors-Respondent.			
LUBA No. 99-010			
FINAL OPINION			
AND ORDER			
On remand from the Court of Appeals.			
Christine M. Cook, Portland, represented petitioners in LUBA No. 99-009.			
Jeffrey G. Condit, Portland, represented petitioners in LUBA No. 99-010.			
Brenda L. Braden, Tualatin, represented intervenor-petitioner City of Tualatin.			
Lawrence S. Shaw, Portland, represented respondent.			
David B. Smith, Tigard, represented intervenors-respondent Rosemont Property			
Owners Association, Olive Kuhl and July Eiselius.			
BASSHAM, Board Member; BRIGGS, Board Chair; HOLSTUN, Board Member,			
participated in the decision.			
REMANDED 06/01/2001			
You are entitled to judicial review of this Order. Judicial review is governed by the			
provisions of ORS 197.850.			

Opinion	by	Bassham
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Our decision in this appeal was remanded by the Court of Appeals. *Residents of Rosemont v. Metro*, 38 Or LUBA 199 (2000), *aff'd in part, rev'd and rem'd in part* 173 Or App 321, \_\_\_\_ P3d \_\_\_\_ (2001). The court's opinion affirms LUBA's decision in most particulars, but reverses and remands our decision, for further proceedings not inconsistent with the court's opinion, with respect to a subassignment of error in the cities' third assignment of error.

8 In the cities' third assignment of error, the cities argued that Metro lacked authority 9 under Statewide Planning Goal 14 (Urbanization) to expand the urban growth boundary 10 (UGB) based on a subregional, as opposed to regional, need. We disagreed, citing in 11 relevant part to *1000 Friends of Oregon v. Metro Service Dist.*, 18 Or LUBA 311, 324 (1989) 12 (Goal 14 does not prohibit Metro from identifying a subregional need as a basis for amending 13 the Metro UGB).

14 On appeal, the court agreed with LUBA that a subregional need may, at least in some 15 circumstances, constitute need for purposes of satisfying factors 1 and 2 of Goal 14. 16 However, the court went on to conclude that

"LUBA erred in affirming Metro's decision here, because, in deciding that
factors 1 and 2 of Goal 14 were satisfied, Metro focused solely on what it
identified as a subregional need without any consideration of this need in the
regional context or any explanation of how this area was identified as a
subregion or why the needs of this area should be viewed in isolation." 173
Or App at 326.

According to the court, in order to satisfy factors 1 and 2 of Goal 14, "a subregional need must be identified and evaluated in the context of the regional needs." 173 Or App at 330 (citing *1000 Friends of Oregon v. Metro*, 38 Or LUBA 565 (2000), *aff'd in part, rev'd and rem'd in part* Or App \_\_\_\_, P3d \_\_\_ (May 30, 2001). The court explained that Metro erred in basing its expansion of the UGB solely on subregional considerations of the kind reflected in factor 2, specifically a need for affordable housing within a particular three to six

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1 mile area, without considering whether that need could be accommodated outside the 2 identified subregion. The court rejected Metro's apparent view that "a determinative housing 3 need could be established solely by reference to areas in close proximity to the preselected 4 site of the proposed UGB expansion and without *any* consideration of other parts of the 5 regional planning territory." *Residents of Rosemont*, 173 Or App at 331. Further, the court 6 concluded:

\*\* \* Metro's decision does not explain why the affordable housing must lie
within a six-mile radius of the Stafford-Rosemont intersection, let alone why
that intersection may appropriately be treated as the nucleus of an identifiable
subregion or of the subregion to which virtually exclusive consideration was
given as the site of the expansion. We hold that Metro's present supportive
showing for its decision does not satisfy Goal 14 in this regard." *Id*.

13 The court's decision requires no additional action or comment from this Board, other 14 than to modify our earlier decision to sustain the relevant portions of the cities' third 15 assignment of error.

For the reasons expressed in the court's decision and in LUBA's decision, as modified, Metro's decision is remanded.