1	BEFORE THE LAND USE BOARD OF APPEALS
2	OF THE STATE OF OREGON
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4	DEPARTMENT OF LAND
5	CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT,
6	Petitioner,
7	
8	VS.
9	
10	JACKSON COUNTY,
11	Respondent.
12	**************************************
13	LUBA No. 2006-233
14	EDVIA ODDIVOV
15	FINAL OPINION
16	AND ORDER
17	
18	Appeal from Jackson County.
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20	Richard M. Whitman, Assistant Attorney General, Salem, and Steven E. Shipsey,
21	Assistant Attorney General, Salem, filed the petition for review and argued on behalf of
22	petitioner. With them on the brief was Hardy Meyers, Attorney General.
23	No an account to the Laderen Country
24	No appearance by Jackson County.
25	DACCHAM Doord Chain HOLCTIN Doord Marshan DVAN Doord Marshan
26	BASSHAM, Board Chair; HOLSTUN, Board Member; RYAN, Board Member,
27	participated in the decision.
28 29	REVERSED 03/27/2007
	KE V EKSED 05/21/2001
30 31	Vou are entitled to judicial ravious of this Order Indicial ravious is governed by the
31 32	You are entitled to judicial review of this Order. Judicial review is governed by the provisions of ORS 197.850.
2د	provisions of OKS 197.030.

NATURE OF THE DECISION

The Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) appeals a county order approving a four-lot subdivision of a 23.15-acre property, for which the county had previously granted a waiver of county land use regulations under Ballot Measure 37 (ORS 197.352 *et seq.*).

FACTS

The subject property is zoned Open Space Reserve (OSR), a forest zone, and is developed with a single family dwelling. On February 28, 2005, the property owners filed a Ballot Measure 37 claim with the county, stating that they desired to divide the property into four lots with a minimum of five acres each, and to build a residence on the three new lots created. The owners claimed that they acquired the property prior to acknowledgment of the county's comprehensive plan and land use regulations. In response, the county issued Order 327-05, which elected to waive certain acknowledged county comprehensive plan provisions and land use regulations.

The owners subsequently filed with the county an application seeking tentative plat approval for a four-lot subdivision of the property. The planning commission approved the subdivision application. DLCD appealed the planning commission decision to the county board of commissioners, arguing that the owners have not filed a claim under Ballot Measure 37 with the state, that DLCD believed that the statewide planning goals, particularly Goal 4 (Forest Lands), applied directly to the subject property at the time the owners acquired the property, and that the county had no authority to waive applicable state laws and regulations or to approve development that is inconsistent with applicable state laws and regulations.

On November 28, 2006, the board of commissioners denied DLCD's appeal, and approved the requested subdivision. The decision includes an "admonishment," stating that the county's decision is limited to the county's authority to waive local comprehensive plan

- 1 provisions and land use regulations, and does not purport to imply or guarantee compliance
- 2 with any other laws or regulations.
- This appeal followed.

ASSIGNMENT OF ERROR

DLCD argues that the board of commissioners' order approving the subdivision is unlawful, because it authorizes development that is contrary to applicable state law. According to DLCD, unless and until the state issues a waiver of state laws and regulations under Ballot Measure 37, the county has no authority to approve the requested development.

The county has not filed a response brief. Instead, county counsel informed LUBA by letter that the county "will be conceding the issue presented by the Petitioner and is prepared to accept the remand of this matter back for final decision." Given that concession, we see no purpose in discussing in detail the arguments DLCD presents on appeal. It is sufficient to state that we agree with DLCD that nothing in the challenged decision or elsewhere cited to us authorizes the county to approve development that is inconsistent with applicable state laws and regulations, unless and until those state laws and regulations are waived or otherwise rendered without effect under Ballot Measure 37.

DLCD requests that the challenged decision be reversed, because it "violates a provision of applicable law and is prohibited as a matter of law." OAR 661-010-0071(1)(c). The county's letter states that it is prepared to accept "remand" of the decision. The letter does not discuss why remand rather than reversal is warranted under OAR 661-010-0071(1), and we agree with DLCD that in the present case reversal is the correct disposition.

The county's decision is reversed.