1	BEFORE THE LAND USE BOARD OF APPEALS
2	OF THE STATE OF OREGON
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4	MARYLHURST NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,
5	Petitioner,
6	
7	and
8	
9	BEV BURKE,
10	Intervenor-Petitioner,
11	
12	vs.
13	
14	CITY OF WEST LINN,
15	Respondent,
16	
17	and
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19	PHIL GENTLEMANN and CENTURIAN HOMES,
20	Intervenors-Respondent.
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22	LUBA No. 2006-140
23	
24	FINAL OPINION
25	AND ORDER
26	
27	Appeal from City of West Linn.
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29	Michael F. Sheehan, Scappoose, represented petitioner.
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31	Michael F. Sheehan, Scappoose, represented intervenor-petitioner.
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33	William Monahan, Portland, represented respondent.
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35	Carrie Richter, Portland, represented intervenors-respondent.
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37	RYAN, Board Member; BASSHAM, Board Chair; HOLSTUN, Board Member,
38	participated in the decision.
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40	DISMISSED 09/29/2006
41	
42	You are entitled to judicial review of this Order. Judicial review is governed by the
43	provisions of ORS 197.850.

Opinion by Ryan.
 NATURE OF THE DECISION
 Petitioner appealed city approval of a subdivision.
 MOTION TO INTERVENE
 Bev Burke (Burke), an opponent below, moves to intervene on the side of petitioner.
 Phil Gentlemann and Centurian Homes (Applicants), the applicants below, move to intervene
 on the side of respondent. There is no opposition to the motions and they are granted.

8 FACTS

9 Petitioner, a neighborhood association, filed the notice of intent to appeal (NITA) in 10 this case. Burke, a member of the neighborhood association, intervened on the side of 11 petitioner. Burke, however, did not file her own NITA. Petitioner subsequently filed a 12 notice of withdrawal. Applicants subsequently filed a motion to dismiss the appeal because 13 the only petitioner has withdrawn from the appeal.

## 14 MOTION TO DISMISS

Under existing LUBA case law, it is well established that after the petitioner withdraws from the appeal, any intervenors may not continue the appeal, and the appeal must be dismissed. *Waters v. Marion County*, 33 Or LUBA 751, 754 (1997); *National Advertising Company v. City of Portland*, 20 Or LUBA 79, 85 (1990); *Gross v. Washington County*, 17 Or LUBA 640 (1989). As we stated in *Gross*:

"The effect of our decision may be that potential intervenors wishing to avoid
the uncertainty of relying on a petitioner to timely file and maintain a notice
of intent to appeal must file their own notices of intent to appeal \*\*\*." 17 Or
LUBA at 646 n 6.

Burke acknowledges that existing case law dictates that this appeal must be dismissed, but asks the Board to overrule the existing caselaw and allow the appeal to proceed. We have considered Burke's arguments, but these arguments provide no basis to overrule existing caselaw. Accordingly, this appeal is dismissed.