

# 6<sup>th</sup> Grade Reading Science and Technical Text Pathways to Proficiency Standards and Achievement Level Descriptors (ALDs)

This document aligns the Oregon English Language Arts (ELA) learning targets with corresponding Oregon ELA Standards. The document serves as a guide in understanding the different levels of proficiency as aligned to these learning targets. Educators can use this document as a tool in making connections between the ELA Standards and the different resources available: Evidence Statements, Achievement Level Descriptors and Progressions, and Statewide Interim Assessment Resources to support instruction.

**STANDARDS:** Although the Standards are divided into Reading, Writing, Speaking and Listening, and Language strands for conceptual clarity, the processes of communication are closely connected, as reflected throughout this document.

Reading: Text complexity and the	Writing: Text types, responding	Speaking and Listening: Flexible	Language: Conventions, effective
growth of comprehension	to reading, and research	communication and collaboration	use, and vocabulary

 While the Standards delineate specific expectations in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language, each standard need not be a separate focus for instruction and assessment. Often, several standards can be addressed by a single rich task.

**LEARNING TARGETS:** Targets describe a granular level of the expectations of knowledge, skills, and/or abilities. A target can be aligned to one or more standards. In fact, some are aligned to part of a standard.

**EVIDENCE STATEMENTS:** Evidence refers to statements within the content specifications about what the student should be able to do for a given content area.

**ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL DESCRIPTORS AND PROGRESSIONS:** Grade and content-specific explanations of the knowledge, skills, and processes that students should be able to display across levels of achievement.

**TEXT COMPLEXITY:** Text complexity is a combination of quantitative, reader and task, and qualitative considerations. Beyond the use of lexile levels, educators should consider the following qualitative components: (1) Structure, (2) Language Conventionality and Clarity, Knowledge Demands, and Levels of Meaning and Purpose. *ODE Text Complexity, Vocabulary, & Writing (Appendix A: Figure 2)* 

**INTERIM ASSESSMENT RESOURCES:** A description of the statewide interim assessment resources connected to the identified learning target.

Students can read closely and analytically to comprehend a range of increasingly complex literary and informational texts.

## 8. KEY DETAILS

LEARNING TARGET	STANDARDS
Given an inference or conclusion, use explicit details and implicit	<b>6-8.RST.1</b> - Analyze what science and technical texts say explicitly as
information from the text to support the inference or conclusion	well as inferentially; cite several pieces of textual evidence to support
provided.	the analysis.

#### **EVIDENCE STATEMENTS:**

1. The student will identify text evidence (explicit details and/or implicit information) to support a GIVEN inference or conclusion based on the text.

## **ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL DESCRIPTORS:**

• Students should be able to cite sufficient and relevant textual evidence that adequately supports an inference, an analysis, an interpretation, or a conclusion drawn about texts.

Not Yet Meeting	Nearly Meeting	Meeting	Exceeding
Students should be able to	Students should be able to cite	Students should be able to cite	Students should be able cite
identify textual evidence that	relevant textual evidence to	sufficient and relevant textual	strong and thorough textual
minimally supports an idea	partially support an inference, an	evidence that adequately	evidence to support a complex
drawn about texts of low	analysis, an interpretation, or a	supports an inference, an	inference, analysis,
complexity.	conclusion drawn about texts of	analysis, an interpretation, or a	interpretation, or conclusion
	moderate complexity.	conclusion drawn about texts of	drawn about texts of unusually
		moderate-to-high complexity.	high complexity.

Interim Assessment Block:	Samula Itama Kay Dataila	Tools for Teachers: Interim Connections
Read Informational Texts	Sample Items: <u>Key Details</u>	Playlist – Read Informational Texts

## 9. CENTRAL IDEAS

LEARNING TARGET	STANDARDS
Determine a central idea and the key details that support it, or provide	<b>6-8.RST.2</b> - Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text;
a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgement.	provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge
	or opinions.

#### **EVIDENCE STATEMENTS:**

- 1. The student will determine a central idea in a text using supporting evidence.
- 2. The student will summarize key events or details in a text using supporting evidence.

## **ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL DESCRIPTORS:**

• Students should be able to adequately summarize central ideas, topics/subtopics, key events, or procedures, using supporting ideas and details.

Not Yet Meeting	Nearly Meeting	Meeting	Exceeding
Students should be able to use	Students should be able to	Students should be able to	Students should be able to
details to minimally summarize	partially summarize central ideas,	adequately summarize central	thoroughly summarize central
central ideas, topics/subtopics,	topics/subtopics, key events, or	ideas, topics/subtopics, key	ideas, topics/subtopics, key
key events, or procedures.	procedures, using supporting	events, or procedures, using	events, or procedures, using
	ideas and details.	supporting ideas and details.	supporting ideas and details.

Interim Assessment Block:	Sample Items: Central Ideas	Tools for Teachers: Interim Connections
Read Informational Texts	Sample Items: <u>Central Ideas</u>	Playlist – Read Informational Texts

#### 10. WORD MEANING

LEARNING TARGET	STANDARDS
Determine intended meanings of words including academic/tier 2	<b>6-8.RST.4</b> - Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other
words, domain-specific (tier 3) words, and words with multiple	domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific
meanings, based on context, word relationships (e.g., connotations,	scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics.
denotations), word structure (e.g., common Greek or Latin roots,	
affixes), or use of reference materials (e.g., dictionary) with primary	
focus on determining meaning based on context and the academic	
(tier 2) vocabulary common to complex texts in all disciplines.	

#### **EVIDENCE STATEMENTS:**

- 1. The student will determine the meaning of a word or phrase based on its context in an informational text.
- 2. The student will determine the intended meaning of academic/tier 2 words and domain-specific/tier 3 words in an informational text.
- 3. The student will use resources to determine the correct meaning of an unknown word or phrase in an informational text.
- 4. The student will use connotation or denotation, Greek or Latin roots, or affixes, to determine the correct meaning of an unknown word or phrase in an informational text.

#### **ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL DESCRIPTORS:**

• Students should be able to provide adequate evidence that they can determine connotative and denotative meanings academic and domain-specific words/phrases and words with multiple meanings, based on context-word relationships, word structures, and differentiating vocabulary meanings, in texts.

Not Yet Meeting	Nearly Meeting	Meeting	Exceeding
Students should be able to	Students should be able to	Students should be able to	Students should be able to
provide minimal evidence that	provide partial evidence that	provide adequate evidence that	provide thorough evidence that
they can identify connotative and	they can determine connotative	they can determine connotative	they can determine connotative
denotative meanings of some	and denotative meanings of	and denotative meanings	and denotative meanings of
academic and domain-specific	academic and domain-specific	academic and domain-specific	academic and domain-specific
words/phrases and words with	words/phrases and words with	words/phrases and words with	words/phrases and words with
multiple meanings, based on	multiple meanings, based on	multiple meanings, based on	multiple meanings, based on
context-word relationships, word	context-word relationships, word	context-word relationships, word	context-word relationships, word
structures, and differentiating	structures, and differentiating	structures, and differentiating	structures, and differentiating
vocabulary meanings, in texts of	vocabulary meanings, in texts of	vocabulary meanings, in texts of	vocabulary meanings, in texts of
low complexity.	moderate complexity.	moderate-to-high complexity.	unusually high complexity.

Interim Assessment Block:	Sample Items:	Tools for Teachers: Interim Connections
Read Informational Texts	Word Meanings	<u>Playlist – Read Informational Texts</u>

## 11. REASONING AND EVIDENCE

LEARNING TARGET	STANDARDS
Make an inference or draw a conclusion about a text OR make	<b>6-8.RST.6</b> - Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation,
inferences or draw conclusions in order to compare texts (e.g., how a	describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text.
key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated	<b>6-8.RST.8</b> - Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on
in a text; author's point of view/purpose; use of media or formats;	research findings, and speculation in a text.
trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims) and use	
supporting evidence as justification/explanation.	

## **EVIDENCE STATEMENTS:**

1. The student will make an inference about an informational text or texts and identify evidence within the text or texts that support that inference.

#### **ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL DESCRIPTORS:**

• Students should be able to use supporting evidence to adequately justify interpretations or analyses of information presented or how information is integrated (point of view; interactions among events, concepts, people, or ideas; authors' reasoning and evidence) in texts.

Not Yet Meeting	Nearly Meeting	Meeting	Exceeding
Students should be able to use	Students should be able to use	Students should be able to use	Students should be able to use
evidence to minimally justify	evidence to partially justify	supporting evidence to	supporting evidence to
interpretations of information	interpretations of information	adequately justify interpretations	thoroughly justify interpretations
presented or how information is	presented or how information is	or analyses of information	of information presented or how
integrated (authors' reasoning;	integrated (authors' reasoning;	presented or how information is	information is integrated
interactions between events,	interactions between events,	integrated (point of view;	(authors' reasoning; interactions
concepts, or ideas) in texts of	concepts, or ideas) in texts of	interactions among events,	between events, concepts, or
low complexity.	moderate complexity.	concepts, people, or ideas;	ideas), in texts of unusually high
		authors' reasoning and evidence)	complexity.
		in texts of moderate-to-high	
		complexity.	

Interim Assessment Block:	Sample Items: Reasoning & Evidence	Tools for Teachers: Interim Connections
Read Informational Texts	Sample Items. <u>Neasoning &amp; Evidence</u>	Playlist – Read Informational Texts

#### 12. ANALYSIS WITHIN AND ACROSS TEXTS

LEARNING TARGET	STANDARDS
Analyze or compare how information is presented within or across	N/A
texts (e.g. individuals, events, or ideas) or how information within or	
across texts reveals author's point of view or purpose.	

#### **EVIDENCE STATEMENTS:**

- 1. The student will analyze how information is presented (e.g. individuals, events, or ideas) within a text.
- 2. The student will determine how information reveals the author's point of view or purpose within a text.
- 3. The student will analyze how information is presented (e.g. individuals, events, or ideas) across two texts.
- 4. The student will determine how information reveals the author's point of view or purpose across two texts.

#### **ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL DESCRIPTORS:**

• Students should be able to provide adequate evidence that they can analyze or compare how information (events, people, ideas, topics) is presented within or across texts or how conflicting information reveals authors' points of view.

Not Yet Meeting	Nearly Meeting	Meeting	Exceeding
Students should be able to			
provide minimal evidence (e.g.,	provide partial evidence that	provide adequate evidence that	provide thorough evidence that
within highlighted text or a	they can compare how	they can analyze or compare how	they can analyze or compare how
shorter passage) that they can	information (events, people,	information (events, people,	information (events, people,
identify information (events,	ideas, topics) is presented within	ideas, topics) is presented within	ideas, topics) is presented within
people, ideas, topics) or authors'	or across texts of moderate	or across texts of moderate-to-	or across texts of unusually high
points of view in texts of low	complexity or how conflicting	high complexity or how	complexity or how conflicting
complexity.	information across texts reveals	conflicting information reveals	information across texts reveals
	authors' points of view.	authors' points of view.	authors' points of view.

Interim Assessment Block:	Sample Items:	Tools for Teachers: Interim Connections
Read Informational Texts	Analysis Within or Across Texts	<u>Playlist – Read Informational Texts</u>

## **13. TEXT STRUCTURE AND FEATURES**

LEARNING TARGET	STANDARDS
Relate knowledge of text structures (e.g. sentence, paragraph) or text	<b>6-8.RST.5</b> - Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text,
features to analyze or integrate the impact of those choices on	including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an
meaning or presentation.	understanding of the topic.

#### **EVIDENCE STATEMENTS:**

- 1. The student will determine how the overall structure of a text impacts its meaning.
- 2. The student will analyze or interpret why the author structured elements within the text in a certain manner and the impact of that structure on meaning.

#### **ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL DESCRIPTORS:**

• Students should be able to provide adequate evidence that they can relate knowledge of text structures or genre-specific features to analyze or integrate information in texts.

Not Yet Meeting	Nearly Meeting	Meeting	Exceeding
Students should be able to			
provide, with significant support	provide partial evidence that	provide adequate evidence that	provide thorough evidence that
(e.g., within highlighted text or	they can relate knowledge of text	they can relate knowledge of text	they can evaluate the
shorter low complexity texts),	structures or genre-specific	structures or genre-specific	effectiveness of text structures or
minimal knowledge of text	features to analyze or integrate	features to analyze or integrate	genre-specific features to analyze
structures or genre-specific	information in texts of moderate	information in texts of	or integrate information in texts
features to analyze or integrate	complexity.	moderate-to-high complexity.	of unusually high complexity.
information.			

Interim Assessment Block:	Sample Items:	Tools for Teachers: Interim Connections
Read Informational Texts	Text Structure and Features	<u>Playlist – Read Informational Texts</u>

#### **14. LANGUAGE USE**

LEARNING TARGET	STANDARDS
Interpret understanding of figurative language, word relationships,	N/A
nuances of words and phrases, or figures of speech (e.g.,	
personification) used in context and the impact of those word choices	
on meaning.	

#### **EVIDENCE STATEMENTS:**

- 1. The student will interpret the meaning of figurative words and phrases used in context and analyze its impact on meaning.
- 2. The student will interpret the intent and use of a literary device in context and analyze its impact on meaning.
- 3. The student will interpret the meaning of figures of speech (e.g., personification) used in context and the impact of those word choices on meaning.
- 4. The student will analyze the impact of word choice on reader interpretation of meaning.

#### **ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL DESCRIPTORS:**

• Students should be able to provide adequate evidence that they can determine or interpret intent or impact of figurative language (e.g., hyperbole, personification, analogies), use of literary devices, or connotative meanings of words and phrases used in context in texts.

Not Yet Meeting	Nearly Meeting	Meeting	Exceeding
Students should be able to	Students should be able to	Students should be able to	Students should be able to
provide minimal evidence that	provide partial evidence that	provide adequate evidence that	provide thorough evidence that
they can interpret intent of	they can determine or interpret	they can determine or interpret	they can evaluate or interpret
common figurative language	intent of common figurative	intent or impact of figurative	the intent and impact of
(e.g., hyperbole, personification,	language (e.g., hyperbole,	language (e.g., hyperbole,	figurative language (e.g.,
analogies), use of literary devices,	personification, analogies), use of	personification, analogies), use of	hyperbole, personification,
or connotative meanings of	literary devices, or connotative	literary devices, or connotative	analogies), use of literary devices,
words and phrases used in	meanings of words and phrases	meanings of words and phrases	or connotative meanings of
context in texts of low	used in context in texts of	used in context in texts of	words and phrases used in
complexity.	moderate complexity.	moderate-to-high complexity.	context in texts of unusually high
			complexity.

Interim Assessment Block:	Comple Homes Language Lice	Tools for Teachers: Interim Connections
Read Informational Texts	Sample Items: <u>Language Use</u>	Playlist – Read Informational Texts