
STUDENT MOBILITY

METHODOLOGY AND CALCULATION GUIDE

The Student Mobility Rate is the percentage of a school's students that had within-year school changes and/or enrollment gaps.

Data Source:

3rd Period Cumulative ADM for the current school year, including all students in grades K-12, and all records except for program types 02, 03 (weighted funding), and 05 (non-instructional case management). Program type 14 records are included only for the purpose of outcome determinations, and are not considered enrollment records.

Students are considered mobile if they meet at least one of the following four definitions.

Multiple Schools:

The student had enrollment within more than one attending school.

Late Entry:

The student's first enrollment during the school year began after the first school day in October.

Early Exit:

The student's last enrollment during the school year ended before the first school day in May, and the student did not have one of the following ADM End Date Codes:

- 4A, 4C, 4D, 4E: Earned a credential, not expected to continue enrollment
- 6B: Previously earned a credential; returned and re-exited
- 6A: Deceased/Permanently Incapacitated
- 3B: Exceeded age requirements

Significant Gap:

The student had an enrollment gap between two records for the same school, during which they were not enrolled in any public Oregon K-12 education for at least 10 consecutive weekdays.

Aggregation:

Total Students:

- Number of unique students enrolled in the school or district at any point during 3rd period Cumulative ADM.

Mobile Students:

- Number of students flagged as mobile according to the criteria above.

Mobility Rate:

- $(\text{Mobile Students} \div \text{Total Students}) \times 100$