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Office of Finance and Information Technology
Oregon Department of Education

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(Revised November 1, 2019)
Foreword

This edition of the *Program Budgeting and Accounting Manual* is a revision of the 2018 manual. This document becomes effective for the 2020-21 fiscal year. When the 1998 manual was drafted, the Chart of Accounts Committee recommended biennial revisions to keep the manual up to date and to promote consistency of accounting across school districts in the state. The 1998 changes were a result of House Bill 3636, enacted by the Legislature in 1997, which directed the Department of Education to review, modify, update and improve the existing chart of accounts for school districts and education service districts that will allow for valid comparisons of expenditures among schools and districts.

School district representatives from around the state have contributed their time and expertise to complete the revised manual. The Oregon Department of Education wishes to thank the committee members for their work in completing this fourteenth edition of the manual.

Sincerely,

Colt Gill

Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction
We wish to thank the district staff for their time, energy, efforts, and contributions.

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<tr>
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<th>Title</th>
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<td>Ortega, Daniliz</td>
<td>NW Regional ESD</td>
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<td>Peterman, Angie</td>
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<td>Wolfer, Melissa</td>
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Chapter 1

Introduction

The Purpose and Goal
The Program Budgeting and Accounting Manual is designed as a resource tool for school districts and education service districts in Oregon. The use of the budget and accounting codes will vary with the individual needs of each district. The minimum requirement is adopted as Administrative Rule by the State Board of Education and is in bold type face as shown in Chapter 2. Additional codes are available at the option of the district for more extensive use of account descriptions.

The 2019 Program Budgeting and Accounting Manual was developed based on the following goals:

The accounting code structure is designed to provide consistent classification of expenditures to allow valid spending comparisons among schools and districts. The financial accounting and reporting system complies with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

The budgeting and accounting system can be used to plan and manage the resources of a school district.

The manual is a working handbook to which revisions will be made.

With the above goals in mind, the Oregon Department of Education presents this manual to all school districts and educational service districts in the state of Oregon. It is our intent that use will occur at all levels of management, ranging from the classroom to the boardroom.

Organization of the Manual
Description of the account code structure begins in Chapter 2, covering fund classification, function, object, operational unit, area of responsibility, sub-area, and revenue codes. This chapter provides the basis for the account classification. Chapter 3 provides detailed definitions of the account numbers listed in Chapter 2 and special instructions to promote consistency in accounting practice.

The Department of Education will update this manual each biennium or as needed.

We welcome your comments and suggestions regarding the revised accounting manual.

Conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
A primary emphasis of this manual is to define account classifications that provide meaningful financial management information to its users. As part of this emphasis, the Program Budgeting and Accounting Manual is written to approach conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), a uniform minimum standard of and guideline for financial accounting and reporting. The Government Finance Officers Association has developed a practical guide to implementing accounting standards in its Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting (GAAFR) document.

Achieving consistency in budgeting and financial reporting enhances our ability to present a clear picture of the district’s financial condition and to make valid comparisons among districts.

Financial information that is consistently presented in a simple and straightforward format will be readily understood by the public, and provide a sound basis for decision-making.

Complying with the Oregon Local Budget Law
Oregon Budget Law (ORS 294) specifies a process and format for a district’s annual budget preparation and presentation. The Oregon Department of Education, through the administrative rule process, adopts a chart of accounts (Chapter 2) that are used to classify revenues and expenditures. These account codes are approved by the Department of Revenue.
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

Uses of the Account Classification System
The purposes of this chapter are to: (1) describe an accounting system and the need for the financial reports of the district; (2) describe the account classification structure; and (3) provide the chart of accounts used in a school district accounting system.

What is an Accounting System?
What is an accounting system? How does it go about serving the diverse needs of its users? The accounting system is the means by which financial data are captured during actual operation of the district, recorded in the accounting system, and then analyzed to produce the various kinds of reports needed. Financial transactions can be classified to facilitate their accumulation in categories to display activities in the financial reports. A primary purpose of an accounting system is to produce financial information organized in various ways for various uses.

Financial Reports
The financial reports produced in a district fall into two major groupings: internal and external. Examples of the internal reports include:

- comparison of budgeted vs. actual revenues and expenditures;
- cash flow projection;
- building operation and maintenance costs, by building; and
- expenditure accounts, showing activity during the last reporting period.

- comparison of current and prior year’s revenues and expenditures.

External financial reports are produced by the district to satisfy the needs of the various users who are not a part of the district, including state and federal agencies, Congress, the Legislature, creditors and credit rating agencies, parents, taxpayers, and the general public.

Each school district is required to produce an annual financial report that has been audited by an independent audit firm. Other external reports generally are of a special purpose or nature. They may include such reports as:

- general financial/statistical summaries for use by legislators;
- specific reports of certain revenues and expenditures by program, for use by the funding source(s); and
- program cost reports.

The State Legislature
The Oregon Legislature determines the level of funding available for the operation of Oregon’s school districts. Accordingly, legislators need clear, consistent information on school spending as a basis for decision making. Cumulative information in comparable formats about the operations of groups of districts is needed to formulate funding policies.

School Administrators and Other Employees
School administrators are key users of the financial account classification system. They must rely on financial reports to allocate and manage resources, evaluate past performance, to aid in day-to-day decision making and to inform the general public.

Budgeting, an important managerial tool for the public school administrator, relies upon correct and properly classified accounting information. The expenditure dimensions used here offer the administrator a variety of methods for budgeting and permit local judgment about the most appropriate technique. Additionally, the accounting system satisfies the administrator’s obligation to ensure compliance with the legal, regulatory and fiduciary responsibilities of this position of public trust.

School Boards and Other Governing Units
School boards and other governing units have both a responsibility and an intense interest in the operation of the school system. The school board is responsible for establishing policies and for overseeing and appraising the administrator as he or she carries out these policies. The school board thus needs timely warning in case situations develop that require corrective action. The board also needs information to assess both the
efficiency of the administration and its effectiveness in complying with policies and restrictions. Some of this information can be provided by general purpose financial reports. Comparable information obtained about other districts also is needed as a basis for comparison.

**Creditors and Potential Creditors**

Creditors include bondholders and prospective bondholders, credit rating agencies that advise potential bondholders, commercial banks, vendors, and others who have extended credit, or who are considering extending credit, to the district. Typically, they would be interested in the financial position of the organization, its operating performance, and its ability to repay the bonds or loans in full and on time.

**The General Public**

The interests of constituents are similar to those of resource providers: they want to understand the nature of the organization’s activities, the services provided, and how effectively and efficiently resources are managed.

**The Account Classification System**

The account classification system presented here is designed to enable the districts to produce the financial reports necessary to better meet all of the potential uses identified above. Based on the following guidelines, the structure meets the identified needs and will provide comparability of reported data among different districts.

1. **The chart of accounts encourages full disclosure of the financial position of the district.** Emphasis is placed on the accurate classification of financial transactions. Expenditures are recorded in the appropriate accounting categories, regardless of the implications of some of those decisions.

2. **Comprehensive financial reporting is encouraged.** The district should incorporate all financial activities into a single accounting and reporting system for full disclosure. Accounts for such activities as food services, student body activities, community services and commercial-like enterprises all should be included in the financial reports of the district.

3. **Simplified reporting is encouraged.** GAAFR encourages using the minimum number of funds necessary for legal and operational use. Using unnecessary funds can result in inflexibility, undue complexity, and inefficient financial administration. Financial reports should be well organized and easy to read.

4. **The account classification system is flexible: it meets the needs of both small and large districts while retaining comparability of reported data.** The guidelines here include a minimum list of accounts essential for state and federal reporting. They also provide a variety of optional classifications of districts interested in a more comprehensive approach to financial accounting and reporting.

**The classification of accounts and the recommended reporting structure remain in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.**

**Fund Classification**

Governmental accounting systems are organized and operated on a fund basis. The diverse nature of governmental operations and the need for legal compliance preclude recording and summarizing financial transactions in a single accounting entity. Instead, the required accounts are organized on the basis of independent funds. If one were to compare fund accounting with commercial accounting, each fund would equate to an independent business, with a separate set of records owned by one entity, the district.

The accounting system is structured to maintain the identity of the resources, obligations, revenues, expenditures and equities for each fund. This is accomplished by providing a complete self-balancing set of accounts for each fund that shows its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balances or retained earnings, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

The classifications of fund and account groups included in this handbook are similar to those used by other state and local governmental units. They consist of the following fund and account groups:

**Governmental Funds**

The funds through which most districts functions are typically financed. The reporting focus is upon determining the financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon determining net income.
Proprietary Funds
The funds used to account for district activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting focus is upon determining net income, financial position and changes in cash flows.

Fiduciary Funds
The funds used to account for assets held by a district as trustee or agent. Each trust fund is treated for accounting measurement purposes in a manner similar to either a governmental fund or a proprietary fund. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. Nonexpendable trust funds and pension trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurements of results of operations.

Account Groups
Groups of accounts which are used to record and control the district’s general fixed assets and unmatured general long-term liabilities. Long-term liabilities of proprietary funds and trust funds should be accounted for through those funds.

These four classifications are divided into the following categories called fund types:

Governmental Funds
100 General Fund
200 Special Revenue Funds
300 Debt Service Funds
400 Capital Project Funds

Proprietary Funds
500 Enterprise Funds
600 Internal Service Funds

Fiduciary Fund
700 Trust and Agency Funds

Types of Financial Activity
This publication classifies three basic types of financial activity within funds: (1) revenues and other sources of funds, (2) expenditures and other uses of funds, and (3) transactions affecting the balance sheet (assets and liabilities) of the district. For each type of transaction, the specific account code is made up of a combination of classifications called dimensions. Each dimension describes one way of classifying financial activity. The dimensions for each type of transaction are:

Revenues
- Fund: XXX
- Source: XXXX
- Project: XXX

Expenditures
- Fund: XXX
- Function: XXXX
- Object: XXX
- Operational Unit: XXX
- Area of Responsibility: XXX
- Sub-Area: XXX

Balance Sheet
- Fund: XXX
- Asset (or Liability): XXX

The purpose and uses of each of these dimensions are as follows:

Revenue Dimensions
Source
Revenues collected by school districts are classified by major source:

1000 Local Sources
2000 Intermediate Sources
3000 State Sources
4000 Federal Sources
5000 Other Sources

Project
Districts may use additional account code dimensions to provide further classification of revenue to track receipts for a particular program, project, or school.

Sub-categories within a major source provide additional information regarding the source of revenue. For example, local sources of revenue are recorded in sub-
classifications as local property taxes levied by the school
district, tuition, fees, interest earnings, etc.

**Expenditure Dimensions**

**Function**
The function describes the activity for which a
service or material object is acquired. The major
functions of a district are classified into seven
areas:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Function</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>1000</td>
<td>Instruction</td>
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<td>2000</td>
<td>Support Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>3000</td>
<td>Enterprise and Community Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4000</td>
<td>Facilities Acquisition and Construction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5000</td>
<td>Other Uses (Interagency/Fund Transactions and Debt Service)</td>
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<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>Contingency</td>
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<tr>
<td>7000</td>
<td>Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Functions and sub-functions consist of activities that have similar operational objectives. Categories of activities in each of these divisions and subdivisions are grouped according to the principle that the activities could be combined, compared, related, and mutually exclusive.

**Object**
The object is the service or commodity bought. These
categories are also divided into sub-objects for more
detailed accounting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Object</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>Salaries</td>
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<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>Associated Payroll Costs</td>
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<td>300</td>
<td>Purchased Services</td>
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<td>400</td>
<td>Supplies and Materials</td>
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<td>500</td>
<td>Capital Outlay</td>
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<td>600</td>
<td>Other Objects</td>
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<tr>
<td>700</td>
<td>Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>800</td>
<td>Other Uses of Funds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Operational Unit**
This dimension is used to identify (1) schools or (2) non-school cost centers, such as central programs or departments. Operational Unit codes are defined by the school districts but are required for state reporting purposes because expenditures are reported at the school level rather than the district level.

**Area of Responsibility**
This dimension provides additional detail to the account code and is used to identify expenditures for specific curriculum areas and programs. Districts may elect to use area codes for a variety of reasons to track expenditures and manage costs.

**Sub-Area**
Districts often add other account code dimensions to classify expenditures for particular purposes at their discretion. Some of the possible additional uses are:

- term;
- course; work
- order;
- bus route or vehicle;
- capital project;

In addition, in automated systems, there may be a need to add some codes for use by the computer. These might include:

- a transaction code to route the transaction through the system and post the correct files and fields in the data record;
- a fiscal year code to assist with closing out one year while beginning to process activity for the new year;
- a reporting level code to assist in organizing report contents and subtotals;
- a district or other organizational unit code in a multi-district system.

**The Minimum Chart of Accounts**
The handbook classification structure (particularly the expenditure classifications) can generate large amounts of detailed data. However, much of the classification system described herein is offered for the optional use of the district. Hence, a district may choose, in a number of ways, which parts of the system it needs or wants to use. It may choose:

- Not to use certain optional dimensions at all;
- To consolidate certain dimensions in its own local chart of accounts.
- To use more dimensions than defined in this publication.
Whatever course a district chooses, it must follow a certain minimum list of these classifications to meet federal and state reporting requirements. This list is referred to as the “minimum chart of accounts.”

Using this publication, the district’s first task then is to decide what additional classifications it wishes to use for its own purposes. In the following account classification descriptions, the minimum chart of accounts is highlighted in bold.
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

Account Classification Descriptions
The account codes are presented for use in accounting for revenue and expenditures of a school district. The codes in **bold type** face are required, except for Area of Responsibility. Non-bold codes are optional and may be used at the district’s discretion. Definitions for each of these descriptions begin in Chapter 3.

Fund Classifications

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<thead>
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<th>Description</th>
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<td>100</td>
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<td>200</td>
<td>Special Revenue Funds</td>
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<td>300</td>
<td>Dept Service Funds</td>
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<td>400</td>
<td>Capital Projects Funds</td>
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<td>500</td>
<td>Enterprise Funds</td>
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<td>600</td>
<td>Internal Service Funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>700</td>
<td>Trust and Agency Funds</td>
</tr>
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</table>
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

Revenue Sources

1000 Revenue from Local Sources

1100 Taxes

1110 Ad Valorem Taxes Levied by District
   1111 Current Year’s Taxes
   1112 Prior Year’s Taxes
   1113 County Tax Sales for back Taxes
   1114 Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes

1120 Local Option Ad Valorem Taxes Levied by District
   1121 Current Year’s Local Option Taxes
   1122 Prior Year’s Local Option Taxes
   1123 Penalties and Interest on Local Option Taxes

1130 Construction Excise Tax

1190 Penalties and Interest on Taxes

1200 Revenue From Local Governmental Units Other Than Districts

1300 Tuition

1310 Regular Day School Tuition
   1311 Tuition From Individuals
   1312 Tuition From Other Districts Within the State
   1313 Tuition From Other Districts Outside the State

1320 Adult/Continuing Education Tuition
   1321 Tuition From Individuals
   1322 Tuition From Other Districts Within the State
   1323 Tuition From Other Districts Outside the State
   1324 Tuition/Contract Receipts for Community Services

1330 Summer School Tuition
   1331 Tuition From Individuals
   1332 Tuition From Other Districts Within the State
   1333 Tuition From Other Districts Outside the State

1400 Transportation Fees

1410 Regular Day School Transportation
   1411 Transportation Fees From Individuals
   1412 Transportation Fees From Other Districts Within the State
   1413 Transportation Fees From Other Districts Outside the State

1420 Summer School Transportation
   1421 Transportation Fees From Individuals
   1422 Transportation Fees From Other Districts Within the State
   1423 Transportation Fees From Other Districts Outside the State

1500 Earnings on Investments

1510 Interest on Investments
   1530 Gain or Loss on Sale of Investment
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

1600 Food Service
  1610 Daily Sales – Reimbursable Programs
    1611 Breakfast
    1612 Lunch
    1613 Special Milk Program
  1620 Daily Sales – Non Reimbursable Program
  1630 Special Functions

1700 Extracurricular Activities
  1710 Admissions
  1720 Bookstore Sales
  1730 Student Organization Membership Dues and Fees
  1740 Fees
  1750 Concessions
  1760 Club Fund Raising
  1790 Other Extracurricular Activities

1800 Community Services Activities

1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources
  1910 Rentals
  1920 Contributions, Donations and General Fundraising from Private Sources
  1930 Rental or Lease Payments from Private Contractors
  1940 Services Provided Other Local Education Agencies
    1941 Services Provided Other Districts Within the State
    1942 Services Provided Other Districts Outside the State
    1943 Services Provided Charter Schools
  1950 Textbook Sales and Rentals
    1951 Textbook Sales
  1960 Recovery of Prior Years’ Expenditure
  1970 Services Provided Other Funds
  1980 Fees Charged to Grants
  1990 Miscellaneous

2000 Revenue From Intermediate Sources

2100 Unrestricted Revenue
  2101 County School Funds
  2102 General Education Service District Funds (Effective 7/1/10)
  2103 Excess ESD Local Revenue (Effective 7/1/10)
  2105 Natural Gas, Oil, and Mineral Receipts
  2110 Intermediate ‘I’ Tax (City and County Income Taxes)
    2111 Current Year
    2112 Prior Year
    2113 Penalties and Interest
  2199 Other Intermediate Sources

2200 Restricted Revenue
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

2800 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes

2900 Revenue for/on Behalf of the District

3000 Revenue From State Sources

3100 Unrestricted Grants-In-Aid
   3101 State School Fund – General Support
   3102 State School Fund – School Lunch Match
   3103 Common School Fund
   3104 State Managed County Timber
   3106 State School Fund – Accrual
   3199 Other Unrestricted Grants-in-aid

3200 Restricted Grants-In-Aid
   3204 Driver Education
   3222 State School Fund (SSF) Transportation Equipment
   3299 Other Restricted Grants-in-aid

3800 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes

3900 Revenue for/on Behalf of the District

4000 Revenue From Federal Sources

4100 Unrestricted Revenue Direct From the Federal Government

4200 Unrestricted Revenue From the Federal Government Through the State
   4201 Transportation Fees For Foster Children
   4202 Medicaid Reimbursement for Eligible K-12 Expenses (Ages Five to Twenty-One)

4300 Restricted Revenue Direct From the Federal Government

4500 Restricted Revenue From the Federal Government Through the State
   4501 Medicaid Reimbursement for Eligible Early Intervention (EI) Services (Birth to Age Three)
   4502 Medicaid Reimbursement for Eligible Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE) Services (Ages Three to Five)

4700 Grants-In-Aid From the Federal Government Through Other Intermediate Agencies

4800 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes
   4801 Federal Forest Fees
   4802 Impact Aid to School Districts for Operation (PL 874)
   4803 Coos Bay Wagon Road Funds
   4899 Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

4900 Revenue for/on Behalf of the District

5000 Other Sources

5100 Long Term Debt Financing Sources
   5110 Bond Proceeds
   5120 Bond Premium
   5130 Accrued Interest
   5140 Mortgage Receipts
   5150 Loan Receipts
   5160 Lease Purchase Receipts

5200 Interfund Transfers

5300 Sale of or Compensation for Loss of Fixed Assets

5400 Resources—Beginning Fund Balance
### Expenditure Functions

#### 1000 Instruction

**1100 Regular Programs**
- 1111 Elementary, K-5 or K-6 (Effective 7/1/2011)
- 1113 Elementary Extracurricular
- 1121 Middle/Junior High School Programs
- 1122 Middle/Junior High School Extracurricular
- 1131 High School Programs
- 1132 High School Extracurricular

**1140 Pre-kindergarten Programs**

**1200 Special Programs**

**1210 Programs for the Talented and Gifted**

**1220 Restrictive Programs for Students with Disabilities**
- 1221 Learning Centers – Structured and Intensive
- 1222 Development Kindergarten
- 1223 Community Transition Centers
- 1224 Life Skills with Nursing
- 1225 Out of District Programs
- 1226 Home Instruction
- 1227 Extended School Year Programs
- 1228 Diagnostic Classrooms
- 1229 Other Special Programs

**1250 Less Restrictive Programs for Students with Disabilities**

**1260 Treatment and Habilitation**

**1270 Educationally Disadvantaged**
- 1271 Remediation
- 1272 Title IA/D

**1280 Alternative Education**
- 1281 Public Alternative Programs
- 1282 Private Alternative Programs
- 1283-1287 District Alternative Programs
- 1288 Charter Schools
- 1289 Other Alternative Programs

**1290 Designated Programs**
- 1291 English Language Learner – ORS 336.079
- 1292 Teen Parent Programs
- 1293 Migrant Education
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

1294  Youth Corrections Education
1295  English Language Learner – Non ORS 336.079
1299  Other Programs

1300 Adult/Continuing Education Programs

1400 Summer School Programs
  1410  Elementary
  1420  Middle/Junior High
  1430  High School
  1460  Special Programs, Summer School
  1490  Other Summer School Programs

2000 Support Services

2100 Support Services—Students

2110  Attendance and Social Work Services
  2111  Service Area Direction
  2112  Attendance Services
  2113  Social Work Services
  2114  Student Accounting Services
  2115  Student Safety
  2117  Identification and Recruitment of Migrant Children
  2119  Other Attendance and Social Work Services

2120  Guidance Services
  2121  Service Area Direction
  2122  Counseling Services
  2123  Appraisal Services
  2124  Information Services
  2126  Placement Services
  2129  Other Guidance Services

2130  Health Services
  2131  Service Area Direction
  2132  Medical Services
  2133  Dental Services
  2134  Nurse Services
  2139  Other Health Services

2140  Psychological Services
  2141  Service Area Direction
  2142  Psychological Testing Services
  2143  Psychological Counseling Services
  2144  Psychotherapy Services
  2148  Other Psychological Services
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

2150 Speech Pathology and Audiology Services
   2151 Service Area Direction
   2152 Speech Pathology Services
   2153 Audiology Services
   2159 Other Speech Pathology and Audiology Services

2160 Other Student Treatment Services

2190 Service Direction, Student Support Services
   2200 Support Services—Instructional Staff

   2210 Improvement of Instruction Services
      2211 Service Area Direction
      2213 Curriculum Development
      2219 Other Improvement of Instruction Services

   2220 Educational Media Services
      2221 Service Area Direction
      2222 Library/Media Center
      2224 Educational Television Services
      2229 Other Educational Media Services

   2230 Assessment and Testing

   2240 Instructional Staff Development

   2300 Support Services—General Administration

   2310 Board of Education Services

   2320 Executive Administration Services
      2321 Office of the Superintendent Services
      2324 State and Federal Relations Services
      2329 Other Executive Administration Services

2400 School Administration

   2410 Office of the Principal Services

   2490 Other Support Services – School Administration

2500 Support Services – Business

   2510 Direction of Business Support Services

   2520 Fiscal Services
      2521 Service Area Direction
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

2522 Budgeting Services
2523 Receiving and Disbursing Funds Services
2524 Payroll Services
2525 Financial Accounting Services
2526 Internal Auditing Services
2527 Property Accounting Services
2528 Risk Management Services
2529 Other Fiscal Services

2540 Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services
2541 Service Area Direction
2542 Care and Upkeep of Buildings Services
2543 Care and Upkeep of Grounds Services
2544 Maintenance
2546 Security Services
2549 Other Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services

2550 Student Transportation Services
2551 Service Area Direction
2552 Vehicle Operation Services
2558 Special Education Transportation Services
2559 Other Student Transportation Services

2570 Internal Services
2571 Service Area Direction
2572 Purchasing Services
2573 Warehousing and Distributing Services
2574 Printing, Publishing, and Duplicating Services
2579 Other Internal Services

2600 Support Services—Central Activities

2610 Direction of Central Support Services

2620 Planning, Research, Development, Evaluation Services, Grant Writing and Statistical Services
2621 Service Area Direction
2622 Development Services
2623 Evaluation Services
2624 Planning Services
2625 Research Services
2626 Grant Writing
2627 Statistical Services
2628 Fundraising/Resource Development
2629 Other Planning, Research, Development, and Evaluation Services

2630 Information Services
2631 Service Area Direction
2632 Internal Information Services
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

2633 Public Information Services
2634 Management Information Services
2639 Other Information Services

2640 Staff Services
2641 Service Area Direction
2642 Recruitment and Placement Services
2643 Staff Accounting Services
2645 Health Services
2649 Other Staff Services

2660 Technology Services
2661 Service Area Direction
2662 Systems Analysis Services
2663 Programming Services
2664 Operations Services
2669 Other Technology Services

2670 Records Management Services

2680 Interpretation and Translation Services

2690 Other Support Services – Central

2700 Supplemental Retirement Program

3000 Enterprise and Community Services

3100 Food Services
3110 Service Area Direction
3120 Food Preparation and Dispensing Services
3130 Food Delivery Services
3190 Other Food Services

3200 Other Enterprise Services

3300 Community Services
3310 Direction of Community Services Activities
3320 Community Recreation Services
3330 Civic Services
3340 Public Library Services
3360 Welfare Activities Services
3370 Nonpublic School Students Services
3390 Other Community Services

3500 Custody and Care of Children Services
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

4000 Facilities Acquisition and Construction

4100 Facilities Acquisition and Construction

4110 Service Area Direction

4120 Site Acquisition and Development Services

4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, and Improvement Services

4180 Other Capital Items

4190 Other Facilities Construction Services

5000 Other Uses

5100 Debt Service

5110 Long-Term Debt Service

5120 Short-Term Debt Retirement

5200 Transfers of Funds

5300 Apportionment of Funds by ESD

5400 PERS UAL Lump Sum Payment to PERS

6000 Contingencies

6110 Operating Contingency

7000 Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance
## Expenditure Objects

### 100 Salaries

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>Regular Salaries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>111</td>
<td>Licensed Salaries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>112</td>
<td>Classified Salaries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>113</td>
<td>Administrators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>114</td>
<td>Managerial—Classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115</td>
<td>Sabbatical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>116</td>
<td>Supplemental Retirement Stipends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>117</td>
<td>Unused Leave</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 120 Nonpermanent Salaries

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>121</td>
<td>Substitutes—Licensed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>122</td>
<td>Substitutes—Classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>123</td>
<td>Temporary—Licensed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>124</td>
<td>Temporary—Classified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 130 Additional Salary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>140-190</td>
<td>Additional Salary</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 200 Associated Payroll Costs

#### 210 Public Employees Retirement System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>211</td>
<td>Employer Contribution, Tier I and Tier II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>212</td>
<td>Employee Contribution, Pick-Up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>213</td>
<td>PERS UAL Contribution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>214</td>
<td>PERS UAL Contribution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>215</td>
<td>PERS UAL Contribution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>216</td>
<td>Employer Contribution, Tier III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 220 Social Security Administration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Social Security Administration</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 230 Other Required Payroll Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>231</td>
<td>Workers’ Compensation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>232</td>
<td>Unemployment Compensation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 240 Contractual Employee Benefits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Contractual Employee Benefits</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 270 Post Retirement Health Benefits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Post Retirement Health Benefits</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 300 Purchased Services

#### 310 Instructional, Professional and Technical Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>311</td>
<td>Instruction Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>312</td>
<td>Instructional Programs Improvement Services</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

313 Student Services
316 Data Processing Services
317 Statistical Services
318 Professional and Improvement Costs for Non-Instructional Staff
319 Other Instructional, Professional and Technical Services

320 Property Services
321 Cleaning Services
322 Repairs and Maintenance Services
324 Rentals
325 Electricity
326 Fuel
327 Water and Sewage
328 Garbage
329 Other Property Services

330 Student Transportation Services
331 Reimbursable Student Transportation
332 Non-reimbursable Student Transportation
333 Board and Room in Lieu of Transportation
334 Transportation Portion of Tuition Payments

340 Travel
341 Travel, Local in District
342 Travel, Out of District
343 Travel, Student, Out of District
349 Other Travel

350 Communication
351 Telephone
353 Postage
354 Advertising
355 Printing and Binding
359 Other Communication Services

360 Charter School Payments

370 Tuition
371 Tuition Payments to Other Districts Within State
372 Tuition Payments to Other Districts Outside the State
373 Tuition Payments to Private Schools
374 Other Tuition

380 Non-instructional Professional and Technical Services
381 Audit Services
382 Legal Services
383 Architect/Engineer Services
384 Negotiation Services
385 Management Services
### Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>386</td>
<td>Data Processing Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>387</td>
<td>Statistical Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>388</td>
<td>Election Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>389</td>
<td>Other Non-instructional Professional and Technical Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>390</td>
<td>Other General Professional and Technological Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>Supplies and Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>410</td>
<td>Consumable Supplies and Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td>Textbooks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>430</td>
<td>Library Books</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>440</td>
<td>Periodicals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450</td>
<td>Food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>460</td>
<td>Non-Consumable Items</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>470</td>
<td>Computer Software</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>480</td>
<td>Computer Hardware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>Capital Outlay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>510</td>
<td>Land Acquisition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>520</td>
<td>Buildings Acquisition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>530</td>
<td>Improvements Other Than Buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>540</td>
<td>Depreciable Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>541</td>
<td>Initial and Additional Equipment Purchase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>542</td>
<td>Replacement Equipment Purchase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>550</td>
<td>Depreciable Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>560</td>
<td>Depreciable Bus Garage, Bus and Capital Bus Improvements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>562</td>
<td>Bus Garage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>564</td>
<td>Bus and Capital Bus Improvements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>590</td>
<td>Other Capital Outlay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600</td>
<td>Other Objects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>610</td>
<td>Redemption of Principal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

620 Interest
   621 Regular Interest
   622 Bus Garage, Bus and Capital Improvement Interest

630 Unrecoverable Bad Debt Write-Off

640 Dues and Fees

650 Insurance and Judgements
   651 Liability Insurance
   652 Fidelity Bond Premiums
   653 Property Insurance Premiums
   654 Student Insurance Premiums
   655 Judgements and Settlements Against the District
   659 Other Insurance and Judgements

660 Depreciation (Used for Enterprise and Internal Service Funds Only)
   662 Buildings
   663 Improvements Other Than Buildings
   664 Equipment
   665 Technology
   669 Other Capital Assets
   670 Taxes and Licenses

680 PERS UAL Lump Sum Payment to PERS

690 Grant Indirect Charges

700 Transfers

800 Other Uses of Funds

810 Planned Reserve

820 Reserved for Next Year
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

Expenditure Areas of Responsibility

010 Home Instruction
020 Tutoring
050 General Classroom Instruction
060 Core Areas/Block Classes
090 Other Pre-kindergarten Programs
100 English
110 Social Studies
120 Science
130 The Arts
170 Driver Education
180 Mathematics
190 Health Education
200 Physical Education
210 Second Language
230 Athletics
250 Other Extracurricular Student Activities
260 Technology
270 Career Related Learning
280 English Language Learner Programs
290 Other Programs
310 Non-Instructional Staff Development
320 Special Education
340 Coordinated Early Intervening Services
350 School Improvement Fund Grant

Professional, Technical Strands
510 Arts and Communication
520 Business and Management
530 Health Services
540 Human Resources
550 Industrial and Engineering Systems
560 Natural Resources Systems
570 Other Professional, Technical Strands. Defined by the District.
580 Other Professional, Technical Strands. Defined by the District.
590 Other Professional, Technical Strands. Defined by the District.
Chapter 2 — Uses of the Account Classification System

Descriptions of Balance Sheet Accounts

Assets and Other Debits

100 Current Assets
   101 Cash in the Bank
   102 Cash on Hand
   103 Petty Cash
   104 Change Cash
   105 Cash With Fiscal Agents
   106 Cash and Investments to Repay Short-term Notes
   111 Investments
   112 Unamortized Premiums on Investments
   113 Unamortized Documents on Investments (credit)
   114 Interest Receivable on Investments
   115 Accrued Interest on Investments Purchased
   121 Taxes Receivable
   122 Estimated Uncollectible Taxes (credit)
   131 Interfund Loans Receivable
   132 Interfund Accounts Receivable
   141 Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable
   151 Loans Receivable
   152 Estimated Uncollectible Loans
   153 Other Accounts Receivable
   154 Estimated Uncollectible Accounts Receivable
   161 Bond Proceeds Receivable
   171 Inventories for Consumption
   172 Inventories for Resale
   181 Prepaid Expenses
   191 Deposits
   199 Other Current Assets

200 Fixed Assets
   211 Sites
   221 Site Improvements
   222 Accumulated Depreciation on Site Improvements
   231 Buildings and Building Improvements
   232 Accumulated Depreciation on Buildings and Building Improvements
   241 Machinery and Equipment
   242 Accumulated Depreciation on Machinery and Equipment
   251 Construction in Progress

300 Budgeting Accounts and Other Debits
   301 Estimated Revenues (budget account)
   302 Revenues
   303 Amount Available in Debt Service Funds
   304 Amount to Be Provided for Retirement of General Long-Term Debt
### Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balances

#### 400 Current Liabilities
- 401 Interfund Loans Payable
- 402 Interfund Accounts Payable
- 411 Intergovernmental Accounts Payable
- 421 Accounts Payable
- 422 Judgments Payable
- 423 Warrants Payable
- 431 Contracts Payable
- 432 Construction Contracts Payable—Retained Percentage
- 433 Construction Contracts Payable
- 441 Matured Bonds Payable
- 442 Bonds Payable
- 443 Unamortized Premiums on Bonds Sold
- 451 Loans Payable
- 455 Interest Payable
- 461 Accrued Salaries and Benefits
- 471 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings
- 481 Deferred Revenues
- 491 Deposits Payable
- 492 Due to Fiscal Agent
- 499 Other Current Liabilities

#### 500 Long-Term Liabilities
- 511 Bonds Payable
- 521 Loans Payable
- 531 Lease Obligations
- 541 Unfunded Pension Liabilities
- 590 Other Long-Term Liabilities

#### 600 Budgeting Accounts
- 601 Appropriations (budget account)
- 602 Expenditures
- 603 Encumbrances

#### 700 Fund Equity
- 701 Investment in General Fixed Assets
- 721 Contributed Capital
- 730 Reserve for (Special Purposes)—Retained Earnings
- 740 Unreserved Retained Earnings
- 760 Other than Unassigned (Special Purposes)—Fund Balance
- 761 Non-spendable Fund Balance
- 762 Restricted Fund Balance
- 763 Committed Fund Balance
- 764 Assigned Fund Balance
- 770 Unassigned Fund Balance
Chapter 3

Accounting Program Structure

An accounting program structure represents a conceptual organization of the school system’s activities. It provides the basis for collecting, organizing, analyzing, and displaying financial information about the activities of a school district and provides for grouping of activities for assigning costs.

The accounting program structure for Oregon school districts is based on the following account dimensions:

Fund   Function   Object   Operational Unit   Area of Responsibility   Sub-Area

The account code segments allow several levels of detail. For example, a function code can provide four levels of information:

1111—Regular Elementary Instruction
Function—1XXX—Instruction
Program—11XX—Regular Instruction
Service Area—111X—Regular Elementary Instruction
Grade Level—1111—Regular Elementary Instruction

The state requires different levels of detail for various account segments for the Minimum Chart of Accounts. The requirements are outlined in the following sections, with the minimum level of detail indicated with bold font, except for Area of Responsibility.

Minimum Chart of Accounts

The following expenditure dimensions are required for state reporting:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expenditure Dimension</th>
<th>Defined by:</th>
<th>Required for:</th>
<th>Number of Digits</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fund</td>
<td>State</td>
<td>All Accounts</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>The state defines only the first digit of each fund.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>State</td>
<td>All Accounts</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>State</td>
<td>All Accounts</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Identifies a school or central district program or department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operational Unit</td>
<td>District</td>
<td>All Accounts</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area of Responsibility</td>
<td>State</td>
<td>Some Accounts</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>See Area of Responsibility Dimension Required Table below</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Area</td>
<td>District</td>
<td>Not Required</td>
<td></td>
<td>This is an optional category for district use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fund, Function, Object, and Operational Unit are required for all expenditure accounts. Fund, Function, and Object are defined by the state. Operational Unit is district-defined and is used to designate either a school or a central program or department.
Area of Responsibility is state-defined and is required for certain Functions, e.g., to indicate curriculum area at the secondary level. Additional account code segments, e.g., Sub-Area, are optional expenditure dimensions that are district-defined and should not be reported to the state.

**Area of Responsibility Dimension Required:**
Note: An “x” indicates a rollup of accounts to the digits indicated. For example a 12xx Function represents all Functions that have a “12” prefix.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>To designate:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1121</td>
<td>Middle School/Jr. High Instruction</td>
<td>Curriculum Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1131</td>
<td>High School Instruction</td>
<td>Curriculum Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12xx</td>
<td>Special Education</td>
<td>Maintenance of Effort, if applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1271</td>
<td>Remediation</td>
<td>Curriculum Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21xx</td>
<td>Special Education Support</td>
<td>Maintenance of Effort, if applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2190</td>
<td>Special Education Direction</td>
<td>Maintenance of Effort, if applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2240</td>
<td>Staff Development</td>
<td>Targeted Training, if applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2550</td>
<td>Special Education Transportation</td>
<td>Maintenance of Effort, if applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Operational Unit**
Operational unit designated either a school or a central program or department. In general, school-based costs should be charged directly to the school (Operational Unit). The state calculates cost per student at the school level, and central costs will be allocated to the schools on a per-student basis. Grants should be charged to the school level when the information is available; e.g., Title I. Special Education programs should always be charged centrally. The following table indicates whether functions should be charged directly to the School, to a Central number or Either or Both. The “Charge to Either” column indicates that some expenditures in the function would logically be charged to the school and others to a central department. For example, in function 2540, charge the building custodian to the school and a central maintenance worker to a central operational unit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function / Description</th>
<th>Charge to School</th>
<th>Charge Centrally</th>
<th>Charge to Either</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11XX Instruction</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12XX Special Programs</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21XX Support of Students</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22XX Support of Instruction</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23XX Executive Admin</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>241X Principal’s Office</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>249X Other School Administration</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>251X Business Direction</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function / Description</td>
<td>Charge to School</td>
<td>Charge Centrally</td>
<td>Charge to Either</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>252X Fiscal Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>254X Operation/Maintenance of Plant</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>255X Transportation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>257X Purchasing, Warehouse, Printing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>261X Central Direction</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>262X Planning, Research &amp; Dev</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>263X Information Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>264X Staff Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>266X Technology Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>267X Records Management</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>268X Interpretation/Translation Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31XX Food Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32XX Enterprise Operations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33XX Community Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35XX Child Care</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4XXX Facilities Acquisition/Construction</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5XXX Other Uses</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Operational Unit used at School Level or Central

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School/Unit</th>
<th>Either/Unit</th>
<th>Central/Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1100 Instruction</td>
<td>1200 Special Programs</td>
<td>2300 Executive Admin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2410 Principal’s Office</td>
<td>2100 Support of Students</td>
<td>2510 Business Direction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3500 Child Care</td>
<td>2200 Support of Instruction</td>
<td>2520 Fiscal Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2490 Other School Administration</td>
<td></td>
<td>2610 Central Direction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2540 Operation/Maintenance of Plant</td>
<td></td>
<td>2620 Planning, Research &amp; Dev</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2550 Transportation</td>
<td></td>
<td>2630 Information Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2570 Purchasing, Warehouse, Printing</td>
<td></td>
<td>2640 Staff Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2660 Technology Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>2670 Records Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2680 Interpretation/Translation</td>
<td></td>
<td>5000 Other Uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3100 Food Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3200 Enterprise Operations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3300 Community Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4000 Facilities Acquisition/Construction</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Charging school-based expenditures directly to the school when possible will produce more accurate cost information in most cases. Special Education costs, however, should be charged centrally because the wide variation of special needs and costs among schools could skew the calculation of cost per student at the school level.

When a district receives a grant, which can be identified at the school level, charge the grant to the school level.

### Special Instructions for Recording Expenditures

The following procedures are intended to improve consistency among school districts in classifying expenditures.

### GASB Statement 34 Reporting Requirements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 represents one of the most comprehensive changes in financial reporting standards in history. This section will not attempt to address all issues relative to implementation of these standards. District officials are encouraged to discuss their specific issues with their auditors. Detailed questions and answers relative to this topic can be found in the Guide to Implementation of GASB Statement 34 on Basic Financial Statements and Management’s Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments published by GASB.
GASB 34-related changes to Chart of Accounts:

This section recaps the proposed impact of GASB 34 on the Chart of Accounts. Additional details are provided within each of the impacted accounts.

Funds

- Special Revenue Funds – Food Service and Student Body funds should be classified within the Special Revenue Funds. Food Services should not be classified as an Enterprise Fund. Student Body Funds should not be classified as Trust or Agency Funds.
- Enterprise Funds – In general, the use of Enterprise Funds is discouraged.

Objects

- ODE sets the capitalization threshold to $5,000; this is consistent with the federal level.
- Districts may use sub-objects under 460 and 480 for inventoried non-capitalized assets if districts choose to identify separately or have inventory systems tied to object codes.
- Add (Depreciable) to name of objects 540 and 550.
- Reorder 66x objects as follows:
  - 662 Buildings
  - 663 Improvements Other Than Buildings
  - 664 Equipment
  - 665 Technology
  - 669 Other Capital Assets
- Note in description for 66x that it is generally to be used only in Enterprise and Internal Service funds.
- The following Object codes have been modified to comply with depreciation requirements of GASB 34. Details can be found within their specific descriptions.
  - 460 Non-consumable Items
  - 540 Depreciable Equipment
  - 660 Depreciation. (Used for Enterprise and Internal Service Funds only)
Special Education Costs—Maintenance of Effort

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) grant program requires Local Education Agencies (LEAs) to meet maintenance of effort (MOE) as a condition of receiving these federal funds. This means that LEAs may not reduce the amount of local, or State and local, general funds they spend for the education of children with disabilities below the amount they spent for the preceding fiscal year in which they met MOE. (34 CFR 300.203)

Charge special education expenditures to the appropriate function with an Operational Unit code. Attach area code 320 when reporting special education expenditures in all funds. However, only General Fund 100 is used in the MOE baseline calculations.

School Medicaid Billing and IDEA MOE

According to 34 CFR 300.154(g)(2), reimbursements from federal funds, e.g. Medicaid, will not be considered State/local for the purposes of MOE. However, per the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP), the State/local match payments that are used to draw down the federal Medicaid reimbursement must be included in the MOE calculation.

Example: Resource Room Teacher Salary coded to 100-1250-111-XXX-320:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expenditure Dimension</th>
<th>Account Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fund</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td>Generally, the state defines only the first digit of each fund.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>1250</td>
<td>Less Restrictive Programs for Students with Disabilities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>Licensed Salaries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operational Unit</td>
<td>XXX</td>
<td>District Assigned Unit</td>
<td>District-assigned central id, rather than directly to schools.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area of Responsibility</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>Special Education</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transportation of Special Education Students

1. Charge costs of providing special education transportation to function 2550 and attach Area 320, including salaries and associated payroll costs of bus drivers and attendants. Allocate costs such as supplies, insurance, and maintenance between regular transportation and special education. Districts may track actual costs or allocate costs based on special education mileage.
2. Report the purchase of new special education buses under function 2550, Area 320.

Remediation

Schools will be offering remedial courses to students who do not meet the state standards. Charge costs of remediation to function 1271.

Example: Licensed salary cost for teaching remedial classes in math.

Debit Expenditure 100-1271-111-XXX-180
Alternative Education
Charge costs of alternative education programs to function 1280 and a central operational unit.
Example: Tuition payments to another agency to provide alternative education.
   Debit Expenditure   100-1280-371-XXX
Example: Licensed salary cost for a teacher in district provided alternative education.
   Debit Expenditure   100-1280-111-XXX

Substitute Teachers
Record the cost of substitutes in the function of the teacher that the substitute is replacing, if the teacher is absent due to illness, personal leave, etc. If the teacher is absent to participate in staff development, charge the substitute cost to a 2240 function (Instructional Staff Development).
Example: Substitute replaces a third grade teacher who is ill
   Debit Expenditure   100-1111-121-XXX
Example: Substitute replaces a fourth grade teacher who is attending a workshop on teaching math
   Debit Expenditure   100-2240-121-XXX or
   Debit Expenditure   100-2240-121-XXX-180 to designate math

Staff Development
Charge costs of staff development for licensed, classified, and administrative employees that are instructionally related to 2240 Instructional Staff Development, using the appropriate object.
Example: Record cost of supplies for math instruction training session which elementary teachers attend.
   Debit Expenditure   100-2240-410-XXX or
   Debit Expenditure   100-2240-410-XXX-180 to designate math
Charge non-instructional staff development to the appropriate function and object. Attach Area code 310 Staff Development for tracking.
Example: Computer spreadsheet training materials for fiscal staff.
   Debit Expenditure   100-2520-410-XXX-310

Grant Administrative Charges
Record the indirect charges for grant administration directly to the grant, object code 690. Pay the amount to the general fund, revenue account 1980.
Example: Record administrative charge to staff development grant.
   Debit Expenditure   200-2240-690-XXX
   Credit Liabilities  200-4020 Due to other funds
   Debit Assets       100-1320 Due from other funds
   Credit Revenue     100-1980 Fees charged to grants
**Transfers to Other Funds**

Districts may make transfers from one fund to the General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, and Trust and Agency Funds. Transfers are excluded from expenditures in the transferring fund to avoid double counting.

Example: Transfer money from the General Fund to a Special Revenue Fund.

- **Debit Expenditure** 100-5200-710 Transfers to other funds
- **Credit Liabilities** 100-4020 Due to other funds
- **Debit Assets** 200-1320 Due from other funds
- **Credit Revenue** 200-5200 Transfers from other funds

**Payments to Internal Service Funds**

Districts should record *payments*, rather than transfers, from one fund to an internal service fund so that the expenditure is recorded in the operating fund.

Example: Record payment from the General Fund to an Internal Service Fund. District contribution for employee insurance for primary teachers is charged to the General Fund and paid to the Insurance Reserve Fund.

- **Debit Expenditure** 100-1111-240-XXX
- **Credit Payroll Liability** 100-4610

- **Debit Payroll Liability** 100-4610
- **Credit Revenue** 600-1970 Services to other funds

Expenditures in internal service funds will be excluded from per-student cost calculations to avoid double counting. Do not make transfers to Internal Service Funds.

**Supplemental Retirement Programs**

Cost of providing district retirement incentive benefits to current employees and sustaining those benefits to prior employees.

Record the current year district contribution to the program in the designated fund and function 2700. Pay the contribution amount to a Supplemental Retirement Fund, which should be classified as a trust fund or directly from General Fund to retirees. The district may use the contributions to pay current obligations to retirees and/or to accumulate reserves for outstanding liabilities.

Example:

- **Debit Expenditure** 100-2700-240-XXX
- **Credit Liabilities** 100-4020 Due to other funds
- **Debit Assets** 700-1320 Due from other funds
- **Credit Revenues** 700-1990
Student Body Funds

Student Body funds that are controlled by school district personnel should be budgeted and treated as governmental funds (Special Revenue Funds). Report expenditures at the school level using an operational unit code. Student Body Funds are raised or collected by and/or for school approved student groups in which the school district prescribes the purposes for how money is obtained and used. Examples of Student Body Funds would include:

- textbook security deposits;
- locker deposit, PE attire fees, towel fee, musical instrument fee, optional course fee, admission fee, optional field trips, voluntary health and accident insurance plans and fund raisers

Classifying Salary Expenditures

Staff should be charged to the function code that reflects actual job duties and responsibilities rather than job title. Example: Cost of a Deputy Superintendent who splits job duties between general administration and Director of Special Education.

Debit Expenditures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100-2190-113-320</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100-2320-113</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bond Refunding Guidelines

5000 Other Sources

- 5110 Bond Proceeds – Reports the face amount of the refunding bonds issued
- 5120 Bond Premium – Reports the premium, or discount, on refunding bonds
- 5130 Accrued Interest – Reports accrued interest, if any, on the refunding bond proceeds

5000 Other Uses

- 5110-610 Long-term Debt Service-Redemption of Principal – Reports the amount deposited to the refunding escrow agent
- 5110-640 Long-term Debt Service-Dues and Fees – Reports the fees paid in connection with the issuance of the refunding bonds
Accounting Manual Definitions

Fund Classifications

100  General Fund. Accounts for all financial resources of the districts except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

200  Special Revenue Funds.* Account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Some examples of special revenue funds might include: restricted state or federal grants-in-aid; restricted tax levies. A separate fund may be used for each restricted source or one fund may be used, supplemented by the dimension project/reporting code; e.g., bus replacement fund. Food Service and Student Body Funds should be classified here.

*Strictly for reporting purposes within ODE’s data collections:

201  Federal Revenue Sources and Expenditures
250  State, Local, and Other Revenue Sources and Expenditures
  251  Student Investment Account
  252  Measure 98: High School Success
299  Child Nutrition Programs – Food Service Sources and Expenditures

Section 1111(h)(1)(C)(x) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) requires the reporting of: “the per-pupil expenditures of Federal, State, and local funds, including actual personnel expenditures and actual non-personnel expenditures of Federal, State, and local funds, disaggregated by source of funds, for each local educational agency and each school in the State for the preceding fiscal year.”

300  Debt Service Funds. Account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt, principal and interest.

400  Capital Projects Funds. Account for financial resources used to acquire or construct major capital facilities (other than those of proprietary funds and trust funds). The most common source of revenue in this fund would be the sale of bonds. A separate fund may be used for each capital project or one fund may be used, supplemented by the dimension project/reporting code.

500  Enterprise Funds. Account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the stated intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students or general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise funds are also used to account for operations where the school board or state regulatory agency has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Some examples of enterprise funds might include funds used for the bookstore operation, the athletic stadium and the community swimming pool. Few School Districts have activities that would require the use of Enterprise funds. Do not include Food Service or Student Body Funds here.
**600 Internal Service Funds.** Account for the operation of district functions that provide goods or services to other district functions, other districts, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursable basis. Some examples of internal service funds could include those used for central warehousing and purchasing, central data processing, and central printing and duplicating, self-insurance fund and unemployment fund.

**700 Trust and Agency Funds.** Account for assets held by a district in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Trust funds would include nonexpendable trust funds, expendable trust funds, and pension trust funds. Agency funds could include funds for a teacher or a parent-teacher organization. Do not include Food Service or Student Body Funds here.
Revenue Sources

This dimension permits classification of revenues by source. The primary classification differentiates local, intermediate, State and Federal revenue sources.

1000 Revenue from Local Sources.

1100 Taxes. Compulsory charges levied by a governmental unit for the purpose of financing services performed for the common benefit.

1110 Ad Valorem Taxes Levied by District. Taxes levied by a district on the assessed valuation of real and personal property located within the district which, within legal limits, is the final authority in determining the amount to be raised for school purposes.

1111 Current Year’s Taxes. Property taxes levied by a district on the assessed value of real property located within the district which, within legal limits, is the final authority in determining the amount to be raised for school purposes.

1112 Prior Year’s Taxes. Taxes collected for fiscal periods preceding the current year.

1113 County Tax Sales for Back Taxes. Revenue received as a result of the sale of property to satisfy a property tax lien.

1114 Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes. Amounts received in lieu of property taxes, including Western Oregon Severance Tax, Eastern Oregon Severance Tax, and tax court settlements.

1120 Local Option Ad Valorem Taxes Levied by District. Local option taxes levied by a district on the “Tax Gap” valuation of real and personal property located within the district which, within legal limits, is the final authority in determining the amount to be raised for school purposes. Tax Gap refers to the difference between the Measure 5 tax limit (.005 * Real Market Value) and the Measure 50 Tax Limit (Sum of permanent and gap bond tax rates times Assessed Value). Local option revenue cannot exceed the gap amount so the excluded local revenue is the lesser of:

1. Actual Local Option Taxes Received,
2. 2003-2005, $500 per extended ADMw; 2005-07, $750 per extended ADMw; 2007-08, $1,000 per extended ADMw, (The $1,000 limit is increased by 3% each year starting in 2008-09) or
3. 2003-05 10%, of the sum of the General Purpose Grant, Transportation Grant, Facility Grant and High Cost Disability Grant; 2005-07 15% and 2007-08 and after 20%.

Record the excess in Source 1110.

1121 Current Year’s Local Option Taxes. Local option property taxes levied by a district on the assessed value of real property located within the district which, within legal limits, is the final authority in determining the amount to be raised for school purposes.

1122 Prior Year’s Local Option Taxes. Local option taxes collected for fiscal periods preceding the current year.
1123 Penalties and Interest on Local Option Taxes. Amounts collected as penalties for the payment of local option taxes after the due date, and the interest charged on delinquent local option taxes from the due date to the date of actual payment.

1130 Construction Excise Tax. Amounts collected as a result of Senate Bill 1036 from the 2007 legislative session which allows for a construction excise tax.

1190 Penalties and Interest on Taxes. Amounts collected as penalties for the payment of taxes after the due date, and the interest charged on delinquent taxes from the due date to the date of actual payment.

1200 Revenue From Local Governmental Units Other Than Districts. Revenue from the appropriations of another local governmental unit. The district is not the final authority, within legal limits, in determining the amount of money to be received, and the money is raised by taxes or other means which are not earmarked for school purposes. Payments from publicly owned utilities and local housing authorities are recorded here. (PUDs, rural telephone exchanges, etc.)

1300 Tuition. Money received from individuals, welfare agencies, private sources and other districts for education provided in the district. (When tabulating total income from tuition at the federal level, only items 1311, 1321, and 1331 are tabulated.)

1310 Regular Day School Tuition. Money received as tuition for students attending the regular day schools in the district, including alternative programs entitled to State School Fund support. Use 1310 when instruction and related services are tied directly to the student.

1311 Tuition From Individuals. Money received from individuals, private sources, or welfare agencies as tuition in regular day schools.

1312 Tuition From Other Districts Within the State. Money received for regular day schools tuition from other districts within the state.

1313 Tuition From Other Districts Outside the State. Money received for regular day schools tuition from districts outside the state.

1320 Adult/Continuing Education Tuition. Money received as tuition for students attending adult/continuing education schools in the district.

1321 Tuition From Individuals. Money received from individuals for education provided by the district.

1322 Tuition From Other Districts Within the State. Money received from districts for education provided by the district.

1323 Tuition From Other Districts Outside the State. Money received from districts for education provided by the district.

1324 Tuition/Contract Receipts for Community Services.

1330 Summer School Tuition. Money received as tuition for students attending summer school.

1331 Tuition From Individuals.
1332 Tuition From Other Districts Within the State.

1333 Tuition From Other Districts Outside the State.

1400 Transportation Fees. Money received from individuals, private sources, welfare agencies, and other districts for transporting students to and from school and school activities. (When tabulating total income from transportation at the federal level, only items 1411 and 1421 are tabulated.)

1410 Regular Day School Transportation. Money received for transporting students to and from regular day schools and school activities, including alternative programs entitled to State School Fund support.

1411 Transportation Fees From Individuals.

1412 Transportation Fees From Other Districts Within the State.

1413 Transportation Fees From Other Districts Outside the State.

1420 Summer School Transportation. Money received for transporting students to and from summer school.

1421 Transportation Fees From Individuals.

1422 Transportation Fees From Other Districts Within the State.

1423 Transportation Fees From Other Districts Outside the State.

1500 Earnings on Investments. Money received as profit from holdings for savings.

1510 Interest on Investments. Interest received on temporary or permanent investment in United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds; savings accounts; time certificates of deposit; notes; mortgages; or other interest-bearing obligations. Arbitrage rebates would be recorded in account 1510.

1530 Gain or Loss on Sale of Investments. Gains or losses realized from the sale of bonds or stocks. Gains represent the excess of the sales proceeds over cost or other basis at date of sale (cost less amortization of premium in the case of long-term bonds purchased at a premium over par value or cost plus accretion of discount on long-term bonds purchased at a discount under par value). Gains realized from sale of U.S. Treasury bills represent interest income and should be credited to account 1510 above. Losses represent the excess of the cost or other basis at date of sale (as described above) over the sales proceeds.

1600 Food Service. Revenue for dispensing food to students and adults.

1610 Daily Sales—Reimbursable Programs. Revenue from students for the sale of breakfasts, lunches, and milk which are considered reimbursable by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Federal reimbursements are not entered here. They should be recorded under code 4500.

1611 Breakfast. Money received from students for the sale of reimbursable breakfasts as part of the School Breakfast Program.
1612 Lunch. Money received from students for the sale of reimbursable lunches as part of the National School Lunch Program.

1613 Special Milk Program. Money received for the sale of reimbursable milk as part of the Special Milk Program.

1620 Daily Sales—Non-reimbursable Program. Money received from students or adults for the sale of non-reimbursable breakfasts, lunches, and milk. This category would include all sales to adults, the second Type A lunch to students and a la carte sales.

1630 Special Functions. Money received from students, adults or organizations for the sale of food products and services considered special functions. Some examples would include potlucks, PTA sponsored functions and athletic banquets.

1700 Extracurricular Activities. Revenue from school-sponsored activities.

1710 Admissions. Revenue from patrons of a school-sponsored activity such as a concert or football game.

1720 Bookstore Sales. Revenue from sales by students or student-sponsored bookstores.

1730 Student Organization Membership Dues and Fees. Revenue from students for memberships in school clubs or organizations.

1740 Fees. Revenue from students for fees such as locker fees, towel fees, and equipment fees. Transportation fees are recorded under account 1400.

1750 Concessions.

1760 Club Fund Raising.

1790 Other Extracurricular. Other revenue from extracurricular activities.

1800 Community Services Activities. Revenue from community services activities operated by a district. For example, revenue received from operation of a swimming pool as a community service would be recorded here. Multiple accounts may be established within the 1800 series to differentiate various activities.

1900 Other Revenue From Local Sources. Other revenue from local sources which are not classified above.

1910 Rentals. Revenue from the rental of either real or personal property owned by the school.

1920 Contributions, Donations and General Fundraising From Private Sources. Money received from a philanthropic foundation, private individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. Separate accounts may be maintained for unrestricted revenue and revenue which is restricted as to uses. General fundraising resources not related to student activities.

1930 Rental or Lease Payments from Private Contractors. Payments received from private contractors for the use of district-owned buses and garages in the operation of the pupil transportation system by the private contractor.
**1940 Services Provided Other Local Education Agencies.** Revenue from services provided other districts, other than for tuition and transportation services. These services include data processing, purchasing, maintenance, cleaning, consulting and guidance. Intermediate units will use this code in identifying revenue for services provided to districts. Use 1940 when the ESD or district is providing general services to support instruction.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1941</td>
<td>Services Provided Other Districts Within the State.</td>
<td>Revenue from services to districts within the state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1942</td>
<td>Services Provided Other Districts Outside the State.</td>
<td>Revenue from services to districts outside the state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1943</td>
<td>Services Provided Other Charter Schools.</td>
<td>Revenue from services to Charter Schools.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1950 Textbook Sales and Rentals.** Revenue from the rental or sale of textbooks.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1951</td>
<td>Textbook Sales.</td>
<td>Revenue from the sale of textbooks.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1960 Recovery of Prior Years’ Expenditure.** Refund of expenditure made in a prior fiscal year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>Services Provided Other Funds.</td>
<td>Services provided other funds, such as printing or data processing. Generally, this account is only used in Internal Service Funds.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1980 Fees Charged to Grants.** Indirect administrative charges assessed to grants.

**1990 Miscellaneous.** Revenue from local sources not provided for elsewhere. Record Medicaid Administrative Claiming (MAC) reimbursements, E-rate and SB1149 Energy revenues received here.

**2000 Revenue From Intermediate Sources.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2100</td>
<td>Unrestricted Revenue.</td>
<td>Revenue received as grants by the district which can be used for any legal purpose desired by the district without restriction. Separate accounts may be maintained for general source grants-in-aid which are not related to specific revenue sources of the intermediate governmental unit, and for those assigned to specific sources of revenue as appropriate.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2101</td>
<td>County School Funds.</td>
<td>Revenue from the apportionment of the resources of the County School Fund, except Federal Forest Fees, which is recorded in account 4801. ORS 328.005 to 328.035.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2102</td>
<td>General Education Service District Funds.</td>
<td>Revenue received by the district that is not referred to in other specific intermediate or other sources from an intermediate agency. (Effective 7/1/10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2103</td>
<td>Excess ESD Local Revenue.</td>
<td>Local revenue that exceeds what is guaranteed to the ESD through the funding formula (property taxes). Grant ESD, North Central ESD and Wallowa ESD (Effective 7/1/10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2105</td>
<td>Natural Gas, Oil, and Mineral Receipts.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2110</td>
<td>Intermediate ‘I’ Tax.</td>
<td>Revenue received from city and county income taxes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2111 Current Year’s ‘I’ Taxes. Income Taxes collected by the city or county for fiscal periods for the current year.

2112 Prior Year’s ‘I’ Taxes. Income Taxes collected by the city or county for fiscal periods preceding the current year.

2113 Penalties and Interest on ‘I’ Taxes. Amounts collected as penalties for the payment of income taxes after the due date, and the interest charged on delinquent income taxes from the due date to the date of actual payment.

2199 Other Intermediate Sources.

2200 Restricted Revenue. Revenue received as grants by the district which must be used for a categorical or specific purpose. If such money is not completely used by the district, it must be returned, usually, to the intermediate governmental unit. Separate accounts may be maintained for general source grants-in-aid which are not related to specific revenue sources of the intermediate governmental unit, and for those assigned to specific sources of revenue as appropriate.

2800 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes. Payments made out of general revenues by an intermediate governmental unit to the district in lieu of taxes it would have had to pay had its property or other tax base been subject to taxation by the district on the same basis as privately owned property or other tax base. It would include payments made for privately owned property which is not subject to taxation on the same basis as other privately owned property due to action by the intermediate governmental unit. ORS 530.110.

2900 Revenue for/on Behalf of the District. Payments made by an intermediate governmental jurisdiction for the benefit of the district, or contributions of equipment or supplies. It includes the payment to a pension fund by the intermediate governmental unit on behalf of a district employee for services rendered to the district, and a contribution of fixed assets by an intermediate governmental unit to the district. Separate accounts should be maintained to identify the specific nature of the revenue item.

An offsetting charge would be made to the appropriate expenditure account as if the district had expended the funds itself.

3000 Revenue From State Sources.

3100 Unrestricted Grants-In-Aid. Revenue recorded as grants by the district from state funds which can be used for any legal purpose desired by the district without restriction.

3101 State School Fund—General Support. ORS 327.006 to 327.013.

3102 State School Fund—School Lunch Match. That portion of the grant from the State School Fund which is earmarked by the district for the required matching of Section 4 federal school lunch grant received by the district.

3103 Common School Fund. ORS 327.403.

3104 State Managed County Timber. Revenue is in addition to that distributed through the county school fund. ORS 530.
3106 **State School Fund-Accrual.** That portion of the SSF paid in July and accrued to prior year.

3199 **Other Unrestricted Grants-in-aid.**

3200 **Restricted Grants-In-Aid.** Revenue recorded as grants by the district from state funds which must be used for a categorical or specific purpose.

3204 **Driver Education.**

3222 **State School Fund (SSF) Transportation Equipment.** ORS 327.033.

3299 **Other Restricted Grants-in-aid.** Use 3299 for restricted grants in aid from the state, e.g. School Improvement Fund Grant, Facility Grant and Lottery Bond dollars.

3800 **Revenue in Lieu of Taxes.** Payments made out of general revenue by a state to the district in lieu of taxes it would have had to pay had its property or other tax base been subject to the taxation by the district on the same basis as privately owned property or other tax base. It would include payments made for privately owned property which is not subject to taxation on the same basis as other privately owned property due to action by the state.

3900 **Revenue for/on Behalf of the District.** Payment made by a state for the benefit of the district, or contributions of equipment or supplies. It includes the payment of a pension fund by the state on behalf of a district employee for services rendered to the district, and a contribution of fixed assets by a state unit to the district. Separate accounts may be maintained to identify the specific nature of the revenue item.

An offsetting charge would be made to the appropriate expenditure account as if the district had expended the funds itself.

4000 **Revenue From Federal Sources.**

4100 **Unrestricted Revenue Direct From the Federal Government.** Revenue direct from the federal government as grants to the district which can be used for any legal purpose desired by the district without restriction. Separate sub-accounts may be maintained to segregate grants for different purposes. Example: Revenue from federal Wildlife Refuge is recorded here.

4200 **Unrestricted Revenue From the Federal Government Through the State.** Revenues from the federal government through the state as grants which can be used for any legal purpose desired by the district without restriction. Separate sub-accounts may be maintained to segregate grants for different purposes.

4201 **Transportation Fees for Foster Children**

4202 **Medicaid Reimbursement for Eligible K-12 Expenses (Ages Five to Twenty-One)** Revenue received from the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for Medicaid reimbursement for services pursuant to an Individualized Education Program (IEP)

4300 **Restricted Revenue Direct From the Federal Government.** Revenues direct from the federal government as grants to the district which must be used for a categorical or specific purpose.
purpose. If such money is not completely used by the district, it usually is returned to the governmental unit. Separate sub-accounts may be maintained to segregate grants for different purposes.

**4500 Restricted Revenue From the Federal Government Through the State.** Revenues from the federal government through the state as grants to the district which must be used for a categorical or specific purpose. If such money is not completely used by the district, IT USUALLY IS RETURNED TO THE GOVERNMENTAL UNIT. Separate sub-accounts may be maintained to segregate grants for different purposes. Examples of revenues to be recorded here are: Elementary and Secondary Education Act Programs, Vocational Programs, Child Nutrition Programs, Title 1, Bilingual ELL, School Nutrition, Vocational Education, IDEA 2004 (PL 108-446) Adult Education.

- **4501 Medicaid Reimbursement for Eligible Early Intervention (EI) Services (Birth to Age Three)** Revenue received from the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for Medicaid reimbursement for EI services provided pursuant to an Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP).

- **4502 Medicaid Reimbursement for Eligible Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE) Services (Ages Three to Five)** Revenue received from the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for Medicaid reimbursement for ECSE services provided pursuant to an Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP).

**4700 Grants-In-Aid From the Federal Government Through Other Intermediate Agencies.** Revenues from the federal government through an intermediate agency.

**4800 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes.** Payments made out of general revenues by the federal government unit to the district in lieu of taxes it would have had to pay had its property or other tax base been subject to taxation by the district on the same basis as privately owned property or other tax base. It would include payment made for privately owned property which is not subject to taxation on the same basis as other privately owned property due to action by the federal government unit.

- **4801 Federal Forest Fees. ORS 294.060.**

- **4802 Impact Aid to School Districts for Operation (PL 874).**

- **4803 Coos Bay Wagon Road Funds.**

- **4899 Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes.**

**4900 Revenue for/on Behalf of the District.** Payments made by the federal government for the benefit of the district, or contributions of equipment or supplies. It includes a contribution of fixed assets by a federal governmental unit to the district and foods donated by the federal government to the district. Separate accounts should be maintained to identify the specific nature of the revenue item.

An offsetting charge would be made to the appropriate expenditure account as if the district had expended the funds itself.
5000 Other Sources.

5100 **Long-term Debt Financing Sources.** The principal portion from the sale of bonds.
   5110 Bond Proceeds. Receipts of proceeds from the sale of bonds.
   5120 Bond Premium.
   5130 Accrued Interest. Revenue from accrued interest from the sale of bonds.
   5140 Mortgage Receipts.
   5150 Loan Receipts.
   5160 Lease Purchase Receipts.

5200 **Interfund Transfers.** Revenue earned or received from another fund which will not be repaid.

5300 **Sale of or Compensation for Loss of Fixed Assets.** Revenue from the sale of school property or compensation for the sale or loss of fixed assets.

5400 **Resources—Beginning Fund Balance.**
Expenditure Functions

Function describes the type of activity that is carried out. The five major functional areas are: 1000—Instruction, 2000—Support Services, 3000—Enterprise and Community Services, 4000—Facilities Acquisition and Construction, and 5000—Other Uses. The four digit function codes are sub-functions to provide program and service area information. Functions and sub-functions consist of activities which have similar general operational objectives.

1000 Instruction.

Activities dealing directly with the teaching of students, or the interaction between teacher and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location such as a home or hospital, or in other learning situations such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium such as computer instruction applications, television, radio, telephone, and correspondence. Included here are the activities of instructional assistants of any type that assist in the instructional process. Expenditures for teachers’ travel within the district in connection with teaching assignments are considered costs of instruction.

1100 Regular Programs. Instructional activities designed primarily to prepare students for activities as citizens, family members, and workers, as contrasted with programs designed to improve or overcome physical, mental, social and/or emotional handicaps. Regular programs include: Elementary, K-5 or K-6; Middle or Junior High; High School; and Pre-kindergarten. Districts should charge classroom expenditures according to the definitions as long as the allocation of costs can be reasonably determined or estimated.

1111 Elementary, K-5 or K-6. Learning experiences concerned with knowledge, skills, appreciation, attitudes, and behavioral characteristics considered to be needed by all students in terms of their awareness of life within our culture and the world of work and which normally may be achieved during the elementary school years. (Effective 7/1/11)

1113 Elementary Extracurricular. School-sponsored activities, under the guidance and supervision of district staff, designed to provide students such experiences as motivation, enjoyment, and improvement of skills. Extracurricular activities normally supplement the regular instructional program.

1121 Middle/Junior High Programs. Learning experiences concerned with knowledge, skills, appreciation, attitudes, and behavioral characteristics considered to be needed by all students in terms of understanding themselves and their relationships with society and various career clusters, and which normally may be achieved during the middle and/or junior high school years. Area of responsibility codes are required with this function.
Middle/Junior High School Extracurricular. School-sponsored activities, under the guidance and supervision of district staff, designed to provide students such experiences as motivation, enjoyment, and improvement of skills. Extracurricular activities normally supplement the regular instructional program and include such activities as athletics, band, chorus, choir, speech and debate. Also included are student-financed and managed activities.

High School Programs. Learning experiences concerned with knowledge, skills, appreciation, attitudes, and behavioral characteristics considered to be needed by all students as they achieve graduation requirements. Area of responsibility codes are required with this function.

High School Extracurricular. School-sponsored activities, under the guidance and supervision of district staff, designed to provide students such experiences as motivation, enjoyment, and improvement of skills. Extracurricular activities normally supplement the regular instructional program and include such activities as athletics, band, chorus, choir, speech and debate. Also included are student-financed and managed activities.

Pre-kindergarten Programs. Educational programs that are designed for the education and training of children, who are enrolled in prekindergarten programs.

Special Programs. Instructional activities designed primarily to deal with students having special needs. The Special Program Service Area includes (1) talented and gifted; (2) children with disabilities; (3) disadvantaged children; and (4) special programs for other student populations.

Programs for the Talented and Gifted. Special learning experiences for students identified as gifted or talented.

Restrictive Programs for Students with Disabilities. Special learning experiences for students with disabilities who spend ½ or more of their time in a restricted setting. These learning experiences include but are not limited to such areas as Structured and Intensive Learning Centers, Developmental Kindergarten, Community Transition Centers, Life Skills with Nursing, Out of District programs, Home Instruction, Extended School Year programs, Diagnostic Classrooms and Functional Living Skills.

Learning Centers – Structured and Intensive.

Developmental Kindergarten.

Community Transition Centers.

Life Skills with Nursing.

Out of District Programs.

Home Instruction.

Extended School Year Programs. As defined in OAR 581-015-2065(7).

Diagnostic Classrooms.

Other.
1250  **Less Restrictive Programs for Students with Disabilities.** Special learning experiences for students with disabilities outside the regular classroom. These learning experiences include but are not limited to such areas as Resource Rooms where students with disabilities go during certain periods of the school day to receive remedial instruction in specific subject areas or other remedial activities. All special education expenditures, including 1250, need to be reported to the state at the school level.

1260  **Treatment and Habilitation.** Services designed to address a child’s developmental deficits in sensory, motor, communication, self-help, and socialization areas. May be used for birth to 5 (pre-K) special education. Do not use with AOR 340 Early Intervening Services.

1270  **Educationally Disadvantaged.** Instructional activities designed for students who are disadvantaged due to socioeconomic status or other circumstances that can affect their ability to learn.

1271  **Remediation.** Instructional activities designed to improve achievement of regular education students who are not meeting state performance standards. Activities take place outside regular class time; e.g., after school, Saturday School and Summer School. 1271 includes programs outside the regular classroom (i.e., pull-out programs) in addition to those outside the regular school day. Also, use function 1271 for Summer School remedial classes specifically designed to improve student performance to meet state standards. Also use for instructional expenses related to historically underserved students. Area of responsibility codes are required with this function.

1272  **Title IA/D.** Record Title IA/D instructional activities here.

1280  **Alternative Education.** Learning experiences for students who are at risk of dropping out of school; who are not succeeding in a regular classroom setting; or who may be more successful in a non-traditional setting. Includes instructional programs operated to meet the needs of at risk youth and students who have dropped out of school. Also includes enrichment programs for talented and gifted students provided in an alternative setting, such as university coursework. On-line curriculums would be coded here.

1281  **Public Alternative Programs.** Alternative learning experiences provided by other public agencies, including community colleges, other school districts, education service districts, etc.

1282  **Private Alternative Programs.** Alternative learning experiences provided by private contractors.

1283-1287  **District Alternative Programs.** Alternative learning experiences provided by the school district.

1288  **Charter Schools.** Expenditures related to an Oregon public charter school.

1289  **Other Alternative Programs.** Other alternative learning experiences that cannot be classified above.

1290  **Designated Programs.** Special learning experiences for other students with special needs; such as, English Language Learner students, teen parents and migrant education.
1291  English Language Learner (ELL) – As per ORS 336.079, instructional activities for ELL students used in acquisition of the English language. Pro-rate duties as applicable. (For additional guidance, see Appendix E.)

1292  Teen Parent Programs. Instructional programs designed to accommodate the needs of teen parents.

1293  Migrant Education. Instructional programs designed to meet the needs of migrant students.

1294  Youth Corrections Education. Instructional programs delivered to youth in detention.

1295  English Language Learner (ELL) – Instructional Activities not related to ORS 336.079 for ELL students used in acquisition of the English language. Pro-rate duties as applicable. (For additional guidance, see Appendix E.)

1299  Other Programs. Do not use 1299 for children with IEPs.

1300  Adult/Continuing Education Programs. Learning experiences designed to develop knowledge and skills to meet immediate and long-range educational objectives of adults who, having completed or interrupted formal schooling, have accepted adult roles and responsibilities. Programs include activities to: foster the development of fundamental tools of learning; prepare students for a post-secondary career; prepare students for post-secondary education programs; upgrade occupational competence; prepare students for a new or different career; develop skills and appreciation for special interest; or enrich the aesthetic qualities of life.

1400  Summer School Programs. Instructional activities as defined under 1100 Regular Programs carried on during the period between the end of the regular school term and the beginning of the next regular school term; this does not include the summer term of a 12-month school year. Use function 1271 for Summer School remedial classes designed to improve student performance to meet state standards. Do not use this number for Extended School Year (ESY) programs. Alternative programs that run through the summer are alternative programs, not summer school.

1410  Elementary. Instructional activities as defined under 1111 regular programs carried on during the period between the end of the regular school term and the beginning of the next regular school term.

1420  Middle/Junior High. Instructional activities as defined under 1121 regular programs carried on during the period between the end of the regular school term and the beginning of the next regular school term.

1430  High School. Instructional activities as defined under 1131 regular programs carried on during the period between the end of the regular school term and the beginning of the next regular school term.

1460  Special Programs, Summer School. Instructional activities as defined under 1200 regular programs carried on during the period between the end of the regular school term and the beginning of the next regular school term.

1490  Other Summer School Programs. Other summer school programs which cannot be defined above.
Support Services.

Support services are those services which provide administrative, technical, personal (such as guidance and health), and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. Support Services exist to sustain and enhance instruction, and would not otherwise exist if not for instructional programs.

2100 Support Services—Students. Activities which are designed to assess and improve the well-being of students and/or supplement the teaching process.

2110 Attendance and Social Work Services. Activities which are designed to improve student attendance at school and which attempt to prevent or solve students’ problems involving the home, the school and/or the community. Use for administrative services for Home Schooling as well as Drug and Alcohol Programs.

2111 Service Area Direction. Activities associated with directing and managing attendance and social work services.

2112 Attendance Services. Activities such as prompt identification of attendance patterns, promotion of positive attendance attitudes, response to attendance problems and enforcement of compulsory attendance laws.

2113 Social Work Services. Activities such as investigating and diagnosing student problems; casework and group work for students and parents; interpretation of student problems for other staff members; advocacy for change in circumstances surrounding the individual student which are related to the student’s school problem(s).

2114 Student Accounting Services. Activities of maintaining a database of records related to school attendance, family, and other census data. Data is used by teachers and guidance staff.

2115 Student Safety. Activities associated with campus monitors, school police, crossing guards, and other direct expenses associated with services intended to enhance student, campus, and vicinity safety. Expenses associated with the security of buildings, grounds and equipment should continue to be accounted for in the 2546 function code.

2117 Identification and Recruitment of Migrant Children. Including the Migrant Student Record Transfer System.

2119 Other Attendance and Social Work Services. Attendance and social work services other than those described above.

2120 Guidance Services. Those activities of counseling students and parents; providing consultation with other staff members on learning problems; assisting students in personal and social development; assessing the abilities of students; assisting students as they make their own educational and career plans and choices; providing referral assistance; and working with other staff members in planning and conducting guidance programs for students. Use this function for School to Work services, e.g. job placement, referral, career counseling.

2121 Service Area Direction. Activities associated with directing and managing guidance services.

2122 Counseling Services. Activities centered upon all student relationships for the purpose of assisting students to understand their educational,
personal, and occupational strengths and limitations; to relate their
abilities, and aptitudes to educational and career opportunities; to utilize
their abilities in formulating realistic plans; and to achieve satisfying
personal and social development.

2123 Appraisal Services. Activities which assess student characteristics to be
used in administration, instruction, and guidance to assist the student in
assessing his/her purposes and progress in personality and career
development.

2124 Information Services. Activities for disseminating educational,
occupational, and personal social information to help acquaint students
with the curriculum and with educational and vocational opportunities
and requirements. Such information might be provided directly to
students through activities such as group or individual guidance, or it
might be provided indirectly to students, through staff members or
parents.

2126 Placement Services. Activities organized to: (1) help place students in
appropriate educational situations and/or in appropriate part-time
employment while they are in school, and in appropriate educational and
occupational situations after they leave school, and (2) help students
make the transition from one educational or occupational experience to
another. This may include admissions counseling, referral services,
assistance with records, and follow-up communications with employers.

2129 Other Guidance Services. Other guidance services which cannot be
classified above.

2130 Health Services. Physical and mental health services which are not direct
instruction. Included are activities that provide students with appropriate medical, dental
and nursing services.

2131 Service Area Direction. Activities associated with directing and managing
health services.

2132 Medical Services. Activities concerned with the physical and mental
health of students, such as health appraisal, including screening for vision,
communicable diseases, and hearing deficiencies; screening for
psychiatric services; periodic health examinations; emergency injury and
illness care; and communications with parents and medical officials.
Premiums for student health insurance are recorded here.

2133 Dental Services. Those activities associated with dental screening, dental
care, and orthodontic activities.

2134 Nurse Services. Those nursing activities which are not instruction, such as
health inspection, treatment of minor injuries and referrals for other
health services.

2139 Other Health Services. Other health services not classified above.

2140 Psychological Services. Activities concerned with administering psychological tests
and interpreting the results, gathering and interpreting information about student
behavior, working with other staff members in planning school programs to meet the
special needs of students as indicated by psychological tests, and behavioral evaluation
and planning and managing a program of psychological services, including psychological counseling for students, staff and parents as well as student evaluations.

2141  Service Area Direction. Activities associated with directing and managing the psychological services.

2142  Psychological Testing Services. Activities concerned with administering psychological tests, standardized tests and inventory assessment of ability, aptitude, achievement, interests and personality and the interpretation of these measures for students, school personnel and parents.

2143  Psychological Counseling Services. Activities which take place between a school psychologist or counselor and students and their parents in which the students are helped to receive, clarify, solve, and resolve problems of adjustment and interpersonal relationships.

2144  Psychotherapy Services. Activities which provide a therapeutic relationship between a qualified mental health professional and one or more students in which the students are helped to perceive, clarify, solve, and resolve emotional problems or disorders.

2148  Other Psychological Services. Other activities associated with psychological services not classified above.

2150  Speech Pathology and Audiology Services. Activities which have as their purpose the identification, assessment, and treatment of students with impairments in speech, hearing, and language.

2151  Service Area Direction. Activities associated with directing and managing speech pathology and audiology services.

2152  Speech Pathology Services. Activities organized for the identification of students with speech and language disorders; diagnosis and appraisal of specific speech and language disorders, referral for medical or other professional attention necessary to the habilitation of speech and language disorders; provision of required speech habilitation services; and counseling/guidance of students with speech and language disorders, their parents and teachers, as appropriate.

2153  Audiology Services. Activities organized for the identification of students with hearing loss; determination of the range, nature, and degree of hearing function; referral for medical or other professional attention as appropriate to the habilitation of hearing; language habilitation; auditory training, speech reading (lip-reading), and speech conservation, as necessary; creation and administration of programs of hearing conservation and counseling/guidance of students with hearing loss, their parents, and teachers, as appropriate.

2159  Other Speech Pathology and Audiology Services. Other activities associated with speech pathology and audiology services not classified above.

2160  Other Student Treatment Services. Activities associated with providing services such as occupational therapy, physical therapy, adaptive physical education, etc.
2190  **Service Direction, Student Support Services.** Activities concerned with direction and management of student support services; e.g., special education, ELL and at risk programs. Expenditures for the special education director for the district should be recorded here.

2200 Support Services—Instructional Staff. Activities associated with assisting the instructional staff with the content and process of providing learning experiences for students.

2210  **Improvement of Instruction Services.** Activities designed primarily for assisting instructional staff in planning, developing, and evaluating the process of providing learning experiences for students.

2211  Service Area Direction. Activities associated with directing and managing the improvement of instruction services. The District’s Director of Instruction should be charged here.

2213  Curriculum Development. Activities designed to aid teachers in developing, preparing and utilizing curriculum materials.

2219  Other Improvement of Instruction Services. Activities for improving instruction other than those classified above.

2220  **Educational Media Services.** Activities concerned with the use of all teaching and learning resources, including hardware, software, print and non-print content materials, on-line and other distance learning resources. Educational media are defined as any device, content material, method, or experience used for teaching and learning purposes. Use 2220 for computer repair if related to instruction and for learning resources that support professional technical education.

2221  Service Area Direction. Activities concerned with directing and managing educational media services.

2222  Library/Media Center. Activities such as selecting, acquiring, preparing, cataloging, circulating print and non-print materials; and networking with other entities to offer a wide array of these materials to students and staff. Also included are services to instructional staff related to the use of the media center materials; and instruction of students in the use of media center materials and equipment.

2223  Multimedia Services. Activities such as selecting, preparing, maintaining and circulating to instructional and administrative staff all multimedia equipment and materials.

2224  Educational Television Services. Activities concerned with planning, programming, writing, presenting and receiving educational programs or segments of programs via closed circuit or broadcast television.

2229  Other Educational Media Services. Educational media services other than those classified above.

2230  **Assessment and Testing.** Activities to measure individual student achievement. Information obtained is generally used to monitor individual and group progress in reaching district and state learning goals and requirements.

2240  **Instructional Staff Development.** Activities specifically designed for instructional staff (including instructional assistants) to assist in preparing and utilizing special/new curriculum materials, understanding and utilizing best teaching practices, and any other
activity designed to improve teacher performance. All staff development costs for non-instructional staff should be charged to their function. Use this function for staff development that is instructionally related.

2300 Support Services—General Administration. Activities concerned with establishing and administering policy in connection with operating the district.

2310 Board of Education Services. Activities of the legally elected or appointed body vested with responsibilities for educational planning and policy making. Use this function to record legal services.

2320 Executive Administration Services. Activities associated with the overall general administrative or executive responsibility for the entire district.

2321 Office of the Superintendent Services. Activities performed by the superintendent and such assistants as deputy, associate, and assistant superintendents, in the general direction and management of all affairs of the district. This function area includes all personnel and materials in the office of the chief executive officer.

Activities of the deputy, associate and/or assistant superintendents should be recorded here.

2324 State and Federal Relations Services. Activities concerned with developing and maintaining good relationships with state and federal officials.

2329 Other Executive Administration Services. Other general administrative services which cannot be recorded under the preceding areas of responsibility.

2400 School Administration. Activities concerned with area wide supervisory responsibility. This function could include directors of districtwide instructional programs that have administrative responsibilities.

2410 Office of the Principal Services. Activities concerned with directing and managing the operation of a particular school or schools. Included are the activities performed by the principal, assistant principals, and other assistants in general supervision of all operations of the school; evaluation of the staff members of the school; assignment of duties to staff members; supervision and maintenance of the school records and coordination of school instructional activities with instructional activities of the district. Expenditures for activities related to the coordination of student activities shall also be classified under this account. Clerical staffs for these activities are included.

2490 Other Support Services—School Administration. Other school administration services which cannot be recorded under the preceding functions.

2500 Support Services—Business. Activities concerned with purchasing, paying, transporting, exchanging, and maintaining goods and services for the district. Included are the fiscal, operation and maintenance, and internal services for operating all schools.

2510 Direction of Business Support Services. Activities concerned with directing and managing the business support services as a group.
2520 Fiscal Services. Activities concerned with the fiscal operations of the district. This program area includes budgeting, receiving and disbursing, financial accounting, payroll, inventory control, and internal auditing.

2521 Service Area Direction. Activities of directing and managing fiscal services which includes the activities of the assistant superintendent, director, or business manager in directing and managing fiscal activities including debt management.

2522 Budgeting Services. Activities concerned with supervising budget planning, formulation, control, and analysis.

2523 Receiving and Disbursing Funds Services. Activities concerned with properly receiving and paying money for the district.

2524 Payroll Services. Activities concerned with paying periodic salaries and wages to employees for services rendered; paying related payroll taxes, assessments, and withholdings; and filing all required reports.

2525 Financial Accounting Services. Activities concerned with maintaining records of the financial operations and transactions of the district which include such activities as accounting and interpreting financial transactions and account records.

2526 Internal Auditing Services. Activities concerned with verifying the account records which include evaluating the adequacy of the internal control system, verifying and safeguarding assets, reviewing the reliability of the accounting and reporting systems, and ascertaining compliance with established policies and procedures.

2527 Property Accounting Services. Activities concerned with preparing and maintaining current inventory records of land, buildings, and movable equipment. These records are to be used in equipment control and facilities planning.

2528 Risk Management Services. Activities involving the systematic identification and evaluation of exposure to loss within the district and selection of the most appropriate method for managing those exposures. Includes activities such as insurance program administration and loss prevention.

2529 Other Fiscal Services. Fiscal services which cannot be classified under the preceding functions. Including unemployment.

2540 Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services. Activities concerned with keeping the physical plant open, comfortable, and safe for use, and keeping the grounds, buildings, and equipment in an effective working condition and state of repair. Activities which maintain safety in buildings, equipment and grounds are included.

2541 Service Area Direction. Activities of directing and managing the operation and maintenance of the school plant facilities.

2542 Care and Upkeep of Buildings Services. Activities concerned with keeping a physical plant clean and ready for daily use. Included are: Operating the heating, lighting, and ventilating systems; and rental and lease of buildings.
2543 Care and Upkeep of Grounds Services. Activities concerned with maintaining land and its improvements (other than buildings) in good condition.

2544 Maintenance. Expenditures for activities concerned with maintenance of the total district’s physical plant, including repair and replacement of facilities and equipment.

2546 Security Services. Activities concerned with maintaining security and safety of school property.

2549 Other Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services. Operation and maintenance of plant activities which cannot be classified under the preceding functions.

2550 Student Transportation Services. Activities concerned with the transportation of students between home and school, as provided by state law, including trips to school activities. Area Code 320 must be used with 2550 functions to designate Special Education costs. Charge insurance costs related to transportation to this function, including property and liability.

2551 Service Area Direction. Activities pertaining to directing and managing student transportation services.

2552 Vehicle Operation Services. Activities concerned with operating vehicles for student transportation. Driving of buses or other student transportation vehicles and liability insurance on student transportation vehicles is included.

2558 Special Education Transportation Services. Activities concerned with providing transportation to special education students. Driving of buses, providing attendant services, fuel, supplies and equipment on dedicated special education routes are included here. Insurance costs should be allocated between regular and special education transportation. Use Area Code 320, Special Education Maintenance of Effort. Optional—for district use.

2559 Other Student Transportation Services. Student transportation services which cannot be classified under the preceding functions.

2570 Internal Services. Activities concerned with buying, storing, and distributing supplies, furniture, and equipment; and those activities concerned with duplicating and printing for the district.

2571 Service Area Direction. Activities of directing and managing internal services.

2572 Purchasing Services. Activities of purchasing supplies, furniture, equipment, and materials, used in school or district operation.

2573 Warehousing and Distributing Services. The operation of the system wide activities of receiving, storing, and distributing supplies, furniture, equipment, materials, and mail. This program includes the pickup and transporting of cash from school facilities to the central administrative office, or bank, for control and/or deposit in addition to other courier services.
Printing, Publishing, and Duplicating Services. Activities of printing and publishing administrative publications such as annual reports, school directories, and manuals. Providing centralized services for duplicating school materials and instruments such as school bulletins, newsletters, and notices are also included.

Other Internal Services. Other internal services which cannot be classified under the preceding functions.

Support Services—Central Activities. Other than general administration, which support each of the other instructional and supporting services programs. These activities include planning, research, development, evaluation, information, staff, statistical, and data processing services.

Direction of Central Support Services. Activities concerned with directing and managing the central support services as a group.

Planning, Research, Development, Evaluation Services, Grant Writing and Statistical Services. Activities, on a system wide basis, associated with conducting and managing programs of planning, research, development, evaluation and grant writing for a district.

Service Area Direction. Activities associated with directing and managing the planning, research, development, and evaluation service area.

Development Services. Activities concerned with the evolving process of utilizing the products of research and considered judgment for the deliberate improvement of educational programs.

Evaluation Services. Activities concerned with ascertaining or judging the value of an action or an outcome of an action by careful appraisal of previously specified data in light of the particular situation and the goals and objectives previously established.

Planning Services. Activities concerned with the selection or identification of the overall, long-range goals, priorities, and objectives of an organization or program, and the formulation of various courses of action in terms of identification of needs and relative costs and benefits for the purpose of deciding which courses of action are to be followed in striving to achieve those goals, priorities, and objectives.

Research Services. Activities concerned with the systematic study and investigation of the various aspects of education undertaken to establish facts and principles.

Grant Writing. Activities concerned with seeking, writing and submitting grants for the district.

Statistical Services. Activities concerned with relating and describing statistical information.

Fundraising/Resource Development. Costs specifically incurred related to activities for raising new resources not related to specific student activities. Fundraising activity cost by student groups should be coded to their co-curricular function.

Other Planning, Research, Development, and Evaluation Services. Other services of this nature not described above.
2630 **Information Services.** Activities concerned with writing, editing and other preparation necessary to disseminate educational and administrative information to pupils, staff, managers, or to the general public through direct mailing, the various news media, or personal contact.

2631 Service Area Direction. Activities of directing and managing information services.

2632 Internal Information Services. Activities concerned with writing, editing, and providing administrative information to students and staff.

2633 Public Information Services. Activities concerned with writing, editing, and other preparation necessary to disseminate educational and administrative information to the public through various news media or personal contact.

2634 Management Information Services. Activities concerned with writing, editing, and other preparation necessary to disseminate to management information about the operation of the district, and about the community, state, and nation, in order to make logical decisions.

2639 Other Information Services. Activities concerned with information services not classified above.

2640 **Staff Services.** Activities concerned with maintaining an efficient staff for the district including such activities as recruiting and placement, staff transfers, health services, and staff accounting. Record costs of finger printing employees under this function.

2641 Service Area Direction. Activities of directing and managing staff services.

2642 Recruitment and Placement Services. Activities concerned with employment and assigning personnel for the district.

2643 Staff Accounting Services. Services rendered in connection with the systematic recording and summarizing of information relating to staff members employed by the district.

2645 Health Services. Activities concerned with medical, dental, and nurse services provided for district employees. Included are physical examinations, referrals, and emergency care.

2649 Other Staff Services. Staff services which cannot be classified under the preceding functions.

2660 **Technology Services.** Activities concerned with all aspects of Technology which includes Computing and Data Processing Services such as networking and telecommunications costs like telephones. Use for major administrative technology expenditures as well as repair of administrative technology, central networking.

2661 Service Area Direction. Activities concerned with directing and managing technology services.

2662 Systems Analysis Services. Activities concerned with the search for and an evaluation of alternatives which are relevant to defined objectives, based on judgment and, wherever possible, on quantitative methods. Where applicable, these activities pertain to the development of
technology procedures or application to electronic technology equipment.

2663 Programming Services. Activities concerned with the preparation of a logical sequence of operations to be performed either manually or electronically, in solving problems or processing data and the preparation of coded instructions and data for such sequences.

2664 Operations Services. Activities concerned with scheduling, maintaining and producing data. These activities include operating business machines and data processing machines.

2669 Other Technology Services. Activities concerned with technology which are not described above. Including telephone and T-1 lines and fractional leased lines.

2670 Records Management Services. Activities concerned with retention and disposal of district records.

2680 Interpretation and Translation Services. Use for language and interpretation services not related to the acquisition of the English language. (For additional guidance, see Appendix E.)

2690 Other Support Services—Central. Central Services not classified above.

2700 Supplemental Retirement Program. Costs associated with a supplemental retirement program provided to both current and prior employees by the district.

3000 Enterprise and Community Services.

Activities concerned with operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the stated intent is that the costs of providing goods and services to the students or general public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges and community programs.

3100 Food Services. Activities concerned with providing food to students and staff in a school or district. This service area includes the preparation and serving of regular and incidental meals, lunches, or snacks in connection with school activities, and the delivery of food.

3110 Service Area Direction. Activities of directing and managing food services.

3120 Food Preparation and Dispensing Services. Activities concerned with preparing and serving regular and incidental meals, lunches, or snacks to students and staff in a school or district which include operating kitchen equipment, preparing food, cooking, serving food, cleaning dishes, and storing dishes and kitchen equipment.

3130 Food Delivery Services. Activities concerned with delivering food to the school or district.

3190 Other Food Services. Food services activities which cannot be classified under the preceding functions.

3200 Other Enterprise Services. Activities concerned with other Enterprise Services

3300 Community Services. Activities which are not directly related to the provision of education for pupils in a district. These include services such as community recreation programs, civic activities, public libraries, programs of custody and care of children, and community welfare
activities provided by the district for the community as a whole or in part. Additionally, this function is used to record college scholarship payments. Also use for non-instructional expenses related to historically underserved students.

3310  Direction of Community Services Activities. Activities concerned with directing and managing community services activities.

3320  Community Recreation Services. Activities concerned with providing recreation for the community as a whole, or for some segment of the community. Included are such staff activities as organizing and supervising playgrounds, swimming pools, and other recreation programs for the community.

3330  Civic Services. Activities concerned with providing services to civic affairs or organizations. This program area includes services to parent-teacher association meetings, public forums, lectures, and civil defense planning.

3340  Public Library Services. Activities pertaining to the operating of public libraries by a district, or the provision of library services to the general public through the school library. Included are such activities as budgeting and planning the library’s collection in relation to the community, and informing the community of public library resources and services.

3360  Welfare Activities Services. Activities pertaining to the provision of personal needs of individuals who have been designated as needy by an appropriate governmental entity. These needs include stipends for school attendance, salaries paid to pupils for work performed whether for the district or for an outside concern, and for clothing, food or other personal needs.

3370  Nonpublic School Students Services. Services to students attending a school established by an agency other than the state, subdivision of the state, or the federal government, which usually is supported primarily by other than public funds. The services consist of such activities as those involved in providing instructional services, attendance and social work services, health services, and transportation services for nonpublic school students. Statutory requirements in individual states may require construction of sub-functions for these and other functions and sub-functions related to expenditures for nonpublic school students. Special accounting provisions may be required for transfer of these expenditures from corresponding functional accounts for services provided to public school students.

3390  Other Community Services. Services provided the community which cannot be classified above. College scholarship expenditures are recorded here.

3500  Custody and Care of Children Services. Activities pertaining to the provisions of programs for the custodial care of children in residential day schools, or childcare centers which are not part of, or directly related to, the instructional program, and where the attendance of the children is not included in the attendance figures for the district.

4000 Facilities Acquisition and Construction.

Activities concerned with the acquisition of land and buildings; major remodeling and construction of buildings and major additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and major improvements to sites. Major capital expenditures, which are defined as capital expenditures that are eligible for general obligation bonding, are recorded here. Maintenance and upkeep of buildings are charged to 2540.
4110  **Service Area Direction.** Activities pertaining to directing and managing facilities acquisition and construction services.

4120  **Site Acquisition and Development Services.** Activities pertaining to the initial acquisition of sites and improvements thereon.

4150  **Building Acquisition, Construction, and Improvement Services.** Activities concerned with building acquisition through purchase or construction and building improvements. Initial installation or extension of service systems, other built-in equipment and building additions are included.

4180  **Other Capital Items.** Activities concerned with major capital expenditures that are eligible for general obligation bonding like textbooks and technology.

4190  **Other Facilities Construction Services.** Facilities construction activities which cannot be classified above.

5000 Other Uses.

Activities included in this category are servicing the debt of a district, conduit-type transfers from one fund to another fund and apportionment of funds by ESD.

Note: Debt Service (5100) must be appropriated separately and Transfers of Funds (5200) must be appropriated separately to comply with local budget law under ORS 294.456.

5100  **Debt Service.** The servicing of the debt of a district. Categories of debt service are listed under objects.

5110  Long-Term Debt Service. Expenditures for debt retirement exceeding 12 months.

5120  Short-Term Debt Retirement. Expenditures for debt retirement paid in full within the fiscal year.

5200  **Transfers of Funds.** These are transactions which withdraw money from one fund and place it in another without recourse. Unless state law prohibits, revenues should be allocated between funds when received and recorded in the funds to which they belong, rather than placing them in the General Fund and later transferring them. (These are not counted in local district totals of expenditures.) Interfund loans are not recorded here, but are handled through the balance sheet accounts.

5300  **Apportionment of Funds by ESD or LEA.** Apportionment of equalization funds and distribution of other funds by the educational service districts (flow-through dollars from ESDs to districts or other ESDs) or from an LEA acting as the fiscal agent for a grant distributed to other districts or other agencies.

5400  **PERS UAL Bond Lump Sum Payment to PERS.** The one time lump sum payment made to PERS following the issuance of a PERS UAL Bond.

6000 Contingencies (for budget only).

Expenditures which cannot be foreseen and planned in the budget process because of an occurrence of an unusual or extraordinary event. Use with Object 810 only.

6110  Operating Contingency. Budgeted amount to be transferred by school board resolution to the proper expenditure code.
7000 Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance.

An estimate of funds needed to maintain operations of the school district from July 1 of the ensuing fiscal year and the time when sufficient new revenues become available to meet cash flow needs of the fund. No expenditure shall be made from the unappropriated ending fund balance in the year in which it is budgeted. Use with Object 820 only.
Expenditure Objects

Object means the service or commodity obtained as the result of a specific expenditure. Seven major Object categories are identified and described in this handbook: (1) Salaries, (2) Employee Benefits, (3) Purchased Services, (4) Supplies and Materials, (5) Capital Outlay, (6) Other Objects, and (7) Transfers. These broad categories are subdivided to obtain more detailed information about objects of expenditures. A three-digit code number, if used makes it possible to search out detailed information. Following are definitions of the major categories and subcategories. Where the term "district" is used it means school district or educational service district.

100 Salaries.

Amounts paid to employees of the district who are considered to be in positions of a permanent nature or hired temporarily, including personnel substituting for those in permanent positions. This includes gross salary for personal services rendered while ON THE PAYROLL of the district.

110 Regular Salaries. Full-time, part-time, and prorated portions of the costs for work performed by employees of the district who are considered to be in positions of a permanent nature.

111 Licensed Salaries. Costs for work performed by regular licensed employees of the district. Include licensed coordinators and licensed employees in bargaining unit under this object.

112 Classified Salaries. Costs for work performed by regular classified employees of the district. Confidential staff may be coded to this object or 114 below or you may use a district defined code to track separately.

113 Administrators. Costs for work performed by regular administrative employees who manage, direct, or administer programs of the district. Administrators need not be licensed to be charged to 113.

114 Managerial—Classified. Costs for work performed by employees who supervise or manage programs of the district. Supervisors of non-licensed staff, e.g. food services, transportation are recorded under this object. Supervisors are usually not regular classified employees

115 Sabbatical. Amounts paid by the district to employees on sabbatical leave.

116 Supplemental Retirement Stipends. Costs for retired employees of the district who receive supplementary retirement payments from the district.

117 Unused Leave. Unused leave payments when an employee retires or terminates employment are allowable in the year of payment provided they are allocated as a general administrative expense to all activities of the governmental unit or component. The unused leave is specific to the executive level staff (Supt, Deputies or direct reports to the Deputy Superintendent) on an organization chart.
120 Nonpermanent Salaries. Full-time, part-time and prorated portions of the costs for work performed by employees of the district who are hired on a temporary or substitute basis to perform work in positions in either temporary or permanent nature.

121 Substitutes—Licensed. Costs for work performed by substitute licensed employees of the district.

122 Substitute—Classified. Costs for the work performed by substitute classified employees of the district.

123 Temporary—Licensed. Salaries of temporary employees—full-time, part-time, and prorated portions of the costs for work performed by employees of the district who are hired on a temporary basis.

124 Temporary—Classified. Costs for work performed by temporary classified employees.

130 Additional Salary. Money paid to employees of the district in positions of either a temporary or permanent nature for work performed in addition to the normal work period for which the employee is compensated under Regular Salaries and Temporary Salaries above. The terms of such payment for overtime is a matter of state and local regulation or negotiated agreement. Includes additional pay for classified employee overtime and for activities such as coaching, supervision of extracurricular activities, extended contracts, etc. Object 130 should be used for all overtime.

140-190 Additional Salary. District defined. Must be reported to State as object 130.

200 Associated Payroll Costs.

Amounts paid by the district on behalf of employees; these amounts are not included in the gross salary, but are over and above. Such payments are fringe benefit payments, and, while not paid directly to employees, nevertheless are part of the cost of salaries and benefits. Examples are: (1) group health or life insurance, (2) contributions to public employees’ retirement system, (3) social security, (4) workers’ compensation, and (5) unemployment insurance.

210 Public Employees Retirement System. District payments to the Public Employees Retirement System.

211 Employer Contribution. Employer’s contribution to the Public Employees Retirement System, Tier I and Tier II.

212 Employee Contribution, Pick-Up. Employee portion, paid by employer to the Public Employees Retirement System.

213 PERS UAL Contribution. Employers PERS debt service costs related to the PERS Unfunded Actuarial Liability.

214 PERS UAL Contribution. Employers PERS debt service costs related to the PERS Unfunded Actuarial Liability.

215 PERS UAL Contribution. Employers PERS debt service costs related to the PERS Unfunded Actuarial Liability.
216 Employer Contribution. Employer’s contribution to the Oregon Public Services Retirement Plan, OPSRP or Tier III.

220 Social Security Administration. Employer’s contribution to the Social Security/Medicare (FICA) for employee retirement.

230 Other Required Payroll Costs.

231 Workers’ Compensation. Amounts paid by the districts to provide workers’ compensation insurance for its employees.

232 Unemployment Compensation. Amounts paid by the district to provide unemployment compensation for its employees.

240 Contractual Employee Benefits. Amounts paid by the district which are a result of a negotiated agreement between the Board of Directors and the employee groups. Examples of expenditures would be health insurance, long-term disability and tuition reimbursement. The district may assign account codes 241 through 249 for these expenditures. Include here payments/penalties in lieu of health insurance and penalties paid due to the choice not to offer benefits to employees (Affordable Care Act).

270 Post Retirement Health Benefits (PRHB). Post-retirement Health Benefits are costs of health insurance or health services not included in a pension plan for retirees and their spouses, dependents and survivors.

300 Purchased Services.

Services which, by their nature, can be performed only by persons or firms with specialized skills and knowledge. While a product may or may not result from the transaction, the primary reason for the purchase is the service provided. Included are the services of architects, engineers, auditors, dentists, medical doctors, lawyers, consultants, teachers, accountants, etc.

310 Instructional, Professional and Technical Services. Services which by their nature can be performed only by persons with specialized skills and knowledge. Included are the services of medical doctors, lawyers, consultants, teachers for the instructional area.

311 Instruction Services. Non-payroll services performed by qualified persons directly engaged in providing learning experiences for pupils. Included are the services of teachers, teaching assistants, and teacher aides and “performance contract” activities. Use this code if the resident district is providing instructional services to the student and the resident district is paying for the student to receive additional services i.e. expanded options. On-line curriculums would be coded here.

312 Instructional Programs Improvement Services. Services performed by persons qualified to assist teachers and supervisors in enhancing the quality of the teaching process. This category includes curriculum consultants, in-service training specialists, etc., not on the payroll.
313  Student Services. Non-payroll services of qualified personnel to assist students and their parents in solving mental and physical problems to supplement the teaching process.

316  Data Processing Services.

317  Statistical Services.

318  Professional and Improvement Costs for Non-Instructional Staff. (Workshops, etc.) Use object code 342 for non-instructional staff travel, conferences, etc.

319  Other Instructional, Professional and Technical Services. Services which are professional and technical in nature which have not been classified above. Including sign language interpreters, language interpreters and translation services for student instruction. (See Appendix E for additional guidance.)

320  Property Services. Services purchased to operate, repair, maintain, insure, and rent property owned and/or used by the district. These services are performed by persons other than district employees.

321  Cleaning Services. Services purchased to clean buildings or equipment other than those provided by district employees.

322  Repairs and Maintenance Services. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance services not provided directly by district personnel. This includes contracts and agreements covering the upkeep of grounds, buildings, and equipment. Technical repair services, e.g., copier repair, should be charged here.

324  Rentals. Expenditures for leasing or renting costs incurred by the district. This includes bus and other vehicle rental when operated by district personnel and lease of data processing equipment. Costs for single agreements covering equipment as well as operators are not included here, but are considered elsewhere under Purchased Services (see Transportation, Printing and Binding, Public Utility Services, Servicing and Maintenance Services).

325  Electricity. Expenditures for electrical energy.

326  Fuel. Expenditures for fuel used for heating and/or cooling.

327  Water and Sewage. Expenditures for water and sewage services.

328  Garbage. Expenditures for garbage service.

329  Other Property Services. Property Services purchased which are not classified above.

330  Student Transportation Services. Expenditures to persons (not on the district payroll) or agencies for the purpose of transporting children. These include those expenditures to individuals who transport themselves or to parents who transport their own children. Expenditures for the rental of buses which are operated by personnel on the district payroll are not recorded here; they are recorded under Purchased Services—Rentals.

331  State School Fund Reimbursable Student Transportation. Contract payments for transporting students from home to school and return, and instructional field trips.
332 State School Fund Non-reimbursable Student Transportation. Contract payments for transporting students on student body trips, interscholastic athletic events, out of state field trips, or non-instructional field trips (skating parties).

333 Board and Room in Lieu of Transportation. Payments as board and room made to parents or guardians to maintain children near school. Expenditures for rental of shelters for children and for maintenance of district owned shelters.

334 Transportation Portion of Tuition Payments. Conduit-type payments for transportation expense.

340 Travel. Costs for transportation for all district personnel (including students), conference registration, meals, hotel, and other expenses associated with traveling on business for the district. Payments for per diem in lieu of meals and lodging and for car allowance also are charged here. Travel costs may be identified through use of the following sub-accounts at the option of the district. Use for travel costs incurred by district employees and students. Travel costs incurred by contracted professionals should be included in the cost of the service. Vehicles rented in lieu of reimbursing mileage to an employee should be charged to 340.

341 Travel, Local in District. Expenditures for district personnel between facilities and within the boundaries of the school district.

342 Travel, Out of District. Travel expenditures for district personnel to points outside the boundaries of the school district. Non-instructional staff travel is included here.

343 Travel, Student, Out of District. Travel expenditures for students to points outside the boundaries of the school district.

349 Other Travel. Travel expenditures which cannot be classified above.

350 Communication. Services provided by persons or businesses to assist in transmitting and receiving data or information. This category includes telephone and international data communications, postage machine rental and postage, fax and advertising. Expenditures for these services may be identified through the use of sub-accounts at the option of the district.

351 Telephone. Expenditures for telephone services, faxes, pagers and toll charges.

353 Postage. Expenditures for postage stamps and postage machine rentals.

354 Advertising. Expenditures for printed announcements and legal notices in professional periodicals and newspapers or announcements broadcast by radio and television networks. These expenditures include advertising for such purposes as personnel recruitment, bond sales, used equipment sales, and other objects. Costs for professional fees for advertising or public relation services are not recorded here but are charged to Professional Services.

355 Printing and Binding. Expenditures for job printing and binding usually according to specifications of the district. This includes the design and printing of forms and
posters as well as printing and binding of district publications. Preprinted standard forms are not charged here, but are recorded under Supplies and Materials.

359 Other Communication Services. Including T-1 lines.

360 Charter School Payments. Expenditures to reimburse Charter Schools for services rendered to students.

370 Tuition. Expenditures to reimburse other educational agencies for services rendered to students. Use object 37X, if your district is paying another entity to provide the student’s entire instructional program.

371 Tuition Payments to Other Districts Within the State. Conduit-type payments to districts, generally for tuition in the state for services rendered to students residing in the paying district. Where a governmental unit collects money from a non-operating district for the education of students from the non-operating district and pays it to an operating district, the non-operating district records such payments here.

372 Tuition Payments to Other Districts Outside the State. Conduit-type payments to districts, generally for tuition outside the state for services rendered to students residing in the paying district. Where a governmental unit collects money from a non-operating district for the education of student from the non-operating district and pays it to an operating district the non-operating district records such payments here.

373 Tuition Payments to Private Schools. Conduit-type payments to private schools, generally for tuition for students residing in the paying district.

374 Other Tuition. Tuition payments which cannot be classified above. Record post-graduation scholarship payments here.

380 Non-instructional Professional and Technical Services. Services which by their nature can be performed only by persons with specialized skills and knowledge. Included are the services of architects, engineers, auditors, dentists, medical doctors, lawyers, consultants, accountants, etc.

381 Audit Services. Expenditures to an audit firm for completion of the annual audit of the district’s financial records. Also included would be costs for other reports and consultations provided by the audit firm. Use with Function 2310.

382 Legal Services. Expenditures for consultations with the district’s attorney and associated legal costs. Use with Function 2310. May be used with function 4150 when associated with a capital project.

383 Architect/Engineer Services. Expenditures for professional services of licensed professionals for consultation, regarding the district’s facilities.

384 Negotiation Services. Expenditures for services performed in negotiating or conferring with any labor group.
Management Services. Services performed by persons qualified to assist management either in the broad policy area or in the general operation of the district. This category includes consultants, individually or as a team, to assist the chief executive in conference or through systematic studies.

Data Processing Services. Services performed by persons, organizations, or other agencies qualified to process data. This category includes those data processing services purchased from another agency or concern or specialists who are contracted to perform a specific task on a short time basis.

Statistical Services. Non-payroll services performed by persons or an organization qualified to assist in handling statistics. This category includes special services for analysis, tabulations, or similar work.

Election Services. Expenditures for the costs incurred by the county clerk in conducting elections for the school district. Use with Function 2310.

Other Non-instructional Professional and Technical Services. Other professional services not classified above. Including sign language interpretation, language interpretation and translation services when working with parents. (See Appendix E for additional guidance.)

Other General Professional and Technological Services.

Supplies and Materials.

Amounts paid for material items of an expendable nature that are consumed, worn out, or deteriorated by use; or items that lose their identity through fabrication or incorporation into different or more complex units or substances.

Consumable Supplies and Materials. Expenditures for ALL supplies for the operation of a district, including freight and cartage. If such supplies are handled for resale to students, only the net cost of supplies is recorded here.

NOTE: Accounts 411 through 419 are available for further identifying supplies for management purposes at the option of the district.

Textbooks. Expenditures for prescribed books which are purchased for students or groups of students, and resold or furnished free to them. This category includes the costs of workbooks, textbook binding or repairs, as well as the net amount of textbooks which are purchased to be resold or rented. E-textbooks are considered curriculum and would be coded here.

Library Books. Expenditures for regular or incidental purchases of library books available for general use by students, including any reference books, even though such reference books may be used solely in the classroom. Also recorded here are costs of binding or other repairs to school library books and e-library books.

Periodicals. Expenditures for periodicals and newspapers. A periodical is any publication appearing at regular intervals of less than a year and continuing for an indefinite period.
450 **Food.** Expenditures for food purchases related to 3100 Food Service only. Other food purchases should remain in object code 410.

460 **Non-consumable Items.** Expenditures for equipment with a current value of less than $5,000 or for items which are “equipment-like,” but which fail one or more of the tests for classification as Object 541 or 542 (see object 540 definition). Examples might include hand held calculators, stacking chairs, etc. This object category could be used when a district desired to treat these items as equipment for budgeting, physical control, etc., without either violating the state dollar threshold for capital equipment or combining these items with consumable supplies (Object 410–419).

470 **Computer Software.** Expenditures for published computer software. Include licensure and usage fees for software here. The Cloud is considered software and would be coded here.

480 **Computer Hardware.** Expenditures for non-capital computer hardware, generally of value not meeting the capital expenditure criterion. An iPad or e-reader needed to access e-textbooks is considered hardware and would be coded here.

500 **Capital Outlay.**
Expenditures for the acquisition of fixed assets or additions to fixed assets. They are expenditures for land or existing buildings; improvements of grounds; construction of buildings; additions to buildings; remodeling of buildings; initial equipment; additional equipment; and replacement of equipment.

510 **Land Acquisition.** Expenditures for the purchase of land.

520 **Buildings Acquisition.** Expenditures for acquiring buildings and additions, either existing or to be constructed, except for bus garages (See Object 562). Included are expenditures for installment or lease payment (except interest) which have a terminal date and result in the acquisition of buildings, except payments to public school—housing authorities or similar agencies. Expenditures for major permanent structural alterations and the initial or additional installation of heating and ventilating systems, electrical systems, plumbing systems, fire protection systems, and other service systems in existing buildings are included also.

530 **Improvements Other Than Buildings.** Expenditures for the initial and additional improvement of sites and adjacent ways after acquisition by the district. Improvement consists of such work as grading, landscaping, seeding, and planting of shrubs and trees; constructing new sidewalks, roadways, retaining walls, sewers and storm drains; installing hydrants; initial surfacing and soil treatment of athletic fields and tennis courts; furnishing and installing for the first time, fixed playground apparatus, flagpoles, gateways, fences, and underground storage tanks which are not parts of building service systems; and demolition work. Special assessments against the district for capital improvement such as streets, curbs, and drains are also recorded here.

540 **Depreciable Equipment.** Expenditures for the initial, additional, and replacement items of equipment, except for buses and capital bus improvements (See object 564). An equipment item is a movable or fixed unit of furniture or furnishings, an instrument, a machine, an apparatus, or a set of articles that meets all of the following conditions:

1. It has an anticipated useful life of more than 1 year.
2. It is of significant value, measured as original cost or estimated market value. The current value threshold is $5000. The federal value criterion currently is also $5,000.
3. It retains its original shape and appearance with use.
4. It is nonexpendable; that is, if the article is damaged or some of its parts are lost or worn out, it is usually more feasible to repair it than to replace it with an entirely new unit.
5. It does not lose its identity through incorporation into a different or more complex unit or substance.

Additional information related to GASB 34 requirements can be found in the Special Instructions for Recording Expenditures under the section entitled GASB Statement 34 Reporting Requirements at the beginning of Chapter 3.

541 Initial and Additional Equipment Purchase. Expenditures for the initial and additional equipment such as machinery, furniture and fixtures, and vehicles.

542 Replacement Equipment Purchases. Expenditures for replacement of equipment which has been disposed.

550 Depreciable Technology. Expenditures for computer hardware, related equipment, and other capital outlay for technology. See object 540 for definition of capital outlay.

560 Depreciable Transportation. Expenditures for bus garages, buses and capital bus improvements for student transportation. See object 540 for definition of capital outlay.

562 Bus Garage Purchases. The purchase of a garage or garage improvements used for student transportation. All purchases using this code must also be listed on the Bus and Garage Depreciation Schedule and Mileage Report. All others should be reported under 520 Building Acquisitions.

564 Bus and Capital Bus Improvements. The purchase of buses and capital bus improvements e.g. handicap lift. All purchases using this code must also be listed on the Bus and Garage Depreciation Schedule and Mileage Report. All others should be reported under 540 Equipment.

590 Other Capital Outlay. Expenditures for all other Capital Outlay not classified above.

600 Other Objects. Amounts paid for goods and services not otherwise classified above. This includes expenditures for the retirement of debt, the payment of interest on debt, payments to a housing authority, and the payment of dues and fees.

610 Redemption of Principal. Expenditures which are from current funds to retire bonds, and principal portion of contractual payments for capital acquisitions.
Interest. Expenditures from current funds for interest on serial bonds, short-term loans and interest included in contractual payments for capital acquisitions. Sub-accounts may be used to record separately these different kinds of interest.

Regular Interest. Expenditures for all interest, excluding bus garage, bus and capital bus improvement interest.

Bus Garage, Bus and Capital Bus Improvement Interest. Only record expenditures for bus garage, bus and capital bus improvement interest here.

Unrecoverable Bad Debt Write-Off.

Dues and Fees. Expenditures or assessments for membership in professional or other organizations or associations or payments to a paying agent for services rendered.

Insurance and Judgments. Insurance to protect school board members and their employees against loss due to accident or neglect.

Liability Insurance. Expenditures for insurance coverage of the district, or its officers, against losses resulting from judgments awarded against the district. Also recorded here are any expenditures (not judgments) made in lieu of liability insurance. Payments of judgments awarded against the district and not covered by insurance are recorded under 655, Judgments Against the District.

Fidelity Bond Premiums. Expenditures for bonds guaranteeing the district against losses resulting from the actions of the treasurer, employees, or other persons of the district. Also recorded here are any expenditures (not judgments) made in lieu of liability bonds.

Property Insurance Premiums. Expenditures for insurance on any type property owned or leased by the district. Charge to function 2540 for buildings and 2550 for school buses.


Judgments and Settlements Against the District. Expenditures from current funds for all judgments against the district that are not covered by liability insurance, but are of a type that might have been covered by insurance.

Other Insurance and Judgments. Payments for insurance and judgments not classified elsewhere.

Depreciation (Used for Enterprise and Internal Service Funds Only). The portion of the cost of a fixed asset, except for land, which is charged as an expense during a particular period. In accounting for depreciation, the cost of a fixed asset, less any salvage value, is allocated over the estimated service life of the asset, and each accounting period is charged with a portion of such cost. Through this process, the cost of the asset is ultimately charged off as an expense. Land is not depreciated.

Buildings. Depreciation expense for buildings and additions.
Improvements Other Than Buildings. Depreciation expense for improvements to sites other than the building facility. Examples include roadways and sidewalks.

Equipment. Depreciation expense for equipment including buses, automobiles and other vehicles. These items are defined as movable or fixed units of furniture or furnishings, an instrument, a machine, an apparatus, or a set of articles which meet the capital asset criteria.

Technology. Depreciation expense for technology, including work stations, servers and networking equipment.

Other Capital Assets. Depreciation expense for capital assets not denoted above.

Taxes, Licenses and Assessments. This includes taxes, licenses and assessments paid to a government body and penalties assessed for lack of health benefits for eligible employees (Affordable Care Act).

PERS UAL Lump Sum Payment to PERS. The one time lump sum payment made to PERS following the issuance of a PERS UAL Bond. (Use only with 5400 function.)

Grant Indirect Charges. Charges made to a grant to recover charges made to administration. See page 27 Grant Administrative Charges for more detail.

Transfers.
This object category does not represent a purchase; rather it is used as an accounting entity to show that funds have been handled without having goods and services rendered in return. Included here are transactions for interchanging money from one fund to the other and for transmitting flow-through funds to the recipient (person or agency).

Fund Modifications. This category represents transactions of conveying money from one fund to another. Generally, this takes the form of payments from the General Fund to some other fund and should be so recorded. They are not recorded as expenditures. (Use only with 5200 function.) See page 28 Transfers to Other Funds for more detail.

Transits. This category represents transactions which are transit or flow-through means to convey money to the recipient (person or agency). This includes transactions which place grants-in-aid, special grants (stipends), and tuition and transportation for other district use, in the hands of the user. (Use only with 5300 function.)

Other Transfers. This category is to be used for those transfer transactions which cannot be identified in the above classifications.

Planned Reserve. Amounts set aside for operating contingencies for expenditures which cannot be foreseen and planned in the budget because of the occurrence of some unusual or extraordinary event. (Use only with 6110 function.)

Reserved for Next Year. (Use only with 7000 function.)
Expenditure Areas of Responsibility

Area of Responsibility codes designate the curriculum areas, provide further program information, or allow additional tracking for management information purposes.

**Bold type** does not indicate required roll up codes; **Bold type** does identify minimum requirements for AOR codes.

Note: An “x” indicates a rollup of accounts to the digits indicated. For example a 12XX Function represents all Functions that have a “12” prefix.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>To designate:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1121</td>
<td>Middle School/Jr. High Instruction</td>
<td>Curriculum Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1131</td>
<td>High School Instruction</td>
<td>Curriculum Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12xx</td>
<td>Special Education</td>
<td>Maintenance of Effort, if applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1271</td>
<td>Remediation</td>
<td>Curriculum Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21xx</td>
<td>Special Education Support</td>
<td>Maintenance of Effort, if applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2190</td>
<td>Special Education Direction</td>
<td>Maintenance of Effort, if applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2240</td>
<td>Staff Development</td>
<td>Targeted Training, if applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2550</td>
<td>Special Education Transportation</td>
<td>Maintenance of Effort, if applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If salaries are charged to an area code, payroll costs and fringe benefits must be charged there also as benefits follow salaries. Area codes should be attached to functions as required in all funds.

- **010** Home Instruction. School district sponsored programs in which a district employee goes to the home to instruct a parent in how to teach a specific lesson to a child, or teaches the child directly.
- **020** Tutoring. Direct instruction of a learner on a specific lesson or skill in a home or in a school setting.
- **050** General Classroom Instruction. Instructional activities that cannot be classified under a specific curriculum area.
- **060** Core Areas/Block Classes. Instructional activities combining two or more core curriculum areas in a block class, including English, Social Science, Math, Science.
- **090** Other Pre-kindergarten Programs. Any pre-kindergarten programs not appropriate for inclusion in above categories.
- **100** English. Courses and activities designed to enable students to receive and send communication by developing their ability to listen, speak, read, and write English.
- **110** Social Studies. Courses and activities dealing with social relationships which draw their substance from the disciplines of anthropology, economics, geography, government, history, sociology, and psychology.
120 **Science.** Experiences which provide students the opportunity to develop concept understandings and process skills as they relate to scientific literacy.

130 **The Arts.** Courses and activities designed to develop keener aesthetic awareness and increase sensitivity, skills and knowledge in various two- and three- dimensional art media. Performing Arts. Extracurricular activities designed to provide opportunities for students to participate in producing or performing capacities in dramatics, music, television, or radio. Music. Courses designed to develop aesthetic sensitivity, skills and knowledge in relation to listening, performing, and creating experiences in vocal or instrumental music.

170 Driver Education. Learning experiences concerned with helping students participate safely, efficiently and effectively in operating an automobile in traffic.

180 **Mathematics.** Those courses, units of instruction, and activities designed to develop the skills and interests of students in computation and problem solving.

190 Health Education. Experiences which provide students the opportunity to develop decision making skills and formulate a value system, as they relate to healthful living.

200 Physical Education. Courses, special adapted programs, and intraschool activities designed to enable each student to build and maintain physical powers, skills and understanding necessary for optimum development.

210 **Second Language.** Courses and activities designed to enable students to receive and send communication in a language other than English by developing their ability to listen, speak, read, and write in the target language.

230 Athletics. Extracurricular activities designed to provide competitive contests for selected groups or individuals who are trained and coached to play games with similar teams or individuals from other schools.

250 Other Extracurricular Student Activities. Extracurricular activities not already defined which are generally of a voluntary nature and which are designed to assist the student in developing additional skills and/or refined attitudinal points of view regarding logical extensions of the school curriculum.

260 Technology. Courses designed to develop skills in the use of technology.

270 Career Related Learning. Courses, units of instruction and special instructional activities designed to assist students in exploring key occupational career areas, in assessing their occupational interests and aptitudes and in developing tentative career plans and choices. Grades 7 through 12.

280 **English Language Learner (ELL) Programs.** To be used with Functions other than 1291 and 1295 to identify supplemental costs for English Language Learner (ELL) programs.

290 Other Programs.

310 Non-Instructional Staff Development. Use of this Area is optional. Districts may wish to track staff development and training costs charged to Functions other than 2240.

320 **Special Education.** All special education costs that are subject to federal maintenance of effort requirements. All special education expenditures, including 1250, need to be reported to the state at the district level. Attach this area code to functions (e.g. 1200's, 2100's, 2200's 2550) where services are provided to students on IEP's. In the 1200 functions, this includes functions 1220-1260. It does not include 1210 TAG, 1270...
Educationally Disadvantaged, 1280 Alternative Education, or 1290's Designated Programs unless you are also providing special education services within those programs. Special education staff development (function 2240) is included in this Area code.

340 **Coordinating Early Intervening Services (CEIS).** Services which may include interagency financing structures, for students in kindergarten through grade 12 (with particular emphasis on students in K-3) who have NOT been identified as needing special education or related services but who need additional academic and behavioral services or support to succeed in a general education environment. IDEA 2004 Sec. 613(4)(f) This AOR code is to be used only for CEIS. Do not code Section 504 expenses here.

350 **School Improvement Fund Grant.** Expenditures in either the General Fund (100) or a Special Revenue Fund (200) to record monies spent to fulfill SIF grant obligations.

Professional, Technical Strands. Students working on Professional, technical strands as the context for their academic program. Some areas may be in more than one strand. For example, marketing could be offered under Arts and Communication or under Business and Management. Transition:

510 Arts and Communication. Examples: Architecture, film, radio, fine arts, creative writing, journalism, languages, television, advertising, public relations, graphic design.

520 Business and Management. Examples: Marketing sales, entrepreneurship, finance, hospitality/tourism, computer/information systems, accounting, personnel, and economics.

530 Health Services. Examples: Nursing, dental hygiene, dental assistant, medical assistant, radiology technician, ophthalmic technician, nurse’s aide, dentistry, medicine.

540 Human Resources. Examples: Education, government, religion, social services, law, law enforcement, legal services, child and family services.


560 Natural Resources Systems. Examples: Agriculture, earth sciences, fisheries, environmental sciences, horticulture, wildlife, forestry.

570 Other Professional, Technical Strands. Defined by the District.

580 Other Professional, Technical Strands. Defined by the District.

590 Other Professional, Technical Strands. Defined by the District.
Descriptions of Balance Sheet Accounts

Assets and Other Debits

Assets and other debits include what is owned and other items not owned as of the date of the balance sheet but expected to become fully owned at some future date as well as other budgeting and offsetting accounts which normally have debit balances.

100 Current Assets.
Cash or anything that can be readily converted into cash.

101 Cash in the Bank. All funds on deposit with a bank or savings and loan institution normally in non-interest bearing accounts. Interest bearing accounts are recorded in investments.

102 Cash on Hand. Currency, coins, checks, postal and express money orders, and bankers’ drafts on hand.

103 Petty Cash. A sum of money set aside for the purpose of paying small obligations for which the issuance of a formal voucher and check would be too expensive and time consuming.

104 Change Cash. A sum of money set aside for the purpose of providing change.

105 Cash With Fiscal Agents. Deposits with fiscal agents, such as commercial banks, for the payment of matured bonds and interest.

106 Cash and Investments to Repay Short-term Notes.

111 Investments. Securities and real estate held for the production of income in the form of interest, dividends, rentals, or lease payments. The account does not include fixed assets used in district operations. Separate accounts for each category of investments may be maintained.

112 Unamortized Premiums on Investments. The excess of the amount paid for securities over the face value which has not yet been amortized. Use of this account is restricted to long-term investments.

113 Unamortized Documents on Investments (credit). The excess of the face value of securities over the amount paid for them which has not yet been written off. Use of this account is normally restricted to long-term investments.

114 Interest Receivable on Investments. The amount of interest receivable on investments, exclusive of interest purchased. Interest purchased should be shown in a separate account.

115 Accrued Interest on Investments Purchased. Interest accrued on investments between the last interest payment date and date of purchase. The account is carried as an asset until the first interest payment date after date of purchase. Upon receipt and deposit of the cash, an entry is made debiting account Cash in Bank, and crediting the Accrued Interest on Investments Purchased account for the amount of interest purchased and an Interest Earning revenue account (1510) for the balance.
Taxes Receivable. The uncollected portion of taxes which a district or governmental unit has levied and which has become due, including any interest or penalties which may be accrued. Separate accounts may be maintained on the basis of tax roll year and/or current and delinquent taxes.

Estimated Uncollectible Taxes (credit). A provision for that portion of taxes receivable which it is estimated will not be collected. The account is shown on the balance sheet as a deduction from the Taxes Receivable account in order to arrive at the net taxes receivable. Separate accounts may be maintained on the basis of tax roll year and/or delinquent taxes.

Interfund Loans Receivable. An asset account used to record a loan by one fund to another fund in the same governmental unit. It is recommended that separate accounts be maintained for each interfund receivable loan.

Interfund Accounts Receivable. An asset account used to indicate amounts owed to a particular fund by another fund in the same district for goods sold or services rendered. It is recommended that separate accounts be maintained for each interfund receivable.

Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable. Amounts due to the reporting governmental unit from another governmental unit. These amounts may represent grants-in-aid, shared taxes, taxes collected for the reporting unit by another unit, loans, and charges for services rendered by the reporting unit for another government. It is recommended that separate accounts be maintained for each interagency receivable.

Loans Receivable. Amounts which have been loaned to persons or organizations, including notes taken as security for such loans, where permitted by statutory authority.

Estimated Uncollectible Loans. A provision for that portion of loans receivable which is estimated will not be collected. The account is shown on the balance sheet as a deduction from the Other Loans Receivable account.

Other Accounts Receivable. Amounts owing an open account from private persons, firms, or corporations for goods and services furnished by a district (but not including amounts due from other funds or from other governmental units).

Estimated Uncollectible Accounts Receivable. A provision for that portion of accounts receivable which is estimated will not be collected. The account is shown on the balance sheet as a deduction from the Other Accounts Receivable account.

Bond Proceeds Receivable. An account used to designate the amount receivable upon sale of bonds.

Inventories for Consumption. The cost of supplies and equipment on hand not yet distributed to requisitioning units.

Inventories for Resale. The value of goods held by a district for resale rather than for use in its own operations.

Prepaid Expenses. Expenses paid for benefits not yet received. Prepaid expenses differ from deferred charges in that they are spread over a shorter period of time than deferred charges and are regularly recurring costs of operation. Examples of prepaid expenses are
prepaid rent, prepaid interest, and unexpired insurance premiums. An example of a deferred charged is unamortized discounts on bonds sold.

191 Deposits. Funds deposited by the district as prerequisite to receiving services and/or goods.

199 Other Current Assets. Current assets not provided for elsewhere.

200 Fixed Assets.

Those assets which the district intends to hold or continue in use over a long period of time.

211 Sites. A fixed asset account which reflects the acquisition value of land owned by a district. If land is purchased, this account includes the purchase price and costs such as legal fees, filling and excavation costs, and other associated improvement costs which are incurred to put the land in condition for its intended use. If land is acquired by gift, the account reflects its appraised value at time of acquisition.

221 Site Improvements. A fixed asset account which reflects the acquisition value of permanent improvement, other than buildings, which add value to land. Examples of such improvements are fences, retaining walls, sidewalks, pavements, gutters, tunnels, and bridges. If the improvements are purchased or constructed, this account contains the purchase or contract price. If improvements are obtained by gift, it reflects the appraised value at time of acquisition.

222 Accumulated Depreciation on Site Improvements. Accumulated amounts for depreciation of land improvements. The recording of depreciation is optional in the general fixed assets account group.

231 Buildings and Building Improvements. A fixed asset account which reflects the acquisition value of permanent structures used to house persons and property owned by the district. If buildings are purchased or constructed, this account includes the purchase or contract price of all permanent buildings and the fixtures attached to and forming a permanent part of such buildings. This account includes all building improvements. If buildings are acquired by gift, the account reflects their appraised value at time of acquisition.

232 Accumulated Depreciation on Buildings and Building Improvements. Accumulated amounts for depreciation of buildings and building improvements. The recording of depreciation is optional in the general fixed assets account group.

241 Machinery and Equipment. Tangible property of a more or less permanent nature, other than land, buildings, or improvements thereto, which is useful in carrying on operations. Examples are machinery, tools, trucks, cars, buses, furniture, and furnishings.

242 Accumulated Depreciation on Machinery and Equipment. Accumulated amounts for depreciation of machinery and equipment. The recording of depreciation is optional in the general fixed assets account group and required in the proprietary funds.

251 Construction in Progress. The cost of construction work undertaken but not yet completed.
300 Budgeting Accounts and Other Debits.

Budgeted and actual amounts of revenues as well as offsetting accounts which normally have debit balances.

301 Estimated Revenues (budget account). The amount of revenues estimated to be received or to become receivable during the fiscal period, the account is closed out and does not appear in the balance sheet. This account would appear in interim financial statements.

302 Revenues. The total of all revenues realized during a period. This represents the increase in ownership equity during a designated period of time. The account appears only in a balance sheet prepared during the fiscal period. At the end of the fiscal period, the account is closed out and does not appear in the balance sheet.

303 Amount Available in Debt Service Funds. An account in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group which designates the amount of fund balance available in the Debt Service Fund for the retirement of long-term debt.

304 Amount to Be Provided for Retirement of General Long-Term Debt. An account in the General Long-Term Account Group which designates the amount to be provided from taxes or other revenue to retire long-term debt.

Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balances

Liabilities, reserves, and fund balance are district debts plus items which are not debts but which may become debts at some future time, as well as other budgeting accounts which normally appear only on the interim financial statements.

400 Current Liabilities.

Those debts the district expects to pay within a short period of time, usually within a year or less.

401 Interfund Loans Payable. A liability account used to record a debt owed by one fund to another fund in the same governmental unit. It is recommended that separate accounts be maintained for each interfund loan.

402 Interfund Accounts Payable. A liability account used to indicate amounts owned by a particular fund to another fund in the same district for goods and services rendered. It is recommended that separate accounts be maintained for each interfund payable.

411 Intergovernmental Accounts Payable. Amounts owed by the reporting district to another governmental unit. It is recommended that separate accounts be maintained for each interagency payable.

421 Accounts Payable. Liabilities on an open account owing to private persons, firms, or corporations for goods and services received by a district (but not including amounts due to other funds of the same district or to other governmental units).

422 Judgments Payable. Amounts due to be paid by a district as the result of court decisions, including condemnation awards in payment for private property taken for public use.

423 Warrants Payable. Amounts due to designated payees in the form of a written order drawn by the district directing the district treasurer to pay a specific amount.

431 Contracts Payable. Amounts due on contracts for assets, goods, and services received by a district.
Construction Contracts Payable—Retained Percentage. Liabilities on account of construction contracts for that portion of the work which has been completed but on which part of the liability has not been paid pending final inspection, or the lapse of a specified time period or both. The unpaid amount is usually a stated percentage of the contract price.

Construction Contracts Payable. Amounts due by a district on contracts for construction of buildings, structures, and other improvements.

Matured Bonds Payable. Bonds which have reached or passed their maturity date but which remain unpaid.

Bonds Payable. Bonds which have not reached or passed their maturity date but are due within one year or less.

Unamortized Premiums on Bonds Sold. An account which represents that portion of the excess of bond proceeds over par value and which remains to be amortized over the remaining life of such bonds.

Loans Payable. Short-term obligations representing amounts borrowed for short periods of time usually evidenced by notes payable or warrants payable.

Interest Payable. Interest due within one year.

Accrued Salaries and Benefits. Salary and fringe benefit costs incurred during the current accounting period which are not payable until a subsequent accounting period.

Payroll Deductions and Withholdings. Amounts deducted from employees’ salaries for withholding taxes and other purposes. District-paid benefits amounts payable also are included. A separate liability account may be used for each type of benefit.

Deferred Revenues. A liability account which represents revenues collected before they become due.

Deposits Payable. Liability for deposits received as a prerequisite to providing or receiving services and/or goods.

Due to Fiscal Agent. Amounts due to fiscal agents, such as commercial banks, for serving a district’s matured indebtedness.

Other Current Liabilities. Other current liabilities not provided for elsewhere.

Long-Term Liabilities. Debt with a maturity of more than one year after the date of issuance.

Bonds Payable. Bonds which have not reached or passed their maturity date and which are not due within one year.

Loans Payable. An unconditional written promise signed by the maker to pay a certain sum of money one year or more after the date of issuance.

Lease Obligations. Amounts remaining to be paid on lease purchase agreements.

Unfunded Pension Liabilities. The amount of the actuarial deficiency on a locally operated pension plan to be contributed by the district on behalf of present employees.

Other Long-Term Liabilities. Other long-term liabilities not provided for elsewhere.
600  Budgeting Accounts.
These categories represent accounts which reflect budgeted and actual amounts related to expenditures and encumbrance.

601  Appropriations (budget account). This account records authorizations granted by the school board or legislative body to make expenditures for specific purposes. This account appears in a balance sheet prepared during the fiscal period. It is closed out and does not appear in the balance sheet prepared at the close of the fiscal period.

602  Expenditures. This account appears in balance sheets prepared during the fiscal period and designates the total of expenditures charged against appropriations during such period. The account is shown in each balance sheet as a deduction from the Appropriations account to arrive at the unexpended balance of total appropriations.

603  Encumbrances. This account designates obligations in the form of purchase orders, contracts, or salary commitments which are chargeable to an appropriation and for which part of the appropriation is reserved. In an interim balance sheet, encumbrances are deducted along with the expenditures from the Appropriations account to arrive at the unencumbered balance.

700  Fund Equity.
These are accounts which show the excess of a fund over its liabilities. Portions of that balance may be reserved for future use.

701  Investment in General Fixed Assets. An account in the General Fixed Assets Account Group which represents the district’s equity in general fixed assets. The balance of this account is normally subdivided according to the source of funds which financed the asset acquisition, such as General Fund revenues, bond issues, and contributions.

721  Contributed Capital. An equity account in the proprietary funds which shows the amount of fund capital contributed by the governmental unit from general government revenue and resources. Annual subsidies to cover operating deficits are not recorded here. These amounts are recorded as other sources (interfund transfers) and closed to the unreserved retained earnings account (740).

730  Reserve for (Special Purposes)—Retained Earnings. The accumulated earnings of the proprietary funds which have been retained in the fund and which are reserved for a specific purpose. One example would be funds reserved for the future purchase of equipment.

740  Unreserved Retained Earnings. The accumulated earnings of the proprietary funds which have been retained in the fund and which are not reserved for any specific purpose.

760  Other than Unassigned (Special Purposes)—Fund Balance. A reserve which represents the segregation of a portion of a fund balance to indicate that assets equal to the amount of the reserve are tied up and are, therefore, not available for appropriation. It is recommended that a separate reserve be established for each special purpose. One example of a special purpose would be restricted federal programs.

761  Non-spendable Fund Balance. Amounts that cannot be spent due to form; for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. Also, long-term loan and notes receivables, and property held for resale would be reported here unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned. OR Amounts that must be
maintained intact legally or contractually (corpus or principal of a permanent fund).

762 Restricted Fund Balance. Amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

763 Committed Fund Balance. Amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. Action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period.

764 Assigned Fund Balance. Amounts intended to be used by the governing body for specific purposes. Amounts reported as assigned should not result in a deficit in unassigned fund balance. In the general fund assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed.

770 Unassigned Fund Balance. In the general fund, amounts not contained in other classifications i.e. non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the general fund, amounts expended in excess of resources that are non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned (a residual deficit). In determining a residual deficit, no amount should be reported as assigned.
Appendix A

Terminology

The following explanations of terms are drawn primarily from Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting (GAAFR), published by the Government Finance Officers Association, 1944, Chicago, Illinois.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM: The methods and records established to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report a government’s transactions and to maintain accountability for the related assets and liabilities.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE: A short-term liability account reflecting amounts owed to private persons or organizations for goods and services received by a government.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE: An asset account reflecting amounts due from private persons or organizations for goods and services furnished by a government (but not including amounts due from other funds or other governments).

ACCRUAL BASIS: The recording of the financial effects on a government of transactions and other events and circumstances that have cash consequences for the government in the periods in which cash is received or paid by the government.

ACCRUAL DEPRECIATION: A contra-asset account used to report the accumulation of periodic credits to reflect the expiration of the estimated service life of fixed assets.

ACTIVITY: A specific and distinguishable service performed by one or more organizational components of a government to accomplish a function for which the government is responsible.

ACTUARIAL BASIS: A basis used in computing the amount of contributions to be made periodically to a fund or account so that the total contributions plus the compounded earnings thereon will equal the required payments to be made out of the fund or account. The factors considered in arriving at the amount of these contributions include the length of time over which each contribution is to be held and the rate of return compounded on such contribution over its life. A pension trust fund for a PERS is an example of a fund concerned with actuarial basis data.

AD VALOREM TAX: A tax based on value (e.g., a property tax).

ALLOT: To divide a budgetary appropriation into amounts that may be encumbered or expended during an allotment period.

APPROPRIATION: A legal authorization granted by a legislative body to make expenditures and to incur obligations for specific purposes. An appropriation usually is limited in amount and time it may be expended.

ARBITRAGE: Classically, the simultaneous purchase and sale of the same or an equivalent security in order to profit from price discrepancies. In government finance, the most common occurrence of arbitrage involves the investment of the proceeds from the sale of tax-exempt securities in a taxable money market instrument that yields a higher rate, resulting in interest revenue in excess of interest costs.

ASSESSED VALUATION: A valuation set upon real estate or other property by a government as a basis for levying taxes.

ASSET: A probable future economic benefit obtained or controlled by a particular entity as a result of past transactions or events.

BALANCE SHEET: The financial statement disclosing the assets, liabilities and equity of an entity at a specified date in conformity with GAAP.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Those financial statements, including notes thereto, necessary for the fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations of an entity in conformity with GAAP. The basic financial statements include a balance sheet, an “all-inclusive” operating statement, a budget comparison statement (for all governmental funds for which annual appropriated budgets are adopted), and a statement of changes in financial position (for proprietary funds, pension trust funds and nonexpendable trust funds).

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING: A term used to refer to when revenues, expenditures, expenses and transfers—and the related assets and liabilities—are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the nature of the measurement, on either the cash or the accrual method.

BOND: Most often, a written promise to pay a specified sum of money (called the face value or principal amount), at a specified date or dates in the future, called the maturity
date(s), together with periodic interest at a specified rate. Sometimes, however, all or a substantial portion of the interest is included in the face value of the security. The difference between a note and a bond is that the latter is issued for a longer period and requires greater legal formality.

BUDGET: A plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for a given period and the proposed means of financing them. Used without any modifier, the term usually indicates a financial plan for a single fiscal year. The term “budget” is used in two senses in practice. Sometimes it designates the financial plan presented to the appropriating governing body for adoption, and sometimes, the plan finally approved by that body.

BUDGETARY CONTROL: The control or management of a government or enterprise in accordance with an approved budget to keep expenditures within the limitations of available appropriations and available revenues.

BUDGET DOCUMENT: The instrument used by the budget-making authority to present a comprehensive financial program to the appropriating governing body. The budget document usually consists of three parts. The first part contains a message from the budget-making authority, together with a summary of the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The second consists of schedules supporting the summary. These schedules show in detail the past years’ actual revenues, expenditures and other data used in making the estimates. The third part is composed of drafts of the appropriation, revenue and borrowing measures necessary to put the budget into effect.

BUDGET MESSAGE: A general discussion of the proposed budget as presented in writing by the budget-making authority to the legislative body. The budget message should contain an explanation of the principal budget items, an outline of the government’s experience during the past period and its financial status at the time of the message and recommendations regarding the financial policy for the coming period.

CAPITAL BUDGET: A plan of proposed capital outlays and the means of financing them.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES: Expenditures resulting in the acquisition of or addition to the government’s general fixed assets.

CAPITAL PROGRAM: A plan for capital expenditures to be incurred each year over a fixed period of years to meet capital needs arising from the long-term work program or other capital needs. It sets forth each project or other contemplated expenditure in which the government is to have a part and specifies the resources estimated to be available to finance the projected expenditures.

CASH: Cash includes currency on hand and demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions. Cash also includes deposits in other kinds of accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts.

CASH BASIS: A basis of accounting under which transactions are recognized only when cash is received or disbursed.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (CAFR): The official annual report of a government. It includes (a) the five combined financial statements in the combined statements—overview and their related notes (the “liftable” GPFS) and (b) combining statements by fund type and individual fund and account group financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP and organized into a financial reporting pyramid. It also includes supporting schedules necessary to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions, required supplementary information, extensive introductory material and detailed statistical section. Every government reporting entity should prepare a CAFR.

COST: The amount of money or other consideration exchanged for goods or services.

COST ACCOUNTING: The method of accounting that provides for the assembling and recording of all the elements of costs incurred to accomplish a purpose, to carry on an activity or operation, or to complete a unit of work or a specific job.

CURRENT: As applied to budgeting and accounting, designates the operations of the present fiscal period as opposed to past or future periods. It usually connotes items likely to be used up or converted into cash within one year.

DEBT: An obligation resulting from the borrowing of money or from the purchase of goods and services. Debts of governments include bonds, time warrants and notes.

DEFICIT: (1) The excess of the liabilities of a fund over its assets. (2) The excess of expenditures over revenues during an accounting period or, in the case of proprietary funds, the
excess of expenses over revenues during an accounting period.

DEPRECIATION: (1) Expiration in the service life of fixed assets, other than wasting assets, attributable to wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy and obsolescence. (2) The portion of the cost of a fixed asset, other than a wasting asset, charged as an expense during a particular period. In accounting for depreciation, the cost of a fixed asset, less any salvage value, is prorated over the estimated service life of such an asset, and each period is charged with a portion of such cost. Through this process, the entire cost of the asset is ultimately charged off as an expense.

DOUBLE ENTRY: A system of bookkeeping requiring that for every entry made to the debit side of an account or accounts, an entry or entries be made for an equal amount to the credit side of another account or accounts.

ENCUMBRANCES: Commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services. Used in budgeting, encumbrances are not GAAP expenditures or liabilities, but represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in process are completed.

ENTITY: (1) The basic unit upon which accounting and/or financial reporting activities focus. The basic governmental legal and accounting entity is the individual fund and account group. (2) That combination of funds and account groups that constitutes the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes and alone may issue CAFRs and GPFS.

EQUITY ACCOUNTS: Those accounts presenting the difference between assets and liabilities of the fund.

EXPENDITURES: Decreases in net financial resources. Expenditures include current operating expenses requiring the present or future use of net current assets, debt service and capital outlays, and intergovernmental grants, entitlements and shared revenues.

FINANCIAL AUDIT: An audit made to determine whether the financial statements of a government are presented fairly in conformity with GAAP.

FISCAL YEAR: A 12-month period to which the annual operating budget applies and at the end of which a government determines its financial position and the results of its operations.

FIXED ASSETS: Long-lived tangible assets obtained or controlled as a result of past transactions, events or circumstances. Fixed assets include buildings, equipment, improvements other than buildings and land. In the private sector, these assets are referred to most often as property, plant and equipment.

FIXTURES: Attachments to buildings that are not intended to be removed and cannot be removed without damage to the buildings. Those fixtures with a useful life presumed to be as long as that of the building itself, are considered a part of the building; all others are classified as equipment.

FUNCTION: A group of related activities aimed at accomplishing a major service or regulatory program for which a government is responsible (e.g., public safety).

FUND: A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts in which cash or other financial resources, all related liabilities and residual equities, or balances, and changes therein, are recorded and segregated to carry on specific activities or attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

FUND BALANCE: The difference between fund assets and fund liabilities of governmental and similar trust funds.

FUND TYPE: Any one of seven categories into which all funds are classified in governmental accounting. The seven fund types are: general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, enterprise, internal service, and trust and agency.

GENERAL FUND: The fund used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE: Bonds backed by the full faith and credit of government.

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP): Uniform minimum standards and guidelines for financial accounting and reporting. They govern the form and content of the financial statements of an entity. GAAP encompass the conventions, rules and procedures necessary to define accepted accounting practice at a particular time. They include not only broad guidelines of general application, but also detailed practices and procedures. GAAP provide a standard by which to measure financial presentations. The primary authoritative body on the application of GAAP to state and local governments is the GASB.
GENERALLY ACCEPTED AUDITING STANDARDS (GAAS): Standards established by the AICPA for the conduct and reporting of financial audits. There are 10 basic GAAS, classed into three broad categories: general standards, standards of field work and standards of reporting. The Auditing Standards Board of the AICPA publishes SAS to comment and expand upon these basic standards. These SAS, together with the 10 basic standards, constitutes GAAS. These GAAS set forth the objectives of the audit and establish measures that can be applied to judge the quality of its performance.

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GPFS): Five combined financial statements that, together with the accompanying notes, constitute the minimum financial reporting needed for fair presentation in conformity with GAAP. These five combined financial statements, with their accompanying notes, make up the first of the financial reporting pyramid’s three reporting levels containing financial statements. Known as the combined statements—overview, these statements include (1) combined balance sheet—all fund types and account groups, (2) combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances—all governmental fund types, (3) combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances—budget and actual—general and special revenue fund types (and similar governmental fund types for which annual budgets have been legal adopted), (4) combined statement of revenues, expenses and changes in retained earnings (or equity)—all proprietary fund types and (5) combined statement of changes in financial position—all proprietary fund types. Trust fund operations may be reported in (2), (4) and (5) above, as appropriate, or separately. The combined statements—overview also are referred to as the “liftable” GPFS.

GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB): The authoritative accounting and financial reporting standard-setting body for government entities.

GROSS BONDED DEBT: The total amount of direct debt of a government, represented by outstanding bonds before deduction of any assets available and earmarked for their retirement.

INTERNAL AUDITING: An independent appraisal of the diverse operations and controls within a government entity to determine whether acceptable policies and procedures are followed, established standards are met, resources are used efficiently and economically and the organization’s objectives are being achieved. The term covers all forms of appraisal of activities undertaken by auditors working for and within an organization.

INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE: Policies and procedures established to provide reasonable assurance that specific government objectives will be achieved.

INVENTORY: (1) A detailed list showing qualities, descriptions and values of property and, frequently, units of measure and unit prices. (2) An asset account reflecting the cost of goods held for resale or for use in operations.

LEY: (1) (Verb) To impose taxes, special assessments or service charges for the support of government activities. (2) (Noun) The total amount of taxes, special assessments or service charges imposed by a government.

LIABILITIES: Probable future sacrifices of economic benefits, arising from present obligations of a particular entity to transfer assets or provide services to other entities in the future as a result of past transactions or events.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS: The accounting convention that determines (1) which assets and which liabilities are included on a government’s balance sheet and where they are reported there, and (2) whether an operating statement presents information on the flow of financial resources (revenues and expenditures) or information on the flow of economic resources (revenues and expenses).

MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS: The accrual basis of accounting adapted to the governmental fund-type measurement focus. Under it, revenues and other financial resource increments (e.g., bond issue proceeds) are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual that is when they become both “measurable” and “available to finance expenditures of the current period.” “Available” means collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred except for (1) inventories of materials and supplies that may be considered expenditures either when purchased or when used, and (2) prepaid insurance and similar items that may be considered expenditures either when paid for or when consumed. All governmental funds, expendable trust funds and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NET INCOME: Proprietary fund excess of operating revenues, nonoperating revenues and operating transfers in over operating expenses, nonoperating expenses and operating transfers out.

OBJECT: As used in expenditure classification, applies to the article purchased or the service obtained, rather than to the
purpose for which the article or service was purchased or obtained (e.g., personal services, contractual services, materials and supplies).

OPERATING BUDGET: Plans of current expenditures and the proposed means of financing them. The annual operating budget (or, in the case of some state governments, the biennial operating budget) is the primary means by which most of the financing, acquisition, spending and service delivery activities of a government are controlled. The use of annual operating budgets is usually required by law. Even when not required by law, however, annual operating budgets are essential to sound financial management and should be adopted by every government.

OPERATING EXPENSES: Proprietary fund expenses related directly to the fund’s primary activities.

OVERHEAD: Those elements of cost necessary in the production of a good or service which are not directly traceable to the product or service. Usually these costs relate to objects of expenditure that do not become an integral part of the finished product or service, such as rent, heat, light, supplies, management and supervision.

PERMANENT TAX RATE LIMIT: The maximum rate of ad valorem property taxes that a school district can impose. Taxes generated from the permanent rate limit can be used for any purpose. No action of the school district can increase a permanent rate limit.

PROGRAM BUDGET: A budget wherein expenditures are based primarily on programs of work and secondarily on character and object class, on the one hand, and performance, on the other.

PROJECTED TOTAL-LIFE COST: The total anticipated costs related to a fixed asset during its estimated useful life. Projected total-life cost normally includes a detailed schedule of maintenance requirements for each year of the asset’s life, including preventive maintenance, normal repair and replacement, and replacement of major parts or components needed to achieve the normal (intended) life of the asset. The total-life cost is calculated at the time an asset is acquired or constructed, often as an integral part of capital acquisition or budgeting procedures.

PURCHASE ORDER: A document authorizing the delivery of specified merchandise or the rendering of certain services and the making of a charge for them.

REPLACEMENT COST: The amount of cash or other consideration that would be required today to obtain the same asset or its equivalent.

REQUISITION: A written demand or request, usually from one department to the purchasing officer or to another department, for specified articles or services.

REVENUES: (1) Increases in the net current assets of a governmental fund type from other than expenditure refunds and residual equity transfers. Also, general long-term debt proceeds and operating transfers in are classified as “other financing sources” rather than as revenues. (2) Increases in the net total assets of a proprietary fund type from other than expense refunds, capital contributions and residual equity transfers. Also, operating transfers in are classified separately from revenues.

STANDARD COST: The predetermined cost of performing an operation or producing a product when labor, materials and equipment are used efficiently under reasonable and normal conditions. Normal conditions exist when there is an absence of special or extraordinary factors affecting the quality or quantity of the work performed or the time or method of performing it.

SUBFUNCTION: A grouping of related activities within a particular government function.

UNENCUMBERED APPROPRIATION: That portion of an appropriation not yet expended or encumbered.

WORK ORDER: A written order authorizing and directing the performance of a certain task and issued to the person who is to direct the work. Among the items of information included on the order are the nature and location of the job, specifications of the work to be performed and a job number, which is referred to in reporting the amount of labor, materials and equipment used.
Appendix B

Analysis of Student Body Funds

The following questions will help to determine whether or not the student body funds should be classified as governmental and should be budgeted. The more often the choices and accurately describe the funds, the more likely the funds should be classified as governmental and budgeted.

I. Who has the responsibility for the account?
   A. Who authorizes the revenues? (Sets admission prices, establishes fees, authorizes and activity)
      1. Student organization
      2. School district personnel
   B. Who authorizes the expenditures?
      1. Student organization
      2. School district personnel
   C. How are the expenditures authorized?
      1. Student organization minutes
      2. School district memorandum
      3. Other

II. Who has control over the account?
   A. Who receives the revenue?
      1. Student organization
      2. School district personnel
   B. Who deposits the revenue?
      1. Student
      2. School district personnel
   C. Who signs the checks or purchase orders?
      1. Student
      2. School district personnel

III. Who has custody of the account?
   A. In whose name is the account?
      1. Student organization
      2. School district
      3. Other
   B. Who prepares the checks?
      1. Student
      2. School district personnel
   C. Who receives and reconciles the bank statement?
      1. Student organization
      2. School district
   D. Who has custody of the supporting documents (cancelled checks, receipts, purchase orders, etc.)?
      1. Student organization
      2. School district
Appendix C

Sources of Accounting and Budget Information

*Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting Manual (GAAFR)*

Government Finance Officers Association
203 N. LaSalle Street, Suite 2700
Chicago, IL 60601

*Oregon Revised Statutes of Interest:*

Chapter 294—Local Budget Law
Chapter 326—State Administration of Elementary and Secondary Education
Chapter 327—State Financing of Elementary and Secondary Education
Chapter 328—Local Financing of Education
Chapter 332—Local Administration of Education

*Oregon Administrative Rules of Interest:*

Chapter 150—Oregon Department Of Revenue
Chapter 581—Oregon Department Of Education

*Local Budgeting Manual*

Finance and Taxation Unit
Oregon Department of Revenue
PO Box 14380
Salem, OR 97309-5075

*District Elections Manual*

Secretary of State Elections Division
Public Service Building Suite 501
255 Capitol Street NE
Salem, OR 97310

*Oregon School Bond Manual*

Oregon School Boards Association
PO Box 1068
Salem, OR 97308
1-503-588-2800 or 1-800-578-6722
Appendix D — Account Code Structure Charts

ACCOUNT CODE STRUCTURE CHARTS

FUNCTION CODES: INSTRUCTION SERVICES

LEVEL I

1000 Instruction

LEVEL II

1100 Regular Programs

1120 Middle School

1130 High School

1140 Pre-Kindergarten

1210 Talented & Gifted

1220 Restrictive Programs for Students with Disabilities

1250 Less Restrictive Programs for Students with Disabilities

1260 Treatment and Habilitation

1270 Educationally Disadvantaged

1280 Alternative Education

1300 Adult Continuing Education

1400 Summer School Programs

LEVEL III

1110 Elementary School

1121 Middle/Junior High

1131 High School Programs

1141 Learning Centers

1221 Developmental Kindergarten

1222 Community Transition Centers

1224 Life Skills with Nursing

1225 Out of District Programs

1226 Home Instruction

1227 Extended School Year Programs

1228 Diagnostic Classrooms

1229 Other

1271 Remediation

1272 Title I

1281 Public

1282 Private

1283-1287 District

1288 Charter Schools

1289 Other

1290 Designated Programs

1340 High School

1410 Elementary

1440 Special Programs

1450 Other Summer School Programs

LEVEL IV

1111 Elementary, K-5 or K-8 Programs

1113 Elementary Extracurricular

1121 Middle/Junior High

1122 Middle/Junior High Extracurricular

1132 High School Extracurricular

1221 Learning Centers

1222 Developmental Kindergarten

1223 Community Transition Centers

1224 Life Skills with Nursing

1225 Out of District Programs

1226 Home Instruction

1227 Extended School Year Programs

1228 Diagnostic Classrooms

1229 Other

1271 Remediation

1272 Title I

1281 Public

1282 Private

1283-1287 District

1288 Charter Schools

1289 Other

1290 Designated Programs

1410 Elementary

1420 Middle/Junior High

1430 High School

1440 Special Programs

1450 Other Summer School Programs

1291 ELL – ORS 336.079

1292 Teen Parent

1293 Migrant Education

1294 Youth Corrections

1295 ELL – Non ORS 336.679

1299 Other
ACCOUNT CODE STRUCTURE

AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY CODES: INSTRUCTION SERVICES FUNCTION CODES

LEVEL II          LEVEL III          LEVEL IV          AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY

1100 Regular Programs

1110 Elementary School

1111 Elementary, K-3 or K-6

110 English
110 Social Studies
120 Science
130 The Arts

180 Mathematics
190 Health Education
200 Physical Education
280 Interpretation/Translation

1120 Middle School

1121 Middle/Junior High

100 English
110 Social Studies
120 Science
130 The Arts
180 Mathematics
190 Health Education

210 Second Language
230 Athletics
250 Other Extracurricular
260 Technology
280 Interpretation/Translation

1130 High School

1131 High School Programs

100 English
110 Social Studies
120 Science
130 The Arts
170 Driver Education
180 Mathematics
190 Health Education

210 Second Language
230 Athletics
250 Other Extracurricular
260 Technology
270 Career-Related Learning
280 Interpretation/Translation
500s Professional Strands
ACCOUNT CODE STRUCTURE

FUNCTION CODES: SUPPORT SERVICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LEVEL I</th>
<th>LEVEL II</th>
<th>LEVEL III</th>
<th>LEVEL IV</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2100</td>
<td>Students</td>
<td>2110 Attend &amp; Social Work</td>
<td>2111 Direction</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>2120 Guidance Services</td>
<td>2114 Student Accounting</td>
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<td>2130 Health Services</td>
<td>2112 Attendance</td>
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<td>2140 Psychological</td>
<td>2115 Student Safety</td>
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<td>2150 Speech Pathology &amp; Audiology</td>
<td>2113 Social Work</td>
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<td>2160 Student Treatment</td>
<td>2119 Other</td>
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<td>2190 Service Direction</td>
<td>2117 Identification &amp; Recruitment of Migrant Children</td>
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<td>2200</td>
<td>Instructional Staff</td>
<td>2210 Impt of Instruction</td>
<td>2121 Direction</td>
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<td>2220 Educational Media</td>
<td>2123 Appraisal</td>
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<td>2230 Assessment &amp; Testing</td>
<td>2126 Placement</td>
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<td>2240 Instruct Staff Dev.</td>
<td>2122 Counseling</td>
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<td>2300</td>
<td>General Administration</td>
<td>2310 Board of Education</td>
<td>2132 Medical</td>
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<td>2320 Executive Admin</td>
<td>2133 Dental</td>
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<td>2400</td>
<td>School Administration</td>
<td>2410 Principal Office</td>
<td>2134 Nurse</td>
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<td>2490 Other Support</td>
<td>2141 Direction</td>
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<td>2144 Psychotherapy</td>
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<td>2500</td>
<td>Business                                                        2510 Direction of Business</td>
<td>2142 Psychological Test</td>
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<td>2520 Fiscal Services</td>
<td>2148 Other</td>
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<td>2540 Plant Ops &amp; Maintain</td>
<td>2143 Psychological Counseling</td>
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<td>2550 Student Transportation</td>
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<td>2570 Internal Services</td>
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<td>2600</td>
<td>Central Activities                                                  2610 Central Support</td>
<td>2551 Direction</td>
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<td>2620 Planning, Research, Development, Evaluation Services, Grant Writing &amp; Statistical Services</td>
<td>2555 Special Ed Transportation</td>
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<td>2630 Information Services</td>
<td>2559 Other Student Trans.</td>
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<td>2640 Staff Services</td>
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<td>2660 Technology Services</td>
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<td>2670 Records Management</td>
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<td>2680 Interpretation and Translation Services</td>
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<td>2700</td>
<td>Supplemental Retirement Program</td>
<td>2690 Other Support Services</td>
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101
ACCOUNT CODE STRUCTURE

OBJECT CODES (continued)

400 Supplies & Materials
- 410 Consumable Supplies & Materials
- 420 Textbooks
- 430 Library Books
- 440 Periodicals
- 450 Food
- 460 Non-consumable Supplies
- 470 Computer Software
- 470 Computer Hardware

500 Capital Outlay
- 510 Land—Acquisition
- 520 Buildings—Acquisition
- 530 Improvements Other Than Buildings
- 540 Depreciable Equipment
- 550 Depreciable Technology
- 560 Depreciable Bus Garage, Bus and Cap Bus Improvement
- 562 Depreciable Buses and Capital Bus Improvement

590 Other Capital Outlay
- 541 Initial & Additional Equipment
- 542 Replacement Equipment

600 Other Objects
- 610 Redemption of Principal
- 620 Interest
- 640 Dues & Fees
- 650 Insurance & Judgments
- 660 Depreciation (Used for Enterprise and Internal Service Funds only)
- 670 Taxes and Licenses
- 680 PERS UAL Lump Sum Payment to PERS
- 690 Grant Indirect Charges

621 Regular Interest
- 622 Bus Garage, Bus & Cap Bus Improvement Interest

651 Liability Insurance
- 652 Fidelity Bonds
- 653 Property Insurance Premiums
- 654 Student Insurance Premiums
- 655 Judgments & Settlements against the District
- 659 Other Insurance Judgments

656 Properties
- 662 Buildings
- 663 Improvements Other Than Buildings
- 664 Equipment
- 665 Technology
- 669 Other Capital Assets
ACCOUNT CODE STRUCTURE

OBJECT CODES (continued)

- 700 Transfers
  - 710 Fund Modifications
    (Use only with 5200 Function)
  - 720 Transits
    (Use only with 5300 Function)
  - 790 Other Transfers

- 800 Other Uses of Funds
  - 810 Planned Reserve
    (Use only with 6110 Function)
  - 820 Reserved for Next Year
    (Use only with 7000 Function)
Appendix E

Guidelines for ELL and Non-ELL Related Expenditures

Language interpretation and translation services create access to education for students who are non-English speaking. To that end, this appendix provides additional information for the implementation of HB 3499.

HB 3499, enrolled during the 2015 legislative session, directed the Department of Education to convene an advisory group to develop uniform budget coding requirements and uniform reporting requirements to provide budget transparency for the spending of moneys received by school districts as provided by ORS 327.013 (1)(c)(A)(ii) for students in average daily membership eligible for and enrolled in an English Language Learner program under ORS 336.79. Appendix E was added to help provide guidance to assist in the tracking of ELL funds as required by law. The following provides frequently asked questions and answers for guidance on how to code different ELL and non-ELL related expenditures:

“The obligation not to discriminate based on race, color, or national origin requires public schools to take affirmative steps to ensure that limited English proficient (LEP) students, now more commonly known as English Learner (EL) students or English Language Learners (ELLs), can meaningfully participate in educational programs and services, and to communicate information to LEP parents in a language they can understand.”

-U.S. Office for Civil Rights

The following provides Frequently Asked Questions and answers for guidance on how to code different ELL and non-ELL related expenditures:

1. Is the expenditure a direct instructional service with the intention of assisting an ELL student(s) in acquiring the English language, such as an ELL class?
   • If yes, use function 1291 with object code 319.

2. Is the expenditure an intervention service for an ELL student to acquire the English language?
   • If yes, use function 1291 with object code 319.

3. Is the expenditure for translation or interpretation services in support of an ELL student to acquire the English language?
   • If yes, use function 2680 with object code 319 and Area of Responsibility 280.

4. Is the interpretation and translation expenditure a support available to all students?
   • If yes, use function 2680 with object code 319. Do not use an Area of Responsibility code.

5. If curriculum needs to be interpreted or translated in language other than English to learn mathematics, science, social studies, and other core classes, use your discretion to determine if the expense should be coded as an ELL expense. For example, textbooks are often already
translated in different languages, so the expense of the textbook would not be reported as and ELL expense.

6. Is the expenditure for translation or interpretation services in support of a family or community member?
   - If yes, use function 2680 with object code 389. Do not use an Area of Responsibility.

7. Are you contracting bilingual staff and/or language interpreter services for: district and school-wide meetings (including parent and teacher conferences, curriculum nights, picnics, back-to-school nights, informational nights, college visits and any other relevant events); district and school-specific telephone communication and voicemail messages for families; principal/administrator and teacher hiring meetings; on-going meetings regarding a student’s academic progress and behavior; special education referrals, special education evaluations, and any other related issues regarding a student’s well-being?
   - If yes, use function 2680 with object code 319. Do not use an Area of Responsibility.

8. Are you contracting bilingual staff and/or translator services to provide for family and community translation of important curricula and instructional materials, vital district and school-wide policies (may include, but are not limited to, enrollment, high school graduation, promotion and retention), parent and student handbooks, forms (may include, but are not limited to, forms related to eligibility for services, enrollment, transportation, and school program/activity), newsletters, updates and notices (may include, but are not limited to, information on the school calendar and schedule, school emergencies, transportation schedule, bus stop changes, inclement weather, school closures and delayed starts, school boundary changes, important school policy changes, program changes, hiring of new staff and leaders, and cafeteria menus)?
   - If yes, use function 2680 with object code 389. Do not use an Area of Responsibility.

Following are Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) that provide law for English Language Learner programs:

ORS 327.006 - Definitions for State School Fund distributions
ORS 327.013 – State School Fund distribution computations for school districts
ORS 336.074 – Teaching in English required *exceptions
ORS 336.079 – Special English courses for certain children
ORS 336.081 – Opportunity to qualify to assist non-English speaking students
ORS Chapter 336 – Conduct of Schools Generally

Following are Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) that provide rules for English Language Learner programs:

OAR 581-022-1210 – District Curriculum
OAE 581-022-0405 – Career Education
OAR 581-023-0100 – Eligibility Criteria for Student Weighting for Purposes of State
Following is a **State resource** that provides information on civil rights, legal requirements, expectations, and guidance around English Language Learner programs and services:

*Oregon’s English Language Learner Program Guide*

Following are **Federal resources** that provide information on civil rights, legal requirements, expectations, and guidance around English Language Learner programs and services:

1. [U.S. Office for Civil Rights’ Dear Colleague Letter for English Language Learners](#).
2. [U.S. Office of English Language Acquisition’s English Learner Toolkit](#).
Appendix F

Guidelines for Coding Technology: Object Code 400 – Supplies and Materials

410 Consumable:

**Definition:** Expenditures for ALL supplies for the operation of a district, including freight and cartage. If such supplies are handled for resale to students, only the net cost of supplies is recorded here. (NOTE: Accounts 411 through 419 are available for further identifying supplies for management purposes at the option of the district.)

**Note:** Computer technology items of an approximate value of less than $250 and computer peripherals such as thumb drives, keyboards, mice, misc. cords and cables, projector bulbs, and other smaller plug-n-play devices should be included here.

460 Non-Consumable Items:

**Definition:** Expenditures for equipment with a current value of less than $5,000 or for items which are “equipment-like,” but which fail one or more of the tests for classification as Object 541 or 542 (see object 540 definition). Examples might include hand held calculators, stacking chairs, etc. This object category could be used when a district desired to treat these items as equipment for budgeting, physical control, etc., without either violating the state dollar threshold for capital equipment or combining these items with consumable supplies (Object 410–419).

**Note:** Examples would include tables, whiteboards, bookcases, and chairs.

470 Computer Software.

**Definition:** Expenditures for published computer software. Include licensure and usage fees for software here. The Cloud is considered software and would be coded here.

**Note:** iTunes software, and other mobile device apps apply as well.

480 Computer Hardware

**Definition:** Expenditures for non-capital computer hardware, generally of value not meeting the capital expenditure criterion. An iPad or e-reader needed to access e-textbooks is considered hardware and would be coded here.

**Note:** The capital expenditure criteria for objects is for items over $5,000 (see object code 550). Rule of thumb is for items approximate to $250 or more to be coded here. This would include computer items of major value such as Mac’s, PC’s, Monitors, printers, mobile devices such as iPads and Chromebooks, and major internal hardware items, as well as computer setups purchased as a bundle.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>410: Consumables</th>
<th>460: Non-Consumables</th>
<th>470: Software</th>
<th>480: Hardware</th>
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<tr>
<td>Apple TVs accessories</td>
<td>Bookcases</td>
<td>iTunes</td>
<td>eBook Readers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cords &amp; Cables</td>
<td>Chairs</td>
<td>Microsoft Office</td>
<td>iPads/ Mac Computers</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chromecasts accessories</td>
<td>Handheld calculators</td>
<td>Mobile Apps</td>
<td>Major Internal Hardware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboards &amp; Mice</td>
<td>Tables</td>
<td>The Cloud</td>
<td>Hardware/Monitors</td>
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<td>Peripherals</td>
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<td>PC Computers</td>
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<td>Projector Bulbs</td>
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<td>Printers/Projectors</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thumb Drives Routers</td>
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Appendix G

Recommended Guidelines for New-Program Accounting

This guidance is for new programs where there may be eventual interest to report and understand how the grant funds were spent and a financial data collection is not yet established. For example, the legislature may want to know how much money was spent on salaries and benefits, supplies, services, etc., for the High School Success program (Measure 98). Or the total cost per school for participation in the Outdoor School program (Measure 99).

The recommendation for coding new programs is to establish a specific fund at the district level. This may reduce the potential for ambiguity in the reporting of data.

Another advantage of creating a new district-level fund is the capability to use existing codes whereby, if needed, the data can be easily disaggregated. For example, districts will not necessarily need to make a choice between coding each new program to a new Area of Responsibility over coding to existing A of R codes, such as A of R 320, which is used for Maintenance of Effort review for Special Education programs.

Example for coding new programs such as M98 and M99 Grants:

**FUND:**
Create a new fund in either the General Fund or Special Revenue Fund

**REVENUE:**
Source code – 3299 (State Sources: Other Restricted Grants- in-aid)

**EXPENDITURES:**
Function – code to program
Object – code to service or commodity
Operational Unit – code to building level
Area of Responsibility – code to curriculum area as required by function
Appendix H

EVERY STUDENT SUCCEEDS ACT (ESSA)

Federal guidance for ESSA reporting is as follows:

“The per-pupil expenditures of Federal, State, and local funds, including actual personnel expenditures and actual non-personnel expenditures of Federal, State, and local funds, disaggregated by source of funds, for each local educational agency and each school in the State for the preceding fiscal year.”

The challenge is to identify which expenditures can be reported by per-pupil spending. Based on preliminary analysis of financial data from 2015-16, we have been able to identify expenditures currently reported at district and school levels. This information allows each district the opportunity for review to determine their standing with ESSA reporting.

The following charts identify recommended district or school level reporting. With these recommendations, we leave the final discretion for reporting to the school district.

#1 – FUNCTIONS

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<td>Programs for the Talented and Gifted</td>
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### Appendix H – Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)

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#2 – OBJECTS

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