

# OSAS English Language Arts Test

## Grade 7 English Language Arts (ELA) Claims, Targets, and Standards Alignment

This document aligns the OSAS ELA summative test with the Oregon English Language Arts (ELA) and Literacy Standards. Oregon's ELA summative tests are built around what students should know and be able to do within their enrolled grade. The OSAS ELA summative test includes multiple ELA domains (Approximately Reading 40%, Writing 40%, Listening 10%, and Research 10%) which are referenced as assessment "Claims". Each claim is accompanied by grade-level assessment targets which correlate to the specific concepts associated with standards and their full depth of critical thinking. These claims and targets can be used to design local assessments or develop classroom lessons with task-rich activities. In addition, the document serves as a guide in understanding the OSAS ELA test results and interpreting district/school target reports.

**CLAIMS AND TARGETS:** Content claims are summary statements about the knowledge and skills students are expected to demonstrate on the assessment related to a particular aspect of the standards. Within each claim area, assessment targets were developed to ensure the inclusion of standards, learning progressions, and the Depth of Knowledge levels.

**DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:** The DOK level assigned should reflect the level of work students are most commonly required to perform for the response to be deemed acceptable. The DOK level should reflect the complexity of the cognitive processes demanded by the task, rather than its difficulty. Ultimately the DOK level describes the kind of thinking required by a task, not whether or not the task is "difficult".

- Level 1 requires students to receive or recite facts or to use simple skills or abilities.
- Level 2 includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response. Includes conceptual understanding generally refers to the integration and application of concepts and other ideas within a content area. Procedural understanding denotes knowledge about skills and sequence of steps, when and how these should be used appropriately, and their efficient and accurate applications.
- Level 3 requires strategic thinking. Students must be able to support their thinking. Includes, non-routine problem solving like reading and determining the author's purpose.
- **Level 4** requires extended thinking. Usually requires work over a period of time. They may also be asked to develop hypotheses and perform complex analyses of the connections among texts.

	OSAS Blueprint: Target Sampling ELA/Literacy Grades 3 – 8 and HS						
Component	Claim	Content Category	Targets	Items	Total Items	OSAS Blueprint Descriptors	
			2: Central Ideas	0-1			
			4: Reasoning and Evaluation	1		Reading: Approximately 33% of text-related assessment evidence will come from reading literary texts and may include stories, poems, plays, myths, or legends.	
			1: Key Details		4		
		Literary	3: Word Meanings				
			5: Analysis with/across Texts	2-3			
			6: Text Structures and Features				
	1: Reading		7: Language Use				
			9: Central Ideas	1-2			
			11: Reasoning and Evaluation	1-2		Reading: Approximately 66% of text-related	
			8: Key Details			assessment evidence will come from reading informational texts and may include science, social studies, and technical texts/topics.	
		Informational	10: Word Meanings		7 - 8		
AT)			12: Analysis with/across Texts	5 - 6			
) (C			13: Text Structures and Features			,	
tive			14: Language Use				
Computer Adaptive (CAT)	2: Writing	Organization/Purpose	1b/3b/6b: Revise Brief Texts	2		Evidence will come from revising, and/or editing the various writing purposes.	
Comput		Evidence/Elaboration	1b/3b/6b: Revise Brief Texts	2	6	<ul> <li>Writing:</li> <li>Approximately 33% opinion writing</li> <li>Approximately 33% narrative writing</li> <li>Approximately 33% informative writing</li> </ul>	
			8: Language and Vocabulary Use	1			
		Conventions	9: Edit/Clarify	3		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	3: Listening	Listening	4: Listen/Interpret	4	4		
			2: Interpret and Integrate Information	1			
	4: Research	Research	3: Analyze Information/Sources	1	3		
			4: Use Evidence	1			
		Organization/Purpose	4/7: Compose Full Texts			A. Each student receives one PT with either an	
Performance Task (PT)	2: Writing	Evidence/Elaboration	4/7: Compose Full Texts	1 Full Write		opinion or informative writing task.	
			8: Language and Vocabulary Use			a. The ELA PT writing task is hand-scored	
		Conventions	9: Edit/Clarify			across three traits: Organization/Purpose, Evidence/Elaboration, and Conventions.	
ma		2.10.				B. An additional research item (machine scored	
for	4: Research	Docearch	2: Interpret and Integrate Information	0-1 Machine Scored 0-1 Short Text		item, or short text response) is aligned to ELA	
Per		Research	3: Analyze Information/Sources			PT and reported under Claim #4 (Research).	
			4: Use Evidence			1 , , , , , ,	

Claim #2	<b>I Reading:</b> Stu	dents can read closely and analytically to	comprehend a range of incr	easingly complex	literary and infor	mational texts.
Oregon Reading Content Category: Literary Text						
Key Details	Central Ideas	Word Meanings	Reasoning & Evidence	Analysis Within /Across Texts	Text Structures and Features	Language Use
Given an inference or conclusion, use explicit details and implicit information from the text to support the inference or conclusion provided.	Determine a theme or central idea from evidence in the text or provide an objective summary of the text.	Determine intended or precise meanings of words, including academic/tier 2 words, domain-specific (tier 3) words, and words with multiple meanings, based on context, word relationships (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, analogy, connotations, denotations), word structure (e.g., common Greek or Latin roots, affixes), or use of reference materials (e.g., dictionary), with primary focus on determining meaning based on context and the academic (tier 2) vocabulary common to complex texts in all disciplines.	Make an inference or draw a conclusion about a text OR make inferences or draw conclusions in order to compare texts (e.g., character development, setting, plot, point of view, or fictional portrayal of time, place or character) and use supporting evidence as justification/explanation.	Analyze relationships among literary elements (e.g., setting, characters, plot) within or across texts or analyze how an author develops the narrator or characters' point of view within or across texts.	Analyze text structures and the impact of those choices on meaning or presentation.	Interpret and analyze figurative language use (e.g., figurative, connotative meanings) or demonstrate understanding of nuances in word meanings used in context and the impact of those word choices on meaning and tone.
		Oregon English La	nguage Arts and Literacy Standard	ls		
	7.RL.1 -	Analyze what the text says explicitly as well as in	ferentially; cite several pieces of to	extual evidence to sup	pport the analysis.	
Primary focus is on 7.RL.1	7.RL.2 - Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an evidence- based summary of the text.	7.RL.4 - Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative and technical meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.  7.L.4 - Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.  7.L.4a - Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  7.L.4b - Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word.  7.L.4c - Consult dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses, as well as other general and specialized reference materials, both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.  7.L.5b - Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.  7.L.5c - Distinguish among the connotations of words with similar denotations.  7.L.6 - Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	7.RL.3 - Analyze how particular elements of a literary text interact. 7.RL.6 - Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view or perspectives of different characters or narrators in a text. 7.RL.9 - Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.	7.RL.3 - Analyze how particular elements of a literary text interact. 7.RL.6 - Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view or perspectives of different characters or narrators in a text.	7.RL.5 - Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure contributes to its meaning.	7.RL.4 - Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative and technical meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama. 7.L.5 - Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. 7.L.5a - Interpret figures of speech in context.

### Claim #1 Reading: Students can read closely and analytically to comprehend a range of increasingly complex literary and informational texts.

#### **Oregon Reading Content Category: Informational Text Analysis Within** Central **Text Structures Word Meanings Key Details Reasoning & Evidence** Language Use Ideas /Across Texts and Features Determine a Determine intended meanings of words including Analyze or compare Relate knowledge Given an Make an inference or draw a Interpret inference or central idea academic/tier 2 words, domain-specific (tier 3) conclusion about a text OR make how information is of text structures understanding of conclusion, and the key words, and words with multiple meanings, based inferences or draw conclusions in presented within or (e.g. organization figurative language, order to compare texts (e.g., use explicit details that on context, word relationships (e.g., synonym, across texts (e.g. of a text) or text word relationships, antonym, analogy, connotations, denotations), nuances of words details and support it or interaction between individuals, interactions features to analyze implicit provide an word structure (e.g., common Greek or Latin roots, events and ideas; author's point of between or compare the and phrases, or information objective affixes), or use of reference materials (e.g., view/purpose; use of media or individuals, events, impact of those figures of speech from the text summary of dictionary), with primary focus on determining choices on formats; trace and evaluate the or ideas) or how (e.g., literary, meaning based on context and the academic (tier information within to support the text. argument and specific claims) and meaning or mythological 2) vocabulary common to complex texts in all or across texts allusions) used in the inference use supporting evidence as presentation. or conclusion disciplines. justification/explanation. reveals author's context and the provided. point of view or impact of those word purpose. choices on meaning.

#### **Oregon English Language Arts and Literacy Standards**

<b>7.RL.1</b> - Analyze what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially; cite several pieces of textual evidence to support the analysis.						
Primary focus is on 7.RI.1  Determine two or more central idea in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an evidence based summary of the text.	multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.  7.L.4a - Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  7.L.4b - Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word.	7.Rl.3 - Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text. 7.Rl.6 - Determine an author's perspective, and/or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. 7.Rl.7 - Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject. 7.Rl.8 - Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims. 7.Rl.9 - Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.	7.RI.3 - Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text. 7.RI.6 - Determine an author's perspective, and/or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.	7.RI.5 - Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas. 7.RI.7 - Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject.	7.L.5 - Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. 7.L.5a - Interpret figures of speech in context.	

7.RI.10 - By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Claim #2 Writing: Stude	nts can produce effective writing for a range of purpo	ses and audiences.			
Oregon Writing Content Category: Computer Adaptive Test (CAT) Segment					
Organization/Purpose	Evidence/Elaboration	<b>Evidence/Elaboration</b>	Conventions		
coherence when revising one or more paragraphs of narrati when describing an event). <b>3b:</b> Apply a variety of strategies when revising one or more and maintaining a focus (thesis)/tone, providing appropriate including relevant supporting evidence/vocabulary and elab purpose and audience and related to the information or exp <b>6b:</b> Apply a variety of strategies when revising one or more	paragraphs of explanatory text: organizing ideas by stating e transitional strategies for coherence, developing a topic oration, or providing a conclusion that is appropriate to lanation presented.  paragraphs of text that express arguments about topics or citing supporting evidence using credible sources, providing te vocabulary, or providing a conclusion that is appropriate	Language and Vocabulary Use Strategically use precise language and vocabulary (including academic words, domain-specific vocabulary, and figurative language) and style appropriate to the purpose and audience when revising or composing texts.	Apply or edit grade- appropriate grammar usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling to clarify a message and edit narrative, explanatory, and argumentative texts.		
	Pregon English Language Arts and Literacy Standards				
<ul> <li>d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, an e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experience.</li> <li>7.W.2 (Target 3b) <ul> <li>a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize classification, comparison/contrast, and cause and effect; inclead multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform e. Establish and maintain an appropriate style for content, purpose. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the content of the content o</li></ul></li></ul>	and logically.  potion to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.  prey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.  and sensory language to convey experiences and events.  preses or events.  The ideas, concepts, and information; use strategies such as definition, and formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and  and, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.  and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.  and audience.  and organize the reasons and evidence logically.  and organize the reasons and demonstrating an understanding of the properties of the presented.  The presented of the presented of the presented of the presented of the presented.	7.W.2d Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. 7.W.3d Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events. 7.L.6 Acquire and use accurately gradeappropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	7.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 7.L.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. 7.L.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		

	lents can produce effective writing for a range of purpose				
Oregon Writing Content Category: Performance (PT) Segment					
Organization/Purpose	Evidence/Elaboration	Evidence/Elaboration	Conventions		
COMPOSE FULL TEXTS:		Language and Vocabulary Use	Edit/Clarify:		
4: Write <b>full explanatory</b> texts using a complete writing pro a thesis/controlling idea and maintaining a focus/tone; develonce from sources, with appropriate transitional strate purpose and audience and follows from and supports the interpretation of the support a claim; organize, elaborate, and cite supporting elaborate.	Strategically use precise language and vocabulary (including academic words, domain-specific vocabulary, and figurative language) and style appropriate to the	Apply or edit grade- appropriate grammar usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling to clarify a message and edit narrative,			
strategies for coherence; and develop a conclusion that is a supports the argument(s) presented.	purpose and audience when revising or composing texts.	explanatory, and argumentative texts.			
	Oregon English Language Arts and Literacy Standards				
classification, comparison/contrast, and cause and effect; inclimultimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.  b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform e. Establish and maintain an appropriate style for content, purposed. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from to the support claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims b. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, us topic or text.  c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships and d. Establish and maintain an appropriate style for content, purpose. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from to the suppose, and audience.  7.W.4 - Produce clear and coherent writing in which the depurpose, and audience.  7.W.5 - With some guidance and support from peers and a revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.  7.W.8 - Gather relevant information from print and digital	m about or explain the topic. ose, and audience. he information or explanation presented.  , and organize the reasons and evidence logically. ing accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the mong claim(s) and reasons. ose, and audience. he argument presented. evelopment, organization, and style are appropriate to task, idults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and	7.W.2d Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. 7.W.3d Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events. 7.L.6 Acquire and use accurately gradeappropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	7.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 7.L.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing 7.L.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		

Claim #3 Speaking/Listening: Students can employ effective speaking and listening skills for a range of purposes and audiences.

#### **Oregon Listening Content Category**

#### Listen/Interpret

Analyze, interpret, and use information delivered orally.

#### **Oregon English Language Arts and Literacy Standards**

- 7.SL.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats, and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.
- 7.SL.3 Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

#### Claim #4 Research: Students can engage in research/inquiry to investigate topics, and to analyze, integrate, and present information.

Oregon Research Content Category						
Analyze / Integrate Information	Evaluate Information / Sources	Use Evidence				
Analyze information within and among sources of information (print and non-print texts, data sets, conducting procedures, etc.).	Use reasoning, evaluation, and evidence to assess the credibility and accuracy of each source in order to gather and select information to support analysis, reflection, and research.	Cite evidence to support opinions, ideas, or analyses.				
Oregon English Language Arts and Literacy Standards						
<ul> <li>7.RI.1 – Analyze what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially; cite several pieces of textual evidence to support the analysis.</li> <li>7.RI.6 - Determine an author's perspective, and/or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.</li> <li>7.RI.8 - Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.</li> <li>7.RI.9 - Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.</li> <li>7.W.8 - Gather relevant information from print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and</li> </ul>	7.W.8 - Gather relevant information from print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	<ul> <li>7.RI.9 - Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.</li> <li>7.W.1b - Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text</li> <li>7.W.8 - Gather relevant information from print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.</li> </ul>				

conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a

7.W.9 - Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to

standard format for citation.

support analysis, reflection, and research.

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texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.